

ΠΑΜΒΟΤΑΝΟΛΟΓΙΑ.

SIVE, Hhh. 260

ENCHIRIDION BOTANICUM.

~~L40~~ OR, ~~24.61~~
A COMPLEAT

HERBALL,

Containing the Summe of Ancient and
Moderne Authors, both *Galenical* and *Chy-
mical*, touching Trees, Shrubs, Plants, Fruits,
Flowers, &c. In an Alphabetical order :
wherein all that are not in the Physick Gar-
den in *Oxford*, are noted with Asterisks.

Shewing their Place, Time, Names,
Kinds, Temperature, Vertues, Use,
Dose, Danger and Antidotes,

Together with

An { Introduction to Herbarisme, &c.]
Appendix of Exoticks.
Universal Index of Plants : shewing
what grow wild in *England*.

The *Second Edition*, with many *Additions* men-
tioned at the end of the *Preface*.

By ROBERT LOVELL,

Φιλοσοφιατρικόν.

O X F O R D :

Printed by W.H. for Ric. Davis. 1665.



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IS AGOGE PHYTOLOGICA.

O R,

An Introduction to

HERBARISME.

Courteous Reader,

AVoiding the Prolixity and tediousness of a Proemial Discourse, (Brevity being here intended) thou mayest first consider the *Quid sit* of *Phytologie* ; which is the Art of knowing and finding out the Temperature, Vertues and Use of Plants, as serving to the Curation or Sustainment of the Body ; as also of their Danger ; and the Remedies thereof.

The parts hereof are two. 1. *Theraputick* or curatory. 2. *Threptick* or alimentary. In both which, *Vegetables* may be considered according to their *substance* and *consistence*, or else according to their *accidents*.

I. According to their *substance* or *consistence*, they are
 1. *Thin* or *Grosse*. 2. *Laxe* or *Constrict*. 3. *Clammy*, or *Brittle*.
 4. *Heavy* or *Light*. *Tenuity* of parts is in those things which are *aerious* in *essence* and *substance* ; which being *subtile* do easily communicate their *vertue* unto any *liquor*, and are of *easy distribution* in the body, and easily actuated, and not long abiding, and is in *matter* not much compact, and easily divided by natural heat, having little of earth, and that mixed with much *humidity*, or elaborated by fiery heat, as in things very acid, sharp, and friable for the most part. *Crafsitude* of parts is in those things which are *terrene* : which being more *grosse*, do not quickly communicate their *vertues* unto *liquids*, and therefore the *vertues* thereof are exerted in the *stomack*, and seldome or never pass unto the *liver* ; and such have much *matter*, as in mixtures very *terrene*, or exquisite mixture of the aqueous humidity and *terrene*, without much prevalence of *heat*, so far the most part are
 A 2 austere,

austere, acerb, sweet, bitter, salt, and few insipid. *Rarity* is in dry bodies: *hardness* in the dry and terrene. *Clamminess* in moist bodies: *Brittleness* in dry. *Heaviness* in thick bodies: and *Lightness* in the rarified. *Tenuity* looseneth and penetrateth: *Crastrude* obstructs: *Sofiness* lenifies and conglutinateth, and *Hardness* resisteth and dryeth, &c.

II. According to their accidents, they may be taken notice of, as *medicamentous* and *alimentary*. I. As *medicamentous*, and so according to their immediate and more remote accidents. I. According to their more immediate, sc. the qualities, and way of finding out thereof.

I. The *Potetologie* or qualities, first, second, third, and fourth.

The first are 1. *Calidity* or *Heat*, which causeth motion, and disposeth the parts by a right conjunction, and scituation thereof. It heateth, subtilizeth, digesteth, openeth, maturateth, and rarifies, and causeth agility: if *excessive*, it doth accende, inflame, attract and disturbe, as *thapsia*, &c.

2. *Frigidity* or *Coldness*, doth coole, conjoyn, inspissate, and hinder digestion, by the obtusion of calidity, and by shutting the passages hindereth distribution: also if *excessive*, it so filleth, that it expelleth the juice, coagulates and congeales, as *poysen*, &c.

3. *Humidity* or *Moisture*, is of easie separation, lenifying and lubrifying: if *excessive*, it burdeneth the spirits, and loadeth the same: and if *aqueous*, it causeth nauseousness, and suffocates the excitation of heat, causeth flatulencies, oppilations, slowness of action, and debility of motion, and of the parts: otherwise it lenifies, lubrifies, looseneth, maketh the blood and spirits more grosse, and obtundeth the acrimony of humors, as *mallows*, &c.

4. *Siccity* or *Dryness*, doth colligate, and bind, and cause a stronger disposition of the body: if *excessive*, it constringeth the passages, and hindereth the excretion, presseth forth the juice out of the body, and causeth tabefaction: if in the last degree, it consumeth moisture, causeth interception, suffocation, and death, as *cresses*, &c.

Here the Degrees are four. The 1. *Scarce sensibly altereth the body*. The 2. *Manifestly*, yet without trouble or hurt. The 3. *Veheemently*, but without corruption. The 4. *Most violently*, and with great hurt unto the body: in each of which degrees there are three *Mansions*, acting *remissly*, *intensely*, or in a *mean*: or in the *beginning*, *middle*, or *end* thereof.

The *Chymists*, instead of these four qualities or elements, substitute 1. Their *Sal*, from which is all *sapour* or taste, which is as it were the ashes of a body; or *Salt* is a dry body, defend-

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ing mixt bodies from putrefaction, of excellent faculty to dissolve, coagulate, cleanse, and evacuate; from which ariseth all solidity of body, denominations, tastes, and many other vertues analogous to the earth, as being firm, fixed, and the subject of the generation of all bodies, and is therefore called by Chymists, *Sal, sal commune, acerbum & amare, corpus, materia, patiens, fixum, ars, scusus materiale*. 2. *Sulphur*, whence all odour or smell ariseth, and is like the flame; or *Sulphur* is that sweet balsome, oily, and viscid, which preserves the natural heat of the parts; the instrument of all vegetation, accretion, and transmutation, and the original of all smells, both pleasant and unpleasant; therefore its compared to the fire, easily receiving the flames, as all oily and resinous bodies do: also it lenifieth, and conglutinates, or conjoyneth contrary extreame, as *Sul* and *Mercury*, that being fixed, and this volatile, it participating of both extreame, so it tempereth the dryness of *Salt*, and moisture of *Mercury*, as being viscid: the density of *Salt*, and penetration of *Mercury*, by its remits fluidity, and the bitterness of *Salt*, and acidity of *Mercury*, by its sweetness; therefore its called, *Sal Petra, dulce, anima, forma, agens, inflammabile, natura, iudicium, & spirituale*, by the Chymists. 3. *Mercurius*, whence is all colour, and is represented by smoke or fume; or *Mercurie* is that acid liquor, permeable, penetrable, ethetious, and most pure, from which ariseth all nourishment, sense, motion, strength, colour, and retardation of preproperant old age; so its compared to the element of Air and Water; to the first as being turned into vapours, by the vicinity of heat, and to this, as being hardly contained by its own term, but easily in an others; or it is that essential body, that, by its aerial, most subtile, vivifick, and spirituous substance, is the pabulum of life, and the proximate instrument of the essence, or forme; and is called by Chymists, *Salammoniacum, acidum, spiritus, idea, informans aut movens, vaporosum, intelligentia, intellectus, gloriosum*: Also *Mercury* containeth a sulphurous and saline substance: *Sulphur* a salt and mercurial; and *Salt* an oleaginous and material; and the *Phlegme* and *Caput mortuum* are not principles, but their integuments, and without all Hippocratick vertue; the first being only moist, the other dry and emplastick. Also if *Mercurial*, acid, and sharp vapours abound, there ariseth the epilepsie, apoplexy, palsie, and all kinds of Catarrhs, and defluxions, and epidemick and contagious diseases if venenous. *Sulphur*, if abounding, causeth inflammations and feavers, and the narcotica soporiferos diseases. *Salt* exuperant, causeth crosions, ulcers, heat of urine if dissolved, and tumors if coagulated. Thereto belongs *Tartar*, causing the stone, gout, &c.

The second Qualities are 1. The *Malaclick* or *mollifying*, to which the *ecpnetick* or *suppurating* hath affinity; for both have an equal and *symmetrick* heat, and a correspondent *siccity*, yet differing in mode. The *suppurating* doth produce heat most like unto that of the body, without any *consumption* or addition of humidity. The *emollient* accends heat a little beyond the proportion of nature, and contracteth a little humidity, wherefore that rather operates by quantity than by the quality of heat, but the *emollient*, rather by quality. Therefore that which is exactly *suppuratory* is *emplastick*, yet sometimes *emolition* is the consequent of humidity, if joyned with moderate calidity or heat, and is useful in *scirrhus's*, and *tumors*; and though *emolition* may be by humectation and evacuation, yet its properly by healing, loosening and callignation: *Emollients* being moderately dry and hot, 20 or 30 in *scirrhus's*, and proportionable in other *tumors*. Hereto belongs the *chalastick* or loosening; yet this is less hot, and more moistening than the *emollient*, and of a thin substance.

2. *Scleryntick* or *hardening*, which properly is that, which doth exiccate without any excess of heat or cold; for cold also may make obdurate, as also too much heat, yet after another manner than only by *exiccation*, for though that which is dry is hard, yet all that is hard is not dry. But *Siccity* doth dry and indurate two wayes; *sc.* by altering and making more dry the essence of the parts, which most properly; or by consuming the humors in the pores; yet sometimes *obduration* may also be caused by repletion or fullness; and some say, it is, by cold and dryness.

3. *Araiotick* and *rarefying*, or *diaphoretick* and *resolving*, which are moderately hot, with *tenuity* of parts, and very little *resiccant* or drying, for excessive heat doth not rarefie but burn, and by *adustion* doth condensate and dry. But moderate heat openeth the passages, and deeply penetrateth by the *tenuity* of its substance, and easeth pain; also it openeth the pores and attenuates the substance; The proper *Diaphorticks*, are hot, dry, and of thin parts, attenuant, mollifying, and discussing wind: and the *Rarefacient* moderately hot, like our own heat, moistening, and of thin parts.

4. *Pycknotick* or *condensating*, contrary to the *rarefacient*, contracting the pores, and *incrassating* what is rarefied and humid, and making it more solid, which is in those things which refrigerate yet are not terrene, or aerious, but aqueous, and are nothing at all, or but little *astringent*; for these do weakly contract, and bind, *sc.* by reason of their softness.

5. *Anastomotick* or *aperient*, opening the mouths of the vessels, and is in those things that are of grosse parts, hot, beyond the first degree, sharp, and biting.

6. *Steg.*

6. *Stegnotick* or *binding*, contracting, occluding, and constringing, shutting the mouths of the vessels, and restraining sensible excretion, and is in those things which are *frigid*, of *grosse parts*, and without *acrimony*, as many *terrene bodies* are: for those things which ought strongly to *constipate* and *bind*, must also have a more strong and *renitent* faculty; yet some binders are *hot* and *dry*, and of *thick substance*; and others, *glutinous*.

7. *Hellick*, *epispastick* or *drawing*, attracting the humors from the center, and is in those things which are *hot*, and of *thin parts*: for that which is *hot* attracteth, and that more strongly, which hath a conjunct *tenuity* of parts; but those moderately attract, which are *hot* and *dry* in the second degree, if in the third more effectually, & chiefly those that are so in the fourth: for the attraction is according to the degree of *heat*, and is either more *natural*, or by *putrefaction*. yet some things attract *specifically*, and not by a *manifest quality*: as things that are *cathartick* or *purging* and *alexitery*, or resisting *poyson*.

8. *Apocroustick* or *repercutient*, repelling the humors flowing from the center, as in those things which are *frigid* and of *grosse parts*. For that which is *cold* repelleth, and if it hath a *crassitude* of parts also, it is more *violent*, as that which is *acerbe* or *austere*; yet those things also repel which are *astringent*, especially those which are helped by the *tenuity* of their parts: for the thinness of the *substance* doth much conduce to *astriction*, therefore other things that are *astrictive*, by reason of the *crassitude* of their *substance*, cannot easily penetrate the more remote parts, precluding the *passages*. Hereto may the *Defensive*, and the *Intercipient* be reduced, being *cold*, *astringent*, and *repulsive*.

9. *Ryptick*, *abstergent* or *cleansing*, removing *glutinous* and *clammy* humors in the *superficies* or adhering to the *pores* of the *skin*, or *ulcers*: and is in those things which have power to *exiccate* with *tenuity* of *substance*, neither is it of any great *moment* whether they are *hot* or *cold*, by reason that neither quality hinder *action*, except *excessive*: Yet some count them *hot*, chiefly, and *dry*, with a certain *thickness* of parts to *vellicate* the humors.

10. *Eccathartick*, *ecphractick*, and *expurgatorie*, or removing obstructions, not only opening the *pores* of the *skin*, but the inferior *ductus* of the *bowels*; as in those things that are *nitrous* and *bitter*, although they have some small *astriction*, and by reason of *substance* do not differ from those that are *abstergive*, but in *degree*: for those things that cleanse the *pores* and *inward passages*, have a great *tenuity* of parts, and are moderately *hot*, as those things which are *nitrous* and *bitter*: but those things

which being *outwardly* applyed to the *skin* do cleanse the *skin*, or *ulcers* from their *excrements*, are distitute of the *astRICTIVE* faculty ; but being taken *inwardly*, although having a certain *astRICTION*, yet nevertheless they may *purge*, and *cleanse* the greater passages, and withal strengthen the same. Also some things lenifie or purge by *lubrifying*, as fat things ; by *washing* and *absterfion*, as whay and beers ; by *compression*, as quinces ; by *extinaulation*, as things hot, sharp, salt, and of thin parts ; and others *electively* and properly. And *emeticks* cause vomit by *relaxation* and *stimulation*, the mouth of the stomach being weak ; if the lower part, use *dejectories*.

11. *Leptyntick* or *attenuating* and making thin, as in all those things that are *expurgatory*, hot and of thin parts : *extenuating* grosse and tough humors ; and are for the most part hot and dry 2d or 3d, as things sharp and arommatical ; yet some are cold, as limmons, &c. but of thin parts. Hereto belong the *Temetick*, or inciding against viscid humours, which are more strong. And *Dissolvers* of grumous matter, and coagulated : As also *extenuants* of fat, hot and dry 3d, and of thin parts : And the *Chatastick* or *laxants*, moderately hot, moist, and thin.

12. *Emplastick*, viscid, or clammy, contrary to the *absterfiv* : For being applyed, it doth *tenaciously* inhere in the pores of the skin, fill and *obstrucl* the same, as in those things that are fat, and glutinous ; as also *terrene*, wanting *acrimony*, & *asperity* or roughness. Hereto may be referred the *Epiceraftick* or *levigating*, helping *asperity*, by being *emplastick* or moderately moist. And the *Emplasticks* are *temperate*, without evident heat, cold, or *acrimony* : Some also have a thick *terrene* essence or *consistence*, drying without biting ; and others aqueous, or aereal, so are *tenacious*.

13. *Emphraclick* or *obstructing*, *pachyntick*, or thickening, which are the same : for as those things which are *detergens* and *purging*, do free the pores and passages from *obstruction*, so these *obstrucl* and fill the same, and make the humors of the body tough and thick ; and are cold, or *temperate*, without any *acrimony*, and of a thick *terrene substance*.

14. *Anodyne*, *paregorick* or *easing pain*, as in those things which have thin parts, and are moderately hot, not much exceeding the *temperate*, sc. being hot in the first degree and *rarefacient* : so *evacuating*, *digelting*, *rarefying*, *extenuating*, *concocting*, and equalizing whatsoever humor either sharp, tough, or grosse, is inhering in the smaller pores, or grieved parts : and all *vaporous* crass, grosse or cold spirits, not finding way of *evacuation* ; and are moistening, aqueous or aereal, of thin substance, and not *astringent*.

15. Nar-

15. *Narcotick* or *stupifying* the parts by its coldness, and not properly mitigating the pain, nor taking away the causes of the grief; yet *stupor* is somewhat less than *insensibility*, or the privation of sense: the same also is *Hypnotick*, or *somnifick*, and causeth sleep being taken, sc. its subject, which doth vehemently refrigerate, sc. in the 4th degree; so that it doth not only stupifie the sense, but being liberally taken, causeth death, as opium, and that not only by its exuperant quality; but also by a certain propriety of substance and its concurring essence, its narcotick vehemency being but little repressed by the mixture of hot correcters, though it hath some bitter parts.

16. *Amyctick*, *metasyneritick*, or *rubefacient*, causing redness, contrary to the former, causing pain, as in those things which heat and dissolve unity; of this kind also are *Escharoticks*, causing crusts, which are hotter, *Cauterick* or *burning*: not only hot and dry in the fourth degree, but also of a grosse consistence, therefore being fixed in any part, they excruciate and torment the same by their stiffness: like unto these, are those things that are *Septick* or corrosive, which are vehemently hot and dry, but of thin parts and consistence; which therefore with a little pain and biting, or else without any sense of pain eliquate the part, and are called also *putrefactives*: Hereto also belong the *Psilothra*, extirpating the hair. And *Vesicatories*, very hot, and of thin parts.

The third Qualities arise from the mixture of the first and second, and are 1. The *Ecpuetick* or *suppurating*, turning into matter contused flesh and humors remaining in swellings, as in those things which are moderately hot, and next unto *emollients*, yet differing in this, that they have also an *emplastick* faculty, obstructing the pores, increasing the substance of heat, and not intending the quality; & are also called *pepticks* or *maturatives*.

2. *Sarcotick* or *generating flesh*, as in those things which produce flesh in hollow ulcers, and fill the cavities, and are hot in the first degree, a little *deterfive* and that without biting and abstriction. Also moderately drying, viz. under the second degree. And such as *Impinguate*, or make fat, are heating, nourishing, impulsive, attractive, retentive, or specific; as the seed of Hemp, kernel of the Indian nut, and powder of *Sarcocol*.

3. *Colletick* or *conglutinating*, as in those things which dry in the second degree, and are in a meane as to those which generate flesh, and *cicatrices*; they are not *absterfive*, but *astringent*, and prohibit the flux of humors to the lips of wounds, ulcers, and *fistula's*; they are also called *symphyticks*, *traumaticks* and *enaima*; and are temperate, and of a thick substance, stronger or weaker according to the person or part.

4. *Epulotick* or *cicatricing*, as in those things which greatly dry

dry, and bind without biting, drinking the humidity of the flesh, and contracting the same, and covering with a thin callus like unto the skin; therefore do more dry than incarnatives or glutinatives, for they bind, contract, constipate, and indurate; and are of thick substance and cold: there is also a sharp and biting epulotick that consumes dead flesh called Cathairetick, and a Third, drying without astriction.

5. Porotick or generating callus, by which broken bones are ferruminated and knit, and is neither bone nor flesh but betwix both, being a hard, dry, white body: to the generation of which are required a convenient dyet, and medicines applyed which are emplastick and moderately hot, drying, thickning, hardning, and binding.

6. Diuretick or provoking urine, as 1. In those things that are moist and liquid, and of a thin consistence, and easie penetration, encreasing the quantity of urine; so operate by accident. 2. In those things which purge and attenuate and open the passages, some of which are cold, and of thin parts; sometimes expelling what sticks in the passages: which operate after a middle way, sometimes by accident, tempering exuperant heat which seisseth on the veines & resolveth the serous humidity, that the humors may be more easily attracted by the reins, and descend by the bladder. 3. In those things which purge the passages, and open the same, extenuate grosse humors and the blood, and separate what is extenuated from the more grosse parts: which the reins then easily attract and send away by the urinarie passages: which kinds of Diureticks are very hot and dry, to wit in the 3d degree, sharp, and of a very thin substance, coactive and separating.

7. Lithontriptick or breaking the stone, dissolving and expelling the gravel, as in those things which are Diuretick, hot, dry, and of thin parts; sharp, but more remissely, and somewhat bitter. Also some do it by incision and detersion, without much heat; some by asperity; and others by occult property.

8. Emmenagogick or drawing out the termes, as in those things which are hot and of thin parts, that they may concoct and digest crude humors, extenuate and incide the grosse and rough, and remove obstructions by clenising the passages: such as are all proper Diureticks: which also promote the expurgation of the menses; and if they are also stinking or bitter, they are more effectual: stinking things depressing the womb, and the bitter being purging. There are also accidental hystericks: as those which are Analeptick or strengthening after extenuation: or which refrigerate and humect the body dried by too much heat: to these also have affinity, those things which expel the Secundine and Dead-birth; especially those which are more

strong.

strong, sc. *hot* and of *thin parts*, *stinking* and *bitter* with *acrimony*, especially if taken in a great quantity, and often. The *proper* are *hot* 2° or 3°, and *dry* 1° or 2°, of *meanly grosse substance*, and *bitter* with *acrimony*: the *contrary* are the *astringents*.

9. *Bechick* or *helping the cough*, as in those things which *cause* or *stop* the same: for those things which *conduce* to the *expectoration* of *grosse humors*, do also *cause* coughing; but on the *contrary*, those things which *incrassate* *thin humors* *stop* and *ease* it: but those things are *hot* and of *thin parts*, and *extenuating* which *expectorate* *rough humors*; yet there are also others which in some measure *purge* the *breast*, not much *hot*, nor very *dry*, but a little *moistening*, or at least *lenifying* what is *exasperated*; yet *Dureticks* of the middle kind also are agreeable to the *breast* and *lungs*; which if they are *cold*, they *incrassate* *thin humors* and *stop* coughing, and especially those that are *narcotick*, or *stupefying*.

10. *Galactogenetick* or *generating milk*, as partly in *meats*, partly in *medicines*; as for *meat*, it's such as is *euchymick* and *polytrophick*, or of good *juice* and of much *nourishment*, and a little *hotter* and *drier* if the *bloud* be *cold* and *pituitous*; but more *moist* and less *hot*, if *troubled* with *choller*. *Medicaments* *causing milk* are of *thin parts* and *hot*, and of *affinity* to those things which *properly* *provoke* *urine*, yet most *gentle*; but those things which are more *strong* and *provoke* the *courses*, *hinder* the *generation* thereof by too much *eliquation* of the *humors*. Also things too *cold*, *thickning*, *digesting*, or *drying*, *hinder* the same.

11. *Spermatogenetick* or *generating sperme*, as in those things which are *hot* and not very *dry* but *flatulent*, as also *aliment* of good *juice*, and whatsoever *increaseth* the quantity of *bloud*. Also it's *stimulated* by things that are *sharp*. and *hindered* by things very *cold* and *discutient*.

12. *Hydrotick* or *provoking sweat*, as in things of *thin parts* and *hot*; yet some are *astringent* and *cold*, working *occultly*. Also the *Cosmetick*, for the *skin*, are *extenuating*, *laxative*, *emollient*, *cleansing*, and *discussing*; for the *teeth*, *cleansing* and *binding*; for the *hair*, *healing*, *drying*, and *binding*; for *scurf*, *cleansing* and *discussing*. Note, as for the *Pharmick* or *sterminatory quality*, it is in those things that are *acrimonious*, *causing* an *irritation* of the *expulsive faculty*; as *Errhines*, that are *hot*, *nitrous*, *extensive* and *sharp*; as *white pepper* and *hellebore*, *ginger*, *pellitory of Spain*, *castor*, *cloves*, *sneewort*, and *euphorbium* *finely powdered*. Also the *Apophlegmatick*, is in things *hot*, and *acrimonious*; (yet some things do it *occultly*) as in *mastick*, *raisons*, *hyssop*, *organy*, *marjoram*, *pellitory of Spain*,

Spain, ginger, white and black pepper, and mustard-seed. The *Scolerobrotick*, is in things bitter and sharp, &c. as wormwood, coralline, &c.

The fourth *Qualities* are such which follow the substance, or property of the essence, and are found out only by experience; and are therefore called *occult*, latent and *specifick*; as in *poysons*, *theriack* and *alexipharmick* remedies, roborating the *expulsive faculty*, and being contrary, *emplastick*, *astringent*, *emerick*, *cathartick*, and *suderifick*, with *phlebotomy* if need; *amulets* and *catharticks*, things *antipathetick* and *sympathetick*, as also appropriate to any part, or adverse unto the same; the greatest sign of which (according to some) is *signature*.

II. The *Poistichnology* or way of finding out these *Qualities*, as I. the manifest; it is,

I. By reason. 1. By *Osmellogie*, or odour or smell, which is either sweet, familiar unto the spirits of the brain, and a sign of heat, or stinking and offensive cold and moist; the first is in hot bodies, of thin parts, among which there is difference according to the degrees thereof; but those things which are without odour, are of a grosse essence and humid, as those things which are salt and austere; also such things which are of a mordicant and bitter smell are hot, but those that smell like vinegar and acerb are cold, for in some things the sense of odours is like that of savors; yet not of so safe conjecture, by reason of the inequality of substance; for most bodies are of an unlike consistence, of each of which parts odour sheweth not the temper, but where there are *tenuous effluvium's* or vapors, whereof, the sweet strengthen the heart, the rank excite the animal spirits, the stinking help the suffocation of the matrix.

2. By *Chromatology*, or colour, which is either 1. *Lucid*, exciting the animal spirits, and drawing them outwards, as the white. 2. Or *Tenebrose*, calling them inwards, and causing sleep, as the black. 3. *Yellow*, helping the Jaundise. 4. Or *Green*, useful for the Eyes: the white and pale shew moistness of temper and imbecility. The yellow proceedeth from heat. The red and croceous, &c. shew excessive siccity and calidity or heat. The green and porraceous are signs of much moisture. Also to the white may the candid be reduced; to the yellow, the luteous, wax coloured, croceous, golden, honey coloured, citrine, fox-colour, and vittelline; to the Red, the light red, flaming, and sanguine colour; to the Purple, the violet, flesh colour, and brunous; to the Green, the prassive, herbaceous, enginous, and porraceous; to the Skie colour, the horn white, gray, griffled, black and blue, ash colour, pale and murry; to the Black, the dark.

3. By *Genthmologie*, or savors, or tastes, which (according

to some) are I. More perceptible or manifest. I. The simple, which are 1. hot, first more hot, and so first of more thin parts, as the sharp, secondly of more thick parts, as the bitter, nitrous, and salt. secondly less hot, as the sweet, and is diverse according to the diversity of tenuity and humidity. 2. cold, first of grosse terrene parts. First, more grosse as the acerb. Secondly less grosse, as the austere and astringent. Secondly of subtile aqueous parts and doubtful, as the acid. II. The mixt, as the vinous, compounded of the acid and sweet. II. Less perceptible, and almost insipid. 1. Aqueous, first more subtile, as the aquinspid, secondly more grosse. First, glutinous, as the humilens, secondly, fat, as the oleous. 2. Terrene, 1 succulent, as the adoneous, 2. More dry as the ligniterreous.

The sapor or tastes are,

I. Active. 1. Bitter, wormwood like, gaulish, saline, or Aloe-zick, which is contrary to the nature of living Creatures, the taste whereof doth vellicate the tongue. It consisteth of terrene combust parts, of which some are, more subtile: others, more grosse and terrene, exiccated by exuperant heat, or coagulated by cold, as appears in opium and aloes. It is not nutritive, it openeth the mouths of the veins, causeth hemorrhages, and thirst, and makes the blood fluxible: it attenuateth, incideth, biteth, exasperates, cleanseth, melteth, attracteth, yet more moderately dryeth and heateth, it consumeth and resisteth putrefaction, drinking up supervacaneous humors, and resisting sweetness: its hot and dry in the second degree *terra usta*.

2. Sharp, aromatical, biting, septic, or arsenical, hot, dry, and burning, pricking the tongue, and biting the mouth, it consisteth of thin, dry, and hot parts, as pepper, onions, &c. If it be not vehement, and hot under the third degree, taken inwardly it doth penetrate, open, and attenuate thick humors: applied outwardly, it rarifieth the skin, and draweth forth humors: If it be hot above the third degree, it troubleth the head with thin vapors: If it be of a more grosse essence it is caustick and causeth blisters and scabs: and if it be of an adverse substance, it's septic and deadly: also it is of quick operation and strong, it attracteth from remote parts, it separates, corrodes, incideth, heateth, burneth and inflameth; it resolves, discusseth, excoxiates, ulcerates, and strongly inciteth to expurgation; if of more thin parts, it's diuretical; if of thicker, caustick: it's more intense in dryer bodies, and more remiss where there is an aqueous humidity. It's hot and dry, *ex aqua & terra attenuata*.

3. Acid or ammoniacal. It penetrateth the tongue with its tenuity, yet without any manifest heat. It consisteth of tenuous, cold and dry parts, as vinegar, the juyce of limmons, &c. It penetrateth and incideth no less than the sharp sapor, therefore

form it incideth, attenuates, biteth, detergeth, referates obstructions, repels and dries; and by reason of its penetrating coldness, it repels all fluxions; and by its siccity stops all eruptions of blood. Also it helps nauseousness, corroderth, and condensates without heat; it exasperates and resists putrefaction. It's of doubtful qualities, fiery and aqueous, hot and cold, and of all contraries. It's cold and dry in the second degree, *aqua ignita cum halitu terreo.*

4. *Nitrous*, which is in a mean between *salt* and *bitter*; yet weaker than *this*, and more intense than the other: it's biting and corroding, as nitre. It openeth the belly, and purgeth the reins, *terra spiritibus compulsa.*

5. *Salt* or *serous*. It corroderth the tongue by exiccation, yet heateth not much; it consisteth in a mean matter with heat and dryness, and is generated of that which is *terrene* and dry, attenuate and preassate by heat with an aqueous humidity, so not altogether *terrene*, as salt: therefore it contracteth the pores, incideth, detergeth, digesteth and drinketh up humidity by its dryness, without any manifest sense of heat, and so resists putrefaction. It openeth, biteth, exasperateh, abstergeth, cleanseth, troubleth, provoketh to expulsion, purgeth, subverteth the stomack, causeth thirst, dryeth, deobstructs, aggregates, condenseth, roborateh, and contracteth. It's *hot* and *dry* in the 2d degree, and corrosive.

6. *Sweet, fat, honey like, or saccharine*. It dilateth the tongue, and is pleasant, having no exuperant quality, and being in a mediocrty, as *sugar* and *honey*; therefore it levigates what is exasperated, lenifies, maturates, concocts, is anodyne, and only nourisheth: also it digests, rarifies, distributes, looseth, filleth the liver, stops the spleen, and is *hot* and *moist* in the first degree, and of *terraqueous* parts.

7. *Acerb, astringent, pontick, or aluminous*. It contracteth the tongue, and doth unequally exasperate the same by exiccation: it's near to the austere, but more troublesome to the tongue, astringent, cold, and dry. The matter thereof is *terrene* and dry, without any manifest moisture, in which coldness is exactly predominant with siccity, as *services*: therefore as *cold* it repelleth fluxions, as *astringent* it stoppeth the force of humors, as *dry* it doth coarctate, condense, and cicatrize wounds, as *terrene* it incrassates humors, and condensates the superficies, it shuts, corrugates, and induraterh, so the *austere*. It resists poyson, and is *cold* and *dry* in the second degree.

8. *Austere, styptick, astringent, or vitriolate*. It moderately bindeth the tongue and mouth, coarctates the same with a certain asperity, and doth in some measure refrigerate and dry. It consists in a mean matter, participating of that which is *terrene* and

and watery, in which frigidity is predominant, as medlars and wild peares, &c. It manifestly refrigerateth, extinguisheth, bindeth and contracteth, moderately stops fluxions, and repelleth. It's subacerb, less cold and dry, and exasperating, stopping, corroborating and indurating, terra spiritu commota, as vitriol. The astringent is weaker, as quinces. Mat. Med. sicc. crass.

II. Meane. 1. Oleous. It's fat, unctuous and temperate; generated of that which is moist, aerious and moderately hot by relaxation of the watery part, whereby it becomes more aerial, as oil. It's slow and weak in operation, stopping the gustick or tasting organs. It doth humect, lenifie and soften, loosen, obstruct and cause flatulencies and nauseousness, having a certain obscure and remiss sweetnels, and mean substance.

2. Humilent. The matter thereof is grosse, tough, aqueous in which the earth being well mixed, causeth corpulency, and it's humid, little affecting the taste, more grosse and crude than the sweet. It's Emplastick, stopping the passages, conglutinates what is disjoyned, lenifies what is exasperated, and doth increase, as mucilages. Mat. Crass. frig. obscure.

3. Aquinsipid. It's scarce perceived by the tongue, hardly participating of any terrene siccity, and consisting in a crude juyce; it's rather a privation than a sapor: it's matter is somewhat grosse, yet not altogether terrene, dry, or astringent, but moistened with a certain humidity, which also is not exquisitely mixed by the activity of heat, as water. It is emplastick, stopping and obstructing, lenifying what is exasperated, and conglutinating that which is disjoyned: and although it hath some affinity to sweet, yet it differeth in this, that it consisteth in a matter a little more gross and crude: it refrigerateth and doth more moisten sc. from the second to the third degree.

III. Passive. 1. Ligniterreous, which is more gross, altogether terrene, and unactive; yet it hath some heat, spirit and humidity, but exceeding little, as the caput mortuum, and dry bodies without juyce. Mat. crass. terra absque spiritu depressa prorsus terrea.

2. Adoreous, most agreeing to our nature, it receds from sweetness in this, because its matter, being unactive, is hardly perceived, and it is more gross; yet well tempered to a terrene equally mixed siccity, which easily becomes passive, and is apt for distribution and solidity, as bread corn. Materia aqualis receptibilis.

4. By Aphelogy, or the tactile quality or touch: so crassitude is a sign of the abundance of terrestrial parts or humid and congealed: tenuity of the fiery and aerious: density of exication or congelation: rarity of dryness: hardness of siccity and earthiness, except caused by the repletion of humors: softness of humidity,

dity, gravity is the companion of density: levity of rarity, clamminess of humidity: aridity or friability of siccity: smoothness of an aereous or aqueous humidity. asperity of siccity.

5. By *Alloiofology*, or disposition or mutability: so, that which more soon receiveth heat, is counted hot; and that most cold, which is soonest congealed.

6. By *Pepeirolgy*, or age, so for the most part, those things that are young, are more humid: the old, more dry: also while they are growing and immature, they have an austeriety and acerbity: so, cold.

7. By *Phyteriology*, or the place of growth: so plants growing by lakes, are for the most part of a cold and moist temperature: the marshy, cold and somewhat dry: the fluviatile, dry and very hot: the marine, cold and dry: those of a fat soyl are hot and moist, or temperate therein: those of an hungry ground, hot and dry: those of a mean earth, tepid and suitable to man's nature: those of a sandy ground, hot and dry, and of thin parts: those of a doubtful growth, are of a mixt temperature: the amphibious, if growing in springy places, cold and dry: if in litoral and marine, hot and dry: the mountain plants, are dry, hot, and of subtle parts: the field, moderately hot and dry: they that grow in hollow places, are cold and moist: the hilly, temperate: those that grow wild, are colder and dryer than the domestick, (if of the same species) the domestick, are milder and more weak.

8. By *Protergasiology*, or the operations of the four first Qualities, as above said.

II. By Experience, which in certitude exceeds all the rest, and must be made with a simple body, without any external quality, and that in a temperate subject: in all which that must be distinguished which is done *per se*, from that which is *per accidens*.

Thus of the way of finding out the manifest Qualities, *sc.* of the first: after which the second are known as arising from the first: but especially by sapour or taste.

II. Now follow occult Qualities; and these according to some, as, *Querc. Croll. Noll. Bapt. Port. Coles. Schrod. Culp. Jonst. &c.* are guessed at.

I. By *Phytognomy* or Signature.

I. *Phytopical* or external, either in form, colour, or property; as representing the parts of man's body, the humors, or diseases: and so the appropriations are as followeth.

For the Head in general. Walnuts, piony, poppy, squills, larch tree its agarick, and turpentine, indian nut, and flowers of the lillie of the valley.

For the Brain. Wood betony, sage, rosemary, lavender, marjerome,

jerome, primroses, cowslips, bears ears, lilly of the vally, and milletoe.

For restoring Hair. Quinces, mols, and maiden-hair.

For the Eyes. Fennel, vervain, roses, celandine, rue, eye-bright, clary and hawkweed, herb paris, grains, and anemony.

For the Ears. Assarabacca, ground ivy, ivy, poplar tree, night-shade, sow fennel, and sow thistle.

For the Nose. Wake Robin, flower de luce, horsetaile, shepherds purple, willow, bistort, tormentil, cinkefoyl, and sowbread.

For the Mouth in general. Medlar, mulburies, mints, purslain, and golden rod.

For the Scurvy. Scurvy grafs, small housleek, aloes, fumitory, and cresses.

For the Teeth. Pine, pomegranat, mastick, master wort, coral, coral wort, restharrow, henbane and wild tansey.

For the dryness of the Mouth. Flea wort.

For the diseases of the Throat, roughness, quinsy, Kings evil, &c. Throat wort, date tree, winter green, horse tongue, figge wort, archangel, fox glove, orpine, pellitory of the wall, wheat, barley, garlick, liquorice, figge tree, hyssope, ragwort, plantine, columbines, cudweed, and Jewes ears.

For shortness of breath, coughs, expectorations, hoarseness, &c. Elecampane, almond tree, vinee, reede, sugar cane, jujubes, sebestens, scabious, coleworts, nettles, and turneps.

For contracting Womens Breasts. Ladies mantle, and sanders.

For breeding Milk. Anniseed, nigella, mallows, dill, rampions, periwinkle, and lettuce.

For swollen Breasts. Fennel gyant, gourds, basil, beans, lentils, and lillies.

For sore Nipples. Dock cresses.

For the Lungs, stoppings, consumptions thereof, &c. Horehound, lungwort, tabacco, sun dew, hedge mustard, coltsfoot, woodbine, mullein, cowslips of Jerusalem, sanicle, polypody, whortle berries, and sweet cicely.

For the Heart, qualms, faintness, &c. Angellica, saffron, borage, violets, strawberries, wood sorrel, bawlm, marigolds, swallow wort, goats rue, vipers grafs, pomelitrons, gentian, scordium, burnet, avens, cloves, clove gilliflowers, lignum aloes, cinnamon, and vipers bugloss.

For fitches, and pains in the sides. Carduus benedictus, our ladies thistle, camomile, sweet trefoile, melilote, oats, valerian, fitch wort, flax and linseed.

For purging the Stomack. Wormwood, myrobalanes, groundsell, radish, black alder, oyle nut ben, sene, daffodills, white hellebore, and purging cassia.

For breaking wind. Carrawaies, cummin, camels-hay ginger, galanga,

galanga, cardamoms, pepper, nutmeg, coriander, and orange.

For cooling and strengthening the Stomack: Apples, pears, peaches, apricocks, plums, cherries, gooseberries, barberries, currans or ribes.

For the Liver, Rubarb. turmerick. agrimony. liverwort. succory. alecoast. and maudlin. docks. sorrel. beets. smallage. cleavers. and chickweed.

For the Dropſie : Elder. soldanella. bryony. mechoacan and jalop. broom. ash. ague tree or sassafras. palma Christi or great spurge. glasswort. spurge lawrel. toad flax. and bastard marjorome or organy.

For the Spleen : Dodder. black hellebore. tamarinds. spleenwort or milkwast. harts tongue. ferne. capers. tamarisk. german. der calamint. poley mountain. and lupines.

For the Reins, Bladder, Stone, and Strangury, &c. Asparagus. parſly. marsh mallows. goats thorn. spiknard. sweet smelling flagg. cyperus or English galingale. hops. knotgrasse. parſly pett. faxifrage. dropwort. gromel. onions. winter cherries. dogs grass. butchers broom. chervil. brooklime. hawthorn. limmons. cy. presse tree. kidney wort. kidney beans. oak. bucks horn. plantain. sampire. fraxinella. and alheale.

For the Collick : Bay tree. holly. juniper. olive tree. colloquintida. and biadweed.

For the Worms : Centory. lovage. tansey. lavender cotton. carrots and parsnips. spiguel. bishops weed. English worm seed. leeks. and horse radish.

For Loosenss, and the bloody Flux; &c. Sumach. myrtle. cistus. black thorn. bramble. teasel. rice. flixweed. pilewort. and water betony.

For provoking Lust : Artichocks. sea holly. potatoes. skirrets. pease. rocket. mustard. cotton. fistick nut. chesnut. chochalate. satyrions. and dragons.

For abating Lust : Agnus or the chaff tree. hempe. water lily. hemlock. camphire. and tusſan.

For provoking the Terms : Mugwort. penniroyal. southernwood. savory. time. alexander. and anemony.

For stopping the Terms and the Whites : Comfry. mouseear. yarrow. mede sweet. adders tongue. lunaria. trefoile. money wort. darnel. flower gentle. blites. dragon tree. beech tree. and hasef nut tree.

For the Mother : Motherwort. feaverfew. callamint. burdock. butter burre. orach. asla foetida. and cow parsnep.

For expediting Childbirth : Birthwort. mercury. madder. dittany. dittander. pepperwort. holme oak and its chermes.

For expelling the dead child, and after-birth : Ground pine. savin. and birch tree.

For

For Ruptures or Bursness: Rupturewort. thorow wax. Solomons seal. balsome apple. doves foot or cranes bill. and elme.

For the French Pox: Guajacum. china. and sarsaparilla.

For the swelling in the Groin: Starwort. and herb Paris.

For green Wounds, and old Ulcers: Saint Johns wort. arsmart. bugle. self heal. Saracens consound. loosestrife, daisy. and speedwell.

For drawing out Splinters: Pimpernel.

For Fellons: Woody nightshade.

For surbated Feet: Ladies bedstraw.

For Excreescencies: Agarick. galls. and other excreescencies of trees.

For the jaundise: Celendine. saffron. end centaury.

For Pimples, Tetters, and Ringworms: The bark of the birch tree. and tree lungwort.

For Spots: Garlick. wake Robin. friars cowle. arsmart. and spotted lungwort.

For the Polypus: The root of the lesser celendine. and of polypodie.

For the Scab: Polypodie. and savin.

For yellow Choller; as Aliment, Saffron. beets. figgs: as Medicin, Aloes. sene. wormwood flowers. spurge. coloquintida. and rubarb, &c.

For praesine Choller: Those things that have a green and herb-like colour: as blites and orach.

For pale Choller: Briony having pale flowers.

For Melancholy: Black blite. borrag. buglosse, &c.

For Flegme: Gourds and lettuce.

For mixt Humors: Things of a mixt colour.

II. Astrological or Internal, and so the Appropriations are;

I. To the Planets. 1. To the *Sun*, which is a benevolent planet, moderately hot and dry, a friend to *Jupiter* and *Venus*, and an enemy to the rest, and as it were the heart of the microcosme, and therefore it produceth the vital spirits thereof, by which the whole universe is cherished: and it is the fountain of peculiar influences, by which it particularly helpeth things familiar, and hindreth what is contrary to it self. It governeth the heart and arteries, the sight cold and moist, and eyes; the sinews and the brain with the *Moon* and also with *Mercury*. Of Sickneses, swoonings, cramps, the ophthalmie, watering eyes, and the cardiack with *Jupiter*; pimples. heart burning. tremblings. faintings. tympanies. diseases of the mouth. convulsions. all diseases of the heart, stinking breath. catarrhs. and putrid feavers: It governs the vital faculty, and the taste which is hot and moist: also the attractive vertue with *Mars*, it being hot

hot and dry ; and the digestive hot and moist : *Under which are* Angelica. ash tree. bawm. one blade. burnet. butter burre. camomil. celandine. centaury. eyebright. Saint Johns wort. lovage. marigolds. mistletoe. peony. Saint Peters wort. pimpernel. rose. solis. rosemary. rue. saffron. tormentil. tornsole. vipers bugloss. and walnut tree : as also all Spices ; Sorrel. wood sorrel. mallow. borage. marjerom. dittany. gentian. ivy. elecampane. lavender. bay tree. olive tree. mints. date tree. oranges. pomecitrons. tyme. vine tree. wood of aloes. zedoary. mastick. frankincense. and myrrhe.

2. To the *Moon*, which is a Planet in a mean, between good and bad ; moderately cold and moist, a friend to *Jupiter*, *Saturn*, *Venus* and *Mercury*, and an enemy to the other two ; and is correspondent to the brain, and therefore sympathetick with the nervous parts and animal spirits : or it is the generatory of humidity, by which the whole universe is moistened ; and is the fountain of peculiar influences, by which primarily and peculiarly it doth affect things familiar to it self, and secondarily things agreeing to *Saturn*, *Jupiter*, *Venus* and *Mercury*, as being benevolent unto the same : or [as some] it is as it were the liver of the macrocosme. *Under it are* also the Stomack. bowels and bladder. as some say with *Saturn* : Of *Sicknesses*, the Cholick. phlegmatick imposthumes. all kinds of oppilations. and the epilepsie with *Mars* and *Mercury* ; the palsie with *Saturn*, and the menstrual sickness with *Venus* ; also apoplexies. palsies. belly ach. diseases of the kidneys. bladder. and genitals ; stopping and over-flowing of the terms in Women. dropsies. fluxes. all cold and rheumatick diseases. the gout. sciatica. worms in the belly. hurts in the eyes. surfeits. rotten coughs. convulsions. Kings evil. small pox and measles. crude humors. lethargies. and all phlegmatick diseases : also the expulsive faculty, which is cold and moist. *Under which are*, Adders tongue. cabbages. coleworts. columbines. water cresses. ducks meat. yellow waterflagge. flower de luce. fluellin. ivy. lettuce water lillies. loosestrife. with, and without spiked heads. moon wort. mouseeare. orpine. poppies. purslain. privet. rattle grassie. white roses. white saxifrage. burnet saxifrage. wall flowers. or winter yellow flowers. and willow tree ; as also chast-tree. winter cherries. garlicke. reeds. brooklime. onions. cammomile. frogstools. hyssop. mastick tree. mandrake. nutmegs. wall nuts. line tree. water plantain. turneps. houseleek and common leeks.

3. To *Saturn*, which is a malignant Planet, diurnal, masculine, and very cold, a friend to *Mars*, and an enemy to the rest ; and answereth to the spleen of the microcosme : yet some ascribe it to the head. as also *Jupiter* and *Mars* : Some say also that *Saturn* ruleth the right ear, also the bones, fundament, and the

the retentive faculties, cold and dry in the whole body ; and the bladder with the *Moon*. Of *Sicknesses* ; the leprosie, canker, quartan ague, palsie, consumption, black jaundise, illiack passion, dropic, catarrh, gout in the feet, and scrophula's : as also apoplexies, tooth ach, all melancholick diseases cold and dry, humblings, vain fears, fancies, gout, dog like appetite, hemorrhoids, broken bones, dislocations, deafnesse, pain in the bones, ruptures (if he be in *Leo* or *Scorpio*, or in an evil aspect to *Venus*) the chin cough, pain in the bladder, all long diseases, melancholick madness, fear or grief : he governs the memory also, which is cold and dry ; and the hearing also. *Under it are*, Barley, red beets, beech tree, bifoyle or tway blade, birds foot, bistort or hawkweed, blue bottles, buckshorn, plantaine, wild champions, clewort, cleavers or goosegrasse, clowns woundwort, comfrey, cudweed or cottenweed, sciatica cresses, croswort, darnel, dodder, epithymum, elmetree, osmond royal, fleawort, flixweed, fumitory, stinking gladdon, goutwort, winter green, hawkweed, hemlock, hemp, henbane, horsetaile, knapweed, knotgrasse, medlar tree, mosse, mullein, nightshade, polypody, poplar tree, quince tree, rupture wort, rushes, Solomons seal, Saracens con-found, service tree, sceterach or spleenwort, tamarisk, melancholy thistle, black thorn, thorow wax, turf an or park leaves, and woad : as also aconite, chaste tree, parsley, stinking tree, asphodil, starwort, orach, shepherds purple, capers, cummin, cypress, fearn, black hellebor, great dock, mandrake, mulberry tree, opium, herb true love, pine tree, savine, sage, sene and sengreen.

4. To *Jupiter*, which is a benevolent Planet, moderately hot and moist, a friend to all the rest, except *Mars* ; answering to the liver, and cherishing the faculties thereof by its influences. Some affirm also that he rules the lungs, ribs, sides, veins, blood, and digestive faculty ; the natural vertue of man ; as also the gristles and sperme with *Venus* the arteries and pulse. Of *Sicknesses* ; the peripneumony, apoplexy, plurisie, cramp, the cardiack with the *Sun* : quinsie, numnesse of the sinews, and stinking of the mouth, all infirmities of the liver and veins, apertumes about the breast and ribs, all diseases proceeding of putrefaction of blood and wind, feavers and other diseases ; he governeth the blood, hot and moist, so the judgment. *Under which are*, Agrimony, alexander, asparagus, avens, bay tree, white beets, water betony, wood betony, bilberries, borrage, bugloss, chervil, sweet cicely, cinkfoile, alecost or costmary, dandelion, docks, bloodwort, dogs or quich grasse, endive, harts tongue, hyssop, sengreen or houtleek, liverwort, lungwort, sweet Maudlin, oak tree, red roses, sage, sauce alone, or jack by the hedge, scurvy grasse, succory and our ladies thistle : As also almonds, wallnuts, barberries, calamint, cherries, cornel tree, hounds-tongue.

tongue. beans. beech tree. strawberries. ash tree. fumitory. quorice. barley. white lilly flax. daniel. mace. apple tree. min mulberries. myrobalans. nuts. basil. olive tree. organy. raitie pine tree. peach tree. roots of piony. poplar tree. purslain. plume tree. selfe heale. pear tree. rubarb. currans. madder. service tree. spike. consound. wheat. violets. vine tree. mastick. storax. sugar and all other sweet things.

5. To *Mars*, which is a Planet exceeding hot and dry a friend to *Venus*, and an enemy to all the rest, cherishing the bladder and gall of the microcosme. Some say he rules the left ear, apprehension, and causeth valour; as also the veins, genitals, restles, and the reins with *Venus*. Of *Sicknesses*; the Pestilence, hot feavers. yellow jaundice. shingles. carbuncles. fistulaes. cholerick fluxes. feavers tertian and quotidian. all wounds. especially in the face; and the epilepsie with the *Moon* and *Mercury* also Megrims. burning. scalding. ringworms. blisters. phrensie fury. hare-brains. sudden distempers of heart. the bloody flux. fistulaes. diseases in the genitals. stone in the reins and bladder. scars. pockholes. hurts by iron and fire. the calenture. St Anthonyes fire. and all diseases of chollier and passion; he governs sinelling also, which is hot and dry; so the attractive vertue. To which belong, Arsmarr. asarabacca. barberry bush. sweet basil. bramble bush. briony. brooklime. butchers broom. broom. broom rape. crowfoot. wake Robin. cranes bill. cotton thistle. toad flax. fuize bush. garlicke. hawthorne. hops. madder. masterwort. mustard. hedge mustard. nettles. onions. pepperwort. dittander. carduus benedictus. radish. horse radish. rubarb. rhympontick. bastard rubarb. thistles. starre thistle. tabacco. wooll thistle. treacle mustard. mithridate. mustard. dyers weed. and wormwood: as also birthwort. chamelion thistle. cornel tree. dane wort. esula. euphorbium. spearwort. hellebore. spurge laurel. medlars. monks hood. plantain. leeks. plum tree. oak tree. tormentil. nettle. scammony. and all poysonsome things.

6. To *Venus*, which is a benevolent Planet, nocturnal, feminine, moderately cold, a little more intently moist, a friend to the *Sun*, *Mars*, *Mercury* and the *Moon*, an enemy to *Saturne*, and having an influence upon the genitors, and urinary parts; as also upon the throat, womens breasts, and milk therein; the the loins, the liver and sperme with *Jupiter*, and the reins with *Mars*. Of *Sicknesses*; all diseases of the Matrix. gonorrhea. flux of urine. priapisme. weaknesse of the stomach and liver. french pox. flux of the bowels. and the menstrual sickness with the *Moon*: and all diseases of the genitals. reins. and navil. and all diseases by immoderate lust. weaknesse in the act of generation. all sorts of ruptures. all diseases of the urine, and illiack passion; and governs the procreative vertue, and the feeling with

with *Mercury*, which is of all qualities. *Vnder which are*, Ale-
hoof or ground ivy. black alder tree. apple tree. stinking orach.
archangel or dead nettles. beans. ladies bedstraw. birch tree. bi-
shops weed. blitres. bugle. burdock. cherry tree. winter cherries.
cheekweed. cich peale. clary. cockshead. coltsfoot. cowslips.
daisies. devils bitte. elder. dwarf elder. eringo. featherfew. fig-
wort. filipendula. foxgloves. golden rod. gromewel. groundsel.
herb Robert. herb true love. kidneywort. ladies mantle. mallows.
marsh mallows. mercury. mints. motherwort. mugwort. nep-
persnep. peach tree. pear tree. penniroyal. periwinkle. plantain.
plum tree. primroses. ragwort. rocket. winter rocket. damask-
roses. wood sage. sanicle. self heal. sopewort. sorrel. wood sorrel.
sow thistles. spignel. strawberries. garden tansey. wild tansey or
silverweed. teasels. vervain. vine tree. violets. wheat. and yarrow;
as also asphodil. maiden hair. coriander. sow bread. figs. ground-
ivy. flower de luce. all kinds of lillies. melilot. pomegranats,
daffodil. stone parslly. sweet pears. roses. sanders. satyrion. wild-
tyme. tyme. vervain. violet. ladanum. musk. amber. and all
kinds of perfumes.

7. To *Mercury*, which is a mutable Planet, good with the
good, and bad with the bad; hot with the hot, and cold with
the cold; dry with the dry, and moist with the humid; a friend
to *Saturne*, *Jupiter*, *Venus* and the *Moon*; and an enemy to *Mars*
and the *Sun*, representing the lungs, which it doth sympatheti-
cally strengthen by its influences; yet some appropriate it to
the middle of the belly; Some say also that he rules the brain;
especially the imagination, hot and dry; the tongue, hands, feet,
and irrational part; and that alone he maketh apprehensive, de-
gious of knowledge, and very fickle; as also that he governeth
the spirits, memory, and brain with the *Sun* and *Moon*. Of Sick-
nesses; Madnesse. losse of the common senses. doting. lisp-
ing. and stammering. coughs. hoarsnesse. and the epilepsie with the
Moon and *Mars*: almost all diseases of the brain, as vertigoes,
&c. all diseases of the lungs, as asthma's, pthicks, &c. all
imperfections of the tongue, and memory, gout, stoppings of
the head, dumbnesse, epidemical diseases, and hurts of the in-
tellect. *Vnder it are*, Calamints or mountain mint. carrots. car-
rawaies. dill. elecampane. ferne. fennel. hogs fennel. germander.
hasel nut tree. hore hound, hounds tongue. lavender. liquorice.
wall rue. maiden hair. golden maiden hair. sweet marjerome.
melilore. money wort. mulberry tree. oates. parsley. cowpainsp.
pellitory of the wall. chamepitys or groundpine. rest harrow or
cammock. sampire. summer and winter savory. scabious. smal-
lage. southernwood. meadow trefoile. garden valerian. and hony-
suckles or woodbine; as also marsh mallows, aniseed. colum-
bine. daisie. cammomile. cubebs. beans. fumitory. wall nut tree.
juniper.

juniper tree. mercury. navew. cinquefoile. stone parsley. butter burre. burnet. peony. longwort. elder. speedwel. wild tyme. and coltsfoot.

All which are said to cure diseases by sympathy, so each Planet cures its own: or antipathy, so the contrary. And are under the Planets primarily and directly, or immediately; or secundarily by the respective amity of the rest. Note, That the Solar Planets, have a good shape, yellow flower, good smell and taste, and in open meridional places. The Lunar, are thick leaved, juicy, waterish, sweet tasted, soon grown up, in waterish places. The Saturnine, ill shaped, of ill smell, binding taste, lean; in filthy woody, solitary dark places. The Jovial, of good taste and smell, red or skie coloured, oily substance, plain leaved, in far places. The Martial, rough and prickly, reddish, of burning taste, in dry places. The Venereal, white flowered, of clammy juyce, of sweet taste, pleasant smell, smooth leaved, not lactinate. The Mercurial, verticolor, flowered, coddled, arenary.

II. To the Signs, as followeth, amongst which there are four Degrees, after the manner of the four first Qualities; so they are appropriate,

1. To Aries, which is a masculine fiery sign, or hot and dry, sympathetical to the head: Some say its East, masculine, choleric, governing the face, eyes, and eares, &c. and whatever is above the first vertebra of the neck. Of Sickneses, the apoplexies, mania, spots and wounds in the face, abortifements, and other impetuous diseases, ringworms, and morpewes; also, the small pox and measels, polypus, and all diseases in the head. Thus in the first degree, Red mugwort. betony. succory. larkspurre, dane wort. mints. peach kernels. butter burre. wild tyme. coltsfoot. and fluellin; and are to be gathered in the end of the dog dayes, after the full of the Moon. In the second degree, Sperage. Saint Johns wort. milfoile. plantain. and peony, and are to be gathered the Sun and Moon being in Cancer. In the third degree, Agarick. garden spurge. mezeron tree. wild gourds. spurge. coltsfoot. gentian. privet. nutmeg. palma Christi. elder. and sarsaparilla; and are to be gathered betwixt Saint James's and Saint Laurence's day. In the fourth degree, Southernwood. calamint. capers. cinnamon. white hellebore. marjerome. hore hound. wild cresses. rosemary. turbith. and spike; and are to be gathered partly in April, partly in September.

2. To Taurus, which is a terrestrial feminine sign, cold and dry, sympathetick to the neck and throat. It's South feminine and melancholick, governing the voice, seven vertebra's of the neck and chanel bone. Of Sickneses, Quinces, scrophula's, catarrhs, and hoarsness; and all diseases incident to the throat. Thus in the first degree, Betony. miltwast. germander. ground

ivy. the root of white lillies. mints. daffodill. polypody. roses. rosemary. valerian and violets; and mollifie the tumors of the jaws and spleen. In the *second* degree, Maiden-hair. winter cherries. columbines. ivy. Solomons seal. oak-tree. and mistletoe of the oak: and help wounds. In the *third* degree, Bugloss. our Ladies thistle. hounds tongue. agrimony. the lesser dock. organy. stone parsley. oake tree. cinquefoil. fanicle. figwort. tormentil. perwinkle, and silver weed, and are traumatick. In the *fourth* degree, Mouf-ear. great burdock. wild betony. great celandine. ash tree. mallows. lungwort. scabious, and ground ivy: and have antipathy with the sublunaries which are under Libra and Scorpio, but sympathetick with those that are under Cancer and Sagittarius.

3. To *Gemini*, which are a masculine sign, airy, but hot and moist, possessing the shoulders: It's West masculine, sanguine governing the arms and hands, with the parts belonging thereunto. Of *sicknesses*, phlegmons, felons, and others of blood there; and all such diseases as are incident to the hands, arms and shoulders, really or by accident. Thus in the *first* degree, Aniseed. marsh mallow. bugloss. borrag. fenel. hyssop. stone parsley. self heal, and wall rue. In the *second* degree, Great burdock. bugloss. fern. white line tree. turnips, &c. In the *third* degree, Chick weed. wake Robin. mace, and dead nettle. In the *fourth* degree, Sorrel germander. cammomil. celandine. mugwort and rubarb: and they have an antipathy with the sublunaries of Capricorn, and sympathy with those of Libra and Aquarius.

4. To *Cancer*, which is a feminine sign, watery, cold and moist, sympathetick to the breast and lungs, as also to the ribs and spleen, and cureth the diseases thereof: It's North feminine and phlegmatick governing the liver also. Of *sicknesses*, the alopecia watery eyes. rheums. scabs, and the leprosie; as also all imperfections of the breast, stomach and liver, and incident thereto. Thus in the *first* degree, Chickweed. cabbage. thistle. the flowers and fruit of beans. ladies bedstraw. turneps. rampions. sage and figwort. In the *second* degree, Strawberry-tree. cones of the fir-tree and pine. comfrey. nightshade. turpentine and mistletoe. In the *third*, Brooklime. foxgloves. cudweed. rushes. cresses. seed of stone parsley. purslain. willow. saxifrage and stonecrop. In the *fourth* degree, Water lilly. piony houseleek and corral: and are antipathetick to the sublunaries of Sagittarius, and sympathetick to those of Taurus and Libra.

5. To *Leo*, which is a masculine sign, fiery, or hot and dry, governing the heart and stomach: It's of the East masculine, choleric, ruling the back, sides, and midriff with *Yaga*, and

the 12 vertebrae of the breast, pericard and appetite. Of sicknesses, the cardiack passion, trembling of the heart, and swooning; and all diseases thereof, and back, and all diseases of chollier and adustion. Thus in the first degree, Basil. saffron. cyprus tree. carnations. hyssop. lavender. water plantain. sundew. sea bindweed, and tyme. In the second degree, Wild angelica. tway blade. centory. galingale. gentian, and devils bit. In the third degree, stinking May weed. carrot. mints. garden cresses. penny royal. crowfoot, and nettles. In the fourth degree, Birch tree, box, broom and bay tree; the first are to be gathered the Sun being in *Pisces*, the Moon in *Cancer*. The second sort in the beginning of May before Sun rising, or in the end of August, or the Sun being in *Taurus* and the Moon in *Gemini*. The third the Sun being in *Leo*, and the Moon in *Virgo* and the last quadrature; or for refrigeration, the Sun being in *Taurus* and the Moon in *Gemini*. The fourth the Sun being in *Pisces* and the Moon in *Aquarius*, or both.

6. To *Virgo*, which is a feminine sign, earthy, cold, dry, and sympathetick to the liver, intestines, and belly. It's South feminine, melancholick; governing the midriff with *Leo*, the navil, spleen, omentum, and all that belongeth to them. Of Sicknesses, the chollick and iliack passion, oppilations of the spleen, and black jaundise; also all diseases incident to the bowels, meseraick veins, omentum, diaphragm, and spleen. Thus in the first degree, Sorrel, wood sorrel, burdock, succory, plantain, pear tree, and wild sage. In the second degree, white beetes, medlar, Solomons seal, and briar bush. In the third, birthwort, bugle, flea bane, self heal, and oak tree. In the fourth, Carduus benedictus, small centory, black alder tree, adders tongue. See tree with all its parts, fruit and flowers, tormentil and bistort.

7. To *Libra*, which is a masculine sign, airy, hot and moist, sympathetick to the reins and bladder. It's West masculine, sanguine; governing the navil and buttock with *Scorpio*. Of Sicknesses, all filthy scabs and spots in the face, loss of sight, cankers, hemorrhoids, the leprosie, alopecia and collick; all diseases of the reins, wind and blood corrupted. Thus in the first degree, All sorts of daisies, bugle, feaverfew, cowslip, goats beard, and water parsnep. In the second degree, Marsh mallow, cammomil, mistletoe, martagon, mallow, line tree, vervain, and silver weed. In the third degree, Calves snout, mugwort, nut tree, and wall-rue. In the fourth degree, Chickweed, great celandine, black mints, scabious, figwort, and houseleek.

8. To *Scorpio*, which is a feminine sign, watery, cold, and moist, and sympathetick to the genitors. It's North feminine, and phlegmatick, governing the fundament and bladder with *Libra*. Of Sicknesses, the former and french pox, and all diseases that

that infect the privities of both sexes, and bladder. *Thus in the first degree*, Crosse wort, hawthorne, and service tree; as also all simples of the first degree of *Cancer* gathered in *October*. In the *second degree*, Ash tree, all sorts of apples, and plum tree. In the *third*, Barberry tree, box, feaverfew, and lopewort; hereto belong all herbs of the second degree of *Cancer*. In the *fourth*, Great red beetes, mercury, daffodil and ribes.

9. To *Sagittarius*, which is a masculine sign, hot and dry, sympathetick to the loyns, &c. It's East masculine, cholerick, governing the thighs and hips: Of *sicknesses*, hot feavers, blear eyes, and falls, and all diseases of the thighs and hips. *Thus in the first degree*, Comfrey, onion, radish, figwort, flowers of line tree, sesamum and vervain. In the *second degree*, Garlicke, wild angelica, henbane, lovage, and leaves of willow tree. In the *third degree*, Red beer, asarabacca, celandine, saffron, fern, ground ivy, madder, divils bit, and turmerick. In the *fourth degree*, Gum thistle, cresses, and white vine.

10. To *Capricorn*, which is a feminine sign, terrestrial or earthy, cold and dry, sympathetick to the knees and nerves. It's South feminine, melancholick, governing the hams, and what belongeth to them: Of *sicknesses*, aches in the knees, deafness, loss of sight and speech, itch and scabs, and foulness of the skin: all diseases in the knees and hams, and all diseases of melancholly, and scirrhus's. *Thus in the first degree*, Marigold, black cherries, elecampane, mulberry tree, bramble bush, and worts. In the *second degree*, Black berries, mullein, and garden endive. In the *third degree*, Acorus, wake Robbin, Shepherds purse, comfrey, gourds, galingale, garden mallow, and all kindes of sowthistles. In the *fourth degree*, Hellebore, henbane, mandrake, monks hood, herb true love, savin, night shade, and staves acre.

11. To *Aquarius*, which is a masculine sign, ærious, hot and moist, sympathetick to the legs. It's West masculine, sanguine, governing what belongs to the nerves. Of *sicknesses*, Quartain feavers, the black jaundise, swellings of the legs, and varices; also all diseases incident to the legs and ankles, and all melancholy coagulated in the blood. *Thus in the first degree*, Angelica, wild carrot, fig tree, flowers of the ash tree, ground ivy, walnut tree, melilot, fanicle, Solomons seal, and perwinckle. In the *second degree*, Larkspur, cummin, dodder of time, cranes bill, clot-bur, rose root, wall rue, wilde sage, and white nettle. In the *third degree*, Agrimony, mouseear, clary, mercury, savisage, and dragon. In the *fourth degree*, The leaves of asarabacca, motherwort, hemlock, and medlars.

11. To *Pisces*, which are a feminine sign, aqueous, cold and moist, and sympathetick to the feet. It's North feminine, phlegmatick, governing all that belongs to the feet. Of *sc. nesses*, gouts, scabs, the leprosie and palsie; lameness, kibes; diseases incident to the feet; all diseases of salt phlegm, mixt with humors: the small pox, measles, and all cold and moist diseases. Thus in the first degree, Long birth wort, cabbage, gourds, elecampane, myrobalans, navew, water lilly, purslain and turneps. In the second degree, Artichocks, calves snout, blew bottle, and golden flower gentle. In the third degree, Nigella, garden and wild poppy, and fowthistle. In the fourth degree, Blemlock, henbane, monks hood, horned poppy, and white nightshade.

Here note, in all these the *Sympathy* and *Antipathy* of the Signs and Planets, is to be observed; both *essential* by House and Exaltation, Temperature or Quality, or Conditions; or else *Accidental*, by Configurations; of which some are Obnoxious and Hateful, as a Quartile and Opposition; as also the conjunction of bad Planets: others are *Healthful*, as a Sextile and Trine, and the conjunction of good Planets.

Next consider, What Diseases every Planet causeth distinctly of himself, and what under the Signs of the Zodiack; what Parts the Planets generally rule, and what of the Signs they are under, and Houses of the Heavens in a Cœlestial Scheme; and what part each Planet particularly rules according to his transit through each Sign.

Then may the nature and kinde of the Disease be found out by the Figure of the Decumbiture. 1. By the Houses of Heaven; of which, the sixth, seventh and twelfth signifie Diseases. 2. By the nature of the Signs; as Fiery, Earthy, Aëry and Watery. 3. By the Planets, and their Aspects.

The part may be found out by considering the government of the Sign; and Masculine Planets signifie the right side, and the feminine the left, and afflict where ruling.

As for the length of the Disease, it may be found out by the nature of the Planets; as followeth: Saturn causing long Sicknesses: the Sun and Iupiter, short: Mars shorter, but acute: Venus, mean: Mercury, unconstant, as aspected: The Moon, gives such as often return; Whether it shall end by life or death, well or ill, may be conjectured from Aspects.

Note also, The Sun giveth vital heat to the Creation; the Moon giveth Radical moisture; Saturn fixeth this and putrifieth this; Iupiter turneth it into nourishment; Mars calcines it; Venus makes it fruitful; and Mercury makes it rational.

Also as for Elements, The Fire preserves the Earth that it be not drowned nor destroyed by a continual Flux of Water upon it;

the *Aire* preserves the fire, that it be not extinguished; the *Water* preserves the earth, that it be not burned; and the *Earth* is the deſticon of all: The air and fire, are thin and active; water and earth, thick and paſſive, with a proportional difference: or as others ſay, *air* hath motion, thinneſs, and darkneſs; *fire* hath the two firſt, and brightneſſe; *water* hath motion, darkneſſe, and thickneſſe; the *earth* hath the two laſt, and quietneſſe. Alſo the *Sun* is chief in chronical diſeaſes; and the *Moon*, in the acute, with the aſcendant.

II. The occult *Qualities* are found out by *Peiralogie* or experience, which is moſt ſure and ſafe.

II. Next follow thoſe thing: which are more remote that concern *plants* and other *medicinals*, as commonly to be compounded therewith.

As 1. The *Topologie*, or place of gathering them; Thus, 1. *Herbs*, are to be gathered in mountains, hills, and plain places; in thoſe that are higheſt eſpecially, and expoſed to the ſun, and winds; except ſome few, as germander and groundpine, which are more odoriferous and frequent in hills; but thoſe that grow only in plain places, are to be gathered in more dry places, and more remote from lakes and rivers, except they delight in more moiſture, as water caltrops, water lillies, &c. 2. *Flowers*, are to be gathered in the ſame places, in which there are the beſt plants. 3. So *Fruits*. 4. And *Seeds*. 5. So *Roots* alſo. 6. *Woods* are to be taken from trees where they are well grown. 7. *Barks*, where their plants are beſt. 8. *Juices*, are to be taken from the beſt herbs, chiefly the well grown and greater (as being leſſe excrementitious) and that before they grow woody or rotten. 9. *Liquors* and *Gums*, &c. are to be taken from mature ſtalks which are the beſt in their kind, as the reſt.

2. The *Chronologie* or time. Thus, 1. *Herbs*, are to be gathered in the time of their flouriſhing, and beginning to go to ſeed, which is for the moſt part in *June* and the beginning of *July*, if they are to be kept, and that at noon, in a clear day, being ſome conſiderable time, or certain dayes before, freed from ſhowers and not too dewy, or ſcorched by too much heat of the *Sun*, which is chiefly in the Spring, or beginning of Summer. But thoſe which grow green all the year in Gardens, may be gathered at any time; and thoſe that have neither ſtalk, flower nor ſeed, as maiden hair, ſpleenwort, &c. are to be gathered in the vigour of the leaves, ſc. when they are moſt green and greateſt; yet ſome (becauſe while they flower or bear ſeed they are woody and dry) are to be gathered before that time, as ſuccory, beet, &c. 2. *Flowers*, in the vigour of their maturity, when opened [except the roſe] at noon in fair weather, after the *Sun* hath taken off the dew, and before they wither or fall off, which

for the most part is in Spring. 3. *Fruits*, when they are ripe and before they wither. 4. *Seeds*, out of fruits thorough ripe, when they begin to be dry, and before they fall off; and out of plants when dry and are no longer green, as in the Summer, *sc.* June or July. 5. The *Juice of Plants*, is to be pressed out whilst they are green and their leaves yet tender, and especially out of the well grown and greater. 6. The *Barks of Fruits*, are to be taken when the fruits are full ripe, and those of roots when the herbs have lost their leaves, but those of trees when they are in their vigour. 7. *Woods*, when the trees are full grown. 8. *Liquors and Gums*, &c. are taken by opening the stalk in the vigour thereof, and *Gums* when congealed, and mature. 9. *Roots*, when the fruit is fallen off, and the leaves also begin [which for the most part is in *Autumne*] and are to be dugged up in fair weather; which is necessary alwayes to be observed, as also [according to some] the decreasing of the *Moon*, the day of decreasing, and the morning, that time being balsamical: as also the fortitude of the planet, familiar to the thing to be gathered, and the sign of the zodiack.

3. The *Dropologie* or manner of gathering them, (as some affirm) some plants having diverse faculties, according to the diverse manner of gathering them, as *upwards* or *downwards*; so hellebore, the leaves drawing the humors upwards or downwards accordingly: so the root of elder also, and the buds, which being gathered upwards cause vomiting, and purge if downwards: also some observe the site of the regent planets, as whether they are oriental or occidental. &c.

4. The *Parasceuologie* or manner of preparing them for preservation. Thus, 1. *Flowers*, are kept for the most part separated from the stalks and leaves. 2. *Herbs or leaves*, if they are greater, and having more thick stalks, they are kept apart from them; but if more slender they are kept together, and sometimes with the flowers. 3. *Fruits*, as apples, &c. are to be placed with their stalks downwards, and last longer if laid on a heap of barley. 4. *Roots*, some are kept whole, as those of birth-wort, gentian, hermodactils, satyrion, &c. others are dissected, as those of bryonie, elecampane, flower de luce, &c. also some have the woody matter taken away, as those of fennel, stone-parley, &c.

As for the *parts of living Creatures*, 1. The *fleshy parts* are first to be washed with wine, or some other convenient decoction, and are then to be dried in an oven, and so kept in leaves convenient, or wrapped up in wormwood to prevent putrefaction; so also the lungs, the trachea or rough artery being first taken away, and thus are prepared the liver, spleen, &c. 2. Things that are *Fat and oylie*, are to be washed often in water, until they become

come pure; after which they are to be melted by a gentle fire, strained, and powred out upon cold water, and are then to be kept in a cold place; thus is hoggs greafe prepared, lard, marrow, &c. and are best kept if a little salted. 3. *Skinny parts*, as the intestines are to be dissected longwaies, and to be washed in wine or some convenient decoction, after which being cut into pieces, they are to be dried in an oven, and kept in leaves as aforesaid. 4. *Bloud*, is to be separated from the serous humour, and to be dried in an oven. 5. *Galls*, are to be separated from the liver, then tied with a thred, after which they are to be hung up in a chimney to dry. 6. *Curds*, are to be dried in the smoke, or sun, and so kept. 7. *Hornes and Bones*, are to be burnt in a crucible till white, stamped, washed in rosewater, levigated, and to be made up in Troches. 8. *Pretious stones*, are to be beaten in a steel mortar, levigated on a marble, to an alcohol, with rosewater, and to be made into Balls.

5. The *Phylacologie*, or way and place of keeping them; which in general ought to be pure, convenient, high, dry, open, of a North or South situation, where they may not be burnt by the Sun, or moistened by the walls, &c. more particularly:

1. *Vegetables*, as 1. *Flowers*, are to be dried in the shade, and then they [especially those of good odour] are to be kept in teile caskets. 2. *Herbs*, are to be dried in the shadow, except those that have thicker stalks, and moister leaves, and so subject to putrefaction, which must therefore be dried by the more intense heat of the Sun, or some other way; and when they are well dried, they are to be kept in linnen baggs, or [which is better] in wooden caskets, that they may be defended from dust. 3. *Seeds*, are to be kept in a dry place, and in a wooden or glazed vessels, being wrapped up in papers, that they may last the longer, and without impurity. 4. *Fruits*, in boxes, panniers, or scuttles. 5. *Gums*, and dry *Rosins*, in a dry place, and in wooden vessels, but the more liquid in pitchers. 6. *Barks*, in wooden coffers, and a dry place. 7. *Roots*, in a dry air, and the lesser and more thin [whose vertues may be easily dissipated by the heat of fire or the Sun] are to be dried in the shadow and wind, as those of parsley, fennel, &c. but the more grosse by the Sun or wind, as those of Bryony, Gentian, Mandrake, and Rhubarbe.

2. *Minerals*, as 1. *Earths*, in baskets or wooden coffers. 2. *Things Salt*, in wooden or glasse vessels, and a dry place. 3. *Things watery*, in glasses or glazed pots.

3. *Living Creatures*, as 1. *Their drier parts*, in wooden boxes, so bones, &c. 2. *Fats and Marrumes*, are to be kept in pots, or earthen glazed vessels, and in a cold and dry place.

Things prepared by art, as 1. *Vinegars and distilled waters*

are to be kept in glass Vessels, or stone Bottles, and in a temperate place. 2. *Balsams*, as the sweet, in tin boxes, or (better) in glasses well stopped, but the more liquid and distilled, like distilled Oyls and Spirits. 3. *Cerots*, as emplasters. 4. *Things condited*, and the like, in earthen Vessels. 5. *Confects* covered with Sugar, in wooden Coffers, and a place moderately hot and dry. 6. *Conserves, Lohochs and Electuaries*, in glazed earthen Vessels. 7. *Extracts*, in earthen or glass Vessels wide mouthed, that they may be taken out with the Spatula; or if they are more dry, they are kept as Pills. 8. *Flowers and Fecula's, &c.* in Glasses. 9. *Morsels*, are kept as Confections. 10. *Oyles*, made by infusion and expression, in Glasses, or glazed Pots; the distilled Oyls in narrow mouthed Glasses. 11. *Pills*, in wooden or tin Boxes, being wrapped in Bladders, or cerate Papers, and in a dry place. 12. *Preparations*, in glasses, and dry places. 13. *Rolls*, as Confections are kept in wooden Boxes, and a dry place. 14. *Salts*, in Glasses and dry places. 15. *Species aromatical*, in leather bags well sewed, or in glass or wooden Vessels. 16. *Spirits*, in narrow mouthed Glasses well stopped, and in a temperate or cold place. 17. *Juyces liquid*, in narrow mouthed Glasses, a little oyl of Almonds or Olives being poured thereupon: the thicker Juyces agree with extracts. 18. *Syrups*, in earthen Vessels, especially those that are acid, and are to be kept chiefly in those that are glazed, that they may not attract any mineral Tincture, as they do in Vessels of metall. 19. *Troches*, in wooden boxes. 20. *Emplasters & Cerots*, in coffers or dry boxes, being wrapped in a bladder or in a waxed paper. 21. *Unguents and Linements*, in earthen Vessels or tin Boxes.

6. The *Monology* or duration of them. Where note, the time of keeping them must not exceed that of their duration, which is diverse, according to the greater or lesser solidity of the substance, by which they are more or less subject to dissipation. *In particular.* 1. *Vegetables*; as 1. *Flowers* may be kept so long as they retain their colour, smell and taste, which for the most part is half a year, therefore they are to be changed every year. Note also, They are best when freshest. 2. *Herbs* may be kept longer, yet it's better to change them yearly. 3. *Seeds*, by how much they are more hot, sharp, and aromatical, by so much also are they more durable, therefore may be kept two or three years; but those that are lesser and colder must be changed every year; and must be kept carefully, lest they grow mouldy. 4. *Fruits* must be changed every year; but the exotick, that have a harder bark or shell, &c. may be kept two or three years. 5. *Gums and Rosins* are more durable. 6. *Barks* last a year or more. 7. *Roots*, if they are little, slender and thin, they are changed every year; as those of Asarabacca, Sperage, &c. but the

the greater, and having a gross substance, last two or three years; as those of Birth wort. Briony. Gentian. Rubarb and Hellebore. 2. *Minerals*, for the most part (except some that are sulphureous and aqueous) because they are of a more solid and durable nature, they are also of a longer duration. 3. *Living Creatures*, and *their parts*, may be kept till they are corrupted, which will appear by their rank smell, taste, place, and change of colour, as the rest; but those parts are most durable, which are most dry and solid, and the softer more corruptible, and are therefore to be changed every year.

Things prepared by Art, as 1. *Vinegers* by infusion, are to be changed every year, or to be renewed by the addition of new Vineger, and infusion of new Materials. 2. *Distilled Waters* that are phlegmatick are to be changed, or renewed every year by new plants and distillation; but those that are fuller of Spirits may be kept longer. 3. *Aromatical Balsoms* may last two or three years. 4. *Things condited*, as Fruits, may be kept two years. 5. *Confections* last longer then things without Sugar. 6. *Conserves* abide one year. 7. *Decoctions* last good but few days. 8. *Electuaries* lenitive, one year: the solutive, a year and half; and the more pleasing, the less while. 9. *Elixys*; being full of Spirit, if carefully kept, last divers years. 10. *Extracts* that are more hard, are not easily hurt in many years, except by exiccation or dryness. 11. *The Fecule of Vegetables*, may be renewed every year, yet they will last two years or more. 12. *Flowers* vary according to the matter from which they are sublimated. 13. *Juleps* are to be made according to occasion. 14. *Lobochs*, which take in Almonds and cold Seeds, apt to mould, hardly last above one year, but the rest two years. 15. *Margisteries*, made by precipitation out of hard things, last three years or more. 16. *Morsels* last some considerable time; yet they are best fresh. 17. *Oyls by expression* that are temperate, as of Almonds, or Pine apples, &c. especially those that are to be taken inwardly, can hardly be kept a moneth without moulding: the cold may last a year, the hot three or four; and those that are pressed out of sweet smelling Fruits (as out of Nutmegs, &c.) may last half a year. Those that are distilled last longer: but if made by *insolation*, they are wont to be changed every year or two. 18. *Pills*, by reason of the Aloes and their hardness, may be kept two or three years, especially those that have Opium as an Ingredient. 19. *Preparations*, being of a hard and less volatile essence, may last two or three years. 20. *Powders* are best fresh. 21. *Robs*, or hard Juices, are to be changed every year. 22. *Rolles* are made as occasion requireth. 23. *Salts* will last divers years, especially the crystallized. 24. *Species aromatical*, are to be renewed every year, or year and

half. 25. *Spirits*, if well kept that they do not exhale, may last very long. 26. *Juyces liquid*, are to be changed every year, but the more hard and *thick*, may be kept two or three Years or more. 27. *Syrups simple*, are to be changed every Year; but the *Compound* and *Aromatical* may last two Years. 28. *Tinctures*, in Powder may last divers Years; but the liquid last according to the diversity of the Menstruums. 29. *Troches*, and *dry Collyries*, may last one Year, except those that contain Opium, or Seeds apt to grow mouldy; for those with Opium may last six or seven Years, and the rest hardly one. 30. *Cerates* scarce endure one Year. 31. *Clysters* last not long, and are therefore to be made when useful. 32. *Emplasters* hardly endure a Year and half. 33. *Ointments*, for the most part are kept a Year, or a Year and half.

7. The *Criseology*, or discrimination and distinction thereof, thus are to be shunned: 1. *Herbs*, that are greatest, smallest and withered; as also those that are of an evil taste, smell and colour. 2. *Flowers*, that are corrupted, broken, unripe or stale, or of an evil taste, smell or colour. 3. *Fruits*, that are wrinkled, not corpulent, or rotten, of an evil taste and smell. 4. *Seeds*, that are withered, unripe, or not corpulent, rotten, of an evil smell or taste. 5. *Barks*, that are wormeaten, rotten, or soaked in water. 6. *Juices*, that are stale, without good smell, taste or colour. 7. *Liquors* and *Gums*, that are old, and have lost their virtues. 8. *Woods*, that are rotten, light or corrupted. 9. *Roots*, that are worm eaten or withered. 10. *Parts of living Creatures*, that are taken from those that are sick, old, or dying by diseases: hence appeareth the choice.

Also 1. *Emollients*, or the softning Remedies, are known by their temperateness in heat and moisture, also by the gustile or tactile quality, or touch and taste; being in taste near sweetness, but of a fat and oily substance, so that they are neither sharp, austere, acid, salt, or of any other taste, that may shew either astringtion, or vehement heat or cold; neither do they seem rough or glutinous being touched. 2. *Indurants*, or the hardening, are known by sapor or taste, which is such, that neither sheweth heat, nor biteth or contracteth the tongue; but is rather insipid, cold, so neither salt, sharp, bitter, sweet, acerb, austere or acid. 3. *Tendents* and *Laxants*, or the stretching and loosening, are known as Emollients; yet Laxants are less hot and dry then Emollients. 4. *Raresfacients* and *Densants*, or rarifying and thickening, are known as Emollients, sc. by sapor, shewing moderate heat: so also Densants being contrary hereunto, and not vehemently cold, therefore (according to *Galen*) those things which vellicate the tongue, by a biting sapor, or astringent, are not to be accounted among Densants.

5. *Aperients*, or the opening, are known by their sharpness and biting, pricking and fretting the tongue. 6. *Occludents*, or the closing, are distinguished by their coldness, and astringency without biting; for they coarctate and binde the tongue, but do not vellicate or eat the same. 7. *Attenuants* are sharp, sower and bitter, yet they rather dissolve the tongue then contract it, being of thin parts, and without restriction. 8. *Attrahents*, or the drawing, are known as Attenuants, both having tenuity of parts, and no small heat, so that they differ *secundum magis & minus*; yet tenuity of parts is more proper to Attenuants, and heat to Attrahents, and sheweth the same, not onely by the taste, but touch also. 9. *Discutients*, or the dissolving, by taste which burneth the tongue, being sharp, very hot, and of thin parts, without astringency, not contracting the tongue. 10. *Repellents*, or the resisting, by taste, acide, acerb or austere: for these participating of astringency, do presently contract the tongue by their contact. 11. *Aducents*, or burning, by touching rather then by taste: for such rather corrode the thick skin and humors, and consume the same; but the weaker are sharp, and being tasted do prick the tongue. 12. *Extorgents*, or the cleansing, are not distinguished by any sapor, for they may be either sweet, salt, or bitter; but those that are cold, shew themselves rather by some tactile quality, then by taste, for they are neither said to be acid, austere or acerb, not having astringency, which doth more impact the sordes or excrements. 13. *Emplasticks*, by being without sapor, or having one that sheweth excess neither of heat nor cold: they are therefore either fat, insipid, or sweet in some measure, and tough and viscous being touched.

Furthermore, Medicines of the third qualities. 1. *Suppurants*, or things causing matter, are known by not having any sapor, which may shew excess of heat, and by being without astringency, and not biting or nitrous. 2. *Diureticks*, or provoking Urine by their sharpness, heat and incision: the cold by their nitrous quality, with some small sharpness or bitterness. 3. *Emmenagogicks*, or provoking the courses, by heat, incision and absterfion, and biting of the tongue without contraction, being sharp or somewhat bitter. 4. *Galactogeneticks*, or causing Milk, by a sweet taste and temperate; yet some have a little Acrimony. The contrary diminish Milk, as things bitter, acerb, austere, &c. which shew excess either of heat or cold. 5. *Spermatogeneticks*, or causing Sperm by heat and moisture, almost like the former, but that they are more fat and viscous, or rough; and those that stimulate the Sperm are known by their sharpness. 6. *Anodynes*, or easing pain by their temperateness and thinness of essence. 7. *Sarcoticks*, or generating

ting flesh by their emiccation and absterfion or cleansing of the filth and corrupt matter. 8. *Glutinants*, or closing by astringenon, and more exiccation then the former. 9. *Epuloticks*, or cicatrizing and healing, as the last; yet exceeding in degree. 10. *Alexipharmicks*, or things resisting Poyson by their corroborating, contrary or extrusive faculty.

As for the *Appropriate*, as the *Cephalick*, they are temperate, hot or cold, &c. according to the distempers. The *Ophthalmick*, not hard, gnawing or tough; the *Stomatick* and *Nasale*, not ungrateful or stinking; the *Otick*, hot and dry; the *Odonatick*, cleansing and binding; the *Pectoral*, lenifying, attenuating and thickning, cleansing and softning; the *Cordial*, cooling, alexipharmick, and strengthening the Spirits; the *Stomachical*, sower, sharpish, heating and binding; the *Hepaticall*, sweet, gently binding, opening, cooling; the *Splenical*, cooling and moistening, cutting, opening and emollient; the *Nephritical*, cooling, cutting, and lithontriptick; the *Hysterical*, sweet, opening and binding; the *Arthritical*, heating, drying, gently binding, of thin parts, cutting and drawing.

Note, That the virtues of *Simple distilled Waters*, *Spirits*, *Tinctures*, *Physical Wines and Vinegars*, *Decoctions*, *Syrups*, *Robs*, *Juyces*, *Lohocks*, *Preserves*, *Conserves*, *Sugars*, *Powders*, *Electuaries*, *Pills*, *Troches*, *Oyles*, *Ointments*, *Cereclothes*, *Plaisters*, *Extracts*, *Salts*, &c. are known by the virtues of their *Simples* (so the *Compounds*) but the *Chymical* are stronger, and to be given in a smaller quantity, with appropriate Remedies, sc. two or three drops.

8. The *Taxilogie*, or way of placing them in Receipts: so
1. *Those which want longer preparation are first to be put down*, as
1. *Woods* that are not sweet, and *Barks*. 2. Then *Herbs*. 3. *Fruits*.
4. *Seeds*. Lastly *Flowers*, and whatsoever are sweet or purging &c.
2. *Things that are to be boiled or infused, before things that are only to be powdered*. 3. In things that want and are of the same preparation, those are to be first placed, of which the greatest quantity is required. 4. In those things of which there is the same preparation, and quantity, those are to be first placed, which either in commodity or nobility do exceed. 5. Those things are last to be prescribed, which have the place of Matter, as aloes in pills, wax in unguents, and honey in great confections.

9. The *Pharmacology*, or way of making them: which is general is, 1. By *Dissolution* and *Corruption* of the Remedy, by triture, levigation, section, rasure and limature; liquation. dissolution. deliquium by a moist air. astion. tostion. cinesfaction. calcination. stratification. cementation. corrosion. precipitation. fumigation. amalgamation or corrosion by Quick silver. putrefaction, or fermentation and digestion. 2. By *Seperation* and

and *Detraction* of somewhat ; by *cribation*. *lotion*. *infusion*. *coction* or *elixation*. *colation*. *despumation*. *clarification*. *filtration*. *digestion*. *expression* ; *destillation* by *ascent*, per *campanam*, by *inclination* or by *descent*, by *rectification* or *distillation* repeated, *cohobation* or repeated *abstraction* ; *sublimation*, *precipitation*. *exsiccation*. *evaporation*, *exhalation* and *coagulation*. 3. By *Alteration*, *Immutation*, *Perfection*, and *Conservation* ; by *digestion*. *circulation* or *pelicanation*. *conditure*. *confection* and *nutrition* : *Also* by *humectation*, *tincture* or repeated *infusion*. *frixion*. *assation*. *extinction*. *aromatization*. *coloration*. *mollition*. *induration*. *saliture* and *fatiture*, more particularly.

Here, 1. *Vinegars*, are made of wine vinegar, and vegetables, incised or contused by *infusion* in a warm place, or by *distillation*. 2. *Waters*, are made by *distillation*, *infusion*, *decoction*, or the mixture of herbs, flowers, roots, woods, spices, and living Creatures, being first contused or bruised. 3. *Balsams*, that are sweet are made of sweet oyls incorporated in white wax purified, &c. The distilled, are distilled spirits with a little oyl drawn forth of rosins, gums, spices, &c. by the spirit of wine. 4. *Boles*, are made by mixture or inspissation, or thickening &c. of electuaries, pulps, conserves, and powders reduced into a diglutible and lesse fluid consistence. 5. *Cataplasmes*, are made chiefly of herbs [green or dry] roots, flowers, seeds, oyls, fruits, greates, crums of bread &c. reduced with or without fire into the form of a pulvis. 6. *Clysters*, are made of convenient liquors, among which the purging are most usual, which for the most part are compounded and made of 4. or 5. parts of some emollient decoction, and 1. or 2. of oyl, and some purging and stimulating electuaries, or species &c. in a double quantity to what is taken downwards. Note, oyl is to be added when there is need of emollition, and not when of purgation or revulsion. Hereto belong *Metrenchytes*, made of some distilled water, decoction, or juyce &c. to which may be added powders, electuaries, oyls &c. as also other *Injections* to be used with a syringe. 7. *Confitures*, are made of roots, barks, stalks, fruits, nuts and flowers, of which the more grosse are to be mollified, and dissected, and then edulcorated or sweetened with purified and dissolved sugar, and sometimes with clarified honey &c. 8. *Confections with sugar*, are made by dropping dissolved sugar by degrees on the prepared seeds, kernels, spices, roots, barks, as also flowers sometimes, and tops of plants, and they are *Canded* with more grosse liquor. 9. *Conserves*, are made by stamping the matter in a stone mortar, and mixing the sugar therewith in a double proportion in things more humid, and treble if more dry, with a little distilled water, thus are prepared flowers for the most part,

part, seldome herbs, lesse often roots, and fruits almost never and are then to be filtrated. 10. *Decoctions*, are made of a things that may communicate their vertue unto liquors, as minerals, vegetables, and animals, or living creatures; but *Apozems* chiefly of vegetables, *sc.* roots, barks, herbs, flowers, berries, fruits, and woods, with spring water, whay, hydromel, or wine, from a fourfold proportion of the liquor to twelve, with a due preparation, decoction, and clarification with the white of an egge. 11. *Lambatives and Lohochs*, are made of pectorals, *sc.* powders, conserves, mucilages, syrups, decoctions, honey, pulps &c. mixed to the consistence of honey: Note, the proportion of powder is half an ounce to two of syrup 12. *Electuaries*, *sc.* the common or opiats are made of fine powders, with warm clarified honey, being set to ferment in some warm place, after the mixture of the dissolved solubles: but *Mixtures* are made of powders, electuaries, conserves, extracts, and dissected confections, with some convenient liquor, or so much syrup as may suffice. 13. *Elixys*, are spirituous liquors of excellent faculties, impregnated by infusion, and agree for the most part with liquid tinctures. 14. *Emplaisters and Cerots*, are made of fat things, as oyls, rosins, grease, marrow, wax, and gums, and sometimes powders, to the wax melted are last added; the proportion of oyl, fat or honey is three ounces to one of dry things, of wax one pound, of rosins eight ounces; thus are *Cerots* made, yet softer: Hereto belong *Dropaces*, made of pitch, a little oyl, and other materials, as pepper. pellitory. rosemary. euphorbium. castor. bitumen. brimstone. salts &c. 15. *Emulsions*, are made of the inward parts of fruits, and milky seeds, as almonds. the four greater cold seeds. seeds of purslain. lettuce. pine apple. kernels &c. with spring or distilled water. the decoction of barley. liquorice. raisins or jujubes being pounded, and strained, and then sweetened, avoiding things acid. 16. *Errhines*, are made of extracts, liniments or powders. 17. *Eupithemes*, are made of distilled waters, juyces, decoctions, emulsions &c. alone or mixed with powders, species, electuaries &c. and some wine vinegar, or spirits for penetration, and so applied with a sponge or linnen cloth &c. the proportion is half a pound, of liquors, of powders from one dram to half an ounce, of wine or spirits, one ounce. 18. *Extracts*, are drawn out of minerals, vegetables and animals by preparing them for infusion and then pouring the menstruum thereon to a convenient height (*sc.* the spirit of wine &c.) after which set it in a warm place, and then extract it according to art, by filtration and exhalation. 19. *Facula's*, are made of roots and sometimes of leaves by pounding them in a mortar, and pouring on water till like a pulpe, which is then to be pressed, and set to settle.

20. *Flowers*,

20. *Flowers*, are made by chymical separation by Sublimation;
 21. *Gargarisms* and *Dentifrices*, are made for the most part of
Waters, *Juyces*, or convenient *Decoctions*; to which may be
 added of *Syrups* or *Honey* two, three or four ounces to one
 pound of *Water*, with a lirtle *Vineger*, &c. 22. *Gellies*, are
 made of succulent *Fruits*, of *Horns* and tender *Bones*, by de-
 coction and filtration, edulcoration and coagulation; to which
 also may be added *Powders* and *Extracts*, &c. 23. *Infusions*,
 are made of *Minerals* and *Animals*, but chiefly of *Vegetables*,
 and such as are purging, with their corrigents; together with
 some distilled or *Spring-water*, whay, muscadel, mede or wine,
 &c. to cover the matter 1, 2, or 3 fingers, which after steeping
 is to be pressed. 24. *Juleps*, are made of some potulent Li-
 quor, as distilled or *Spring water* corrected by a taste, or some
 decoction; as of *Harts-horn*, *Liquorice* or *Barley*, &c. in
 which *Juices* and *Spirits* may be dissolved; and of *Syrups*, 1
 or 2 ounces may be added to a pint of *Liquor*. Hereunto belong
Morets, made of *Spices* and other *Confortatives*, with *Sugar*
 or *Syrups*. 25. *Stones*, are made by digestion, extraction and
 coagulation. 26. *Liquors*, are made by *Deliquium*, &c. 27. *Ma-*
gisteries, are made of *Animals*, *Vegetables*, and *Minerals* pre-
 pared by solution in some convenient or acid *Liquor*, precipi-
 tation, ablution in common *Water*, and gentle exiccation.
 28. *Masticatories* or *Apophlegmatisms*, are usually made of
Mastick. *Raisins*. *bastard Pellitory*. *Cubebs*. *Sage leaves*. *Agar-*
rick &c. made into powder, balls, or troches with wax, figs,
 turpentine or honey &c. and so are to be chewed. 29. *Morsels*
 and *Rolls*, may be made of all kindes of Remedies: as *Powders*.
Seeds. *Conserves*. *Oyls*. *Extracts*, with *Sugar* dissolved over the
Fire, putting them in by degrees and stirring them; after which
 it's to be poured forth upon some plain thing and cut into tab-
 lets. In those that are purging, *Manna* may be put instead of
Honey; things condited are to be first cut in pieces: distilled
Oyls are last to be dropped in, or used outwardly, so *Musk* and
Amber being dissolved in *Rose water*. *Rolls* also are thus made,
 but the *Powders* must be finer and in a less quantity; and if
 there are acid *Juices*, they must be made onely by mixture.
 30. *Oyls*, as first the distilled, are made of *Animals*, *Vegetables*
 and *Minerals*. 2. Those by *expression*, as *Seeds* and certain
oleous Kernels. 3. By *Decoction*, the *Simples* being cut and
 boiled in *Oyl* mixt with *Water*, *Wine*. or some convenient Li-
 quor, until the aqueous humidity be exhaled; or by macera-
 ration in *Oyl*, as that of *Olives*, or the omphacine if the *Sim-*
ples are more dry. 31. *Pills*, may be made of any dry thing
 incorporated by some viscid and glutinous *Liquor*; as *Syrups*.
Mucilages. inspissate and thickned *Juices*. *Extracts* &c. or they
 may

may be made onely of Juices and inspissate extractions. 32. *Potions*, are made of Syrups. Electuaries. Extracts. Manna. Powders &c. with Decoctions. Infusions. and chiefly distilled Waters, usually onely by mixture. 33. *Pomanders*, are made of sweet Powders, to which Oyls may be added, which may be incorporated with Wax, Storax, Indian Balsam, the mucilage of tragacanth, with a little Turpentine when need, and a little Rose water, and so made up into small Balls. 34. *Preparations*, are made by powdering the more hard matter, sprinkling thereon some cordial Water. *sc.* Rose-water for the most part, and afterwards drying it in the shadow. Those things that are more solid are to be calcined. 35. *Powders and Species*, are made by triture or levigation, and the less if of a volatile Substance, and apart if of a diverse hardness. 36. *Fomentatory little-bags*, may be made of any incised or contused Vegetables, sowed up in small bags, and are then to be applyed warm either dry or moist. 37. *Salts*, are made by Incineration. Maceration. Transcolation. and Evaporation or Crystallization. The *Volatile or Essential*, by contusion of the Plant. Decoction. Transcolation. Inspissation and Crystallization: The *Fixed or Elementary*, by Calcination. Solution. Filtration and Coagulation. 38. *Wash-balls* are made of Sope, especially that of Venice, with which sweet things finely powdered are to be mixed with some fragrant water, as of Roses &c. 39. *Spirits*, if more volatile, are made by a more gentle Fire, as by *B.M. vel cinerum*. The more fixed, by a Retort and stronger Fire, and are made of Animals, Minerals and Vegetables; and the more volatile of Leaves. Flowers. Fruits. Seeds and Spices: but the more fixed out of Woods, Barks, &c. The first differ not from distilled Waters, but that they are less phlegmatick, and separated by rectification after contusion and fermentation. 40. *Juices*, are drawn seldom out of Animals, but chiefly out of Vegetables; yet not all, as those that are oleous and more dry: and are made by Contusion. Expression. Clarification. Filtration or Digestion, and the less succulent by Maceration, or Elixation first. 41. *Sinapisms*, are made of Mustard seed. Cresses. Nettles. Sowbread. Bryony. Squills. Garlick. Euphorbium. Cantharides. &c. with the pulp of Figs. Leaven. Honey. Oxymel Sope. &c. And *Vesicatories*, of Cantharides prepared, *sc.* the heads and wings being cut off, thirty being powdered; and of sharp leaven one ounce, with sharp vinegar if need; as also *Phlegmiges*, which are weaker, and rubifie the skin. 42. *Suppositories*, are used for divers Indications, but chiefly the deffectory: of which, 1. The more gentle are made of Lard, an open Fig, Candle Wax, Meat boiled in water, Stalks and Roots; as of Beets, Cabbage, Blites. Mercury &c. 2. The mean with a certain Acrimony, are made

made of honey boyled thick. sope, and boiled turpentine, to which sometimes is added mousedung, salt or sugar. 3 The *more strong and purging*, are made of agarick, aloes, hiera picra, hellebore, scammony &c. in the powder of which the suppository may be rolled. Here the proportion of honey is one ounce, of powder more gently purging one dram, if more strongly half a scruple, half a dram, or one dram. They are also at last to be annointed with oyl or butter. *Pessaries* and *Nascals* are made in the form of a finger, of hysteric remedies, which are to be put into a long linnen bag, or made up with picked wooll or cotten, or incorporated with honey, laudanum, galbanum, wax, juyces &c. they are in figure like suppositories, but thicker and longer. Roots also may be used in stead thereof, as of madder, cyperus, lillies &c. 43. *Syrups*, are made of some medicamentous liquor, decoction, infusion, juyce, distilled water or vinegar, which being clarified, sugar or honey [for preservation and sapour] are to be added, then boiled and clarified: it's to be inspissated to the consistence of more liquid honey. The proportion of liquor to sugar or honey is almost double or treble. Hereunto belong *Physical honies*, and *syrupized Robs*. 44. *Tinctures*, of which the more liquid are nothing else than extractions, without an abstracted menstruum: the more solid are powders without combustion, remaining out of the liquid tinctures, the menstruum being abstracted, and are made after the manner of extracts. 45. *Trochisks*, are made of all kinds of remedies, which being powdered are made up in some convenient viscous liquor, as in some mucilages with tragacanth, juyces, syrups, &c. Hereunto belong *female candles* made of odoriferous powders, with tragacanth, storax &c. as also *Troches* for the same, not differing in the way of making. 46. *Inunctionary balsams, liniments and unguents*, hardly differ in their preparation, but consistence, which in the first is more liquid, like honey: in the second a little harder, and scarce fluid: the third more hard, and lesse fluid: and are made of oyl, butter, fats, marrow, rofins, mucilages, juyces &c. as also of powders and things that may be melted. To 1. ounce of oyl is used of fat almost 1, or 3 drams in liniments. 1. dram or a half in balsams. 1. dram and a half or half an ounce in ointments, with one dram of powder &c. Also *Balsams* are without wax, *Liniments* have a little or none, as 1. dram to 1 ounce of oyl; but *Unguents* have more, and sometimes gums, and are made by mixture or liquefaction. 47. *Cauteries* are made of the lye of black sope boiled almost into a stone, called corrosive. 48. *Essences* are made of the juyce of green herbs, pressed out with the spirit of wine, digested in B. M. coloured, separated by inclination, and boyled with a little sugar into the form of a syrupe. 49. *Lixives* are made of
three

three ounces of water or wine to one ounce and an half of ashes. 50. *Mulse* is made of one part of honey, and two or three of wine mixed and decoct, water also may be added. 51. *Mucilages* are made of Seeds, as of quinces, mallows, fleawort, flax, and marsh mallows &c. a little stamped, and steeped in a convenient liquor, thickned by gentle heat, and pressed through a linnen cloth; *sc.* to every ounce of liquor one dram of seeds. 52. *Psi- lothrons* or *depulatives*, are made of lime and a little arsnick; and pepper and flower of salt to rubifie. 53. *Precipitates*, are made by solution in some liquor, and by separation from the same, by subsidence in the form of a powder. 54. *Rosins* are drawn out of gummous bodies, with rosewater &c. 55. *Crocus* are fine powders, or tinctures, reduced into the form of a powder, of a saffron colour. 56. *Vitruims* are made of the calx of things by fusion with a strong fire and borax, and then pouring it on a table.

10. The *Dosologie*, or Quantities thereof;

1. As *Ingredients*. So 1. the *Doses of Herbs*, as used in baths are proportioned by handfuls; in clysters and decoctions, one or two for one time: so if dry, in external and great remedies; but in others, as powders for the head and stomach &c. from one dram to half an ounce, or an ounce. 2. *Flowers*, if dry are measured by weight and measure; if fresh they are proportioned by measure only: the dry in antidotes and more noble compositions, from a scruple to two drams; as in cordial, capital and stomachick powders and unguents; but in syrups, apozemes, and other decoctions, from half a pugil to two, three, or more, as also in baths and clysters; not being efficacious therein, unless in a great quantity: when fresh they are more effectual to refrigerate, humect, or loosen; and are therefore used only in syrups, and apozemes, and other decoctions of the like nature, and that from half a pugil to more; and are not weighed except for conserves. 3. *Fruits*, if great, whole and discrete, are prescribed by number and not weight, except some part thereof only be to be used, and in exact compositions. And in some the diversification is to be made according to the scope and use, as prunes, tamarinds &c. for if used to refrigerate or alter choller a little number will suffice, as two or three couple; but ten or twenty if to purge: so of figgs &c. in inward remedies; for in baths if to cleanse and relaxate they may be put in, in a greater quantity, *sc.* fifty couple; and loosening, detergent and emollient fruits from ten to twenty. The refrigerating and lenient, in injections against the inflammation of the intestines to ten couple, as prunes, sebestens and tamarinds: so also the sweeter fruits in clysters easing pain, lenient, loosening, detergent, and drawing down worms: so also the *astringent* in clysters

ders for fluxes, but in a lesse quantity in altering decoctions, lest they should cause obstructions. The *detergent* in loosening remedies from twenty couple to forty, and in the altering to five or six couple; but in pectoral decoctions, or syrups in a mean quantity, or to ten couple, as figgs, jujubes &c. also the *pulpe* thereof is prescribed by measure, as the pulp of raisins to two ounces in solutive electuaries; in Lohochs in a mean, and in hepatick, corroborating or malactick cataplasmes from a quarter of a pound to a pound; so all *astringent* fruits: The *lesser fruits*, as currans &c. in a greater or lesser weight, according to the scope, nature, strength and form of the remedies; and the *indiscrete* fruits are prescribed by weight, not number. 4. *Seeds*, are alwaies proportioned by weight. The *hot* and *pleasant* to one or two drams, as aniseed &c. in peptick powders: the *lesse acceptable* to half or one dram, and the more sharp in a lesser quantity: the temperate from one dram to an ounce in inward remedies; and in baths, fomentations, and clysters, from one ounce to more. The *Diuretick*, according to the scope and acrimony: if to provoke urine, from one dram to three or four, and with purging remedies from a scruple to a dram. And in aperient remedies in a mean quantity. In arteriacks from one scruple to a dram, as also in Bechicks. *Those that expel wind*, in clysters, remedies easing pain and the collick, from two drams to six: in antidotes from one dram to three: the *hottest seeds*, used powdered in inward remedies from one scruple to one dram, and in the external from two drams to an ounce; but in decoctions to be taken inwardly, from one dram to three; and in external remedies, from three scruples to an ounce and half. The *greater cold seeds*, in diureticks from two drams to an ounce. In pectorals from half a dram to three. In loosening remedies from a scruple to a dram. In clysters from half an ounce to an ounce. In baths from two ounces to six: but the *lesser cold seeds* in inward remedies, as powders, from a scruple to two drams. In the outward, from half a dram to half an ounce. *Narcotick seeds*, from half a dram to two or three, as in remedies for the collick: but in the external, from a dram to half an ounce. *Cereals*, that are whole, are to be measured by pugils, or small handfuls; more in baths: in clysters one or two pugils. In the decoctions of syrups, injections and gargarismes from half a pugil to a whole one: but when they are powdered, by weight; as in cataplasmes from one pound to two: and to inspissate the joyce of herbs, as much as may reduce it into the consistence of hony; as in bechick and arteriack remedies, from 1. dram to 3. *Pulses*, are measured as Cereals, but are weighed when powdered. 5. *Roots*, in Syrups and Apozems, from one ounce to three, if for more doses; if for one, from three drams to an ounce,

ounce, more or less, according to their nature and strength and the scope: in Baths they are proportioned by pounds or handfuls. In Clysters from two ounces to three, and more for Fomentations, Irrigations, &c. 6. *Woods*, if sweet, more noble and pretious, from half a dram to a dram, for the most part, in inward or outward Remedies, as Saunders &c. but the more gross and ignoble, of which are made Decoctions, as Guajacum &c. from an ounce to a pound. 7. *Barks*, the more rare and excellent, from a scruple to half an ounce, as Cinamon, &c. The more base, from 1 ounce to more; except ungrateful to the taste, as Guajacum &c. 8. *Juices*, according to the scope and form of Remedies. 9. So *Rosins*, the liquid taken alone, from a scruple to three drams to cleanse the Reins; if to loosen the belly, from two drams to half an ounce; in Plaisters and Unguents, from half an ounce to more, according to the scope; but the more dry, as Pitch &c. in outward Remedies, as Plaisters and Unguents, from half an ounce to an ounce or more. 10. *Living Creatures*, if used whole, are proportioned by number, except small, their parts by number and weight: the more liquid, by weight: so those that are burned or prepared, and that from one dram to three, as rasped Harts horn &c. but those that are more sharp, fetid, or sweet, if used inwardly from two grains to a dram, as Musk, Amber, &c. but more, if used outwardly. The *Intestines* from one dram to two, if taken alone or with Wine; but in Opiats and Powders, for more doses to one or two ounces. The *Lungs* and *Livers* if unpleasant, stinking and dried, from half a scruple to a dram, or two if mixed with sweet things. *Excrements*, if more sharp, from half a dram to two drams, and outwardly from half an ounce to two ounces. 2. and if more gentle, to a pound, as that of the Cow, &c. *Galls*, by weight, more or less, according to their acrimony and consistence: those of *four footed Beasts* to one dram, of *Birds* to two, of *Fishes* to three. *Horns*, being burned or rasped, from one dram to four; but the more precious, as the Unicorns, from six grains to a dram. *Shells*, of *Fishes* burnt, from one dram to three, and in outward Remedies from half an ounce to two ounces. *Pearls* in Cordials, &c. from one scruple to 2 drams. 11. *Metals*, by weight, according to their strength and acrimony, and the strongest from a dram to an ounce, the weaker in a greater quantity, but those that may be eliquated, and are emplastick, as Litharge &c. from an ounce to a pound, or more; and the sharp, as Verdigrease &c. from half a dram to 2 drams; if washed in a greater quantity: those that have but little Acrimony, as Lead, Tutty &c. and those which dry without biting, from a dram to an ounce. *Minerals*, that are very sharp, as Brimstone, Alome, &c. are to be used onely in strong Remedies:

gies: the *caustick*, as *Vitriol*, &c. from half a scruple to a scruple used alone, or a dram used with more gentle Remedies. *Preparous stones*, as the *Sapphire* &c. from half a scruple to a dram: the *stronger and acid*, as the *Lapis cyaneus*, according to the scopes and manner of preparation, sc. in Cordials, from seven grains to half a scruple, in purging Remedies, from a dram to two drams and a half; and in a greater quantity, if in greater compositions: and those that are burned in a less quantity, then those which are not, or not washed; but those Stones that are without *Acrimony*, as the *Lapis Judaicus*, &c. from half a dram to 2 drams. So *Earths* also.

More particularly. 1. In *Decoctions*, the proportion is of leaves five handfuls; of flowers four pugils; of roots three or five ounces; of seeds four or six drams; of water two or three pints, boiled to one half or a third part, with transcolation; edulcoration, and clarification; to each dose of which, one ounce of Syrup may be added, and sometimes *Catharticks* with *Correctors*. So also in *Infusions*. 2. In *Clysters*, in a double proportion to what is taken by the mouth, sc. of *simple Purgers*, as *Coloquintida* &c. to two or three drams, of the *compounded*, as of *hierapicra*, &c. to an ounce or an ounce and half, &c. according to the strength of the Patient and vehemency of the Disease: of *Oyls* three ounces, of *Fats*, *Honey*, and *Sugar* &c. half an ounce or an ounce, of the yelks of *Eggs* two or three, of common *Salt* a dram and half, more or less according to the intended prostration of the expulsive faculty. 3. In *Gargarisms*, a triple weight of *Liquor* to that of *Physical Juices* and *Syrups*, sc. six ounces to two thereof; and of dry Medicines, two or three drams to half a pound of a decoction. 4. In *Errhines*, of the leaves of *Cephalick purgers* being incised and contused, four handfuls to four ounces of white wine, &c. in soft *Errhines*, to two ounces of the Juice aforesaid an ounce and a half of *Wine*, and of *Honey* as much as may serve to make it into the form of an *Opiat* being boiled, of sharp or purging *Powders* one scruple: in the solid, to a sufficient quantity of *Turpentine* and *Wax* two drams of *Powders*. 5. In *Epithemes*, to one pound of *Liquors* a dram and half, or two drams of the species, or one ounce of *Wine*, and a few grains of *Saffron*, as in cordial *Epithemes*; but in the hepatick and splenetick, half an ounce of *Vineger* to one of the *Waters*. 6. In *Fomentations*, to each one or two handfuls of Herbs, one pint of *liquor*. 7. In *Embrocations*, for the most part, one pint of *liquors* to two handfuls of Herbs, which are then to be boiled to a mediety. 8. In *Infusions*, of Herbs from five handfuls to eight or ten; of *Roots* from two handfuls to four; of *Seeds* from six drams to six ounces; and of *Water* as much as may serve

serve thereunto, which are to be put into a bag and boiled to a third part. 9. In *Baths*, of Liquids as much as may rise to the mouth of the Stomack, of Herbs from five handfuls to fifteen, more or less, according to the nature of the Disease and strength of the Patient; of Flowers from one pugil to twelve; of Roots from three ounces to five pound; of Seeds to an ounce; of Pulses from six ounces to two pound; of Minerals from three ounces to three pound, &c. which are to be boiled to a third part. 10. In *Lotions*, of Herbs from 4 handfuls to ten, with a convenient quantity of Liquids. 11. In *Trages*, of Sugar one ounce to every dram of Species, especially if bitter and less pleasant. 12. In *Aromatical Elethuaries*, of Honey or Sugar a threefold or sixfold quantity to that of the Species. 13. In *Cathartick* or *purging Elethuaries*, of the Species one part to three of Honey or Sugar, being well mixed with their Correctives and the Dirigents. So also in *Opiats*, or narcotick and stupefactive Antidotes, which are to be compounded with great care. 14. In *Conserve*s, for the most part, to one part of the Herbs shred, or Flowers, three of powdered Sugar. 15. In *Conditures*, the proportion of Sugar is according to the nature and temper of the matter. 16. In *Lobochs*, the proportion of the recipient matter is fourfold to the ingredient Powders, so that to four ounces thereof, there is one of the Powder usually. 17. In *Liniments*, to one ounce of Oyl, 2 drams of Butter, Fats and Creams. 18. In *Vnguents*, to one ounce of Oyls one dram of Species, and two of wax. 19. In *Plasters*, to one ounce of dry things three of Oyl, and to three ounces hereof, one pound of Wax, of Rosin eight ounces, that they may be more tenacious. 20. In *Cataplasms*, to each handful of the leaves or other things, of Oyl or Fats an ounce, or an ounce and half. 21. In *Cerats*, to one ounce of Oyl, a dram, or a dram and half of the Species, of hard Wax half an ounce, with a little Rosin. 22. In *Sinapisms*, to two parts of contused Mustard seed, one of Figs. In those that are more weak, the contrary. 23. In *Tablets*, *Troches* and *Morsels*, 4 ounces of Sugar to two drams of the Species; in *Tablets* that are purging, to one pound of Sugar eight drams of Species, or twelve thereof. 24. In *Collyries*, a little of the white of an egge, to a convenient quantity of deparat or purified Juice. 25. In *Suppositories*, to one dram of the Species and Salt, one ounce of Honey. 26. In *Juleps*, of dulcorants or sweetening things, from an ounce to an ounce and half; of clarified Juices or Liquors, if more strong, as the acid, to half an ounce, else an ounce; of Confections from one scruple to two, and less if more precious, as Bezar-stone, to four or six grains, of Unicorn horn half a scruple, and of Pearls one scruple for one

dose. 27. In *Physical Wines*, to one pint of Wine cathartick three or four ounces of Sugar, and of Cinamon two drams. 28. In *Emulsions*, of dulcorants and sweetening things for one dose, an ounce, or an ounce and half, of Fruits an ounce and half, or an ounce or two; so of Seeds, and of Rose water, of *manus Christi* one dram, of Liquors s. q. 29. In *Amygdalates* or *Almond milk*, of blanched Almonds two ounces, of warm water half a pint, of Sugar one ounce or two. 30. In *Prisans*, cleansed Barley two ounces, of Sugar one or two ounces, of Water s. q. or twenty parts. 31. In *Hydromel* or *Metheglin*, to one part of Honey eight or twelve of Water, of Cinamon two drams or half an ounce, and it's then to be boiled to the consumption of a fourth part. 32. In *Dyet drinks*, to a pint and half of Water, one ounce of Ingredients, which are then to be boiled to a third part for sweating, and for ordinary drinking to two ounces of Ingredients twelve pints of Water, of Sugar half a pound, of Cinamon three drams or half an ounce, boiled to the consumption of a 4th part. 33. In *Hydrosaccharates*, of Spring water depurate or purified by boyling, twelve parts to one of white Sugar; and of Cinamon, or sanders in Feavers, from three drams to half an ounce. 34. In *Broths aleptick* or *restaurative*, to each pint of white Wine, of cordial Juices or convenient Liquors three ounces, of Sugar two, of Cinamon, and of the Confection of Alkermes one dram: in *restaurative Distillations*, to three or four pints of the Liquor, of cordial Waters eight or twelve ounces; of Conserves and Conditures three or six; of the Confection of Alkermes &c. three drams or half an ounce. 35. In *Boles*, of Conserves three drams or half an ounce; of Powders one scruple; of Confections a scruple or half a dram. 36. In *Pandaleons*, of Fruits 2 drams; of Seeds an ounce; of Powders three drams; of Sugar s. q. of Conserves three drams or half an ounce. 37. Of the *Basis for Pills*, according to the strength thereof, with convenient Syrups. 38. In *Dropaces*, to an ounce or an ounce and half of Pitch, half an ounce or six drams of Oyl, or so much of hot Powders. 39. In *Vesicatories*, to two ounces of old leaven, as much of Cantharides, which then are to be kneaded together with *Aqua vite* or Vineger. 40. In *Frontals*, to three or four pugils of Flowers half an ounce of Seeds; if in a humid form, half an ounce of Oyls to a sufficient quantity of *Vnguentum Populeon*. 41. In *Oxyrrhodines*, to four or six ounces of Oyls, two or three of Vineger, and four of Water, being shaken together. 42. In *Cucupha's*, of Roots one ounce; of dry Leaves three handfulls; of Flowers two or three pugils; of Spices 3 drams or half an ounce; of Gums one or two drams; of Musk half a scruple or a scruple. In *Monster Collyries*, of Herbs appropriated

serve thereunto, which are to be put into a bag and boiled to a third part. 9. In *Baths*, of Liquids as much as may rise to the mouth of the Stomack, of Herbs from five handfuls to fifteen, more or less, according to the nature of the Disease and strength of the Patient; of Flowers from one pugil to twelve; of Roots from three ounces to five pound; of Seeds to an ounce; of Pulses from six ounces to two pound; of Minerals from three ounces to three pound, &c. which are to be boiled to a third part. 10. In *Lotions*, of Herbs from 4 handfuls to ten, with a convenient quantity of Liquids. 11. In *Trageas*, of Sugar one ounce to every dram of Species, especially if bitter and less pleasant. 12. In *Aromatical Elethuaries*, of Honey or Sugar a threefold or sixfold quantity to that of the Species. 13. In *Cathartick or purging Elethuaries*, of the Species one part to three of Honey or Sugar, being well mixed with their Correctives and the Dirigents. So also in *Opiats*, or narcotick and stupefactive Antidotes, which are to be compounded with great care. 14. In *Conserve*s, for the most part, to one part of the Herbs shred, or Flowers, three of powdered Sugar. 15. In *Conditures*, the proportion of Sugar is according to the nature and temper of the matter. 16. In *Lobochs*, the proportion of the recipient matter is fourfold to the ingredient Powders, so that to four ounces thereof, there is one of the Powder usually. 17. In *Liniments*, to one ounce of Oyl, 2 drams of Butter, Fats and Creams. 18. In *Unguents*, to one ounce of Oyls one dram of Species, and two of wax. 19. In *Plasters*, to one ounce of dry things three of Oyl, and to three ounces hereof, one pound of Wax, of Rosin eight ounces, that they may be more tenacious. 20. In *Cataplasms*, to each handfull of the leaves or other things, of Oyl or Fats an ounce, or an ounce and half. 21. In *Cerats*, to one ounce of Oyl, a dram, or a dram and half of the Species, of hard Wax half an ounce, with a little Rosin. 22. In *Emplasms*, to two parts of confused Mustard seed, one of Figs: In those that are more weak, the contrary. 23. In *Tablets*, *Tracheis* and *Morsels*, 4 ounces of Sugar to two drams of the Species; in *Tablets* that are purging, to one pound of Sugar eight drams of Species, or twelve thereof. 24. In *Collyries*, a little of the white of an egge, to a convenient quantity of deparate or purified Juice. 25. In *Suppositories*, to one dram of the Species and Salt one ounce of Honey. 26. In *Juleps*, of dulcorants or sweetening things, from an ounce to an ounce and half; of clarified Juices or Liquors, if more strong, as the acid, to half an ounce, else an ounce; of Confections from one scruple to two, and less: more paction, as Bezar stone, to four or six grains, of Unicorn horn half a scruple, and of Pearls one scruple for one

dose. 27. In *Physical Wines*, to one pint of Wine cathartick three or four ounces of Sugar, and of Cinamon two drams. 28. In *Emulsions*, of dulcorants and sweetening things for one dose, an ounce, or an ounce and half, of Fruits an ounce and half, or an ounce or two; so of Seeds, and of Rose water, of *manus Christi* one dram, of Liquors s. q. 29. In *Amygdalates* or *Almond milk*, of blanched Almonds two ounces, of warm water half a pint, of Sugar one ounce or two. 30. In *Prisans*, cleansed Barley two ounces, of Sugar one or two ounces, of Water s. q. or twenty parts. 31. In *Hydromel* or *Metheglin*, to one part of Honey eight or twelve of Water, of Cinamon two drams or half an ounce, and it's then to be boiled to the consumption of a fourth part. 32. In *Dyet drinks*, to a pint and half of Water, one ounce of Ingredients, which are then to be boiled to a third part for sweating, and for ordinary drinking to two ounces of Ingredients twelve pints of Water, of Sugar half a pound, of Cinamon three drams or half an ounce, boiled to the consumption of a 4th part. 33. In *Hydrosaccharates*, of Spring water depurate or purified by boyling, twelve parts to one of white Sugar; and of Cinamon, or sanders in Feavers, from three drams to half an ounce. 34. In *Broths aleptick* or *restaurative*, to each pint of white Wine, of cordial Juices or convenient Liquors three ounces, of Sugar two, of Cinamon, and of the Confection of Alkermes one dram: in *restaurative Distillations*, to three or four pints of the Liquor, of cordial Waters eight or twelve ounces; of Conserves and Conditures three or six; of the Confection of Alkermes &c. three drams or half an ounce. 35. In *Boles*, of Conserves three drams or half an ounce; of Powders one scruple; of Confections a scruple or half a dram. 36. In *Pandaleons*, of Fruits 2 drams; of Seeds an ounce; of Powders three drams; of Sugar s. q. of Conserves three drams or half an ounce. 37. Of the *Basis* for *Pills*, according to the strength thereof, with convenient Syrups. 38. In *Dropaces*, to an ounce or an ounce and half of Pitch, half an ounce or six drams of Oyl, or so much of hot Powders. 39. In *Vesicatories*, to two ounces of old leaven, as much of Cantharides, which then are to be kneaded together with *Aqua vite* or Vineger. 40. In *Frontals*, to three or four pugils of Flowers half an ounce of Seeds; if in a humid form, half an ounce of Oyls to a sufficient quantity of *Vnguentum Populeon*. 41. In *Oxyrrhodines*, to four or six ounces of Oyls, two or three of Vineger, and four of Water, being shaken together. 42. In *Cucupha's*, of Roots one ounce; of dry Leaves three handfulls; of Flowers two or three pugils; of Spices 3 drams or half an ounce; of Gums one or two drams; of Musk half a scruple or a scruple. In *Master Collyries*, of Herbs appropriated

propriated to the eyes, six or eight handfuls, of seeds an ounce and half or two ounces, of herbs for the head two handfuls, of spices half an ounce or six drams, of galls two ounces, of urine half a pint or a quart, of honey half a pound or a pint, of wine two pints. 44. In *Apophlegmatifines*, the same quantity as in *gargarifmes*. 45. In *Suffumigations*, of gums four or six drams, of powders three drams, of amber musk and civet, at every one pleaseth, so in pomanders. 46. In *Stomack plaisters*, of mastick two ounces, of powders half an ounce, of sweet gums two drams, of turpentine f. q. 47. In *Pessaries*, of juyce two ounces or three, of honey an ounce and half, of powders half an ounce. 48. In *Injections* for the *Eares*, of powders half a scruple or a scruple, of fats two drams, of honey half an ounce, &c. For the *Bladder*, of syrups one ounce, of fine powders one or two drams.

2. As *Compounds*, &c. and so, 1. *Altering remedies*, if *temperate*, they are given from two drams to two ounces: if in the *first degree*, from a scruple to an ounce: if in the *second*, from half a scruple to half an ounce: if in the *third*, from five grains to two drams: if in the *fourth degree*, from two grains and a half, to a dram. 2. *Purging remedies*, in the *first degree*, if in the *first mansion*, from two ounces to eight, as syrups of roses and violets solutive: in the *second* from two ounces and an half to five, as the honey of roses and violets solutive: in the *third*, from two ounces to four, as the juyce of roses and violets, and syrupe of peach flowers: in the *second degree*, if in the *first mansion*, from half an ounce to two ounces, as tamarinds and cassia in pulps: in the *second*, from half an ounce to an ounce and half, as the seed of bastard saffron, in infusion: in the *third*, from three drams to seven; as dodder of tyme: in the *third degree*, if in the *first mansion*, from one dram to half an ounce, as mirobalans, or five drams, as polypody: in the *second*, from two scruples to two drams, as rhubarb, agarick, sene, and bryonie of Mexico and Peru: in the *third*, from half a scruple to one dram, as aloes, hermodactiles, turbich, hedge hyssope and jallop: in the *fourth degree*, if in the *first mansion*, from ten grains to half a dram or two scruples, as mezereos, coccus Cnidius, asarabacca, and coloquintida: in the *second*, from five grains to fifteen, as elaterium, and the baik of black hellebore: in the *third*, from three grains to ten, as euphorbium, esula, and scammony. Of these some purge, 1. *Chollic*. 1. *More gently*; as cassia, manna, tamarinds, and the juyce of roses, and violets, and peach flowers. 2. *More strongly*, as aloes, rhubarb, and citrae mirobalans, turpentine, and fleawort seed. 3. *Violently*, as scammony and asarum. 2. *Melancholy*. 1. *More gently*, as sene, polypody of the oak, dodder of tyme, and indian myrobalans.

balans. 2. *More violently*, as black hellebore, lapis armenus washed, and lapis lazuli. 3. *Phlegme*. 1. *Gently*, as bastard saffron, chebulæ, helleboricæ, & emblicæ. 2. *Meanly*, as agarick and sarcacol. 3. *Vehemently*, as turbith, hermodactils, mechoacan, jallop, colocintida, opopanax, sagapenum and euphorbium. 4. *Water*. 1. *More gently*, as the seed, juyce and bark of elder and newwort. 2. *Violently*, as sea bindweed, the juyce of flower-de luce, elaterium, esula pp. mechoacan & jallop, hedge hysoy, mezereum, widow waile, ricinus, and gum gotte. *Note*, also some of these purge other humors secondarily; as 1. *Cholter with Phlegme* is purged by rhubarb, aloes, cassia, agarick and scammony. 2. *Phlegme and black Choller*, by myrobalans, chebuls, lapis armenus, and lazuli. 3. *Choller, Phlegme, and Melancholy*, by senna, dodder of tyme, polypody, and black hellebore. Also some of them leave a *binding quality* behind them, as Aloes, wormwood, damask roses, rhubarb, sapontick, all sorts of myrobalans, prunes, tamatinds, &c. of which the infusion and decoction is best, if no such need. *Note* also, that the *choyce* of the purger must be according to the peccant humor, and gentle for the delicate, with attenuants and cutters in Phlegme and melancholy; the *time* after preparation with hot cutting syrups, in the morning, not eating till four or five hours after, and the lenitives at night avoiding sweet things after them: the *correction* with cordiacals, stomachicals, carminatives, lubricifers, lenifiers, and thickeners, if need, as mucilages of quince and fleawort seeds and tragacanth, if violent; using hot blyths and clysters, if not working at all; and cardiacals, barley water, decoctions of mallows, mucilages, new milk, and diacydoniats, rose cakes applied, laudanum, anodyne clysters, and emeticks if need, and working violently (yet emeticks are violent and hurt women more than men) the way and manner of purging, is by a hard form, if from remote parts; by infusion, it leaving a binding quality, and gently and often; if the matter be tough and of long continuance; drinking broth, or a draught of warm posset drink two hours after taken, walking often; and not sleeping, or going out till it hath done working, or till the next day, if having diagridium or colocintida in them, or working violently. 3. *Apoxems and distilled waters*, from two ounces and an half to five. 4. *Boles*, to one ounce. 5. *Clysters*, to those that are middle aged, about a pint; to children, two or three ounces or more &c. 6. *Consignures*, in the quantity of a wallnut; so *Conserves*. 7. *Electuaries*, that are alterative and strengthening, from one scruple to a dram and half; the lenient from one dram to four; the purging to an ounce or thereabouts. 8. *Elixys*, from half a scruple to a scruple and half. 9. *Emulsions*, are to be taken often, as

need requireth. 10. *Extracts*, if harder and alterative, from one scruple to a dram and half; if cathartick or purging, from one scruple to a dram. 11. *Liquors*, as of salts and the like, being dissolved, from five drops to a scruple. 12. *Magisteries*, if corroborating and strengthening, from half a dram to a dram; the purging according to their efficacy. 13. *Morsells*, from one ounce to two, or more. 14. *Oyls d'still'd*, from two grains to fifteen. 15. *Pills*, if laxative, from half a dram to two drams; if purging, from two scruples to four. 16. *Preparations*, from a scruple to a dram. 17. *Powders* and *species aromatical* or *purging*, from a scruple and half to four scruples. 18. *Salts of vegetables*, from a scruple to a dram. 19. *Sapes and Syrups*, from one ounce to three. 20. *Spirits*, if *mineral*, from three grains to half a scruple, or to two and more if weaker; if of *vegetables*, to a spoonful, when needful. 21. *Traches*, to four scruples. Here note, that these quantities are proportioned for such as are strong and middle aged, and for others they are to be moderated according to the ingredients, and constitution of the patient: as also that the more pleasant may be taken in a greater quantity, and ofner: but the unpleasant, in a lesser, and at once.

11. The *Chyresilogie* or use of them. Thus *Temperate remedies*, are used where there is no manifest distemper of the first qualities, as *heat* and *cold* &c. as also in feavers of flegme, and to preserve the body in good temper, strength and vigour, and is to be done by such things that are appropriate thereunto. The *Rest*, as 1. The *Hot*, if so in the *first degree*, are used, to reduce the body to natural heat, ease pyns, take away weariness, and to help feavers, as also to cause good digestion, and breed good bloud: if in the *second*, to help moist stomacks, remove obstructions, and open the pores: if in the *third*, to cut tough humors, provoke sweatings, and to resist poyson: if in the *fourth*, to cause inflammations, and raise blisters. 2. The *Cold*, if cold in the *first degree*, they are used to qualifie the heat of food, and assuage that of the intestines and bowels: if in the *second* and *third*, to assuage the heat of choller, help the inflammations of hot swellings, and to cause sleep: if in the *fourth*, to mitigate pain, by stupefying and dulling the senses. 3. The *Moist*, if so in the *first degree*, to lenifie and lubrifie, to help the cough, and roughness of the throat: if in the *second*, to mitigate the sharpness of humors, and loosen the belly, and other parts. 4. The *Dry*, if so in the *first degree*, to drink up moisture, and stop fluxes; and help the slipperiness of the parts: if in the *second*, it strengtheneth the parts made feeble by too much moisture, and disposeth them to action.

Remedies

Remedies endued with the second qualities: As 1. The *Mollifying*, are used in scirrhus's and hard tumors, and swellings, and emollient Clysters. 2. The *Hardening*, are used to repress the heat of the humors in swellings, and to hinder the flux of the thinner blood, and defluxions thereof. 3. The *Loosening*, are used in Convulsions, caused by cold and siccity. 4. The *Rarefying*, to open and dilate the pores, that the vapors of the blood may be expelled, to assuage swellings and to mitigate pain. 5. The *Densant*, to strengthen the skin, to resist external injuries, as also to prohibit too much sweat, or the dissolution of the Spirits. 6. The *Opening*, to help the quantity and pravity of the blood, and open the hemorrhoids. 7. The *Attenuating*, to open obstructions, purge the breast of flegm, move the courses, and cleanse the passages of the bowels, to expel the Stone in white wine, melt impacted humors by heat, and by dryness and thinness, to break and exrenuate them, that they may be dissipated after by discutients and attrahents: so the *Incidings*. 8. The *Drawing*, to unload the bowels of vitious humors, help the critical evacuation in abscesses, draw out poison, and help chilled parts, to draw thorns and humors out of the flesh, and the offending humors to the outward parts of the Body. 9. The *Discutient*, in diseases of repletion, to dispel the serous humidity, and evil vapors by sweat, or insensible transpiration, to draw out hydropick water, help the gout and sciatica, and to assuage phlegmons and other tumors. 10. The *Repelling*, in hot humors, pains of the head, &c. for hereby in fevers are the pains diverted from the head; they also hinder the increasing of phlegmons. 11. The *Burning*, to help dried, tabid parts and almost extinct, by causing attraction of aliment; they also serve to extirpate hair, hard tumors, warts, and to help hard and callous swellings, and the polypus, &c. they also help cold griefs, gouts, lishargies, old pains of the head, and other cold and moist affections of the head; as also fistula's and malignant ulcers, together with dangerous fluxes of humors to the superficies, and draw out the same. 12. The *Cleansing*, to take away the filth, matter, and excrements of ulcers. 13. The *Gleaming*, or *Emplastick*, to help the rage of the blood, suppurate, and to stop fluxions.

Remedies endued with the third qualities: as first. Those *causing Matter*, are used to ripen pith gmons. 2. Those *provoking Urine*, to help dropfies, &c. 3. Those *moving the Courses*, to help diseases caused by the retention of the menses: to ease the body, dropfie and epilepsie, &c. 4. Those *causing Milk*, to prevent diseases by retention thereof, &c. 5. Those *generating Sperm*, for the preservation of the species, rather then voluptuousness. 6. Those *easing Pain*, to prevent the dangerousness of symptoms.

7. Those *causing Flesh*, to fit hollow ulcers, for glutinating and cicatrizing remedies. 8. Those *glewing Wounds*, to help disjoyned continuity. 9. Those *cicatrizing Vicers*, to perfect the cure of wounds. 10. Those *resisting Poyson*, to preserve the vital faculty. 11. The *Beautifying*, for known purposes. 12. The *Occult*, in occult diseases.

The *Appropriate*, as the cephalick, or those respecting the head and parts thereof, the pectoral, cordial, stomachick, splenetick, nephritick, cystick, hysterick, arthritick, and cathartick or purging are various, according to the intention or scope, and variety of the grief and part.

The *compounded Remedies*, as first *Syrups* and *Juleps*, are used to prepare the humors of the body for purgation, open the passages remove obstructions, cut tough humors, deterge or cleanse, digest and dissipate matter contained in the habit of the body, oppugn distempers by their qualities, and gently to purge. 2. So *Decoctions*, or *Apozems* and *Infusions*. 3. *Clysters*, are used to purge, temper humors, ease pain, heal ulcers and cause sleep, &c. 4. *Gargavisms*, in diseases of the head, mouth and Jaws, sc. to draw flegm from the head, hinder the swellings of the mouth, and discuss them; or to cleanse and consolidate wounds. 5. *Erithmes*, in old diseases of the head especially in the falling sickness, dimness of the eyes, stoppings of the nostrils, and ulcers thereof, want of the smile, drawing of the face awry, and Kings evil, &c. 6. *Epithems*, in fevers, hestick, squallid, burning and pestilential, inflammations of the bowels, and heat of the whole body; also in the pantings of the heart and passions thereof, in the erysipilas or St. *Anthons* fire, and weakness of the Body, &c. 7. *Fomentations*, to rarifie the skin, and help perspiration, to attenuate blood and vitious humors in inflammations, to concoct crude humors, mollifie and digest by vapor; as a so to assuage and ease pain. 8. *Embrocations*, in hot diseases, chiefly of the head, to cause sleep; and in fevers with raging. 9. *Infusions*, instead of baths, and to help the decay of strength. 10. *Baths*, if laconick or dry, to heat the humors in the body, melt and evacuate the same, to loosen the skin and extenuate the corpulent: if of sweet water moderately hot, it's useful for children and old people, to heat, moisten, ease wearisomness, mitigate pain, help fulness, soften hard parts, discuss flatulencies, and cause sleep: if luke-warm, to moisten and cool, to help drying fevers and hesticks as also burnings: and if too hot, it heateth and moisteneth not so much: if of milk, to help leanness, also weakness and pining: if of whay, to help the itch and heat of the skin, and breakings out in children: if of wine, to strengthen debilitated parts: if of oyl, to help cold agues and pains of the sinews thence arising; as also to help convulsions
caused

caused by punctures or wounds, and to strengthen natural heat, resolve hurtful matter, and help pains of the joynts. &c. if natural, to dry, heat and binde, &c. 11. *Lotions*, to cleanse the sweatings and filth of the head, and open the pores of the skin. If for the feet, to draw the humors downwards from the upper parts, help wearisomness and cause sleep. 12. *Oyls*, to help pains, roughness and many other maladies; as also to make unguents, cerots and plaisters. 13. *Powders*, and *Aromatical Species*, to strengthen the heart and restore nature, &c. 14. *Tragac's*, to strengthen the stomach, dissipate flatulencies, hinder vapors, and to help the maladies of other intrals and parts. 15. *Elecluaries*, if aromatical, to comfort the principal parts chiefly, and the other to purge. 16. *Opiats*, in great pains, collick griefs, and other distempers requiring ease. 17. *Conserves*, are used for pleasure, and to strengthen. 18. *Conditures*, for pleasure, and help the stomach infeebled by distempers. 19. *Lo-bochs*, to help the roughness of the throat, inflammation of the lungs, ulcers, difficulty of breathing, coughs caused by the flowing of humors and distillation thereof, and help those that expectorate tough matter ready to suffocate. 20. *Extracts*, are used when there is nauseousness, by reason of the taking of Medicines in a great quantity, these operating in a small dose. 21. *Liniments*, to lenifie rough parts, ease pain, heat, rarifie, refrigerate, dry, moisten, discuss, cleanse, mollifie or ripen. 22. *Vnguents*, to alter, mollifie, digest, cleanse, &c. 23. *Plaisters*, to repel the flux of humors caused by inflammations, ease pain, strengthen the members, soften, discuss, concoct, ripen, draw forth things infixed, suppurate, purge, open, glew and cicatrize. 24. *Cataplasms*, to ease pain, concoct humors, and digest chiefly. 25. *Cerots*, to heat, moisten, loosen, concoct, binde, &c. 26. *Drapaces*, in extenuations of the body, to moisten, warm, attract the blood, repair the loss of flesh, to help vomiting, crudities, collicks, and instead of cataplasms in old griefs. 27. *Sinapisms*, to draw from the center to the superficies in old affections, as in the inveterate head-ache, megrim, falling sickness, vertigo and madness; also in distillations, and long griefs of the stomach, and sciatica, gout, resolutions, refrigerations; as also in acute diseases, sc. the lethargy and catalepsie, &c. 28. *Tablets and Morfels*, to purge, alter and strengthen. 29. *Troches*, to preserve remedies: and if used downward, to help diseases below the navel: The other, to alter, purge, open and strengthen. 30. *Collyries*, in diverse diseases and affections of the eyes; as ulcers, wounds, fistula's and suffusions, &c. 31. *Apophlegmatisms*, in all old affections of the head, dimness of the eyes, deafness, resolutions of the tongue, and wheals in the head or face. 32. *Confections*, to please the pallat, and to strengthen the

need requireth. 10. *Extracts*, if harder and alterative, from one scruple to a dram and half; if cathartick or purging, from one scruple to a dram. 11. *Liquors*, as of salts and the like, being dissolved, from five drops to a scruple. 12. *Magisteries*, if corroborating and strengthening, from half a dram to a dram; the purging according to their efficacy. 13. *Morsells*, from one ounce to two, or more. 14. *Oyls d'stilled*, from two grains to fifteen. 15. *Pills*, if laxative, from half a dram to two drams; if purging, from two scruples to four. 16. *Preparations*, from a scruple to a dram. 17. *Powders* and *species aromatical* or *purging*, from a scruple and half to four scruples. 18. *Salts* of *vegetables*, from a scruple to a dram. 19. *Sapes* and *Syrups*, from one ounce to three. 20. *Spirits*, if *mineral*, from three grains to half a scruple, or to two and more if weaker; if of *vegetables*, to a spoonful, when needful. 21. *Troches*, to four scruples. Here note, that these quantities are proportioned for such as are strong and middle aged, and for others they are to be moderated according to the ingredients, and constitution of the patient: as also that the more pleasant may be taken in a greater quantity, and oftner: but the unpleasant, in a lesser, and at once.

II. The *Chyresologie* or use of them. Thus *Temperate remedies*, are used where there is no manifest distemper of the first qualities, as *heat* and *cold* &c. as also in feavers of flegme, and to preserve the body in good temper, strength and vigour, and is to be done by such things that are appropriate thereunto. The *Rest*, as 1. The *Hot*, if so in the *first degree*, are used, to reduce the body to natural heat, ease pains, take away weariness, and to help feavers, as also to cause good digestion, and breed good bloud: if in the *second*, to help moist stomachs, remove obstructions, and open the pores: if in the *third*, to cut tough humors, provoke sweatings, and to resist poyson: if in the *fourth*, to cause inflammations, and raise blisters. 2. The *Cold*, if cold in the *first degree*, they are used to qualifie the heat of food, and assuage that of the intestines and bowels: if in the *second* and *third*, to assuage the heat of choller, help the inflammations of hot swellings, and to cause sleep: if in the *fourth*, to mitigate pain, by stupefying and dulling the senses. 3. The *Moist*, if so in the *first degree*, to lenifie and lubricate, to help the cough, and roughness of the throat: if in the *second*, to mitigate the sharpness of humors, and loosen the belly, and other parts. 4. The *Dry*, if so in the *first degree*, to drink up moisture, and stop fluxes; and help the slipperiness of the parts: if in the *second*, it strengtheneth the parts made feeble by too much moisture, and disposeth them to action.

Remedies endued with the second qualities: As 1. The *Mollifying*, are used in scirrhus's and hard tumors, and swellings, and mollient Clysters. 2. The *Hardening*, are used to repress the heat of the humors in swellings, and to hinder the flux of the thinner blood, and defluxions thereof. 3. The *Loosening*, are used in Convulsions, caused by cold and siccidity. 4. The *Rarefying*, to open and dilate the pores, that the vapors of the blood may be expelled, to assuage swellings and to mitigate pain. 5. The *Densant*, to strengthen the skin, to resist external injuries, as also to prohibit too much sweat, or the dissolution of the Spirits. 6. The *Opening*, to help the quantity and gravity of the blood, and open the hemorrhoids. 7. The *Attenuating*, to open obstructions, purge the breast of flegm, move the courses, and cleanse the passages of the bowels, to expel the stone in white wine, melt impacted humors by heat, and by dryness and thinness, to break and exrenuate them, that they may be dissipated after by discutients and attrahents: so the *Inceding*, 8. The *Drawing*, to unload the bowels of vitious humors, help the critical evacuation in abscesses, draw out poison, and help chilled parts, to draw thorns and humors out of the flesh, and the offending humors to the outward parts of the Body. 9. The *Discutient*, in diseases of repletion, to dispel the serous humidity, and evil vapors by sweat, or insensible transpiration, to draw out hydropick water, help the gout and sciatica, and to assuage phlegmons and other tumors. 10. The *Repelling*, in hot humors, pains of the head, &c. for hereby in fevers are the pains diverted from the head; they also hinder the increasing of phlegmons. 11. The *Burning*, to help dried, tabid parts and almost extinct, by causing attraction of aliment; they also serve to extirpate hair, hard tumors, warts, and to help hard and callous swellings, and the polypus, &c. they also help cold griefs, gout, lethargies, old pains of the head, and other cold and moist affections of the head; as also fistula's and malignant ulcers, together with dangerous fluxes of humors to the superficies, and draw out the same. 12. The *Cleansing*, to take away the filth, matter, and excrements of ulcers. 13. The *Glewing*, or *Emplastick*, to help the rage of the blood, suppurate, and to stop fluxions.

Remedies endued with the third qualities: as first, Those *causing Matter*, are used to ripen phlegmons. 2. Those *provoking Urine*, to help dropfies, &c. 3. Those *moving the Courses*, to help diseases caused by the retention of the menses: to ease the body, dropfie and epilepsie, &c. 4. Those *causing Milk*, to prevent diseases by retention thereof, &c. 5. Those *generating Sperm*, for the preservation of the species, rather than voluptuousness. 6. Those *easing Pain*, to prevent the dangerousness of symptoms.

7. Those *causing Flesh*, to fit hollow ulcers, for glutinating and cicatrizing remedies. 8. Those *glewing Wounds*, to help disjoyned continuity. 9. Those *cicatrizing Vlcers*, to perfect the cure of wounds. 10. Those *resisting Poyson*, to preserve the vital faculty. 11. The *Beautifying*, for known purposes. 12. The *Occult*, in occult diseases.

The *Appropriate*, as the cephalick, or those respecting the head and parts thereof, the pectoral, cordial, stomachick, splenetick, nephritick, cystick, hysteric, arthritick, and cathartick or purging are various, according to the intention or scope, and variety of the grief and part.

The *compounded Remedies*, as first *Syrups* and *Juleps*, are used to prepare the humors of the body for purgation, open the passages remove obstructions, cut tough humors, deterge or cleanse, digest and dissipate matter contained in the habit of the body, oppugn distempers by their qualities, and gently to purge. 2. So *Decoctions*, or *Apoxems* and *Infusions*. 3. *Clysters*, are used to purge, temper humors, ease pain, heal ulcers, and cause sleep, &c. 4. *Gargarismi*, in diseases of the head, mouth and Jaws, sc. to draw flegm from the head, hinder the swellings of the mouth, and discuss them; or to cleanse and consolidate wounds. 5. *Erithines*, in old diseases of the head especially in the falling sickness, dimness of the eyes, stoppings of the nostrils, and ulcers thereof, want of the smell, drawing of the face awry, and Kings evil, &c. 6. *Epithems*, in fevers, hestick, equal d, burning and pestilential, inflammations of the bowels, and heat of the whole body; also in the pantings of the heart and passions thereof, in the erysipilas or St. *Antonies* fire, and weakness of the Body, &c. 7. *Fomentations*, to rarifie the skin, and help perspiration, to attenuate blood and vitious humors in inflammations, to concoct crude humors, mollifie and digest by vaper; as a so to assuage and ease pain. 8. *Embrocations*, in hot diseases, chiefly of the head, to cause sleep; and in feavers with raging. 9. *Infusions*, instead of baths, and to help the decay of strength. 10. *Baths*, if laconick or dry, to heat the humors in the body, melt and evacuate the same, to loosen the skin and extenuate the corpulent: if of sweet water moderately hot, it's useful for children and old people, to heat, moisten, ease wearisomness, mitigate pain, help fulness, soften hard parts, discuss flatulencies, and cause sleep: if luke-warm, to moisten and cool, to help drying fevers and hesticks as also burnings: and if too hot, it heateth and moisteneth not so much: if of milk, to help leanness, also weakness and pining: if of whay, to help the itch and heat of the skin, and breakings out in children: if of wine, to strengthen debilitated parts: if of oyl, to help cold agues and pains of the sinews thence arising; as also to help convulsions
caused

caused by punctures or wounds, and to strengthen natural heat, resolve hurtful matter, and help pains of the joynts. &c. if natural, to dry, heat and binde, &c. 11. *Lotions*, to cleanse the sweatings and filth of the head, and open the pores of the skin. If for the feet, to draw the humors downwards from the upper parts, help wearisomness and cause sleep. 12. *Oyls*, to help pains, roughness and many other maladies; as also to make unguents, cerots and plaisters. 13. *Powders*, and *Aromatical Species*, to strengthen the heart and restore nature, &c. 14. *Trageas*, to strengthen the stomach, dissipate flatulencies, hinder vapors, and to help the maladies of other intrals and parts. 15. *Electuaries*, if aromatical, to comfort the principal parts chiefly, and the other to purge. 16. *Opiats*, in great pains, collick griefs, and other distempers requiring ease. 17. *Conserve*s, are used for pleasure, and to strengthen. 18. *Conditures*, for pleasure, and help the stomach infeebled by distempers. 19. *Lo-hochs*, to help the roughness of the throat, inflammation of the lungs, ulcers, difficulty of breathing, coughs caused by the flowing of humors and distillation thereof, and help those that expectorate tough matter ready to suffocate. 20. *Extracts*, are used when there is nauseousness, by reason of the taking of Medicines in a great quantity, these operating in a small dose. 21. *Liniments*, to lenifie rough parts, ease pain, heat, rarifie, refrigerate, dry, moisten, discuss, cleanse, mollifie or ripen. 22. *Vnguent*s, to alter, mollifie, digest, cleanse, &c. 23. *Plaisters*, to repel the flux of humors caused by inflammations, ease pain, strengthen the members, soften, discuss, concoct, ripen, draw forth things infixed, suppurate, purge, open, glew and cicatrize. 24. *Cataplasms*, to ease pain, concoct humors, and digest chiefly. 25. *Cerots*, to heat, moisten, loosen, concoct, binde, &c. 26. *Dro-paces*, in extenuations of the body, to moisten, warm, attract the blood, repair the loss of flesh, to help vomiting, crudities, collicks, and instead of cataplasms in old griefs. 27. *Sinapisms*, to draw from the center to the superficies in old affections, as in the inveterate head-ache, megrim, falling sickness, vertigo and madness; also in distillations, and long griefs of the stomach, and sciatica, gout, resolutions, refrigerations; as also in acute diseases, sc. the lethargy and cataleptic, &c. 28. *Tablets* and *Morsels*, to purge, alter and strengthen. 29. *Troches*, to preserve remedies: and if used downward, to help diseases below the navel: The other, to alter, purge, open and strengthen. 30. *Collyries*, in diverse diseases and affections of the eyes; as ulcers, wounds, fistula's and suffusions, &c. 31. *Apophlegmatisms*, in all old affections of the head, dimness of the eyes, deafness, resolutions of the tongue, and wheals in the head or face. 32. *Confections*, to please the pallat, and to strengthen the body.

body. 33. *Suppositories*, to open the belly, and prepare the body before blood-letting instead of glisters; as also in burning feavers, when vapors arise unto the head, in sleepy diseases of the head, when clysters work not at a convenient time; as also for revulsion, to kill worms, open the hemorrhoids, and heal ulcers of the straight gut. 34. *Little bags*, to heat, cool, strengthen, &c. 35. *Pessaries*, if emollient or softning in the inflammations of the womb, exulcerations or aversions, and windyness: if opening, to draw out the terms, and open the compressed womb: if astringent, for the contrary purposes. 36. *Perfumes*, to comfort the spirits, strengthen and preserve. and *Suffumigations*, to cause a good smell, to help distillations from the head upon the inferior parts, to help heaviness, obstructions, cold diseases of the brain, and drive away the infection of the plague, and are used to the nostrils, also in asthma's and stoppages of the breast by cold and thick humors, in suppurations, coughs and stiches of the sides, in the syncope, in the recoveries from sickness, as also in cold distempers of the liver and womb. 37. *Physical wines*, in cold distempers of the body, chronical diseases, as the asthma, obstructions, palsies and crudities of the stomack: if altering, to discuss and consume the reliques of diseases, strengthen, provoke urine, and help long diseases. 38. *Emulsions*, to lenifie, cool and moisten, to help the intrals, fevers, and cause sleep. 39. So *Amygdalates*. 40. *Piisans*, in fevers, to cool, cleanse, nourish moisten, and to help the diseases of the breast and hecticks. 41. *Hydromels*, in cold phlegmatick diseases; as the palsy, to strengthen natural heat, resist putrefaction, provoke urine and cleanse: if viscidous, it concocteth crude humors, expectorates, strengtheneth the stomack, concocteth crudities, and helps the asthma: if physical, it helps inveterate cold griefs. 42. *Diet drinks*, in long diseases, to attenuate, resolve, consume, rarefie, and prepare the humors for purgation: if evacuating, in diseases deeply rooted, to dissipate and discuss, as in the dropsie and French pox, &c. 43. *Hydrosaccharates*, to moisten, cool and cleanse in fevers, hot diseases of the liver, stomack and reins. 44. *Broths*, restorative, to nourish and repair the solid substance. 45. *Boles*, if purging, they are used in distempers in the lower region and near parts; if roborating, to strengthen the stomack and parts affected. 46. *Pandaleons*, as lohochs. 47. *Pills*, if purging, in diseases in the head and habit of the body, cold and third region, especially in the pituitous and obstructions; if usual in bodies cacochoymick, to strengthen the stomack; the altering, to help hoarsness &c. 48. *Frontals*, chiefly to cool, in fevers and watchings, to repel vapors, as also to ease pains of the head and phrenies, &c. 49. So *Oxyrrhodines*, and to repel thin fumes

in burning fevers. 50. *Cucupha's*, in cold and moist diseases of the brain, catarrhs, fluxions, and to recreate the animal spirits.

51. *Calyries liquid*, to help the heat of the eyes, repel and dissolve, dry and cleanse. 52. *Stomack plaisters*, to strengthen the stomach, cause concoction, stop vomiting, and help the cold distempers thereof. 53. *Injections*, to help inflammations, pains, ulcers, to cleanse and cicatrize, &c.

12. The *Casrology*, or season and manner of using them. So those that are *temperate*, or of the *first qualities*, are to be used when the body is in good temper, or exceeding and defective therein.

Remedies of the *second qualities*: As 1. the *Attenuating*, are not to be used before the stomach and intrals are cleansed of their evil humors; lest they cause obstructions or fevers, &c.

2. The *Discussing*, in the declination of diseases, and with the repelling in the increase or state of phlegmons. 3. The *Repelling*, in the beginning and increase of hot tumors, when the humors are flowing, and in the state with discutients: also they are dangerous in great pains, and where there is much matter, except first evacuated; as also if in the emunctory, poysonsome, thick and fastened, if flowing critically and in a weak part.

4. The *Burning*, after the body hath been well purged, the parts being first fortified, and they mixed with correcters. 5. The *Extensive*, the body being neither plethorick, nor cacochymick, nor symptoms troublesom. 6. The *Binding*, an hour before meat, if to stop fluxes.

Remedies of the *third qualities*: as 1. The *Suppuring*, in the state of phlegmons. 2. Those *provoking Urine*, the urinary passages being first opened; in the declination of diseases, the matter being first extenuated and lessened. 3. Those *moving the Courses*, after purgation, if the body be full of bad humors, in white Wine. 4. So those *causing Milk* and *Sperm*. 5. *Anodynes*, when symptoms are most violent, with things respecting the cause; and let them be the more solid, the deeper the pain lyeth. 6. Those *causing Flesh*, after the distemper pain and symptoms are removed, and vary according to the scope. 7. The *Glewing*, after absterision and incarnatives. 8. The *Cicatrizing*, when the ulcer is almost full of flesh, observing the nature of the part affected. 9. Those *resisting Poyson*, according to the nature thereof, using vomits, purges, and sweating remedies. 10. *Cosmeticks*, after preparation of the body. 11. *Sudorificks*, in bed, covered warm, drinking posset as hot as may be; with sorrel and red sage if for a seaver, sweating an hour or more, if able, then wrapping a warm papkin about the head, and shifting the rest in a warm chamber: and this not in the beginning of a disease, except malignant, nor before universal purga-

tion, or meat concocted, but in the declination of the fits also so *Catharticks*, after preparation; and particular *Evacuants* after universal.

Remedies *Appropriate* to certain parts of the Body, as to the Head &c. after general and particular Evacuation or Purging *sc.* the corroborating, observing the times and symptomes of the disease, and nature of the parts: the *purging* three or four hours before meat: the *lenient*, an hour, or half an hour before; but *cephalick pills* may be taken after.

Compoundd Remedies, as 1. *Syrups and Juleps* are to be used in the morning, being warmed, and in the evening, if to cause sleep. 2. So *Decoctions* or *Apoxems*, and *Infusions*, the stomach being empty. 3. *Clysters*, two or three hours before meat, and are to be retained about half an hour. 4. *Gargarisms*, in the morning, and evening before meat. 5. *Errhines*, after purgation or blood-letting, the stomach being empty, and the mouth first filled with water. 6. So *Epithemes*, in the morning or evening, in the state often. 7. *Fomentations*, before Cataplasmes or Unguents, after evacuations of the body, and in Feavers before their accessions, the body not being full of humors and excrements. 8. *Embrocations*, are to be used often, and renewed. 9. *Insestions*, two or three hours before meat, the body being first purged, and excrements evacuated, being warm, in which the abode is to be about an hour. 10. *Baths*, if lachrymick or dry, in the winter, and beginning of spring, or when the air is temperate; if of sweet water, in the spring, summer, and end thereof, the body being first evacuated and cleansed, and excrements purged forth, in the morning or evening, after digestion, in which the abode may be for two or three hours, if a fat, cold, and moist body. 11. *Lotions*, if for the head, in the morning before meat, warm, the excrements being evacuated, after which the head is presently to be dried with towels; if for the feet, in the morning or evening before meat, or sleep, after which the feet are to be wrapped up in a moist towel. 12. *Powders*, and *aromatical species*, in the morning, being fasting, and that in some convenient wine, broth, syrupe, or other liquor. 13. *Tragxa's*, in the morning, the stomach being empty, and in the evening, two or three hours before supper, and after meats if to repress vapours, with a toast soaked in wine. 14. *Aromaticall Elefluaries*, when needful, in the morning and evening, three or four hours after supper. 15. *Purging Elefluaries*, in the morning, the stomach being empty. 16. *Opiates*, in the evening going to bed, in wine or some other convenient liquor. 17. *Conserve*s, often, but chiefly in the morning or evening, in the quantity of a wallnut alone, or with other corroborating spices with syrups. 18. *Conditures*, before or after meat.

19. *Lobochis*,

19. *Lobochs*, at any time before and after meat, but chiefly at morning and evening, and are to be taken with a liquorice stick, and held in the mouth until they dissolve, and so are to be swallowed. 20. *Extracts*, in the morning, the stomach being empty, and that alone, in pills, or some liquid thing, or else mixed with other remedies. 21. *Liniments*, two or three hours before meat, being warm. 22. *Unguents*, before meat. 23. *Plaisters*, before meat. 24. *Cataclasm's*, if heating and discutient, and to be applied to the hypochondriums, the body being first evacuated. 25. *Cerots*, before meat, the stomach being empty, and then also, if pectoral, and stomachical. 26. *Drops*, the body being freed from excrements. 27. *Sinapismes*, are then also to be used. 28. *Tablets, Rolls and Morfels*, before meat, two or three hours, or four if purging. 29. *Troches*, are often to be used and held in the mouth. 30. *Pills*, if capital, three or four hours after a light supper, or at midnight, or after the first sleep: if lesser, one or two hours before meat; and the mean in the morning. 31. *Dry Collyries*, at morning and evening. 32. *Apophlegmatismes*, in the morning, the body being freed from excrements. 33. *Dry Errhines*, the whole body being evacuated by blood-letting or purges. 34. *Comfeits*, at any time before or after meat. 35. *Suppositories*, one or two hours before meat, being first anointed with butter. 36. *Little baggs*, according to the nature of the disease. 37. *Pessaries*, in the evening and at bed time, and are not to be drawn out till six or seven hours after. 38. *Physical wines*, in the morning, or two hours before dinner; in the winter, for ten or twenty dayes space. 39. *Emulsions*, in the morning and evening, and at bed-time if to provoke sleep. 40. *Almond milke*, at any time, but chiefly before sleep. 41. *So Ptisans*. 42. *Metheglin*, for ordinary drinking. 43. *Diet drinks*, in the morning. 44. *Hydro-saccharates*, as Ptisans. 45. *Restoratory Broths*, at any time, or three or four times in a day. 46. *Boles*, in the mornings, as other purgers. 47. *Pandaleons*, as Lohochs. 48. *Frontals*, at bed time. 49. *Oxyrrodines*, when there are violent symptoms, and are often to be renewed. 50. *Cucupha's* or Quilts, are to be worn some convenient time together, but chiefly at nights. 51. *Moist Collyries*, are to be used warm, for a quarter or half an hours space together. 52. *Suffumigations*, at any time. 53. *So Perfumes and Pomanders*.

Note, hence appeareth the way and form of *Prescripts*, the form of *Remedies*, and time of use &c. being considered.

II. *As Alimentous*. Thus of the *faculties* of *Medicinals*, now follow those of *Aliments*; which are such *vegetables* &c. that nourish and increase the bodily substance, by restoring that which is *deperdite*, the body being in a perpetual decay, and

therefore wanting refection by meat and drink : and this, if it do not greatly affect the body by any other quality, is properly and simply called *Aliment*, and is in some measure like unto the substance of the body, into which it is to be converted ; but if it change the body by any exuperant quality, it is not simply aliment, but *medicamentous* : such are those things which with sweetness have adjoynd an acid, acerb, bitter, or sharp quality, and from hence ariseth the difference of aliments (which, 1. in respect of substance, are hard or soft ; heavy, viscid or light ; firm or infirm ; easily or hardly concocted or corrupted. 2. In respect of quality, they are, hot, cold, moist, or dry ; sweet or bitter ; sower, salt, sharp, acid, acerb, or austere ; of good or bad iuyce ; simple or medicamentous ; wholesome or unwholesome ; best or worst. 3. In respect of preparation, they are, crude, roasted, fried, boyled, suffocated, stewed ; and seasoned, or not seasoned, &c. are taken from *Animals and Plants*.) of which some are,

1. *Euchymick*, or of good iuyce, sweet in taste, pleasant to the palate, and not of any unpleasant smell : as also fat things, and some which are insipid, as bread of the best wheat &c.

2. *Cacochymick*, or of evil iuyce, which besides sweetness, have some other quality mixed therewith, as sharpnesse, bitternesse, saltnesse, acerbity, and too much acidity : also all fetid things, of an unpleasant smell, and corrupted ; as the oleaceous, (especially the wild) except lettuce and succory, also cucumbers, corrupt corn, things growing in cense and dirty places, as also thick, austere, and acid, beer made of bad grain, &c. and some of these ingender, 1. A cold, pituitous and crude iuyce, as the hasty fruits and cold herbs. 2. But others, a hot and bilious, as all things that have acrimony, so garlick, onions, leeks, wake Robin, cresses, mustard &c. 3. And some a melancholick, as pulses, especially lentils, and cabbage.

3. Of grosse nourishment, as those things which have a strong and hard substance, as bread baked under ashes, and whatsoever is made of meale without leaven, chestnuts, acorns, frogstools, thick, sweet, and black Wine, and Ale, also whatsoever is viscid and glutinous, and are to be shunned by all that live at ease, and use no exercise before meat ; but those are the best for dyet, that are in a meane between incrassating and attenuating.

4. Of thin Juice, as things which are not tough or viscid, and have not a strong substance, but thin and friable, especially if joyned with Acrimony ; as Garlick. Onions. Leeks. Hyssop. Organy. Savory. bread of Wheat well fermented, and twice baked, bitter Almonds, Peaches, and thin White wines ; These also

also open the passages, cleanse away what is viscous, incide and extenuate what is gross; but are to be shunned by those who are of a chollick temperature; the long use of them causing bilious and serous excrements, yet are agreeable to those whose body and veins are full of a crude, pituitous and melancholick juice. Here note, an attenuating diet differeth from a slender one, the last prefixing a mode in the quantity, and the other being so called by reason of the tenuity of the alimentary juice.

5. *Eupeptick*, or of *easy concoction*, as things which have not a solid or firm substance, but either rare or easily resolvable, concocted or corrupted; as most fruits and things oleraceous; but these as they are quickly and easily concocted, so also are they easily altered and corrupted: for if taken into a stomach whose heat is sharp, biting and febriculous or into which some bilious humor doth flow, they are not turned into aliment, but some evil humor; but those things that are not easily concocted, are also neither altered nor corrupted.

6. *Dyspeptick*, or of *hard concoction*, as all things of a solid substance and thick juice; as unleavened Bread, Cabbage, Dates, Chesnuts, unripe Services, acorns and acid Wines: These, if taken into a hot stomach, they are sooner concocted then if into a mean; and in a weak and cold one, they are either concocted not at all, or very slowly.

An Experiment of all which may be made by decoction in water. For the liquor, if sweet, sheweth the thing to be of good juice; if thick, of gross juice; if thin, of little; if well boyled, of much nourishment: if slowly boyled, not easily altered in the stomach, and so the contrary.

Also some are 1. *Flatulent*, of cold unconcocted humidity; as all Fruits early ripe, especially if eaten raw, ciches and lupines; also whatsoever is sweet with austerity, which by reason they cannot be easily distributed, and remain long in the stomach, they cause flatulency, as muste, new beer, &c. 2. *Without mind*, of easy elixation, as things well boyled, leavened bread made of good Wheat and well baked, and old Wine. 3. *Easily descending*, acid, salt, insipid, or excrementitious; as things full of humidity, participating of a certain acrimony or saltneis without acerbity; or are insipid, as Mallows, Orach, Mercury, Matigolds, &c. and things full of excrements, as brown bread, and whatsoever is full of bran, and broths. 4. *Slowly*, as things dry and binding, having little humidity; as dry meats, fine bread, things having a little astringency; as Pears, Services, black Wines or red, but sooner the austere.

Thus of the Definition of *Phytology* and its parts. 1. *Therapeuticke*, or curatory. 2. *Threpticke*, or alimentary; in both which *Vegetables* are considered: 1. according to their substance,

as of thick or thin substance or consistence, loose or close, glutinous or crumbling, heavy or light. 2. According to their *Accidents*: and I. as *Medicamentary*. I. According to the *more immediate accidents*. 1. The *Qualities*; as the *first*, heat, coldness, moisture and dryness; with their Degrees, sensible, manifest, vehement or most violent. The *second*, mollifying, hardening, rarefying, condensing, opening, binding, drawing, repelling, cleansing, purging, attenuating, clammings, obstrueting, easing pain, stupifying, redning, putrefying and burning. The *third*, suppurating, incarnating, conglutinating, cicatrizing, generating callus, provoking urine, breaking the stone, provoking the terms, expectorating and generating milk and sperm, causing sweat, sneezing, beauty, killing Worms and phlegmatizing. The *fourth*, occult, resisting poyson, specifick and purging. 2. The *way of finding out these Qualities*: 1. The *Manifest*, 1. By *Reason*, as by the smell, colour; as white, black, green and yellow, &c. Tastes; as bitter, sharp, acid, nitrous, salt, sweet, acerb, austere, oleous, aquinipid or waterish, earthy, woody and corn-like; Touch, as thick, thin, close, hollow, hard, soft, heavy, light, claming, dry, rough, smooth; Mutability, Age, Places, and Operation of the four first *Qualities*. 2. By *Experience*, considering *quid, in quo, quomodo*. 2. The *Occult*. 1. By *Signature*. 1. *External*, in colour, form, property. 2. *Internal*, as appropriated, 1. To the *Planets*, as to the Sun, Moon, Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, Venus, Mercury. 2. To the *Signs*, as to Aries, Taurus, Gemini, Cancer, Leo, Virgo, Libra, Scorpio, Sagittarius, Capricorn, Aquarius and Pisces. 2. By *Experience*, according to the *more remote accidents*, as the place of gathering them, the time and manner, the way of preparing them for keeping, and place thereof; their duration, discrimination, place in Receipts, with their Compositions and way of making them; their Doses, as Ingredients and Compounded; their use, and season and manner of using them, &c. II. As *Alimentary*, and so as of good or bad Juyce, of thick or thin Juyce, of ease or hard Concoction, windy or without winde, easily or slowly descending, &c.

Now follow the *Differences of Vegetables*, and, in general.

I. *External*.

1. Of *Trees*, which are, 1. *Rhodostory*, or Rose floured; as the Rose, holy Rose, and Cistus Ledon, &c. 2. *Pomiferous*, or Apple bearing; as the Appletree. Quincetree. Citrontree. Orangetree. Pomgranatetree. Peartree. Figtree. Sycomoretree. Mulberrytree. Strawberrytree. Medlartree. Servicetree. Peachtree. Apricocktree. Plumtree. Myrobalantree. Sebestentree. Jujubetree. Cornettree. Netletree. Cherrytree. Pockwoodtree. and Ebentree. 3. *Nuciferous*, or Nut bearing, as the Almond-

ree. Wallnuttree. Fildberdtree. Nuttree. Chestnuttree. Phi-
 ticktree. Oylieaccorn-tree. Storaxtree. and exotick Nuttrees.
 4. *Dactyliferous*, as the Palmtree. bearing Dates. 5. *Glandi-*
ferous, or Mast-bearing; as the Beachtree. Oaktree. Cork-
 oaktree. Arabian Bindweed and Oaktree. Mistletoe. Galltree.
 and uva quercina. 6. *Bacciferous*, or Berry bearing; as the
 Saundertree. Masticktree. Frankincensetree. Turpentinetree.
 Balsamtree. Sumachtree. Scarlet oaktree. Ash-tree. Hollytree.
 Linetree. Wayfaringtree. Ostrys. Cottontree. Mapletree. Plain-
 tree. Aguetree. great Spurgetree. Barberrytree. Goosberrytree.
 Eldertree. Laurel. Baytree. Mezereontree. Mountain widdow-
 wail. Rockrose. Myrtletree. Butchersbroom. Cloudberrytree.
 Boxtree. Olivetree. Chastree. Privet. Mockprivet. Buckthorn.
 Boxthorn. Bramble. Capertree. Savin. Cedartree. Cyprestree.
 Junipertree. Yewtree. Dragontree. Sperage. 7. *Aromatisferous*,
 or Spicebearing as the Nutmeg and Macetree. Pudding pipe-
 tree. Cinnamontree. Indian leaf. Clovetree. Peppertree. Cube-
 tree. Cloveberrytree. Cardamomtree and Aloetree. 8. *Conife-*
rous, or Conebearing, like Pineaples; as the Caniferous Ce-
 dar. Pinetree. Larchtree. Pitchtree and Fir-tree. 9. *Juliferous*,
 or Woolbearing; as the Willowtree. Aldertree. Elmtree and
 Poplartree. 10. *Siliquate*, or coddid; as the Shrubtreefoil.
 Beantreefoil. Egyptian thorn. Rosewoodtree. Broom. Furz.
 Bastard sene. Sene. Spindletree and Rosebay. 11. *Scopary*,
 as the Tamarisetree and Heath, &c. 12. *Succiferous*, or Juice
 yielding; as the Ammoniacktree. Metopion. Acacia. Manna-
 tree. or Ash. Gamandratree or Indian great Spurgetree. 13. *Gum-*
miferous, or Gumbearing; as the Gumarabicktree or Egyptian
 thorn. Sorcocoltree. Ivytree. Caucamumtree. Laccatree. Dra-
 gontree. Camphiretree. Junipertree. Cherrytree. Plumtree.
 Goats thorn, yielding Tragacantha. Elmtree. &c. 14. *Resini-*
ferous, or Robin yielding; as the Turpentinetree. Larchtree.
 Masticktree. Frankincensetree. Myrrhtree. Storaxtree. Liquid-
 ambertree or Ocofoti. Bdeliumtree. Benjamintree. Tacamaha-
 catree. Gum elemitree. Colophonytree. or Fir-tree. and Pitch-
 tree.

2. Of *Herbs*, which differ in respect of I. The *Roots*, and
 so they are 1. *Bulbous*, or round-rooted; as the bulbous Flower-
 de luce. Wallflowers, Saffron. Meadow Saffron. Onions. Leeks.
 Squills. Garlick. Moly. Dog stones and Satyrion, &c. 2. *Not*
Bulbous, as most other Plants. II. The *Leaves*, and so they
 are 1. *Longicaulisolious*, or longstalk leaved; as Grass. Rush-
 es. Nard. Galingal. Hoietail. Reed. Paper reed. Stinking glad-
 don. Flower-de-luce. Aromatical reed. Ginger. Zedoary and
 Costus, &c. 2. *Craßifolious*, or thick leaved: as Houseleek.
 Venus navelwort, Aloes, Roseroot. Orpin. Purslain, Sampire.
 and

and Glaswort. 3. *Hirtifolious*, or rough leaved: as Borage Gromel. Hounds-tongue and Mullein. 4. *Nervifolius*, or nerve leaved; as Gentian. Plantain. Fleawort. Bistort. Pondweed. Water Lillies. wake Robin and Hellebore, &c. 5. *Rotundifolious*, or round leaved; as Birthwort. Coltsfoot. Butterbur. Bur and Asarum. 6. *Mollifolious*, or soft leaved; as Marshmallows Mercury and Rubarb, &c. 7. *Trifolious*, and Pentaphyls, &c. 8. *Capillary*, or hair-like: as Harts tongue. Moonfern. Splice wort. Moonwort. Maiden-hair. Sundew. Fern and Polypodie, &c. 9. *Spinose*, or prickly; as Thistles. Teasels. Sea-holly. Gum thistle and Goats thorn, &c. III. The *Flowers*, and so they are, 1. *Verticillate* and *Galeate*, or turned and Helmet-like; as Mints. Calamint. Organy. Penny royal. Hyssope. Time. Arabian stickadove. Lavender. Spike. Groundpine. Oak of Jerus. Sage. Nettles. Bettony. Eyebright. Figwort. Self-heal. hedge Hyssop and Dittany, &c. 2. *Stellate*, or Star-like; as Madder. Ladies bedstraw. Croswort and Rue. 3. *Calcariflorous*, or Spur flowered; as Columbine. Larks spur. Toadflax, &c. 4. *Umbelliferous*, or bossed; as Cummin. Fennel. Dill. Pellitory of Spain. Fennel gyant. scorching Fennel. Turbith. Sowfennel. Beesnest. Chervil. Parsly. Angelica. Masterwort. Laserwort. Allheal. Caroways. Coriander. Aniseed. Burnet. Cicely. Hemlock and Dropwort. 5. *Corimboide*, ring or hook like; as Elecampane. Pellitory of Spain. Mugwort. Sneefwort and Wormwood, &c. 6. *Capitate* or headed; as Scabious. Knapweed. Blewbottle. Vipers grass. Marigold. Divels-bit and Thistles, &c. IV. The *Fruits*, and so they are: 1. *Pomiferous*, or Apple bearing; as Mandrakes. Cucumbers. Melons. Pompions. Citruls. Gourds and wild Cucumbers, &c. 2. *Capfulferous*, or coffer-bearing; as Garden cresses. Sheppards-pouch. Scurvygrafs and Horseradish, &c. 3. *Vasculiferous*, or vessel-bearing; as Centaury the less. Mounfear. Flax. St. Johns wort. Pimpernel. Moneywort. Rupturewort and Poppy, &c. 4. *Siliquate*, or coddled; as the Leguminose & Oleraceous. Honeysuckle. Birds foot. Milkwort. Cockshhead. Goatsrue. Licorise. Fumitory. Celandine. Columbine and Nigella. V. The *Place*, and so they are, Garden. Wilde. Fielden. Mountain. Meadow or Aquatick: as Moss. Ducksmeat. Tree lungwort. Sea nettle. Wrack. Arsmarr. Pimpernel. &c. VI. The *manner of growing*, and so they are, *Convolvulious* or climbing; as the Pomiferous and Leguminous. Scammony. Sea bindweed. Sarsaparilla. China. Briony. Mechoacan. Hops. Vine. Lilly of the valley. Ivy. Indian cresses. Birthwort. Sowbread. Parnassus grafs, and Saxifrage, &c. VII. *Succiferous* or Juice yielding; as the Lactiferous. viz. Spurge and Chamefyce, &c. Galbaniferous and Sagapeniferous. Fennel gyant. Apopanax plant, or Hercules's alheal. Black Poppy yielding Opium.

Opium. Aloes. Scammony. wild Cucumber yeilding Elaterium. Euphorbium or gum Thistle. Liquorice. Sugar reed. VIII. As gumiferous, or Gum-bearing, as Laserwort bearing Asafœtida.

II. *Internal*, in respect of their *Use* and *Vertues*, or as *Alimentary*, and *Medicinal*.

1. Of their *Use*, or as *Dietetical*; and so they are, 1. *Fruimentary*, serving as Bread corn; as Wheat. Rye. Spelt corn, Barly. Oats. Rice. Turkey corn. Millet. Panick. Burnt corn. and Phalaris. 2. *Leguminary*, serving as Pulse; as Beans. Pease. Lentils. Ciches. Cichling. Vetches. bitter Vetches. Lupines. kidney Bean. winged wild Pease. and Fenigreek. 3. *Oleraceous*, serving as Pot herbs, and Salads &c. and are 1. *Roots*, as Onions. Garlick. Leeks. Radish. wild Radish. Turneps. Navew. Parsnips. Carrots. red Beets. 2. *Leaves*, as of Lettuce. Succory. Cabbages. Spinage. Orach. Beets. Asparagus. Cresses. Mustardseed. Blites. Hops. and Stone Parsley. 3. *Fruits*, as, Artichoaks. Gourds. Cucumbers. Melons. Strawberries. Capers; And those of Trees; as Apples. Quinces. Oranges. Limmons. Pears. Medlars. Figs. Peaches. Apricocks. Plums. Cherries. Mulberries. Grapes. Olives. Almonds. Chestnuts. Wallnuts. Filbeards. and Fungs. 4. *Condimentary*, serving as Sawce; as Pepper. Ginger. Cloves. Cinnamon. Cardamoms. Nutmegs. Mace Saffron Elder. Capers. Cresses. Onions. Garlick &c. Sugar. Oyl. and Vinegar &c. The *Qualities* of which, see in my *Isagoge Zoologicemineralogica*, they being there mentioned for Sawces.

2. Of their *Vertues*, or as *Pharmaceutical*, in respect of their several *Parts*, and *Qualities*, first, second, third, and fourth; and thus, according to *Wecker*, &c.

1. *Roots*, are, 1. *Temperate*, as Bears breech. Eringo. garden. Parsneps. Jallop. Mallows. Mechoacan. Sparagus. Sinkfoyle. Ladies Thistle. and Tormentil.

2. *Hot*, and so, in the *First degree*; as Basil. Burdocks. Borage. Bugloss. Avens. Aromatical reed. China. Dogs grass. Liquorice. Knee holly. Mallows. marsh Mallows. Pilewort. Peonys. Poppy. Sparling. Parsly. Parsneps wild. Self heale. Satyrion. Skirrets. Scorzonera. Valerian great and small. and white Lillies. In the *Second*; as Asphodel male. Carline Thistle. Cyperus long and round. Butter burre. Devils bit. hogs Fennel. Lovage. Fennel. Mercury. Reeds. Swallow wort. Spiguel. Saraparilla. Squills. Waterflag. and Zedoary. In the *Third*, as Angelica. Avon. Asarabacca. Alicampane. Birthwort long and round. Briony white and black. Celendine. Doronicum. Filipendula. Ginger. Gladdon stinking. Galingal greater and lesser, Hellebore white and black. Masterwort. Or-

ris English and Florentine. Restharrow. Sowbread. Snakeroot virginian. Turbith. Turmeric, and white Dittany. In the *Fourth*, as Garlick, Leeks. Onions. and Pellitory of Spain.

3. *Cold*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Beets white and red. Comfry great. Maddir. Plantain. Roseroot, and Sorrel. In the *Second*, as Alkanet. Daizies. Endive. Jacynth. Houndstongue and Succory. In the *Third*, as Bistort, and Mandrakes. In the *Fourth*, as Henbane.

4. *Dry*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Aromatical reed. Bearsbrech. Burdock. Beets red. Endive. Eringo. Jacynth. Kneeholly. Maddir. Pilewort. and Self heal. In the *Second*, as Alkanet. Asphodil male. Avens. Basil. Butterbur. Cyperus long and round. Divels bit. Fennel. Hounds tongue. Ladies Thistle. Lovage. Marshmallows. Mercury. Reeds. Parsly. Plantain. Smallage. Sorrel. Swallowwort. spatling Poppy. Succory. Spiguel. Thistles. Valerian. Waterflag. and Zedoary. In the *Third*, as Angelica. Aron. Asarabacca. Alicampagne. Birthwort long and round. Bistort. Bryony white and black. Carline Thistle. China. Cinkfoyle. Dittany white. Doronicum. Filipendula. Galingal greater and lesser. Gladdon stinking. Ginger. Hellebore white and black. Hogsfennel. Masterwort. Orris English and Florentine. Peony male and female. Restharrow. Sowbread. Sellenidine. Sarsaparilla. and virginian Snakeroot. In the *Fourth*, as Costus. Garlick. Onions. Leeks. and Pellitory of Spain.

5. *Moist*, and so, Basil. Beets white. Borage. Buglosse. Doggrass. Daisies. Liquorice. Mallows. Parsnips. spatling Poppy. Satyrion. Scorzonera. Skirrets. Valerian.

2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Mollifying*, as Mallows. white Lillies. and marsh Mallows. 2. *Opening*, as Asarabacca. Bruscus. Carline Thistle. Endive. Filipendula. Fennel. Garlick. Gentian. Leeks. Onions. Parsly. Rhapontick. Succory. Sparagus. Smallage. Turmeric. 3. *Binding*, as Alkanet. Bistort. Bearsbrech. Cyperus. Cinkfoyle. Tormentil. Toothwort. and Waterflag. 4. *Cleansing*, as Aron. Asphodil. Birthwort. Grasse. Sparagus. and Sellenidine. 5. *Extenuating*, as Capers, and Orris English and Florentine. 6. *Anodyne*, as Eringo. Orris. Restharrow. and Waterflag. 7. *Helping burnings*, as Asphodil. Jacynths. white Lillies. 8. *Burning*, as Garlick. Onions. and Pellitory of Spain. 9. *Discharging*, as Asphodil. Birthwort. Bryony. and Capers. 10. *Expelling winds*, as Costus. Galingal. Garlick. Fennel. hogs Fennel. Parsly. Smallage. Spicknard Indian and Celtick. Waterflag. and Zedoary.

3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are, 1. *Suppurating*, as Bryony. marsh Mallows. and white Lillies. 2. *Glutinating*, as Birth-

Birthwort. Comfrey. Daisies. Gentian. and Solomons Seal.
 3. *Spermatogenetick*, as Eringo. Galingal. Satyrion. and Waterflag. 4. *Emmenagogueick*, as Asarabacca. Aron. Asphodil.
 Birthwort. Centory the lesse. Cyperus long and round. Costus.
 Capers. Calamus Aromaticus. Carrots. Dittany white, and of
 Crete. Eringo. Fennel. Garlick. Grasse. Knee holly. Peony.
 Valerian. Waterflag. Parsly. Smallage. 5. *Stopping the Terms*,
 as Bistort. Comfrey. Tormentil. 6. *Hydrotick*, as Carline
 Thistle. China. and Sarsaparilla.

4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are, 1. *Alexipharmick*, as
 Angelica. Birthwort. long. Bistort. Bugloss. Costus. Cyperus.
 Carline Thistle. Doronicum. Elicampane. Garlick. Gentian.
 Swallowwort. Smallage. Tormentil. Vipers Bugloss. and Ze-
 doary. 2. *Cathartick*, as 1. *Purgers of Choller*, as Asarabacca.
 Ferne. Rhubarb. Rhapontick. 2. *Of Melancholy*, as Hellebore
 white and black. and Polypody. 3. *Of Phlegme and Water*, as
 Asphodil male. Bryony white and black. Cucumbers wild. El-
 der. Hermodactils. Jallop. Mechoacan. Squills. Sowbread.
 Spurge great and small. and Turbith. 3. *Appropriate*, and so,
 1. *They Heat*, 1. *The Head*, as Doronicum. Fennel. Jallop.
 Mechoacan. Peony male and female. and Spicknard Celtick and
 Indian. 2. *The Neck, and Throat*, as Devils bit. and Pilewort.
 3. *Breast and Lungs*, as Birthwort long and round. Calamus
 Aromaticus. Sinkfoyle. Elicampane. Liquorice. Orris English
 and Florentine. and Squills. 4. *The Heart*, as Angelica. Bo-
 rage. Bugloss. Butter burre. Basil. Carline Thistle. Doronicum.
 Scorzonera. Tormentil. Valerian white and red. and Zedoary.
 5. *The Stomack*, as Avens. Fennel. Galangal greater and lesser.
 Ginger. Radish. and Spicknard Celtick and Indian. and Elicam-
 pane. 6. *The Bowels*, as Ginger. Valerian great and small. and
 Zedoary. 7. *The Liver*, as Carline Thistle. China. Dogsgross.
 Fennel. Gentian. Knee holly. Parsly. Rhubarb. Rhapontick.
 Sullendine. Smallage. Sinkfoyle. Sparagus. and Turmeric.
 8. *The Spleen*, as Ash. Birthwort round. Carline Thistle. Capers.
 Ferne male and female. Fennel. Gentian. Parsly. Sparagus. and
 Waterflag. 9. *The Reins, and Bladder*, as Basil. Burdock.
 Carline Thistle. China. Cyperus long and round. Dropwort.
 Knee holly. marsh Mallows. Parsly. Smallage. Sperage. spatling
 Poppy. Spicknard Celtick and Indian. Saxifrage white. and Va-
 lerian. 10. *The Womb*, as Birthwort long and round. Galangal
 greater and lesser. Hogs Fennel. and Peony male and female.
 11. *The Fundament*, as Pilewort. 12. *The Joynts*, as Bears-
 breech. Costus. Ginger. Hermodactils. Jallop. and Mechoacan.
 2. *They Coole*, 1. *The Head*, as Roseroot. 2. *The Stomack*, as
 Bistort. Endive. Succory. and Sowthistles. 3. *The Liver*, as
 Endive. Maddir. and Succory.

II. *Barks*,

II. *Barks*, are 1. *Hot*, and so in the *First degree*; as Citrons. Limons. Oranges. Pockwood and Tamarisk. In the *second* as Capers. Cinamon common and Winters. Cassia Lignea, and Frankinsense. In the *third*, as Mace. 2. *Cold*, and so in the *First degree*; as Oak and Pomegranats. In the *third*, as Madder drakes. 2. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are, 1. *Cathartick* as 1. *Purgers of Choller*, as Barberries. 2. Of *Phlegm* and *Water*, as Elder. Dwarf Elder. Lawrel and Spurge. 2. *Appropriate*; and so, 1. They *heat*, 1. The *Head*, as Winters his Cinamon. 2. The *Heart*, as Cinamon. Cassia Lignea. Citrons. Limons. Mace and Walnuts. 3. The *Stomach*, as Cassia Lignea. Cinamon. Citrons. Limmons. Mace. Oranges, and Sassafras. 4. The *Lungs*, as Cassia Lignea. Cinamon and Walnuts. 5. The *Liver*, as Barberries. Bays. and Winter's Cinamon. 6. The *Spleen*, as Ash. Bays and Capers. 7. The *Reins and Bladder*, as Bays and Sassafras. 8. The *Womb*, as Cassia Lignea and Cinamon. 2. They *cool* the *Stomach*, as Pomegranate Pills.

III. *Woods*, are 1. *Hot*, as Aloes. Box. Ebony. Guajacum. Nephriticum. Rhodium. Rosemary. Sassafras. Tamarisk. 2. *Cold*, as Cypress. Sanders white red and yellow, and Willow. As for the *fourth Qualities*, they are *Appropriate*, 1. To the *Head*, as Rosemary. 2. To the *Heart and Stomach*, as Aloes. 3. The *Bowels and Bladder*, as Rhodium. 4. The *Liver, Spleen, Reins and Bladder*, as Nephriticum. 5. The *Breast, Stomach and Bladder*, as Sassafras. 6. To the *Spleen*, as Tamarisk. 7. The *Heart and Spirits*, as Sanders.

IV. *Leaves*, are 1. *Temperate*, as Bugle. Cinquefoil. Betony. Flixweed. Goatsrue Hartstongue. Lluellin. Maidenhair. Cammoca, black and golden. Pauls Betony. Trefoil. Wallrose and Woodrose.

* 2. *Hot*, and so in the *First degree*: as Agrimony. Avena. Borage. Bugloss. Basil. Cleavers. Ceterach. Chervil. Camomel. Cowslips. Distaff-thistle. Eyebright. Marshmallows. Melilot. Ladies-thistle and Self-heal. In the *Second*; as Alehoof. Alexanders. Archangel. Betrony. Bay. Broom. Bawm. Costmary. Cuckoo-flowers. Carduus benedictus. Centaury lesser. Chamaepitys. Dell. Doubletongue. Divelsbit. Horehound. Indian leaf. Ladies mantle. Maudlin. Mugwort. Marigold. Marjoram. Mercury. Oak of Jerusalem. Pimpernel male and female. Parsly. Poleymountain. Perewinkle. Rosemary. Smallage. Scurvy-grass. Sage. Sanicle. Scabious. Senna. Soldanella. Tansie. Tobacco. Veivain, and Wormwood common and Roman. In the *Third*; as Angelica. Arsmat biting. Brooklime. Briony white and black. Bank cresses. Calamint. Clary. Dwarf elder. Doder of time. Featherfew. Fleabane. Germander. Glaswort. Herb Mastick. Lavender. Lovage. Mints. Mother of time. Nettles. Organy.

Organy. Pilewort. Pennyroyal. Rue. Sowthern wood male and female. Sullendine. Sneezwort. Savin. Savory summer and winter. Spike. Time. and Watercresses. In the *Fourth*, as Crowfoot. Dittander. Gardencreffes. Leeks. Rosa solis. Sciatica creffes. Stonecrop. Spurge.

3. *Cold*, and so in the *First degree*: as Arach. Arsmart milde. Burdock. Burnet. Coltsfoot. Hawkweed. Mallows. Pellitory of the Wall. Sorrel. Woodforrel. Shepherds-purse. Violets. Yarrow. In the *Second*; as Buckhorn. Chickweed. Daisies. Dandelyon. Ducksmeat. Endive. Knotgrafs. Lettuce. Plantain. Purslain. Fumitory. Succory. Strawberry. Tansie wilde. Willow. In the *Third*; as Nightshade and Seagreen. In the *Fourth*; as Hemlock. Henbane. Mandrakes. Poppies.

4. *Dry*, and so in the *First degree*; as Agrimony. Arsmart milde. Burdocks. Cleavers. Chervil. Camomile. Cowslips. Coltsfoot. Doubletongue. Eyebright. Flixweed. Hawkweed. Marshmallows. Melilote. Perewinkle. Shepherds purse. Selfheal and Senna. In the *second*, as Betony. Alehoof. Alexanders. Archangel. Betony. Bugle. Buckhorn. Broom. Birch. Bay. Burnet. Costmary. Cuckoo-flowers. Carduus Benedictus. Centaury lesser. Cichory. Dill. Distaff thistle. Dandelyon. Divelsbit. Endive. Featherfew. Fumitory. Indian leaf. Ladies mantle. Maudlin. Mugwort. Marjerom. Mercury. Pimpernel. Plantains. Parsly. Rosemary. Sorrel. Smallage. Silverweed. Strawberry. Sage. Sanicle. Scabious. Soldanella. Scurvygrafs. Tobacco. Vervain. Wormwood common and Roman. Woodforrel and Willow. In the *third*, as Angelica. Arsmart hor. Brooklime. Bryony white and black. Bank-creffes. Calamint. Chamepitys. Crinkfoil. Clary. Dwarf Elder. Epithymum. Fleabane. German-elder. Glaswort. Horehound. Herb mastick. Herb of grace. Lavender. Lovage. Mints. Mother of time. Organy. Pilewort. Penny royal. Poleymountain. Sowthernwood male and female. Sullendine. Sneezwort. Savin. Savory sommer and winter. Silk. Tansie. Time and Trefoil. In the *fourth*, as Crowfoot. Garden creffes. Garlick. Leeks. Onions. Rosa solis. Spurge and wilde Rue.

5. *Moist*, and so in the *First degree*; as Borage. Bugloss. Basil. Mallows. Marigolds, and Pellitory of the Wall. In the *fourth*, as Arach. Chickweed. Daisies. Ducks-meat. Lettuce. Purslain. Sowthistles. Violets and Water lillies.

2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are 1. *Mollifying*; as Arach. Bay. Beets. Cypress. Fieawort. Mallows. Marshmallows. Pellitory of the wall, and Violets. 2. *Hardening*, as Ducks-meat. Housleek. Herbs cold Nightshade. Purslain. 3. *Opening*, as Endive. Garlick. Mallows. Marshmallows. Onions. Pellitory of the wall. Succory and Wormwood. 4. *Binding*,

as Amomum. Agnus Castus. Cypress. Cynkfoyle. Comfrey. Bawm. Fleawort. Horsetail. Ivy. Knotgrass. Bay. melilore. Myrtles. Oak. Plantain. Purslain. Shepheards-purse. Sorrel. Sea-green and Willow. 5. *Drawing*, as Birthwort. Dittany. Garlic. Leeks. Onions. Pimpernel, and all hot leaves. 6. *Cleansing*, as Arach. Beets. Ceterach. Chamapitis. Dodder. Horehound. Liverwort. Pimpernel. Pellitory of the wall. Sowthernwood. Sparagus. Willow and Wormwood. 7. *Extenuating*, as Chamomile. Hyssop. Juniper. Mugwort. Mother of Time. Pennyroyal. Stechas and Time. 8. *Anodyne*, as Arach. Calamint. Chamapitys. Cammomil. Dill. Henbane. Hops. Hogs fennel. Marjoram. Mother of Tyme. Parsly. Rosemary. Rue and Wormwood. 9. *Discutting*, as Arach. Beets. Cammomil. Chickweed. Dill. Maidenheads. Marshmallows. Mints. Melilore. Marjoram. Pellitory of the wall. Rue. Sowthernwood male and female, and Stechas; also Bawm. Docks. Cleavers. Cinkfoil. Mallows. Scordium. Water cresses. 10. *Expelling wind*, as Cammomile. Dill. Epithymum. Fennel. Garlic. Juniper. Marjoram. Organy. Savory winter and summer. Smallage and Wormwood.

3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are 1. *Suppurating*, as Mallows. Marshmallows, and white Lillies. 2. *Glutinating*, as Agrimony. Bugle. Centaury. Chamapitys. Cinkfoyl. Comfrey. Germander. Horsetail. Knot-grass. Mallows. Marshmallows. Maudlin. Pimpernel. Rupturewort. Strawberries. Self-heal. Tobacco. Tormentil. Woodchervil and Woundwort. 3. *Spermatogenetick*, Clary. Rocket, and Herbs hot, moist and windy. 4. *Emmenonagogick*, as Bishopsweed. Bettony. Broom. Batil. Cabbages. Centaury. Cammomil. Calamints. Dodder. Dittany. Fennel. Garlic. Germander. Horehound. Hartwort. St. Johnswort. Maiden hair. Marjoram. Mugwort. Nettles. Organy. Pimpernel. Poleymountain. Parsly. Rue. Rosemary. Southernwood. Sage. Smallage. Savin. Scordium. Time. mother of Time. Wormwood and Water-cresses. 5. *Stopping the Terms*, as Comfrey. Housleek. Knotgrass. Myrtles. Plantain. Shepheards-purse. Strawberries and Water lillies.

4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are, 1. *Alexipharmick*, as Alifanders. Bettony. Carduus Benedictus. Calamint. Carline-thistle. Agrimony. Fennel. Garlic. Germander. Horehound. Juniper. Maidenhair. Organy. Pennyroyal. Poleymountain. Plantain. Rue. Southernwood. Smallage. Scordium and Wormwood. 2. *Cathartick*, as, 1. *Purgers of Choller*, as Centaury. Groundsel. Hops. Mallows. Peaches. Senna and Wormwood. 2. *Of Melancholly*, as Dodder. Epithymum. Fumitory. Oxeye. and Senna. 3. *Of Pblegm and Water*, as Danewort. Bryony white and black. Elder. Hedge-hyssop. Lawrel. Mercury. Meze-

reon. Spurge. Senna and Sneezwort. 3. *Appropriate*, and so,
 1. They *Heat*. 1. The Head, as Bettony. Costmary. Carduus
 Benedictus. Cowslips. Eyebright. Featherfew. Goats-rue. Herb
 mastick. Lavender. Laurel. Loveage. Maudlin. Melilote. mother
 of Time. Pennyroyal. Rosemary. Salendine. Scurvy grass.
 Sneezwort. Senna. Spike. Time. Vervain. 2. The *Throat*, as
 Archangel white and red, and Divels bit. 3. The *Breast*, as
 Bettony. Bay. Bawm. Calaminth. Cammome. Distaff-thistle.
 Fennel. Germander. Hyssop. Horehound. Indian leaf. Mayden-
 hairs. Melilote. Nettle. Oak of Jerusalem. Organy. Periwink-
 les. Rue. Scabious and Time. 4. The *Heart*, as Angelica.
 Alicampane. Borage. Bugloss. Bay. Bawm. Basil. Carduus Bene-
 dictus. Goats rue. Rue. Rosemary. Southernwood male
 and female. Senna and Woodroof. 5. The *Stomack*,
 as Avens. Bay. Bawm. Broom. Fennel. Indian-leaf. Mints.
 mother of Time. Parsly. Sage. Schenanth. Smallage. Time,
 and Wormwood common and Roman. 6. The *Liver*, as Agri-
 mony. Alecost. Ash. Bay. asarabacca. Centaury lesser. Chame-
 pitys. Fennel. Germander. Foxgloves. Hops. Horehound. Hyssop.
 Ladies thistles. Maudlin. mother of Time. Pimpernel male
 and female. Parsley. Poleymountain. Smallage. Sullendine.
 Sampier. Sage. Scordium. Senna. Soldanelia. Spikenard.
 Toadflax and Water-creffes. 7. The *Bowels*; as Alehoof, A-
 lexanders, and Cammome. 8. The *Spleen*; as Agrimony,
 Ash-tree, Bay, Centaury lesser, Ceterach, Chamapitys, Epithy-
 mum, Fox gloves, Germander, Hops. Horehound. Harts tongue,
 Maydenhairs. mother of Time, Parsley, Poleymountain, Smal-
 lage, Sampire, Sage, Scordium, Senna, Toadflax, Tamarisk,
 Water-creffes and Wormwood. 9. The *Reins and Bladder*; as
 Agrimony, Bettony, Brooklime, Bay, Broom, Chervil, Cost-
 mary, Cammome, Clary, Germander, Hops, Maudlin, Marsh-
 mallows, Melilote, mother of Time, Nettles, Organy, Pimper-
 nel, male and female, Pennyroyal, Rupturewort, Rocket, Sam-
 pire, Scenanth. Sax-frage, Scordium, Spikenard, Toadflax,
 Vervain and Water-creffes. 10. The *Womb*; as Angelica,
 Archangel, Basil, Calaminth, Costmary, Dittany of Crete, Di-
 velsbit, Featherfew, Fleabane, Maudlin, Mugwort, Mayweed,
 Melilote, Mints, Nettles, Organy, Pennyroyal, Periwinkles,
 Schenanth, Sage, Savin, Scordium, Tantie, Time and Vervain.
 11. The *Joints*, as Agrimony, Artsmart hot, Cammome, Cost-
 mary, Cowslips, Garden creffes, St. Johnswort, Melilote, Rose-
 mary, Rue, Sciatica creffes, Sage, Stechas, and Water-creffes.
 2. They *cool*. 1. The *Head*, as Fumitory, Housleek. Lettuce,
 Plantain, Strawberry, Teasles, Violets, Water lilly, Willow and
 Wood sorrel. 2. The *Throat*; as Bramble, Orpine, Privet, and
 Strawberries. 3. The *Breast*; as Bramble, Colts foot, Money-
 wort, Orpine, Plantain, Poppy, Mulberry, Sorrel, Strawberrys
 Violet,

Violet, and Wood sorrel. 4. The *Heart*, as Burnet, Vipers Buglosse, Lettuce, Sorrel, Strawberry, Violet, Water Lilly, and VWood sorrel. 5. The *Stomack*, as Dandelion, Endive, Hawkweed, Lettice, Orpine, Purslain, Sorrel, Succory, Strawberry, Sowthistles, and Violet. 6. The *Liver*, as Dandelion, Endive, Fumitory, Lettuce, Liverwort, Nightshade, Purslain, Sorrel, Strawberry, Succory, VWater lilly, and VWood sorrel. 7. The *Bowels*, as Buckhorn, Burnet, Fumitory, Mallows, Orpine, and Plantain. 8. The *Spleen*, as Endive, Fumitory, Lettuce, and Succory. 9. The *Reins and Bladder*, as Houseleek, Knotgrass, Lettuce, Mallows, Moneywort, Plantain, Purslain, VWater lilly, and Yarrow. 10. The *Womb*, as Orach, Burdocks, Endive, Lillies, Myrtles, Moneywort, Purslain, Sengreen, Succory, Sowthistles, VWater Lillie, and VWild Tansey. 11. The *Joints*, as Henbane, Houseleek, Lettuce, Nightshade, Vine, and VWillow-leaves.

V. *Flowers*, are 1. *Hot*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Bitany. Borage. Buglosse. Camomile. Melilote. Oxeye. and Stechas. In the *Second*, as Amomus. Bawm. Clovegilliflowers. Hops. Jasmine. Lavender. Rocket. Saffron. Spicknard. Schenanth. and Rosemary. In the *Third*, as Agnus Castus. Epithymum. Honey suckles. Wallflowers or Wintergilliflowers. 2. *Cold*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Mallows. Roses red, white, and damask. and Violets. In the *Second*, as Anemone. Endive. Succory. and Waterlillies white and yellow. In the *Third*, as Balauftins. In the *Fourth*, as Henbane and Poppies. 3. *Moist*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Borage. Buglosse. Endive. Mallows. and Succory. In the *Second*, as Violets. and Waterlillies. 4. *Dry*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Camomile. Melilote. Oxeye. Saffron. and Roses. In the *Second*, as Anemone. Clovegilliflowers. Hops. Lavender. Peony. Rocket. Rosemary. and Spicknard. In the *Third*, as Balauftins. Chamepitys. Epithymum. Germander. and Woodbind.

2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Mollifying*, as Mallows, Saffron, and White lillies. 2. *Binding*, as Agnus Castus, Balauftins, Bawm, Clovegilliflowers, Melilote, Endive, Saffron, Succory, and Red Roses. 3. *Cleansing*, as Beans, Damask Roses, and Elders. 4. *Extenuating*, as Camomil, Flower de luce, Melilote, and Stechas. 5. *Anodyne*, as Camomil, Centaury, Dill, Melilote, and Rosemary. 6. *Helping Burnings*, as Mallows, marsh Mallows, and White Lillies. 7. *Discharging*, as Camomil, Dill, Mallows, marsh Mallows, Melilote, and Stechas, &c. 8. *Expelling Wind*, as Camomil, Dill, Schenanth, and Spicknard.

As for the *Third Qualities*, they are 1. *Suppurating*, as Saffron, and White Lillies. 2. *Glutinating*, as Centaury, and Balauftins.

Malauſtins. 3. *Emmenonagogick*, as Bittony, Camomil, Centaury, Bawm, Roſemary, Peony, Sage, Schenanth, and Wallflowers. 4. *Stopping the Termes*, as Balaufins, and Water-Lillies.

4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are, 1. *Alexipharmick*, as Bettany, and Centaury. 2. *Cathartick*, as 1. *Purgers of Choller*, as of Damask Roſes, Peaches, and Violets. 2. *Of Phlegme*, as Broom, and Elder. 3. *Appropriate*, and ſo, 1. *They Heat*, 1. *The Head*, as Bettony, Camomil, Cowſlips, Lavender, Melilote, Peony, Roſemary, Sage, Self heal, and Stechas. 2. *The Breſt*, as Bettony, Bawm, Scabious, and Schenanth. 3. *The Heart*, as Bawm, Borage, Bugloſſe, Roſemary, Saffron, and Spicknard. 4. *The Stomack*, as Roſemary, Schenanth, and Spicknard. 5. *The Liver*, as Camomil, Centaury, Bettony, Elder, Schenanth, and Spicknard. 6. *The Spleen*, as Bettony, and Wallflowers. 7. *The Reins*, and *Bladder*, as Bettony, marſh Mallows, Melilote, Schenanth, and Spicknard. 8. *The Womb*, as Bettony, Flowerde luce, Sage, and Schenanth. 9. *The Joynts*, as Camomil, Cowſlips, Melilote, and Roſemary. 2. *They Coole*, 1. *The Head*, as Poppies, Roſes, Violets, and Water Lillies. 2. *The Breſt and Heart*, as Roſes, Violets, and Water Lilles. 3. *The Stomack*, as Roſes, and Violets. 4. *The Liver and Spleen*, as Endive, and Succory. 3. *They Moſten*, the *Heart*, as Borage, Bugloſs, and Violets. 3. *They Dry it*, as Bawm, Bettony, and Roſemary flowers.

VI. *Fruits*, are, 1. *Temperate*, as Currence, Dates, Figgs, Pinenuts, Raiſins, and Sebeſtens. 2. *Hot*, and ſo, in the *Fiſt degree*, as Almonds ſweet, Cypres nuts, Haſel nuts, Jujubes, and green Walnuts. In the *Second*, as Bennuts, Capers, Fiſtick nuts, Haſel nuts dry, Nutmegs, and dry Walnuts. In the *Third*, as Anacardium, Almonds bitter, Carpobalaſamum, Cloves, Cubebs, and Juniper berries. In the *Fourth*, as Pepper, Ginny pepper, and the reſt. 3. *Cold*, and ſo, in the *Fiſt degree*, as Citrons, Pears, Prunes, and Quinces. In the *Second*, as Apples, Cucumers, Galls, Gourds, Limmons, Melons, muſk Mellons, Oranges, Pompions, Pomegranats, Peaches, and Prunes. In the *Third*, as Mandrakes. In the *Fourth*, as Syraonium. 4. *Moſt*, and ſo, in the *Fiſt degree*, as Citrons, Limmons, Oranges inner rind. In the *Second*, as Gourds, Melons, Peaches, and Prunes. 5. *Dry*, and ſo, in the *Fiſt degree*, as Juniper berries. In the *Second*, as Bay berries, Bennuts, Capers, Fiſtick nuts, Nutmegs, Pears, Pine nuts, and Quinces. In the *Third*, as Cloves, and Galls. In the *Fourth*, as all Peppers.

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2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Binding*, as Bay berries, Chestnuts, Cherries, Cornels, Cervices, Acorns and their Cups, Galls, Medlars, Myrtle berries, Nutmegs, Olives, Pears, Peaches, and Pomegranats. 2. *Extenuating*, as Almonds sweet and bitter, Bay berries, and Juniper berries. 3. *Anodyne*, as Bay berries, Figs, Ivy berries, Juniper berries, Currence, all Peppers, Raisins, and Wallnuts. 4. *Discussives*, as Capers, and all Peppers. 5. *Expelling Wind*, as Bay berries, Juniper berries, Nutmegs, and all Peppers.

3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are 1. *Glutinating*, as acorns, acorn cups, currence, dates, and raisins. 2. *Spermatogenetick*, as almonds sweet, figs, pine nuts, and raisins of the Sun. 3. *Emmenagogick*, as capers, and ivy berries. 4. *Stopping the Terms*, as barberries. 5. *Diuretick*, as Winter cherries.

4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are 1. *Alexipharmick*, as bayberries, citrons, juniper berries, pepper, pomecitrons, and walnuts. 2. *Cathartick*, as, 1. *Purgers of Choller*, as cassia fistula, citrine myrobolans, prunes, raisins, and tamarinds. 2. *Of Melancholy*, as indian myrobolans. 3. *Of Phlegme*, as colocynthis, cucumers wild, and myrobolans. 3. *Appropriate*, and so, 1. *They Heat*, 1. *The Head*, as Anacardias, cubebs, and nutmegs. 2. *The Breast*, as Almonds bitter, cubebs, dates, figs, hazel nuts, jujubs, raisins of the sun, and pine nuts. 3. *The Heart*, as Juniper berries, nutmegs, and walnuts. 4. *The Stomack*, as Almonds sweet, ben, cloves, juniper berries, nutmegs, olives, and pine nuts. 5. *The Spleen*, as Capers. 6. *The Rems and Bladder*, as Almonds bitter, cubebs, juniper berries, raisins of the sun, and pine nuts. 7. *The Womb*, as Juniper berries, bay berries, nutmegs, and wall nuts. 2. *They Coole*, 1. *the Breast*, as Oranges, limmons, prunes and sebestens. 2. *The Heart*, as Citrons, limmons, oranges, pears, pomegranats and quinces. 3. *The Stomack*, as Apples, citruls, cucumers, cherries, cornels, currans, cervices, gooseberries, gourds, limmons, medlars, musk melons, oranges, pears, pompions and quinces. 4. *The Liver*, as Barberries and Coolers of the stomach. 5. *The Rems and Womb*, as Strawberries, and the same.

VII. *Seeds*, are, 1. *Hot*, and so, in the *first degree*, as Coriander, fenugreek, gromel, linseed, lupines and rice. In the *second*, as Bazil, dill, nettles, orobus, rocket and smallage. In the *third*, as Amomus, anniseed, bishops weed, caraway, cardamoms, carrots, cumin, fennel, hartwort, navew, nigella and stavesacre. In the *fourth*, as Mustard seed, and Water cresses. 2. *Cold*, and so, in the *first degree*, as Barley. In the *second*, as Citruls, cucumers, endive, gourds, lettuce, melons, nightshade,

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pompions, purslain, sorrel and succory. In the *Third*, as hemlock, henbane, and poppies white and black. 3. *Moist*, and so in the *First degree*; as mallows. 4. *Dry*, and so in the *First degree*; as barley, beans, fennel, fenugreek and wheat. In the *Second*, as lentils, nightshade, orobus, poppies and rice. In the *Third*, as annis, caraway, cariander, cumin, bishopsweed, dill, gromel, nigella, parsley and smallage.

2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Mollifying*; as fenugreek, linseed, mallows and nigella. 2. *Hardening*, as purslain-seed. 3. *Binding*, as barberries, purslain, rose-seeds and shepherds-purse. 4. *Cleansing*; as barley, beans, lupines, nettles and orobus. 5. *Anodyne*, as amomus, carrots, cardamoms, cummin, dill, fenugreek, gromel, linseed, orobus, panic and parsley. 6. *Discharging*; as carrots, dill, fenugreek, nigella and linseed; also barley, coriander, daniel, lupines, mallows and marshmallows, helping swellings. 7. *Expelling wind*; as annis, caraway, carrots, cummin, dill, fennel, hartwort, nigella, parsley, smallage and wormwood.

3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are, 1. *Suppurating*; as daniel, fenugreek, french barley and linseed. 2. *Glutinating*; as daniel, lupines and orobus. 3. *Spermatogenetick*; as ash-tree keys, beans, cicers and rocket. 4. *Emmenagogueick*; as amomus, annis, bishopsweed, carrots, cicers, fennel, hartwort, parsley, lovage, sperage and smallage. 5. *Stopping the Terms*; as burdock, cumin and rose-seeds. 6. *Lithonriptick*; as gromel, mallows and marshmallows.

4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are, 1. *Alexipharmick*; as annis, bishopsweed, cardamoms, citrons, fennel, limmons, oranges, and smallage. 2. *Appropriate*; and so 1. *They heat*, 1. *The Head*; as fennel, marjoram and piony. 2. *The Breast*; as nettles. 3. *The Heart*; as basil, rue and mustard seed. 4. *The Stomach*; as amomus, annis, bishopsweed, cardamoms, cubebs, cummin, grains of Paradise and smallage. 5. *The Liver*; as amomus, annis, bishopsweed, caraway, carrots, cummin, fennel, smallage and sperage. 6. *The Spleen*; as annis, caraway and water cresses. 7. *The Reins and Bladder*; as cicers, gromel, nettles, rocket and saxifrage. 8. *The Womb*; as piony and rue. 9. *The Joynts*; as mustardseed, rue and water cresses. 2. *They cool*, 1. *The Head*; as lettuce, poppies white, and purslain. 2. *The Breast*; as poppies white, and violets. 3. *The Heart*; as citrons, limmons, oranges, and sorrel-seed: also the four greater and lesser cold seeds; viz. of citruls, cucumers, gourds and melons; endive, lettuce, purslain and succory, cool the Liver, Spleen, Reins, Bladder, Womb and Joynts; and the white and black poppy-seed.

VIII. Gums, are 1. *Temperate*; as Elemi, Lacca, and Tragacanth. 2. *Hot*, and so in the *First degree*; as Bdellium and Ivy-gum. In the *Second*, as Frankinsense, Galbanum, Mastick, Myrrh, Olybanum, Pitch, Rosin, and Styrax. In the *Third*, as Ammoniacum. In the *Fourth*, as Euphorbium. 3. *Cold*, as Gum Arabick. 2. As for the *second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Mol-lifying*, as Ammoniacum, Bdellium, Colophonia, Galbanum, Opopanax, Turpentine, Rosin, Pitch and Styrax. 2. *Binding*, as Gum Arabick, Sandarack or Juniper gum, and Tragacanth. 3. As for the *third Qualities*, they are 1. *Emmenonagogick*, as Styrax. 2. *Lithontriptick*, as Cherry gum. 4. As for the *fourth Qualities* they are *Cathartick*, as Opopanax, purging Flegm.

IX. Juyces, are, 1. *Temperate*, as Liquorice and white Starch. 2. *Hot*, and so in the *First Degree*; as Sugar. In the *Second*, as Labdanum. In the *Third*, as Assafetida and Benjamin. 3. *Cold*, and so in the *Second Degree*, as Acacia, and Sanguis Draconis. In the *Third*, as Hypocystis. In the *Fourth*, as Opium. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are *Cathartick*, as Aloes, Manna and Scammony, purging Choller.

X. Waters, are 1. *Hot*; and so, 1. *Concocting flegm*. 1. In the *Head*, as Bettony, Calaminth, Cammomil, Eyebright, Fennel, Marjoram, Primroses, Rosemary and Sage. 2. In the *Breast and Lungs*, as Bawm, Bettony, Carduus Benedictus, Flower-de-luce, Horehound, Hyssop, Maydenhair, Scabious and Self heal. 3. In the *Heart*, as Bawm and Rosemary. 4. In the *Stomach*, as Chervil, Fennel, Marigolds, Mints, Mother of tyme, Tyme and Wormwood. 5. In the *Liver*, as Agrimony, Centaury, Costmary, Marjoram, Maudlin, Organy, Fennel and Wormwood. In the *Spleen*, as Calamint, Water cresses and Wormwood. In the *Reins and Bladder*, as Burnet, Elicampane, Nettles, Pellitory of the wall, Rocket and Saxifrage. In the *Womb*, as Calamint, Lovage, Mother of tyme, Mugwort, Pennyroyal and Savin. 2. *Concocting Melancholy*. 1. In the *Head*, as Fumitory and Hops. 2. In the *Breast*, as Bawm and Carduus Benedictus. 3. In the *Heart*, as Bawm, Borage, Bugloss and Rosemary. 4. In the *Liver*, as Cichory, Endive and Hops. 5. In the *Spleen*, as Dodder, Harts-tongue, Tamaris and Time.

2. *Cold*, and so 1. *Cooling the Blood*; as Endive, Fumitory, Lettuce, Purslain, Sorrel, Succory, Violets and Water lillies. 2. *Cooling choller*; 1. In the *Head*; as black-cherries, lettuce, nightshade, plantain, poppies and water lillies. 2. In the *Breast and Lungs*; as coltsfoot, poppies and violets. 3. In the *Heart*; as roses, sorrel, quinces, violets, wallnuts green, and water lillies. 4. In the *Stomach*; as housleek, lettuce, nightshade, purslain, quinces, roses, sengreen and violets. 5. In the *Liver*;

endive, nightshade, purslain, succory and water lillies. 6. In the Reins and Bladder, as black cherries, endive, houseleek, plantain, strawberries, succory, water lillies, and winter cherries. 7. In the Womb, as endive, lettuce, purslain, roses, succory, and water lillies.

Thus of the *Vegetable Simples*; Now follow their *Compositions*, which are,

I. *Wines*, which are, 1. *Hot*, heating 1. The *Head*, as Bettony, fennel, eyebright, rosemary, sage, and stechas. 2. The *Heart*, as Borage, and buglosse. 3. The *Breast*, as Elecampane, hyssop and raisins. 4. The *Stomack*, as black cherries, sorrel, and wormwood. 5. The *Liver*, as Germander. 6. The *Spleen*, as Tamarisk. 7. The *Reins and Bladder*, as Sage and winter cherries. 2. *Binding*, as Myrtles, roses and quinces. 3. *Provoking Sweat*, as Pockwood. 4. *Purging*, 1. *Phlegme*, as Squills. 2. *Choller yellow*, as Scammony. 3. *Melancholy*, as black Hellebore. 4. *Water*, as Danewort, thymelæa, and chamelæa.

II. *Decoctions*, which are, 1. *Reficient*, as Barly, cicers, and pisan. 2. *Temperate*, as the common, &c of flowers and fruits. 3. *Heating the Breast*, as the Pectoral. 4. *Aromatick*, as the two for wounded men. 5. *Sudorifick*, as Guaiacum. 6. *Purgers*, of 1. The *Bloud*, as maiden hair, and fumitory. 2. *Choller yellow*, as of Fruits. 2. Of *Phlegme*, as stechas, and tyme. 3. *Melancholy*, as of Epithymum and senna of Gereon. 5. *Mixt humours*, as fumitory and myrobalsans.

III. *Syrups*, which are, 1. *Altering*, and so concocting, 1. *Choller*, 1. In the *Head*, as poppies, and water lillies. 2. In the *Breast*, as Jujubs, pomegranats, and violets. 3. In the *Stomack*, as Agrestæ, acetose, myrtles, oxysaccharate, quinces, and roses. 4. In the *Heart*, as the Acetose, citrons, limmons, and oranges. 5. In the *Liver*, as endive and succory. 2. *Phlegme*, 1. In the *Head*, as bettony, stechas, and anacardine honey. 2. In the *Breast*, as Hyssop, horehound, calamint, liquorice, maiden hair, and scabious. 3. In the *Heart*, as the Byzantine. 4. In the *Stomack*, as Mints, oxymel of squills, and common, honey of roses, and wormwood. 5. In the *Liver*, as Eupatorium, and two and five roots. 6. In the *Matrix*, as Mugwort. 3. *Melancholy*, 1. In the *Heart*, as borage, buglosse, and apples. 2. In the *Liver and Spleen*, as Hops, epithymum, spleenwort, and fumitory. 2. *Purging*, 1. *Choller*, as of Cichory with rhubarb, peach flowers, rhubarb, roses, violets, and mercurial honey. 2. *Phlegme*, as of bryony roots, hermodactyls, and oxymel helleborated, and julianizans. 3. *Mixt humors*, as Diascoreos.

IV. *Lobochs*, which are, 1. *Astringent*, as of diacodium, of fleawort and poppies. 2. *Absterfive*, as of Coltsfoot, coleworts, pine kernels, horehound, bastard saffron, sorrel, squills, raisins, sanum & expertum.

V. *Preserves*, which are, 1. *Hot*, heating and corroborating, 1. The *Heart*, as Apples, citronpils, myrobalans, chebs, nutmegs, indian nuts, and orange pills. 2. The *Stomack*, as Acorus, aromatical reed, galingal, ginger, citron pills, indian nuts, pears, quinces, and walnuts. 3. The *Reins*, as Etingo-roots. 2. *Cold*, cooling and strengthening, 1. The *Stomack*, as myrobalans, emblicks, cherries, medlars, peaches, prunes, and services. 2. The *Liver*, as Cichory roots.

VI. *Conserves*, which are, 1. *Hot*, heating, 1. The *Head*, as of Acorus, bettony, eyebright, lavender flowers, marjorame, peony, roses, rosemary, sage, and stechas flowers. 2. The *Breast*, as Bawm, hyssop, and maiden hair. 3. The *Heart*, as Bawm, borage, buglossie, clove gilliflowers, orange, and rosemary flowers. 4. The *Stomack*, as Elecampane, mints, and wormwood. 5. The *Liver*, as Elder flowers, fumitory, and wormwood. 6. The *Spleen*, as Fumitory, and spleenwort. 7. The *Womb*, as Bawm, marjorame, and rosemary flowers. 2. *Cold*, cooling, 1. The *Head*, as Roses, violers, and water-lillie flowers. 2. The *Breast*, as Violets. 3. The *Heart*, as Roses, sorrel, and violets. 4. The *Stomack*, as Roses and violets. 5. The *Liver*, as Cichory, roses, and violet flowers. 6. The *Spleen*, as Roses and violets. 7. The *Reins*, as Roses. 8. The *Womb*, as Roses and violets. 9. The *Joynts*, as Roses and violets.

VII. *Powders*, which are, 1. *Hot*, heating, 1. The *Head*, as Diacorum, diapeonias, and pleres arconticon. 2. The *Breast*, as Diapenidion, diatragacanth hot, diacalaminth, dihyssopum, diaprasium, and diathamaron. 3. The *Heart*, as Aromaticum rosatum and caryophyllatum, dianthos, and diaxyloaloes. 4. The *Stomack*, as the rosat aromatick, diagalanga, dianisum, diaxyloaloes, diacyminum, diacinnamomum, diazinziber, diaspoliticum, diatrion piperion. 5. The *Liver*, as Dialacca, diacurcuma, diacinnamomum, diacalaminth. 6. The *Spleen*, as Diacapparis. 7. The *Womb*, as Diacalaminth. 2. *Cold*, cooling, 1. The *Head*, as Diapapa-ver, and diatragacanth. 2. The *Heart*, as Diarrhodon abbatis, diatrionsantalum. 3. The *Stomack*, as Diarrhodon abbatis, and diatrionsantalum. 4. The *Liver*, as Diarrhodon abbatis, diatrionsantalum. 5. The *Spleen*, as Diatrionsantalum, diarrhodon abbatis. 6. The *Womb*, as Diatrion santalum, diarrhodon abbatis. 7. The *Joynts*, as Diarrhodon abbatis, diatrion santalum.

VIII. *Electuaries*

VIII. *Electuaries*, which are, 1. *Hot*, heating, 1. *The Head*, as *Confectio anacardina*, and *theriaca diateffaron*. 2. *The Breast*; as *Diaireos*. 3. *The Heart*; as *Confectio alkermes*. 4. *The Stomack*; as *Ex citro*, of bay berries, and *rosata novel-la*. 5. *The Liver*; as *Diacinnamomum*. 6. *The Spleen*; as *Diacapparis*. 2. *Cold*; cooling, 1. *The Head*; as the *Resumptivum*. 2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are *Astringent*, as *Diacydonium*, *miclera*, and *triphera minor*. 3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are, 1. *Lithontriptick*; as *Lithontribon*. 2. *Venereal*; as *Diasatyron*, *diacaryon*, and *triphera sar*. 4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are, *Cathartick*; *Purging*, 1. *Choller*; as *Diaprunum sol. de psyllio*, and of *Roses*. 2. *Phlegme*; as *Benedicta laxativa*, *diaphenicon*, *diaturbith*, *hiera picra*, with *Agarick*, *pachy*, *hermetis* and *diacolocynth*. 3. *Melancholy*; as *Diasena*, *confectio hamech*, *diapolypodium* and *hieralogadium*. 4. *Mixt Humors*; as *Diacarthamum*, *diaturbith* with *rhubarb*, and *hiera Ruffi*.

IX. *Pills*, which are, 1. *Anodyne*, as *Laudanum*, *ex cynogloss*, and of *styrax*. 2. *Cathartick*; *Purging*, 1. *Choller*; 1. *In the Head*; as the *Golden Pills*, and *Arabick*. 2. *In the Liver*; as of *Eupatorium* and *Rhubarb*. 2. *Phlegme*; 1. *In the Head*; as the *Cochie*, of *hiera* with *agarick*, *colocquintida*, *alhandal*, and of *six* and *eight* things. 2. *In the Breast*; as of *Agarick*, and *hiera* with *agarick*. 3. *In the Stomack*; as the *Aloephangine*, *mastick*, *stomach*, of *turbith*, *common*, and *pestilential*. 4. *In the Joynts*; as the *Arthritick*, *fetid*, of *hermodactyls*, *opopanax*, *sagapen* and *sarcocol*. 3. *Melancholy*; *In the Liver* and *Spleen*, as of *Fumitory*, and *indie*. 4. *Water*; as of *Euphorbium* and *mezercon*. 5. *Mixt humors*, 1. *In the Head*; as the *Cochie lucis* greater and lesser, and *fine quibus*. 2. *In the Stomack*; as the *Golden*, *assaureth*, *aloes*, *hiera simple*, *imperial*, *turbith*, *mastick*, and *pestilential*. 3. *In the Liver*; as of *three* things, and *halicacabum*. 4. *In the whole Body*; as the *Aggregative*.

X. *Troches*, which are, 1. *Hot*, as of *Xylaloes*, *saffron*, and *crocomagmadamoe*. 2. *Cold*; as of *Camphire* and *sanders*. 2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are 1. *Astringent*; as of *Barberries* and *diaspermaton*. 2. *Emollient*; as of *Capers*. 3. *Opening*; as of *bitter Almonds*, *benjamin*, *aniseed*, *lacca*, *eupatorium*, *myrrh*, *roses*, *rubarb*, *winter cherries*, and *worm wood*. 4. *Absterfive*; as *Cypheos*. 5. *Anodyne*, as of *Camphire*, *diarrhodon*, *diaspermaton*. 3. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are *Cathartick*; *purging*, 1. *Chollers*, as of *Rhubarb*. 2. *Phlegme*, as of *Agarick*, *alhandal*, and *hamech*. 3. *Mixt Humors*, as of *Violets*.

XI. Oyles, which are, 1. *Hot, heating,* 1. *The Stomack;* as of Mastick, mints, nard and wormwood. 2. *The Liver;* as of bitter Almonds, mastick, nard, peaches and wormwood. 3. *The Spleen;* as of Capers, behen, lillies and spike. 4. *The Womb;* as the Cherine, dill, flower de luce, saffron and nard. 5. *The Joynts;* as of Nard, nutmegs and indian nuts. 6. *The Nerves;* as of Costus, euphorbium, mastick, pepper, sweet marjoram and elecampane. 2. *Cold, cooling,* 1. *The Head;* as of Mandrakes and poppies. 2. *The Stomack;* as the Lentisk, myrtine, myrtle, omphacine, quinces and roses. 3. *The Breast;* as of Violets and water lillies. 4. *The Liver;* as the Stomachical. 5. *The Reins;* as Water lillies. 6. *The Nerves;* as the Lentisk. 7. *The Womb;* as of Gourds, lentisk, myrtles, quinces and water lillies. 3. *Dry;* as of Nard, nuts and ricinus. 4. *Moist;* as of sweet Almonds, fresh Olives, cucumers, gourds, melons, oyle pulse and violets. 2. *As for the Second Qualities, they are,* 1. *Mollifying;* as Daffodil, linseed, styrax, camomil and lillies. 2. *Resolving;* as Dill, camomil and euphorbium. 3. *Loosening;* as of sweet Almonds, gessamine and olives. 4. *Binding;* as of Mastick, mints, myrtles, myrtine, lentisk and cenanthe. 5. *Drawing;* as of Bayes, dill, Saint Johns wort and rue. 6. *Cleansing;* as of Myrrh, elder, radish and ricinus. 7. *Digesting;* as of bitter Almonds, nuts, olives and rue. 8. *Anodyne;* as of Camomil, dill, bayes, elder, Saint Johns wort, poplars, lillies, wall-flowers, almonds sweet, linseed, olives, omphacine, fleawort, poppies and roses. 3. *As for the Third Qualities, they are,* 1. *Suppurating;* as of Lillies. 2. *Glutinating;* as of liquid Amber, balsam, myrrh and tabacco. 3. *Incarning;* as saltat Oyl. 4. *Cicatrizing;* as Oyles of such Simples. 5. *Venerreal,* as of Fisticke nuts. 6. *Lithonitritick;* as of Cherries and citron kernels. 7. *Hypnotick;* as of Henbane, nightshade, lillies of the water, mandrakes and poppies. 4. *As for the Fourth Qualities, they are Cathartick,* as the Enicine and of rhymelæa.

XII. Oynments, which are, 1. *As of Bdellium, dialthea, aragon, martiatum, Agrippæ, &c for the Stomack.* 2. *Cold,* as the white and red Camphorate. Galens refrigerant, popplars, roseate and violets. 2. *As for the Second Qualities, they are,* 1. *Mollifying,* as of Bryony, dialthea, resumptivum, retrapharmacon and artanite. 2. *Binding;* as Comitrix, defensivum, Galcus refrigerant, citrinum, populeon, and the Pectoral. 3. *Drawing,* as the Fuscum, aragon, agrippæ, martiatum. 4. *Cleansing,* as the Citrine and egyptiack. 5. *Anodyne;* as the Anodyne, pectoral, dialthea, aragon, martiatum, resumptivum, populeon and Galens refrigerant. 6. *Hypnotick,* as Populeon. 7. *Resolving,* as of Bayes, agrippæ, aragon and martiatum.

tum. 3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are, 1. *Suppurating*, as Basilicon. 2. *Incarning*, as Aureum and Comitissæ. 3. *Glutinating*, as Aureum and the Citrine, and potable. 4. *Cicatrising*, as Album and Rubrum. 4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are *Cathartick*, as Agrippæ, and of Sowbread.

XIII. *Cerots*, which are, 1. *Hot*, as of Euphorbium, and that for the stomach. 2. *Cold*, as the santaline.

XIV. *Plaisters*, which are, 1. *Hot*, as that for the stomach. 2. *Cold*, as that of Hemlock. 2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Mollifying*, as Diachylon, Gratia Dei, that of Melilote and oxycroceum. 2. *Binding*, as of the crust of bread, and diaphenicon. 3. *Drawing*, as of Bertony. diachylon magnum. with gums, of melilote, and oxycroceum. 4. *Cleansing*, as Isis Gal. de janua. divinum. 5. *Anodyne*, as of Bayberries. melilote. oxycroceum. 6. *Resolving*, as great Diathylon. with gums. of cumin. bayberries. melilote. and oxycroceum. 3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are, 1. *Suppurating*, as Diachylon simple. the great. with gums. and of mucilages. 2. *Incarning*, as of Bertony. diapalma, de janua. and nigrum. 3. *Glutinating*, as Diapalma. and nigrum. 4. *Cicatrising*, as Diapalma.

XV. *Extracts*, which are, 1. *Glutinating*, as of Comfrey. 2. *Spermatogenetick*, as of Sasyrion. 3. *Cathartick*; *Purgings*, 1. *Choller*, as of Rhubarb. 2. *Phlegme*, as of Agarick and Aloes. 3. *Melancholy*, as of black Hellebore.

XVI. *Salts*, which are, 1. *Cathartick*; *Purgings*, 1. *By Coughing*, as of Saint Johns wort. and polypody. 2. *By Urine*, as of Camomil. bean stalks. broom. gentian. juniper. hedge hyssop. rest harrow. and wormwood. 3. *By the VVomb*, as of Bawm. celondine. and mugwort. 4. *By Sweat*, as of Rockwood.

Of all which, see more particularly in the *Book* it self, in their proper places, and my *Panxology*, and *Pammneralogy*, &c.

Thus of *Vegetables* considered as *Medicinal* and *Alimentary*, with their principal *Differences*, in respect of the whole or parts; as *Trees* or *Herbs*, by their *Roots*, *Barks*, *Woods*, *Leaves*, *Flowers*, *Fruits*, *Buds*, *Seeds* or *Grains*, *Tears*, *Liquors*, *Gums*, *Resins*, *Juyces*, things bred thereof, and *Waters* &c. with their *Temperatures* and *Qualities*, first, second, and third; and as *Appropriate* and *Medicinal* in general: As also of their *Compounds*, viz. *Spirits*. *Waters*. *Tinctures*. *Wines*. *Vinegers*. *Decoctions*. *Syrups*. *Robs*. *Lohochs*. *Preserves*. *Conservees*. *Sugars*. *Powders*. *Electuaries*. *Pills*. *Troches*. *Oyls*. *Oyntments*. *Cerecloths*, *Plaisters*, and *Chymicals*; And of *Roots*. *Barks*. *Leaves*.

Leaves. Flowers. Fruits. Buds. Grains or Pulses. Juyces and Oyls. as *Alimentary*, in general, &c.

There now remaineth the more particular Enquiry thereinto, in the present Discourse;

To which is Added in this Edition,

The Differences of Vegetables, as to their Parts and Qualities, the *Synonymous Names of Plants*, both *Latine* and *English*; and of all *Diseases* Alphabetically: As also the Use of all *Vegetable Compositions*, of *Galen, Avicenna, Mesue, Nicholas, Fernelius, and Renodius, &c.* now in use, and to be had at the Apothecaries Shops, according to their Bases, according to *Authors* (both *Ancient* and *Moderne*, *Galenical* and *Chymical*; especially *Gerard* and *Parkinson*, as to all Herbs that have Cuts therein, which are All herein mentioned (except where there's an &c.) together with their Use and Vertues: so that both those Herbals are here cast into one Mould, serving *Inftar omnium*, (containing more Plants, and more of each Plant than they both; yea, than the great *Bauhinus*.) with many Others; whose Vertues when mentioned, relate to the most Common Plant, first mentioned in each Chapter, except there be some particular things first Specified.

Thus Reader desiring thy health, I rest,

Thine,

R. L.



Faults escaped in the Authors Absence, in this
INTRODVCTION.

PAG. 5. line 6. read amarum. 6. l. 14. colligation. 8. l. 9. extimulation. l. 17. tmetick. 12. l. 42. eruginous. 21. l. 35. apostumes. 22. l. 17. of heat. 23. l. 28. motional part. l. 45. 2. ounces to 4. 51. l. 20. splinters out. 59. l. 20. acerb & acid. 63. l. 43. acon. 66. l. 29. common. 30. woodroof. 67. l. 19. bawm. bay. 68. l. 28. bawm, basil. l. 32. pennyroyal, pol.

A Catalogue

A Catalogue of the names of Authors, as they are cited in the following Discourse, with the explication thereof, and number of their Cuts.

A Cac. Acacia.
 A Cost. A Costa.
 Actuar. Actuarius.
 Ag. Aegineta.
 Alian. Alianus.
 Emil. Mac. Æmilius Macer.
 Æt. Ætius.
 Agric. Agricola.
 Agrip. Agrippa.
 Ald. Aldinus.
 Aldrovand. Aldrovandus.
 Almeyd. Almeyda.
 Alpin. Prosper Alpinus. 46.
 Amat. Lus. Amatus Lusitanus.
 Anguil. Anguillara.
 Ant. Musa. Antonius Musa.
 Apollin. Apollinaris. 141.
 Apollod. Apollodorus.
 Apul. Apuleius.
 Aquap. Aquapendens.
 Arab. Arabum.
 Arist. Aristoteles.
 Augen. Augenius.
 Aug. Augustani.
 Avic. Avicenna.
 Auth. Pandect. Author Pandectarum.

B Apt. Port. Baptista Porta.
 Bapt Sard. Baptista Sardinus.
 Bar. Barrough.
 Barth. Ang. Bartholomæus Anglus.
 Bauh. Bauhinus. 3547.
 Bayf. Bayfield.
 Begu. Beguinus.
 Bellon. Bellonius.
 Benz. Benzo.
 Bern. Paludan. Bernardus Paludanus.
 Ies. Hortus Blefensis.

Blochwit. Blochwitius.
 Bokel. Bokelius.
 Bont. Bontius.
 Bor. Borellus.
 Bras. Brasavola.
 Boorde. D. Boorde.
 Brug. Brugis.
 Brunsf. Brunsfelsius. 288.

C Cæsalp. Cæsalpinus.
 Cam. Camerarius. 1003.
 Campeg. Campegius.
 Cass. Bass. Cassianus Bassus.
 Castel. Castellus.
 Car. Car.
 Cels. Celsus.
 Chalm. Chalmers.
 Cieca.
 Clowes.
 Clus. Clusius. 1135. (exon
 194.)
 Col. Coles.
 Columel. Columella.
 Column. Columna. 205.
 Cord. Cordus. 272.
 Cornar. Cornarius.
 Cortus. Cortusius.
 Cost. Costæus.
 Crat. Crato.
 Cratev. Cratevas.
 Cresc. Crescentius.
 Croll. Crollius.
 Culp. Culpepper.
 Cuzen. Cuzenus.

D Al. Dalechampsius.
 Dam. à Goes. Damianus
 à Goes.
 De Laët.
 Diosc. Dioscorides.
 Dod. Dodonæus. 1305.

Dond;

Dond: De Dondis.
 Dorst: Dorstenius.
 Droet: Droetus.
 Dur: Durandus.
 Durant: Durantes. 879.

Eraft: Erastus.
 Ern: Ernestus.
 Eyfiet: Hortus Eyfiettenfis.
 1083.

Fab: Faber.
 Fall: Fallopius.
 Fern: Fernelius.
 Ficin: Ficinus.
 Florent: Florentinus.
 For: Forestus.
 Fracast: Fracastorius.
 Freitag: Ficitragius.
 Fuch: Fuchsius. 516.
 Fum: Fumanellus.

Gal: Galenus.
 Gall: Gallorum.
 Gerc: Garcias.
 Gaza.
 Gebelk: Gebelkoverus.
 Ger: Gerard.
 Ger: Berg: Gerardus Bergen-
 fis.
 Germ: Germanorum.
 Gesn: Gesnerus.
 Goclen: Goclenius.
 Gron: Hortus Groningensis.
 Grul: Grulingius.
 Guainer: Guainerius.

Haf: Hortus Hafnienfis.
 Hart: Hartmannus.
 Heurn: Heurnius.
 Heron: Hieronymus herba-
 rius.
 Hipp: Hippocrates.
 Hisp: Hispanorum.
 Hoier: Hoierus.
 Holler: Hollerius .

Horn: Hornius.
 Horst: Horstius.
 Hort: san: Hortus sanitatis.
 Hubn: Hubnerus.
 Hugo Soler: Hugo Solerius.

Jarric: Jarricus.
 Ind: Indorum.
 Jo: Joel.
 Jo: Spiringus.
 Johnf: Johnson. 27307
 Johnst: Johnstonus.
 Jordan: Jordanus.
 Joub: Joubertus.
 Isaac.
 Isid: Isidorus.
 Ital: Italarum.
 Jul: Alex: Julius Alexandri-
 nus.
 Junck: Junckers.

KEgl: Keglerus.
 Kentman: Kentmannus.
 Kunr: Kunradus.

LAcun: Lacuna.
 Lang: Langham.
 Lemn: Lemnius.
 Linschor: Linschottus.
 Lips: Lipsius.
 Lob: Lobelius. 2116.
 Lonic: Lonicerus. 833.
 Lugd: Lugdunensis. 1587.
 Lugd: Hort: Lugdunensis Hor-
 tus. Bar.

MAc: Macasius.
 Mess: Massus.
 Manard: Manardus.
 Matth: Matthiolus. 957.
 Mes: Mesue.
 Mind: Mindererus.
 Miz: Mizaldus.
 Monard: Monardes.
 Monardus.
 Montag: Montagnana

Mont;

Mont: Montanus.
 Morefcot: Morefcottus.
 Myl: Mylius.
 Myrefp: Myrefpus.

N Eand: Neander.
 Nicand: Nicander.
 Nic: Nicol: Nicolaus. Niculus.
 Noll: Nollius.

O ffic: Officinarum.
 Orib: Oribafius.
 Oved: Ovedus.

P Allad: Palladius.
 Palmar: Palmarius.
 Parac: Paracelfus.
 Parey.
 Par: Hortus Parifienfis.
 Park: Perkinfon. 2786.
 Pat: Hortus Patavinus.
 Paul: Paulus.
 Pem: Pemel.
 Pen. Pena.
 Penor: Penotus.
 Perf. Perfaram.
 Pharm: Lond: Pharmacopœia
 Londinenfis.
 Phyt: Brit: Phytologia Brittan-
 nica.
 Pifan: Pifanellus.
 Platear: Plateatius.
 Plat: Platerus.
 Plaut: Plautus.
 Plin: Plinius.
 Plut: Plutarchus.

Q uerc: Quercetanus.

R Ab: D. Chimchi.
 Rau: Rauwolfius. 42.
 Read: D. Read.
 Recch: Recchus.
 Ren: Renealmus. 42.
 Renod: Renodæus.
 Rhaf: Rhafis.
 Ric: Ricinus.

Riol: Riolanus.
 Riv: Riverius.
 Rondel: Rondeletius.
 Rud: Rudius.
 Ruell: Ruellius. 3507.
 Ruland: Rulandus.
 Rumf. Rumfey.

S Ala: Angelus Sala.
 Savon: Savonarola.
 Scalig: Scaliger.
 Schenk: Schenklius.
 Scholtz: Scholtzius.
 Schrod: Schroderus.
 Schwenckf: Schwenckfelt.
 Senn: Sennertus.
 Serap: Serapio.
 Seren: Sam: Q. Serenus Samo-
 nicus.
 S: Seth: Simeon Sethi.
 Smith.
 Solenand: Solenander.
 Stock: Stockerus.
 Sylv: Sylvius.
 Sylvat: Sylvaticus.

T Ab: Tabernæmontanus;
 2087.
 Tentzel: Tentzelius.
 Terent: Terentius.
 Thal: Thalius.
 Theoph: Theophrastus.
 Thevet: Thevetus.
 Tradesc: Tradescant.
 Trag: Tragus. 567.
 Tral: Trallianus.
 Tulp: Tulpus.
 Turc: Turcarum.
 Turn: Turner.

V Al: de Tar: Valefcus de
 Taranta.
 Vall: Valleriola.
 Varig: Varignana.
 Var: Varro.
 Vefling: Veflingius.

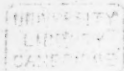
V: Vid:

V: Vid: Vidus Vidius.
 Vigon: Vigonius.
 Vill: Villanovanus.
 Virgil: Virgilius.
 Virgin: Virginia.
 Vitruv: Vitruvius.
 Ulstad: Ulstadius.
 Untz: Unizerus.

WArf: Hortus Warfavi-
 ensis.
 Weck: Weckerus.
 Weinrich: Weinrichius.
 Wirtzung: Wirtzungus.
 Worm: Wormius.

*A TABLE of such Abbreviations as are
 used in this Work.*

P. Place.	ser: a scruple.
T. Time.	drach: a dram.
N. Name.	unc: an ounce.
K. Kindes, or Species.	acerab: two ounces and an half.
T. Temperature.	lib: a pound.
V. Vertue.	sem: half.
H. Hurts. D. Dose.	an: a like quantity.
ap: applied.	m: an handful.
c: cause, causeth or caused.	a pugill: a little handful.
d: drunk.	no: in number.
f: flowers, or floured.	ferè: almost.
h: help, helpeth or helped.	10. in the first degree.
m: mix or mixed.	20. in the second degree.
pp: prepared.	30. in the third degree.
p: xq: equal parts.	40. in the fourth degree.
q: s: or s: q: a sufficient quan- tity.	initio: in the beginning.
gr: a grain.	medio: in the middle.
ob: half a scruple.	fine: in the end.



THE



A

Abeet, *see* white Poplar tree.

Ache, *see* Smallage.

Aconite, *see* Wolfes bane.

Adders grasse, *see* Doggs ballocks or stings.

Adders Tongue, *Ophioglossum.*

Place. It groweth in moist Meadows:

Time. It is found in Aprill and May.

Name. It's call'd *Οφιογλωσσον*, *Lingua Serpentis*,
Lancea Christi, *Eneaphyll. lingua vulneraria.*

ADDERS Tongue. *Ger. 7. Kinds.* As the common, and mishapen. *Temperature.* It's drie 30. *Virtues.* The leaves stamped and boyled in oyle Olive, untill the herbs be parched, then strained, yeeld an excellent balsame for green wounds; Like that of S. Johns wort. *Park.* It's temperate, between hot and cold, drie 20. The juyce drunk with Horsetaile water distilled, helpeth all Wounds, Vomiting, flux of blood, and Whites. The powder helpeth Ruptures: decoct in red Wine, it helpeth watering eyes. *Col:* It cureth Fevers and all heat in the body. The juyce taken in the distilled water of Oken budds, stopps the Courses. With Hogs grease, it helpeth S. *Anthones* fire; also the leaves mixed with Swines grease, and gently boyld, strained, and applied; helps burnings, hot tumors, apostumes, and spreading sores: and also repress inflammation in wound; being infused in Oyle Olive, with clear turpentine.

A

and

and insolated. It cureth the bitings of Serpents, by signature, (as some affirme.) See the *Isagoge*.

Adder-wort, see Snake-weed.

Adonis floure, *Flos Adonis*.

P. It groweth in the west part of England amongst the Corne.

T. Fl. in May, June, July, and later.

N. Ἐργάνη, *Eranthemum*. *Flos Adonidis*.

Adonis floure. *Ger. T.* That with red floures according to the tast, seemeth to be something hot, but not much. *V.* The seed is thought to be good against the stone, the seed stamped and the powder given in Wine, Ale, or Beer, to drink, doth with great effect help the Collick: which also is affirmed by *Parkinson*, who saith it hath been certainly tryed by experience and the first is consented to by *Basb. Tabern.* it's hot and dry 2°, and is used in sudatory baths, against cold humors.

Agarick, see Larch tree.

Agnus castus. see Chast-tree.

Agrimony. *Agrimonia*.

P. It groweth in barren places, by high ways, &c.

T. It floureth in June and later: and seedeth in Summer.

N. Εὐπρωτόειον, *Eupatoria*, *Lappa inversa* *Philanthropos*.

Agrimony. *Ger. T.* is hot and moderately bindeth, it's temperate in drinesse. *Gal.* Of subtil parts, cutting and scouring: it openeth the Liver, and strengthneth it. *V.* The leaves decoct h. naughty livers, and pissing of blood. the seed d in wine, h. the bloody flux, and biting of Serpents, the leaves stamped with old swine

swines greafe, ap. close ulcers that be hardly healed
 boyled in wine and d. it h. hepatick fluxes in old
 people. The water *Ag.* or water hemp, *Eupatorium*
cannabinum Ger. *J. K.* as the common and common
 Dutch *Ag:* T. the leaves and root are hot and dry 2^o
 scoure, open, and attenuate. and d. h. scabbs, jaun-
 dice, wounds, and tertians. *Park. K.* as the bastard
 hemp like, and broad leaved hempe-like *Ag:* of America.
 V. the sweet is the best, which being decoct and d.
 h. the Collick and cough. ap. with swines greafe,
 it is magneticall, and draweth out things fixed in
 flesh, and h. luxations; the juyce dropped into the
 eares h. impostumes: so the distilled water, and
 hemplike *Agrimony*, d. it h. dropsies and all impo-
 stomes c. by cold. boyled with Fumitory in whey
 and d. it h. the itch. *scr. 1.* taken kills worms. *Matth.*
 the herb or seed d. in wine h. the dysenterie: and
 unc. 6. d. in white wine with sugar h. the strangury,

Ague tree, *Sassafras*. *

P. In the west Indies neer the sea in temperate places.
 T. It is green and flourisheth all the yeare.
 N. It is called by the Indians *Pavame*, & *Winanke*.

Ague tree. Ger. T. the wood and branches are hot
 and dry 2^o. of somewhat subtil parts: the rind is hor-
 ter, sc. 30. V. the best of the tree is the root, and
 that the best, which hath the rind fast cleaving to it
 of a rawny colour, and sweet smel. The distilled
 water thereof smelleth and tasteth as the Cinamon
 and produceth the same effects; the decoction of the
 wood in water, boyled to the colour of Claret wine
 d. for certaine dayes h. the dropsie, openeth the Li-
 ver, and cureth quotidian and tertian agues, and long
 fevers: the root comforteth the liver and feeble sto-
 mack, c. appetite, consumeth winde, stops vomiting,

and perfumeth the breath, it provoketh urine, and c. fruitfulness. *Park*. The decoction of the branches is inwardly given in all cold diseases, and obstructions of the liver and spleen, as also in cold rheumes & defluations of the head on the teeth, eyes, or lungs, warming and drying up the moisture; and strengthening the parts. It helpeth coughs and other cold diseases in the upper parts, it also dryeth up the moisture of the wombe, which in most is the cause of barrenness, it is generally used in all diseases c. of cold, raw, thin, and corrupt humors: it h. the French disease; the leaves ap. h. wounds. *Electuarium è sassafras Pharm: Lond:* or, the *Electuary of the Ague-tree*, opens the obstructions of the liver and spleen; h. cold rheumes, or defluations, to the lungs, teeth, or eyes; it's good in coughs and cold distempers of the lungs and breast; h. digestion, wind, and gravel of the kidneys, provokes the termes; warmes and dries the moisture of the womb which often causeth barrenness, and h. all diseases of cold raw and thin humours: the *D. drach sem.* in the morning.

Aish weed, see Herb Gerrard.

Alder tree. *Alnus.*

P. Groweth in low and moist places.

T. The black fl. in spring. berries in Aut. the fruit of the 2d is ripe in Sept.

N. Κλάγγ. the common, & *Amedamus*. The other is called *Frangula*, & *Avornus*.

Alder tree black. *Ger*: T. its inner barke is purging; and drying. V. the infusion thereof purgeth phlegm and choller in stoole and vomit; decoct in vinegar it h. the tooth ache and scabs &c. the drier is lesse violent, the leaves c. milk in beasts. The common and rough

rough leaved Al. T. the *leaves* and *barke*, are cold, drie, and astringent. V. the *leaves* h. hot ulcers, and all inward inflammations, as of the almonds &c. the *barke* serveth for the Diers. *Park.* the *leaves* put under the feet refresh travellers; the *other's bark* boyled with agrimony, wormwood, dodder, hopps, fennell, smallage, and endive roots d. h. Cachexy, P. L. also the dropfie, jaundise, rickets, appetite, scab, and itch: it strengthens the liver, spleen, and stomach, drunk every morning. the *outmost bark* h. lasks.

Alcock, see Costmary.

Alchoof, see, Ground joy.

Alexanders foot, see, Pellitory of Spaine.

Alexander. *Hippofelinum.*

P. Groweth almost every where: the 2d in Candy.

T. The seed is ripe An. 2. in Aug. the 2d fl in June.

N. ἱπποσέλινον. Equarium, apium Sylv. Smyrniūm. petrosel. Mac.

Alexander. *Ger.* T. the *seeds* and *root* are hot and drie 30 as of the garden parslly, cleansing and attenuating. V. and eaten h. the stomach; the *seeds* bring down the flowers, expell the secundine, break winde, provoke urine, and h. the strangury: so the *root* decoct with wine. *That of Candy.* *Smyrniūm Creticum.* T. is hot and drie 30. V. the *leaves* dissolve wens, drie ulcers, and green wounds, the *seed* is opening and diuretick, and h. the lungs; the *root* h. the asthma and coughs. *Park.* the *seed* taken in wine h. the bitings of Serpents.

Alkanet. *Anchusa.*

P. Montpellier. Narberne. Kent. Cornwall.

T. Fl. in the summer months, the roots are bloody in harvest.

N. *Αγχου.* *Fucus herba.* *Onocleia.* *Buglossa* Hisp. *Orchanet.*

Alkanet. Ger. *f.* as the red, yellow, and small *Alk.*

T. the roots are cold and drie. Gal. binding, bitter and cleansing choler, the leaves are weaker. V. Diosc. a cerot of the root with oile h. old ulcers, with parched barley meal it h. the leproy, tetters & ringwormes: as a pessarie it extracts the dead birth: the decoction with hydromel, d. h. the yellow jaundice, diseases of the kidneys, the spleen, and agues. the leaves d. in wine h. laskes. the root boiled with wine and sweet butter taken, h. bruises by falling. d. with hot beere it expells the measles and pox. unc. 2. of the root with oile olive a pint, earthworms pp. n^o. 20 boiled and ap. h. deep punctures. Park. K. the tall and low. V. kill wormes, d. with hyssop and cresses. the leaves and root d. in wine h. the mother. Bauh. the root boyled with oyle and whey, h. burnings: ap. with barley meale it h. the erysipelas. The other, called *Alcibiadion*, being taken, h. the bitings of venomous beasts. Plin: the leaves ap. with hony and meale h. luxations.

Alleluya, see, Wood-sorrel.

All-good, see, False or English mercury.

All-heale. *Panax.*

P. The 1. groweth in Syria, Bxotia, &c. the Clownes. *Allheale*, in moist places.

T. The 1. fl. in May to the end of Septemb. the 2. in Aug. and seedeth in Septemb.

N. *Παναξ.* The Clownes *Allb.* is called *Stachys palust.* and aquat: & *tertiola.* the gum, *Opopanax.*

All-heale. Ger. K. as that of *Hercules*, and the great

great *Allh. T.* the *barke* of the *root* is hot and drye
Gal: yet lesse then the *juyce*, *sc.* 3^o. *V.* the *seed* pow-
 dered and d. in wormewood wine h. poyson, and
 the bitings of venemous beasts. the *leaf* or *root*
 stamped with hony, till like an unguent, ap: cureth
 ulcers and wounds and covereth naked bones. The
Clowns Allheale. Panax Coloni. T. is hot 2^o dry 1^o.
V. the *leaves* stamped with axungia, h. green
 wounds, ap. as a *pulvis*: so also with oile and tur-
 pentine: taking inwardly Saracens consound with
 hony and sugar, boiled in Claret wine. *Park. K.* as
 the *American* with shining leaves, the *crusted berried*,
 and *costus* like all heale. *V.* the *gum* of that of *Herc.*
 purgeth flegme from remote parts. ap. and d. it h.
 cold diseases, so the last. *Pilule de opoponace Pharm,*
Lond. or the *Pills of opoponax*, h. tremblings, palsies.
 all gout, cleanse the joynts, and h. coldness, of the
 nerves: they work strongly the *D.* is *drach. sem:*
 keeping warme. Also they are of affinity to *Fztidæ*,
 and imitate their virtues: and the *D.* may be *drach.*
sem. to scr. 2. or *drach. 1.* in very strong bodies, ta-
 ken in a morning early, in bed, and slept upon, and
 posset drunk or whey being used upon the working;
 they extenuate, dissolve, and evacuate grosse and
 clammy flegme, and all cold humours; from the
 brain, nerves, eyes, and joynts; they break wind,
 ease the breast, spleen, guts, womb and bladder, loa-
 ded with the aforefaid humours, they are good a-
 gainst the epilepsie, cramp, palsie and such like, dis-
 eases. *Schrod.* the *D.* of the *extraet* is *drac. sem.*
 to *drach. 1.*

All seed, *Attriplex sylvestris.*

P. Neere pathways, ditches and dung-hils.

T. Fl. and seedeth in June, to the end of Aug.

N. Ἀτρίπλεξ ἄγρια. Polyspermon Cassani Baffi.

All seed, or *Arrach* wild. *T. Gal.* is moist 2^o
 cold

cold 10 see *Orach*. Col. K. as the great common wild, narrow leaved, and wild *Arrach* with so much seed that it is called *All seed*. V. The common wild *Arraches*, are nere as cold as the garden sorts, but more drying, serving cheisly for inflammations, being applyed outwardly thereunto; applyed they cool apostumes, & h. S. Anthonies fire, and such like maladies: so *Park*, applyed they dissolve tumours, with vineger and nitre ease paine of the Goute, and cure scabbed nailes.

Almond tree. *Amygdalus*.

P. Hot regions, any where if planted.

T. Fl. with the Peach: the fruit is ripe in Aug.

N. Ἀμυγδαλή. *Nuces græcæ* Caton: the fruit *amygdalum*.

Almonds. Ger. T. the sweet, dried, are moderately hot; the bitter are hot and drie 20 and fat. V. the sweet are nourishing, grosse when fresh, and bind the belly. The milke h. the lask, the bloody fluxe, and plurisie, opening, concocting, and cleansing, they h. the chest and lungs, and raise up rotten humours, taken before meat they stop the belly, with barley water, h. seavers. the oyle of the sweet Almonds h. all aches, and plurifies; d. after phlebotomy: and stone of the kidnies, it lubrifies the ureters, opens the belly, h. collick, and womens throwes, smooths the face, and cleanseth the skin, *Oleum amygdalarum dulcium*, Pharm. Lond. or the oyle of sweet almonds, h. roughnesse and sorenesse of the throat, and stomach, and pluresies. It increaseth, seed, easeth coughs, and hecrick seavers; injected, it h. the scalding of urine, and ulcers in the bladder, reines, and matrice the D. is unc. sem. alone, or with the syrup of violers taking a spoonfull at a time, still shaking them together.

ther. It's to be used new, if taken inwardly. Also it h. hoarsnesse mixed with *lobach sanum*, or sugar candy. a spoonefull h. young children choaked with phlegme. It's good drunk in the dysentery, and after strong purgers *unc.* 1. or 2. in the evening, to take away the acrimony and malignity. *Senn.* also the oile of sweet almonds, h. the doglike appetite. and used to the duggs, it h. their gracility and hidennes. *Bitter Almonds* attenuate and open the liver, and spleen, h. paine of the side, open the body, provoke urine, bring down the menses, h. strangury, with a *looch* cleanse the lungs : and with starch stay hæmoptysis. 5 or 6 taken fasting keep from drunkenesse, they mundify the skin and ulcers ; with hony h. the birings of mad doggs : and ap. with vinegar h. head ach, cough and shortnesse of wind. the oyle d. is diuretick : so ap. *Oleum amygd. amar.* P. L. or the oile of bitter almonds, opens obstructions, h. deafnes if dropped in. It h. hard nervs, & spots in the face, & is seldome taken inwardly. Also it discusses winds and vapours. It helps paines and noise of ears. annointed it h. the great bellies of children and the drop sic, and provokes urine with the oile of scorpions, so used. *Diosc.* the gum healeth and bindeth, h. hæmoptysis, paines of the stone, sharpnesse of urine, decoct with liquorish, and tetrers dissolved in vinegar. *Park.* V. the oile with powder of sugar candy, h. dry coughs, and women after travel : the powder of the *cakes* smooths the skin : the bitter, with amyllum and mints h. the hæmoptysis.

Aloes. *Aloe.*

P. India, Arabia, Ægypt, Asia, Spaine and nigh the Sea.

T. It is alwaies green. Fl. in the summer months.

N. 'Aloë. Amphibion. *Sempervivum.* *Sedum.*

Aloes. Ger. *J. K.* as the common, and prickly T. the

juice is hot 2^o drie 3^o. very bitter : emplastick, and something binding, ap. V. it purgeth the belly, comforteth the stomach, it purgeth more *if not washed* : if so, (by warme water evaporated) it more strengthneth the stomach & purgeth choller out of the next passages : it preserveth from putrefaction, killeth worms, h. stinking breath, & openeth the piles; taken in a smal q. it c. monthly courses, & openeth obstructions, *drach. 1.* taken. It helps wounds, cleanseth ulcers, as in the fundament, &c. its put into medicines which stanch bleeding; and h. the eyes, troubled with roughnesse and itching. with vinegar and oyle of roses ap. it h. headach, & with wine, the falling of the haire. with wine & hony h. swellings & ulcers of the mouth: with hony, the spots coming of stripes; the *juice*, *aloe succotrina*, purgeth phlegmatick, cold & cholerick humours, in plethorick bodies, *drach. 2.* taken in a stewed prune, expell superfluous humours, h. the jaundice and all fluxes of blood; so ap. *Lignum aloes*. T. is moderately hot and drie, of somewhat subtil parts : taken it h. moist stomachs and weakelivers; the dysente y and plurisies, and is cordiall; chewed it *perfumes* the breath; if burnt, the roome. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extraſt* is gr. 4. to 10. *Park. V.* the leaves of the herb h. scalding, the *juice* ap. with oyle of wormewood to the navill kills wormes. The *American*. T. is bitter and sharp, the *juice* h. wounds and old sores, with wormewood the wounds of Serpents: the *fume* taken h. the French disease. *Lang.* Aloes anointed with rose water, kills crablice; so with ceruse and oyle of roses, or swines grease: one part & a half of aloes, with two of Frankinsense, and the white of an egge and hares furr h. the aneurisme. *Hiera picra simplex Gal. Pharm. Lond.* is excellent for vicious *juices* furring the tunicle of the stomach and idle fancies caused thereby, especially between sleeping and waking: it gently purgeth the belly, and h. women not well purged after travell. It may be made up into pills with honey, and

scr. 1. taken at night, drinking a draught of broth in the morning. Also *drach. 2.* or *3.* given in worm-wood Rhenish wine with *unc. sem.* of syrup of mugwort compound, will provoke the termes, and help the green sicknesse. *Pilula Alephanginae, Pharm. Lond.* or *Alephangine pills*, strengthen, and cleanse the stomach and brain of grosse and putrified humours, and free from the troubles of the same. They cleanse the brain offended by ill humours, and winde &c. h. vertigoes, and the head ache, and strengthen the brain, h. concoction, and strengthen the stomach: the *D.* is *drach. 1.* taken at bed time. *Pil. de aloe lotâ.* Or the pills of washed aloes, purge the brain, stomach, bowels, and eyes of putrified humours, and strengthen them; they may be used as the subsequent. Also they purge more effectually then Alephangine pills, which are rather strengthning then purgative. It's a well composed pill, and cheers and recreates the mind and spirits. *1.* or *2.* may be used familiarly before supper, by such as are costive, troubled with crudities, dim sighted, dulwitted, heavy hearted, or otherwise indisposed, twice or thrice in a week, and a man may follow his occasions: the *D.* is *drach. 1.* or *drach 1. sem.* in the morning the patient keeping house. *Pil. de aloe rosata.* or the *Rosate aloe pills*, are a fine gentle purger of choller, ridde the stomach from superfluous humours, open stoppings, and other infirmities of the body caused by choller and phlegm, as the yellow jaundice, &c. and much strengthen the body; the *D. scr. 1.* or *drach. sem.* at night. *Pil. aurea,* or the *Golden pills*, purge the head, quickneth the senses, cheisly the sight, and expell wind from the bowels but work strongly. The *D.* is *drach. sem* in the morning. Also they are so called from their effects in purging the head, quickning the eye sight, voyding winde from the stomach and guts, and that without trouble. the *D.* may be *drach. 1.* in *5.* pills, *2* may be taken at night, and the other *3* in the morning.

Trochises

Juyce is hot 2^o drie 3^o. very bitter : emplaslick, and something binding, ap. V. it purgeth the belly, comforteth the stomach, it purgeth more *if not washed* : if so, (by warme water evaporated) it more strengthneth the stomach & purgeth choller out of the next passages : it preserveth from putrefaction, killeth worms, h. stinking breath, & openeth the piles; taken in a smal q. it c. monthly courses, & openeth obstructions, *drach. 1.* taken. It helps wounds, cleanseth ulcers, as in the fundament, &c. its put into medicines which stanch bleeding; and h. the eyes, troubled with roughnesse and itching. with vinegar and oyle of roses ap. it h. headach, & with wine, the falling of the haire. with wine & hony h. swellings & ulcers of the mouth: with hony, the spots coming of stripes; the juyce, *aloe succotrina*, purgeth phlegmatick, cold & cholerick humours, in plethorick bodies, *drach. 2.* taken in a stewed prune, expell superfluous humours, h. the jaundice and all fluxes of blood; so ap. *Lignum aloes*. T. is moderately hot and drie, of somewhat subtil parts : taken it h. moist stomachs and weake livers; the dysente y and plurisies, and is cordiall; chewed it *perfumes* the breath; if burnt, the roome. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extrañ* is gr. 4. to 10. *Park.* V. the leaves of the herb h. scalding, the juyce ap. with oyle of wormewood to the navill kills wormes. The *American*. T. is bitter and sharp, the juyce h. wounds and old sores, with wormewood the wounds of Serpents: the *fume* taken h. the French disease. *Lang.* Aloes anointed with rose water, kills crablice; so with ceruse and oyle of roses, or swines grease: one part & a half of aloes, with two of Frankinsense, and the white of an egge and hares furr h. the aneurisme. *Hiera picra simplex Gal. Pharm. Lond.* is excellent for vicious juyces furring the tunicle of the stomach and idle fancies caused thereby, especially between sleeping and waking: it gently purgeth the belly, and h. women not well purged after travell. It may be made up into pills with honey, and
scr. 1.

scr. 1. taken at night, drinking a draught of broth in the morning. *Allo drach.* 2. or 3. given in wormwood Rhenish wine with *unc. sem.* of syrup of mugwort compound, will provoke the termes, and help the green sicknesse. *Pilula Alephanginae, Pharm. Lond.* or *Alephangine pills*, strengthen, and cleanse the stomach and brain of grosse and putrified humours, and free from the troubles of the same. They cleanse the brain offended by ill humours, and winde &c. h. vertigoes, and the head ache, and strengthen the brain, h. concoction, and strengthen the stomach: the *D.* is *drach.* 1. taken at best time. *Pil. de aloe lotâ.* Or the pills of washed aloes, purge the brain, stomach, bowels, and eyes of putrified humours, and strengthen them; they may be used as the subsequent. Also they purge more effectually then Alephangine pills, which are rather strengthning then purgative. It's a well composed pill, and cheers and recreates the mind and spirits. 1. or 2. may be used familiarly before supper, by such as are costive, troubled with crudities, dim sighted, dulwitted, heavy hearted, or otherwise indisposed, twice or thrice in a week, and a man may follow his occasions: the *D.* is *drach.* 1. or *drach.* 1. *sem.* in the morning the patient keeping house. *Pil. de aloe rosata.* or the *Rosate aloe pills*, are a fine gentle purger of choller, ridde the stomach from superfluous humours, open stoppings, and other infirmities of the body caused by choller and phlegm, as the yellow jaundice, &c. and much strengthen the body; the *D.* *scr.* 1. or *drach.* *sem.* at night. *Pil. aurea*, or the *Golden pills*, purge the head, quickneth the senses, cheisly the sight, and expell wind from the bowels but work strongly. The *D.* is *drach.* *sem.* in the morning. Also they are so called from their effects in purging the head, quickning the eye sight, voyding winde from the stomach and guts, and that without trouble. the *D.* may be *drach.* 1. in 5. pills, 2 may be taken at night, and the other 3 in the morning.

Trochises

Trochises de ligno aloes: or the *Troches* of the wood of *Aloes*, strengthen the heart, stomach, and liver, h. heart qualmes, faintings, and stinking breath, and the drop sic. The D. is scr. sem. in the morning. Also they expell wind, strengthen appetite, provoke urin, generation, and cause fruitfulness. *Schrod.* the D. of the extract of aloes, is scr. 1. to drach. sem. *Ern.* the oyle purgeth ap. to the navil.

Anemonic. *Anemone.*

P. They grow not wild in England, or rarely.

T. Fl. in Jan. to the end of April.

N. *Ἀνεμώνη.* *Herba venti.* *Ranunculus syvarum.*
Leimonia Th.

Anemonic. Ger. J. K. as the purple, double scarlet, great double of Bythynia, & single, chesnut, broad leaved, double yellow, storks bill, *Mathiolus's* white, three leaved, and poppy wind flower. T. are all sharpe and binding. V. the juyce snuffed up into the nose, mightily purgeth the head. the root chewed, is an apophlegmatisme. In collyries, it easeth inflamed eys. the juyce cleanseth corrosive ulcers the leaves & stalks boyled & eaten, cause milke: provoke termes, & ease the leprosie, in bathes. The other *Anemonies* of *Johns.* K. as the broad leaved skarlet, the skarlet with the large flower, broad leaved of *Const.* small leaved with the sanguine flowre, small leaved skarlet, light purple small leaved, striped flesh coloured, small leaved double crimson, and double darke purple Anemonic. T. are hot and biting, the juyce h. scarres of the eyes. *Trallian.* the flowers beaten in oyle ap. cause haire to grow: and agree with the 1. The wilde. *Anemone nemorum.* Ger. J. K. as the yellow, white, double white wood, and double purplish wood Anemonic. T. V. agree with the garden Anemonies. Col. the root chewed, purgeth water and phlegme very forcibly, therefore h. the Lethargic

Lethargy, by spitting. *Park.* the leaves are used in the ointment martiatum and h. cold dislempers.

Amee, see Bishops-weed.

Anet. *Anethum.*

P. Gardens and other places.

T. Fl. and seedeth in Aug.

N. Ἀνηθον. *Anetum*, Dill. and So called by all.

Anet, *Ger. Gal.* is hot fine 2di drie initio. V. the decoction of the dried tops, and seed d. causeth milke, h. windinesse, provoketh urine, increaseth sperme, and stayeth the hicket : so smelled to or ap. with wormewood wine. *Gal.* the seed burnt and ap. to moist ulcers, healeth them, as in the secret parts : the oyle in which it is boyled, is digesting, and anodyne : causeth sleepe, concocteth humors and provoketh lust. the fume of dill boyled in wine, h. the suffocation of the mother. *Park.* T. it's hot 3^o drie 2^o. green : drie, 3^o and digesting. V. boyled and d. it h. pains and swellings, stops the flux, and vomiting. h. windinesse of the mother and much d. h. venery. *Oleum Anetinum Pharm. Lond.* Or the oyle of dill, doth moderately digest, aswage pain of the head and nerves, and procures sleepe. Also it opens the pores of the veines, and so helps the ventilation of the blood, h. convulsions anointed on the part, and the cramp, and aswages pains of the joynts : It heats, dissolves, and discusseth wind : It comforts the nerves, and h. wearinesse after journeying or or hard labour.

Angelica. *Angelica.*

P. In gardens sc. the 1. the rest in fields &c.

T. Fl. in July and Aug. the roots perish after the seed.

N. Ἀγγελικὴ. *radix spiritus* & the last archangelica.

Angelica *Ger. J. K.* as the garden wild, and great wilde

wild Ang. T. especially that of the garden, is hot and drie 30, opening, attenuating, digesting, and hydrotick. *V.* the root of the garden Angelica h. poyson, plague and all infections by corrupt aire, chewed in the mouth, and that by urine and sweat. it h. pestilent fevers, *drach. 1.* of the powder d. with thin wine, the distilled water of card. b. or of tormentil, vinegar, or treacle : it openeth the liver and spleen, draweth down termes, and expelleth the secundine the root d. in wine h. the cold shivering of agues, the root green h. the asthma, by expectoration. it h. surfering, loathing of mear, c. concoction, comforteth the heart, and cureth the bitings of venomous beasts : so the *wild*, but lesse effectually. *Park K.* as the mountain, and great water *Ang. V.* the distilled water h. all pains of cold and winde 3 spoonefulls taken at once, and with the powder of the root h. the pleurisie and diseases of the breast, collick, strangury, tumors, and stoppages, the juyce ap. h. the scotoma, deafnesse, tooth-ach, ulcers, and sciatica. *Pemb.* the distilled water d. h. the mother, and ap. h. the gout. *Spiritus & Aqua angelica magis composita pharm: Lond:* or Spirit, and water of Angelica of the greater composition, strengthens the heart, and resists infections; It's good in time of pestilence and stinking aire. That in the former dispensatory, comforts the heart, cherisheth the vitall spirits resists the pestilence, and corrupt aires, which cause epidemicall diseases: the D. is to the sick *Cochl. 1.* in a convenient cordial; others that are cold may take it fasting or before mear. *Bayf.* Angelica water, used outwardly, h. the palpitation of the heart, rarifies the habit of the body, and somewhat dissolveth flatulencies, with fomentations or aromatics. It h. poysonous, crudities of the stomach, and diseases of the matrix: the D. is *drach. 2.* to 6. Also the greater composition of the spirit and water, exhilarates, and revives the melancholick person with common borrage and buglosse waters; and h. bad memories from

from cold and moisture of the brain, with sage and lavender waters, and syrup of Rachados. Schrod. the D. of the extract is scrup. sem. to drac sem.

Aniseed. *Anisum*.

P. Candy, Syria: the East Countries and Gardens.

T. Its to be sown in May: the seed is ripe in August.

N. *Ανισον*. *Matahalna*, *yerva dulce* Hisp.

Aniseed. Ger. *J. K.* as the common and starry headed An. T. Gal. the seed is hot and drie 30, as others 2, or drie 1 hot 2. V. the seed h. wind and belchings, and gripings of the belly: gently provoketh urine, causeth milke, and lust, h. laskes and the whites, chewed it sweetens the breath, h. short wind, and drop sic; quencheth thirst, and h. the hicket; dried and taken with hony, it clenseth the br. ast from flegme; with bitter Almonds it h. old coughs, it prevents falling sicknesse, and with hony, vineger and hysope gently boyled, h. Squinancy being gargled. Lang. the seeds bound in a linnen cloath and smelled to, prevent evill dreams, and starting in sleep. Park. V. the seeds h. consumptions, decoct with figgs and liconish. 3 or 4 dropps of the oyle d. in wine, h. giddinesse; ap. it draws things out of the eyes, and h. bitings, sc: the seed with oile of roses ap. it h. the cares; the quintessence h: convulsions. *Dianisum pharm:* Lond. or powder of Aniseeds compounded, chiefly helps the stomach, and its cold distempers, raw flegme, wind, continuall coughs, and other cold diseases: the D. is drac. 1. *Trochisci de aniso* Mes. p. 2. or the *Troches* of Aniseeds, gently open obstructions of the liver, and diseases thereby, as also quartain agues. *Oleum de aniso*, or the chymical oyle of Aniseed, h. vertigoes, narrownes of the breast, rawnesse and wind in the stomach, all infirmities there, of cold and wind, and strengthens the nerves. the D. is 6, dropps, to be taken in broth

broth, or any other convenient liquor. Its chief appropriation is to the lungs and breast.

Appletree. *Malus*

P. Orchards, and fertile ground : the rest in horsedung.

T. It blooms in Aprill, and May; the fr: is ripe in July and September.

N. Μᾶλον, *Malum* the fruit, and *Pomus* the tree.

Apples. Ger. K. as the pome-water, Bakers ditch apple, the *Queening*. the summer and Winter *Pearemaine*. **T.** are all cold and moist superfluously; the sweet are not so cold and moist, but more nutritive and descend more slowly: the *soure* are colder and moister, of lesse nourishment, and eaten before meat, mollify the body; the *austere* unripe are cold, c. grosse blood, winde, and the colick, the *middle tasted* retain the faculties of the other. **V.** the roasted are better then the *raw*: apples h. a hot stomach; the *austere* strengthen it enfeebled by heat: and ap. h. all inflammations. the *juyce* of the sweet and *middle tasted* temper melancholy; the ointment of the *pulpe*, with swines grease and rose water, beautifieth the face, and h. rough skinnes: the *pulpe* of the roasted, no: 4 or 5. especially of the *pomewater* apples m: in a quart of faire water, till like *lambes wool*, and d. last at night, h. the strangury, and gonorrhoea's, &c. the *leaves* coole and binde, and h. inflammations in the beginning: *apples* cut in pieces and *distilled* with camphire and butter milke, h. the markes of the small pocks, ap: in their state: taking also milke with saffron, or mithridate d. *Mad apples.* Ger. *mala insana*. **T.** are cold ferè 4° and hurtfull; yet those of *Toledo* eat them with scraped cheese pickled, to procure lust. The *apples of love*, or *Golden apples*, *poma amoris*. Ger. are very cold, and moist. **V.** they are olygotrophicke and cacochymicke, yet in hot countries are eaten, boiled with
pepper

pepper, salt, and oyle. The *Æthiopian apples, mala*
Æthiopica. T. are as those of Love. V. they are ea-
 ten as sauce, as the former. The *thorny apples* and
those of Peru. T. are cold 4 and narcoticke as Man-
 drake. V. the *juyce* boyled with axungia to a salve,
 h. all inflammations and burnings: and the *leaves*
 with oile olive boyled till crisped and strained, then
 with wax, rosin, and a little turpentine boyled to
 a salve, h. old ulcers and sores of the secrets, and
 new wounds. *Park*. V. the *soure apples* h. thirst,
 the sharp cut flegme, and h. the appetite, the *rotten*
 h. inflammations. *Adams apple*. T. as lemmons, yet
 milder: dissect and ap. with powder of brimstone,
 heated under cinders, it h. the itch and scabbs. The
Indian. T. is binding, and h. laskes. The *tart Indian*
 h. the appetite, and chollerick agues: and ap. the
 web in the eye. *Thornie apples, stramonium*. V. the
 seed h. the stone and urine. *Adams apple, Serap.*
fructus musa. T. heateth and moistneth *sine primi*.
 V. the fr. is of little nourishment, h. a hot breast,
 the lungs and bladder, provoketh urine, and c. vene-
 ry, too much eaten it hurts the stomach & stops the
 liver. *Syrupus de pomis alterans Pharm. Lond.* or *Syrup*
of Apples, is a fine cooling syrup, for hot hearts and
 stomachs; it may be used in feavers, being loosening.
 It causerh good blood, h. hectick feavers, and palpi-
 tation of the heart, quencheth thirst in feavers, and
 h. hickoughs; the D. is *unc. i.* in the morning. Also
 it's designed to temper and digest melancholy and
 black choller; it cheers the hearts and spirits of hy-
 pocondriacall and melancholick persons. *unc. i.* or
 2. may be taken in a morning in borage water, so in
 the afternoone; such as are melancholick and cannot
 forbear wine may sweeten their cupps therewith.
 A pint of Cider sweetened with a spoonfull or 2 of
 this syrup is a good cordial julep for melancholick
 persons. *Syrupus de pomis purgans Reg. Sap.* or the
Purging Syrup, is a cooling purge, rectifies the blood,
 purgeth choller and melancholy, h. the black and
 yellow

yellow jaundise, madnesse, scurfe, leprosie, and scabs, and is gentle. *unc. 1.* taken in the morning h. scabs in children. *Syr. de pom. Magistrat.* or the *Magisterial syrup*, purgeth adust choller, and melancholy, and resists madnesse, *sc. unc. 1.* with 4 of the decoction of *Epithymum. unguentum pomatum*, or the ointment of apples, softens and supples the roughnesse of the skin, and h. the chaps of the lips, hands, face, and other parts. also it whitens and smoothes the skin, when sunburnt, and rough with the north wind. It takes spots from the face, hinders scurf, and asswages the fierce rednesse and roughnesse thereof. Its very good against burnings with oyle of water-lillies and cerusse. Anointed upon the forehead, temples, pulses, and soles of the feet, it causeth sweet sleepe to bodies disordered with heat, labour, and travail; the *extract* of the root bearing acid fruit, h. all fluxes, as the dysentery, lien-tery, diarrhea, and hepatic fluxa

Apricock-tree. *Malus Armen.*

P. Gardens, against walls.

T. Fl. in April; the fruit is ripe in July.

N. Περσικόν. *Præcocia*, the lesser, *Chrysomelon*.

Apricocks. Ger. K. as the greater and lesser. T. are cold and moist 2^o yet not so moist as Peaches. V. they are more wholsome to the stomach then Peaches, oligotrophick, and full of excrements: they putrisie taken after meate: and before it, cause other meats to descend as Peaches; the Kernel is sweer; the leaves not yet used. Park. V. Apricocks have no use in Physick. Matth. the oyle of the kernells h. inflamed piles, tumors, hoarseness, and pains of the eares. *unc. 5.* d. with *unc. 1.* of muscadell, h. the stone and collick. *Oleum chrysomelinum*, Pharm. Lond. or the oyle of Apricocks. h. hardnesse and pain of the nerves, and a tiffick from a cold cause, annointed on the chest or taken inwardly. It helps cold distem-
pert

pers of the womb in an injection or taken. It kills wormes, and cures many deformities of the skin. It h. the stone, and difficulty of urine, shortnesse of breath, and the spleen. It heats, cuts, makes thin, digests, and powerfully cleanseth. It h. noises of the eares, freckles in the face, softens hardnesse in any part. asswagereth the pain of the sinews, discusseth wind, and opens obstructions. It hath the faculties of that of bitter almon; and they may be used the one for the other; they h. the hemorrhoides swollen or pained.

Arch-angel. *Lamium.*

P. By hedges, walls, waies, borders of the fields.

T. Fl. all summer, chiefly the beginning of May.

N. *Galio-psis. Urtica iners, & mortua, Archangelica.*

Arch-angel, Ger. *J. K.* as the white, yellow, red, Hungary, hedge, and Hungary with the variegated floure. T. they are hotter and drier then nettles, nigh to hore-hound. V. stamped with vinegar and ap. as a *pultis*, they h. wens, hard swellings, the Kings evill, inflamed kernels under the ears and jawes, neck, arme holes, and flankes: so bathed being decoct, the white flowres conserved and taken, stay the whites; the distilled water c. a good colour, mirth, and refresheth the vitall spirits. *Park.* also the Spanish: V. as the rest h. obstructions and hard spleenes d. and ap. it h. the gout, and draweth out splinters, and stopps bleeding ap: to the neck.

Arach, see, Orach.

Argemoney, see, Bastard poppy.

Argentil, see, Percepier.

Aron, see, Wake Robin.

Aromat,

Aromaticall reed, *Acorus*.

P. The 1. in gardens, planted: the 2d in Arabia.

T. They put forth their leaves in spring.

N. *Aragv. Calamus Aromaticus*, to which *Acorus* is a substitute.

Aromaticall reed. Ger. K. as the true *acorus*, and true aromaticall reed of the antients. T. Diosc. the roots are hot Gal. Plin. hot and of subtil parts. V. the decoction of the root of *calamus* d. provoketh urine, h. pain in the side, liver, spleen, and brest; convulsions, gripings, and burstings, and h. strangury, provokes the courses d. or the fume taken; the juice with hony h. dimme eyes, the hardnesse of the spleen and all infirmities of the blood: the root boiled in wine, stamped and ap. to the secret parts h. all swellings, and hardnesse thereof. scr. 2. sem. of the root d. in anc. 4. of muskadel, h. bruises by falls, the root is alexipharmick, and in *lobocks* h. the chest opprest with cold humours. *Johns.* the root preserved h. the stomach, and prevents contagion by the aire. *Diosc.* the best *acorus* is wel compact, white within & full. The true *calamus* *Diosc.* d. is diureticall, and boyled with the roots of *grasse* or *smallage* seeds h. those that are hydropick, nephretick, troubled with the strangury, or bruised, it moves the courses d. or ap. the fume taken by the mouth with dried turpentine h. the cough; its used also in perfumes, baths for women, decoctions for clysters, and in plaisters for its smell. *Park.* *Acorus* taken with wormwood wine h. cold stomachs: and ap. h. tumours. *Diacorum Ph. Lond.* or the *Electuary of Acorus*, provokes lust, heats the braine, strengthens the nerves, quickens the senses; c. an acute w. r. easeth pains in the head; h. the epilepsie, spasme, cough, catarrhe, and all diseases from coldness of the braine: the D. is drach. sem. at a time, it being hot. *Schrod.* the extract. of the root of *acorus* h. the collick, the D. is scr. 1. *Ern.* the oyle of *calamus aromaticus*, h. the memory, headach, cold catarrhs,

catarrhs, a weak sight and stomach, fainting, vomiting, suppression of the terms, suffocation of the womb, heats the stomach, cleanseth, openeth the reins, breaks the stone, stops the flux of the seed and urine, restores the haire, and h. melancholy and madness.

Arrow head. *Sagittaria.*

P. In the ditches, as neer Oxford. &c.

T. Fl. in May and June.

N. $\pi\iota\varsigma\acute{\alpha}\iota\alpha$. *Magopistana, Lingua serpentis.*

Arrow head. Ger. K. as the great, small, and narrow leaved. T. are cold and drie. V. like plantain in faculty and temper. Lugd. cold and moist, but they are rather cold and dry, and astringent like plantain: so the seed given in wine h. fluxes, spitting of blood, the fretting in the guts, distillations, bloody urine, & consumptions, the seed d. h. the dropsie, and falling sickness; the powder of the leaves kills wormes, and ap. h. sores inflamed.

Arsmart. *Persicaria.*

P. Moist places, almost every where.

T. Fl. from June to August.

N. $\upsilon\delta\pi\omicron\tau\acute{\alpha}\mu\epsilon\tau$. *Hydropiper, the 2d plumbago, the 4th noli ne tangere.*

Arsmart. Ger. 7. K. as the common, dead or spotted, small creeping, and coddled Ar. T. Gal. it is hot & drie, yet not so hot as pepper; the dead is cold and something drie. V. the leaves & seed wast all cold swel- lings. it dissolves the congealed blood of bruises; bruised & ap. to a fellon for an houre it h. the pain; and laid under the saddle refresheth the tyred horse. The
dead

dead Ar. ap. h. inflammations & green wounds, boyled with oyle olive, wax, & turpentine. The 4th Lob is venemous. *Trag.* a vomitorie; yet doubtfull. *Park.* V. the middle h. putrid ulcers & ap. killeth worms. The root ap. h. the tooth ach, the juyce dropped into the eares killeth wormes therein, and fleas. *Col.* the water ap. with aqua vitæ h. goutes and aches.

Artichoke. *Cinera.*

P. A fat ground set with ashes.

T. 'Tis planted in Novemb. the slips in Aprill.

N. *Kuvæga.* *Scolymus* Diosc. *Castos* Theoph.

Artichocke. *Ger.* K. as the great red, great white, and wild Art. T. is cacochymick, and cholerick juyce. V. the nailes and middle pulpe with pepper and salt, boyled with fat flesh, c. lust: so the ribbs, and are windy. It stayeth the gonorrhœa: the buds steeped in wine, & eaten, provoke urine and lust. the root h. the smell of the armeholes, decoct in wine, and d: the pith being taken out: for it expells stinking urine. The *Jerusalem Art:* *Flos solis Pyramidalis.* T. are windy. V. and become meate (yet of evill juyce) boyled and stewed with sack and butter, with a little ginger, or baked in pies, with marrow, dates, ginger, raisins of the sun, sack, &c. they cure torments of the belly. And as Artichocks are thought to be hot and dry 20 the infusion of the buds provokes urine.

Asarabacca. *Asarum.*

P. In shadowie places, and Gardens.

T. It's alwaies green, Fl: in spring.

N. *Ἀσραγγ.* *Nardus rustica,* *Perpensa.*

Asarabacca. *Ger.* K: as the common, and Italian. T. the leaves are hot and drie, purging, with astrition:

tion : the roots are more hot and drie , of subtil parts : they procure urine, and the menses, and are stronger then the roots of Acorus. V. the leaves by vomit, bring out phlegme and choler, and move the belly more forcibly then the roots; the roots h. stopping of the liver, gall, and spleen, wens hard swellings and long agues, and in a greater q. operate as the leaves. *drach.* 1. of the root powdred d. in ale or wine if grosse, c. vomit : if fine it's diuretick. or *drach.* 3. or 4, if infused in whey or honied water : or 9 leaves stamped : it also h. the sciatica, dropfie, and quartan agues : given as a vomit. *Pem.* d. it h. the green sicknesse, and astma : ap. it h. wounds, cold headaches, and drieth up milke ; it's not to be given to weake bodies, or women with child *Park.* K. as the *Virginian*, and *bastard*. V. this attenuats and cleanseth. *Scrod.* the D. of the *extraet of alcalisate asarum*, is *scr.* 1. to *scr.* 2.

Ash tree, *Fraxinus.*

P. Moist, as about meadowes, the 2d on mountains.

T. Leaves and keyes in April and May. the 2d. Fl: in May. berries in Sept.

N *Malia*, *Ornus*, *orneoglossum*. sc: the wild : the seed *lingua avis*.

Ash-tree. Ger. T. the leaves and barke are drie and moderately hot, the seed hot and drie 20. V. the leaves d. and ap. h. bitings of vipers: and stop the belly ; so the barke, boiled in water and vinegar, they stay vomiting ap. to the stomach ; boiled in wine and d. they open the liver and spleen, and corroborate them ; 3 leaves d. in wine every morning make leane, the keyes provoke urine, increase sperm, and cause lust, powdred with nutmeggs and d. the shavings of the wood d. are deadly : lee made of the ashes of the barke h. the scurfe and rough skin. The wild ash, or Quicken-tree. *bubula*. V. the leaves boiled
in

in wine, h. pain in the side, stoppings of the liver, dropſie, and tympany. *Park.* the oile of the wood m. with water of violet fl. h. pimples.

Aspen tree, or Poplar, *Populus.*

P. Meadows, ditches, and by water ſides.

T. The buds in March and beginning of April, then to be gathered.

N. The 1. Αῤῥυον, ſarfarus, the 2d αἶγυρς, the 3d λυκρίς, *Lybica Plinii.*

Aspen-tree or poplar, *Ger. J. K.* as the white, black, aspen, Indian, and leſſer leav'd white Poplar. *T. Gal.* the white cleaſerth, and is of a watric warm thin earthy ſubſtance. *V. Dioſc. drach. 1.* of the bark d. h. the ſciatica and ſtrangury : the leaves d. c. women to be barren; the juyce dropped into the eares h. their paine. the roſin of the black poplar buds is hot and drie, of thin parts, attenuating, mollifying, and anodyne : ſo the leaves, yet more weake, and with the young buds h. paines of the gout ap. with May butter as an ointment. the ointment of the buds h. all inflammations, bruifes, and falls. *Park. V.* the water dropping from the black poplar h. warts and puſhes, the ſeed d. h. the falling ſickneſſe. *Oleum-populeum Nich. Pharm. Lond.* or the oile of poplar buds is fine and coole ; but the ointment is better. Alſo it h. the head ache, pains of the joynts, kidnies, gout pains, and paines in any part of the body ; and cauſeth reſt ſmeered on the forehead and temples, ſniſſed into the noſtrills, and ſmeared upon the pulſes and ſoles of the feet. *Unguentum populeum*, or the Ointment of poplar buds, is very good in burnings, ſcaldings and inflammations. It h. the heat of the head and kidnies. uſed to the temples it provokes ſleep. *Bar.* It h. phlegmons, burning of agues, and great heat of the head & kidnies. *Brug.* It h. paine of the ſcurvy, and in any part of the body, or after

after a caustick ap. upon a plegent. In feavers if they be
 nised to the temples, palmes of the hands, and soles of
 the feet; and is cold and moist. Also with oyle of
 roses or violets, or both, it h. in fevers, to assuage
 the burning heat, being annointed upon the back bones,
 pulses, temples and soles of the feet. It stopps the go-
 norrhæa annointed upon the back, shære, and testicles.

Asphodill, Asphodelus.

P. In France, Italy, and Spaine naturally, and in gar-
 dens here.

T. Fl. in May and June, beginning below.

N. Ἀσφὸδελος. Albucum. that of the water, is called
Pseudoasphod.

Asphodill. Ger. J. K. as the white, branched, red,
 yellow, and dwarf Asph. T. are hot and dry fere 30.
 V. Diosc. Æt. the roots eaten provoke urine, and the
 termes, especially being stamped, and strained with
 wine and d. drach. i. d. in wine h. pains in the sides,
 ruptures, convulsions, and old coughs: the roots boy-
 led in dreggs of wine h. phagedens, all inflammations
 of the duggs or secret parts, and ease the fellon ap. as a
 pultis. Ph they cleanse ulcers, and h. the morphew.
 the juyce of the root boyled in old sweet wine, with a
 little myrh and saffron makes an excellent collyrie
 for the eyes. Gal. the ashes of the roots m. with ducks
 grease, the alopecia, and c. haire. drach. i. taken in
 wine, h. the contraction of the sinews, cramp, and
 burstings; in broth, the biting of venomous beasts, and
 c. vomiting. the juyce of the root h. the white morphew
 ap. after rubification. Onion asphodill. *Asphodelus bulbo-*
sus. T. Gal. operates as Aron, and hath an abstersive
 quality, the root doth attenuate and open. V. the young
 springs h. the yellow jaundise. Gal. the ashes of the bulbe
 h. with oyle or hens grease, the falling off of the haire
 in the scald head. Bauh. the root and fl. of the first, ap.
 with wine h. the bitings of serpents. the juyce of the root

put into the opposite eare h. the tooth-ache. Oile being heated at the fire in the excavated root thereof, h. burnings and kibes, and paine of the ears.

Avens, Caryophyllata.

P. High mountains, thick wods, shadowy places.

T. Fl. in May, till Aug. the seed is ripe in July.

N. *Λαγώπυος Sylvar.* Sanamunda, *Herba benedicta, nardus rustica.*

Avens. Ger, J. K. as the common, mountaine, five leaved, red fl: mountaine, and dwarfe. T. the root and leaves are manifestly dry, something hot and scouring. V. decoct in wine & d. they h. crude stomacks, the collick, bitings of venemous beasts, stiches and pains of the sides, stoppings of the liver, and scour the intralls, and with wine h. the wind. the leaves and roots d. h. clotted blood, the roots in Autumne dried kill moths, are odoriferous, and operate as Cinqueseile. Park. the root thereof d. h. inward wounds, fluxes, and ruptures. The infusion of the root d. in the morning prevents the plague, or any poyson. Matth. rhe mountaine Avens operate as the first, and more speedily. Schrod. it's hot and drie 2^o, a little astringent, discutient, cephalick, and cardiack.

Axfich, Axseed, Axwort, see Hatcher-fetch.

Aygreen, see Aloes, or Sengreen.

Aylh-weed, see Herb Gerard, or Goutwort.

B.

Ballock grass, see Doggs cullions or stones.

Baldmoney, see Spignel, or Gentian, or Fellwort.

Balme, see Bawme.

Baldwein, see Gentian

Balme

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Balme-Aple. *Balsamina*.

P. Hot Regions, Gardens, Italy.

T. It's to be sown in April in horse-dung.

N. Βάλαμιν. *Pomum Hirosol: Viticella, Caranza*.

BAlfame-apple. Ger. K. as the male and female. T. the apples and leaves are much drying, moderately cooling, or hot 10, and drie 20. V. the leaves h. green wounds, bruised and ap. d. with wine they h. the collick, burstings, and convulsions. The leaves of the male, poudred and d. in wine h. those that are deeply wounded, and the collick: the oyle of the fruit h. green wounds, cramps, and shronk sinues ap. and pains of child birth, the hemorrhoides, and all other pains of the fundament. the leaves d. in wine h. ruptures. The female is neer the first in temperature, the oyle of the fruit h. inflamed wounds, and consolidateth, it h. ulcers of the duggs, and privities with a pessarie. The apple ap. h. wounded and pricked sinews, scaling, and scarrs ap. and d. and barrenness bat he d. and ap. Park. The oyle h. scars proceeding of the stinging of bees, and consumes moisture.

Balsam-tree. *Balsamum*. *

P. In Egypt, and the Indies.

T. It's green all the yeare.

N. Βάλαμον. The liquor opobalsamum, the fr. carpobalsamum. the wood xylobalsamum.

Balsam tree. Ger. T. balsam is hot and drie 20 with astringtion. V. naturall balsam taken fasting in the morning with rose water or wine, the q. of 5 or 6 drops h. those that are astmatick, it h. paines of the bladder and, stomach, and comforteth the same, it h. stinking breath and the shaking firs of the quotidian ague, also it cureth consumptions, and cleanseth the wombe being used as a pessarie; the stomach being anointed therewith, it h. digestion, preventeth obstruction and windiness; it h.

hardness of the spleen, and pains of the reins and belly c. of cold, and all aches ap. with a linnen cloth, also it dissolveth oedematous tumors, and strengthneth the members, it comforteth the brain, h. palsies, convulsions, and all griefes of the sinews ap. and speedily cureth green wounds. *Balsam-tree of Hispaniola*, yeildeth a juyce which being boyled in water to the thickness of hony, h. wounds and ulcers, stops bleeding, and is more effectuall then the true balsam; the *water which issueth out of the branches* being cut off, is vulnerary, and h. all cold diseases being drunk some few dayes together. The *balsame tree of Clusius*, called *Molle* by the Indians. T. is astringent, hot and compounded of diverse faculties. V. the *berries* sod in water make a most wholesome drink, vinegar and hony. The *leaves* boyled and the *decoction* d. h. all cold diseases; the *white gum* being dissolved in milke and ap. h. the web of the eyes, and cleareth the sight, the *decoction of the barke* used as a *bath*, h. the pain, and swellings of the leggs. This tree is of such estimation among the Indians, that they worship it as a God, according to their savage rites, and ceremonies. *Park*. V. the *liquor of the first* h. all poysons, and infections, all agues arising from obstructions, and all diseases of cold and wind, and the cough. The *Indian* is as the first.

Banc-wort, see, Speere wort.
Barbara's Herb, see Winter cresses.

Barbery bush. *Berberis*.

P. Deserts, Woods, borders of fields.

T. It hath leaves in Aprill. Fl. and Fr. in Sept.

N. Ὀξύανθα. *Crespinus. oxyacantha. uva crespina*.

Barbery bush. *Ger*. T. the *leaves* and *berberies* are cold and drie 2°. *Gal*: of thin parts and cutting. V. the *leaves* season meat as sorrell. The *decoction* h. cholerick agues, heat of the blood and liver: so the *berries* and h. hot lasks, bloody flux, and bleeding. The *green leaves* made

made into a sauce as sorrell, h. hot stomachs, burning agues, and appetite lost: the *conserv* of the fruit more effectually. The roots steeped certain daies in strong lie of the ashes of ash-tree colour the haire yellow. *Johns.* the bark of the roots h. the jaundise. *Park.* the juyce stopps womens courses. taken with Southernwood water and sugar it killeth wormes, it h. hæmoptysis, fastneth the teeth, stopps rheumes, and gleweth wounds: the inner bark d. h. the jaundise. *Rob de berberis Pharm. Lond.* or *Rob of Barberies*, quencherth thirst, closeth the stomach, and strengthens it weakened by heat. It stops vomiting and belching, and c. appetite: the D. is a little on the point of a knife when needfull. Also taken at night in bed, the q. of drach. 2. or 3. or *unc. sem.* from a knife, h. those to sleep, that are kept waking by hot distempers of the head arising from vexatious steams, vapours, and fumes arising, from the lower parts. It's good in vomitings & looseness, and the hepatick flux, and the rheumatismus, dysentery and cholerick looseness, being seasonably & skilfully used. *Trochisci de berberis*, or, the *Troches of Barberies*, mightily cool the heat of the liver, reines, bladder, breast, and stomach: stop looseness, cool the heat of feavers; and are portable, and so more usefull to the hot; taken fasting or at any time.

Barley. *Hordeum.*

P. Loose and drie ground almost everywhere.

T. It is to be sown in March, it's ripe in Aug.

N *Κριθι*. these barleyes are called distichon and polystichon.

Barley. *Ger.* K. as the common, and beare barley. T. is cold and drie 1^o, absterfive and drying more then bean meal. V. *Diosc.* it cleanseth, provoketh urine. c. windiness and hurteth the stomach: the meal boyled in hydromel with figgs h. inflammations: with pitch, resin, and pigeons dung, it softneth and ripeneth hard swellings:

swellings: with melilot and poppy seeds it h. pain in
 the sides: ap. with line-seed, fenugreek, and rue, it h.
 winde in the gutts: with tar, wax, oyle, and the urine
 of a boy, it doth digest, soften, and ripen hard swellings
 in the throat, as the Kings evil: boyled with wine,
 myrtles, the barke of the pome granate, wild pears, and
 the leaves of brambles, it h. the laske: the ale or beere
 made of it, boyled to a *salve*, and ap. h. pains of the
 sinews and joynts: or for old and new sores, take strong
 ale *lib. 2.* one oxe gall, boyle them gently with stirring
 them to *lib. 1.* adde vinegar *lib. 1.* olibanum *unc. 1.* fl.
 of cammomill and melilot *an. unc. 1.* rue finely pouderd
unc. sem. a litle hony, and a small q. of the powder
 of comiseed, boyle them to an *unguent* and ap. it h.
 old and new sores: also the *meale* boyled in water with
 garden night shade, the leaves of garden poppy, the
 powder of fenugreek, linefeed, and a litle hogs grease.
 h. all hot swellings and the drop sic. The *naked Barley.*
Zeopyrum. Ger. V. boyled in water h. burning choler,
 also in vehement fevers, adde the seeds of white poppy
 and lettuce to cause sleep, and for shortness of breath,
 adde figgs, raisins of the sun, licorise, & aniseed, boyled
 with whey, and leaves of sorrell, marigolds, and scabi-
 ous, it h. the thirst, and inflamed livers d. first and last
 in the day. *Wall barley, Hordeum spurium,* and burnt,
 stamped, and ap. c. haire to grow. *French barley. Pem.*
 h. fevers of choller, diseases of the brest, sharpness of
 the throat, and c. milkes outwardly it mollifieth.
Anon. barley water with aniseed and licorice, being
 used only with phlebotomy, and purgation, (if costive)
 before and after, h. the *calenture*. which is caused by
 the inflammation of the blood, and afflicts with head-
 ach and heat continuall and not augmenting, and is of-
 ten an introduction to the *Taberdilla* or pestilence, but
 then the body will seem yellow, with restlessness, with
 red and blew spots on the breast and wrests, with a
 phrensy also. A pain which is to be helped as the for-
 mer, by that water without licorice, phebotomy, cor-
 dials when spotted, ventoses on the back, analeptick,
 purgers,

purgers, and clysters if costive. *Note* these are diseases to our nation in intemperate climates, as Spain and the Indies. *Park.* *Way barley* makes haire grow: the *caustick* is hot 4°. *Barth:* *Aug:* the ptisan of *barley* quench thirst, and h. the feverish heat of the body, also it nourisheth and comforteth the same. *Fuch:* *Diosc.* the best is white, and the ptisan thereof h. the roughness of the throat. *Cam. Matth.* it h. the plurisie. tabes, and marasmus and those that are hecrick, especially with the seeds of gourds, cucumbers, &c.

Barren wort. *Epimedium.*

P. In moist meadows: and shadowy places:

T. Fl. in Aprill and May, and unto the middle of Augth

N. *Επιμήδιον*. *Epimetrum*. *Epipetron*.

Barren wort. *Ger: Gal:* T. is moderately cold, with a watery moisture, as yet not used in physick. *Park:* it keepeth womens breasts from growing over great, being made into a *cataplasme* with oyle and applied. *Plin: Diosc: Gal:* the root maketh women barren: taken inwardly, as also the leaves powdered, and taken in wine for some time, so *Bauhinus*.

Basill. *Ocimum.*

P. Gardens. The wild in gravelly watery ground.

T. Fl. in June and July, by little and little.

N. *Ὠκίμνον*. *Basilicum*. The wilde *Acinos*.

Basill. *Ger: Johnf:* K. as the great, citron, bush, and Indian. T. *Gal:* is hot 20 with superfluous moisture. ap. it doth digest, distribute and concoct. V. *Diosc:* if much eaten it dullerh the sight, mollifierh the belly, breederh winde, provoketh urine, drieth up milke, and is dyspeptick. The juyce with fine meale of parched barley, oile of roses, and vineger, h. inflammations, and the stings of venomous beasts. The juyce d. in

Jack h. the head-ach: & ap. clenseth the eyes, and drieth them. The *seed* d. h. melancholy, short windednesse, and strangury, and is a sternutatory. The *smell* h. the heart, and head. The *wild*. *Ocymum sylvestre*. K. as the *stone*, *Fish*, *Austrian field*, and *wild Basil* of the *Alpes*. T. the *seed* of these wild Basils is hot and drie. V. ap. with wine the *herbe* h. paine of the eyes, the *juyce* mundifieth them, and h. catarrhes instilled. The *stone Bas.* *Acinos*. stoppeth the laske and courses: ap. it h. inflammations, these have moderate heat and astriction, and cure the contrary diseases. The *cow-basil* *Vaccaria*. is not used in physick. *Ephemerum* or *quick fading Fl.* boyled in wine h. the toothach, gargled. *Pem. Basil*, d. provoketh the termes, expells the birth, & poyson, h. swoonings and c. venery. ap: it h. the lethargy, jaundise and dropsie: put into the eares with goose grease it h. the paine in young children. with hony ap: it h. spots in the face, the *dose* is from 1 scr. to 43 gr. *Park*: the *seed* kills wormes, lessens the spleen, and with *oxe gall* h. scarres. The *broad leaved wild* as the rest h. cramps, hot swellings and lasks. *Bauh: Trag*: the *first* h. the flegme of the lungs being hot, resolving and incisive.

Batchelours buttons. *Lychnis bortenfis*.

P. Gardens for ornament.

T. Fl: in June and July.

N. *Batrachion: rapum D. Anthonii* the double.

Batchelours buttons. Ger: *J*. K. as the red, white, and degenerate with green flowers. T. V. are not yet discovered. Double batchelours buttons. K. as the double crowfoot, double white, double wild. T. doe bite as the other crow feet doe. V. the root applied doth exulcerate and attract the humours: yet Dod. they are not so hot and dry as crow-foot.

Bawme. *Melissa*.

P. Gardens, Mountains, woods.

T. Fl: June, July, and Aug: So the Assyrian:

N. Μελίσαλλον. Melites. *Apiastrum*. *Citrago*.*Melissophyllum*.

Bawme, Ger: *J*: K. as the common, Turkey, bastard; with white, and with purple. Fl: the smiths bawme, smooth Molucca, and thorny. T. is hot and dry 2^o Gal: like hore hound. V. d. in wine it h. the bitings of venomous beasts, melancholy, and comforteth the heart the common d. h. the mother: the juyce glutinaterh wounds: so the herbe with *aqua vita*, the hives of Bees rubbed with it draw others: it h. the infirmities of the heart, cold and moist stomachs, c. concoction, and openeth the braine. d. in wine and ap: it h. the bitings of mad doggs, and d. it h. the tooth ach, the orthopnoea, and eyes: the leaves with salt h. the Kings evil, hard swellings, and the gour. Smiths bawme h. greene wounds, and ruptures, and stayeth the whires. Fem. d. it expells poyson and the plague: it hurts hot and dry bodies, the dose powdered is scrup: 1 or 2 Park. K. as the unpleasant, and Assyrian, great, and prickly. V. killeth wormes, and h. the jaundise. Sim: Seth: taken before sleep it c. pleasant dreames. Plin: d. in wine it h. the tormina. Schrod: its hot 2^o drie 10 *Aquamelissa composita*. Pharm. Lond. or the greater composition of bawm water, strengthens cold & weak stomachs, and h. digestion; also it restoreth lost memory, quickens the senses, prevents gray haire and baldness; streng hens the brain. exhilarates, h. lispig, caseth the teeth, and sweetens the breath. Bayf. the D. is to unc. sem. Also its excellent to break wind, to strengthen the liver and bowells, and to cleare the eye sight. *Syrupus melissophylli*, or, the Syrup, is very cordial, and strengthens the heart, breast, and stomach It resists melancholy, revives the spirits. h. seavers, strengthens the memory, and h. languishing nature. the D. is cochl. 1.

B s

Bay tree

Bay tree. *Laurus*.

P. Gardens, Hot regions. In France, Spaine, &c.

T. It's green Winter and Summer. *Fl.* in spring.

N. *Δάφν. Laurea. Laudea veterum*: the wild, *Tinus*.

Bay tree. *Ger. Gal.* **T.** the berries and leaves are hot & very drie, yet the berries moist: the bark is more bitter and astringent. **V.** the berries with hony h. ptyticks and consumptions of the lungs, asthma's, all rhumes about the chest: and d. in wine h. the bitings & stings of venomous beasts, cure poyson & cleans the morpew: the juyce h. pains of the eares, and deafnes, dropped in with old wine and oile of roses: with ointments, it h. weariness, heateh and discusseh, and inwardly, quickneth: the berries also h. cramps, and convulsions, the diseases of the stomach, liver, spleen and bladder, warme a cold stomach, concoct raw humours, h. appetite, open the liver and spleen and bring down urine, the menses, and secundine: the oyle h. scabbs, bruises, spots, and congealed blood, and discusseh. The leaves bathed h. the mother, and bladder; and ap. h. the stinging of Bees; with barley meale parched and bread they h. all inflammations, and d. h. pain of the stomach, and c. vomit. The berries stamped with scammone, saffron, vinegar, and oyle of roses m. to a liniment, and ap. h. the megrim. 2 leaves eate first h. drunkenness: the bark of the root d. in wine h. urine, breaks the stone and driveth it forth, openeth stoppings of the inward parts; and killeth the *Fetus*. it h. the drop sic jaundise, and floures stopped. The *Wild, Laurus tinus*. **K.** as the common, and *Portingale*. **T. V.** are not discovered. *Cherry bay. Laurocerassus*. **T. V.** the fruit is good to be eaten &c. not discovered. *Orange bay Guayava*. **T. V.** the fruit is usually eaten, the rinde being taken off, & is of easie concoction. *Green*, it h. fluxes, ripe it loosneth the belly. The decoction of the leaves h. swollen leggs, and the obstructed spleen; the fruit is cold and h. fevers; 'tis called *Guayava*, & groweth in the West Ind. *Park*. a decoction of the berries with cumminseed, hyssop, origanum, euphorbium, and hony h. rheumes.

The

The oyle h. all griefs of cold, and wind ap. bruises, scabbs, and pains of the eares. *That of Alexandria* h. urine and the termes. *Strawberry bay.* *Johns. T.* the fruit is like that of the Strawberry tree. *Eleſtuarium de baccis lauri*, *Pharm: Lond.* or, the *Eleſtuary of Bayberries*, is very good in the chollick or illiack paſſion, or other cold and windie diſeaſes of the bowels and eaſeth the pains thereof: the D. is *drach. 1.* in the morning faſting or *unc. ſem.* in a clyſter. *Oleum laurinum*, or the oyle of *Bays*, h. the collick, diſeaſes of the wind and cold, the D. inwardly is a few drops in an appropriated water, or compound againſt the collick. *Note* alſo other oiles retaine the virtues of their ſimples, and are chiefly uſed outwardly. Alſo it's excellent againſt cold diſeaſes of the brain, nerves, joynts, and loines: It h. wearineſs, opens the pores of the veins, h. the palſey, and ſhaking fits in agues, being annointed upon the back bone. It heares, ſoftens, opens, and diſcuſſeth. It cures all cold diſtempers, ſimple or joyned with ſlegme or wind. It mightily helps the collick paine from theſe cauſes being made into a clyſter with ſome convenient decoction. It h. pains of the ſtomack, head, liver, ſpleen, matrix, kidnies, and all cold diſeaſes. *Unguentum laurinum commune*, or, the *Common ointment of bays* heats, and expells wind; h. old aches and ſpraines, and ſome uſe it againſt the itch. Alſo its ſoveraigne againſt cold diſeaſes of the brain, nerves, joynts and loines. It h. wearineſs, opens the pores of the veines, and ventilats the blood. uſed to the back bone it h. the palſie, and ſhaking fit of an ague. It's of a heating, emolient, opening, and diſcuſſing faculty. It h. all cold diſtempers, ſimple or with matter, as ſlegme and wind, and collick thence being annointed upon the belly, and chaſed in with a hot hand. *Emplaſtrum e baccis lauri*, or, the *Plaſter of bayberries*, h. any paines c. of cold or wind, in the ſtomack, liver, belly, reines, or bladder, &c. and h. the collick and wind in the bowells. Alſo it's good againſt the dry or flatulent dropſie applied to the belly. Uſed to the ſtomack, it h. digestion

digestion, and prevents the dropſie ap. to the liver and ſpleen, and cures pains of the loyns ap. there. *Oleum è baccis lauri chym:* or, the Chymicall oile of Bay berries, h. the collick and illiack paſſion: *Schrod.* alſo it diſcuſſeth flatulencies, and h. the ſpaſme of breeding women, the ſiderate, ſpots and ichores. the D. is gut. 2. 4.

Bead tree. *Zizipha.* *

P. In Italy, Spaine, and Germany.

T. Fl. in Italy and Spaine, in June, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *Zizupa.* *Ziziphus.* *Sycomorus* Ital. Be'llon.

Bead tree. Ger. K. as the common, and that of Capadocia. T. Avic. the flowers of the first are hot 30 and drie fine primi: the second is cold and drie. V. the floures of the first open the obstructions of the braine. The distilled water kills nits and lice: m. with whitewine ap. it preserveth the haire from falling: the fruit is troublesome to the ſtomack, dangerous and deadly. The decoction of the barke with ſumitory and mirobolans h. agues c. by ſlegme. The juyce of the uppermoſt leaves with hony h. poyſon. *Rhaſ.* the tree is hot and dry, and operates as aforeſaid. *Matth. H.* the leaves and wood are deadly unto beaſts: the poyſon thereof is h. by the ſame remedies that Oleander is. That of Cappadocia, worketh as the first, but the decoction thereof h. the heate of urine, and diabetes the running of the reines, and exulcerations of the privy parts: a looch made of it, or the ſyrup h. hæmorrhys, or ſpitting of blood, c. by diſtillations of ſharpe and ſalt humours. *Monard.* Beades of the roots of *S. Elen.* T. V. the powder h. griefes of the ſtomack, ſtone, and iſchury: the ſmell doth corroborate, and ſtrengthen. *Park.* V. the water of the Bead tree given to doggs in their mear, preſently killeth them. The beades of *S. Hellen*, *radix Sanctæ Helena.* T. are dry in *irio 2di*, and hot fine. V. the powder ſprinkled on the body, bindeth the ſkin, and ſtrengthneth the members. *Bauh.* they are hot fine 2di, and drie 10 or a little more.

Beane,

Beane. - *Faba*.

P. Gardens and fields commonly.

T. Fl. in April and May: is ripe in July and Aug.

N. Κύαμα. The black its called *Faba veterum* & *gras*.

Beane. Ger. K. as the great garden, and wilde. T be-
fore ripe its cold and moist, when dry, binding, and
windy of light substance, cleansing & slowly descending.
V. if parched they loose their windiness, and are of
hard digestion, and grosse juyce. when green they are
excrementitious: boyled with vineger and salt taken,
they h. boody flux with laskes, and vomiting: they
raise flegme out of the chest and lungs, and ap. h. the
gout boyled with water and m. with swines grease.
The meale with oxymel h the fiery heat of bruises, and
wounds: and pulvisd h. the privities and pappys infla-
med, and drieth up milke: tempered with the meale of
senugreek and hony it h. black spots c. by bearing, and
wasteth kernells under the eares: with rose leaves,
frankincense, and the white of an egge, it h. watering
eyes, the pin and web, and hard swellings: tempered
with wine, the suffusions, and stripes of the eyes: the
beane chewed without the skin, and ap. to the fore-
head h. rheumes: boyled in wine it h. the inflammati-
on of the testicles: the skins ap. hinder haire: with
barley meale parched and old oyle ap. they h. the
Kings evill: and decoct, die wool. beans ap. without
the skins stop the blood: The black beane is not used.
Kidney beane, *Phaseolus*, *French*, *Sperags* or *Romane*
beanes. Ger. J. K. as the white, black, red, pale, yellow,
Italian with a small white fruit, and small red fr. narrow
leafed, of *Brasile*, party coloured, and purging of *America*.
T. Diosc. doe more loose the belly then peason, are
less windy and of good nourishment: hot and moist:
V. eaten before ripe they are not windy, loose the belly,
and provoke urine, when ripe they are unwholsome.
Park. the distilled water of beane husks h. the stone
and urine. fried beans eaten with garlick h. coughs. the
ashes of the husks with hoggs grease h. old pains and
gout.

gout. the lesser bean operates as the 1. The *Molucca* bean
h. the braine. Senn. a cataplasme of beane meale, bitter
vetch, powder of cammomile flowers, and cumminseed
h. the cedema of the duggs. Schrod. the salt of beane
straw is diuretick, good in the dropfie, stone, and re-
tention of the urine.

Bean tree see, *S. Johns wort*.

Bears-breech. *Branca ursina*.

P. Moist and stony places : and gardens.

T. Fl. in summer : the seed is ripe in Autumne.

N. *ἑρπιδάγθα*. The smooth, *melampyllos*.

Bears breech, Ger. *J. R.* as the garden and prickly.
T. the garden Bears breech is between hot and cold,
somewhat moist mollifying and digesting; and h. in cly-
sters, the root Gal. is more drying. V. Diosc. the roots
h. burnings ap. and luxations. and d. provoke urine,
stop the belly. h. burstings, cramps and consumption of
the lungs, the pry sick, spitting of blood, bruises and
strains, as the greater cumfrey. a plaister of the root h.
aches and the numness of hands and feet. P. L. it h.
wounds and broken bones, and is binding, drach. 1.
being taken fasting. Park. the root outwardly ap. h.
the gout. Ger. it helpeth in clysters against sundry ma-
ladies. Crescent. T. it's hot and moist 1. the leaves ap.
with axungia help cold apostumes, and with oyle the
diseases of the Spleen. Senn. the lotion thereof and po-
tion, h. the plica or platting of the haire, with a little
leaven.

Bears eares, *Auricula ursi*.

P. In Gardens when planted there.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May.

N. *Lunaria arthritica*, *paralytica Alpina*. *Sanicula*.

Bears-eares, Ger. K. as the yellow, purple red, scarlet,
blush

blush coloured, bright red, and stamell. T. are drie and very astringent. V. it healeth all inward and outward wounds of the breast and enterocoele d. often. it's of the vertue of sanicle. The root of Damasonium taken poudered drach. 1. or 2 h. those that have devoured the sea hare, taken too much opium, or have been bitten by a road. d. with Daucus seeds, it h. the tormina and bloody flux, the convulsion and affects of the womb. the herb staies the flux, moves the courses; and ap. as a pultis asswageth oedematous tumors. Johnf. Park. Bears eares, h. the palse and trembling of the joynts, prevent paines in the head, and giddiness. The leaves of Cortusa are a little hot. Cam. the oyle thereof is excellent for wounds. Matth. Bears eares refrigerate, dry, glutinate, and restrain. Bauh. Gesn. being chewed they h. the tooth ach.

*Bearefoot, see, Black hellebore, or Setter-wort.
Berewort, see Spignell.*

Beech-tree. *Fagus.*

P. Plaine, open and forrests.

T. Fl. in April and May: the fruit is ripe in Sept.

N. Ὀξύς, ὄνυξ, It is called Oxya and Scissima.

Beech. tree. Ger. T. the leaves doe cool, the kernell of the nut is somewhat moist. V. the leaves ap. h. hot swellings, blisters, and excoriations, and chewed h. chapped lips, and paine of the gums. The kernells h. paine of the kidnies coming of the stone, eaten, and bring forth the gravell. Crescent. The water in hollows of Beeches h. scurse, tetters in man and beast; and scabbs ap. and the ashes are used to make glasses of. Park. the juyce of the young leaves, is cooling and binding, the water that cometh out of the tree bored h. tetters and sore mouths. Matth. the ashes ap. h. the stone, and the reines, the leaves corroborate,

Eces

Bees-nest, *see*, Wild Carot.
 Behen, *see* Sparling poppie.
 Besome weed, *see* Tode-flax.
 Marish Beetle, *see* Cats taile.

Beere. *Beta.*

P. Moist and fertile, Gardens: the white nigh the sea.
T. It's to be sown in the spring and is ever green.
N. Τεῦτλον ἢ αὐτλον. The white is called *Sicula* and *Sicla*.

Beere. *Ger.* *J.* *K.* as the white, red, and red Roman.
T. the white is temperate in heat and moisture: the other are drie, and all absterfive: the white cold, moist, and nitrous, so clensing, and an errhine. *V.* boiled and eaten it looseth the belly, and is of little nourishment: the juyce put in the nostrills purgeth phlegme out of the head. The great Beet with vinegar, oyle and salt, is a good sallad. The Ro. beet boyled and eaten with oyle, vinegar, and pepper, is a good sallad also. *Pem.* the juyce provoketh urine, openeth the liver and spleen, h. venime, vertigo's, and headach: the red stopps fluxes, and applyed h. bleans in the skin, kibes, cankers and scurse. *Park.* *K.* the prickly stalked, and candy, as the rest h. inflammations.

Bell flower. *Campanula.*

P. 2. first in Gardens: the rest in sandy places.
T. Fl. From May to Aug.
N. *Rapunculus* and *Rapuntium*.

Bell-floure. *Ger.* *K.* as the Peach-leaved steeple milky round leaved, yellow, little white, and little purple. *T.* these especially the 4. last are cold and dry. *V.* and of the nature of Rampions whereof they are kinds. *Park.* the roots of the wild bell-floures. *K.* as of the wild field, & time leaved. *V.* with vinegar oyle and pepper h. the stomack eaten, and cause appetite, and milk in Nurses &c, the greater roots, and beaten with the meale of
Lupines

Lupines h. spots, to the water. They may also be used in gargles for the mouth.

Autumn Bel flower, see, Calathian violet.

Bel weed, see, Black Marfellon.

Bent, see Reed grafs.

Bertram, see, Pellitory of Spaine.

Betle or Betre, see bastard pepper.

Blew Coventry bells, see violets of Mercury.

Betony. *Betonica*.

P. Shadowy woods, borders of pastures &c.

T. Fl. in June and July : the second in Aug.

N. Κίσρον ἢ Λυχότροπον. *Yetonica. cestrin* : that of the water, *Clymenon*.

Betony. Ger. T. is hot and drie 2^o. *Gal.* cutting. *V.* h. diseases of the head of a cold cause, and the falling sickness, it clenseth the lungs and chest, h. obstructions of the Liver, Milt, of Gall, and the yellow Jaundise. It c. a good appetite, h. sower belchings, and strangury, pain in the kidneys and the bladder, it breaketh and expelleth the stone, it h. ruptures, cramps, and convulsions, the bitings of mad dogs and serpents and poyson, d. and ap. it h. the sciatica. A conserve of the flowers h. the head-ach, *drach. 1.* of the root d. in honyed water causeth to vomit gross humours. The powder of the leaves d. in wine h. the spitting, and pissing of blood, and all inward wounds. the powder with meat loosneth the belly gently, and h. the epilepsie with madness and head-ach, and all pains of the head, it killeth worms. h. agues, clenseth the mother. and cureth bruifings. *Water betony. Betonica aquatica.* *T.* is hot and drie. *V.* the leaves scour, and cleanse, and mundify ulcers that are foul, especially the juyce boyled with hony : the juyce ap. h. red faces and deformity. *Pem.* the 1. h. the dropsie m. with hony the cough and thin rheum: and wind collick d. Ap. it draweth out splinters

ter, and h. biles. The juyce instilled h. the pain of the
 cares, *Park.* with axungia it h. plague sores, d. with
 pennyroyall and mede it h. agues. *Syrupus de betonica*
compositus, Pharm. Lond. or, the Compound Syrup of beto-
 ny, h. cold diseases in the head and stomach, also the
 wind, vertigoes and madness: It concocts melancholy,
 and provokes the terms; so the *simple. Emplastrum de*
betonica, or, the plaister of betony, h. the cracked skull,
 draws out broken bones, and covers bones with flesh:
 It draws matter from the bottom of deep ulcers, re-
 stores flesh lost, clenseth, digesteth, and dryeth, *Empl.*
de Janua, vel de Betonica Nich. or, that of *Nicholaus*,
 mightily h. pains in the head, adle brains, green wounds,
 and inflammations, and strengthens the liver.

Bezar-tree. *Moringa.* *

P. It groweth in Malabar.

T. The time is not observed.

N. The Arabians and Turkes call it *Morian*, the Persians
Tame.

Bezar-tree. Park. **T.** the seeds are sharp, the roots
 alexipharmick, and as effectuell as unicorns horn, be-
 zarstone, or any treacle, **V.** the natives use it against
 all kinds of poysons and bitings of venemous creatures,
 even of that most venemous serpent called by the Por-
 tugalls *Culebras de Capillo*, d. and ap. it also h. the
 wind collick, and leprosie, it being used many have
 been cured thereof: it is mixed also with those medi-
 cines that purge melancholy. All which is also affirmed
 by *Bauhinus*.

Big, see, Beere barley.

Bilberries or bulberries, see Wartle berries.

Binde

Binde weed. *Volubilis*?

P. Almost every where: the blew in Syria.

T. Fl. from May to August.

N. *Smilax*. Of the Prickly Sarsa parilla: that of the Sea, Soldana.

Binde weed. Ger. *J. K.* as the great smooth, small, lavender leaved, silver-leaved, and black. T. are hot and drie. V. the juyce of the black, much openeth the belly: the stamped leaves ap. dissolve and wast hard swellings: the rest are not used in physick. Blew bind-weed. *Convolvulus Caruleus*. K. as the common, round leaved, and small. T. is hot and drie 1°. Serap. 3°. V. it purgeth thick phlegmatick, and melancholick humours, expelleth worms, and troubleth the belly. Rough bind weed. *Smilax aspera*. K. as of Peru, Sarsa parilla. the common, that of Portugall, and Germany. T. the roots are hot and drie of subtil parrs, and decoct c. sweat. V. the roots h. old pains of the head and joynts, and cold diseases, and such as are cured by sweating if there be no ague joyned. the leaves d. h. poyson. Sea bind weed. *Soldanella*. K. as the common mountaine, and small mountaine. T. is hot and drie 2. the 2d bitter and astringent: V. it mightily purgeth waterish humours, openeth the liver and h. the dropsie d. in fat broth: the powder in weak bodies must be mixed with aniseed, cinnamon, ginger, and sugar. The leaves of the mountaine bind-weed ap. to the navill draw out hydropick water, so in other parts: and h. wounds: the whole herb troubles the stomack. Purging bind weed, *Scammonium*. K. as the Syrian, that of Valentia, and the French. T. it's the strongest purger that is, moderately hot and drie. V. it purgeth choler, water, and flegme, and hurteth the stomack, and fretteth the inтраiles, it openeth the veins, hurteth the heart, if much taken c. sownings, vomiting, bloody stix, and tenesmus: except boiled in a quince, with the mucilage of psyllium, pulpe of pruns and mastick: or m. drach. 2. of aloes with scr. 1. thereof: or give the quince in which it was roasted: the dose is from

from gr. 5. to 12. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extrañ.* of *Scammonie*, is scrup. sem. to gr. xv. so of the *resine*. the *spirit* purgeth without violence. *Winged bind weed*, *Quamoclit.* T. V. is useles. *Park.* *Great bind weed* K. as the *blew with a triparted leafe*, and red. V. the first purgeth phlegm, and melancholy, and killeth flat worms. The *small purge* and dissolve. K. as the *mallow leafed*, purple and *Arabian*.

Birch tree. *Betula*,

P. *Woods*, fenny grounds, in most places.

T. The catkins 1. then the leaves in Aprill and later.

N. *Σμύδα*: *Betulla*. *Semos*. *Semuda* *Theoph.*

Birch-tree. *Ger.* T. V. is not yet used. *Park.* the juyce of the leav while they are young or the distilled water of them, or that which cometh out of the tree being boared with an auger, d. for some time together breaketh the stone in the kidnies or bladder, and is also good to wash sore mouthes, a lie made of the ashes of birch tree bark, is effectuall for the same. *Col.* the leaves are cooling, the barke and catkins hot: the inner bark h. the womb.

Birds-eyne. *Paralyfis.*

P. *Moist and squalid ground.*

T. *Fl.* from Aprill to Aug.

N. *Sanicula angustifolia*: & *paralytica alpina*.

Birds-eyne. *Ger.* K. as the red, and white. T. V. as of other primroses. So T. they are drie and astringent, and a little hot, cephalick, and neuroick, and h. the palsie, the roots decoct h. the stone. an ointment of the leaves and hogs grease h. wounds, wrinkles, spots, and sunburning. the juyce of the root purgeth the brain and helpeth the megrim, the leaves d. h. the brest.

Birds

Birds-foot. *Ornithopodium.*

P. In divers parts of England, as Hamstead and black heath &c.

T. Fl. from June to the middle of September.

N. Πολύζαλον. Diosc. quorundam, Ὀρνιθοπόδιον. *per avis*, the knotted, *herniaria*.

Birds foot. Ger. *J. K.* as the great and small. T. V. are not used in meate or medicine: yet c. milke in beasts. *Park. T.* they are a little drying and binding. V. they are good to be used in traumatick potions, and h. wounds ap. *Lugd.* the lesser breaketh the stone in the kidneys, & driverth it forth, the decoction being taken, and h. ruptures d. and applyed to the part all which is affirmed by *Bauhinus*, of the tuberous birds foot of *Delechampsius*, called *herniaria*.

Birds-nest, *Nidus avis.*

P. The north parts of England.

T. Fl. in June & August & then seedeth.

N. Νέστια. *Coagulum terræ Plin. orobanche Gesn.*

Birds-nest. Ger. T. V. is not used in Physick, *Bauh.* the taste of the root and whole plant is bitter; and very ungratefull to the pallee, and as yet its not discoursed of, as to any known vertues.

Birds-tongue see Stich wort,

Birth wort, *Aristolochia Saracenicæ.*

P. Fat and campton soiles.

T. Fl. in May. June and July.

N. Αεισολοχία. *terra malum. pistolochia.*

Birth wort, Ger. *J. K.* as the long, round, clyming, *Saracens*, small, and *Virginian snakeroot*. T. are hot and drie 3. and cleansing. V. drach: 1. of the long birthw. d. with wine and ap. h. against serpents. d. with myrrh

myrrh and pepper it expells what is in the matrice, the flowers and dead child, so also as a pessarie: so the round as the 1. it also h. stuffings of the lungs, the hicker, shiverings of agues, hardnesse of the milt, burstings, cramps, convulsions, & pain of the sides, d. in water it plucketh out thornes, and splinters: and in plaisters and pultrises, scales or bones, it h. corruption, mundifieth ulcers, and filleth them with flesh ap. with Ireos and hony: The *branched birthw. Gal.* is more sweet and weaker, d. in water it h. bruises. The round doth beautify, cleanse, and fasten the teeth rubbed with the powder. The *root of the Virginean Pistlochis* is aromack, and h. the bitings of Adders or Vipers, chewed ap. and swallowed. *Johns.* it also h. the plague, small pox, measles, and such like maligne and contagious diseases. *Pem.* the round root purgeth flegme & choler, attenuateth, h. the intestines, the falling sicknesse: killeth wormes, and drieth scabbs. ap. with hony it h. ulcers of the mouth, and adding aloes, lime, and chalke, it h. the polypus. note its not to be given to women with child. *Park. K.* as the running, bushy, and ever green bushy rooted. *V.* the 1. h. the falling down of the mother as a pessary. *Col.* it h. windinesse. it h. the nerves with syrupe of vineger. the water h. ulcers.

Bishops leaves, see Water betony.

Bishops-weed. *Ammi.*

P. The first groweth by hedge sides.

T. Fl. in June and July, the seed is ripe in the end of Aug.

N. *Ἀμμύλιν.* *Ameos. cuminum* *Æthiopicum, & regium.*

Bishops weed. *Ger. f. K.* as the common, Candy, and small Bish. *T.* the seed is hot and drie fine tertii. *V.* it h. gripings of the belly in making of urine, and the bitings of Serpents taken in wine, and bringeth downe the floures. ap. with hony it h. spots c. by stripes. so also the seed of *Sison*, being hot and dry 30, of thin parts and

and diuretick. The *seed of Ameos* d. in wine h. against all poyson, pestilent fevers, or the plague, and is used in the correcting of Cantharides. pounded, hony being added to the herbe, it scattereth congealed bloud, and h. marks caused by stripes, being applied as a plaister. *Park.* d. and ap. it abateth an high colour, and maketh it pale, and the *fume* thereof taken with rosin and raisins; clenseth the mother. The *Ægyptian* or *Arabian* *seede* is said to provoke venery. *Gal. Diosc. Ammi* T. is hot and dry 30, of thin parts a little bitter and sharp, therefore digesting, and opening, &c.

Bishops worts, *see*, Berony.

Bishops wort, *see*, St. Katharines flower.

Bistort, *see*, Snake-weed.

Bitter-sweet. *Amara dulcis.*

P. Moist, nigh ditched, rivers, hedges &c.

T. Fl. in July, the berries are ripe in Aug.

N. Γλαυκώπιον. *Strychnodendron. Solanum ligosum.*

Bitter-sweet. *Ger. T.* the leaves and fruit are hot and dry, clensing and wasting. V. the decoction of the leaves opens the liver and gall d. and h. the yellow jaundise. The juyce h. fallings from high places, and bruises, dissolveth clotted blood and healeth. *Trag.* the wood sliced and boiled with wine gently purgeth by urine and siege, those that have the drop sic or jaundise. *Diosc.* so also that with white flowers *drach. 1.* of the fruit d. with *unc. 3.* of white wine for 40 dayes h. the spleen, and dyspnœa. and clenseth women brought to bed. *Park. V.* a drink made of the wood h. putrid seavers and agues. the berries ap. h. fellons. *Col.* it helpeth ruptures and wounds. the leaves ap. with bacon h. fellons.

Bladder

Bitter wort, *see*, Felwort.
 Black berries, *see* Bramble-bush.
 Black-wort, *see* Cumfrey.

Bladder nut. *Nux-vesicaria*.

P. *Kent and many other places.*

T. *Fl. in May: the nuts are ripe in Aug. and September.*

N. *Pistacium Germanicum. Staphylodendron Plin.*

Bladder-nut. *Ger.* **T.** is superfluously moist. **V.** It troubles the stomach, and is somewhat binding. So not to be eaten: its not used in physick, yet some use it to provoke venery. *Park.* and others, to cure the stone. *Col.* but it hath divers evill qualities, whereby it is lothsome and overturneth the stomachs of those that eat it. *Bauh.* some affirm that being planted in gardens, it driveth away venomous beasts.

Blew-bottle. *Cyanas*.

P. *The first groweth in gardens, the rest in cornfields.*

T. *Fl. From May to Harvest.*

N. *Kúav* the common, *Flos frumenti*, and *Baptisecula*. *Blew ball. Blew blow.*

Blew bottle. *Ger.* **f.** **K.** as the great, common, double, double purple, broad leaved creeping, small creeping, purple, violet, and variable. **T.** the common is something cold. **V.** it h. inflammations of the eyes: the rest are not sufficiently known as to their faculties. *Park.* **V.** the powder of the dried leaves of the great blew-bottle d. h. inward bruises, and broken veines taken in plantaine, great consrey, or horse-taile water, and resists poyson, and infection, and fevers taken in wine: the juyce h. wounds ap. So the lesser.

Blire.

Blite. *Blitum*.

P. Gardens and fields, and wast places.

T. Fl. all summer long; seed in Aug. and Sept.

N. Βαίτον & Βλήτον. Of the black, *Sanguinaria*, and *Blitum nigrum*.

Blite. *Ger.* J. K. as the great white, great red, small white, and small red. T. is cold and moist 20, of little nourishment. V. it looseth the belly, yet not vehemently, not being nicrous or sharpe. *Park.* it is more hurtfull to the stomach, head and eyes, then other herbs, being insipid and provoking castings. *Col.* it causeth fluxes and gripings of the belly being much eaten. yet the red is used to stop fluxes of blood in man or woman. The white blite with much seed, which by some is called allseed, is a very acceptable baite unto fishes. Note all blites hurt the eyes. *Lonie.* the red ap. h. inflammations, and cornes. *Bauh. Plin.* d. in wine, it h. against Scorpions. *Matth.* the black refrigerates, humects, and is emollient.

Blood-strange, see, Mouse-taile.
May blossomes, see, Conval lilly.

Blond-wort. *Lapathum Sativum sanguineum*.

P. In gardens, and diverse other places.

T. Fl. in June and July, the seed is ripe in Aug.

N. Ερυθρολαίδον. *Lapathum nigrum, rubrum, Sanguis draconis herba.*

Blond-wort. *Ger.* T. is cold and drie. *Park.* it is an excellent herbe to be eaten, the seed is much commended for any flux in man or woman, being inwardly taken; so likewise is the root, being of a stupefick quality. *Col.* it comforteth the liver. The seed decoct in wine or water h. wambling pains of the stomach, the root boyled in vinegar h. scurfe.

Bolbonac, *see*, Money flower.

Bolts, *see*, Globe Crowfoot.

Bombaste, *see*, Corten plant.

Bootes, *see*, Marsh Marigold.

Borage. *Borrage.*

P. *Gardens, and there it encreaseth very much.*

T. *Fl. in summer, till Autumne be far spent.*

N. *Ευεργόνη. Corrago. Porrago.*

Borrage. *Ger. K.* as the garden, *white flowered*, and *never-dying*. **T.** it is evidently moist not so hot, but in a meane betwixt hot and cold. **V.** the *flowers* in *salads* exhilarate and comfort the heart. The *leaves* boyled in pottage loosen the belly; and in honied water h. hoarsenesse and rough throats. The leaves and fl. in wine h. melancholy. A *syrup of the fl.* exhilarateth, purgeth melancholy, and h. the phrensie; so a *conserve of the fl.* a *syrup of the juyce* with the powder of the hone of the stags heart, h. swooning, the cardiack passion, melancholy, and epilepsie. The *root* is not used in medicine, **P. L. Diosc.** but it's hot and moist it cheereth the heart, and h. the drooping spirits; the *leaves* eaten raw c. good blond in them that have been lately sick. **Pem.** it h. fevers, cooling and opening. **Park.** the seed c. milke. **Æmil. Macer.** it h. the memory. and clenseth the lungs.

Baw-wood, See. Knap-weed.

Box-thorne. *Lycium.*

P. *In Cappadocia, and Lycia. &c.*

T. *Fl. in Feb. and March. The fr: is ripe in September.*

N. *λύμιον. Pyxantha. Buxea spina.*

Box-thorne. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, and *Spanish Box.* **T. Gal.** the *juyce* is drying, and compounded of diverse kinds of substances, one of thin parts digesting and

and hot, another earthy and cold, so binding. it's moderately hot, and therefore used for severall purposes. V. Diosc. the juyce cleareth the sight, it h. the festered sores of the eyes; the itch, and inveterate distillations of humours; it h. runnings of the eares, ulcers in the gums, and almonds of the throat, as also against the gallings of the lipps and fundament. Park. K. as the Italian, the yellow grain of Avignon, the 1 and 2d of Candy, the supposed Indian, and Lycium like Egyptian tree. V. the juyce stopps all fluxes.

Box-tree. *Buxus*.

P. Barren ground, and gardens, &c.

T. Fl. in Feb. and March; the seed is ripe in September.

N. Pl. 5. The lesser is called *Chamaebuxus*.

Box-tree. Ger. T. the leaves are hot, dry, astringent, and of a loathsome smell. V. it's not used in medicine; yet some Empericks use the wood against apoplexies &c. the bastard dwarfe box, *chamaebuxus fl. colutea*. T. the leaves are bitter and hot. V. it's not used in physick, nor the faculties yet known. Park. V. some use the wood of the first in stead of guajacum, against fluxes and the French pox. Fernel. the leaves purge, unc. 1. decoct in whey, or drach. 1. of the powder d. in broth. Gived to horses they h. the botts. with pennyroyall they h. the bitings of dogs. Schrod. the extract of the wood of Box, is sudoriferous, and specifical against the epilepsie, wormes, and putrefaction, the D. is a little pill. Anon. the oyle h. the tooth-ache, epilepsie, vertigo and palsey.

Asses Boxtree, see, Box-thorne,
Brake, see, Ferne.

Bramble or blackberrie bush. *Rubus sylvestris*?

P. In hedges. the 2d in gardens planted.

T. Fl. in May and June. the fruit is ripe in August and September.

N. Bātō. Sentin, Vepres, Batm, Cynosbatm; the fr. Mora bati.

Bramble-bush. Ger. F. K. as the common, the raspis, stone black-berry, and knot berry bush. T. the young buds of the bramble bush, the fl. and leues, and unripe fruit, are very dry and astringent. V. chewed they h. inflammations of the mouth, and almonds of the throat, and stay all fluxes, so decoct with hony. they h. the eyes hanging out, knots in the fundament, & ap. stay the hæmorrhoides. The indurate juyce of the stalkes, leaves, & unripe fruit is more effectuell. The ripe fruit is sweet, temperate, & wholesome: it hath astringtion, so h. the stomach dried unripe. too many eaten c. head-ach. the root is binding, and of thin substance, and wasterth the stone in the kidnies. The berries and flowers provoke urine, and decoct in wine h. the stone, the leaves boyled in water, with hony, allum, and white wine ap. h. sores in the mouth and privities, and fasten loose teeth. The Raspis, *Rubus Ideus* is thought to be like the bramble in temperature and vertues, but not so much binding or drying. Diosc. it operates as the bramble. The fruit h. weak stomachs. Park. the berries of the first h. against poyson: the juyce with mulberies h. the stomach and heart burning with hypocistis and hony. The leaves poudered h. ulcers. Schrod. the spirit of the bramble sponge, h. the stone, the D. is 5. drops to 20.

Branke ursine, see, Bears-breech.

Bread of India. *Jucca*.

P. All the tract of India.

T. It's green all the yeare.

N. *Hucca*, *Huurca*, *Manihot*: the bread thereof *Cazavi*.

Indian bread. Ger: T. it is hot and dry 10, the poysonous

poysonous juyce being pressed forth, its dry in the middle of the 2d. *Park*, bread made of the root, the juyce being pressed out, and the root powdered, then with water made into cakes, is of good nourishment, yet exasperating the throat, except eaten with liquors to mollify it: the juyce raw is poysonsome, but half boyled away, wholesome. *Terent.* it's aromaticall and h. ulcers.

Bridewort, see Meadow-sweet.

Brier bush. see Heptree or brier-rose.

Sweet brier bush, see Eglantine or wild rose.

Brimstonewort. see fow-fennel.

Brook leak, see Water dragon.

Brook-lime. *Anagallis aquatica.*

P. River sides, and watery ditches.

T. Fl. and seed in June, July and Aug.

N. *Ἀναγallis ἑνδορ.* beccabunga, berula, Ceras.

Brook-lime. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, great long leaved, round leaved, the forth of *Lobel*, and that of the garden. T. it's hot and drie, yet not so much as water-cresses. V. eaten in sallads it h. the scurvy, used as water-cresses, and scurvy grasse: yet weaker. boyled and ap. it h. swollen leggs and the drop sic. The leaves boyled, strained, and stamped with the powder of fenugreek, linseed, the root of marsh-mallows and hogs grease, unto the forme of a cataplasme, ap. h. any swelling in the legs or armes, and preserve wounds from apostumation. The leaves stamped, strained and d. in wine h. the strangury and griefs of the bladder: and eaten with the tendrels of asparagus, oyle, vineger, and pepper, h. the strangury and stone. *Park. K.* the long chickweed leaved. V. as the rest. They break the stone, provoke womens courses, and expell the dead birth: and fried with butter and vineger and ap. warm h. S. *Anthonyes* fire, also it h. scabs in horses.

Broome. *Genista*.

P. Dry, sc. the 1. and 2d: the rest in hot regions.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May: Seedeth in Aug. the Rape, in June.

N. *Σπάρτορ*. *Spartum*, broom rape is called *Rapum genista*.

Broom. *Ger. f.* K. as the common, rape, long flowered, great flowered, & branched, Spanish, English dwarf, & dwarf of Hungary. **T.** the twigs, flowers & seeds are hot & dry 20, of thin parts, cleansing & opening, especially the seed, which is drier and not so moist. **V.** the twiggs and topps decoct, cleanse and open the liver, milt, and kidnies, purge watery humors with water; and with wine h. the drop-sie: so the seed. A lie made of the ashes of the stalkes and branches dried and burnt, with white or Rhenish wine, h. the green sickness and drop-sie, and expelleth watery humours with the urine. *All its parts* trouble, cur, attenuate, and violently purge by vomit and stool flegme and raw humours out of the joynts: sc. of *Spartum*: it breaketh and expelleth the stone: the young buds pickled and eaten c: apperite, open the liver and spleen: stamped with axungia and ap. h. the gout: and with hony of roses or an egge h. the Kings evill. *Broom rape* boyled in wine h. pains of the kidnies and bladder, the stone and provoketh urine: the juyce h. green wounds, and cleanseth old ulcers. The distilled water of the fl. d. h. surseits. and the black jaundise, the leaves dried and poudered with the seed, d. first & last. Sliced and infused in oyle olive it h. spots, freckles, and pushes. The fl. or seeds of Spanish broom d. with meade q. drach. 1. c. strongly to vomit: and taken alone, loosen the belly, and purge watery humours. **Base broome**, *Genistella*. K. as the green weed, woody, winged, globe, hares-foot, and small with hares foot fl: **T.** V. as the first are hot and drie 20, and bitter yet not so well known. *Spanish base broom*, *Pseudospartum*. K. as that without leaves, and the white leaved lesser. **T.** V. the seeds and juyce draw mightily. drach. 1. of the seeds and

and fl. d. with meade c. vomiting : the seed purgeth bruised and steeped in water and d. it h. the sciatica, and squinancy d. in the morning : in a clyster with sea water it purgeth. Park. K. as the white, Spanish green, and white. V. are referred to the rest. The thorny broom is hot and dry, opens the liver and spleen, and h. the jaundise, and urine stopped.

Broome-wort, see Treacle mustard.

Browne wort, see great Fig-wort.
or Water betony.

Bruse wort, see Sope wort.

Brown begle, see, Bugle.

Brother wort, see Pulial mountain.

Bryony. *Bryonia*.

P. Almost every where : on banks, and under hedges.

T. Fl. in May, June, July and August.

N. *Bryonia* & *Vitis* ~~alba~~ *Vitis alba*, & *Vitalba*. *Viticella*. The black, *Sigillum Maria*.

Bryony, Ger. K. as the white. T. is in all parts hot and drie 30, much clenſing, purging choler, flegm, and water. V. the first ſprings boyled and eaten, purge by ſiege and urine. the root d. in meade in the ſpring, or decoct and d. purgeth as before, and troubleth the ſtomack, h. dropſies, falling ſickneſs and vertigo. The root as a peſſarie extracts the dead child, ſo as a bath boiled & ap. it taketh away wrinkles and freckles, ſunburnings; ſpots, and ſcarrs, with meale of vetches, or boiled in oyle, it h. whitlows : ſtamped with wine and ap. it breaketh biles, and draweth out bones. The fruit ap. h. ſcabbs and leproy. An eleſtuary of the roots with hony or ſugar h. ſhort windes, old coughs, pains in the ſides, burſtings, and diſſolveth clotted blood. The root ſtamped with ſalt and ap. h. filthy ulcers, and ſcabbed leggs : ſo the fruit. It's root, and that of wake-Robin ſtamped with brimſtone and ap. h. the morphew and freckles.

freckles made in a *nodulus* ap. with vineger. *Black bryonie*, *Bryonia nigra*. T. the root is hot and drie 30°, the fruit is weaker: both scoure and wast. V. the roots d. purge water, and d. in wine h. the dropfie. The fruit h. sun-burning ap. and spots of bruises: so the root ap. as a plaister it h. deformities of the skin, breaks impostumes, draweth out splinters, and easeth ache ap. and dissolveth clotted blood. *Bryony of Mexico and Peru, mechoacan*. T. the root is of a mean, between hot and cold, yet dry. V. it purgeth flegme and water, *drach. 1.* or 2. d. with an appropriate water, h. all diseases of flegme and cold humors, old head-aches, coughs, the dyspnœa, collick, paine of the kidnies and joynts, reins, and belly. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extrañ* is to *drach. 1.* *Park.* the *fæcula of bryonie* taken to the q. of 2 or 3 grains in wine or broth purgeth flegme out of the chest. *Mecoacan* h. the dropfie and jaundise, expelleth wind, and h. old agues. The *jalap.* is more strong. *Col.* the water drawn out of the root of bryony d. h. the fits of the mother, clenseth the womb, and h. the courses. *Schrod.* the D. of the *magisterie of Jalap*, is to *gr. 18.* of the *extrañ scrup. sem.* to *scr. 1.* so of the *resine*. *Aqua bryonia composita Pharm. Lond:* or the *Water of bryony compound*, a spoonfull of it taken h. fits of the mother & it expells the after-birth, &c. It clenseth the womb, but it hurts women with child & is called *Aqua hysterica*, the D. may be a taster full in the morning fasting. *Pilula mechoacana*, or, the *Pils of mechoacan*; purge flegme greatly, the D. is *drach. sem.* or *scr. 1.* if weak. Also they purge thin rheum, and wheyish humors chiefly; h. the dropfie, especially in constitutions otherwise strong: its basis, mechoacan not onely purging, but exceedingly drying the belly, and all parts over soaked with moisture, the D. is *scr. 1.* to *drach. sem.* or *scr. 2.* in strong bodies, and *drach. 1.* if very strong. *Unguentum Agrippæ*, or, *K. Agrippæ's ointment* of bryony roots, purgeth exceedingly, and is good to annoint the bellies of such as have dropfies; & bringeth out any humour of flegme, out of any part, if

not

not too tender being annointed therewith, yet its not very safe. Also it's good for watry humours and loose heavings of the skin and externous parts, cramps of the nerves, and pinings in the kidnies. being annointed upon the belly it causeth a stool, allaies the strangury, h. the spleen and pains of the belly, being annointed upon the region of the respective parts.

Buck horne. Coronopus.

P. Barren plaines, and sandy ground.

T. Fl. when the plantaines doe. May, Jun. and July.

N. Κορυβον. Herba stella, Sanguinalis, & Harenaria?

Buck-horne. Ger. J. K. as the harts-horne, and swines cresses T. is like the common plantaine, binding, cooling, and drying. V. the leaves boyled and d. first and last h. sore eyes, watery and blasted, &c. the leaves and roots stamped with bay salt, tied to the wrest h. fits of the ague. Sea buck horne. K. as the common, small sea, small buck-horne plantaine, and mouse taile. T. Coronopus is cold and drie much like plantaine. Mouse-taile is cold & something drying with astringion. V. their faculties in working are referred unto the plantaines and harts-horne. Park. K. the upright T. as the first. V. buck-horne d. in wine h. bitings of the viper, the stone and laske and all fluxes & rhumes. The root h. the collick: Col. and warts.

Buckram, see Aron, or Wake-Robin.

Buck thorne. Rhamnus.

P. The borders of fields, and untild places.

T. Fl. in May: the berries are ripe in Autumne.

N. Ράμνον. Spina infectoria. burgispina. Spina cervi Cordi.

Buck thorne. Ger. J. K. as the common, middle, and dwarfse.

dwarf. T. the berries are bitter and binding, hot and dry 2°. V. they purge thick flegme and choller, *drach.* 1. or *drach.* 1. & *sem.* being taken: or the berries, from 15. to 20, decoct in fat broth with salt. The jayce of the ripe berries boyled with a little allum, coloureth a deep green: and steeped when unripe colour yellow. *Ram-thorne, rhamnus.* K. as the white fl. and purple, and fallow, T. is drie 2°. cold 1°, and digesting. V. the leaves ap. h. S. *Anthonyes fire.* The fruit of the 3d decoct and ap. h. the palsey and gout. the leaves and buds of the first are used in salads; with salt, vinegar and oyle, having a certain gratefull acrimony and acidity. *Park.* K. as the sea R. with willow leaves, red fl. bavarian, myrtle leaved, and black berried. V. h. inflammations. *Syrupus de spina cervina, Pharm. Lond.* or, the syrup of purging thorne, h. the dropfie. Also it was call'd *Syrupus Domesticus*, or House-wifes syrup by *Sr. Th. M.* intimating its usefullness and harmelesness. It purgeth water and frothy choller from the head and hypochondries. It h. the dropfie, scurvy, & hypocondriacall melancholy. It's not any way hurtfull, onely it's apt to make the patient stomach sick upon the working; which is a property of Agarick; yet it's a benigne remedy, and put into methridate or treacle as a soveraigne antidote. *Schrod.* the extraet of *Rhamnus S. Closs.* is given in broth to gr. 8.

Buck-wheat. *Tragopyrum.*

P. Any ground, and it enricheth the soile.

T. It's sown in Aprill and May, and is ripe in August.

N. *Fegopyrum, Erysimum Theoph: Irio Plin.*

Buck wheat. *Ger.* T. it nourisheth less then wheat, rie, barley, or oates; yet more than mill or panick. V. bread made of its meale is eupeptick, of quick descent, and oligotrophick. *Park:* yet not cacochymick, and is with all a little flatulent: it mightily impinguats bowell: it provoketh urine, increaseth milke, looseneeth the

the belly. Taken in wine it h. melancholy, and instilled, clears the eyes.

Bucks-beane. *Trifolium paludosum.*

P. Fenny and boggy places.

T. Fl. and flourishes from June to September.

N. Ἰσόνιον. *Menianthes Theophrasti*. Water-trefoile.

Bucks-beane. Ger. T. Diosc. the seed d. with meade, h. the cough, and pain in the chest, weake livers and hæmoptysis. Gal. it clenseth & cutteth tough humours; yet with astringion. Park. it purgeth and clenseth the liver. Col. it serveth for many griefs of the breast. Lugd. the seed is bitter and subacerb, and also is astringent, and contracting, so h. excreation: so Dod: &c.

Buckler-thorne, see Jews or Christs thorne.
Buckmost, see Beech.

Bugle. *Bugula.*

P. Woods and Copses, shadowie, and moist places.

T. Fl: in Aprill and May.

N. Βυσόμιον *Renealmi*, *Consolida media*, *Solidago minor*, *Laurentina*.

Bugle. Ger. K. as the middle consound, and white. T. is of a meane between heat and driness. V. d. it h. inward burstings, rents and bruises, dissolveth congealed blood, h. wounds inward and outward d. and ap. it h. the weak liver opening and strengthening it. The decoction of bugle d. worketh the foresaid effects, openeth the liver and gall, h. the jaundise and long fevers, rotten ulcers, and sores of the mouth and gumms, and is excellent in curin? wounds and scratches, and sores of the secrets, or the herb bruised ap. Park. K. as the blush coloured, and sweet Portingall, as the rest. V. h. those that are liver-grown, fractures and dislocations d. and

ap.

ap. and made into an ointment with scabious, fanicle, and axungia h. all hurts.

Bugloss. Buglossum.

P. The 1. in gardens, the 2d by watery ditches, the 3d in dry places.

T. Fl. from May to Autumne.

N. Βέγλωσσον. Lang de beef is called *Lingua bubula*: the wild *Echioides*.

Bugloss. Ger. J. K. as the garden lang de beef, and small wild. T. the leaves operate as borage, and make soluble. V. the root ap. with oyle h. green wounds, and with barley meale h. S. Anthonies fire. The juyce with aqua vita rubbed on the body c. sweat in agues. The leaves, fl. and roots are used instead of borage, which exhilarate, comfort, and strengthen the heart. The other buglosses. K. as the wall, vipers, rough, and red fl. vipers bugl. *Echium*. T. are cold and dry. V. the root, leaves, and seed, d. in wine, h. the bitings of serpents, and c. plenty of milke in womens breatts. The herbe chewed, and the juyce swallowed down h. poyson, and venemous bitings: so also applyed. Park. K. as the small garden, great wilde, Lancashire, and small creeping. V. the roots are clammy and binding, and in a loboc h. coughs, and condentate rheume. The wild sorts are somewhat hotter and drier: near to the vipers bugl: the roots of wall bugloss, h. wounds, inflammations, rheums and fluxes. Stone bugloss is sharp, hot and bitter: it c. birth. The vipers, K. as the hoarie, white, and black, exhilarate, and h. the back. The Sea Marsh bugl. h. fluxes and heat. Vigon. the first maturateh felons. Serap. it purgeth choler.

Snakes

Snakes Bugloss, *see* Vipers Bugloss.

Bull-foot, *see* Coltsfoot.

Bullimong, *see* Buck-wheat.

Bullucks eye, *see*, Ox-eye.

Bulweed, *see*, Knap weed.

Bullies-tree. *Prunus sylvestris.*

P. In loose ground : the wild in most hedges.

T. Fl. about March, the berries are ripe in Sept.

N. Ἀγριοκκρυμλία. *Prunellus, Spinus Virgil.*

Bulleise. *Ger. or wild plums.* T. stay and bind the belly, so all unripe plums, being then sharp and soure. V. the juyce of sloes stoppeth the belly, laskes, and bloody flux, menfes, and all issues of blood, and may be used instead of acatia, being as effectuell. *Park.* the fruit is cold, dry, and binding, h. pains of the intestines by scouring; so the distilled water of the fl. the leaves h. sore throats, and stop rheume of the eyes : so also the water of the green berries, & ap. h. head aches, of heat. Col: the bark d. h. pissing of bed. *Succus prunorum sylvestrium. Pharm. Lond.* or Juyce of sloes called *Acacia*, stops fluxes & c. appetite. Also it corrects sharp and thin choller, strengthens the stomach and liver weakened with heat and cholerick juyces and procures rest in hot distempers, It hath many of the faculties of Quideny of Barberies and Damsins, but is more cold, earthy, styptick and stopping: the D. is scr. i. or drach. sem. or drac. i. on a knives point; but the patient must not be costive. It may do good in plagues and pestilent fevers, mixed with London treacle, diascordium, methridate or Venice treacle, as needs.

Bullwort, *see* Bishops-weed.

Bumbles. *see* Great Bulrushes.

Burr-dock,

Burr-dock. *Bardana.*

P. The first groweth every where : by ditches and high waies.

T. The season is in July and August.

N. *Ἀκνὴν. Prosopis, Personata.*

Burr-dock. *Ger.* K. as the great and lesser. **T.** the leaves of the clot-burre are moderately dry and wasting, the root is something hot. The seed of the lesser burr, *Gal.* is hot, dry and digesting. **V.** the roots taken with the kernells of Pine apples, h. the spitting of blood, and corrupt matter : and stamped with salt and ap. h. the biting of a mad dog. The juyce of the leaves d. with hony provokes urine, h. pains of the bladder, and d. withold wine, the bitings of serpents ; the herb with salt ap. after scarification, draweth out the poyson of vipers ; so the root, and h. the Kings evil. The stalk of the clot-burr when young, boyled, the rinde being pilled off, with fat meat, c. venery, h. ulcers of the lungs, and hæmoprysis with the kernell of the pine apple. The juyce of the root d. with ale, h. a windie and cold stomach. The leafe ap. to the gout with treacle of Androm: and the whites of eggs p. æq. helpeth it, and caseth the paine. *Diosc.* the decoction of the root of the great burr, with the seed ap. h. the toothach, burnings, and kibed heels. d. in wine it h. the strangury, and paine in the hip. The fruit ap. h. hard swellings ; the root stamped and strained with malmesey h. the running of the reins, whites, and strengthneth the back with the yolks of eggs, powder of acornes and nutmeggs m. and d. first and last. *Park.* the leaves ap. h. the shrinking of sinews or arteries. the seed d. in wine 40 daies, h. the sciatica. The roots prepared h. consumptions. the roots with wine ap. h. hard spleens. The burrees decoct make haire yellow, *Col.* the leaves ap. h. the mother.

Burnet. *Pimpinella*.

P. Gardens, barren places: dry sandy ground.

T. Fl. from June to September, and then the seed is ripe.

N. *πυμπινέλα*. *Sanguisorba*, *Sanguinaria*, *Bipinella*, *Sorbastrella*.

Burnet. Ger. K. as the garden. and wilde. T. is drying, binding, and doth meanly coole, the lesser hath a temperate scent V. this h. wounds, stoppeth bleeding, d. and ap. it stayeth the lakke, and bloody fluxe, and menses. The lesser is eaten in sallads, and doth exhilerate. The decoction d. h. all fluxes, so the powder of the herbe or seed d. with wine or chalybeat water. the leaves are vulnerary, and d. in wine macerated h. the trembling of the heart. Park. it h. pestilentiall agues, K as the great and American. The thorny is drie and binding, d. it stays lasks, and fluxes. Pem. it's hot and drie 20. the distilled water h. the skin.

Burre-reed. *Sparganium*.

P. Moist. meadowes, fennes, and ditches.

T. They knot in August.

N. *Σπαραγάνιον*. *Platanaria*. *Carex* Dod. *Butomus* Theoph:

Burre reed. Ger. K. as the branched, and great water b. T. are cold and dry. V. the knops boyled in wine, h. the bitings of venomous beasts, d. and fomented. so Park. K. as the unbranched, and great branched of Virginia. Schwenck. the branched or ramous, hath a drying faculty. Trag. the seed h. the bitings of venomous beasts. as the root. So Lugd: Ruell: Plin: Diosc: Dod. it's cold, but not much.

Burst-wort, see Rupture-wort.

Butchers

Butchers broome. *Ruscus*.

P. Rough and barren grounds, and heaths.

T. It's sprouts are gathered in spring. the berries in Aug.

N. Ὀξύρροισιν. *Centromyrrhine*. *Scopa regia*.

Butchers broome. *Ger.* T. the root is hot, meanly drie, and of a thin essence. *V.* the roots d. decoct in wine, break the stone, and expell it, and h. the strangury. *Diosc.* so the leaves and berries, and provoke termes, h. the headach and yellow jaundise. The roots gently raise up tough and grosse flegme, sticking in the lungs and chest, and concoct the same. *Park.* the roots and leaves are hot 20, drie 10, the young shoots are more bitter then asparagus, yet eaten like it, open obstructions, and provoke urine. The roots d. and ap. h. broken bones, and luxations ap. as a pultis. *Col.* the juyce of the leaves taken with sugar, h. the spitting of bloud, and clenseth the wombe: and. h. the stinke of the mouth. The powder of the roots with anniseed and fennel seed d. h. winde.

Butchers prick-tree, see Prick wood, or black
Aller-tree.

Butter-burre. *Petasitis*.

P. In moist grounds almost every where.

T. Fl. in April: the leaves continue till winter.

N. Πιττασίτης. *Iphium Theop.* *Persolata Plin.*
as 'tis thought.

Butter-burre. *Ger.* T. is hot and drie 20, of thin parts. *V.* the roots stamped with ale and d. h. pestilent and burning fevers, coole and abate their heate, powdered and d. in wine h. the plague, c. sweat, and drive from the heart all venome and ill heate. it killeth wormes, and h. the suffocation of the mother. ap. it h. all filthy ulcers. d. it provoketh urine, and the termes. *Park.* the root taken with zedoary and angelica h. the suffocation

suffocation of the mother. *decoct* in wine h. shortwind-
ednesse. The *pouder* h. blemishes in the skinne. *Col.* the
oile of the root ap. h. shaking fevers. and coldnesse of
the joynts. it h. farcian in horses d. and ap. *Aqua peta-*
sitidis composita Pharm. Lond. or, the Compound water
of butter burre, is good with fit cordials against pesti-
lentiall feavers; *cochl.* 1. taken in the morning may be
a prophylackrick. It h. fits of the mother, short win-
dednesse, and dryeth up moisture in wounds taken in-
wardly. Also it h. tremblings of the heart, and prone-
nesse to venery, being alayd with vulgar rue and fennel
waters.

Butter-flowers, see Crow-foot.

Butter-root, see Butter wort.

Butter-wort. *Ringicula.*

P. It groweth in Yorkeeshire, &c.

T. Fl. from May to August.

N. *Sanicula Eboracensis, Diapensia, Consolida quinque-*
folia.

• Butter-wort. *Ger.* is hot and dry 30. V. the inhabit-
ants of York shire annoint the duggs of their kine with
the juyce thereof, being bitten of venemous creatures,
or chapped. and say it rotts sheep feeding on it. *Park.*
it h. ruptures in children, and healeth green wounds.
used as an ointment it helpeth the hands chapt by the
wind. The people in Wales make a *syrup* thereof, as of
roses, with which they use to purge themselves, and
their children, and put into broth it purgeth flegme
effectually. The herb made into an ointment with butter
h. obstructions of the liyer.

Cabbage

C.

Cabbage. *Brassica capitata*.

P. Gardens : a fat and well manured soile.

T. It is sown in spring, or Sept. removed in Ap.

N. Κεφαλή κεφαλωτή. *Caulis capitatus*, *Sambusium*
Cresc.

Cabbage. *Ger:* K. as the white, red, and open Cabbage. *T.* as Colewerts, are drying and binding
sc. the substance: the juyce is nitrous and clensing,
and the i. looseth the belly, and is of little nourishment.
Park: V. they are to be eaten with fat meat. Eaten
they dry up milk in nurses breasts, as some think:
Matth. but they rather increase milke. the seed grossely
bruised, and boyled in flesh broth h. the collick d. and
causeth all pains and gripings, & stone in the kidnies. A
Johoc of the pulpe of the boyled stalkes, with hony and
almond milke, h. the consumption and lungs.

Cacao-tree. *Cacao.*

P. In the West Indies, in hot and shadowie places.

T. As soon as it is touched by the sun it withereth.

N. *Cacavate*, the confection thereof, *Chocolate*.

Cacao-tree *Col.* K. as the common, and broader, *T.* the
kernells of the fruit, are of different parts. first they are
very cold and dry, so should be restraining and ob-
structive; yet they so farre participate of heate and moi-
sture, that if they be well ground and mixed, their
restringency and obstructivenesse will be corrected. *V.*
the confection of *chocaletto*, being taken alone, or relent-
ed in milke, c. venery, procreation, and conception,
and facilitates delivery, preserves health, and impin-
guates, it h. digestion, consumption, and cough of the
lungs, the plague of the guts, and other fluxes, the
greene sicknesse, jaundise, and all manner of inflam-
mations,

mations, and oppilations, it h. the morpnew, clenseth the teeth, and sweetneth the breath, provokes urine, cures the stone and strangury, expells poysons, and preserves from all infectious diseases. *Baub. Benz.* the Indians use it with pepper for drinke, but it's better for hogs then men.

Calamint. *Calamintha.*

P. Mountains in the shadowy and gravelly parts.

T. It bringeth forth fl: and seed from June to Autumne.

N. Καλαμίνθη. *Calaminthum montanum. Calaminthum.*

Calamint. Ger. *J. K.* as the common, the more excellent, and field. T. the Mountain calamint is hot, biting, and of a thin substance, drie 3°. *Gal.* it digesteth or wasteth thin humors, and cutteth the thick. V. d. with meade it manifestly heateth, provoketh sweat, consumeth superfluous humors, and h. the shiverings of agues, so the faller oyle in which it is boyled, chased on the body. *decoct* and d. it provoketh urine, menses, and expelleth the dead child, soap. It h. those that are bruised, also cramps, convulsions, orthopnea's, and the cholericke passion. It h. the yellow jaundise, openeth the liver and gall, and cleanse h. d. and ap it h. the bitings of serpents, and spots, and clenseth the skin. it killeth wormes d. with salt and hony, and those of the eares dropped into them. the juyce as an *errhine* stopps bleeding, the root used in cure with mirtle seed gargarized h. the squinancie. Ap. it h. the sciatica. eaten it h. the leprosie, drinking whey after it. of it is made *diacalaminthe*, which doth wast crudities and c. men'ses. *Park. K.* the greatest, and small. V. ap. as a pessarie it provoketh the courses, and the birth. ap. it h. the spleen, the *decoction* with sugar h. old coughs. *Col.* it preserves meate. *Diacalaminthe simplex, Pharm. Lond.* or, *Diacalaminth simple*, heats and comforts cold bodies, cuts thick and grosse flegme, provokes urine and the terms, and expels wind very much, the D. is *drach.*
sem.

sem. at once. *Diacalaminthe comp.* or, the *Compound* is more appropriate unto women, then the former, to bring down the termes, birth, and after birth, and to purge them after labour; but its bad for those with child.

Calamus Aromaticus, see, Aromaticall Reed.

Calathian violet. Pnemonanthe.

P. Meadows, untilld places.

T. Fl. in Aug. and Septemb.

N. Viola autumnalis. Campanula Autumnalis.

Calathian violet. Ger. T. is hot in faculty, some what like gentian, but far weaker, *V.* it h. pestilent diseases, and the bitings and stings of venomous beasts. *Park.* it serveth in stead of the greater gentians. It resisteth putrefaction, and h. against faintings and swooning. The roots taken with mirrhe, rue, and pepper, h. the bitings of mad dogs, &c. in wine they h. those that are liver-grown, and dejected appetites, and steeped in wine h. those that are wearied by travell, and lame in their joynts, and have stiches in their sides. taken in the distilled water of the herb it h. all agues. as a pessary, it draweth forth the dead child, the joyce h. wounds & tumors.

Calfes foot, see wake Robin.

Caltrop. Tribulus.

P. In myrie lakes and ditches.

T. Fl. in June, July, and August.

N. Τειβαλ. Tribulus marinus. Saligot.

Caltrops. Ger. J. K. as the water, small water, and small frogs lettuce. *T.* is cold and moist, the land *Caltrops*, are more earthy *V.* the herbe used as a pultis h. all inflammations, boyled with hony and water, it h. cankers

cankers of the mouth, sore gumms, and the almonds of the throat. The *bread of the kernells*, bindes the belly. The *fruit d. green* in wine h. the stone, and resisteth poyson, so ap. the *leaves d. h.* all inflammations of the mouth, and ulcers, corruption of the jawes, and Kings evill. the *pouder of the nutts d. h.* the pissing of bloud, gravell, and bindeth the belly. The *lesser* agree with the first. *Land Caltrops. T.* are cold, earthy, and binding. *V. the fruit d.* wasteth the stone being of thin parts. *d. and ap. it h.* the bitings of vipers. *d. in wine it h.* poyson. The *decoction* kills fleas sprinkled. *Park.* it h. inflammations, impostumes, and flux of humours, tumours, and paines. Gargled it h. sore mouthes, the *juyce h.* rheumes of the eyes instilled.

Calves-snout. *Antirrhinum.*

P. The **¶** *groweth in gardens, the rest among corne.*

T. Fl. in May, untill July. the seed is soon ripe after.

N. Αντίρρινον. Orontium. Canis cerebrum, Os Leonis, Leo herba.

Calves-snout Ger. J. K. as the purple, white, yellow, small, and small creeping. *T.* they are hot and dry, and ofsubtile parts. *V. the herbe* is of the faculty of Starwort, but lesse effectuall. *Apul.* the *distilled water*, or *decoction* of the herbe and root in water, ap. h. watering eyes of a hot cause. *Park.* *V. the wilde snapdragons* are little used. *Matth.* the *leaves, flowers, and seed*, h. the rising of the mother, m. with rose water and hony. The *herbe* applied to the fore-head, h. the pin and web in the eye. *Croll.* it helpeth against phantasmes. *Lonic.* ap. with oyle of lillies it is cosmeticall.

Cameline, see, Towers mustard.

Camels

Camels hay. *Schoenanthum*P. *Easterne countries. Arabia, Syria, &c.*T. *Their time answereth other reeds and flaggs.*N. Σχοῖν & ἀρωματικός, & Μυροειδής. *Juncus odoratus rotundus, Unguentarius.*

Camells hay. Ger K. as the common and bastard. T. is indifferently hot, and a little astringive. V. it provoketh urine, termes, and h. winde in the stomach. It c. head-ache being hot and of thin parts. Eiosc. it dissolves, digests, and opens the veins. The flowers or chaffy tufts, d. h. the pissing of blood, paines of the guts, stomach, lungs, liver, and reins, fullnesse of the stomach, dropies, convulsions, or shrinking of sinews drach: ʒ. d. with pepper for certain daies. Boiled in wine, it h. inflammations of the matrice, the fume being taken, and bathed. Park the decoction of the fl. h. hæmoptysis, poyson, and inflammations of the body, d. and ap. the powder h. creeping sores. Tarn. it looseth the vessels & ripeneth.

Cammocke. *Aresta bovis.*P. *Fertile pastures, and borders of field.*T. *Fl. in July and Aug. & are full grown in Autumne.*N. Ὀνώϊς. *Anonis, Acutella, Remora aratri, Furze.*

Cammocke. Ger. K. as the common purple without prickles, and yellow. T. the root is hot 3^o, attenuating and cutting. V. the barke of the root d. with wine provoketh urine, breaketh the stone, and expelleth it. Boiled in water and vineger gargarised hot, it h. the tooth-ache. boyled with oxymel it h. the falling sickness. Matth. the powder often taken h. ruptures, the tender spriggs pickled, are a pleasant sallade. Park. K. as the greater yellow gentle and variable. V. the powder of the barke of the root d. in wine, or the decoction h. the hæmorrhoids, and openeth the liver and spleen, so the conserve. The powder ap. h. hard tumors.

Cammomill

Cammomill. *Chamamelum*.

P. Gardens, and many other places.

T. Fl. most part of all the summer.

N. Ἀνθῆμον. *Anthemis, Leucanthemis, Chamomilla*]

Cammomill. Ger. K. as the common, sweet, naked;
 double fl. and Romane. T. Gal. is hot and dry 1^o, of thin
 parts, digesting and rarifying. it h. wearinesse and
 paine, and mollifieth. V. it h. the collick and stone in
 clysters, and provoketh urine The oile h. all aches,
 bruising, shrinking of sinews, hardness, and cold swell-
 ings: decoct in wine and d. h. cold stomacks, soure
 belchings, wind and provoketh the terms. It h. cold a-
 gues. Decoct in whitewine and d. it expelleth the
 dead child and secundine, and cleanseth those parts.
 The herb boyled in posset ale d. h. the wind of the
 chest, expelleth flegm,² and h. agues in children: in
 baths it causeth sweat, and opens the pores: it helps
 gnawings of the belly, pains of the sides, and mollifyeth
 hard swellings: so the oile of the floures: it's anodyne
 and h. wearisomeness. P. L. the flowers heat, discuss,
 loosen and rarifie; in clysters they h. the wind chollick:
 boyled in wine and d. they purge the reins, break the
 stone, open the pores, expell chollerick humours,
 succour the heart, and h. paine and stiffness by traveling.
 The wild, *Cotula Fætida*. T. is hot and drie as the first,
 and h. the mother. Park. the fl. decoct and d. c. sweat,
 and h. cold aches: the syrup h. the jaundise, and drop-
 sic. Turn. the strongest is the purple fl. the yellow and
 white fl. h. the stone. Trag. the distilled water of the fl.
 h. obstructions, and ap. h. the head. Pem. ap. it h. the
 collick, and wastes humours: the oyle h. cramps. Ole-
 um chamamelinum, Pharm. Lond: or, the Oile of chamo-
 mele, strengthens the sinews, greatly easeth paine, and
 breaks the stone. Also its good against the head ach,
 wind and stone chollick, being annointed upon the
 head or belly or stomach; or unc. 2. or 3. used in
 clysters.

Red

Red Cammomil, see Adonis floure.

Champion. *Lychnis.*

P. In borders of plowed fields and ditches.

T. Fl. in May untill Autumne.

N. *Λυχνίς*. The feathered are called, *Flos cuculi*. *Arenaria pratensis*.

Campion. Ger. *ſ*. K. as the red wild, English sea, wild hairy, hoary wilde, small hairy, overworne, spatling, and white wild. T. they are referred unto the garden Campions. V. drach. 2. of the seed poudred and d. purge choller, and h. those that are stung by venemous beasts. The other wild champions. K. as the red, white, and degenerate bachelors buttons with green fl. broad leaved wild, and creeping mountain camp. T. V. are not yet discovered. Park. K. as the ordinary rose and non-such. T. the seed is hot and dry 2^o. the seed of the first d. h. poyson: the leaves ap. h. ulcers. The wild. K. as the white with streaked husks. corne, cockle, and narrow leaved, V. stop fluxes operate as the first and help the stone.

Cane, see, Reed.

Canker rose, see Red poppy.

Canker worts, see Fluellin.

Canel, see Cinnamon-tree.

Canterbury bells, see Cuckow-flowers or Throat-wort.

Capers. *Cappares.*

P. In Ita'y. Spaine, and hot regions.

T. Fl. untill Autumne, the knops are our sauce.

N. *Κάπρις*. *Caparis*, *Inturis*. *Gaza*.

Capers. Ger. K. as the sharp, and round leaved. T. Capers, or the flowers not fully grown, are hot and of thin parts, eaten green they are oligotrophick, and a medicine.

medicine, rather then a meate. V. they cause appetite,
 and h. a moist stomach, clenſing away the ſlegme that
 cleaveth to it : they open the liver and milt, and h.
 thoſe that have a quartane ague and ill ſpleens. The
bark of the root, heateth, clenſeth, purgeth, cutteth and
 digeſteth. It h. hard ſpleens taken or ap. boyled with
 oximel, it expelleth groſs humours by urine, and ſiege,
 ſo h. the ſpleen and ſciatica : it provoketh the terms,
 and draweth ſlegm out of the head. *Dioſc.* the bark
 clenſeth old ſores, and ſcoureth the cruſts about the
 edges : being chewed it h. the tooth ache. Stamped
 with vineger, it ſcoureth tetterſ and ring wormes,
 hard ſwellings & Kings evil. The bark of the root d. h.
 hardneſs of the ſpleen, the paſſie and ruptures, and is
 diuretick. *Beane capers*, *Capari Fabago*. T. V. are not
 of any known uſe. *Park.* the bark of the root with oxy-
 mel, h. the paſſie and weakneſs of the nerves, and
 draws out humors that are the cauſe of ruptures, con-
 vulſions and cramps. The roots boyled in oyle h. pains
 of the eares : the oyle h. the ſpleen. The Arabian ſort
 is almoſt ulcerating. *Rauwolf*, *Bean capers* kill wormes.
Diacapparis, *Pharm. Lond.* or, the *Composition of Cap-*
pers, h. the infirmities of the ſpleen, and cold bodies.
viz. the *Electuary*. *Trochiſci de capparibus*, or, the
Troches of Capers, open obſtructions of the liver and
 ſpleen and h. diſeaſes thereof; as the rickets, hypocon-
 driack melancholy, &c. the D is ſcrup. i. in the morn-
 ing for children, and drach. i. for men. *Oleum de Cap-*
paribus, or, the compound oile of *Capers*, opens, heats,
 h. the ſpleen, and its hardneſs and pains, as alſo diſeaſ-
 es from ſtoppages, as the hypocondriack melancholy,
 and the rickets &c. it being barked by the fire hot,
 with the ointment of the opening juyces; afterwards
 applying a *Virginea tabaco* leaf. Alſo it diſcuſſeth ſuper-
 fluous humours in the externall parts of the body, & it
 expels wind, ſo h. the wind collick annointed on the
 belly. *Unguent. ſplanchnicū vel ſplenicū*, or, the Ointment
 for the liver and ſpleen, and *Splanchnicum magiſtrale*, are
 both appropriated to the ſpleen, and eaſe the paines
 thereof

thereof, the sides being annointed therewith, and some count the last the best. They may be turned into plaisters, by adding a little wax, ship pitch, and Cyprus turpentine. Also they open obstructions of the liver and spleen, dry up superfluous humours, and are good to annoint the sides of children which thrive not, or have the rickets.

Capons taile, *see* Great wild Valerian.

Caprifoly, *see* Wood-bind.

Cardiack, *see* Jack by the hedge.

Carrawaies. *Carum*.

P. Germany fruitfull fields and meadows.

T. It fl. and seedeth from May to September.

N. Καρό. Carnabadion. Sethi. *Careum*.

Carrawaies. *Ger.* *T. Gal.* the seed is hot and dry 30, and is moderately binding *V.* it consumeth wind, h. the stomach, c. concoction, and provoketh urine: the root may be eaten as the carror. The seeds confessed h. digestion, provoke urine, dissolve wind and operate as annise seed. *Park.* the seed h. all cold griefs of the stomach, and head, the bowels and mother, and h. the wind in them and sharpneth the sight. The powder ap. with a pultis h. spots in the skin: fried with the herb ap. in a bag, it h. the wind collick. *Hart.* the oyle d. in wine, from 3 drops to 7 with a like q. of that of amber hastens the birth.

Carnations. *Caryophyllus*.

P. Gardens, set in pots, in warme places.

T. Fl. most part of the summer.

N. Φλόγιον *Theoph. Scalig.* *Herba tunica*, *Ocellus Damasceus*, & *Barbar.*

Carnations. *Ger. J. K.* as the great double, double white,

white, blew, and single. T. the flowers with the leaves and roots, for the most part are temperate in heat and driness. V. the conserve of the st. of the clove-gilliflower is very cordiall and exhilarating, it h. hot pestilentiall feavers, and expelleth the poyson; and fury of the disease. The wild *Caryophyllus sylvestris*. K. as the single purple pinks, single red, white jagged, large white jagged, purple jagged, white wild jagged, wild purple jagged, *Clusius's* mountaine, and dwarfe, leafeless, white mountaine, Deptford, Maiden, small mountain broad leaved, white mountaine, wild sea, broad leaved wild, and white campion pinks. T. are of the temper of Carnations. V. they are not used in physick. *Fuch.* the root preventeth the plague, its juyce h. the stone, and falling-sickness. *Pak.* K. as the great old, *Cambersine*, *Primelo*, *Bradshaws* dainty Lady, Oxford, granpere, tawny, and *Tuggies* gilliflow. double and matted pink. T. V. as the rest. *Syrupus infusionis florum Caryophyllorum*, *Pharm. Lond.* or, Syrup of clove gilflowers, is very Temperate, strengthens the heart, liver, and stomach, and refresheth the vitall spiries. It is a good cordiall in fevers, and usually mixed with others, and is a harmeles syrups, *Schrod.* the D. of the extract, is scr. sem. to drach. sem.

Carob-tree, see S. Johns bre ador wort.
Carpenters herb, see Selse. heale.

Carrot. *Pastinaca.*

P. In a loose and well manured soile.

T. They are to be sown in Ap. and st. the next yeare.

N. Σταφυλίν. *Daucus*, the wild.

Carrots. *Ger. J.* K. as the yellow, and red. T. the root of the yellow is temperately hot and something moist, of little nourishment, and that not very good, it's not so windie as the turnep, nor passeth so soon through the belly. The red is of like faculty, the seed of

both is hot and dry. V. the seed breaketh and consumeth windiness and provoketh urine, as that of the wild carrot. The root is usually boyled with fat flesh and eaten. The *wild carrot*, or *bees nest*. *pastinaca sylvestris tenuifolia*. T. the seed and root is hot and dry 2°, and opening. V. the root boiled and eaten, or boyled in wine, and the decoction d. provoketh urine, expells the birth, and c. venery. The seed d. provoketh the terms, and urine: h. the wind, dropsie, collick, and stone, d. in wine. It h. the mother and conception, and bitings of venemous beasts. *Candy carrots*, *Daucus creticus*. T. the seed is hot and dry 3°. V. the seed d. h. the strangury, dysury, gravell, and stone, and provoketh urine: it h. gripings of the belly, winde, collick, and old coughs. d. in wine it expelleth poyson: the root d. in wine stops lasks and h. poyson. *Stinking carrots* or *deadly*, *Thapsia*. K. as the *stinking*, *small leaved stinking*, and *deadly*: *Thapsia*. T. V. the root c. gripings, cramps and convulsions. The *wild Park*. K. as the *mountaine of Hungary*, *mountain fine leaved*, the *true of Candy*. *low mountain parfly*, and *coriander leaved* &c. V. the root h. coughs.

Carces, see *Cresses*.

Catfidonie, see *French lavender* or *Stickadove*.

Cassia fistula, see *Puddingpipe*.

Castlegilloflowers, see *Stock-gilloflowers*.

Cast me down, see *French lavender*.

Cafe-weed, see *shepheards purse*.

Caterpillers, see *Scorpiongras*..

Catch fly. *Muscipula*.

P. In the west parts of England among the cornes.

T. Fl. most part of the Summer.

N. Ἰξουάλλον *Thal. Viscaria* Dod: *Sileni Theophrasti*.

Catch fly. Ger. *J*. K. as the *lime wort*, common, and narrow leaved. T. V. They are referred to the wild pinkes,

pinkes and gilliflowers in nature and virtue. *Park* K. as the French, *Clusius's* of Candy, great Candy of *Alpinus* lesser Spanish, and the red German Catchfly. T. V. are not discovered, but may be referred to those of the other wild champions, to which most like.

Catmint. *Mentha cattaria.*

P. Borders of fields, moist and watery places.

T. Fl. in July and Aug. the seed is ripe in Sept.

N. *Mentha felina*, *Herba catti*, *Nepeta Eyster*.

Cat mint. Ger. *J. K.* as the common or *nep*, *greas*, and *small*. T. it's hot and dry, and hath the faculty of the cala mints. V. it h. cold pains of the head, stomach, and matrice, diseases of flegme, raw humours, & wind, burstings, and bruises, the *juyce* d. with wine or meade. Its *bath* brings down the terms, and maketh fruitfull: and operats as the ordinarie mints. *Park* strange *nep* is to be referred to the rest. V. cat-mint h. cramps and cold aches, dissolyeth cold and wind: it h. coughs, and shortness of breath: ap. it h. the piles, decoct it h. scabs, Col. d. it h. vertigoes:

Cats-foot, see Ground ivy.

Cats-taile. *Typha.*

P. Pools, ditches, and marshie grounds.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. *Túpn*. *Cestrum Morionis*, *Juncus asper* Dod.

Cats-taile. Ger. T. is cold and dry. V. the down stamped with swines grease h. burnes and scalds: so Turn: the down beaten with the leaves of betony, the roots of gladiole, and leaves of hyppoglosson into powder, and m. with the yelks of eggs hard sodden, and so eaten, h. the enteroccele in children, &c. taken fasting for 30 dayes, with ligature. The down ap. h.

kibed heels *Park.* K. as the greater and lesser. T. cleanse and dry : and ap. stop blood.

Cedar-tree. *Cedrus.* *

P. In Syria, as upon mount Libanus.

T. It's alwaies green.

N. Kēd̄p̄. *Cedria* the rosin, it's also called *Cedrina*.

Cedar-tree. *Ger.* as the great of Libanus. T. is hot and dry, with an excellent tenuity of parts. The *Rosin* is of a clammy substance. V. the gum of cedar is good to be put into collyries for the eyes: ap. it h. the haw and stripes. *Cedar* infused in vineger, and put into the eares killeth the worms therein, and with the decoction of hysope h. the noyse thereof: infused in vineger ap. it h. the tooth ache, put into the hollow of the teeth it breaketh them, and easeth their paine used as a *gargarisme*, it h. angina's, and the inflammation of the tonsills: it killeth nits &c. ap. with salt; *Sc* h. the biting of cerastes. d. with sweet wine, it h. the poyson of the sea hare, and h. lepers: as a *suppositorie* it killeth wormes, and used as a *peſſarie*, it draweth forth the birth. The prickly cedar, *Oxycedrus*. K. as the crimson, rough Lycian, 1, and 2. V. *Gal.* is hot and dry fere 3°, the substance is sweet, and used in perfumes, with the leaves. V. the berries of the low cedar may be eaten, but if taken too plentifully, they c. head ach. and gnawing in the stomach, the berries of the crimson one are not so hot and dry as the rest, the other are biting, hotter and dryer than those of juniper, and eaten cause head-ach: yet they h. the strangury and provoke urine. *Park.* the rosin is hot 40, and preserveth dead bodies from putrefaction, and d. h. the ulcers of the lungs. The prickly Cedar. K. as the cyprus like. V. the berries with honey h. the cough, and mother, d. in wine, stops fluxes, h. cramps, and is little inferior to the first.

Celandine.

Celandine. *Chelidonium*.

P. In untilled places, among brambles in the shade.

T. Fl. from Aprill, to a good part of Summer.

N. *Χηλιδόνιον*. *Hirundinaria*, *Scrophularia*, *Ficaria*.

Celandine. Ger. *J*. K. as the great, and great with more cut leaves. T. the great is manifestly hot, and dry 3°, and cleansing. V. the juyce of the herb doth sharpen the sight, especially if boyled with hony. The root h. the yellow jaundise without agues, opening the liver and gall. The root chewed h. the tooth ach, boyled with anise seed in white wine, it openeth the stoppings of the liver, and h. the jaundise. Cut in pieces and given to hawkes it cureth their wormes. *Clus.* the juyce of the great Celandine dropped into small green wounds, presently cureth them. *Small celandine*, or *Bilewort*, *chelidonium minus*. T. is hot and dry more biting than the greater, nigh to the crow foot. V. it blistereth the skin and draws of corrupt nailes: the juyce of the roots m. with hony ap. As an *errhine*, it purgeth the head of filthy humours. The root and graines h. the piles, the juyce with wine bathed. *Park.* the greater h. the dropsie, itch, and sores in the leggs, d. and the plague. ap. it h. creeping sores: with oile of Cammomill pains of the belly. ap. it h. spots: the lesser h. the Kings evill and wens.

Centorie. *Centaurium*.

P. A fat soile, and sunny bankes, pastures and fields.

T. Fl. in summer, the roots are to be gathered in Autumne.

N. *Κενταύρειον*. The lesser is called *Fel terra* *Multi-radix*.

Centorie. Ger. *J*. K. as the common great and whole leaved. T. it is hot and dry 3°, of a mixt tast. V. drach. 2. of the root taken h. burstings, spitting of blood, cramps, shrinking of sinews, dyspnœa's and gripings of the belly. The herb mightily gleweth wounds.

D. 4.

Disc.

Diosc. The root in the forementioned cases, if no fever, is to be given with wine; else with water. **Gal.** the *juyce of the leaves* operates as the root, and is used in stead of *Lycium*. *Small centorie*. K. as the common, and yellow. T. is hot and dry 20, and bitter: the yellow is hot and dry 30. V. decoct in water and d. it openeth the liver, gall, and spleen. it h. the yellow jaundise, and longagues: it killeth worms, clenseth, scourseth and attenuateth; it pugeth choller and thick humors, and h. the Sciatica. Stamped green and ap. it h. wounds and old ulcers. The *juyce in collyries* h. the eyes, and m. with hony clenseth them. d. it h. the infirmities of the sinews drach. 1. of the powder of the leaves of the yellow centorie d. once in 3 dayes with aniseed or carraway seeds in wine, h. the dropsie, and green sickness. The *juyce of the red flowered* is bitter, purgeth choller and h. the liver. **Park.** K. as the Pyrenean great, great of Portugal, and great yellow V. d. it h. the dropsie, sc. the root, and pleurifies, coughs and stranguiry; and eyes ap. the lesser d. h. the green sickness, and collick; provokes the courses and bir:h. **Schrod.** the D. of the extract thereof is to drach. 1.

Geterach, see Spleenwort.

Chaff-weed, see Cotton-weed.

Charlock. *Rapistrum*.

P. Follow fields, ditch bankes, and among corne.

T. Fl. from March, till summer.

N. Λαμ. λάρν. *Lampsana* Matth. chadlock.

Charlock. *Ger. J.* K. as the wild, chadlock, and water chadl. T. the seed of these wild turneps, and water charlock, are hot and dry as mustard-seed. **Gal.** these being eaten c. evill blood. **Diosc.** they warm the stomack, and nourish somewhat. **Park.** K. as the white wild, one grained, and Spanish one grained. V. not used. **Gal.** the seed is abstersive, and somewhat digesting.

Chaff-tree

Chast tree. *Agnus castus*.

P. It groweth naturally in Italy, and hot regions.

T. It putteth forth leaves in May, and fl. in Aug.

N. Ἀγνός, Ἀγύος. *Salix marina*. *Vitex*.

Chast-tree. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, and that with cut leaves. T. the leaves and fruit are hot and dry 3°, of thin parts, and wasting wind. V. it c. chastity, by exiccation of the sperm, used any way. The seed d. h. windiness of the stomach, openeth the liver and spleen. *drach. 1.* d. in wine h. dropsies: the leaves stamped with butter ap. dissolve the swellings of the genitors. The decoction of the herb and seed h. the pain and inflammation of the matrice used as a bath. The seed d. with penniroyall bringeth down the menses, so also in a pessarie, or fume. In a pultis it h. the head-ache, phrensie, and lethargie with oile and vineger, being bathed. The fume thereof chaseth away serpents, and ap. h. their bitings. The seed ap. with water h. the clists of the fundament; with the leaves, it h. luxations, & wounds. *Park* the seed d. h. the bitings of venomous beasts, c. milk in womens breasts & provoketh urine. Made into a pultis with vine leaves & oile, ap. it h. agues & weariness. the seed with barley meale mollifieth: & with hony h. sore mouths. *Syrupus de agno casto*, or the syrup of chast tree allaieth fleshly lust; cooling, quenching consuming sperm, and is good for a single liver. It's good for Widdows or Maides vexed with the uterine fury, or madness from heat of the womb, genitors and acrimony of seed. It h. spitting of blood. bleeding at the nose, and defluxions of thin salt, and hot rheums and the whites, the dose is *unc. 1.* in lettuce and purslane water morning and evening *Trochisci de Agno casto*, or, the Troches of the chast tree, stop the gonorrhœa simple or virulent, being seasonably used, they stop the courses, whites, and bleeding at the nose, spitting of blood and coughs. they are good for such as resolve on a single life, they quenching and drying up the sperme, and abating the acrimony thereof, stopping its sterility

and motion and favouring chastity : the D. is *scr. 1. drach. sem.* or *scr. 2. or drach. 1.* if need be in lettuce water morning and evening, or in conserve of red roses.

Chast-weed, *see* Cudweed.

Checquered daffodil, *see* Turkie-hen-flower.

Cherry tree. *Cerasus.*

P. Gardens, old broken walls, shadowie places and fields.

T. Blooms in Aprill: the winter cherry fl. in August and hath fruit.

N. *Xiegog*. That of the winter is called *Solanum halicacabum.*

Cherry-tree Ger. K. as the common English, Spanish, late ripe, cluster, double fl. bearing fruit, double fl. barren, birds, red grape, common black, and dwarf ch. T. those that are somewhat sowre are the best, the wild little sweet ones the worst : they soon putrify and are of ill juyce, and c. wormes, agues, and scavers : they are all cold and moist. V. the Spanish cherries are like to these in faculty yet putrifie not so soon. The Flanders or Kentish, when ripe are better, yet watery, cold and moist, and quench thirst, h. hot stomachs, & agues, loosen the body and nourish nothing at all. The late ripe, or morell ch. are drie, being dried, and binding ; they h. the stomach, and stop the belly. All are cold and moist, and eaten before meat, loosen the belly, hurt rheumatick bodies, & cold stomachs. The black strengthen the stomach, are better than the red ; and dried, stop the laske. The distilled water of the cherries h. hot stomachs, and the falling sickness d. with wine. The gumme of the cherry-tree d. in wine and water : h. the stone, lubricating the passages, and h. the sharpness of humors : also it h. old coughs, the sight, and appetite and c. a good colour. Winter cherries. K. as the red and black. T. the 1. is cold, drie, and of subtile parts, the
leaves

leaves are of the temperature of the garden night-shade. V. the fruit bruised and infused in white wine 2 or three houres, then boyled and strained and d. with sugar and cinnamon, h. the stopping of the urine, stone and gravell, dysury, and sharpness of water &c. and h. the yellow-jaundise. If old, d. a greater q. *Cherry bay, laurocerasus*. T. V. the fruit is good to be eaten, the rest not used. *Recch*. the bark of the sweet cherry tree of India, d. h. the dysentery, the powder h. the inflammations of the eyes, the fr. is hot, dry and a little binding. *Park*. K. as the creeping dwarf, new found land, strange long cluster, that of Austria, mountaine dwarf, and Indian. the sweet are more lubrick: the tart h. heat: the water of the black ch. h. the stone: the oyle of the kernels d. in meade, h. faintings, collick, and wormes: the leaves of the winter cherry h. stings. *Vinum cerasorum nigrorum*, *Pharm. Lond.* or Wine of black cherries. is of the nature of the basis with wine. It's good against epilepsies and convulsions in children or others, a spoonfull thereof being taken in the morning fasting, and at 4 a clock in the afternoon by way of prevention, and a spoonfull 2 or 3. upon the approach of the fit with peony water, and a small q. of the spirit of Castor. *Rob de Cerasis*, or the *Rob of Cherries*, is of their virtues. Also it cooleth, quencheth thirst, allaies the boiling of cholerick humours, cools the mouth and tongue in feavers; and is of the virtues of barberries, but not so astringent. *Trochisci alkakengi*, or the *Troches of winter cherries*, mightily provoketh urine, and break the stone the D. is *drach. i.* with other medicinals. Also they are good in the dropie being seasonably used, and they prevent and cure drunkenness.

Chervill. *Cerfolium*.

P. The 1 in Gardens moist & danged: the last in Spaine.

T. Fl. in May, the seed is ripe in July.

N. ~~Xanthoxylon~~ *Chærophyllum*, *Enthuscum* Theoph. as 'tis thought.

Chervill. Ger. *J. K.* as the common, hedge, great, and
[small]

small sweet. T. is moderately hot and dry, but not so much as parsey, and is pleasant to the stomach. V. decoct in wine and d. it provoketh urine, so also ap. hot to the share: 'tis windie & c. lust. the leaves of the sweet ch. are pleasant in sallads. Gal. the root is hot 20, of thin parts. Diosc. d. in wine it h. the bitings of the phalangia, and provoketh the menses, and secundine: boyled and d. it h. the prysick, and consumption of lungs. The seed eaten in sallads with ole, vinegar and pepper h. cold and feeble stomachs: so the roots, and exhilarate, and c. lust. Tooth pick, chervill. Gingidium. K. as the broad and Spanish. T. Gal. it's wholesome for the stomach, bitter and binding, moderately hot, and dry fine 2di. V. it provoketh urine decoct with wine and d. it scourerth the bladder, and expelleth the stone. The quills serve for tooth picks: as for the wild chervill, see Shepheards needle. Park. V. garden chervill dissolverth congealed blood, and h. bruises d. and ap. it expells the stone, and h. the pleurisie and pricking of the sides. The wild dissolves tumors in any part. ap. it h. scarres. Strange chervil. K. as the common, and broad leaved of Syria Gingidium. T. are in a mean between heat and cold, bitter, cleansing and drying a moist stomach and d. in wine provoke urine.

Cheese renning, see Ladies bed straw.

Chestnut tree. *Castanea.*

P. The first groweth in shadowie places, the second in the East countries.

T. They bloom in Aprill: the nuts are ripe in Autumne.

N. *Kasava.* *Lopima*, the fruit *Heracleotica nux*, *glandes Sardiana*.

Chestnut tree. *Ger. J.* K. as the common and horse ch. T. common chest-nuts are very dry, and binding, in a mean between heat and cold, and windy. V. they are of good nourishment, yet dyspeptick, stop the belly and

and cause thick blood eaten *raw* : *rosted* they more easily descend, and are lets w^{ndie}, yet astringent. Made into *bread* they h. lask, and the bloody flux. Their *meal* made into an *electuary* with hony h. the cough, and spitting of blood. The *bark of the tree* boiled in wine and d. stops laskes, bloody flux, and also all other issues of blood. *Water chestnut*, see in *Caltrops* : *Earth-chestnuts*, in *Earth rut*. *Park*. K. as the *Chestnat of Peru*, and the *dwarf*. V. the *white skin of the common*, d. h. any flux : the *last* purgeth choller : *that of Peru*, tasteth like the almond : the *Indian* is a little astringent.

Chichling, see Pease.

Chicken weed, see Chickweed.

Chick-weed. *Alfine*.

P. *Shadowie*, among bushes, old walls, and corne fields.

T. They are green in winter: fl. and seed in spring.

N. Ἰππία. *Hippia*, *Hippago* Plin. the wild, *Morsus Gallinae*, Hen bit.

Chick weed. *Ger. J. K.* as the great, middle, fine, sea, right, stone, speedwell, fountaine, river, marsh, water, berry-bearing, and creeping water ch. T. it is cold moist and waterish, cooling without astringtion. V. the leaves boyled soft in water, adding hogs greaf, the powder of fenugreek, and line seed and marsh mallows stamped to the forme of a *pultis*, h. swellings, suppurating hot apostumes, and dissolving them : it h. shrunk members, wounds in the sinews, and defends virulent ulcers from inflammation : or it comforteth, digesteth, defendeth, and strongly suppuraterh. The leaves boiled in vinegar and salt, bathed, h. manginess of the hands and legs. The lesser ch. refresheth birds in cages. The bastard chick weed. K. as the *Germander*, horned, ivy, and great. T. are thought to be cold and moist, and like the first in vertue and operation. *Park*. K. as the greatest, great spreading and smaller, V. the leaves ap. with vinegar

neger h. stings with serpents, and with meade h. pains of the back. ap. h. headach and wenns: and all heate d. and ap. The *mountain*. K. as the *ivy* and *rocky*. V. as the first, so the *sea-chick*: which doth attenuate and purge.

China. *China radix offic.* *

P. In *China*, *Marabar*, *Cranganor*, &c.

T. It's thought to be green all the year: the root will keep many years.

N. The *Chinois* call it *Lampatan*. The *Arabians* and *Persians* *Chophchina*.

China. *Johns.* K. as the *true*, and *bastard*. T. is thought to be moderately hot and dry. *Garcias*, it cureth the French disease, yet most judge it lesse effectually than *Guajacom*, or *Sarsaparilla*: it's diaphoretick, attenuates, dries and resists putrefaction, it strengthneth the liver, h. dropsies, malignant ulcers, scabs, leprosy, and consumptions. The decoction of the root, also h. the palsy, gout, sciatica, schirrous, and oedematous tumors, and the Kings evil, the inveterate head-ach, weakness of the stomach, and stone, and exulceration of the bladder. *Park.* it h. agues quotidian, intermitrent, pestilentiall and hectic: it drieth up rheumes, h. the jaundise and ruptures, all diseases of the joynts, nodes, and ulcers of the privities, and c. lust, it is to be sliced and boyled: the D. of the decoction is *unc. sem.* or *unc. 1.* The decoction of the root of china and sarsaparilla, h. caruncles, callus, and warts in the urinary passages. *Begu.* the essence provokes sweat in the French pox, gout, catarrhs, asthma, and palsy, &c. the D. is *drach. 3.* to 6.

Christmas herb, see Black hellebore.

Christs thorne, see Jews thorne.

Christs wort, see Christmas herb.

Church-

Church-wort. *see* Penny royall.
 Charles treacle, *see* Garlick.

Cicely. Myrrhis.

P. *In gardens and the fields of Germany.*

F. *Fl. in May: the seed is ripe in July.*

N. Μύρρα. *Smyrrhiza, Smirnum, Conilau.*

Cicely. *Ger.* T. is temperate in heate, and moderate in drinesse. V. the leaves are pleasant in sallads. *Park:* K. as the greater and lesser sweet Cicely. T. is hot 20, with tenuity of parts. V. the leaves, seed, and roots, give a good rellish to other herbs: the root eaten with oile, butter and vinegar, warmeth a cold and windie stomach, and h. consumptions: d. it h. poysons, and the courses: the juyce h. ulcers: *Vntz.* it h. the plague, so *Joub:* *Fum: Durand: Poter: Morefc.*

Ciches. Cicer. *

P. *They are sowne in the fields.*

T. *They are sown in Aprill, being 1 steeped in water.*

N. Ἐρεβινθος. *Erebinthus.* The black are called *Arietina.*

Cich. *Ger:* as that of the garden. T. *Gal:* is windie like the beane, yet of stronger nourishment, provoking lust, and generating sperme. V. it scoureth, the decoction wasteth the stone. *Diosc:* the *Ram ciches* provoke urine, the decoction thereof being made with rosemary, and given to those that are hydropicall, or have the yellow jaundise. H. they hurt the bladder, and exulcerated kidnies. *Wilde ciches Cicer sylvestre.* K. as the common, and broad leaved. T. *Gal:* is hotter and drier than the first, more biting, and bitter. V. *Theoph:* they operate as the first. *Park:* the decoction thereof, looseneth the belly, provoketh the termes, and c. milke. Against the drop sic and jaundise, take of *cicers unc; 1.* of French barley *unc; 2.* and a small handfull of marsh mallow

mallow rootes, wash, cut, and boyle them in the broth of a chicken: of which take fasting in the morning unco: 4. and fast two houres after: so the white and h. barrenesse in those that are too hot. The wilde K. as the three leaved V. are stronger then the first, and cut, open, and digest.

Cichory, see, Endive.

Cidarage, see, Arsmarr.

Cinque foile. *Pentaphylon.*

P. Low and moist meadows, upon bankes, &c.

T. Fl. from the beginning of May, to Aug.

N. Πεντάφυλλον. *Quinque folium.* Five finger grasse, Cincke field.

Cinke foile. Ger. *f.* K. as the common, great upright, purple, marsh, stone, silverweed, wall, hoarie, small hoary creeping, wood with white fl. small white flowered wood, small golden flowered, and straw berry Cinke foile. T. the roots especially of the first, are drie 30. without apparent heate or sharpnesse. V. the decoction of the roots d. h. all fluxes. The iuyce of the young roots d. h. diseases of the liver, lungs, all poyson; and d. with meade or wine and pepper: it h. tertian and quartan agues and fevers, and the falling sicknesse d. 30 daies together. The leaves with appropriate herbes h. ruptures and burstings, their iuyce d. h. the jaundise, and comforteth the stomack and liver: the decoction of the root held in the mouth h. the tooth-ache, stayeth putrefaction, and ulcers of the mouth; h. inflammation of the almonds of the throat, and stayeth laskes. The root boyled in vinegar h. shingles, fretting sores, and cankerous ulcers. The leaves boyled in water with *lignum vite*, h. the falling sicknesse, with sweating. The extraction of the roots h. bloody fluxe. Park: K. as the great yellow, and white, codded, and low with wild tansie leaves. V. the wilde creeping upright and white are the best, and operate

erate as Tormentill: it cooleth d. and ap^r it h. the
quinsy, coughs, all nodes, and paines.

Cinnamon-tree. *Canella*. *

P. In Zealand, and Malabar. &c.

T. It is green all the yeare.

N. Κιννάμωμον. *Cinnamomum*, *Cassia*

Cinnamon tree Ger. T. Diosc. it is warming, and of
thin parts, dry and astringent, it's diuretick, oxydore-
kicke, and perfumeth the breath. V. the decoction
bringeth downe the menses, h. bitings of venomous
beasts, the inflammations of the intestines and reins.
The distilled water comforteth the weak and cold sto-
mack, h. paine of the intestines c. by cold; it h. the
colour of the face; used in meats, they become more
wholsome for all bodies; the chemicall oyle h. pains of
the breast, comforteth the stomach, breaketh winde, h.
digestion, and m. with hony h. spots in the face.
Garcia, the distilled water of the fl. operates as the
bark. The oile of the berries, h. coldnesse of the sinews,
paines of the joynts, stomach, and breast. the *cassia*
ligna in a greater q. serveth in stead of Cinnamon,
Johns. Park. T. Cinnamon is hot and dry 2^o, aromati-
call, and very cordiall. V. the distilled water h. the
wind-collick, the stopping of the urine and the courses,
it sweetneth the breath, and resisteth poyson, and
stopps laskes. Col. the distilled water hastneth the birth,
stoppeth vomiting, h. the fainting of the spirits, and
trembling of the heart. it strengthneth the retentive
faculty of the parts. and h. cold and moist bodies. *Cassia*
ligna, opens, dissolves, and dries. *Aqua cinnamoni*,
Pharm. Lond: or Cinnamon water, hath the same virtue
as cinnamon, (so other simple waters as their basis.)
That of *Matthiolus*. strengthens the brain, heart, liver
and stomach, lungs, spleen, and nerves. It quickens the
sight, resisteth poyson, h. venomous birings, cause a
sweet breath, provokes the terms, attenuates, opens,
digests,

digests, and strengthens, and h. cold diseases. *That made by infusion*, is not so hot, and h. heart-qualmes and faintings. So the *Tincture*, or *Aqua clareta*. Also this having the virtue of cinnamon water, strengthens the brain, stomach, liver, womb, and is good also against the cachexy, dropsie, and scurvy allayd with fennell and scurvy-grass water. *Syrupus de cinnamono*, or, the *syrup of cinnamon*, refresheth the vitall spirits, and cheareth the heart and cold stomach. It much h. digestion, and strengthens the whole body: the D. is *cobl.* 1. in a cordiall. *Diacinnamomum*, P. L. or, the *electuary of cinnamon*, heats the stomach, c. digestion, provoke the terms, strengthens the stomach and parts of distribution. *drach.* 1. taken in the morning fasting, h. old people and cold bodies, also dropfies and diseases of phlegme or wind, and comforts nature much. to h. digestion, take it an houre before meat, so other things of like quality. *Oleum cinnamoni chym.* or the *chymicall oile of cinnamon*, 1 or 2 drops at a time, is excellent in a consumption. *Ern.* it corroboraterh, expels, is absterfise, and heateth.

Citrulls. *Citrullus*.

P. In hot regions, as in Syria, &c.

T. The seeds are to be sown as those of cucumbers.

N. Ἀγγούριον. Anguria. *Citrulus*.

Citrulls. Ger. K. as the common, and small T. the pulpe is of little and cold nourishment, the seeds are of like faculty with those of Cucumbers. V. it engendreth a waterish bloud, h. the heat of the inward parts, and tempereth the sharpnesse of choler. being raw and held in the mouth, it h. roughnesse of the tongue in agues, and quencherh thirst. *Wilde citrull*, K. as the Common, and peare fashioned. *Calocynthis*. T. *Coloquintida* is bitter in all its parts, hot and dry fine 2di. so it purgeth, clenseth, openeth, and operates as most bitter things doe, but chiefly by the stooles, V. it violently purgeth flegme

flegme and choller, therefore it is carefully to be used,
 being mixed with mastick or gum tragacanth, that it
 fret not the intestines, or with gum arabick and bdeli-
 hum, its good to be used in the scotoma, vertigo, me-
 grim, continuall head-ache, apoplexie, epilepsie, stuff-
 ing of the lungs, gripings of the intralls. and other
 dangerous diseases. Common oile wherein it is boyled
 h. singing in the eares, and deafnesse ap: also it killeth
 wormes; and looseth the belly, the navill being annoin-
 ted therewith. *Mes. decoct* in vineger, and the teeth be-
 ing washed therewith it h. the tooth-ache: the seed
 with myrrhe and aloes preserveth dead bodies. *scr. i.*
 of the pulpe taken, mightily openeth the belly, and
 purgeth gross flegme and choller: so also the *infusion*,
 and h. the diseases aforesaid, and collick, loosness of the
 sinews, luxations, and all diseases of cold. So also used
 in clysters: boyled in oile and ap. with wool, it h. pain
 of the hemorrhoids. The decoction made in wine used
 as a fomentation, provoketh the termes. *Park. K.* as the
Turkie. V. the seed h. the heat and sharpness of urine,
 and macilent bodies grown feeble by chronicall disea-
 ses all its parts are used for the same diseases that gourds
 are. *Coloquintida* h. the jaundise and putrid fevers ap.
 it killeth foetus and clenseth the skin: the oile of
 sweet almonds stops its working. *Hiera pachii sive*
Diacolocynthidos Nich. Alex. Pharm. Lond. or *hiera of*
coloquintida, h. the epilepsie, madness, head ach, pains
 in the breast and stomach caused by sickness or bruises,
 pains in the loins or back bone, hardness of womens
 breasts, putrefaction of meat in the stomach, and soure
 belchings; but it's seldome used, and hard to be gotten.
Hiera Logadii, evacuates daily wells of melancholly,
 the epilepsie, vertigo, convulsions, megrim, leprosie, and
 many other infirmities; that are desperate, also it is
 with us little used, being hot and strongly purgative.
 It h. the epilepsie, melancholly, old head-ach, totall
 or partial, dizziness thereof, convulsions, palsies and
 tremblings. Also diseases of the liver, spleen, and joynts,
 sciatica or hip-gout, & other old & rebellious infirmities.

It mightily moves the courses, cures poysonous and venemous bitings, and the leprosie at the beginning thereof. The D. is *drach.* 2. or 3. thrice in a month, in a draught of mead or muld sack, with a spoonfull of salt. It's onely for strong bodies and otherwise incurable diseases. *drach. sem.* may usefully and safely be put into a suppository in sleepey diseases of the head; and such like: Also *unc. sem.* may be given in a clyster in like cases, and against the palsie, and stoppage of the courses, melancholy and madness thence, fits of the stone or collick, and stoppage of urine. *Trochisci Albandal*, or the *Troches of Albandal*, or *coloquintida*, are very violent. Also they are nothing but *coloquintida* prepared for use to be mingled in pills, and other purgative medicaments being seldome used alone: see the virrues of *coloquintida*: the D. alone is *gr.* 6. to 12. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extraſt* of *coloquintida*, is *gr.* 4. to x. with corrigents.

Clarie. *Horminum.*

P. In moist gardens; the wild in barren places.

T. They fl. in June, July, and August.

N. *Oppuſer. Gallitricum. Sclarea. Geminalis. centrum galli.*

Clarie. Ger. J. K. as the common, small, *Fuchsius* his wild and *Jupiters* Distaff; T. is hot and dry 3°. V. the seed powdered, and m. with hony, taken, cleareth the sight. Its *mucilage* ap. draweth out what is fixed in the body, and scattereth swellings, especially in the joynts. The seed powdered and d. with wine c. lust. The leaves taken h. the weaknesse of the back caused by too much flowing of the whites: but more effectually, fryed with eges like a tansie. Wild Clarie, K as the common, with purple leaves, broad leaved wild white flowered wild, and red fl. wild T. in temperature and faculties are referd to the garden Claries. *Æginet.* it is hot, moderately drie, and clenſing. The seed d. with wine.

wine c. lust, with hony clenseth the eyes, so also put whole into the eyes, and h. waterish humors, rednesse, inflammations, &c And easeth paine The leaves in pottage scatter congealed blood, warme the stomack, and helpe dimnesse of the eyes. *Park.* K. as the garden, low Germane, Italian wild, spike flowered, sage leaved and plaine *Æthiopian.* V. This d. h. coughs, the plurisie, and sciatica. The yellow h. ulcers, the powder of the first, h. barennesse, and c. sneezing.

Claver. *Medica.*

P. The first in Italy, the rest in France, Spaine, and fields.

T. Its sown in Aprill. Fl. in June and July, the fruit is ripe in Aug.

N. *Μηδική, Trifolium cochleatum.*

Claver. *Ger.* f K. as the medick fodder, prickly snail, and medicke f. of the sea. T. it is cold. V. applyed green, it h. inflammations and infirmities which need cooling. *Park.* K. as of Burgundy, woody, Lugd. his creeping round prickly hart of Arabia, and moone cl. V. The oile of the seed h. tremblings of the heart, and stone, sc. of that Burgundy: the rest are not used. The horned, as the meadow trefoile.

Plaister Claver, see Melilote, or Harts claver.

Cleere eye, see Clarie.

Clithe, see Bur-dock.

Clitheren, see Goose grass, or Clivers.

Clite, see Lappa.

Close sciences, see Dames violets.

Cliver. *Aparine.*

P. Neer the borders of fields, by hedges &c.

T. Fl. in June and July: the seed is ripe in August.

N. *Ἀπραιν. Phylanthropos. Asperugo. Philaterion.*

Clivers. *Ger.* K. as the common, and great goose grass.

T. Gal.

T. Gal. it is moderately hot and dry, and somewhat of thin parts. **V.** the *juyce* pressed out of the *seeds, stalks* and *leaves*, **h.** the bitings of the Phalangia and Vipers **d.** with wine. The *herb* stamped with swines grease wasteth the kernels of the throat. The *leaves* ap. stay blood issuing out of wounds, and sod it potage with oatemeale **c.** lankness. **Park.** **V.** the *juyce* dropped into the eares **h.** the paine of them. **Matth.** The *juyce* and *powder* **h.** old ulcers. **Trag.** The *distilled water* **d.** twice a day **h.** the jaundise; so the decoction, and **h.** lasks.

Clot-burre, see Burre-dock.

Cloud-berrie. *Vaccinia nubis.*

P. In the tops of Mountaines and heathy places.

T. Fl. in May, the fruit is ripe in July.

N. *Chamomorus Cambro Britanica*: the second *Norwegica.*

Cloud berry. **Ger. T.** the fruit is cold, dry and very astringent. **V.** the fruit quencheth thirst, cooleth the stomach, and **h.** inflammations, being eaten as worts are, or the decoction drunk. **Park.** The *Norway Knot-berrie*, **h.** the scurvy, and other crude, putrid and melancholly diseases wherewith those northerly People are afflicted **Bauh. Hoier.** the people of Norway make an *electuary*, thus, they boile the berries to an indifferent consistence, without adding any liquor thereto, the berries being full of juyce, which they keep in convenient vessells for the uses aforesaid.

Clove-gilloflower, see Carnation.

Clove-tongue, see Black hellebore.

Clove:

Clove-tree. *Caryophyllus*. *

P. In the Malucca Islands, Zeilan &c.

T. The cloves are gathered from the 15. of Sept. to Feb.

N. Καρυόφυλλον. *Clavus*. *Caryophyllum*.

Clove-tree. Ger. T. Cloves are hot and dry 30. V. they strengthen stomach, liver and heart, help digestion, and provoke urine. *Garc.* The liquor distilled from them when green, is a most excellent cordiall. *C. Acoffa*, Cloves stop the belly : the oile or water dropped into the eyes sharpens the sight, and clenseth away the web. *drach.* 4. of the powder of cloves taken in milk h. to generation. The Indians use the oile or butter thereof as a balsame for wounds, and hurts. The powder serveth also for perfumes. Clove-berry tree, *Amomum quorundam*. T. hath a fruit not much differing from the *amomum* of *Diosc.* having a heating, astringive, and drying faculty. V. and is thought to be effectuell for the same purposes. *Park.* the oile of cloves chymically drawn is much used for the toothach, and to stop hollow aking teeth, and serveth to put into perfumes. The powder ap. to the fore head h. the head ach coming of cold. Being eaten they sweeten the breath. *Garc.* Cloves taken with Nutmegs, Mace, long pepper and black, procure sweating to those that have the French disease. *Bauh.* *Ægin.* T. Cloves are aromaticall, sharp, a little bitter hot and dry about the 3d degree. *Æt* 20. *Avic.* 30. V. they stop vomiting & h. all cold diseases of the head. *Aromaticum caryophyllatum*, *Pharm. Lond.* or, the clove-aromatick, strengthens the heart and stomach h. digestion, expells wind, stops vomiting, and clenseth the stomach of putrified-humours. *Begu.* the oile of cloves, strengthens the spirits, &c. concocts, stops, and is balsamicall ; outwardly it h. cold greifs, and the syncope, &c. the D. is 2 drops to 6.

Clowns Lungwort, see great toothwort.

Clowns Wound wort, see Alheale.

Cockle.

Cockle. *Pseudomelanthium*;

P. In corne fields. very frequently.

T. Fl. in the summer months.

N. *Nigellastrum*, *Lolium Fuch.* *Githago Trag.*

Cockle. Ger. T. the seed is hot and drie fine 2di. V. the seed made into a *Pessarie*, and put up with hony, cause the terms to flow. The seeds parched and powdered d. help the yellow jaundise. Park. d. and ap. it stoppeth bleedings, the herb decoct and d. expelleth the stone. drach. 2. of the seed d. in wine purge chol-ler. It h. stingings of venemous beasts and the plague. It cleanseth and healeth old sores, ulcers and itch, and dryeth the moisture.

Cocks-foot, see Columbine.

Cocks head. *Onobrychis*.

P. The two first only grow in England.

T. Fl. in July, the seed is ripe soon after.

N. *Ὠροβρυχίς*. *Glaux Gesneri*. Red Fitchling, and medick fitch.

Cocks-head. Ger: K. as the common, purple, blew, pale coloured, and mountaine. They rarify, attenuate and wast V. the green leaves ap. h. hard swellings, or waxen kernels, ap. in manner of a salve, and wast them. Dry: d. and d. in wine it h. the strangury. ap. with oile it c. sweat: Which also *Diosc.* affirmeth. Park. K. as the spiked with purple fl. and the least. V. given to cattell, they c. much milk, and are a singular food for them. *Baub.* it stops the belly, draweth forth urine and the Menses. The drie leaves d. in wine, strangle: and ap. discuss swellings being green.

Sweet cods, see Sweet Cullions.

Coffee.

Coffee. *Cophy.*

P. It groweth upon little trees, only in the deserts of Arabia.

T. The time is not observed.

N. As for the variety of names, Authors have as yet writ little.

Coffee. T. is of an exsiccant quality. V. It dryeth up the crudities of the stomach, comforteth the braine: it h consumptions, lethargies, rickets, swoonings of women, it fortifyeth the sight with its *steem*, and prevents dropsies, gout, and the scurvie, together with the spleen and hypocondriacall winds: all which it doth with out any distemper. Hereof may be made an *ele-ctuary*, thus. Take of butter and sallet oile *p. æq. m.* and melt them with thrice so much hony and powder of Turkish Coffee *q. s. Rumf.* the *q.* of a nutmeg taken, opens the body, and h. the stone and gout. *Anon.* The graines and berries called coffee, are brought from Arabia, and drunk generally throughout all the grand-Seignours dominions, and about halfe a pint is to be drunk fasting, an houre before, and not eating an houre after, as hot as may be endured, it not fetching the skin off the mouth, or raising blisters by its heat. The Turks drink it to h. their crudities, drinking water and eating much fruit, which cause it. This drink is cold and dry, and when hot neither heats or inflames more then hot posset. It closeth the mouth of the stomach and h. digestion, and so may be taken at 3 of the clock in the afternoon, or 4, as well as in the morning. It much quickens the spirits, and makes the heart lightesome: the steame h. sore eyes; its good against a cough and cold; suppresseth fumes and so h. the head-ach, stops defluxions and prevents the cough of the lungs. It's better than any other drying drinks for old people, and children having running humours as the Kings evill &c. It prevents abortion, and drowsiness, hindring sleep for 3 or 4 houres, taken after supper. It helps the stone, whitens the skin, and is not laxat ve or binding.

Colewort. *Brassica.*

P. *Gardens, a fat soile; the wild, in new ditches;*
 T. *They are sown in spring: the Collyflower in horsedung.*
 N. *Kegūgn. Caulis Crambe. Raphanus Theoph.*

Coleworts. Ger. *J.* K. as the garden, curled garden, red, white, and red cabbage, open cabbage, Cole flourie, swollen, Savoy, curled Savoy, parslly, English sea, and wild coleworts. T. are all drying and binding with a nitrous quality, therefore the juyce and broth doth mightily clesse, the whole substance is drying. The juyce and first broth looseneh d. The rest is of melancholy juyce. The white Cabbage is best next unto the Coleflourcy. V. Colewort eaten h. dime yes, and the palsie; ; and with vineger it h. the spleen. Eaten raw it preserveth from drunkenesse. The leaves stamped with barley meale and salt, ap. h. all inflammations, and break carbuncles. The juyce taken with floure delays and nitre loosens the body: d. with wine it h. the bitings of venemous beasts. Ap. with the powder of fenugreek it h. gouts and old ulcers. As an *errhine* it purgeth the head, as a *peßarie* with barley meale it bringeth down the flowers. The juyce with wine dropped into the eares h. deafness. The seed killeth wormes and h. freckles and sunburning. The broth bathed h. the sinews, joynts and cankers in the eyes. the decoction of colewort leaves, and cammomile, made in wine and fomented, h. the swellings of the belly, so Senn. Rapecole. *Caulorapum.* K. as the round. T. V. is meat not medicine. Park. K. as the fine cut, and thorney. V. made into an *electuary* h. purfiness and almost all diseases. Turn. The summer Cole is the sharper: taken after meat it h. the evill of surfeiting. The juyce h. the voyce. It's hot and dry 1°. *Eclegma è Cautibus Gordon: Pharm: Lond. or Lohoch of coleworts;* h. hoarseness & loss of the voice, surfeits and head ach c. by drunkenness and opens obstructions of the liver and spleen, so h. the rickets. Also its very good against shortness of breath being duly used.

Dogs Cole, see Dogs Mercury.

Colloquintida, see Wild citruls.

Coltsfoot. *Bechium*.

P. It groweth neer springs, and in moist places.

T. Fl. in March and Aprill: and the flowers quickly fade.

N. Βύχιον. Farfara. Ungula cabalina. Populago, Far-
rugium. Tussilago.

Coltsfoot. Ger. *J. K.* as the common and mountaine.
T. the leaves green are something cold, and drying, and
h. ulcers and inflammations; dried, are hot and dry,
and somewhat biting. V. the decoction of the green leaves
and roots, or a syrup of them h. the coughs of a thin
rheume. The green leaves stamped with hony
h. all inflammations. The fume of the dried leaves
taken through a funnel h. shortness of breath; and
the impostumes of the brest; so also taken as to-
bacco. Park. The distilled water with Elder fl. and
Nightshade d. the q. of unc. 2. h. agues, and applyed
all heart burnings and pushes. The wool of the
root boyled with niter makes rinder. The root of the hoar-
ry and American d. h. coughs and lenifies ap. The
mountain colts foot is useles. *Syrupus de tussilagine*, Phar.
Lond. comp. Renot. or, the syrup, h. the lungs and its
infirmities and failings, as the want of voice, dyspnœa,
coughs, hoarseness, and catarrhs, &c. It may be taken
with a licorice stick, or unc. 1. with the pectorall de-
coction. *Loboc de farfara*, or, the *Loboch of colts foot*,
h. the cough. Also it scoureth and cleanseth the lungs,
prevents consumptions, strengthens the chest and lungs,
h. a melancholick heart and cleers the voice. drach. 1.
or 2. being taken. and drinking sack or ale after it. the
sick may take it with a lycorice stick.

Columbine. *Aquilegia*.

P. Gardens, being planted there.

T. They fl. in May, June, and July.

N. *Aquileia. Aquilia. Leo herba Dod. Pothos Theoph.*

Columbine. Ger. J. K. as the blew, red, double, variegated, with the inverted red fl. inverted with the white fl. rose, and degenerate Col. T. they are thought to be temperate between heat and moisture. V. *Trag. drach.* ʒ. of the seed with scr. sem. of Saffron d. in wine opens the liver and h. the yellow jaundise with sweating. The leaves boiled in milk h. sore throats and the uvula fallen. The flowers open the liver. Clus. the powder of the seed d. in wine doth facilitate womens labour. Park. K. as the single and white Spanish. V. the root eaten h. the stone: d. it h. swoonings. The tufted h. ulcers and plague: and swoonings with amber greise.

Consound. *Solidago Saracenica*.

P. In Gardens, and by wood sides.

T. It flowreth in July, the seed is ripe in Aug.

N. *Consolida aurea Tab. consolida Saracen. Herba fortis.*

Consound. Ger. K. as the Saracens. T. is drie 30. with manifest heat. V. d. and ap. it's not inferiour to any traumatick herb. It h. the wounds of the lungs. The leaves boiled in water and d. stay the wasting of the liver, and h. the oppilation of the same, also it cureth the yellow jaundise, and chronicall agues, and feavers. The decoction of the leaves made in water, h. the soreness of the throat, being used as a gargarisme: it increaseth also the virtue of lotions appropriate for privy maimes, sore mouths: and m. therewith. Park. K. as the Germane small coddled. V. as the rest, help the dropsie and all inward ulcers, wounds and bruises. The distilled water h. all paine in the body and all wounds. *Trag.* the water h. the fretting of the genitors, and ulcers of the mouth.

Corall.

Corall-worts, *Dentaria*.

P. One shadowie and darke hills.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May, the seed is ripe in Aug.

N. *Dentillaria*. *Viola dentaria*. *Coralloides*.

Corrall worts. Ger. J. K. as the toothed violet, corall toothed, seven leaved, and first and second five leaved. T. is vulnerarie. V. Matth. the decoction of the root h. the enterocoele, and inward wounds, especially those that have entred into the cavity of the brest. Park. K. as the bulbed, cinquefoile and trefoile, setfoile, and bulbed narrow leaved, with the least. V. the root is drying, binding and strengthening; it expels urine and gravell, h. paines of the sides and bowels and inward wounds, drach. ʒ. of the powder of the root d. in red wine for a certaine time: and d. with horsetaile water h. ruptures and cold fluxes: and ap. the decoction h. green wounds.

Corall, and Coraline, see Moss.

Coriander. *Coriandrum*.

P. In fertile fields and Gardens.

T. They fl. in June and July, and seed in Aug.

N. Кόριον. *Corianon*. *Corianum*. *Coliandrum*.

Coriander. Ger. K. as the common and bastard. T. the green and stinking leaves are cold, dry, and very hurtfull to the body. The seed dry, is warme and usefull. V. comfits of the seed prepared taken after meat close the mouth of the stomach, stay vomiting, and h. digestion. The seed dried in an oven and d. with wine, killeth worms and stoppeth all fluxes. The seeds are prepared by drying, then steep them 24 houres in wine and Vineger, and dry them againe for use. The green leaves boiled with the crums of bread or barley meale h. all hot swellings and inflammations: and with bean meale dissolve the Kings evill, weus and hard lumps. The

juice of the leaves m. with ceruse, litharge of silver, vinegar and oile of roses h. S. Anthonies fire and all inflammations. *drach.* 4. of the juice of the green leaves taken *poison* the body. The seed prepared with sugar taken first and last h. the gout, c. digestion, shuts the stomack, represseth fumes, h. noise in the eares, dryeth up rhumes, and h. the quinsy. *Park.* the dried seeds d. in wine help urine, and cause coiture, and increase blood and sperme. The *Indian Coriander like seed*, decoct h. agues, husked and boiled like Rice, taking it and abstaining from other food: it's called *Mungo. Bauh.* *Gal.* Coriander hath contrary faculties, having much of a bitter essence which consisteth of thin and terrene parts, with an aqueous tepid humidity and a little astringtion. *Mac.* The antidote is swallow worr.

Corke-tree, see Cork-oake.

Corne-flower, see Blew-bottle, or corne-marigold.

Corne-rose, see Poppy.

Corne-salad, see Lambs Lettuce.

Corne Gladin, see Corne-flag.

Corne gilloflower, or corne pinks, and Ladies glass, see Venus looking glass, yellow corne-flower, and golden.

Cornelian, or long cherry-tree, see cornell-tree.

Costmaric, see Maudline.

Corne. *Far.*

P. It groweth in fat and fertile moist grounds.

T. It's sown in Sept. or October: and is ripe in July.

N. *Zea* the first. *Zea. Spelta. Zea Dicecces Matth.*

Corne. *Ger. K.* as the spelt corne, *zea* or spelta. *T. Diosc.* It nourisheth more then barley. *Gal.* It's in a mean between wheat and barley, and may be referred to them. *V.* The meale boiled in water and with powder of Saunders, and a little oile of Roses and Lillies,
unto

unto the forme of a pultis, and applyed hot h. swelling of the legs, gotten by cold and long standing. *Starch-corne*, *Triticum amyleum*. T. is somewhat like to wheat or barley. V. it serveth to feed Cattle and to make starch of. S. *Peters Corne*, *Briza monococcos*: with the *Haver grass*, *Festuca Italica*. T. are somewhat sharp and digesting. V. the juyce of the last m. with barley meale dried, and when used moistned with rose water and ap. plaisterwise, h. the *Ægilops*, or the fistula in the corner of the eye: it mollifieth and disperseth nodes, and aswageth the swellings of the joynts. *Burnt Corne ustilago*. K. as of *Barly*, *Oats*, and *Rie*. T. V. are not used in physick. They cause bread to look black, and be of an evill tast. *Turkie corne*, K. as the common and *Asian*. T. V. is not observed. *Lonic*. the bran of spele is used in clysters, it is a little drying decoct in wine and vineger it h. the eyes. So *Trag. Bauh*. the bread thereof is black and unpleasant.

Cornell-tree. *Cornus*.

P. In Gardens: the second in hedges, almost every where.

T. Fl. in April: the berries are ripe in August.

N. *Kegvia*. the female is called *virga sanguinea*.

Cornell tree. Ger. T. the fruit of the male Cornell-tree is very harsh in tast, it cooleth, dryeth and bindeth, and may be eaten. V. it h. lasks and bloody flux, and hurteth cold stomacks. The leaves and crops are choaking & drying, and heale green wounds in hard bodies: so *Trag*. the female cornell tree. T. the berries are of unlike parts, some hot bitter and clensing; many cold, dry, harsh, and binding, yet not used in physick. V. *Matth*. the berries boiled and pressed yeild an oile for lamps. *Park*. the conserve of the fruit of the male h. all fluxes, the liquor coming out of the stalks heated h. terrors, *Cam. Diosc*. the berries h. the whites. *Rob de cornis*, or the *Rob of cornels*, of the fruit of the male, binds

exceedingly

exceedingly and is therefore good in fluxes, bloody fluxes and the immoderate flowing of the terms in women.

Costive tree. *Curo.* *

P. In China. Japan, Malaca. &c.

T. The time is not observed.


N. The first is called *Coru arbor*, the second *Pavate*.

Costive tree. *Park.* K. as the first and second. **T.** the barke of the root onely is in use, which containeth a clammy milke, somewhat bitter, drying, and cooling. **V.** the natives use the milke hereof against all fluxes of what cause soever arising. The second is not so strong, but of excellent use in inflammations, and eruptions of chollerick matter in the skin, and S. Anthonies fire: the root is of chiefest use, yet sometimes the wood is used being steeped in the decoction of rice, which presently groweth soure, with which they wash the inflamed parts: d. it h. hot livers and scavers, with the leaves of Tamarinds it stops defluxions.

Costus. *Costu.* *

P. In the Indies, and other places.

T. The time is not observed.

N. Kbs , *costus Indicus*: and *Offic.* the latter.

Costus. *J.* K. as the Indian or sweet smelling. and the bitter. **T.** is hot and attenuating. **V.** it is used in oile to anoint the body against the cold fits of agues, and the sciatica, and to draw any thing into the periferie of the body. Also it provokes urine and the termes: h. strains, cramps and pains in the sides, and by its bitterness killeth the worms, it h. the bitings of Vipers, pains of the chest, windiness of the stomach taken in wormwood wine, and is used to be put into antidotes, *Park.* Taken with sweet wine it c. venery. ap. with hony and water

ter, it h. the blemishes of the skin, and face. *Pem.* its hot and dry 3°. The best is whitish & bitter: the D. is scr. 1. or scr. 1. *sem. Caryocostinum Phar. Lond.* or the *Eleuary of costus*, &c: purge h. hot rhumes, and h. hot inflammations in wounds; but it works strongly; yet drac. 2. or 3. may be given in clysters. Also it h. the gout & joynt-paines, very effectually: the D. is drac. 2. or 3. in white wine. *Oleum costinum*, or, the Oile of the roots of bitter costus, heats, opens obstructions, strengthens the nerves, and all nervous parts; as the muscles, tendons, ligaments, and the ventricle, and the liver. It prevents grainess of the haire, and c. good colour in the body, being used outwardly. Also annointed upon the stomach, it h. vomiting wormes, and dizziness in the head, collick upon the belly & cold fits of agues used upon the whole back bone, halfe an houre before the fit. It strengthens the wombe annointed upon the region thereof, and h. paines thereof, and softens and discusses hard swellings. It's an excellent oile, and emulates the virtues of the oile of nard and costus.

Cotton plant. *Xylum.* *

P. In India. Arabia. Ægypt &c.

T. The seed is sown in spring: it's ripe in harvest.

N. Ἐγιοφύρον. ξύλον καὶ γοασίπιον. *Gossipium. Lanugo.*
Bombax and Cotum.

Cotton. plant. *Ger. T. Serap.* The seed is hot and moist, the wool is hot and dry. V. the seed h. coughs and shortwindedness, c. lust and sperme: the oile h. freckles, spots and blemishes of the skin. The ashes of the wool burned stop the bleeding of wounds: and are used in restrictive remedies, and exceed Bole armoniack. The wool serveth for many known uses. *Park.* K. as the fine, bush, thorny Indian, and long leaved Cotton tree of Java. V. the kernells of the seed are used against gnawings of the stomach: and h. agues. *Recch.*

juice of the leaves m. with ceruse, litharge of silver, vinegar and oile of roses h. S. Anthonies fire and all inflammations. *drach.* 4. of the juice of the green leaves taken *poison* the body. The seed prepared with sugar taken first and last h. the gout, c. digestion, shuts the stomack, represseth fumes, h. noise in the eares, dryeth up rhumes, and h. the quinsy. *Park.* the dried seeds d. in wine help urine, and cause coiture, and increase blood and sperme. The *Indian Coriander like seed*, decoct h. agues, husked and boiled like Rice, taking it and abstaining from other food: it's called *Mungo. Bauh. Gal.* Coriander hath contrary faculties, having much of a bitter essence which consisteth of thin and terrene parts, with an aqueous tepid humidity and a little astringtion. *Mac.* The antidote is swallow wort.

Corke-tree, see Cork-oake.

Corne-flower, see Blew-bottle, or cornemari-gold.

Corne-rose, see Poppy.

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Cornell-tree. *Cornus*.

P. In Gardens: the second in hedges, almost every where.

T. Fl. in Aprill: the berries are ripe in August.

N. *Keryia*. the female is called *virga sanguinea*.

Cornell tree. *Ger*. T. the fruit of the male Cornell-tree is very harsh in tast, it cooleth, dryeth and bindeth, and may be eaten. V. it h. lasks and bloody flux, and hurteth cold stomacks. The leaves and crops are choaking & drying, and heale green wounds in hard bodies: so *Trag*. the female cornell tree. T. the berries are of unlike parts, some hot bitter and censing; many cold, dry, harsh, and binding, yet not used in physick. V. *Matth*. the berries boiled and pressed yeild an oile for lamps. *Park*. the conserve of the fruit of the male h. all fluxes, the liquor coming out of the stalks heated h. terrors. *Cam. Diosc*. the berries h. the whites. *Rob de cornis*, or the *Rob of cornels*, of the fruit of the male, binds

exceedingly and is therefore good in fluxes, bloody fluxes and the immoderate flowing of the terms in women.

Costive tree. *Curo.* *

P. In China. Japan, Malaca. &c.

T. The time is not observed.

N. The first is called *Cornu arbor*, the second *Pavates*.

Costive tree. *Park.* K. as the first and second. T. the bark of the root onely is in use, which containeth a clammy milk, somewhat bitter, drying, and cooling. V. the natives use the milke hereof against all fluxes of what cause soever arising. The second is not so strong, but of excellent use in inflammations, and eruptions of chollerick matter in the skin, and S. Anthonies fire: the root is of chiefest use, yet sometimes the wood is used being steeped in the decoction of rice, which presently groweth soure, with which they wash the inflamed parts: d. it h. hot livers and scavers, with the leaves of Tamarinds it stops defluxions.

Costus. *Costus.* *

P. In the Indies, and other places.

T. The time is not observed.

N. K^{bs} ♂, *costus Indicus*: and *Offic.* the latter.

Costus. *J.* K. as the Indian or sweet smelling, and the bitter. T. is hot and attenuating. V. it is used in oil to anoint the body against the cold fits of agues, and the sciatica, and to draw any thing into the periferie of the body. Also it provokes urine and the termes: h. strains, cramps and pains in the sides, and by its bitterness killeth the worms, it h. the bitings of Vipers, pains of the chest, windiness of the stomach taken in wormwood wine, and is used to be put into antidotes, *Park.* Taken with sweet wine it c. venery. ap. with hony and water

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Cotton plant. *Xylum.* *

P. In India. Arabia. Ægypt &c.

T. The seed is sown in spring: it's ripe in harvest.

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That of Mexico d. resisteth poyson, the stalk is cold, dry and binding.

Cotton weed, *see* Cudweed.

Coventry-bells, *see* Pasque flowers.

Cowfat, *see* Cow-basil.

Cowslip. *Primula veris.*

P. Moist meadows and borders of fields.

T. Fl. from Aprill to June.

N. Arthritica. Herba paralysii. Dodecatheon.

Cowslips. *Ger. J. K.* as the field, with the field Ox-tips, double paigles, two in a hose, field Primrose, double white, green, and Mr Hesketh's Primrose. **T.** Cowslips and Primroses are dry and a little hot. **V.** Cowslips h. paines of the joints, gout, and palsie; the decoction of the roots d. h. the stone. The juyce of the leaves, h. luxations & burstings. *drac. 1. sem.* of the powder of the dried roots of the field primrose d. in Ale c. vomit forcibly of waterish humors, choler & flegm. A Conserve of the fl. of Cowslips h. the palsies, convulsions, cramps, and all diseases of the sinews. cowslips greatly stop the belly, and h. lasks and the bloody flux decoct and d. warme. An unguent made with the juyce of cowslips and oile of linseed h. all scaldings, or burnings, with fire or otherwise. *Park. V.* The juyce or water of the flowers of cowslips clenseth the skin from spots, and h. wrinkles. The decoction of the roote h. paines in the back, and wounds. *Doast. d.* it h. the appetite, aud heat.

Cowslip of Jerusalem, *see* Lungwort.

Mountain Cowslips, *see* Bears eares.

Cow

P.
T.
N.

Cow wheat. *Crateogonum*.

P. The first groweth among corne, the rest not here.

T. They fl. in June and July: the wild to Sept.

N. *Κεχταίονον*. *Triticum Vaccinum*: the wild *Milium Sylvaticum* Tabern.

Cow wheat. Ger. *J. K.* as the white, purple, blew, and yellow. T. the seed is hot and dry, and full of fumes. V. taken in meats and drinks it troubleth the braine, and c. drunkennels and head-ach. Wild cow wheat K. as the common and eyebright. T. the seeds cause giddiness. V. The powder of the seed d. c. venery. Park. K. as the party coloured and black. V. it troubleth the head as Darnell, the seed is sharp and is used as Millet is. Lngd. it being d. thrice a day, 4 dayes before c. conception.

Cox-combe. *Crista galli*.

P. Dry meadowes, and Pastures.

T. Fl. most part of the summer.

N. *Αλεξτοροφος*. *Pedicularia*. *Fistularia*.

Cox-comb or yellow rattle Ger: T. V. its not yet used in physick. Park. V. the herb boiled with some hony and beane's d. h. coughs, and dropped into the eyes h. dimness thereof. The whole seed being put into the eyes doth draw forth any filme or dimness. T. some think it to be cold and drying.

Crab grafs see Glaſswort

Crabs claw, see Water fengreen.

Crab tree. *Malus sylvestris*.

P. In hedges, almost every where.

T. The time answereth the tree. in the Garden.

N. *Αγριομυλῖα*. *Chamamalus*. Wilding tree.

Crab-tree, Ger. T. crabs are cold and moist. V. the
juyce

juyce of Crabs h. burnings, scaldings and all inflammations if presently ap. it hindreth blistring. The juyce is astringent and absterfive, mixed with the yeast of beer ap. it h. S. Anthonies fire, and all inflammations, scabbed legs, burnings and scaldings. *Park. Crabbs* stop the belly and provoke urine. The juice h. against the heat and fainting of the stomack d. and h. casting taken alone or in a posset. *Col.* the inner bark boiled with alom dyeth yellow.

Cranes bill. *Geranium.*

P. Desarts, untild grounds, and mud walls.

T. Fl. in May, and the greatest part of summer.

N. Γεράσιον. *Gruinalis.* Rostrum *Gruinum*, *Gruis*, an *Ciconia*.

Cranes bill. *Ger.* *J.* K. as the Doves foot. *Geranium columbinum.* V. is cold and somewhat dry, with some astringtion and glutinating. V. it h. green wounds & inflammations. Half a spoonfull of the herb or root powdered taken first and last in red wine for the space of 21. days h. ruptures, especially with the powder of red snails without shels, and h. wounds decoct in wine and d. *Herb Robert. Geranium Robertianum.* T. is somewhat cold, scouring and somewhat binding. V. it h. ulcers of the dugs and privities, and stoppeth blood. *Knotted Cransbil, Geranium tuberosum.* T. the root is somewhat hot. V. *drach. 1. d.* in wine three times a day h. pryicks, and the windiness of the matrix, and corroborates. *Musked crans-bill. geranium moscatum.* T. is cold, dry and astringent V. it operates as Doves-foot: it h. green wounds and hot swellings. *Crowfoot cranes. bill. geranium batrachoides.* K. as the common, small, duskie and long rooted. T. are referred to the former. V. they are not in use; *Fuch.* yet the blew flowered healerth wounds. *Candy cranesbill, geranium creticum.* K. as the common and bastard. T. are referred to the Doves-foot, V. it's excellent for wounds, *Wild crans-bills*

bills. K. as the spotted, bloody, unsavourie, field, and violet. T. V. are not used, but may be referred to the other of their kind. The other crans-bills. K. as Pennies bulbous, knotty and silver leaved mountaine. T. V. are not discovered. *Park* K. as the red and purple. T. are drying binding and a little hot. V. they h. inward and outward wounds: and d. h. bleeding, vomiting, fluxes and the stone. The mallow leaved and rocky. V. as the rest. The unsavourie h. the mother. The doves cr. h. the chollick.

Cray-fish pifs abed, see Leopards bane.

Cress. *Nasturtium*.

P. Gardens: the winter Cr, by pathway sides.

T. The 1. fl. in June and July, so the water Cr. the rest in May.

N. Къръшанов. Winter Cress, *Barbarea*.

Cressies. Ger. K. as the garden, Spanish, and stone. T. the herb of the garden cresses, is sharp and biting, very hot and dry: the seed fere 40. V. it h. the scurvy, the seed stamped with hony h. hardness of the milke, with vinegar and barley meale parched it h. the sciatica, hard swellings and inflammations. With brine it h. terters, ripens fellons and raiseth up rough humours of the chest with it things appropriate. *Diosc.* It hurte the stomack and troubleth the belly. It expels wormes and floures, killeth the foetus in the womb, and c. lust. d. it h. bruises, and discusseth clotted blood & preventeth the congelation of the same, and c. sweat. *Indian cresses, nasturtium Indicum*. T. V. are not discovered but may be referred to the rest. *Sciatica cresses, Iberis cardamantice*. T. are hot 4. and like the garden cr. V. the roots gathered in Autumne. ap. wi h swines grease h. the sciatica laid to 4. houres bathing the place after with warm water, & annointing it with oile, laying wool thereon. *Bank cresses, Erysimum*. K. as the

the common and Italian. T. the seed is like that of the garden, fiery and attenuating the seed h. rheums, raken, as a *loboch* it h. coughs, the yellow jaundise, and sciatica with hony d. it h. poyson : ap. with water and hony it h. cankerous apostumes behind the eares, and inflammations of the paps and testicles. *drach. 1.* of the seed of the Italian bank cresses. d. in a decoction of grafs roots clenseth the reines. and expells the stone. *Dock-cresses Lampfana.* T. are hot and somewhat abstersive. V. it h. ulcerated brests, yet is cacochymick. *Water cresses, Nasturtium aquaticum K.* as the common and Italian. T. are hot and dry. V. d. in wine or milk, it h. the Scurvy : eaten three times a day for the space of 30. dayes chopt and boiled in flesh broth, it povoketh urine, h. the stone and green sickness, and expels the termes. *Winter cresses, Barbarea.* T. are hot and dry 20. V. the seed h. the strangury. the juice with wax oile and turpentine as an unguent mundifieth ulcers: Boiled with Scurvy grafs it h. the Scurvy. in winter they serve as sallads instead of garden cresses. *Turkey cresses, K.* as the common, first and second creeping cress. *Diosc.* the seed of the first is used instead of pepper in Cappadocia: and used in ptisan, it bringeth tough and raw flegme out of the chest. the rest are hot and neer in virtues to the former. *Park.* the garden cr: h. lethargies sc. the seed. the wild as the rest. *Turkey Cresses, Draba Diosc.* T. are hot. V. and evacuate flegme. *Rech. K.* as the cresse of Peru. T. is hot and dry fere 40. and sharp. V. it h. cold stomacks and the cough. ap. it h. hot tumors with cold remedies.

Crestmarine, see Sampier.

Crestaldre, see lesser Centory.

Croneberries, see Marsh wortleberries.

Cropweed, see Black matfellow.

Cross flower see milk-wort.

Cross

Cross-wort. *Cruciata.*

P. In moist and fertile meadows.

T. Fl. all the summer long.

N. *φύτωμα*. *Diosc. Trag. Crucialis. Cruciata herniaria Thalli.*

Cross-wort. *Ger.* *T.* is dry and binding. *V.* it healeth and closeth wounds inward and outward: the decoction being drank, it h. those that are bursten, d. and ap. as a *pultis*. *Park.* it stops the bleeding of wounds. *Cam.* it h. to expectorate flegme out of the chest, and h. the obstructions thereof, and of the meseraicke veines; and decoct in wine h. the appetite: ap. it h. moist sores, clensing and healing them. So *Croll. Lob.* it's bitter and absterfiye. *Trag.* the distilled water h. poyson and the plague: so the powder. *Cam.* it's effectuall for all purposes for which the greater Gentian is.

Crow-foot. *Ranunculus.*

P. Pastures, meadows almost every where.

T. Fl. in May: so the Candy; and single, and double of Asia.

N. *Βαρβάχιον*. it's called *Pes galli* and *coronopus* by some.

Crow-foot. *Ger.* *J.* K. as the common, right, of the fallowed field, white mountaine, that of Illyria, round rooted, golden haired, frog, grassie, winter, Portugall, globe, rough white flowered mountaine, and rough purple fl. double, double wild, and double white. *T.* are biting as the other Crowfeet. *V.* the chiefeft vertue is in the root, which stamped with salt h. plague sores ap. to the thigh, attracting the malignity of the disease. Stamped with Vinegar ap. it takes black scars out of the skin. Asian Crow-foot. *Ranunculus Asiaticus*. K. as the double red, double Asian scarlet, double buttoned scarlet Asian, of Tripolie, branched red, and white fl. and with yellow striped flowers. *T. V.* they are referred to the other
Crow

Crowfeet, whereof they are thought to be kinds. *Marsh Crowfoot*. K. as the great and lesser, common and jagged. T. as the rest, it is biting exulcerating hot & dry 4 . V. The leaves or roots of all the Crowfeet stamped & ap. c. blisters and remove excrescencies. ap. to the Plague sore it extracts it's venome, and draweth it to any part. Stamped with salt and ap. to the finger it h. the tooth-ach. It's used by beggers to deforme their legs. *That of Illyria* taken contracteth the sinewes. The other Crowfeet. K. as the broad leaved, 'candy, plantain leaved, mountaine with the lesser flower and bigger, rue leaved, columbine and small rough leaved. T. V. are to be referred to the former. *Water Crowfoot*. T. V. is hot, and like to the common Crowfoot. *Park*. K. The *marsh*, as the French round leaved, true Sardinian, water, Ivy leaved, and with Alecost leaves. V. as the rest. The wood. K. as the single white and yellow, &c. ap. h. hard tumors. The field V. as the rest. So also the Mountaine, the roots ap. to the wrist h. fevers.

Crow-bells, see Daffodil.

Crow-flowers, see Wild Williams.

Crow leek, see English Harebells.

Crow sope, see Wild rose campion.

Crow toes, see Jacinths.

Crown-imperiall. *Corona imperialis.*

P. Gardens when Planted: naturally in Persia.

T. Fl. in April and March: the seed is ripe in June.

N. *Lilium Byzantinum*, & *Persicum*.

Crown-imperiall. Ger. K. as the common, and double. T. V. a e not yet discovered. *Park*. the whole plant and every part thereof, as well roots as leaves and flowers do smell some what strong as it were the favour of a Fox: which yet is not unwholsome, but rather may perswade that it may be usefull,

Cuckow:

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Cuckow-flower. *Cardamine*.

P. Almost every where, except the Alpish.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May.

N. *Flos cuculi*. The double is called *Sisymbrium alterum*
Diosc. Ladies smocks. Canterbury bells,

Cuckow flowers Ger. *J. K.* as the common, Ladies smocks, double flowred, three leaved, mountain, impatient, and dwarf daisie leaved Lady smocks of the Alpes. T. are hot and dry 2^o. V. they are referred unto the water cresses. Park. V. the small operates as the rest: and is thought by some to be a good substitute when water-cresses are wanting, and h. the scurvy. Those of the mountaine. K. as the three leaved and small. T. are sharpe, and reduced to the first. Bauh. That which is called *Odontis*, is commended against poyson.

Cuckow-gilloflowers, see Wild-Williams.

Cuckow meat, or sorrell, see Wood sorrell.

Cockow pint, see Wake Robin.

Cucumber. *Cucumis*.

P. In gardens, in horshedung:

T. They are to be set in Aprill.

N. *Silvus*. The wild is called *Afininus cucumis*, and *Anguinus*.

Cucumbers. Ger. K. as the common, adders, and Spanish. T. are all cold and moist 2^o. of little and bad nourishment, & quickly putrifie. The seed is not so cold, clensing and opening. V. the seed openeth the liver and bladder, and helps the chest and lungs inflamed. ap. it smootheneth the skin, and maketh it faire. The Cucumber eaten h. hot stomacks. The seed strained with milke or sweet wine and d. looseth the belly and h. exulcerations of the bladder. The fruit sliced and boild with mutton and oatemeale and eaten thrice a day for three weeks h. sauce flegme, copper faces, and fiery noses,

noses, with pimples and rubies: washing the face with the following liquor. Take a pint of strong white wine vinegar, of Orrice roots powdered *drach.* 3. Brimstone finely powdered *unc. sem.* Camphire *drach.* 2. stamped with 2 blanched Almonds, 4. Oke apples cut, and the juice of 4 Limmons, shake them together and set them in the sunne 10. dayes, use it daily without wiping the face. It also cureth all deformities of the skin. *Wild cucumbers, Cucumis Asininus.* T. the leaves, roots and rinds, are bitter, hot and clensing. The juice is hot 20 of thin parts. V. the juice, *elaterium* purgeth choller, flegme and water by stoole and vomit, the dose is from 5 gr. to 10. of the dried juice, *scr. sem.* it h. the dropisie & shortnesse of winde. so the juice as an *errhine* it h. red eyes, with milke. *Park.* It h. cold diseases d. and ap. *Emplastrum scyonium, Pharm. Lond.* or, the Plaister of the wild cucumber roots, is purging and drying. being laid upon the dropisie swollen belly, it will drive out the water by stool, and dry up the remainder, being seasonably and methodically applyed. *Schrod.* the D. of the extract of *elaterium*, is gr. 1. to 2. the way of making *elaterium*, see in the *London Dispensatory.* sc. by pressing forth the juyce and drying the setlings.

Cudweed. *Gnaphalium.*

P. Mountaines, hills, and barren places.

T. Fl. from June to September.

N. *Γναφάλιον. Centunculus. Tomentaria. Cottonaria.*
Herba impia. Camaxylon.

Cud-weed. *Ger. J. K.* as the English, common, sea, white and purple mountaine, bright red mountaine, rocks, live for ever, small, wicked, lions, small lions, long leaved, and small broad leaved. T. are astringent and drying. V. boiled in strong lee, it clenseth the haire from nits and lice, in ward-robes it keepeth from moths. Boiled in wine and d. it killeth the wormes, and h. the bitings of Venemous beasts. Dried and the fume taken by a funnell

funnell as tobacco it h. coughs of the lungs, paine or the head, and cleanse the inward parts. *Golden Cudweed*, *Elyochryson*. T. *Gal.* Cutteth and attenuateth. V. *Diosc.* The tops d. in wine h. the dysury, stings of serpents, sciatica, and d. in sweet wine dissolve congealed blood. Laid among cloths it prevents moths. *Park.* K. as the greater *Germane*, and *small leaning*. V. as the rest h. all fluxes dranke in red wine, and bruises: the leaves ap. h. the renelms and ulcers. The herb *impious* d. in wine and milke h. the mumps. So that of the mountaine.

Cullions. *Testiculus Odoratus.*

P. In dry pastures or heaths.

T. Fl. from August to September.

N. *Orchis. Triorchis. Tetrorchis.*

Cullions, *Ger.* The sweet. K. as the common, triple, *Frizland*, and *liege ladie traces*. T. are of the nature of dogstones. V. the sappy roots of *Lady-traces* eaten or boiled with milk and d. cause venery, strengthen the body, h. consumptions and heftick fevers. *Park.* K. as the greater and lesser, yellow with smooth leaves, and small creeping. V. the roots of these *Orchides* are effectually above all other to c. venery. *Recch.* *Lady-traces of Mexico*. T. the root is sweet and a little bitter. V. it c. venery, and discusse the hot tumours d. and ap. And h. the heat of the blood. *Bauh.* the root of the first boyled with wine and hony h. putrid ulcers of the mouth. So *Dod.*

Cull me to you, see *Harts-ease*.

Cullions, see *Stones*.

Culrage, see *Artsmarr*.

Culverwort, see *Columbine*.

Cumfy

Cumfrey. *Consolida major*.^uP. Watery ditches, and fruit full meadows.

T. They Fl. in June and July.

N. Συμυτον. *Solidago*. *Symphytum*. *Pecten*. *Alum*.
Osteocollon.

Cumfrey. Ger. *J*. K. as the purple flowered, with the knobbed root, and borrag flowered. T. the root is cold and clammy, and insipid. V. the roots stamped and the juice d. with wine, h. spitting of blood, and inward wounds and burstings; so applied. The roots boiled and d. cleanse the brest from flegme, and h. the lungs with sugar. The slime of the root d. with a posset h. wrenchings of the back, and gonorrhœa's. Four of the roots stamped with knot-grasse and the leaves of Clary, of each an handfull strained, adding a quart of muskadell, the yelks of three eggs, and powder of three nutmegs d. first and last h. the gonorrhœa and all pains and consumptions of the back. The syrrup stops blood, h. the heat of agues, sharpnesse of humours, ulcers of the lungs, and cough, also ulcers of the kidnies, flux of the matrix, inward hurts, and ruptures and is thus made; take *unc. 3.* of the roots of great comf. *unc. 1.* of Lycorise, 2 handfull of Folefoot roots and all, *unc. 1.* sem. of Pine apple kernels, 20 jujubes, *drach. 2.* of Mallow seed, *unc. 1.* of the heads of poppy: boile all in a *f. q.* of water to a pint, to the liquor strained adde *unc. 6.* of white sugar, as much of hony: boyle it to a syrup. The root stamped and ap. h. inflammations of the fundament, and flowing of hemorrhoides: *Park* *unc. 2.* of the juice d. h. the lethargy, ap. it represseth the growing of the dugs, h. gangreens, and pains of the joynts. *Pem.* The distilled water. h. ourward lores. It hurts those that are bound in the body. *Syrupus de symphyto*, *Pharm. Lond.* or, *Syrup of Cumfry* h. all inward wounds, and bruises, excoriations, vomitings, & spitting or pissing of blood. It unites broken bones, h. ruptures, and stopps the terms; and a man cannot erre in taking it, *Schrad.* the extract h. ruptures and all ulcers, the D. is *scr. 1.* divers daies together.

together. The distilled oile of the root h. ruptures used inwardly and outwardly.

Spotted Comfrey, see Couflips of Jerusalem.

Cumin. *Cuminum*.

P. It groweth in patrifised and hot soiles.

T. It's to be sown in the midst of spring.

N. *Куминъ*. *Cuminum*. *Carnabadium Cassi Bassi*, *Bauhini*.

Cumin. Ger. T. Gal. The seed of the garden Cumin is hot and dry 3^o, and binding. Diosc. V. the seed h. windinesse of the stomach, belly, guts, and matrix, it helpeth frettings of the belly d. used in clysters or applied with wine and barley meale as a *pultis*, so also boiled with wine, it h. blattings, swellings of the genitals, and consumeth windie swellings in the joynts. Taken in broth it h. cold lungs and such as are oppressed with raw humours, it stoppeth bleeding at the nose with vinegar being smelt unto. Made into a *sacculus* with bay salt, heated and ap. warme being sprinkled with wine vinegar, it h. stitches, and the plurisie. *Wild Cumin. cuminum sylvestre* K. as the common, codded, and burned. T.V. are to be referred to the first, yet not used in physick. Park. It h. the collick boiled in wine & d. and h. those that are bitten with serpents: the seed taken in broth h. short windednesse, and old coughs, the seed bruised, fried with a hard egg, and ap. to the map of the neck h. the old headach, and stops rheume. The powder ap. warme to the eyes with wax h. the rheume and rednesse of the eyes. ap. it c. palenesse. The wild drank in wine sc. the seed h. windes and ap. clenseth. *Diapoliticum* Gal. *Pharm. Lond.* is excellent. against putrefaction of meat in the stomach, coldness thereof, cold belchings and windy: the D. is *drach. sem.* after meat, in muscadell, syrup of myrtles, quinces or any cordiall water appropriate. *Species Eleſtuarii diacimini*, *Nich. Pharm. Lond.* or, the species of the eleſuary

Suary of Cummin-seed &c. heats the stomack and bowels, expels wind much, h. the wind chollick, and digestion hindered by cold and wind. It h. wind in the gutts exceedingly, and quartane agues. It's very hot and the dose is *drach. sem.* at once, in white wine. *Emplastrum è cymino*, or the plaister of cummin, h. swellings; old aches caused of cold and bruises, and the wind collick ap. to the belly, as hath been often proved with good success. *Oleum cumini*, *Pharm. Lond. chym.* or, the Chymicall oile of cummin seeds, is a great expeller of wind, nothing better. It mightily h. pains of the spleen, reines, and bladder, stopping of urine, especially if of wind, and is a speciall remedy for the collick, taken as that of anise seed. The seeds are prepared as the Coriander seeds.

Currans. *Ribes.*

P. Gardens: naturally in Savoy and Switserland.

T. Fl. in Spring: the fruit is ripe at Midsummer.

N. Ceanothus levis Gesn. *Großularia ultramarina.*

Currans. Johnf. K. as the red and white *T.* the berries are cold & dry *fine 2di*, with some astringtion and tenuity of part. *V.* they h. heat of fevers, choller, and hot bloud, resist putrefaction, quench thirst, h. the appetite, stop vomiting and dysentery of a hot cause, so the juice boiled, called *Rob de Ribes. Park.* they h. the fainting of the stomack. The black are used in sauces: so also the leaves by many, the scent and taste being very pleasant. *Gesn.* The white, and red h. coughs. *Lob.* The Arabian are in taste and vertues like barberries. *Schw. enck.* The leaves of the black are hot: ap. to the nostrils they h. the epilepsie and mother, and d. cause menses and h. the tormina. *Rob de ribes, Pharm. Lond.* or the *Rob of English currans*, operates as that of Barberries.

Ladies

Ladies cushion, see Gilloflower.

Cutberdole, and Cutbertill, see Brank ursine.

Cypresse tree. *Cupressus*.

P. Hot countries, as Candy, Lycia, and gardens.

T. The tame yeilds fruite in Jan. May and Sept.

N. *Κύπαρισσος* ☉. The fruits are called *Galbuli*. the tree *Cypresses*.

Cypresse tree. Ger. K. as the garden, and wild. T. the fruits and leaves are dry 3^o and astringent. V. *Diosc.* the nuts stamped and d. in wine stop all fluxes of bloud, glew ulcers in hard bodies, and suck up hidden moisture. The leaves and nuts h. ruptures, and the polypus, also carbuncles and phagedens with parched barley meale. The leaves boyled in meade h. the strangury. The smoke of the leaves driveth away gnats. The shavings of the wood preserve from moths, so the rosin also laid among garments. Park. the powder of the leaves with a little myrrhe and wine h. fluxes that fall on the bladder: without mirrhe, those of other parts. The decoction h. coughs, and short windedness. The chips d. cause menses, the leaves h. spots.

D.

Daffodil, *Narcissus*.

P. In gardens and meadows almost every where.

T. Fl. from February till May.

N. *Νάρκισσος* ☉. of rush Daffodill, *Junquillas Bulbus vomitorius* *Diosc.*

Daffodils. Ger. J. K. as the purple circled. late flowered with a saffron coloured middle, double flowered purple circled, late flowering small, primrose pearles, or the common white, French, Italian, double

double white of Constantinople, the other double white, double white with the middle yellow, double coloured with a divers coloured middle, milk white, rush, late flowering rush, rose or round flowered *Funquilia*, and the white with a large cup, white reflex, lesser and double, *Funquilia*, the Persian daffodil, great winter, timely spring yellow, and small winter. T. the roots are hot and dry 20. V. Gal. The roots glew the sinews and tendons, cleanse and attract. Stamped with hony and ap. they h. burnings, wrenches of the ancles, aches and paines of the joynts. With hony and nettle seeds they h. sunburnings and morphew. with axungia and leaven of rie bread it ripeneth impostumes. Stamped with meale of darnell and hony it draweth thornes out of the body. The root stamped, strained and d. h. the cough, collick and ptisick. the root eaten or d. c. vomit, and being mingled with vinegar and nettle seed h. spots in the face. *Bastard Daffodills*, *Pseudo narcissus*. K. as the double yellow, common yellow, Spanish yellow, lesser Spanish, and white bastard. The other daffodills, K. as the non pareile, double yellow Indian, or Iacobeane, least rush leaved, mountaine rush leaved with an indented, or curled cup, and least mountaine white. T. are referred to the kinds of *Narcissus*. V. the decoction of the roots of the yellow purgeth flegme and water with aniseed and ginger. The distilled water h. palsies rubbed in by the fire.

Daffadown dilly, see Daffodill.

Daisy. *Bellis*.

P. Meadows, borders of fields, almost every where.

T. Fl. in May and June.

N. *Herba margarita*. the blew, *Globularia*.

Daisies. Ger: K. as the great. T. the great daisie is moist fine 2di, cold initio. V. the leaves h. all burnings ulcers, and apostumes, inflamed and running eyes ap. Made into a salve, with wax, oile, and turpentine, it h. inflamed

inflamed wounds, especially in the joynts: the *juyce*, decoction, or distilled water, h. any inward burstings. The *herbe* is used in vulnerary potions: ap. as a pultis with Mallowes and butter boiled it h. pains of the goute. In clysters it h. heat in agues, and torment of the gutts. The *litttle daisies*. K. as the *lesser double red larger, double white, childing small wilde, middle wilde, black Italian, and blew French daisies*. T. are moist fine 2*di*. cold initio. V. they h. all paines, especially in the joints, and gout from a hot and dry humour, stamped with fresh butter ap. and operate more effectually with mallows. The *leaves* bo led in pottage loosen the belly, and in clysters h. the burning of seavers, and inflammations of the intestines: the *juice* of the leaves and roots as an *errhine* purgeth slimie humors and h. the megrim. the *leaves* stamped and ap. h. swellings and bruises. the *juyce* instilled h. dim and watering eyes. the decoction of the *field daisie* d. in water, h. agues, and inward heate. *Park*. they are all vulnerary & decoct with wallwort and agrimony h. palsies. The *small* is more binding.

Dalmatian cap, see, Tulip.

Dandeleon. *Dens leonis*.

P. In meadowes neer ditches, and by high wayes.

T. They flower at most times in the yeare.

N. *Acēxa. Taraxacon. Urinaria. Rostrum porcinum.*

L. *Caput monachi.*

Dandeleon. Ger. *J*. K. as the common, and knotty rooted. T. is like succory or wild endive: it is cold; but dryeth more, opening, and clensing being bitter. V. It operates as succory. Boiled, it strengthens the weak stomach, and eaten raw stops the belly and h. the dysentery, with lentills. The *juice* drank h. gonorrhoeas boiled in vinegar, and the difficultie of making water, and h. the jaundise. *Lang*. the *juyce* often applied h.

F

the

the staring of the haire of the eye brows, and c. new to grow. *Park.* It h. ulcers of the ureters. The water h. fevers and sores, and c. rest.

Dane-wort. *Ebulus.*

P. Untilled ground, borders of fields, and by high ways.

T. The fl. are perfect in summer, the berries in Aut.

N. Χαμαίαντη. *Humilis Sambucus. Chamaaſſe.*

Dane-wort. Ger. T. is hot and dry 3^o, and wasting, especially the leaves; the root is purging. V. the roots boiled in wine and d. h. the dropſie. The leaves applyed waſt hard ſwellings. *Dioſc.* The roots ſoſten and open the matrix, and h. pain of the belly uſed in a bath. The juice maketh haire black. The tender leaſe h. hot inflammations ap. with barley meale burnings, ſcaldings, and bitings of mad dogs, and with bulls tallow h. the gout. *drach. 1.* of the ſeed d. is a moſt excellent hydragogon, and h. dropſies. *ſcr. 1.* of the ſeed bruised and taken with ſyrup of roſes and a little ſack h. the dropſie and gout mightily purging watery humours taken once a week. *Pem.* It h. the Sciatica, agues, ſtopping of the ſpleen, ſtone of the kidnies, S. Anthonies fire and ſcurvy, and killeth wormes the leaves boiled in water and d. h. dry coughs and quiniſies. Dane-wort berries and ſeeds powdered. and d. in wine faſting operate as the root. In the decoction of ground-pine and a little Cinamon they h. the gout, ſciatica and French pox. It operates as the Elder, but more forcibly. For the hip-gout take Dane-wort ſeed, turbit, hermodactyles, ſene, tartar, *an. drach. 1.* of cinamon *drach. 2.* make all into fine powder: the doſe is *ſcr. 4* in liquor convenient. The juice as an errhine, purgeth the braine, the juice of the berries with hony put into the eares h. their paine: an oyntment of the leaves with May butter h. all aches, cramps, and cold affections of the ſinews, comforteth, ſtrengtheneth, warmeth, and openeth all the outward parts ill affected. It is to be given

given with anise seed, carraway seed, cinnamon, mace, &c. it hurts the head, hot stomach and liver. *Parac.* ap. to the throat it h. the Kings evill: as a pessary it draweth down the menses: it h. lameness by cold: the spleen and collick. *Paracels.* the decoction c. sweat: decoct in wine and ap. it h. phlegmons of the genitors. *Schrod.* the essence of the berries h. the dropsie, cachexie, strangulation of the womb, and prevents the fit by sweating.

Darnell. *Lolium.*

P. In fields among wheat and Barley, in moist, soiles
T. They flourish with the Corne: the seed is ripe in Aug.
N. *Aleg.* *Zizania.* *Aera Plin.* *Thyarum.* the red *Phoenix.*

Darnell. *Ger.* K. as the white, and red. T. Is hot 3, dry 20. the red dryeth without sharpnesse. V. The seed boiled with pigeons dung, oile olive, & powder of line-seed to the forme of a plaister, waits wens and excrescencies of the body. The bread in which it is eaten hot, c. drunkenesse. d. with red wine it stayeth, fluxes of the belly or womb. *Diosc.* The meale stayeth phagedens, gangrens & putrified ulcers: boiled with raddish roots, salt, brimstone, and vinegar it h. spreading scabs, tetter, & leprous scars. The seed d. in white or Rhenish wine, provoketh the menses. A fume made thereof with parched barley meale, myrrhe, saffron, and frankincense made in forme of a pultis and applyed to the belly h. conception, and facilitateth the birth. Red Darnell d. in red wine stopperh lasks, fluxes, and pissing of blood. - *Note,* Darnell hurterh the eyes, and maketh them dim. *Parke.* K. as that with oaten tops, small prickly and double kind with a double top. V. the meale ap. as a pultis draweth out splinters. The smoke c. coughing. *Cal.* The seed of the red applyed stopperh the courses. The decoction of the first with water and hony ap. h. the sciatica. Being made into a pultis with swines grease it draweth out splinters, thornes and
F 2 broken

broken bones, that are in any part. The root boiled in wine and d. after it hath stood certaine dayes killeth the wormes.

Date-tree. *Palma*. *

P. In Africa and Egypt: the best in Syria.

T. It's alwaies green. Fl. in spring: the fruit is ripe in Sept.

N. *φόνιξ*. *Palmula*. The fruite is called *Dactylus*. the wild *Chamariphes*.

Date-tree. Ger. T. all manner of Dates are dyspeptick and c. headach: the best are soft and sweet with moisture, they c. clammy and grosse blood, they easily stop the liver and spleen. Those which grow in colder regions, when they cannot come to perfect ripeness, if eaten plentifully they c. wind, grosse humors, and oftentimes the leprosie. V. Diosc. the dryer sort of dates h. hæmoptysis, bad stomacks, and bloody flux. the best, called *caryota* h. roughness of the throat and lungs: confessions hereof c. lust, h. consumptions, and strengthen the liver and spleen made into broths; the dry stop the belly, vomiting and wambling of the stomach in women with child eaten, or ap. as a plaster. The ashes of the stones are emplastick, h. pushes of the eyes, staphylomata, and falling away of the haire of the eye lids, ap. with spikenard. With wine it keeps down excressencies in wounds: the boughs and leaves do evidently bind, especially the case of the flowers. The leaves and branches h. green wounds, and eaten refresh and cool hot inflammations, and are astringent. The wild date tree, *Palmises*, sive *chamarhiphe*. K. as the litle and that bearing cones. T. it is cold and moist with a little astringion, taken as a meat it engendreth wind and raw humours, sc. the braine, therefore it is to be eaten with pepper and salt. The drunken date tree, *Fausel*, sive *Areca*. T. is cold and dry 20. V. the fruit of *Areca* before ripe eaten is stupefactive, therefore it is used

used in great paine and aches, the *juyce* of the fruit strengthneth the gumms, fasten the teeth, comforts the stomach, stops vomiting and looseness of the belly, and purgeth out congealed blood. *Park.* K. as the *low.* and *thorny palmito.* V. *unripe dates* stops larks, and h. the falling of the fundament taken in red wine: the *last* serve to make brooms of. *Pem.* *dates* are hot and dry fere 20, when ripe hot and moist 20. as others. *J.* The decoction thereof h. hot agues. they hurt those that have the collick. *Diaphanicon*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the *Eleſuary* of *dates*, purgeth violently. in clysters is h. collicks and infirmities of the bowells, c. by raw humours; so the D. is *unc. sem.* Also it purgeth flegme and coller, and is good for old fevers and agues from a mixture thereof. it h. collick paines much, pains of the stomach and other diseases from crude humours. *Emplaſtrum diaphanicon calidum*, or the *hot plaſter* of *dates*, mightily strengthens the stomach and liver, and h. fluxes ap. to the stomach or belly. *Frigidum*, or the *cold* strengthens the belly and liver, their concoction & distribution of humours. Also it stops fluxes and vomiting.

Ditrander. *Piperitū.*

P. In gardens, and many other places.

T. Fl. in June and July: the seed is ripe in Aug.

N. *Λπίδιον.* The 2d *Flamula*: the 3d *Lepidium Glaſtium.*

Ditrander. *Ger.* K. as the common, and annuall. T. the leaves but especially the roots, are very hot, burning and bitter, V. it causeth blisters, and by its hot quality it mendeth the skin in the face, taking away scabs, scars, and manginess, if any thing remain after the healings of ulcers, &c. *Park* the French is hot and fiery, sharp as the rest, and works the same effects: it h. gouts and any paine in the joynts, or other inveterate griefs, the leaves bruised and m. with old axungia ap. as *Sciatica*

resses, and h. discolouring of the skin, and burnings with iron: the *juyce* d. in ale c. speedy delivery in tra-
vaile: the *leaves* held in the hand ease the tooth ach,
it's used for sauce for cold stomachs. *Lugd. Gal.* it's
hot 4^o, less dry, and h. the joynts. *Trag. ap.* it h. the
spleen.

Dittany. *Diſſamnum.*

P. Gardens, being planted there.

*T. Fl. in summer: the seed is ripe in September, of the
wild, in Aug.*

*N. Διττανύς, and Diptamnus albus: the other Creti-
cus and Pseudodiſſamnus.*

Dittany. *Ger. K.* as of *Candy*, and the *bastard*. *T.* are
hot and dry. *V. d.* used in a *peſſarie*, or *fume*, it expel-
eth the dead child, and secundine. The *juyce* d. with
wine h. the stinging of Serpents: eaten by Deer in helps
their wounds, and expels arrows: it h. wounds
made by invenomed weapons, and draweth out splin-
ters. The *bastard Dittany* is of the nature of the first,
but not so effectually. *Bastard Dittany. T.* the *root* is hot
and dry 2^o. waſting, attenuating and opening. *V.* it
expels the birth, menses and secundine, h. cold diseases
of the matrix, ill stomachs and short wind, stings
and bitings of venemous beasts, poysons, and pestilent
diseases. *drac. i.* of the *seed* d. h. the strangury, breaketh
& expelleth the stone: so the *leaves* and *juyce*, and *ap.*
draw out splinters: the *root* taken with *rubarb* it kil-
eth and expelleth wormes. It's eaten by Deer as the
former. *Pem.* It h. dropſies and swollen spleens. The
powder taken with hony h. the cough. The *decoction* h.
the jaundise. *drach. i.* with 5 grains of saffron d. in
wine expelleth the dead child. The *juyce* with the
powder h. the uvula fallen. The *juyce* with womans
milke h. pains of the eares. As an *erthine* it purgeth
the brain, and h. the falling sickness with castor and
the *juyce* of rue. *Note* it's not to be given to women
with

with child, or to hot and dry bodies *Park.* The *white* d. h. the tormina. *Untz.* The white h. the stone d. in wine, so *Plat* and *Matth.* *Pemb.* *Dittany* is hot and dry 30. and biting especially being green. *Weck.* It operates as pennyroyall, but more strongly.

Divels bit. *Morsus Diaboli.*

P. Dry meadows and woods, and about waies sides.

T. Fl. in Aug. and is then known from scabious.

N. *Succisa Fuch.* *Nigina Plinii.* *Geum antiquorum quorundam.*

Divels bit. *Ger.* *T.* is something bitter, hot and dry *fine secundi.* *V.* it h. old swellings of the almonds and upper parts of the throat. It clenseth some flegme sticking in the jawes and h. swellings there, gargarized with hony of Roses. It operateth as Scabious: h. stinging of venomous beasts, poisons and pestilent diseases. so *Fuch.* *Morescot.* *Weinrich.* *Erast.* *Gebell.* *Tabern.* and wasteth plague sores ap. The decoction d. h. pains of the matrix, and expelleth wind. *Park.* K. as the common, and red Hungarian Scabious. *V.* it is bitter and more effectuell than scabious, d. or sp. It h. fevers, bruises, and dissolveth clotted blood, d. and ap. it kills worms and h. the scurf and itch.

Docke. *Lapathum.*

P. In meadows, and by river sides.

T. Fl. in June and July.

N. *Adwador.* *Rumex.* *Oxylapathum.* *Hippolapathum.* *Lapathion.*

Docks. *Ger.* *J.* K. as the sharp pointed, small sharp, and roundish leaved wild. *T.* are of a mixture betwixt cold and heat, dry almost 30. especially the seed which is very astringent. *V.* the powder of any docks d. in wine stoppeth lasks and the bloody flux, and easeth

pains of the stomack. The *roots* boiled till soft & stamp-
ed with axungia ap. h. the itch, scabs and manginess.
Water dock. K. as the *great* and *small*. T. are cold and
dry. *Park*. K. as the *English mercury*, and *strong scented*
sea dock. the *seeds* of most of them are drying and bind-
ing, & h. all lasks and fluxes, subversion of the stomack
through choller, and hæmoptysis. The *sorrel* are more
cold than the rest, the *bloodwort*, more drying. The
roots open cool and clense, and h. the jaundise, *English*
Mercury. T. the root is dry, clensing and softning. *Un-*
guentum ex oxylappatho, *Pharm. Lond.* or, the Ointment
of sharp pointed docks h. scabs and the itch.

Dodder. *Cuscuta*.

P. It groweth upon sundry kinds of herbs.

T. It flourisheth chiefly in July and August.

N. *Κασσωδα*. *Cassitas* Plin. *Cassutha*.

Dodder. *Ger.* T. is of the temper of the herb on which
it groweth: it's dry 2^o, and hot, it clenseth with a cer-
taine astringtion, especially that which groweth upon the
bramble, it h. the infirmities of the liver and spleen,
V. *Dodder* opens the liver and spleen, purgeth
flegme, choller, and superfluous humours out of
the veins: it provoketh urine, openeth the kidnies,
and h. the jaundise: it h. lingring agues, bastard and
long tertians, and quartans, properly in children; it
also strengthneth the stomack. *Epithimum*, or *dodder* of
lime, is hotter and dryer than *Epilinum*, or *dodder* of
flax, sc. 3^o. it h. all infirmities of the Milt, obstructions
and hard swellings, old head ache, Epilepsie, madness
c. of melancholy, and the spleen; it also h. the French
diseas, contagious ulcers, & scabby evill. It purgeth me-
lancholy and flegm: that which groweth upon *savourie*
and *scabious* is more weake. Dodder which groweth
upon *flax*. boyled in wine or water and d. openeth the
liver, gall, and milt, bladder, kidnies and veines, and
purgeth choler by siege and urine: that which groweth
on brambles h. old agues, and jaundise. *Epiurtica* pro-
voketh

voketh urine, and opens obstructions, &c. *Park.* Dodder sympathizeth with the herb on which it groweth, and is more effectually than the herb it selfe. *Pem.* that of time h. the cramp, & quarrane agues with *lapis lazuli*. Dodder distilled & the water d. h. the liver and lungs, expells the stone, and termes, and ap. h. the eyes. *Croll.* The decoction thereof h. the tartar of the stomach. *Senn.* It h. diseases arising of flegme and choller. *De Dond.* the juyce with the acetose syrup h. fevers. *Heurn.* It's corrected with aniseed, and d. with wormwood. *Decoſtum Epithymi, Pharm. Lond.* or the decoction of *Epithimum*, greatly purge melancholy and aduſt choller. It reſiſts madneſs and all melancholy diſeaſes and is ſo to be eſteemed: the D. is *unc. 4.* in the morning keeping by the fire ſide all day, drinking a draught of poſſet drink 2 houres after, and eating hot mutton at 12. Syrups alſo may be mixed with it, and be taken ſeverall mornings. Alſo it deſerves the commendations given it, yet it's diſtaſtfull to drink, and it purgeth little, yet weakens much. *Syrupus de epithimo*, or the ſyrup of *Epithimum*, purgeth melancholly and other humours, ſtrengthens the ſtomack and liver, purgeth aduſt choller, blood, and ſalt humours. It h. diſeaſes thereof, as ſcabs, itch, tetters, ringworms, leproſies &c. It is gentle, the D. is *unc. 2.* or *unc. 1.* with the decoction of the epithimum.

Doggs bane. *Apocynum.*

P. *Italy*, *Syria*, and thoſe Eaſterne countries.

T. They bud in May, fl. in September.

N. *Ἀπόκυνον. Cynomoron. Cynocrambe.*

Doggs-bane. *Ger. F. K.* as the climbing and broad leaſed. T. they are of the poyſonous nature of *Thora*, which killeth whatſoever creature eateth it, except preſerved by the uſe of *Anthora*. V. the leaves mixed with bread and given to doggs, preſently take away the uſe of their limbs, and procure ſudden death. *Park. K.* as the greater and leſſer American.

T. it is not meanly hot. V. ap. it disperseth tumors, and is not inwardly to be used. Æg. It's hot without driness.

Dog-berry-tree, see Female Cornell.

Dogs cole, see, Dogs Mercury.

Dogs horror, see Heartwort of Æthiopia.

Dogs piss, see Hounds-tongue.

Dogs rib, see Rib-wort.

Dogs stones. *Cynosorchis*.

P. In moist and fertile meadows.

T. Fl. from Aprill to September.

N. *Κυνόσχη*. *Testiculus canis* & *Caninus*.

Dogs stones Ger. *ῥ* K. As the great, white, spotted marsh, and lesser Austrian. T. are hot and moist, the greater is windie & causeth lust. The second is more hot and dry, and hurteth venery, so Serapias stones, and are more dry. V. Diosc. The greater eaten c. generation of males, the lesser and shriveled of female, and d. in goates milk c. lust. So the rest which are juicye, which is every other yeare by course. Park. K. as the great purple, greater pale purple fl. and smaller, with the greater, lesser, and Hungarian souldiers cullions V. the firme roots cause lust.

Dogs-tooth. *Dens Caninus*.

P. In green and moist grounds, and gardens.

T. Fl. in April or the midst of March.

N. *Dentali*. *Satyrion*, *Erithonium quorundam*.

Dogs-tooth. Ger. K. as the common and white. T. are very hot, windy and excrementitious. V. the powder thereof taken in pottage killeth wormes: drank with wine it h. the chollick, So Clus. it strengthneth and nourisheth the body, and d. with water h. the epilepsie.

fic. *Park*, the root is thought to be more venereous than the satyrions. *Cam. Matth.* Some use the roots for all purposes for which the hermodactile serveth, which is neither assented to, or condemned by the forementioned authors, having had no experience thereof.

Doggs thorne, see Hep-tree.
 Doninethel, see Wild hemp.
 Double leaf, see Tway blade.
 Double tongue, see Horse-tongue.
 Doves-foot. see Cranes-bill.

Dragons. *Dracunculus.*

P. In gardens, and Marsh places.

T. The berries are ripe in Autumne.

N. Δρακόντιον. *Dracontia. Serpentaria. Collubrina Bisaria.*

Dragons. *Ger. 7. K.* as the great, small, water, and spike dr. T. is more biting and bitter then Aron, hot, and of thin parts with some astringtion. V. the root doth scour the entralls, and attenuate. It h. malignant ulcers, and the black and white morphew, tempered with vinegar. The leaves cure ulcers and wounds: the fruit is more strong and h. the polypus: the juyce clenseth spots in the eyes. *Gal.* The root twice or thrice sodden expels clammy humors, out of the chest and lungs. *Diosc.* the root of the lesser dragon evacuateth humours out of the chest. The juyce of that of the garden dropped into the eyes h. scotoma's: the distilled water h. pestilentiall fevers or poyson d. with treacle or mercuri-dare. The smell of the flowers is hurtful to women newly conceived with child. *Bauh.* It doth incide, digest and open. *Matth.* it h. cold stomacks, c. appetite, dissipateth flatulencies, roborates the members, provoketh urine and the terms, and is an *apoplegmatisme*.

Dragons

Dragons blood, *see* Blood-wort.

Dragon tree. *Draco arbor.* *

P. In the Iland Madera, and *Insula Portus S.*

T. It flourisheth all the yeare.

N. *Kyvaßæis* the gum, and *Sanguis draconis*

Dragon tree. *Johns.* T. the *Sanguis draconis*, which is thought to proceed from this tree, is astringent. It stops the courses, fluxes, dysenteries, hæmoptysis, and fastneth loose teeth. Smiths use it to varnish over their works, to give them a sanguine colour, and keep them from rust. *Park.* it stops the gonorrhœa, h. the strangury, watering of the eyes and burnings. *Col.* it's thought to be cold 2°. and dry 3°, it fastens loose teeth: so the bark and fruit.

Dragon wort, *see* Dragons.

Drake. *see* Small wild oates.

Drop wort. *Filipendula.*

P. Rocks, rough places, pastures neer rivers.

T. Fl. from May to the end of June.

N. *Νεύκων*. *Oenanthe.* *Philipendula Myreps.*

Dropwort. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, mountaine, narrow leaved, hemlock and water dr. T. are hot and dry 3°, opening and clensing with a little astringen. V. the root of the common *Filipendula* boiled in wine and d. h. all paines of the bladder, provoketh urine, and expelleth stone; so the root of *Oenanthe*. The powder of the first often used in meat preserveth from the falling sickness. *Park.* the root d. expels the secondine, & h. the jaundise. the powder made into an electuary with hony h. wind and cold affections of the lungs. The mountaine V. as the red ratile. *Oenanthe* h. the head, womb and bladder. The water dr. h. the strangury.

Duck

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Duck bill wheat, *see* Red wheat.

Ducks grass, *see* Floate grass.

Ducks herb, *see* Ducks meat.

Ducks-meat. *Lens palustris.*

P. In ponds, lakes, ditches, and standing waters.

T. It's in its freshest beauty in the beginning of the year.

N. φακὸς ὁ ἐπὶ τῶν τελευμάτων. *Lenticula aquatica.*

Ducks meat. *Ger. T. Gal.* Is cold and moist 2°. V. *Diosc.* It h. ail inflammations, S. Anthonies fire, and hot agues ap. alone, or with parched barley meale, also it knitteth ruptures, in children. Mingled with fine wheaten flower and ap. it h. hot swellings, as phlegmons, the erypelas and paines of the joynts, as also the fundament fallen in young children. *Park. K.* as the common and crosse leaved. V° *Matth.* the distilled water h. all inward inflammations and pestilent fevers, the redness of the eyes, the swellings of the privities and breasts. The herb ap. h. the head ach c. by heat, and repels.

Dunce down, *see* Cats-taile.

Dwale, *see* Night-shade.

Dyers-weed. *Luteola.*

P. In moist and barren places, almost every where.

T. Fl. in June and July.

N. Κατανύκη. *Herba lutea. Luteum Vitruvii. Pseudo-Struthium Matth.*

Dyers weed. *Ger. T.* is hot and dry. V. *Johns.* The root as also the whole herb heats and dryes 3°. It cuts, attenuates, resolvethe, opens and digests. V. It h. punctures and the bitings of venomous creatures d. and ap. and preventeth infection of the plague. *Park. K.* as the small of Candy, and the great fertile and sterile. T. *Matth.*

it's

it's hot and dry 3°. V. being bruised and ap. it h.
wounds. Also it serveth to dye yellow and green, those
cloaths that have been first dyed blew with woad.
Baub. The root is sharp and provoks urine and sweat.

E.

Earth-Apple, see Round Birthwort.

Earth gall, see small Centory.

Earth nut. *Glans-terra.*

P. Pastures, cornfields, almost every where.

T. Fl. in June and July: the seed is ripe soon after.

N. *'Αγροειδὲς αἰών.* *Nucula terrestris.* *Bulbo-castanum.*

E Arth nut. Ger. *J.* K. as the small, and great. T.
the roots are moderately hot and dry, also binding;
the seed is hotter and dryer. V. The seed and root
provoke urine. The roots eaten h. spitting of bloods
and boiled buttered, and eaten comfort the stomach,
and yeild nourishment, good for the bladder and kid-
nies. Pease earthnuts, *Terra glandes.* T. are dyspeptick,
and moderately hot, dry and binding; so the root,
and stop all fluxes and nourish like the parsnep.
Park. Earth Chesnuts nourish as the Chesnut. *Indian*
Chesnuts strengthen the stomach roasted; and eaten too
much c. head ach.

Elder-wort, see Dragons.

Eglantine. *Cynorrhodon.*

P. In the borders of fields and woods. &c.

T. Fl. and flourisheth with the other rose tree.

N. *Πόθος ἄγριος.* *Rosa sylvestris* & *Canina.* *Sentis.*

!Eglantine. Ger. *J.* K. as the sweet bryer, and double
egl.

egl. with the bryer and *pimpinell* rose. T. these wild roses are referred to the manured rose, but are not used in physick where the other may be had. V. *Plin.* the root h. bitings of a mad dog. The *spungie bryer balls* stamped with hony and ashes, h. the alopecia, or the falling of the haire. *Fuch.* being powdered and taken they h. the stone and strangury: they strengthen the kidnies. The fruit when ripe is used for meat. *Park. K.* as the *damaske*, the *vermilion of Austria*, and *single dwarf without thornes*. V. The conserve of *hepps* gently bindeth the belly, stops defluxions from the head upon the stomach, and dryeth up the moisture thereof, and h. digestion. The powder of the dried pulp h. the whites d. The powder of the balls h. the collick, and o. the wormes thereof d. killeth worms.

Egyptians herb, see Water horehound.

Egyptian thorne. *Acacia*. *

P. In Egypt, and Palestina: the second in Cappadocia.

T. Fl. in May: the fruit is ripe in the end of August.

N. *'Axaxia. Ægyptia spina, & Christi.*

Egyptian thorne. *Ger. J. K.* as the common and thorny *trefoile*. T. *Gal.* The juice of *acacia* is cold and earthy, with a certaine watery essence, and thin hot parts: it's dry 3°, cold 1°, if washed 2°, loosing its biting quality. V. The juice of *acacia* stops the lask, termes and gonorrhœa d. with red wine: it h. blasting and inflammation of the eyes, and maketh the skin smooth. It h. *serpigo's* heate of the mouth, and makes the haire black. *Diosc.* It h. S. *Antonies* fire, the shingles, *pterygia* and white-
lowes. The gum doth bind and somewhat coole: it's emplastick, so dulleth the remedies with which it is mixed. Ap. with the white and yelk of an eye, it preventeth blisters in burnings, or scaldings. The jaice of the other also bindeth, but is not so effectuell nor good in ophthalmick remedies. *Park. K.* the west Indian & true
acacia

acacia of Diosc. V. the juice h. kibes and chilblaines, fasteneth loose teeth, h. the flux of humors to the joynts, bindes, cools, & strenghtens d. and ap. h. vomiting, the gum fastens colours: gum Arabick, Schrod.

Eileber, see, Jack by the hedge.

Elder tree. *Sambucus*

P. In gardens, mountaines, almost every where.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May: the fruit is ripe in Sept.

N. 'Ακτὴ. The fr. Grana ætes. Jewes eares, Fungi Sambucini.

Elder-tree. Ger. J. K. as the common, that with white berries. the jagged, & harts Elder. T. It's drying, glutinating and moderately digesting: the barke, leaves, first buds, flowers, & fruit dry, heat and purge; yet with trouble to the stomach. V. It operateth as the Danewort. The leaves and tender crops taken in broth, purge slimy flegme and choller; the middle barke more strongly. The dried seeds h. the dropisie. Drach. 1. taken in the morning for some space causeth leanness. The leaves boiled till soft with oile of sweet Almonds, or of linsseed, ap. hot to the piles and reitarated, do presently give ease, the green leaves stamped and ap. with bulls tallow h. hot tumors and the paine of the gour. The juice of the inner barke d. with whey h. the dropisie: so the flowers being fryed with eggs. Dried they attenuate and being steeped in vineger and it d. h. the stomach, and used with meate c. appetite; The seed is gentler than the other parts; yet drach. 1. steeped in vineger and taken with aniseeds h. the dropisie. the Jewes eare is binding and drying. The infusion thereof h. inflammations of the mouth, and almonds of the throat, and uvula gargarized. The tender leaves of the tree with parched barley meale h. hot swellings, scaldings, bitings of a mad dog, and glew ulcers. the pith dried is good to put into issues to keep them open. See Blochwit, water Elder, *Sambucus aquatilis* K. as the common, and

and rose. T. V. are not discovered. *Park.* As the first. *Pem.* the flowers c. sweat: their water opens the liver, spleen and reines, and h. tertian agues, and melancholy unc. 3. taken fasting. The *Jewes eares* with columbine leaves boiled in ale h. sore throats: and steeped in plantaine water ap. h. inflamed eyes. the water cleareth the skin, and h. the paine of the sides. The oile h. paines of the joynts. *Park.* K. as the red berryed. V. the decoction of the berries coloureth haire black. the juice of the leaves is an apophlegmatisme: and with hony h. the paine of the eares. the flowers in clysters h. the winde and collick. *Rob baccarum sambuci*, *Pharm: Lond.* or the *Rob of Elder berries*, h. dropies, the D. is drach. 1. each morning, it gently purgeth watery humours; so that of dwarf elder. Also it h. gouts, fevers, the erysipilas, stoppings and tumours of the spleen thence arising. It's good against the stone in the kidnies, diseases of the womb, which it clenseth, also for maladies of the throat and eyes, and for burnings. *Schrod.* the extract of elder, h. the suffocation of the mother, the D. is scr. 1. the tincture doth the same, the D. is cochl. 1. the oile of the seeds, c. vomiting in warm beer. the D. is drach. 1. or drach. 1. sem.

Dwarfe elder, see Dane wort.

Elecampane. *Helenium.*

P. In fruitfull meadowes, and shadowie places.

T. Fl. in June, and July: the roots are gathered in Autumne.

N. *Éléioy.* *Inula.* *Enula Campana.* Scabwort.

Elecampane. *Ger.* T. is hot and dry 30. when green, it's full of superfluous moisture. V. It h. short breath, old coughs and orthopnoea, given in a lobac. the root preserved taken after supper h. digestion, and keepeth the belly soluble. the juice boiled killeth wormes, and chewed

chewed fasteneth the teeth. The root h. poyson, bitings of serpents, ruptures, cramps, and convulsions. An ointment of the decoction or powder with hony h. old ulcers. It h. the sciatica. The decoction d. provoketh urine, h. burstings and luxations. The root taken with hony clenseth the breast, ripeneth rough flegme, c. expectoration, h. coughs and shortnesse of breath, comforteth the stomach, and h. digestion: so the roots condited. Boiled soft and mixed with fresh butter and powder of ginger ap. it h. the itch, scabs and manginess. Pem. the candied roots h. the winde of the stomach and stiches in the sides caused by the spleen, wheecsing in the lungs, mother, plague, and putrified fevers, d. in ale it cleareth the sight. Note it must not be given to hot and dry bodyes. the dose of the root powdered is from 20. graines to 30. the decoction ap. h. sores and cankers. Park. the roots condited h. melancholy. the decoction of the root killeth all wormes whatsoever. the distilled water cleareth the skin. Fuch. Plin. Eaten fasting it fastens the teeth. Unguentum enulatum. Pharm. Lond. or, the ointment of elecampane, and cum mercurio, or, that with Quick silver, h. the itch. Read. unc. 1. thereof with drach. 1. of flowers of brimstone, filleth up the eating herpes without faile. also it h. the skin both with and without quicksilver, but its more effectually with it, yet may bring aches upon the party using it, especially if of a weak timbred constitution.

Elfedock, see Elecampane.

Elme-tree. *Ulmus.*

P. Almost every where.

T. The seed falleth in Aprill.

N. *πτελίνα*. the seed is called Samarra.

Elme-tree Ger. *J.* K. as the common, narrow leaved witch-hassel, or the broadest leaved, and smooth leaved elme. T. the leaves and bark are moderately hot and clenning

clensing with clamminess. V. the *leaves* h. green wounds, and the *barke* ap. the *leaves* stamped with vineger take away scurfe. *Unc.* 1. of the *thicker* barke d. in wine or water purgeth flegme. The *decoction* of the *leaves*, *barke* or *root* h. broken bones bathed. the *liquor* in the *blisters* ap. h. pimples, spots, freckles and beautifyeth the face. It healeth green wounds, and cureth ruptures newly made, being laid on with spleen wort, using a trulle. *Park.* K. as the *lesser*. V. it operates as the rest, the *leaves* d. in malmſie with pepper h. old coughs, The *decoction* of the *barke* or *root* h. shrunk sinewes: the *scum* c. haire, the *barke* applied with brine h. the gout.

Endive. *Endivia*.

P. Gardens: the wild in barren grounds.

T. It's sown in spring; it seedeth in harvest.

N. Siers. *Intybus*. *Scariola*. *Seriola* *Lob.* *Park.*

Endive *Ger.* *J. K.* as the garden succory, and endive, with the *thornie*. *T.* are cold and dry 20: somewhat binding, something bitter, clensing and opening. *Garden endive* is colder, and not so dry or clensing. V. the herbs green cool hot livers, h. the stopping of the gall, yellow jaundise, lack of sleep, stopping of urine, & hot burning feavers, so the *syrup*: the *distilled water* is used in potions cooling and purging: and with that of plantain and roses injected with a syringe h. excoriations in the passages of the urine. The herb eaten in *ſallads*, especially the *white*, comforteth the weake, and cooleth the hot stomach. The *leaves* of *succory* bruised and ap. h. inflamed eyes. *P. L.* the *root* of *succory* cools and drys. 20. strengthens the liver and reins, opens obstructions, stoppings of the liver and spleen boiled in white wine and drunk. *Pem.* the *distilled water* h. sharpness of urine; so the *seed*, and h. the syncope: it hurteth the palsie and cold stomachs. The dose is *drach.* 1. *Ap.* it h. the gout, fretting ulcers, and hot tumours. *Wild succory.*

cory. *Cichorium sylvestre*. K. as the common yellow and wild endive. T. agree with the garden sorts. V. the leaves boiled in broth h. weake and hot stomachs, and operate as the first. Gum succory, *chondrilla*. K. as the blew, that of *Robinus*, yellow, Spanish, rushy, sea, swines, male swines, & wart succory. T. are like the common, but dryer. V. the roots with hony & nitre made into trochisks cleanse the morpew, sunburnings and spots in the face. the gum smootheth the haire of the eye-brows and is used instead of mastick, powdered with myrrhe & made into a pessarie it brings down the termes. The leaves of wart succory powdered and d. to the quantity of a spoonfull take away warts and such excrescencies. Park. K. as the small garden endive, and succory with red fl. &c. V. the last boiled and d. purgeth forth flegme and choller. the distilled water h. cachexies. ap. it h. inflammations. gum succory h. lasks. the bulbed h. the Kings evill. *Syrupus de cichorio cum rhabarbaro*. Pharm. Lond. or syrup of succory with rhubarb, h. venimous humours, boiles, carbuncles, pestilentiall feavers, & strengthens the heart and nutritive virtue; it purgeth by stool and urine, provokes sleep, and c. appetite. It cleanseth the liver, and h. hypocondriack melancholy: the D. is unc. i. to 2. or it may be mixt with the decoction of senna, viz. unc. i.

Eringus, see Sea holy.

Ers, see Bitter-vetch.

Ever-ferne, see Wall ferne.

Euphorbium, see Gum-thistle.

Exan, see Cross wort.

Eye-bright. *Eufragia*.

P. In dry meadow, sgrassie waies and pastures.

T. Fl. in August till Sept and must then be gathered.

N. *Eupexoria*. *Ophthalmica*. *Ocularia*. *Eufrasia*. *Luciminella*.

Eye bright. T. is more hot than dry. V. taken alone,

or with other things, it preserveth and restoreth the sight, the powder being taken with fennell seed, mace and sugar. Stamped and ap. to the eyes, or the juice with white wine dropped in, or the distilled water cleareth the sight. three parts of the powder with one of mace m. h. all hurts of the eyes, and comforte the memory, halfe a spoonefull being taken every morning in whitewine. *Pem.* to cleare the sight, take rose water and celandine *an. unc. 1.* of tutty powdered *drach. 1.* m. and wash the eyes. *Park. K.* as the great red wooddy, greater purple broad leaved, and yellow, with the lesser. *V.* being infused in wine or beere it h. the eyes effectually. *Bauh.* It h. the inflammation of the eyes, and grief thereof c. by crude humors. *Trag.* decoct in wine it h. the jaundise. *Vinum Eufrag. Pharm. Lond.* or, *Eye-bright wine*, cleers and revives the sight, a cup thereof being drunk in the morning.

F.

Fane, see white Flower de luce.
 Fasels, see Kidney beane.
 Faverell, see Orpine.
 Faverole, see Water dragons.
 Feeberry bush, see Goosberry-bush.
 Federfew, see Feaver-few.

Felwort. *Gentiana.*

E. In shadowie woods and mountaines.

T. Fl. in August, the seed is ripe in September.

N. Γεντιανη. Basilita Serap. Cimnalis centauria radix. Aloe Gal.

Fellwort. *Ger. J. K.* as the great. great purple, blew flowered, crowswort, and spotted of *Dr. Pennie.* *T.* the root is hot and clensing, bitter, attenuating, purg-
 ing and opening. *V.* it h. cramps and convulsions, rup-
 tures,

tures, bad livers, and stomachs, and h. against poyson, and broken windednesse. *drach.* 1. of the root powdred with a little pepper and herb of grace h. against the stings of venomous beasts, bitings of mad dogs or any poyson. The *decoction* d. h. stoppings of the liver, crudity of the stomach, and digestion: it scattereth congealed blood, and h. all cold diseases of the inward parts. *Park.* or outward. *English Felwort*, or *hollow*, *Gentiana concava*. T. V. is not discovered but may be referred to the first. *Bastard felwort*, K. as the *spring large flowered*, *Alpish of the spring time*, and the *bastard*. T. are in tast and forme like the greater gentian: V. they operate as the rest, but less effectually. *Park.* *Hollow root* ap. clenseth, purgeth and dryeth. *Park.* K. as the *smaller vernall*, *autumne* & *centory like leaved*. V. the roots d. in wine h. lameness. The *water* h. agues, killeth wormes, and c. courses: the *juyce* h. ulcers and heat of the eyes. *Aqua gentiana composita*, *Pharm. Lond.* or *Gentian water compound*, preserveth from ill aire and pestilentiall fevers. It opens obstructions of the liver, h. the liver-grown, ease h. pains in the stomach, h. digestion, and the paines of the bones by cold. It provokes appetite, h. the yellow jaundise, also prickings and stiches in the sides. It provokes the terms, expels the birth and after-birth; but hurts childing women: the D. is *cochl.* 1. if there be no fever, else use it with cool appropriate remedies. also it h. tertian agues, mingled with syrup of the juyce of succory, or with rhubarb. *Schrod.* the *extra* of gentian h. intermittent fevers or agues, the D. is *drach.* 1. before the fit. *Ern.* the *oyle of gentian root*, operates as that of *calamus aromaticus* h. the chollick, *ephemera's*, stink of the mouth, and worms of the teeth.

Fen berry see Marsh wortle berries.

Fennel tree, see Mollie or Balsam tree.

Fennell

Fennell. *Feniculum*:

P. Gardens and hot countries.

L. Fl. in June and July: the seed is ripe in Aug.

N. Μαράθρον. Marathrum. The gyant, μαράθρον.

Fennell. *Ger. K. as the common and sweet. T. the seed is hot and dry 30. V. the powder of the seed d. for certain daies fasting preserveth the sight. the green leaves eaten, or seed d. in a pisan c. milk in womens breasts, so the roots; and h. the drop sic, boiled in wine and d. The seed d. h. the paine of the stomach, desire to vomit, and breaketh wind. The herb, seed, and root, h. the lungs, liver and kidnies, opening and corroborating. The seed and herb of the sweet fennell operate as the aniseed. Pem. the herb is not so hot as the seed. It provoketh urine, h. the stone and hicket, swelling of the spleen, jaundise, gout, cramps and shortness of breath: it causeth a good colour and attenuateth fat bodies, Note it hurts hot bodies, Hogs fennel, or Sowfennell, *peucedanum*. *K. as the common sulphurwort, dwarf, & great, peucedanū. T. these especially the yellow sap of the root is hot 20, & dry initio 3iii. V. the juice of the root taken alone or with bitter almonds, & rue h. short windedness, pains of the belly, wind of the stomach, wasteth the spleen, and purgeth phlegme and choller: it expelleth urine, the birth and secundine, and h. paines in the kidnies and bladder. Mixed with oile of roses or vinegar, ap. it h. the palsie, cramp, sciatica & cold diseases. It helpeth ruptures and the exomphalos. The decoction of the root operates as the juice, but not so effectually. The powder of it clenseth and healeth old sores and ulcers and extracts things fixed in the flesh: mixed with oile of roses it causeth sweat, being annointed: therefore it h. the French pox. The congealed liquor with oile of roses ap. h. the lethargie, frensie, diziness, falling sickness, palsie, cramps, and all infirmities of the newes with vinegar and oile. Smelt to, it reviveth those that are strangled with the mother. Taken in a rearegge it h. coughs, dyspnœa's, and gripings c. by gross humors. It wasteth the spleen, cutting, digesting, and attenuating;**

tenuating : it opens the matrix and facilitates the birth. Held in the mouth it h. the mother. *Fennell gyant, Ferula*. K. as the common, small, and *Æsculapius bis all-beale*. T. these with their gums are hor 30, and dry 20. V. the pith. *Gal.* is astringent and h. the hæmoptysis, and flux. As an *errhine* it stops bleeding, d. in wine h. bitings of vipers, and roasted with pepper and salt eaten c. lust. The seed is hor and attenuating, and h. agues mixt with oile and the body annointed therewith. drach. 1 of the juice of *ferula* bearing *sagapenum* purgeth gross flegme and choler, h. old and cold diseases, as the epilepsie, apoplexy, &c. cramps, pallsies, and shrunk sinews, short breath, long cough, and paine of the side and brest. *Sagapenum* steeped in vineger ap. wasteth and mollifyeth all hard swellings. The juice of *ferula galbanifera, galbanum* d. in wine with myrthe h. all poyson. The q. of a beane taken in wine h. womens travell. The perfume h. risings of the mother, and falling sickness. It mollifyeth, attracteth splinters, waists cold humors, and operates as *Sagapenum*. *Park.* The seed of the common boied in wine and d. h. the bitings of serpents and poison. the juice cleareth the eyes : so the distilled water. the juice dropped into the eares killeth the wormes thereof. The wild is stronger and h. the stone. The decoction of the seed of the round headed colourerh the haire yellow *Hoggs fennel*. K. as the *Italian*. V. as the rest, the juice in wine ap. h. pains of the eares and tooth ach. *Scorching fennel* K. as the true, *Spanish*, and *carrot leaved*. V. scr. 2. of the bark of the root, or scr. sem. of the juice d. with meade strongly purgeth choller upwards and downwards. It h. asthma. Ap. it digesteth and draweth, and h. blemishes of the skin, and pains of the joynts. *Senn.* *Fennel*, as also dill, stone parslly, aniseed, vetches, and rocket seed open the vessels in the dugs. *Oleum seminum Faniculi, Pharm. Lond.* Chym. or the Chymical oile of fennel seeds, is appropriate to the head, cleareth the braine of cold infirmities, lethargies, indisposition of the body, numbness, want of motion ; and h. the stomach and expells wind.

wind. *Ceratum de galbano P.L.* or, the *Cerecloth of galbanum*, used to the belly of a woman after labor, h. all relicks, and firs of the mother, &c. Also applyed to the stomach or belly, it will kill wormes breeding there. It brings down the courses ap. to the region of the womb. It h. cold infirmities, windiness and stoppings of the liver and spleen applyed to theire respective regions, and being layed all along the back bone it prevents or lessens the shaking fits of agues. *Schrod.* the distilled oyle of *galbanum*, h. the hysterik passion, taken, or annointed on the navil; it h. buhoes and carbuncles. The oyle of sweet fennel seeds, h. flegme, strengthens, h. the stone and epilepsie, so *Ern.*

Fenugreek. *Fœnum gracum.*

P. Gardens, it's sown in fields beyond the sea.

T. It may be sown untill Aprill.

N. Τήλας ἢ Βύναρ ♂, *Carphos Plin. Siliqua Columel. Silicula Varronis.*

Fenugreek *Ger. F. K.* as the common, and wild. T. it doth manifestly heat, it is hot 2°. dry 10°. The meale mollifyeth and wasteth. V. the juice of the herb boiled and taken with hony purges all corrupt humors in the intestines and easeth paine, being slimy and warme, It clenseth and raiseth humours out of the chest with a little hony, with more in old diseases without a fever, boyling it with far dares, & using it long before mear. It h. inflammations that are lesse hot, by wasting them: the meale boiled with mead ap. h. all inflammations, and kneaded with niter and vineger, h. hard spleens. the barbe of it h. impostumes, ulcers, or stoppings of the matrix: the juice of the decoction clenseth the haire, h. dandriffe and achores; as a pessarie with goose greafe it openeth the mother. The green herb stamped with vineger h. feeble parts without skin and ulcerated. the decoction h. ulcers in the low gut, and bloody flux. The oile scoureth haire, and the scars of the privities.

The seed decoct in wine and d. with vineger expells all evill humors. Boiled in wine with dates and hony unto a syrup, it clenseth, and h. paines of the breast. The meale boiled in mead dissolveth all hard swellings; so also m. with the roots of marsh mallows and line-seed. The decoction used as a bath with wine h. griefs in the lower parts of women, or the fume taken. The decoction of the seed h. scurfe. Pem. Its mucilage ap. h. paines of the eyes. Park. the seeds buried till they sprout & eaten, c. to grow fat. Æg. It is hot & loosens the belly taken before meate. Weck. the oile with that of myrtles ap. h. the cicatrices of the genitors

Fenny-stones, *Orchis palmata*.

- P. In fenny grounds and moist shadowie woods.
 T. They flower and flourish about May and June.
 N. The 1. is *Cynorchis Dracuntias* Lob. the three last *Palma Christi*.

Fenny-stones. Ger. 7. K. as the marshi dragon, marsh handed, third handed marsh, creeping & greatest handed satyrion. T. V. are of little use in physick, and are referred to the handed satyrions whereof they are kinds. Dal. the marsh orchis is more strong in procuring lust, than any of the dogs stones. Park. K. as the female handed, small with red fl. sweet, smelling like cloves, frogg like, gelded, spotted marsh, great mountain handed, and spotted white. V. the roots boiled in red wine and d. stop fluxes, the powder being taken. the marsh as Scirp-stones.

Ferne. *Filix*.

- P. In dry and barren ground: in shadowie places.
 T. Fl. in summer: the seed is ripe at midsummer.
 N. πτέριον & βλῆθρον. *Pteris*. Of the female *Thelypteris* & *Nymphaopteris*.

Ferne. Ger. K. as the male and female. T. are hot, bitter

bitter, dry and something binding. V. *unc. fem.* of the root of the male ferne kills long flat wormes d. in meade, and more effectually with *scr. 2.* of scammony, first eating garlick. It also expellerth the child in the wombe & h. the spleen. Stamped with axungia it h. the prickings of the reed. the female operates as the male *Diosc.* It c. barrenesse, and abortion. the powder ap. h. ulcers and gallings. the root of the. 1. sodden in wine opens the spleen: in water h. larks in children, the fume of the decoction taken. *Water ferne.* or, *Osmund the water-man,* *Filix florida;* five *Osmunda Regalis.* T. the root is lesse hot and dry than they of the former ones. V. the heart of the root d. h. wounds & bruises, and dissolveth clotted blood, so the tender sprigs: and are good to be put into unguents appropriate to wounds and punctures. *Wallferne,* or *Polypodie.* *polypodium.* K. as of the wall, of the oake & Indian. T. doth dry without biring V. *Diosc.* it purgeth choller and flegme. *Aquar.* And melancholy, boyled in broth with beets or mallows *Mesf:* It dryeth and attenuateth, h. aches in the joynts, taken in a decoction for some space: with phlebotomy, cathartick and hydropicke remedies. It h. luxations. *unc. 1:* boiled with hony, water, and pepper d. purgeth flegme and choller, or *unc. 3* in water and wine. *Oake ferne,* *pettie,* or *moss ferne.* *Dryopteris.* K. as the true, white, and tree-f. T. is sweet, biring, and bitter, V. it is a *psilothron* ap. The black operates as maidenhaire. the small fernes, *Filicula* K. as the male fountaine, male and female dwarfe stone-ferne. T. V. are referred to the black oake-ferne. *Park:* K. as the great, strange, and diverse leaved mules ferne. V. h. the spleen. the berrie bearing of America, sea, and naked stone ferne. V. are referred to the former. *Polypody* h. all ill affects of the lungs, sc. the water with sugarcandy.

Sealeferne, or stone-ferne, see Spleen-wort.

G 2

Fever-

Feverfew. *Febrifuga*.

P. In hedges, and about rubbish.

T. Fl: for the most part all the summer.

N. *μαρθέριον*. *Matricaria*, *Amarella*. *Tagetes*.

Feverfew. Ger. *J*. K. as the common, double, and mountain. T. is hot 3^o, dry 2^o. it clenseth, purgeth, openeth. and operates as other bitter things. V. it h. the diseases of the matrix, provokes the termes, and expells the dead child, d. ap. or used in a bath. *Diosc*: it h. S. *Anthones* fire, the leaves and fl. being applied, and all hot swellings The powder d. with oxymel, syrup of vineger or wine evacuates flegme & melancholy, h. purfinesse, & stuffings of the lungs, as also the stone: *drach. 2.* of the powder taken with hony, or sweet wine purge flegme, and melancholy, so h. those that are vertiginous, melancholicke and pensive. The herbe h. the suffocation of the mother, hardnesse, and stopping of the same being boyled in wine and ap: so the decoction sate over: d. and ap. with bay salt to the wrists, with powder of glasse it h. the ague. *Paré* the double h. those that have taken opium, so the rest, and also all pains in the head c. by cold: d. it h. agues. the distilled water h. freckles, and collick ap.

Fig-beane, see Lupine.

Field Cypress, see Ground pine.

Field-wort, see Fellwort, or Gentian.

Figge-tree. *Ficus*.

P. Spain, Italy, gardens, under a hot wall.

T. They beare ripe fruit in the spring, August and September.

N. *Συκή*. The unripe fruit is called *Grossus* and *Olynthus*.

Figge-tree. Ger: *J*: K. as the common, and dwarfe. T. the dry figgs nourish better than the green, which are somewhat

Somewhat warme and moist. the *dry* and *ripe* are hot almost 3^o, sharpe and biting: the *leaves* are somewhat sharpe, opening, but not so strong as the *juyce*. V. *dry figgs* are not of very good *juyce*, they h. the throat and lungs, the cough, and short windednesse. *Decoſt* with hyſope and d. they expectorate ſlegme. Stamped with ſalt, rue, and nut kernells, they h. poyſon, and prevent infection: ſtamped with wheat meale, powder of ſenugreeke, lineſeed, and the roots of marſh mallows, ap. warme, they ripen impositions, and phlegmons, and all hot tumors behind the eares: and the roors of lillies added h. bubo's, boiled in wormewood wine with barley meale: ap. to the belly, they h. dropſies. Drie figgs ſoſten and waſt both inwardly and outwardly: the *leaves* waſt the Kings evill and all tumors, ap. with the roors of marſh mallow. The *milke* h. rough ſkins, ſores, ſpots and deformity ap. with barley meale, and h. warts ap. with fat things: it alſo h. the tooth ache ap. and openeth the hemorrhoids. with ſenugreek and vineger they h. goutes. the *milke* ap. h. wounds of venomous beaſts. *green figgs* h. the ſtone, the *dry* h. all diſeaſes of the cheſt, paine of the bladder, and childbirth. the *juyce of the leaves* diſſolveth milke clotted in the ſtomack, & ap. with the yelke of an egge, & the menſes. The *prickly Indian fig-tree*. *Ficus Indica*. T. V. eaten coloureth the urine red. the *juyce* h. old ulcers. *Cochenele* is given in malignant diſeaſes, as in peſtilent diſeaſes, &c. The *arched Indian figtree*. *Arbor Goa*. T. V. The *fruit* is uſually eaten, and of good nourishment. *Pem: Figgs* h. the falling ſickneſſe, quiniſie, and infirmities of the womb: they alſo expell venomous matter to the ſkinne: roaſted they facilitate the birth. ap. with leaven and ſalt, they breake plague ſores, and with copporas h. running ulcers. with ſalt ap. they h. kibes. and roſted, paine of the teeth. They are beſt for phlegmatick perſons. *Col* 2 or 3 eaten in the morning ſteeped in aquavita h. purſineſſe. *Park*. The *Indian figs*, looſen the belly, reſreſh the ſpirits, h. coughs, & hot urine, and c. luſt: The *juyce of the leaves* h. burnings.

common figgs boiled with hyſop and lycorice, h. the cheſt.

Figge wort. *Scrophularia*.

P. In ſhadowie woods, and moiſt meadowes.

T. They ſlowe in June and July.

N. Χαλιδόριον τὸ μικρὸν. *Millemorbia*, *Castrangula*,
Ficaria, *Ferraria*.

Figge-wort. Ger. *J.K.* as the great, Indian, and yellow flowered T. Col: it's thought to be hot and dry fine 3ⁱⁱⁱ. V. It h the Kings evill, piles, and hemorrhoides, the root boiled with butter ap. It h. wenns, and hard knotts, d. and ap. it diſſolveth clotred bloud. the roots boiled with oile and wax, h. all ſcabs and leproy. ſo the diſtilled water d. & ap. and h. the virulency of corroding ulcers, ſpots, freckles, ſcurf and deformity of the ſkin. Park. R. as the great without knobbed roots, great leaſed of Candy, ſtrange and elder like. V. The roots with butter ſet 15 daies in a moiſt place, then boiled and ſtrained, make an excellent ointment for ſcabbs, &c. ſo Baub. Matth. Solenand. and Dod. drach. 1. of the root d. killes wormes.

Filbeard-tree. *Avellana*.

P. In orchards, gardens, and hedges.

T. The catkins fall off in March. the fruit is ripe in Auguſt.

N. *Corylus*. *Nux Prenestina* & *Heracleotica*.

Filbeard-tree. Ger. *J. K.* as the common, that of Conſtantinople, with the wild hedge nut. T. Dod. The filbeard nuts green are drier than walnuts, when dry they are colder. Ger. the catkins are cold, dry and binding, and h. the fluxe. V. Col. the ſkins that cover the nut kernells taken in wine to the q. of drach. 1. ſtay womens courſes, eſpecially thoſe of the red filberd: ſo
drach.

drach. 2. of the shells d. in red wine; and stop laskes,
 with the milk of the kernels and carkins : an electuary
 of the parched kernels h old coughs, and d. with pep-
 per h. catarrhes : a decoction of the inner rinde
 made in small ale, d. first and last 9 dayes h. the
 strangury : too many eaten c. head ach, except
 eaten with raisins. *Park*, being parched they are lesse
 hurtfull to the stomach, being less oilie, and windie.

Filipendula, *see* Dropwort,
 File-wort, *see* wicked Chicweed.
 Finger orchis, *see* Scirpias stones.

Firre-tree. *Abies.*

P. High mountains in Italy, France, &c.

T. The time of the Firre-tree agreeth with the Pine.

N. Ἑλάνη. Its rosin is called *Lacryma abietis* & *Tere-
 binthina Veneta.*

Firre tree. *Ger. F. K.* as the male, and female. *T.* the
bark, fruit and gum are of the nature of the pitch-tree
 and his gums. *V.* its rosin sc. the *turpentine*, looseth the
 belly, expelleth choller, clenseth the kidnies, expelleth
 urine, and the stone : raken with sugar and the pow-
 der of nutmegs, it h. the strangury, gonorrhœa and the
 whites. It healeth green wounds being washed in plan-
 taine and rose water, with the yolk of an egge, the
 powder of *olibanum* and mastick, with saffron. *Park* *T.*
 the cleer turpentine is hot and dry 2^o, and very clen-
 sing. *V.* it is excellent in *salves* for green wounds, clen-
 sing and sodering them together. *Recch.* The *Firre* of *Mexico*:
T. is hot and dry 3^o, the *rosin* hot 4^o, discussing and
 corroborating.

Wolfe's Fiſts, ſee Fuſſe-bulls.

Fitch, ſee Vetch.

Madick Fitch, or red Fitchling, ſee Cockſ-head.

Five leaved graſs, ſee Cinquefoile.

Flag. *Gladiolus*.

P. In meadows and watery places.

T. Fl. from May to July.

N. *ἔριον*. Enſis. the corne flag, *Segetalis*, *Victorialis* *retundus*.

Flag. Ger. *J. K.* as the French corne flag, Italian, and water ſword *ſl. T.* the root of corneflag doth draw, waſt, conſume and dry, and is of a ſubtile digeſting quality. V. the root ſtamped with the powder of frankincenſe and wine ap. draweth out ſplinters. ſtamped with the meale of darnell and meade ap. it h. hard ſwellings. Some affirme that the upper root cauſeth luſt, and the lower barrenneſs: the upper root d. in water h. the enterocoele in children: ſtamped with hogs greaſe and wheaten meale, they h. the ſcrophula: the ſeed d. in goats or aſſes milk h. pains of the collick. Ordinary flag. T. the roots are hot and dry 20. V. It bindes, ſtrengthens and condenses: it h. fluxes and ſtops the courſes. Park. the diſtilled water of the yellow water-flag, h. watering eyes being dropped thereinto & ap. h. blemiſhes in the body: it h. inflammations & cancers, and foul ulcers in the privities. Lonic. T. it's of the ſame faculty with acorus. Lugd. Ap. it draweth out the menſes: the upper root c. venery. Dorſt. the water h. burning fevers: the root d. h. coughs and poyſon.

Flaw-flower, ſee Paſque-flower.

Flax

Flax. *Linum*.

P. In fruitfull and moist soiles : the wild in gravelly places.

T. Fl. in June and July : the seed ripens in the mean time.

N. Αἶνον. *Linum sativum*: the wild. *Sylvestre*.

Flax. Ger. K. as the garden. T. the seed is hot 10. in a mean between moist and dry : as others, of superfluous moisture, and windie though parched. V. It hurterh the stomach is of hard digestion, of little nourishment, provokes urine, looses the belly, and if parched stoppeth it. *Diosc.* Line seed operates as fenugreek, wasterh and mollifyeth hot swellings d. and ap. Boiled with hony oile, and water it h. spots and blemishes, & soule lkins with salt-peter and figgs ; with hony and water cresses, it brings off illfavoured nailes: with hony it expectorates flegme; and h. coughs. Baked with pepper and hony, it causeth lust : the oile mollifieth hard swellings; ap. extendeth shrunk sinews, and easeth paine: d. it h. paine in the side and collick: with aniseed and line seed boiled in water ap. it h. the angina. Line seed boiled in vinegar ap. h. the dysentery, and pains of the belly : stamped with roots of wild cucumber, it draweth out things fixed in the body : the bath h. inflammations of the matrix : powdered with fenugreek, and boiled with mallowes, violet leaves, smallage, and chickweerd, untill the herbs be soft, then stamped with axungia to the forme of a *pultis* ap. h. all paine, sofineth cold tumors suppurateth apostumes, and preventeth wranklings applyed warme evening and morning. Wild flax. K. as the wilde white, thin leasfed wild, broad leasfed dwarf, mill-mountaine, the third broad leasfed, and yellow flowered. T. V. are referred to the garden flax and are seldome used in physick or surgery. Toad flax, or Flaxweed, *Linaria*. K. as the great, sweet purple variable, of *Valentia*, white, purple, creeping yellow, soure leaved creeping; golden starflowered, golden

den, bushie, sparrows, sparrow-tongue, and bastard toad-flax. T. they are of the temper of the wild snap dragons whereof they are kindes. V. the decoction h. the jaundise and deformity of the skin, being bathed therewith: d. it openeth the liver, spleen, and h. the jaundise, and the dysurie, and openeth the passages. Col. Park. Line-seed taken with reifins, opens the liver: with water, myrrh, *olibanum* and wine it h. watering eyes: the oyle with rose water h. burnings. The wild resolves and lenifyeth. Common toad flax. V. h. the dropsie and stone, and d. looseth the belly, h. the jaundise, expels poyson, the menses and dead child: ap. it h. red eyes, the juyce h. ulcers, and spots of the skin. Park. K. as the broad leaved blew, and narrow leaved with yellow fl. V. the wild in most things is like that of the garden and in many things more effectually, by reason of its bitterness: the decoction with the fl. resolveth tumors, lenifies inflammations, stiff arteries, and swellings in the groin. The last is used to loosen the body. Toad flax. K. as the greater of Hungary, base white mountaine, Spanish, upright, and bastard. V. as the rest. Schenck. pag. 738. The distilled water of the fl. of flax, taken with sugar, expelleth the pox: so Hollet: Mac: the oyle is emetick.

Flea-bane. *Coniza*.

P. In Spain, Italy, France, Germany, England, &c.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. *Koviza*. The blew fl. is called *Amellus montanus* *Columna*. *Dentelaringes*.

Flea-bane. Ger. *J. K.* as the great, small, middle, dwarf, great jagged-leaved, water snipt, Austrian, hoary, hairy of the Alpes, and blew flowered. T. is hot and dry 30. V. the leaves and flowers h. the strangury, jaundise, and griping of the belly: taken with vineger they h. the epilepsie: the fume of the decoction h. pains of the mother: the herb burned driveth away flies, gnats, fleas and venemous things. Park. K. as the great mountain

tain of Germany, and sweet purple. V. the leaves h. the hurts of venomous creatures, small swellings and wounds; the decoction d. c. the termes, opens the liver, and h laskes; the last h. the tooth ach, so that of the sea. Rech. K. as that of Mexico. T. is hot and dry 30, and sharp.

Flea dock, see Butter-burre.

Fleawort. *Psyllium*.¹

P. Gardens: the first in fields near the sea.

T. Fl. in June and July.

N. *Ψύλλιον*, *Pulicaria*. *Herba pulicaris*.

Fleawort. Ger. K. as the common, and never dying. T. Gal. Serap. the seed is cold 20, temperate in moisture and dryness. V. the decoction of the seed d. purgeth choller, cooleth hot diseases and quencheth thirst. Stamped boiled in water and ap. with vineger and oile of roses, it h. all swellings in the joynts, S. Anthonies fire and violent impostume. Strewed in chambers it expelleth fleas. Pem. its mucilage, with rose and barley water, the syrup of violets and roses help horseness, pleurifies & purgeth choller. with marmelade of quinces, poppy seeds, and sugar candy it h. catarrhes; the seed torrifed, and taken with plantaine water h. fluxes and coughs; ap. it h. the sciatica, and with populeon the piles and tenesmus. It h. rough haire; so Coles. Park. ap. with oile of roses and vineger, it h. sore nipples. Jo. The antidote is Andromachus's treacle, and vomiting with juniper water.

Flix-weed. *Sophia Chirurgorum*.

P. By high wayes, in obscure places almost every where.

T. It flowreth and seedeth from June to October.

N. *Pseudonasturtium Sylvestre*, *Sophia Paracelsi*. *Tbali-
Arum*. *flaxwort*.

Flixweed. Ger. T. it drieth without any sharpness
or

or heate. V. the seed d. with wine or smiths water stoppeth laskes, and all issues of blood. The herb bruised and put into unguents healeth ulcers, old sores, & wounds. Col. the herb d. consolidateth bones, & killeth worms; so the water, and syrup. Park. its no less effectuall than plantaine or cumfrey, for the purposes aforesaid.

Flureamor, see Flower gentle.

Flower of Candy or, of Jerusalem, see Flower of Constantinople.

Flower of Bristow, see Rose Campion.

Fower of the Sun, see Marigold of Peru.

Floure gentle. *Amaranthus*.

P. Gardens, the floramore in a bed of horse dung.

T. Fl. in Aug. and flourish till the frosty weather.

N. *Aureum* ☉. The golden is called *Cona aurea*. *Chrysocome*. *Sto. has citrina*.

Floure gentle. Ger. K. as the purple, scarlet, floramore, branched, and velvet. T. are binding, cold and dry. V. they stop all kinds of bleeding and laskes. Park. K. as the greater, and lesser purple, variable, carnation, golden, and candy. T. the three first are hot and dry; but the other sorts are accounted cold & dry. V. they all h. rheumatick bodies: the first cause urine and ap. comfort cold parts, and prevent moths. These are called *helychrysum* and *aurelia*. Golden flower gentle. Ger. J. K. as the common,, broad leaved, round headed, and wild. T. V. d. kill wormes, and nits applyed.

Flower deluce. *Iris*.

P. In gardens, moist meadowes, by brinks of rivers.

T. The dwarf fl. in April: the greater in May: the bulbous in June.

N. *Iris*. *Radix marica*. Of the water flag, *pseudoacorn*.

Flower deluce. Ger. K. as the common, and water flag.

flag, T. the green roots of *Fl. deluce* are hot fere 4°. dry ed. hot and dry 3°. and burning the mouth. The root of the bastard *Fl. deluce* is cold and dry 3°. and astringent. V. the root of the common *Fl. deluce* stamped with a little rose water ap. h. bruises, and blackness and blew-ness in two daies time, laying a peece of silke between, if the skin be tender, for feare of inflammation. The juice purgeth choller and watery humors. d. in whay it h. the dropfie. The roots dry, attenuate thick humors: and in a *loboch* h. shortnesse of breath, & old coughs &c. They h. evil spleens, cramps, convulsions, bitings of serpents, & gonorrhœa's d. with vinege: & with wine provoke the courses. the decoction mollifyeth the matrix and openeth it in baths. Boiled and ap. it mollifies the Kings evill and hard swellings. *Johns*. The roots of ordinary flaggs are hot and dry 2°. they excell scoros, bind, strengthen and condense, and h. fluxes and the courses. *P. L. drach.* being taken in red wine every morning *Floure-de-luce* of Florence, *Iris Florentina* K. as the common, white, great of Dalmatia, and small, twice flowering, violet, Austrian, and Germane. T. the roots are hot and dry fine 2di. V. the juice mightily purgeth choller and water: and d. in whay or sweet worr. h. dropfies, evill spleens, cramps, convulsions, bitings of serpents, gonorrhœa's d. with vineger: and with wine provoke the courses. *Variable Flowredeluces*. *Iris Variegata* K. as the common, Turkey, sea, wild Bizantine, narrow-leafed, grasse, narrow leafed many flowred, white dwarfe, red flowred dwarfe, yellow dwarfe, and variegated dwarfe. T. are referred to the other V. the oile of the flowers and roots an. q. v. made as oile of roses: strengthneth the sinewes and joynts, & h. cramps of repletion & peripneumonia's The fl. of French *Fl. deluce* distilled with diatrion santalon, & cinamon: and the water d. h. dropfies. *Bulbed Floure-deluce*. K. as the broad leafed onion, changeable, many branched changeable, yellow, ash-coloured and whitish T. are referred to the kinds of asphodils. V. unc. 6. of the herbe, with goats suet, as much oile of alcanna, lib. i. stamped mixed and ap.

ap. h. the gout. The decoction of the root with meale of lupines h. freckles and the morpew in the face. *Velvet Fl. deluce.* T. V. is not discovered. *Park.* The root of the greater with the fl. is Sternutatorie and emetick. *Spanish nut.* K. as the common and small. *Ger.* T. V. is eaten in sallads to c. lust. *Park.* The bulbous K. as the great of *Clus.* and blew *English.* T. V. are uselesse. *Lang.* the powder of the root of Flower deluce, h. the rottenness of the teeth and gums: and the root ap. draweth them out. *Diaireos simplex,* *Pharm. Lond.* strengthens the breast, h. colds, coughs, and hoarseness. It may be taken with a lycorice stick or pectorall syrups for the same purpose. *Diaireos, Jolemonis,* or the *Eleghuary of orris roots,* h. the lungs and their cold distempers; viz. asthmaes, coughs, and dispnæas, &c. It may be taken with a lycorice stick. *Oleum irinum,* or the *Oile of orris,* is stronger then the simple, the simple oile, concocts, dissolve., alwages pains in the womb, liver and joynts, and strengthens the breast, viz. that of the Roors. Also it powerfully digests, dissolves, heats, softens & makes thin. Its of a digesting, penetrating, opening and ripening faculty. It takes away noise in the head, discusses wens and hard swellings. It h. the stinking smell of the nostrils being snifted up, and h. all pains from a cold matter. The compound oile. also is good for asthmaticall persons annointed upon the chest. It brings down the hæmorrhoids, annointed upon the place, or injected in a clyster. Mixed with vinegar, rue, and bitter-almonds, and dropt or squirted into the eares with a syringe, it h. deafness, and the preternaturall noises and ticklings of the eares. It cures ulcers and stoppages of the nostrils, and h. an old catarrh, used to the futures and pulses &c.

Flower of Constantinople. *Lychnis Chalced.*

P. Almost in all gardens.

T. It flourisheth in June and July.

N. ΠΙΘΘ Theop. Schwenck. *Flos Constantinop. Hierosol.*
Creticus Aldrovandi.

Flower of Constantinople. Ger. T. V. it serveth for ornament, and is not used: so *Park. Baub.* Its faculty is not found out, it having no physicall use; but the root which in taste is a little sharp, is thought to be hot 1°. *Park. K.* as the single and double none such. T. V. as the first are not used. *Lob.* It scoureth wooll, like sopenwort. *Schwenckf.* It's of no savour, and neglected as to use.

Fluellin *Veronica.*

P. In corne fields, especially amongst Barley.

T. Fl. in August and September.

N. Ἑλατίν the 1. The male, *Betonica Pauli.*

Fluellin. Ger. J. K. as the female, and sharp pointed. T. Col. is bitter, cold and dry. V. it is astringent. It h. the dysentery and hot swellings, spreading cankers and corrosive ulcers d. and ap. it h. inflammations of the eyes boiled and applyed as a *pultis*. The leaves sod in the broth of a hen stay dysenteries. *Paul.* The female *Fluellin* openeth the obstructions of the liver, and spleen, expelleth urine and the stone, and clenseth the kidnies and the bladder. *Drach. 1.* of the powder of the herbe with so much treacle h. pestilent fevers. *Male Fluellin.* K. as the common, little, smallest, shrubby, tree, upright, and leaning. T. are in a meane between heat and drynesse. V. the decoction d. h. all fresh and old wounds, clenseth the bloud, h. the kidnies, scurvie, spreading tetters, fretting sores, small pox and meafels. The water distilled with wine till red h. old coughs, ulcers, inflammations & drynesse of the lungs. *Park. K.*

as the greater spiked fl. and germander like. V. the male h. infectious diseases d. in wine, paines of the head, jaundise, stone, & fluxes of bloud. The female h. fluxes & cankers d. and ap. The juice h. the polypus. Bor. the water h. the dropfic.

Fly-bane, see Catch fly.

Folefoot, see Colts foot, or Asarabacca.

Foolcs stones. *Orchis morio*.

P. In pastures, and fields seldome manured.

T. Fl. in May and June: the Stones are to be gathered in Sept.

N. The last is called *Orchis Anthropophora*. *Oreades*.

Foolcs stones. Ger. *J*. K. as the male, female, and lesser spotted. T. are hot & moist. V. these are thought to have the vertues of dog stones, whereunto they are referred. Park. K. as the male *Neopolitan*. V. this with the rest operates as dog stones.

Forebit, see Divells bit.

Forget me not, see Ground-pine.

Forcible plant, see Hares cares.

Fox gloves. *Digitalis*.

P. In barren sandy grounds, almost every where

T. They flower and flourish in June and July.

N. *Squarrosa*. *Alisma* & *Damasonium* *Casalp*. *Viola calathiana* *Plin*.

Fox gloves. Ger. *J*. K. as the purple, red, white, yellow, and dusky T. Col. Are bitter, hot, dry and clensing. V. boiled in water and d. they cut thick flegme and naughty humours, opening the liver, spleen and inward parts: and d. with meade clense the breast & ripen clammy flegme: they may be used in stead of gentian,

gentian. *Park.* The leaves ap. h. green wounds. the juice clenfeth and dryeth old sores, and h. the Kings evill, or the herb ap. Two handfulls of the herb taken with *unc.* 4. of polypody of the oake bruised, and d. in ale effectuallly h. the epilepsie.

Fox-stones. *Testiculus Vulpinus.*

P. In moist meadows, woods and fertile pastures.

T. Fl. from May, to the end of Aug.

N. *Orchis Serapias.* The birds, *Ornithophora.*

Fox-stones. *Ger. J. K.* as the butterfly satyrion, gnat, humble bee, waspe, bee, fly, yellow, small yellow, birds, spotted birds, white birds, souldiers, souldiers cullions, spider, small gnat, and narrow leaved satyrion. *T. V.* are referred unto the dogs-stones, yet they are not of any great use in physick. *Park. K.* as the greater gnat, and purple birds flowered. *V.* these with the rest are not so effectuall for venery; but serve to discuss swellings, and clense soule ulcers and fistula's, and h. inflammations of the mouth. phagedens and lasks.

Fox-taile gras. *Alopecuros.*

P. In moist furrowes of fertile fields.

T. Towards the later end of summer.

N. The first is called, *Gramen Phalaroides.* the rest *Alopecuroides.*

Fox taile gras, *Ger. J. K.* as the great, small, great bastard, and small bastard. *T. V.* are not yet discovered, or the nature & virtues of the Foxtaile: so *Turn. Park.* It is not used in medicine but serveth onely to be worn as a toy in the har.

Frame

Framboise, see Raspis.

Frank, see Spurry or Woodroof.

Frankincense tree. *Arbor Thurifera*. *

P. It groweth in Arabia.

T. It is gathered in the dog dayes.

N. Λιβανός. Thus, sc. the rosin; and Olibanum.

Frankincense-tree. *Ger. T. Gal.* Thus is hot 20. dry 10. with some small astringent; the white is manifestly astringent so is the rind, and dryeth exceedingly, being of more grosse parts than Frankincense, and not so sharp, so h. the spitting of blood, swellings in the mouth, collick, flux, arising from the stomach, and bloody fluxes. The fume is dry 30. it doth also cleanse and fill up the ulcers of the eyes, like unto myrrhe. *Diosc.* saith if it be drank by one in health it puts him into a frensie, yet few consent hereunto. *Avic.* it strengthneth the wit and understanding, but taken often it c. head ach, and if too much be taken with wine it killeth. *Park.* it h. the gonorrhœa, and melancholy. It h. the cough and thin rheumes: and the pleurisie, taken with the conserve of roses. The fume h. the piles, tenesmus, and cough. with myrrhe and the white of an egg ap. it h. pains of the head: and in salves it incarnates. *Confessio de thure, Pharm. Lond.* or the *Confession of Frankincence*, mightily drys up rheum, strengthens the brain, and stomach, h. catarrhs, and a bad memory from cold and moist distempers of the brain: *Pulvis thuralois*, or the powder of Frankincense aloes, with hares furre and the white of an egg stopps bleeding. *Sief de thure*, or the *Seif of Frankincense* dryeth up rhumes in the eyes and h. them when bleered and moist, being scraped into a fine nodulated bagg dip into white rose water, and so patted and bathed on the eyes: or mingle *drach. sem.* in powder with the white of an egge beaten with rose water, and spread it upon two rags, and lay it over the patients eyes, when he goes

goes to sleep, using this and the like remedies after preparation, digestion, purgation, derivation, revulsion, bleeding cupping, &c. as occasion requires.

Freiser, *see* Strawberries.

French-leek, *see* Vine-leek.

Freshwater souldier, *see* Water-sengreen.

Friers cowle. *Arisarum*.

P. In Italy, and Tuscany.

T. They flower with the Dragons.

N. *Aelonyx*. *Aris Plinii*. *Aron parvum Cornarii*.

Friers cowle. *Ger. J. K.* as the broad and narrow leaved. T. it agreeth with wake Robin, yet is more biting. V. it is not much used in physick; but its reported that it stayes phagedens, and that being put into collyries, it h. fistula's. *Diosc.* Being put into the secret part of any creature it rotteth the same: so *Cam. Park.* Its milder then arum. It h. hollow ulcers, clensing and healing them. *Bauh.* It h. burnings. *Amat.* The Germans use it against the plague; yet its not acknowledged by *Clus.*

Friers pils, *see* Urinwort, and Spicknard.

Fritilarie. *Fritillaria*.

P. It groweth in gardens and meadows.

T. It flowreth in March and Aprill.

N. *Lilium variegatum*. *Flos meleagris* *Dod.*

Fritilarie. *Ger. J. K.* as the lesser darke yellow, and early white, with the checquered, and changeable checquered daffodil. T. V. serve only to adorne and beautifie the garden, and are not yet used in medicine. *Bauh.* The smell of black fritilary is unpleasant and stinking and nere unto that of stinking Gladdon. The white is
not

not yet written of, as to any physicall use: so *Clusius*
and *Bauhinus*.

Frog-bit. *Morsus Ranae.*

P. It floateth in ditches and standing waters.

T. It flowreth and flourisheth most part of the yeare.

N. *Nymphaea mixta*. *Nymphaea parva*, & *alba minima* Park.

Frog bit. *Ger.* **T.** **V.** It's thought to be a kind of pond-weed (or rather of water Lilly) and to have the same faculties that belong unto it. *Park.* as the lesser sort of water lillies, it cooleth; yet less than the greater sorts. *Schwenckf.* It hath the tast of ducks meat and the same virtues.

Frog-grass, see *Glass-wort.*

Blood frog-grass, see *Sea-cluster.*

Fumitorie. *Fumaria.*

P. In corne fields, vineyards and manured places.

T. It flourisheth from May to the end of summer.

N. *Kαμνη*. *Fumus Terra* *Offic.* *Capnos* *Plin.* *Calchoerum*

Fumitorie. *Ger.* **J.** **K.** as the common, white broad leaved, fine leaved, and yellow. **T.** is cold and something dry, opening and cleansing by urine. **V.** it h. those that have filth growing on the skin, or have the French disease, It opens the liver, and spleen purifyeth the blood and h. quartane agues, either the *syrup*, *decoction* or *distilled water* thereof taken. *Boiled* in whey it h. in the end of spring, and in the summer time those that are scabbed: it provoketh urine, opens the liver, strengthneth the stomach and looseth the belly. *Diosc.* the juice with Gum Arabick h. the eyes troubled with haire, they being first plucked up. The *decoction* d. expelleth by urine and siege all hot & hurtfull humours & digesteth the

the salt and pituitous. *Bulbous Fumitorie*, or *Hallow-root*, see *Radix cava*. K. as the great purple, great white, *Bunnikens*, and small *Bunnikens* holwort. T. hollow root is hot 20, and dry 30, binding, clensing, and somewhat wasting. V. it h. long swellings of the almonds in the throat and haemorrhoides m. with *unguentum populeum* drach. 1. d. purgeth forth flegme. *Park*. K. as the climbing, round rooted, with green fl: and green fl. hollow root, with the Indian, and knobbed Indian fum. V. *Trag*. The juyce d. with the powder of the root of esula c. vomit, the hollow rooted h. the plague. *Pemb*. The 1. is hot 10. and dry 20, as appeares by its bitterness. *Syrupus de fumaria Pharm. Lond.* or syrup of *Fumitory*. concocts melancholy, so h. the diseases inward and outward. It h. diseases of the skin; as leprosies, cancers, warts, cornes, itch, tetters, ringwormes, and scabs, &c. yet is gentle. Also it strengthens the stomach and liver, and opens obstructions. It h. hypochondriack melancholly, *unc.* 1. being taken in the decoction of epithymum, it h. surfeits, much clenseth, cooleth and strengthens the liver in sanguification. It h. scabs and the itch, *unc.* 2. being taken every morning. *Pilulae de fumaria Avic.* or the *Pills of fumitory*, purge the melancholly of the liver and spleen, sharp, chollerick and adust humours, salt phlegme, and so h. the scab and itch, the D. is drach. sem. in the morning by the fire.

Forze-bush. *Genista spinosa*.

P. In pastures and fields in most places.

T. Fl. from May to October.

N. $\Sigma\kappa\omicron\pi\iota\Theta$. *Scorpius Spinosus Theoph.*

Forze bush. Ger. *J*. K. as the great, small, small round coddled, needle, dwarf and scorpion. T. is hot and dry. V. the seed h. the stone, and laske. *Park*. the two first open the obstructions of the liver and spleen. The flowers

flowers thereof in a decoction h. the jaundice as also provokes urine, and clenfes the kidnies of gravell. The others no doubt are participant of the same qualities.

Fosse balls, see Toad stooles.

G.

Gallant, see Anemone.

Galingale. *Cyperus*.

P. In fenny grounds naturally, and gardens.

T. They flower in August.

N. *Κύπρος* & *Juncus quadratus* & *angulosus*. *Aspalathum*.

GAlingale. Ger. *J. K.* as the English common, and round. T. the roots are hot and dry 2°. V. d. it expels gravell and h. the drop sic. Boiled in wine and d. it provoketh urine and menses and expells the stone. It also h. stings and bitings of serpents. *Fernel*. The root used in baths h. coldness and stopping of the matrix, and provoketh termes. It causeth blood and digestion and exhilarates: causeth a good colour and sweet breath. The powder dryeth up all moist ulcers even in the mouth and privities, stayeth the humours, and healeth them though maligne and virulent. *Spanish Galingale* or *Italian Trasi*. T. the roots are windie. V the milke pressed out of the roots d. h. the breast and lungs and mundisyeth them, it h. coughs and c. venery, the roots must be eaten and macerated in broth, then pressed: the same milk or creame d. h. hot and sharp urine, adding seed of pompions, gourds, and cucumbers. The true galingale. K. as the greater and the less. T. are hot and dry 3°. and the lesser the hotter. V. they h. all cold diseases as chollick and flatulencies, and paines of the stomach c. by cold. The smell comforts the too cold brain. The substance chewed sweetens the breath, and

and h. the beating of the heart. they h. flatulency of the womb, c. venery and heat the too cold reins *Park.* K. as the *lesser Assyrian round rooted sweet*, and *rush nut*. V. as the rest, the roots boiled with bay berries and d. h. the dropfie, so ap. with the urine of a boy. *Alpin.* The decoction of the roots is used by the *Ægyptians* to warme the stomach. *Species Eleſtuarii diagalange*, *Maf. Pharm. Lond.* or *Diagalange*, h. against wind, slower belchings, and indigestion, grosse humours and coldness of the stomach and liver; the D. is *drach. sem.* at once viz. of the powder, and *drach. 2.* of the eleſtuary, fasting in the morning, or an houre before meat. It h. digestion much, expels wind, and heats cold stomachs

Galingal meek, see Round birth wort.

Gallow grass, see Hemp.

Gall tree. *Galla arbor.* *

P. In Italy, Spaine, and most of the hot regions.

T. The gall appeareth when the sun entreth Cancer, and that in one night.

N. *Δρύς αἰγία. Quercus. Robur. Placida Gaze.*

Gall tree. Ger. *J.* K. as the first and second, greater, and lesser gall tree. T. *Gal.* The gall called *omphacitis*, is dry 3^o, cold 2^o, and a very harsh medicine. V. it fasteneth together slack parts, it repelleth rheums and fluxes, and dryeth up the same, especially those of the gums, throat and mouth. The other gall is less drying and binding: being boiled and ap. as a plaister, it h. the inflammations of the fundament, and falling down there of. Its boiled in water if there be need of little astringion or binding, or other wise in austere wine if more need require. d. in wine, or the powder strewed upon meats, it h. the dysentery, and the coeliack passion. They are used in dying and making inke. If burnt they stanch blood and are of thin parts, and drying: they must be laid

laid upon burning coals till white, and then quenched in vinegar and wine. Also they are good in laskes, d. in wine or water, and ap. and serve in all cases where there is need of drying and binding. *Oake apples* are much of the same nature, yet of lesser force. *Park*, the *fume of the decoction* h. the falling down of the mother, and inflammations. *Dorst. Æg. Galls* are dry 3°, cold 2°. and when unripe repell, contract and strengthen.

Gardeners delight, or eye, *see* Rose campion,
 Garland thorne, *see* Christs thorne.
 Gard robe, *see* Poets Rosemary.
 Garlick Germaner, *see* Scordium.

Garlick. *Allium.*

P. It is planted in gardens *sc.* the small clove.

T. It is set in November: and Decemb. or Feb. and March.

N. Συγγειον. Theriaca rustica. Ulpicum Columella.

Garlick. *Ger. T.* is sharp, hot and dry 4°, and exulcerateth the skin by raising blisters. *V.* being eaten it extreemly heateth the body, attenuateth thick and clammy humours, digesteth and consumeth them. It also openeth obstructions; h. cold poysons, and birings of venomous beasts. It yeildeth no nourishment and ingendreth sharp and naughty blood, therefore *hurteth* those that are of a hot complexion; but it becometh of good juyce boiled till it loose it's sharpness. It h. roughness of the throat, and cold coughs: it provoketh urine, consumeth wind and h. the dropsie of a cold cause. It killeth and expelleth wormes, sodden in milk and taken by young children. It h. cold stomaks and preserveth from contagious aire. The *fume of the decoction* taken brings down the flowers & secondine &c. It h. the morphew, ringwormes, scabbed heads in children, dandra and scurfe mixt with hony and ap. With figleaves and cummin ap. it h. the birings of the shrew mouse. The *Wild garlick*, *Allium sylvestre*, *K.* as the
 crow

crow and *bears gar*. T. are referred to those of the garden. V. The *wild* is stronger then the garden garlick. The *leaves* or *Ramsons* stamped are good sauce to eat with fish, and with butter in Aprill and May; being eaten by labouring men. The *distilled water* d. expellerth the stone and urine. The *mountaine Garlick*. K. as the great, *Clusius his great*, the *lesser leek leafed*, the *vipers*, and *broad leafed*. T. are in a meane between leeks and garlick. V. *Scorodoprassum* attenuates and h. expectoration. The *last* operates as garlick. *Park*. K. as the *Turkey*, *great Turkey with narrow and bulbed leaves*. V. *Garlick* discusse the inconveniences c. by minerall vapours. It h. the jaundise, cramps, piles and cold diseases.

Garnsey violets, *see*, Stock-gilliflowers.

Gaten, or Gater-tree, *see* Dog-berry-tree.

Gaule tree. *Myrtus Brabantica*.

P. In fenny countries, and many other places.

T. Fl. in May and June: the seed is ripe in Aug.

N. *πικροδασυλίον*. *Eleagnus Cordi*. *Rhus sylv. Plinii*.

Gaule-tree. Ger. T. the leaves are hot and dry, the seed 30. V. the fruit is troublesome to the brain; being put into beer whilst it is boiling it maketh it heady. The *shrub* with the fruit laid among clothes, keepeth them from moths and wormes. *Park*. It's bitter and harsh, drying and discussing. and its very effectuall to kill the wormes in the belly and stomach.

Geck-done, *see* Clivers or goose grasse.

Gilders-rose, *see* Rose-elder.

Gentian, *see* Felwort.

Germander. *Chamadrys.*

P. In rocky rough grounds, almost every where.

T. Fl. and flourish from June to August.

N. *Xanthoxys. Trizago. Quercula minor. Trissago. Tencrium.*

Germander. Ger. K. as the great broad leaved, small, and wild. T. that of the garden is hot and dry fere 30. of thin parts and cutting. the wild also is hot and dry, opening and cleansing the liver and spleen. V. boiled in water and d. it delivereth the body from all obstructions, and cutteth clammy humours: it h. coughs and shortness of breath, the strangury and dropsie. the leaves stamped with hony, & strained & a drop at a time put in to the eyes h. the web, and any dimness thereof. It mightily provokes the terms d. in wine, the privities being fomented with the same. Tree-germander, *Tencrium*. K. as that with broad leaves, the Hungarian, great Austrian, dwarf rock, Spanish, and rough beaded. T. V. are referred to the garden ger: yet they are weaker and less used. Water germander, or Garlick germander. *Schröd.* T. is hot and dry, bitter, harsh and sharp. V. It cleanseth the intralls and old ulcers mixt with hony. It provoketh urine and menses, purgeth rotten matter out of the chest, h. old coughs, pain in the sides of cold, and inward ruptures. Decoction in wine and d. it h. bitings of serpents, and poyson. Stamped and ap. with vinegar and water it h. the gour. *Scordium* laid among raw flesh preserveth it a long time from corruption d. with wine it openeth the stoppings of the liver, milt, and kidnies, bladder and matrix, provoketh urine, h. the strangury, and exhilarateth. drach. 2. of the powder taken in meade, stop the bloody flux, and comfort the stomach Hereof is made *diascordium*, serving for the purposes aforesaid, as also against the pocks, measles, purples or any pestilent sickness, before it hath universally possess't the whole body. Park. K. as the jagged leaved, thorny of Candy, mountaine, rock, greater and smaller

smaller bastard: V. d. it h. poyson; all diseases of the brain, gout, and kills wormes. That of the *mountaine* stops fluxes. *Tree germ.* is hot 20, dry 30, of thin parts. *Recch*: The *sw:et of Mexico*. T: is hot 40, and dry. V. and h. the spleen. *Tinctura scordii*, or the *Tinctura of scordium*, hath the virtue of the herb; but is better for cold stomacks, and old bodies. Also it is good in malignant, pestilentiall and venemous diseases. *Aqua scordii composita* R. L. or *Compound water of scordium*, preserves from ill aire; a taster full being taken in the morning. Also it's good in pestilentiall, venemous and malignant diseases. *Diascordium*, or the *Eleluary of scordium*, provokes the termes, hastens the birch, h. womens usuall sickness then; stops fluxes, strengthens heart, and stomack, and provokes sleep, and is then good in feavers, the D. is gr. x. to children, and drach. 1. or more to others. Also it resists venemous, pestilentiall and malignant diseases. It's of a gratefull tast and savour. It mightily stops looseness and vomitings, and defluxions of rheum, being seasonably and discreetly used. It's more temperate than London treacle, mithridate, or venice treacle, and is therefore more generally used in all ages, sexes and diseases, what require such a remedy. It's of generall use in all feavers especially when sleep is wanting. the D. in feavers is scr. 1. drach. sem. or drach. 1. if need. one of a feaver, to stop looseness, vomiting, defluxions of rheums, and to bridle the gonorrhea. drach. 2. may be given, after universall remedies. To persons infected with the plague, it may be given thus. R. unc. 2. in the juyce of sorrel, or wood sorrel, unc. 1. of the juyce of citrons. drach. 1. of diascordium, scr. 1. of the cordiall species of pretious stons, vineger, unc. 1. M. give it to drink; and repeat it, as occasion requires.

Gessemine. *Jasminum.*

P. It's fostered in Gardens.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. *Ἰακκίμων. Jeseimum. Gesseminum.*

Gessemine. Ger. K. as the white, great white, yellow, and blew. V. the herb, especially the flowers are hot *initio 2di*. V. the oile made of the flowers, wasteth away raw humors, and h. cold rheumes, but in those of a hot constitution it causeth head-ache, and the *smel* causeth the nose to bleed. It is usefull after baths to supple and warme the body. The leaves boiled in wine untill soft, and ap. as a *pulsis* h. cold swellings, wens, and excrescencies. Park. K. as the single Spanish, and sweet yellow Indian. V. the leaves cleanse the skin, and h. tetter; the oyle h. stitches, P. L. and cramps. Turn. It h. moistness and salt phlegme, and old men of a cold complexion : it h. aches c. by cold humors. ap. [it h. cold superfluities and spots : so the Arabian.

Gill creep by the ground, see Ground ivy.

Marsh Gilloflowers, see Wild Williams.

Queens Gilloflowers, see Dames violet.

Water, winter, or Rogues Gilloflowers, see Dames violet.

Wild Gilloflowers, see Williams.

Ginny, or Turkey henflower, see Fritillarie.

Gilloflowers. *Leucoium.*

P. They grow in moist gardens.

T. Fl. from spring to the end of summer.

N. *Λευκόιον. Viola Alba.* Wall flower, *Viola lutea.*

Gilloflowers. Ger. J. K. as the violet coloured, double *Rock*, and thorny. T. V. they agree with the wall-flowers though inferiour and not used in physick; yet some use them to c. lust. Camerar, a conserve of the fl. of

of stock gilliflowers given with the distilled water thereof h. the apoplexie and palsie. The sea stock Gilliflowers *Leucoium marinum*. K. as the white, purple, broad leaved, yellow and small yellow. T. V. are not used in physick. Wall flowers, *Viola lutea*. K. as the common, double and wild. T. the whole shrub is of a clensing facultie, and of thin parts. V. the yellow is most used in physick. The juice mixed with some unctuous thing to the forme of a linament h. rifts of the fundament. The herb boiled with white wine, hony and a little allom h. hot ulcers and cankers of the mouth. The leaves stamped with a little bay salt ap. to the wrists h. the shaking fits of agues. A decoction of the flowers with the leaves mollifieth scirrous tumours. the oile h. the palsie and gout. Also a strong decoction of the flowers d. moveth the courses, and expels the dead child. Sea gilliflower or Thrift. T. V. are not used in physick. Park. Wall flowers: V. the conserve of the fl. h. the apoplexie and palsie. the oile h. straines. *Schwenckf.* The fl. of the bulbous leucoium, d. in wine h. stitches in the side. *Oleum leucii. Pharm. Lond.* or the oile of Wall-flowers, aswageth paines in the breast and reins, sinews, joynts and bladder. Also it digests, attenuats, and lenifyeth and moderately heats. It h. pains of the nerves and joynts, gouty and palsied persons being annointed upon the places affected, or *unc. 2. or 3. used in clysters.*

Ginger. *Zingiber.* *

P. In Spaine, Barbary and the Canarie Ilands.

T. Fl. in heate of summer, and losseth the leaves in winter.

N. *Zizyphus. Zinziber. Gingiber.*

Ginger. Ger. T. is hot & dry 3°. V. *Diosc.* It's exceeding good in conditures. it healeth, digesteth and looseth the belly, corroborateth the stomach, and h. scoroma's, and answereth the effects of pepper. Being candied it's

hot and moist, and c. venery: and being *dried* it's hot and dry as aforesaid. *Park.* K. as the *brasill* with a black root, and the *orientall*. V. it h. digestion, and dissolveth wind, and being *dry* it binderth the belly. *Col.* Being ground on a whetstone and m. with salt in white wine and the eyes annointed therewith after residence, it h. the web: it h. all cold griefs: as also the cough and toothache. *Parac.* the *distilled oile* h. ulcers.

Garden-ginger, see, Dittander.

Ginny-hen-flower, see Fritillarie.

Gish, see St Katharines flower.

Gladdon-stinking. *Spatula fetida*.

P. Gardens, woods, and shadowy places.

T. Fl. in August the seed is ripe in September.

N. *Æveas*. *Xyris*. Spurgewort.

Gladdon stinking. *Ger.* T. is hot and dry 3°. V. the roots, as of the other Irides, are hot and extenuating: and being pounded they provoke sneezing and purge the head, h. the cough, digest and consume gross humours, purge choller and tough flegme, c. sleep, and h. gripings in the belly. The root hereof h. the Kings evill, and buboes d. in wine it provoketh the termes: so used in a bath. As a *peßary* it hastneth the birth: in *plaisters* it covereth bare bones with flesh boiled soft and ap. The roots ap. h. hard tumors and the Kings evill: with hony it draweth forth broken bones, the *meale*, h. rifts of the fundament, and openeth the hæ-morrhoides, the *juyce* as an *errhine* causeth sneezing, and attracteth filthy excrements. It h. all evill affections of the brest and lungs taken in sweet wine with spikenard; or in whey with a little mastick. the root of gladdon h. wounds and fractures of the head, and attracteth splinters, thornes, stubs, & arrow heads without grief. The seed mightily provoketh urine. d. in wine it h. convulsions, ruptures, the sciatica, strangury, and flux

flax of the belly, removing the cause. *Park.* It h. the poyson of Serpents. The *juyce* of the *leaves & roots* h. the itch, so *Trag.* And blemishes in the skin. Boiled with vinegar and ap. it h. the tumors of the spleen, & stops the gonorrhœa. *Dorsten:* the *juyce* ap. h. the leproy.

Gladiol, see Sword flagg.

Glass wort. *Kali.*

P. In salt marshes almost every where.

T. It flowreth and flourisheth in the summer.

N. *Kali. Salicornia.* and *Salsicornia.* the ashes *Sodæ* the salt *Sal Alkali.*

Glass wort. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, snail, and small. T. It's hot and dry: so the *ashes*, yet more hot and dry *sc. 4º*, and caustick. A little quantity of the herb taken inwardly, mightily provoketh urine, and expelleth the dead child: it purgeth forth watery humors, and h. the dropie: a greater q. is deadly. The fume hereof driveth away serpents. the *ashes* are mixed with those medicines that h. scabs, and filth of the skin. *Serap.* It consumeth excrescencies in ulcers. *Axungia vitri*, the flower of the cry stall or *Sandever*, doth wonderfully dry: and h. scabbs, and manginess the soul parts being bathed with the water in which it is boiled. The *ashes* are called *Sal Alkali*, which mixed with powder of stones and melted makes glasses: which in melting yeildeth a fat at the top which is hard as a stone when cold and brittle. called *Sandever.* *Park. K.* as the great, small white and joyned. T. All cleanse without manifest heat. V. the *juyce* opens the liver and spleen and h. the hardness thereof. The *sops* hereof ap. to the feet h. those that are sp. echless. The powder of the rest. *K.* as the prickly, *Columna's*, *Neapoli-tan*, *Egyptian* and *Arabian.* V. *Alpin.* Purgeth choller.

Globe daisie, *see* Blew daisie.

Glond, *see* Cow basil.

Glove-gilliflower, *see* Carnations.

Go to bed at noon, *see* Goats-beard.

Goats beard. *Tragopogon.*

P. *The 1. in gardens, the other in fertile pastures.*

T. *They fl. and flourish from May to Septemb.*

N. *Τετραπύγων. Barba hirci. Coma.*

Goats-beard. *Ger.* K. as the purple, and yellow T. Are temperate between heat and moisture. V. The roots boiled in wine and d. h. pains and pricking stiches of the sides. Boiled in water till tender, buttered and eaten they h. the appetite, warme the stomack, h. consumptions, and strengthen those that have been sick of chronicall diseases. *Park.* The distilled water of the 1. and blew, h. old sores and wounds ap. the root is more bitter and binding, than that of the yellow. The other K. is the summer, and the greater with jagged leaves. V. *Trag.* The distilled water h. impostumes, plurisies, griefes of the stomack and liver: and h. the stone.

Goats rue. *Galega.*

P. *In Italy, and gardens planted.*

T. *Fl: in July and August.*

N. *Ruta capraria. Herba Gallica Fracastorii.*

Goats-rue. *Ger.* T. it is in a meane between hot and cold. V. It h. poyson d. and killeth wormes: so ap. fried with linseed oile and ap. to the navill. A spoonefull d. in the morning with milke h. the epilepsie. Boiled in vinegar and d. with treacle, it prevents the plague: eaten in sallads with oile, vinegar, and pepper, it preventeth venemous infirmities, and c. sweat. Ap. it h. the bitings or stings of venemous beasts. *unc. sem.* of the joyce d. h. cramps, convulsions, and the disteases

seases aforesaid. The seeds seed sowle exceedingly. The leaves boiled and ap. h. the stinging of wasps and bees. Park. The juyce taken with treacle, the powder of the roots of tormentill with carduus b. water, and bole arm. prevents infection: it's cordiall: ap. it h. the collick, and gangrenes.

Goats-stones. *Tragorchis*.

P. In fat clayground.

T. They flower in May and June.

N. *Τεγρχις*. *Testiculus hircinus*.

Goats-stones. Ger. *f*: K. as the greatest, the male, female, and small goats-stones of Holland. T. V. They are referred to the Fooles stones; yet they are seldome or never used in Physick. Park. K. as the ordinary and lesser truer. V. Lugd. Dod. The roots of these with the rest, are better than the other orchies, for the purposes aforesaid.

Goats-thorne. *Tragacantha*.

P. In Candy, Arcadia, Achaia, &c.

T. It flowreth and flourisheth in the summer.

N. *Τεγδαγθα*. *Spina hirci*. The last, *Poterion*.

Goats thorne. Ger. *f*: K. as the common, small, and the burnet *g*: T. the plant is dry without burning, it conglutinateh the sinews, especially the roots being boiled in wine and d. The gum dragagant, is emplasticke, some what dry, and allayeth the sharpnesse of humors. V. The gum in a lobsch h. the cough, roughnesse of the throat, hoarsenesse, and all sharp and thin rheumes, and distillations: being laid under the tongue, it h. the roughnesse thereof. d. with cure or the decoction of licorice it h. the heat of urine: it is also used in medicines for the eyes. The gum steeped in rose water untill it be soft, m. with other things, serveth to

H. 5.

make

make the usuall artificiall beades. *Diosc.* The best gum is that which is *diaphanous*, thin, smooth, unmixt, and sweet of smell and taste. *Park.* The gum dissolved in sweet wine and d. h. the gnawings of the bowells, and frettings of the urine, especially with burnt hartshorne. m. with milke, it h. spots in the eyes, and itching and scabbs of the eye-lidds. It stops the flux used in clysters; so the thorny Burnet. *Diatragacanthum frigidum*, *Pharm. Lond.* Or, the composition of gum tragacanth, with the cold seeds, h. hot and dry distempers of the breast and lungs, also consumptions, leanness, inflammations of the sides, and pleuresies, &c. hot and dry coughs, roughnesse of the tongue and jawes: if made into a moist electuary it may be taken with a licorise stick.

Goldilocks. *Adiantum aureum.*

P. In moist places, in rotten trees and crannies.

T. They flourish especially in the summer time.

N. *Muscus capillaris.* *Polytricum aureum.* Golden mosse.

Goldilocks. *Ger. T.* are temperate in heat and cold.

Park. Yet they dry, rarifie, and digest. **V.** *Golden-
maiden-haire* h. to expectorate rough flegme from the chest and lungs, like the rest, being boiled and d. It also provoketh urine, and h. to expell the stone: it's profitable for those that are splenetick, and epileptick. The lye thereof bathed, h. the haire &c. as the rest.

Gods flower, see, Golden flower gent.

Gold cups & knobs, see, Crowfoot.

Golden flower, see, Golden Cud-weed.

Golden moth-wort, see, Golden Cudweed.

Gold of pleasure. *Myagrum*.

P. In sundry places of England.

T. Fl: in May and June: the seed is ripe in September.

N. *Mūyegv*. *Pseudomyagrum* Math. *Sesamum* Tragi.

Gold of pleasure. Ger. T. is hot and dry 3°. V. Diosc. the oile fatnesse of the seed polisheth the skinne, and maketh it smooth. Ruell: the iuyce h. ulcers of the mouth. Park. K. as the wilde, round podded like, and the greater one grained. T. Gal. the seed is emplasticke. V. the oile is hot and c. thirst d. It serveth in Germany for poor mens tables, and rich mens lamps, and with the lye of ashes to make sope. the wild is like the first.

Golden-rod. *Virga aurea*.

P. In Woods frequently.

T. They flower and flourish in the end of Aug.

N. It's thought to be *Leucographis* Plinii.

Golden-rod. Ger. K. as the common, and Arnold's T. is hot and dry 2° and clenseth with a certaine astringition. V. it provoketh urine, wasteth the stone (so *Gm.*) in the kidnies and expells them: and purgeth raw humors out of the ureters. It's vulnerary and operates as Saracens confound. the distilled water d. for some dayes together worketh the same effect. It excels for stopping of bloud in sanguinolent ulcers and wounds. Park. K. as that with dented leaves. V. Golden rod decoct and d. h. inward bruises, so ap. it stops, bleedings, fluxes, and the courses, and h. ruptures, and fastens the teeth, also it's used in lotions for ulcers in the mouth, or privities.

Gendell:

Gondeli of Italy. *Cymbalaria Italica.*

P. In gardens and other shadowie places: on thatch &c.

T. Fl. in the beginning of summer.

N. *Umbilicus Veneris* offic. *Lonic.* *Linaria* hed. fol. *Columna.*

Gondeli of Italy. *Johns.* T. is cold and moist, repell-
ing, scouring, and wasting. *Park.* V. it's thought to be
a fit substitute for *umbilicus Veneris*, and hath some
astringent. *Marth.* It stops the whites being eaten often
in sallads, after the manner of the Italians. A conserve
of the leaves, or a syrrup of the juice may serve instead
thereof. also it cureth wounds, and stops blood the
juice being ap. and also ripens apostumes.

Good night at noone, see Venice-mallow.

Good King Henry, see English mercury.

Goose berry bush. *Grossularia.*

P. In gardens and diverse places.

F. The leaves appeare in Aprill: the fruit is ripe in June
and July.N. *1665. Theoph.* *Uva crispa.* *Spina.* *Spinella.*

Goose-berry bush *Ger.* T. the berries before they be
ripe, are cold and dry *fine 2di*, and also binding. V. the
fruit is used instead of sauces, and in broths instead of
varjuice, in hot burning agues. they c. raw and cold
bloud, nourish little, stay the belly and stop bleeding,
and menses; except taken into a cold stomach, then
they clog and trouble the same by some manner of flux.
the ripe berries as they are sweeter so lesse binding and
something hot, of more nourishment and not so crude.
the juice of green goose berries h. all inflammations, the
grissipelas and *S. Antonies fire*: so *Fuch.* they c. appetite,
and h. hot stomacks & livers, the young leaves eaten raw
in a sallad, provoke urine and expell the stone. *Park.*

R. as the great red, and prickly. Dod. the berries used any way are of dry, cold, and crude nutriment. Col. too much eaten they c. crudity and worms.

Goose-bill, see Clivers or Goose-grass.

Goose-chire, see Agrimony.

Goose-foot. *Pes anserinus.*

P. In fat moist places, on dung-hills, by high wayes.

T. It flourisheth with the Orach, of which it is a kind.

N. *Chenopodium. Atriplex Sylvestris latifolia*, wild Arach.

Goose-foot, Ger: *J. K.* as the first and second. T. is cold, and moist, and that no lesse than Orach, but more cold. V. it is reported, that it killeth swine eating of it: it is not used in physick, so Lob. nor sallad. Park. It's held to be deadly taken inwardly. Lugd. Fach. It's cold 2°. Dod. fere 3°. ap. it operates as garden night-shades

Goose-grass, see Clivers.

Goose-nest, see Birds-nest.

Goose-share, see Goose-grass.

Goise, see Furze.

Gourds. *Cucurbita.*

P. In the gardens of these cold Regions: as Cucumbers.

T. Fl. in June and July; the fruit is ripe in August.

N. *Κολοκύθη ἐδάδιμα* Colocynthis.

Gourds. Ger. K. as the snake's and bottle gourds T. the pulp is cold and moist 2°. V. the juice being dropped into the eares with oile of roses, h. the paine thereof caused by heat. the pulp ap. as a *pultis* h. all hot swellings, the head-ach and inflammations of the eyes. the same author affirmeth that a long Gourd being laid in the cradle by the young infant whilst it is a sleep. & sick of an ague, it shall be quickly cured. the
pulpe

pulp is eaten *ſod*, but being of a wateriſh and thin juice, it's oligotrophick or of ſmall nourishment, and the ſame cold and moiſt, and therefore looſeneth the belly: if baked or fried it becomes leſſe laxative. the ſeed provoketh urine & h. the ſharpenſſe thereof. The wild Gourd. *Cucurbita ſylveſtris*. K. as the bottle, and Muſſurum. T. is hot and dry 2. V. it's extreme bitter ſo it openeth and ſcours as the wild mellons, ſo alſo doth the wine contained all night in this Gourd, and mightily evacuateth chollerick and phlegmatick humours. Park. K. as the long, ſimnell, Indian ovall, and pearre ſhion'd. V. they h. choller, and inflammations of the liver and ſtomack. the diſtilled water of the unripe. h. thirſt in agues: and ap. h. all inflammations and luſt, the aſhes h. all ulcers. the ſeed h. heate and the ſtone. the cheſtnut Gourd c. venery eaten. the ſoure *Æthiopian* h. heat and fluxes. Scr. 2. of the bitter ſc. of the pulpe purge choller and tough humors.

Goute wort *Herba Gerardi.*

P. It groweth of it ſelfe in gardens.

T. Fl. from May to Aug.

N. *Podagraria Germanica*, *Pycnomos Brunfelsii.*

Goute-wort. Ger. T. Is anodyne. V. the herb with the roots ſtamped & ap. h. members that are troubled with the gour, aſwageth the paine and h. the ſwellings and inflammations thereof. It cureth alſo the hamorrhoids, the fundament being bathed with the decoction of the leaves & roots, & the tender ſodden herbs ap. very hot. Park. Upon good experience it's ſound good to h. the cold gout and ſciatica: joynt aches, and other cold griefs. Lob. It's ap. for the ſame diſeaſes, that Dane-wort is.

Grace of God, ſee S. Johns wort or Hedge hyſſop.
Grains, ſee Ducks-meat.

Grains

Graines of Paradise. *Cardamomum.* *

P. Grains grow in Ginny, and Cardamoms in the East Indies.

T. The seed being sown springs in May: the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *Καρδάμωμον*. Grana Paradisi.

Graines of Paradise. Ger. K. as the greater, and lesser? T. Avic. Are hot and dry 30. with astringion. V. the graines chewed in the mouth draw forth aqueous & pituitous humors of the head, & stomach: they also comfort & warme the feeble breast, h. the ague, and rid the shaking fits being drank with sack, *Park*. They break the stone, provoke urine, and resist poyson. The perfume killeth the fetus. They h. the epilepsie, and cough, expell the wind and wormes, they h. pains in the bowels, ease bruises, h. weake sinewes and the sciatica: with vineger they h. scabs, and are used in antidotes. Pem H. they hurt hot and dry bodies: the dose of the powder is scr. 1. or 2.

Grape flower, see Hyacinth.

Sea grape, see Sea cluster.

Grape wort, see Herb-christopher.

Grasse. *Gramen.*

P. The common almost every where: the small in dry places.

T. All the yeare, seed in June and July.

N. *Ἀγρωσις*, & *πῶμα* Theoph. Herba.

Grasse. Ger. J. K. as that of the meadow, and small meadow gr. T. the roots & seeds open obstructions, and provoke urine, and are more used than the herb. V. the decoction of the herbe with the roots of parsley d. h. the dropsie and provokes urine. The roots Gal. consolidate fresh wounds. The juice of grasse mixt with hony and the powder of southerne wood d. killeth wormes in children

children : or the juice ap. to the belly with oxe gall, if young and weak, wetting a cloth therein. *Fernel.* *Grasse* openeth the liver and reins, and h. their inflammations. *Hay* sodden till tender in water and ap. hot h. beasts that be chap fallen, for want of meat. *Dwarf-grasse.* K. as the red and white, small hard, and rash *grasse*, or *toadgrasse.* T. V. are thought to agree with that of the meadow, but are not yet used in physick. *Corne-grasse, Gramen segetale.* K. as the common and bent. T. V. are thought to agree with the first, but are not used in physick. *Millet-grasse, gramen miliaceum.* K. as the common, & great water gr. T. V. as the rest. *Darnell-grasse, gramen forghinum* K. as the common, with the wild reed, and lesser reed *grasse.* T. V. are not discovered. The feather top, *ferne*, and greater wood gr. T. V. are not known. *Great foxtaile-grasse, gramen alpecuroides.* K. as the great; small. great and small bastard. T. V. are not used. *Great Cats taile-grasse, gramen typhinum.* T. V. is not discovered. *Cypress-grasse, and rushy water.* T. V. are useless. *Water-grasse, gramen aquaticum.* K. as the common, and spiked. T. V. are referred to the dogs grass. *Float-grass, gramen fluviale.* K. as the common and spiked. T. V. are not discovered. *Kneed-grasse, gramen geniculatum.* K. as the common, and water. T. V. are not known. *Panick, gramen panniceum.* K. as the bearded small, and single eared. T. V. are not discovered. *Hedge-hog-grasse, gramen echinatum.* with the hairy and round headed *silver-grasse.* T. V. *Casalp.* The head of the *silver-grasse* ap. h. green wounds and stops bleeding. *Hairy wood-grasse, gramen hirsutum nemorosum,* with the *Cyperus.* T. V. are as unknown as the former. The other grasses. K. as the *seaspikes, salt marsh, sea rush, marsh rush, great, and small Cypress-grasse, water and spike-cypress, and wood rushy-grasse.* T. V. are not discovered. *Dogs-grasse, or couch-grasse, gramen caninum.* K. as the common, and knotted *Doggs gr.* T. the roots agree with those of the common *grasse*, opening the liver and reins without manifest heat, but more effectually. V. *Couch-grasse* helpeth green wounds. The decoction h. the reins, and

and bladder, and expelleth urine and gravell. *Gal.* the root stamped and ap. speedily h. wounds. The decoction h. the tormina and dysury. the knots d. h. the stranguary. *Sea dogs-grasse*, and *sea couch-grasse*. *gramen marinum caninum*. T. V. operate as the dogs grasse: so the upright dogs grasse, *gramen caninum supinum*. and *Lady-lace*. *Dew grasse*, *gramen manna esculentum*. *Cocks-foot* common, and with creeping roots. T. are astringent and drying in tast like the Dogs-grass V. *Apul.* A plaister made hereof with hogs grease and the leaven of household bread h. the bitings of mad dogs. The tripartite eare being ap. diverteth the destuxions or flowing of the humors to the eyes, and h. the bleer eyed being bound about the neck. *Manna grasse*, or *rice grasse*, *gramen manna*. V. In pultises it discusseth the hard tumors or swellings in womens breasts. *Cocks-foot dogs grasse* operates as the other doggs grasses. The other *Cyprus grasse*. K. as the great narrow leaved, bastard, long bastard, round bastard, and millet cyperus. T. In tast seem to be cold and astringent. V. as yet they are not used in physick. *Mountaine hauer*, and *capon-taile grasse*. T. V. are not discovered. *Cotton-grasse*. *gramen tamentarium* T. V. d. sodden in wine h. the tormina of childing women. *Water gladiol.* *Gladiolus palustris*. T. V. is not used. *Park.* K. as the corne grasses, sc. the close eared, rush leaved white wheat gras, &c. the d'arnel, field oaten, wood & mountain oaten, millet, quakers, fox taile, bastard fox tai'e, cats taile, cyperus, kneed, reed, smooth wood, hairy wood, prickly headed, rush grasses, are not of any known use in physick. *Pem. Couch grasse* h. the hæmoptisis or spitting of blood. *Meadow grass*. V. the seed thereof ap. discusseth flatulent swellings, and obdurate tumors in the body. The panick grasse hurteth sheep. The curled panick grass is said to operate as quich grasse. Crested and spiked grass come neer the temper of the other field grasses. the variable spiked c. milk in beasts. the *Canary grass* T. is drying & repressing. V. it stops the fluxibility of humors The seed makes bread of little nourishment. The juice h. diseases of the bladder, & is the substitute for millet
in

in fomentations and plaisters. The *bastard* doth not much differ from the true. The *knobbed couch grasse*. V. is better than the common. It h. inflammations: the seed h. lasks and vomitings. The root is cold and dry with a little mordacity, and tenuity of parts: the seed is colder and dryer and somewhat harsh. The herb is cold 10, moderate in moisture, and in dryness. The *distilled water* d. killeth wormes. *Cocks-foot grasse*. V. bruised and ap. it stayes bleeding: the spike being put into the nose causeth it. *Egyptian cocks foot grass*. V. ap. h. wounds. the root and seeds d. provoke urine, expell the pox &c. h. fevers and cause sweat. *Haver grass*. T. it dryeth without sharpness. V. it h. the *ægilops*. the seeds d. inebriate. the ashes of the stalkes h. the gout. *Deco'd* and ap. it h. nodes and joynt swellings. the herb boi'd in wine with dried roses h. a stinking breath: in water with the root of wild oats, hony and aloes h. the polypus. The *cyperus grasses*, with the *rush-like grasses*, of the marshes, waters &c. and the *marsh reed grasses*. T. V. are not of any known use. *Common cotton grasse*. V. Cord. decoct in wine and taken warme h. the griping pains of the belly. their *woolly heads* serve for the stuffing of beds. the *water grasses*. V. serve onely for the food of beasts. The roots of the *sea quich grass* operate as the ordinary sort. All the sorts of *unsavory Cyperus*. T. are defective in heat and dryness. V. and not used for any purpose in physick: so also *water gladioll*. The *fresh water excrescencies*, or *water weeds*. Plin. Bound to the body and kept moist h. the bruises, ruptures, and contusions thereof. *Silkegrasse*. Smith. V. the Virginians use the roots thereof being bruised and ap. to cure wounds. Lob. The root of grasse is sweet and subacerb, of a mean, slender, and somewhat inciding substance, which without heat openeth the intralls, expells impurities, and detergeth. Apul. The root conglutinateth ulcers.

Grasse of Parnassus, *see* White liver-wort.

Sheer-grasse, *see* Wild reed.

Greening-weed, *see*, Base-broome.

Gratia dei, *see* Crowfoot. Crans-bill.

Three-leaved grasse, *see* meadow trefoile.

Green mustard, *see* Dittander.

Gromell. *Lithospermum*.

P. The two first grow in untilled places: the rest on sands.

T. Fl. from the 12. day of June untill Autumne.

N. *Αἰθέραιον*. *Gorgonium*. *Ægonychon*. *Leontion*.
Diosporon.

Gromell. *Ger. J.* K. as the great, and small, purple flowered, and bastard. T. the seed is hot and dry 20. V. the seed confused and d. in white wine, breaketh the stone and expelleth urine. *Park.* K. as the greater creeping, small wild, small with tufted tops, small corne and Germane grom. T. the two first are hot and dry 20. V. these are most used: the rest are less effectvall. They h. the strangury. The seeds boiled in barley water with the four greater cold seeds, and d. in the morning h. the stone. *Math.* drach. 1. sem. of the greater and lesser. drach. sem. of spleenwort. drach. 2. of white amber powdered and d. for diverse dayes together in the juyce of plantaine, purslaine and lettuce h. the gonorrhœa, drach. 2. of the seed d. h. the delivery of women.

Ground furz, *see* Cammock.

Ground-pine, *Chamapitys*.

P. They grow in Kent very plentifully: and in gardens.

T. They flower in June and often in Aug.

N. *Χαμπίτυς*. *Ibiza*. *Ajuga*. *Iva arthritica* & *Moscata*.

Ground-pine. *Ger. J.* K. as the male and female, small,
French,

French, bastard, and Austrian. T. are hot 2^o. dry 3^o.
V. the *leaves* tunned up in ale, infused in wine, or sod-
den in hony and d. for 8. or 10. dayes h. the jaundise,
sciatica, stoppings of the liver and difficulty of making
water; it opens the spleen and expels the menses.
Stamped green with hony it h. wounds and malignant
ulcers dissolveth the hardness of womens breasts, and
h. poison and birings of venomous beasts. The decocti-
on d. dissolveth congealed blood, and with vineger
expelleth the dead child: it clenseth the intralls, h. the
infirmities of the liver and kidnies and yellow jaundise.
d. in wine it provoketh the menses and urine: boiled
in meade and d. it h. the sciatica in 4^o. dayes. It is an
antidote against wolfs-bane. The *powder* taken in pills
with a fig mollifyeth the belly, wasteth the tumors of
the paps h. wounds and putrified ulcers ap. with ho-
ny; *sc.* the 1. the other two operate not so effectually.
The *Austrian* is thought to be much better. *Many-flow-
red ground pine* and *stinking Anthyllus* l. with the *sea
pimpernell*. T. are in a meane between hot and cold.
V. halfe an ounce of the dried *leaves* d. h. hot urine,
and the strangury, and purgeth the reins. Taken with
oxymel it h. the falling sickness d. first and last. *Park*
the first cleanse impure blood, and open the belly, and
h. all diseases of the mother. d. and ap. it h. all diseases
of the joynts and cold griefs of the braine, so the *pills*
thereof: and h. the drop sic. the stinking d. and ap.
stops defluxions. *Syrupus iuxta arthritica, five chamapi-
tyns, Pharm. Lond.* or, *syrup of groundpine*, seems to be
opening, expels wind, provokes the termes, hastens
the after birth, and h. such as are not well clensted after
labour. Also it dryes and strengthens the braine, nerves
and joynts; and digests gouty humours, and firs them
for evacuation. It is good for the headach. from a cold
cause and provokes urine.

Ground saligot, *see* Land Caltrop.Ground-sell. *Senecio.*P. *It groweth almost every where.*T. *Fl. almost every month in the yeare.*N. *Herzog. Erigerum. Herbutum.*

Ground sell. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, and first, and second Cotton gr. T. It hath mixt faculties, it cooleth, and withall digesteth. V. the leaves boiled in wine or water and d. h. the pain of the stomach of cholter. The leaves and fl. stamped with hogs grease h. the burning heat of the privities and fundament : a little saffron or salt being added, it h. struma's or the kings evill. The leaves stamped, strained into milk and d. h. the red gums and frets in children. *Diosc.* with the fine powder of frankincense, it h. wounds in the sinewes : so the down m. with vinegar. Boiled in ale with a little hony and vinegar it c. vomit, especially a few roots of assarabacca being added. *Park. K.* as the *Miconous's Spanish*, and the *stinking*. T. *Trag.* it's cold and moist. *Plin.* d. in wine it h. the jaundice and epilepsie, and pain of the bladder and stone. *drach. i.* d. in oxymel, also it h. the sciatica, and collick. Eaten with vinegar in a *sallet*, it h. the sadnesse of the hearr, and defect of the liver : it provoketh the courses—*wp.* it h. hor swellings and pains of womens breasts : so the *distilled water*, and h. defluxions to the eyes.

Ground needles, *see* Muskcd cranes bill.Ground enel, *see* Venus comb.Groundwill, *see* Groundswell.Gutwort, *see* Herb terrible.

Hares

H.

Hard-beam-tree, *see* Horn-beam.

Hares ballocks, *see* Fox-stones.

Harebells, *see* English Hyacinths.

Haireue, *see* Clivers.

Hares eye, *see* Wild campion.

Hares colewort, *see* Sow-thistle.

Hares-beard, *see* Mullein.

Hard-hay, *see* S. Peters-wort.

Hard-how, *see* Marigolds.

Hammer wort, *see* Pellitory of the wall.

Hares eares. *Bupleurum*. *

P. Among Oaken woods in stony grounds.

T. Fl. and bring forth seed in July and Aug.

N. Βυπλευρον. *Auricula leporis*.

Hares eares. *Ger. K.* as the narrow and broad leaved. T. are temperate in heat and dryness. V. it serveth in meats for *salads*: it is vulnerary also. The leaves stamped with salt and wine ap. consume and drive away the Kings evill, and are used against the stone in the bladder. *Park. Plin.* The seed or root powdered and decoct in wine and d. so the leaves also h. the bitings & stingings of venomous beasts: applied it provoketh urine and the courses. It h. wounds inward or outward, cancers and old sores, of evill disposition, and bad curation. *Bauh.* The yellow tufted is somewhat sharp, and a little bitter, and an *apophlegmatisme*. *Dod.* the seed is hot and dry 20.

Hares

[Hares-foot. *Lagopus*.

P. The first groweth in gardens, the small among
corne &c.

T. They flower and flourish in June, July and August.

N. Λαγώπους. The first is called *Lagopodium*. *Cytisus*
Trag. The other *Pes leporis*.

Hares-foot. Ger. *J.* as the great, great large beaded
and narrow leaved little. T. the small hares foot doth
bind and dry. V. It stoppeth the lask, d. with red
wine, and with water by those that are feverish. The
temper and faculty of the rest are referred to the other
trefoiles whereof they are kinds, *Park.* K. as the bright
red, and common. T. all the parts thereof as also the rest,
but especially the spiked heads do dry and bind. V. *Lob.*
the first especially d. in wine h. fluxes and ap. to the
share h. the inflammations thereof. *Matth.* also it h.
belchings of choller and pain of the belly, the seeds be-
ing d. in red wine. It h. hot urine, hæmoptysis and
gonorrhœa's, and cures ruptures.

Hares-stones, see *Serapias* stones.

Good King Harry, see *English Mercury*.

Harts claver, see *Melilote*.

Harts horne, see *Bucks horne*.

Harts-ease. *Viola tricolor*.

P. In gardens, and fields, in many places.

T. Fl. all summer till autumn.

N. αβύσσω. *Herba trinitatis*, & *Clavellata*. *Viola*
flammea.

Harts ease. Ger. K. as the common, upright, wild, and
stony. T. is obscurely cold. and evidently moist, slimy
like the Mallow, it moisteneth and suppleth, yet not
so much as the Mallow. V. It h. agues, convulsions and
the falling sickness, It h. inflammations of the lungs and
chest,

chest, scabs, itchings and ulcers. The *distilled water of the herbs or flower d.* for 10. dayes. *unc. 3.* in the morn. ing, and so at night h. the French pox. *Park. K.* as the greater, lesser, and double flowered. T. they are hotter and dryer than Violets. *Lugd.* those of *Ægypt* use it for the epilepsie.

Harts thorn, *see* Buck thorn.

Hart root, *see* Herb Frankincense.

Harts tongue. *Phyllitis.*

P. By the *waysides*, in *shadowie*, moist, stony vallies.

T. It is green all the yeare long; yet lesse in winter.

N. *QUALITIS. Radiolus Apuleii. Lingua Cervina Foliosa.*

F Harts tongue. *Ger. J. K.* as the common and finger, *moon ferne*, small, and banded *moonferne*, *Hemionitis*. T. It is of a binding and drying faculty. V. the common harts tongue h. fluxes; and d. in wine, the bitings of serpents, so *Turn.* It openeth the liver and spleen, and h. all griefs proceeding of oppilations. *Park.* It h. the heat of the liver and stomach, it stops the laske, and bloody flux. The *distilled water* thereof h. the passions of the heart, and stayeth the hicket, also it h. the falling of the pallate, and stoppeth the bleeding of the gums, the mouth being gargled therewith. *Lugd. Gal.* It's acerb, therefore it h. the diarrhoea, &c. *Col.* It h. spitting of blood and other fluxes. The *posset drink* thereof with white wine h. the stone. It h. the jaundice, and Kings evill &c. *Syrupus de lingua cervina, Pharm. Lond.* or the Syrup of harts tongue, h. stoppings of melancholy, opens obstructions of the liver and spleen, and h. splenetick evils; therefore it's excellent in the rickets, and for such as are liver-grown, a spoonfull being aken in the morning by children troubled therewith; and 3 or 4 by men, that are troubled.

bled with the spleen, known by pain and hardness in the left side, it is an excellent remedy.

Harvest bells, see Calathian violets.

Hartwort. *Seseli Æthiopicum*.

P. In gardens planted: the last in stony places.

T. They flower and flourish in September.

N. Σίσυλι. Sile: those of Candy are cal'd *Terdilia*.

Hart-wort. Ger. *J. K.* as the *small of Candy*, and the *great*: the *mountaine*, and that of *Marseilles*. T. it is concocting and diureticall. V. it h. the strangury, provoketh urine, and expelleth the secundine and dead child. It h. coughs, and shortness of breath, the suffocation of the mother, and the falling sickness. The seed d. with wine, concocteth raw humors, and h. torments of the belly and agues. The juyce of the leaves given to beasts causeth speedy delivery of their young. Hart-wort of *Æthiopia*. T. V. Is thought to agree with those of *Marseilles*. Park. K. as the *true of Diosc.* the *meadow of Mompelier*, *English green Saxifr.* *Milky marsh*, *mountain hemlock-like*, and that of *Pelopon*. V. The *English* h. the collick, and the frets of Children. The best is the *Æthiopian*.

Haskell-tree. *Avellana Sylvestris*.

P. In woods, and moist untilld places.

T. The catkins fall away in March: the nuts are ripe in August.

N. Καρύα πορτικὴ καὶ λεπτοκαρύα. *Cory'us. Nux Pontica, Tenuis, Heracleotica*.

Haskell tree. Ger. K. as the *filberd*, *wilde hedge*, and *filberd of Constant*. T. the nuts newly gathered are superfluously moist, and windie; so the dry also: dyspeptick, of an earthy and terrene essence, and hard substance

substance slowly passing through the belly; so clogge the stomach, and cause head-ache much eaten. V. the kernells made into milke like almonds, mightily bind the belly, h. laskes, and bloody flux, and coole agues, and burning feavers, the catkins are cold and dry, and stop laskes. *Johns.* the kernells of nuts rather cause than cure the laske. *Park.* the milke drawn from the nuts with meade h. old coughs: parched and d. with pepper they h. rheume. *drach:* 2. of the huskes and shells d. in red wine, stop laskes and the courses. *Begu.* the herac-line oyle of the hasel tree h. the epilepsie, paine, and kills wormes. *Ern.* the oyle of haselwood is extersive and mundifies wounds.

Haske wort, see Throat-wort.

Hather, see Heath.

Haver, see Oates.

Hawke-weed. *Hieracium.*

P. In untilled places, the borders of fields, &c.

T. Fl: all summer long.

N. Ἱεράκιον. *Accipitrina. Lampuca. Porcellia Gaza.*

Hawke-weed. *Ger. J. K.* as the great, small hares, black, succorie, endive, long rooted, sharpe, crooked 1 & 2d, broad leaved mountaine, and the lesser broad leaved mountaine. T. Are cold, dry, and somewhat binding. V. they are in operation like lowthistle. the juyce of the yellow dropped into the eyes h. the sight. It h. a hot stomach, and inflammations ap. the herbe and root being stamped and ap. h. those that are stung with scorpions. which the lesser performe as well as the greater. the other hawke-weeds. K. as the 1, 5, 6, 7, of *Clasius*, the small of Candy, and Dandelion. T. V. are not known. *Park.* K. as the rough and bulbed dandeleon like. T. V. as the rest. the jayce d. in wine h. crudities in the stomach, dysury and poyson. d. with vineger it h. the dropisie. decoct with hony it h. flegme, and the cough with hylope. with

With wild succory it h. the collick, reines, and bladder. the water h. freckles. the rough h. plurifies. so the 1 of *Clusius*, and h. the collick. the rest K. as the long rooted &c. as the first.

Hawthorne tree. *Oxyacantha*.

P. In woods and hedges, almost every where.

T. Fl. in May, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *Ὀξύανθος* Gal. *Amyrberis Serapionis*.

Hawthorne. Ger. K. as the common, and that of *Cum-berland*. T. the fruit is very astringent. V. the hawes stop the laske and menses, and all other fluxes of bloud. the stones beaten to powder and d. h. the stone. Park. the powder of the stones d. in wine h. the drop sic. the distilled water of the fl. steeped 3 daies in wine, and d h. the plurific, and inward tormenting paines, and stops laskes. it is cooling and drawing. and ap. attracteth things fixed in the flesh. *Schwenck*. the kernells powdered and d. break the stone. the root ap. is magneticall.

Hazel wort, see *Asarabacca*.

Heale-dog, see *Mad-wort*.

Herb Benet, see *Avens*, or *Hemiock*.

Herbe Christopher. *Aconitum baccif*.

P. In the North parts of England.

T. Fl. in May and June. the fr. is ripe before Autumn.

N. *Herba Christophoriana*. *Napellus Racemosus* Lugd.

Herbe Christopher. Ger. T. It's of the nature of the *Aconites*. V. It's thought to be of a venomous and deadly quality, so uselesse. Park. K. As the common, and that of America. V. By the taste they seem not pernicious. *Clus. acetab*: 1. taken h. the aqueose diseases of women.

Herbe Frankincense. *Libanotis*. *

P. In the desarts and mountains of Germany.

T. Fl: in July and August.

N: *Διβανotis*. *Cervina alba*, & *Cervicaria*.

Herbe Frankincense. Ger. K. as the great, small, black, and rosemary. T. these herbs with their seeds and roots, are hot and dry 2., and digest, dissolve, and mundify. V. the leaves pounded stop the flux of the piles, and supple the swellings, and inflammations of the fundament: swellings of the throat, and ripen botches hardly brought to suppuration. the juyce of the leaves and roots m. with hony ap. quickeneth the sight. the seed m. with hony clenseth rotten ulcers, and consumeth cold and hard swellings. the leaves and roots boiled till soft, and m. with darnell meale and vineger ap. h. the goutte. taken in wine and pepper it h. the jaundise, c. sweat, and with oyle ap: h. ruptures. It h. the white spots of the skinne, and rifts in the hands or feet. Park: K. as the white. V. It increaseth milke in nurles breasts, the root being taken in wine. Also it easeth the paines of the stomach and belly, and the bitings of venomous beasts. It provoketh urine, and the termes: it h. cramps: the juyce ap. to the forehead h. the eyes, and stopps rheume.

Herb Gerard, see Goutwort.

Herb Grace, see Rue.

Herb Joy, see Ground-pine.

Herb of Mars, see Marragon.

Herb Paris, see herb True love.

Herb Peter, see Cowslip.

Herb Robert see Cranesbill,

-Herb

Herbe Terrible. *Alypum Monspelienfium*. *

P. In mountaine and gravelly ground in France,

T. Fl: in February and March.

N. Ἄλυπον. *Alypum montis ceti*. *Herba terribilis Narbon*.

Herbe terrible. Ger: With gut wort, Tarton-raire Gallo-provincia. T. Johns. Are catharticke like the Tithymal's, the latter comes neer to the quality of Mezercon, and therefore is carefully to be used, being apt to cause the dysentery, and immoderate fluxes. Park: Diosc: It purgeth melancholy taken in the q. of epithymum, with a little salt and vineger. Plin: the dose is from drach. 2. to 6. Gutwort purgeth choller, phlegme, and water, and that with violence.

Herb Trinity, see Noble Liver wort.

Herbe True love. *Herba Paris*.

P. In woods frequently in England.

T. Fl: in Aprill. the berry is ripe in May.

N. The 2d *Herba Paris*, triphyllos. *Solanum Tetraphyl*. Lob.

Herbe True love. Ger. T. is exceeding cold, so h. the force of poyson. V. the berries given by the space of 20 daies h. against poyson, or halfe a spoonesfull d. in the morning fasting, and also h. those that are without understanding. Camerar. the leaves ap. h. green wounds, and the powder of the roots d. h. gripings, and pains of the collick. Hereof is made an antidote, as followeth. take of the domestick and field angelica, offwallow-wort, garden valerian, polipody of the oake, of the roots of marsh-mallow and nettles, an. drach. 4. of the barke of the mezercon tree drach. 2. graines of herbe true love n^o 24. and leaves of the same n^o 36. the roots being macerated in vineger and dried, make all into a powder for use. Park. K. as that of Canada with a round

Foot. V. the berries are thought to be hypnoticke d. at night, the leaves clense, and heale old ulcers, discusse tumors, and allay inflammations, and tumors of the privities. the juyce h. the eyes, and felons.

Herbe Two pence. *Nammularia.*

P. It groweth neer unto ditches and water.

T. Fl. from May, till summer be well spent.

N. *Centummorbia, Serpentaria, Hirundinaria quorundam Bauh.*

Herbe Two-pence. Ger. J: K. as the common, and purple fl. money-wort. **T.** Is dry, moderately cold and binding. **V.** the flowers and leaves stamped and ap. h. ulcers and wounds, more effectually if boiled in oile olive, with some rosin, wax and turpentine. the juyce d. in wine h. the bloody fluxe, and all other issues of blond, laskes, vomiting of blond, and whites in women. *Boyled* with wine and hony it h. wounds of the inward parts, and ulcers of the lungs, and is a most excellent traumattick herbe. The herbe boiled in wine, with a little hony or mead, h. the cough in children, called the chine cough. *Recch.* K. as the Indian money fl. **T.** The root is glutinous, a little bitter, yet cold. **V.** d. it h. fevers, fluxes, and urine stoppt. *Park.* K. as the small. **T.** V. as the rest, with chalybeat water h. ulcers.

Herb William, see Bishops-weed.

Heath. *Erica.*

P. Dry, hungry, and barren mountains, &c.

T. Fl. all the summer, to the end of September.

N. *'Επεικν. Tetralix veterum. Sijera Varronis.* That of Jerico is called *Rosa Maria.*

Heath. Ger. J. K. as the common, rough leaved, the great with white flowers, great with purple flowers, crossed,

crossed, steeple, small leaved, chalice, bearing berries, small leaved with berries, Dodonaus his dwarf, that with three branches at a joynt, Lobel's strange, creeping Dutch, and small Austrian heath. T. Gal. doth consume by vapours, and digest: the flowers and leaves, are to be used. V. the tender tops and flowers ap. h. the stings and bitings of venemous beasts. the bark and leaves may be used for Tamarisk. Heath of Jerico, or Heath-rose, Rosa Hiericotes. T. V. is not as yet found out. Park. K. as the great with purplish green fl. brush, small, upright without branches, white, and black berried. T. are somewhat drying and a little bitter, except the last. V. the fl. decoct h. pains of the body, stone, sight and gour. The white berries h. agues and thirst.

Hedge-bells, *see* small Bindweed.

Helme, *see* Matweed.

Hellebor. - *Helleborus.*

P. On mountains, where Gentian growes.

T. Fl. in May and June: the black, sooner.

N. *ΕΑΛΙΣΟΡ*. *Veratrum album. Sanguis Herculeus.*

Hellebor. Ger. K. as the white, and timely white. T. the root is hot and dry 3°. V. the root of the white c. vomit and expelleth superfluous humors, h. the epilepsie, phrensies, sciatica, dropxies, poyson, and all cold diseases of hard curation, and is to be used only in hard and strong bodies. The root cut small and put into fistula's mundifie them, and remove callous matter hindering curation, that so it may be healed by sarcotick remedies *sc.* the black. the powder c. sneezing & purgeth slimie humors. the root d. in the weight of two pence h. ague. It killeth mice & rats made up with hony & wheat flower. Plin. it h. the lousie evill. The wild Hellebore, Helleborine. K. as the white and narrow leaved wild. T. are thought to be hot and dry. V. their faculties are referred to the first, whereof they are kinds. The de-

coltion d. opens the liver, and h. the Imperfections thereof. the *black hellebor* of Diosc. T. V. is referred to the black which is of greater force. *Black hellebore*, *Helleborus niger*. K. as the true, wild, great ox-heel, and setterwort. T. is hot and dry 30° and hotter then the white. V. it purgeth flegme, choller and melancholly: it h. those that are furious, pensive, leprous, melancholy, epileptick, or are sick of a quarran ague. the dose is scr. 3. it is given with wine of raisins or oxymel, with aromaticall seeds, and is made stronger by adding gr. 1. or 2. of scammonie. the first of these kinds is best, then the second. the rest are of less efficacy. the roots h. the morpew, spots, tetters, ring-wormes, leprosie, and scabs. the roots sodden in portage with flesh open, and h. the dropisie. the preparation of the roots in the *London Pharmacopœia*, sc. by sleeping them 3 dayes in juyce of quinces, by moderate heat, after pithed, and then dryed. The root of the bastard hellebore, or beares foot, d. in wine. operates as the true black hellebore and killeth wormes, powdered and drach. 1. d. in wine. Boyled in water with rue and agrimonie it h. the jaundise, and purgeth forth yellow superfluities. the leaves of bastard hellebore dryed, and the powder taken in a figge or raisin, or strewed upon bread spread with hony and eaten, killeth wormes. *Hart*. The essence of black hellebor h. the gout. *Park*. K. as the fennell leaved bastard, that of *Matth*: and sanicle-like black Hel. V. it h. the liver, old pains of the head, consumptions, aches and pains of the teeth: and deafness and ulcers ap. It's corrected by quinces, sc. the white. The black put into the eares of beasts h. their poysonous diseases. The branches of the roots of the black hellebore put in, h. the callosity of the fistula of the bladder. *Vinum helleboratum*, *Pharm. Lond.* or *Helleborated wine*, is a strong purger. Also it's onely for strong bodies; to purge by vomit in case of epilepsies in grown persons, old melanchollies, and madness thereof arising, and for green sickness maidens of a strong nature. the D. is halfe a spoonfull with *unc. 1.* of simple oxymel, *unc. sem.* of syrup

syrup of marsh mallows, and *unc.* 1. of walnut water.

But white hellebore is warily to be used, being most violent and dangerous. *Mel helleboratum*, *P. L.* or *hony helleborated*, is of the nature of the former, but clensing. It h. melancholy. Also it's violent and not to be used, but with great caution, in strong bodies, and when gentle remedies wil not serve, as in madness, desperate melancholies, epilepsies in grown persons and dropies in strong bodies: the D. is *drach.* 1. or 2. with posset drink, or a decoction of marsh mallows fasting, and posset drink with sweet butter melted in it to drink when it workes: and *unc.* 1. or 2. of oile of sweet almonds to drink after the working of it: and the D. may be augmented till competently working. *Oxymel helleboratum*, Also h. madness, melancholly, palsies, epilepsies, convulsions, green sickness; mightily opens obstructions of all kinds, brings away urine, courses, sweat, and hæmorrhoides where there is an inclination in nature thereto: the D. is *unc. sem.* or *drach.* 1. in whey or posset drink after generall remedies. It's good in clysters, the q. of *unc.* 2, or 3. in lethargies, and other stupefying diseases of the braine; also in a stubborn stone or wind chollick, and diseases of the mother. *Pillula cochiae cum Helleboro* *P. L.* or, the *Cochie pills with hellebore*, purge the head of melancholy so h. the melancholy madness. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extract of black hellebore*, is *gr.* x. to 20. with oile of mastick, or without it.

Helmet-flower. *Napellus*.

P. In gardens, the wild almost every where.

T. Fl. from May to September.

N. *Toξινδρ. Toxicum. Napellus verus*.

Helmet flower. *Ger. J. K.* as the blew violet, coloured, purple of Newbur, large flowered, and that with a nodding head. T. are all hot & dry 4^o, and most venomous. V. they are deadly both to man and beast: being eaten, the lips

and tongue presently swell, the eyes hang out, the thighs are stiffe and wits depart. The *antidote* is the flye that feedeth on the leaves, or take of *terra lemnia unc. 2.* bay berries and mithridate *an. unc. 2.* of the flies that feed on the herb 24. of hony and oile *q. ʒ. m.* The juice of it poysoneth arrowes. *Park.* The *wholsom Helmet fl. Anthora* is an antidote, kils wormes, h. the collick, and plague and is cordiall, *Hugo Soler.* The quantity of a beane of the root is a *Hydragogon.*

Hemlock, *Cicuta.*

P. About walls, in shadowie places, and fat soiles.

T. They flourish and seed in september.

N. *Κόκκυς*. The last of *Ger.* is thought to be *Phellandrium Plinii.*

Hemlock. *Ger. ʒ. K.* as the common, broad leaved *Sinking*, and gyant. *T. Gal.* is cold 4°. *V.* it is not to be used inwardly or outwardly. *Ap.* it causeth the parts to pine away. The wild and water hemlocks. *Cicutaria palustris. K.* as the thin leaved wild, and wild water common hemlock. *T. V.* they are like the common hemlock and not used in physick. *Lonic.* The dried juice is used in *collyries* to ease paine. *Ap.* it li. phagedens and *S. Antonies* fire, as also all inflammations, and h. venery. *Park.* *K.* as the foolish. *V. ap.* it represseth the swellings in womens breasts, and repells milk, the rosted root *ap. h.* the gout. *Trag.* the antidote is vineger drank. *Emplastrum ex cicuta cum ammoniaco, Pharm. Lond.* or, the plaister of hemlock with ammoniacum, h. great pains, and the inflammations in wounds; but it's not to be used to principall parts.

Hemp,

Hemp. *Cannabis*.

P. In fat, dunged, plain, and moist soiles deeply digged:
the wild in barren hils.

T. Sown in March and Aprill. The first is ripe in August:
the second in July.

N. Κανναβίς ἢ σχοινός. Water hemp is called
Eupatorium Cannabinum.

Hemp. Ger. *J. K.* as the male and female. T. the seed is dyspeptick, and of ill juice, hurtfull to the stomack and head. V. It consumeth wind, and if much eaten it dryeth up the sperm. The juyce of the herb dropped into the ears h. their paine proceeding of obstruction. the pulp of the seed pressed into liquor and d. h. the yellow jaundise without an ague, opening the gall, and concocting choller through the whole body *Matth.* The seed given to hens causeth them to lay eggs more plentifully. Wild hemp, *Cannabis spuria*. R. as the common bastard, and small bastard. T. V. are referred to the manured hemp; yet not used in physick where the other may be had. Water hemp, *Eupatorium cannabinum*. K. as the common, and common Dutch. T. the leaves and roots are bitter, hot, and dry 2^o. scouring, opening and attenuating. They expell gross humours by urine and purifie the blood. V. the decoction of them (especially the last) d. h. scabbed and filthy skins, and opens the liver, spleen and gall, and h. the jaundise. The herb boiled in wine or water h. tertian fevers. the leaves ap. and the decoction d. h. all wounds both inward and outward. the second h. poyson. *Gesn.* A pugill of the fibers of the root boild in wine and d. purgeth and c. vomit. It workes like white hellebore but more gently and safely. *Park.* T. the manured is thought to be cold and dry: so *Trag.* and *Lonic.* others count it hot and dry, as *Gal. Matth. Ruel. Fuch. and Lugd.* the emulsion of the seed h. lasks, and the collick the juice d. kills wormes, and ap. h. the gout and burnings. *Lob.* the wild h. nodes.

Henbane

Charle hemp, and winter hemp, *see* Male hemp.
 Barren or summer hemp, *see* the female.
 Nettle hemp, *see* wild hemp.
 Hemp tree, *see* Chast tree.

Henbane. *Hyoscyamus.*

- P.** The black almost every where : the white in gardens.
T. They spring in May. fl: in Aug: the seed is ripe in October.
ἡνιοκάμω. *Apollinaris. Faba suilla, & Jouis.* The last *Nicotiana. Petum.*

Henbane. *Ger. J. K.* as the black, and white, lesser white, white of Candy, and that with a reddish flower.
T. are cold 40. **V.** they cause sleep and are anodyne, h. sharp and hot distillations, stop bleeding: and ap. h. all inflammations of the secret parts. The leaves stamped with the ointment of populeon & ap. h. the pain of the gout, swellings of privities and the tumors of womens breasts. to bash the feet in the decoction c. sleep; so given in clysters, or the flowers smelled to. the leaves, seed and juyce d. c. troublesome sleep and deadly the seed of white henbane taken in the weight of 10 gr. with meade h. coughs, defluxions of humors to the eyes or breast, and all issues of blood. The root boiled in vinegar and held hot in the mouth h. the toothach. the furre taken c. wormes to come out of the teeth Yellow henbane or English Tobacco. *Hyoscyamus luteus.* **T.** is cold and moist, *Lobel.* but rather hot, biting and gummie. **V.** it is used by some instead of tobacco: it c. spitting, stupifieth the senses, and c. giddiness but to little profit. the herb h. all impostumes, rumors, inveterate ulcers, botches, burnings, green wounds, and all hurts in the head, made into an ointment, thus, take of the green leaves thereof lib. 3. sem. & stamp them very small in a stone mortar, of oile olive q. s. boile them upon a gentle fire, continuall stirring it till the herbs seem black, & will not bubble any more: then

then strain the green oile from the *faces*, and put it to the fire againe adding thereto of wax *lib. sem.* of rosin *unc. 4.* of good turpentine *unc. 2.* melt them together and keep them in pots for the use aforesaid. *Croll.* The decoction of the root of *Henbane* in vineger with arsmarr h. the the tooth-ach being used warme. *Park.* as that of *Egypt.* V. the black and yellow are more dangerous than the white which is cold 30. and h. all pains of a hot cause ap. The *antidote* is garlick. *English tobacco d.* purgeth flegme. kils worms, h. the stone: and ap. kils lice. *Anon.* the oile of *henbane*, h. gangreens.

Henne, *see* Wild reed grasse.
Hens-bit, *see* Bastard chick weed.
Hens comb, *see* Cox-comb.
Good Henry, *see* English mercury.
Herons bill, *see* Crane-bill.
Hep tree, *see* Brier bush, or Dogs rose.
Hermodactills, *see* Meadow saffion.
Hertelowre, *see* Germander.
Hertwort, *see* Ash.
Hig-taper, *see* Mullein.
Hindberry, *see* Raspis.
Hipwort, *see* Navel-wort.
Turkie hirse, *see* Turkey millet.
Hilwort, *see* Puliol mountaine.
Hocks, *see* Holli-hack.
Hogs beans, *see* Blew daifies.
Holme, *see* Hulver.
Holly-hock, *see* Garden mallow.
Holy rope, *see* Wild hemp.
Holy-herb, *see* Vervaine.
Holy seed, *see* Worm-seed.

Holly

Holly tree. *Agrifolium*.

P. A'most every where : in woods and hedges.

T. Its green both winter and summer, the berries are ripe in September.

N. 'Aye & Theoph. *Agrifolium Gazæ*. *Pallurus secundus* Diosc. *Lacuna*.

Holly-tree. Ger. T. the berries are hot and dry, of thin parts and waste away winde. V. They h. the collick. 10. or 12. taken inwardly purge away thick and phlegmatick humors. the birdlime made of the barke gleweth up the intrails, and is lethall. *Holly powdered* and d. h. all fluxes of the belly, as dysenteries &c. *Birdlime* is thus made: take off the bark and put it in a ditch in boggy ground, covering it with boughs of trees, and there let it remaine till it be putrified which will be done in 12. dayes, then beat it in morters to the thickenesse of lime, after which wash it very often, and putting to it a little oile of nuts, keep it in earthen vessels for use. *Sea Holly*. K. as the common, and *Levant*, *Eryngium marinum*. T. the roots of both of them are moderately hot, and a little dry with a thinnesse of substance. V. the roots boiled in wine and d. h. the collick, breake the stone, expell gravell, and h. all infirmities of the kidnies, provoking urine and opening the passages being d. 15. days together; so the roots eaten, and h. those that are liver sick, and bitten with venomous beasts; they h. cramps, convulsions, and the epilepsie, and provoke the terms. The roots condited h. those that are withered with old age, and want natural moisture, and c. venery. *Drach.* 1. d. with carrot-seeds h. very many infirmities. the juice d. pressed forth with wine h. the gonorrhœa. the bastard *Sea-holly*, *Eryngium spurium*. K. as the blew, common, dwarf, mountaine, and small smooth. T. Are hot. V. they are not used in meate or medicine. *Park*. K. as the smooth leaved and prickly. V. *Marth.* the decoction of the root, or bark thereof somented on the places that have been put out of joynt,

joynt, mollifyeth and discusserh the tumors, and conso-
lidateth broken bones. *Sea holly, holme, or Hulvar. K.*
as the upland, and *small bastard sea holly of Spaine*, with
the *French thistle of Lobel* and *Pena*, and *trefoile thistle*,
Eryngium trifolium. T. the first is of the temper of the
sea-holly, and used in stead thereof, being not much in-
feriour. V. the decoction of the root in wine, d. openeth
the liver and spleen, h. the jaundice, drop sic, and paines
in the loynes, and French disease. The roots ap. h. the
Kings evill: so d. & ap. h. the bitings of serpents. with
axungia it's magneticall & sarcotick the juice of the
leaves dropped into the eares h. impostumes the distill-
ed water h. melancholy, quotidian & quarran agues, &
wry necks. the rest are weaker. Untz. the seed of the 1.
h. the stone. so Lon. Moresc. Fernel. Col. a handfull of
the berries of common holly boiled in a pint of ale to the
one half, which being strained and a little butter put
thereto, is a good remedy for the stone and stoppage of
urine, 5, or 6, spoonfulls thereof being taken at once.
the powder of the leaves dried in an oven, and the pricks
taken off, being d. in ale is commended against the
stitches and pricking pains of the side. The juice that
droppeth out of the wood when laid on the fire, being
dropped into the eares h. deafnesse. the birdlime there-
of being applyed with the yelk of an egge draweth out
thornes and splinters &c. The tender shoots of the *Sea
holly* eaten, are aphrodisiastick, or c. lust.

Holly rose. *Cistus*.

H. The hotter provinces of Europe, and gardens.

T. They fl. from May to September.

N. Kils ☉ & xlob ☉. *Rosa sylvatica & canina*. The
excrecence or juice, *Hypocistis*.

Holly rose. Ger. J. K. as the male, the male with his
excrecence, toothed thin leaved, the female. *Cistus* with
leaves like sea purslain, lavender leaved, thin leaved, low
with broad leaves, and narrow, low of Austria, low with
leaves

leaves like wild tyme, Lobel's strange, Dr Penny his *cistus*, that lasting one yeare, long leaved yearly, spotted annuall, & *marjoram* leaved. T. It dryeth fere 2^o. and is of temperate heate: the leaves and first buds being beaten, dry, bind and glutinate ulcers, and green wounds. V. The flowers are of most force. d. in wine. they h. the bloody flux, weake stomacks, fluxes and the over flowing of moist humors. ap. as a *pultis* they h. putrified ulcers and phagedens; and also h. burnings, scaldings, and old ulcers. *Hypocistis* is more binding, h. all infirmities coming of fluxes, as the whites, laskes, bloody flux, and strengthieneth parts debilitated with superfluous moisture. It's excellent to be mixed with fomentations, for the stomach, and liver: it's put into treacle to comfort weake bodies. Dwarfse *cistus*. K. as the *English yellow* or *white*, the *yellow dwarf* of Germany, and *white*, that of *Savoy*, narrow leaved, time-leaved, & *Frisian dwarfse cistus*. T. V. are referred to the kindes of *cistus*, for they heale wounds, stop blood, and all issues thereof, as the bloody flux, and hæmoptysis, and boiled in wine h. ulcers in the mouth, and secret parts ap. for it joyneth and strengthneth. *Cistus Ledon*. K. as the first bringing *Ladanum*, the second gum, leaved like poplar, the 4th, 5th, 6th *Cistus ledon* of *Clusius*, the 8th with his excrescence, the 9th, leaved like myrtle, the *Polonian*, leaved like rosemary, that of *Matthiolus's* description, the mountain, and rosemary-leaved *Cistus ledon*. T. Gal. *Ladanum* is hot fine *primi*, having a little astringion: it's of thin parts and therefore sofineth, also it digesteth and concocteth. V. *Ladanum* h. the infirmities of the mother, and keepeth haire from falling, wasting away purrified humors. *Diosc.* It doth bind, heale, souple, and open. m. with wine, myrrhe, and oile of myrtles ap. it keeps the haire from falling; or laid on mixed with wine: also it makes the scarres of wounds well coloured. m. with meade or oile of roses it h. the paines of the eares being dropped in. A fume thereof draweth forth the after birth; and h. the hardnesse of the matrix: it's good to be mixed with mollifying & anodyne plaisters. d. with

d. with wine it stoppeth the laske and provoketh urine. It's very good also put into pomanders &c. *Note*, the best is sweet, somewhat green, fat, easily waxeth soft, is full of gum, not easily broken; and without sand. *Senn.* a cap made of it for the naile, with ammoniacum, bdellium and wax, h. the nailes falling off. *Park. K.* As the sweet, & mountaine, V. as the rest, the juice of the dwarfe d. and ap. h. poison: the distilled water is col-
 meticke. the narrow and broad leaved male. V. as the first: so the female K. as the annuall *Cyc.* Gum cistus, K. as that of *Lob.* &c. V. h. coughs, and is stopping.

Homlock, *see* Hemlock.

Honesty, *see* Bulbonack.

Small honesty, *see* Pinks.

Hone wort. *Selinum Sili foliū.*

P. It groweth in clay ground among corne.

T. It begins to flower in July: the seed is ripe in August.

N. *Sium terrestre Goodieri. Selinum segetale Park.*

Corne Parsley.

Hone wort. *Ger. T. V.* It h. the Hone, being a swelling so called: take one handfull of the green leaves, and stamp them, put to them about halfe a pint of beer, straine it and drink it, & so continue to drink the like quantity every morning fasting, till the swelling do abate, which will be in a week or two *Park. T.* the seed is like parsley in forme and as hot in taste. V. It's neer of the same property, with Parsley.

Hony-suckle, *see* Wood bind, or Meadow-trefoile.

Hony

Hony-worr. *Cerinthe*.

P. They grow not wild in England.

T. Fl. from May to August: and perish at winter.

N. Kneivth Theoph. *Maru herba* Dod. *Cerinthe* Plinil.

Hony-worr. Ger. *J. K.* as the great, small, and rough. T. are cold. V. and not experimented. Park. *K.* as the greater yellow and red, greater yellow or purple, and lesser yellow or white. T. are all of a temperate quality between cold and hot; but rather inclining to cold, and some what astringent. V. It stops bleeding at the mouth or nose, immoderate fluxes of women, and fluxes of the belly, the *herbe* being boiled and d. The juice of the herb with a little saffron dissolved therein, h. bleared & watring eyes, & is used in soule ulcers after they are clenfed, to h. incarnate them, especially such as are in the tender parts of the body: some do use it in steed of borage and buglosse as a remedy. Plin. Virg. Bees are much delighted with the flowers; being very sweet.

Hooded cuckow-pint, see Friers cowle,
Hooke heale, see Self heale.

Hops. *Lupulus*.

P. In fat and fruitfull ground, the wild among thornes.

T. The flowers are gathered in Aug. and Sept.

N. Брѣвъ & Сѣвовѣ. *Lupus salictarius*, & *reptitius*. Vis-
tis Septent. Lob.

Hops. Ger. T. the flowers are hot and dry 2°. they stiffe the head and hurt it with their strong smell; so likewise the leaves, which also open and clense. V. the buds in spring are used to be eaten in sallads; and are of small nourishment; yet are good for the intralls, procuring urine, and keeping the body soluble. the leaves, tender stalkes, and flowers open the liver and spleen,
clense

clense the bloud, and h. long agues. Boiled and d. in whay, they h. scabs and filth of the skin. the juice is stronger, purgeth flegme and choller, and dropped into the eares h. the corruption thereof. The flowers season beere and too many are ill for the head. the decoction of the flowers make bread light. the decoction of hops d. openeth the liver, spleen and kidnies. and purgeth the bloud by urine; so the juice & purgeth the belly of choller. thus appeareth the wholesomenesse of beere above ale. *Park.* the tops & roots h. the French disease, and breakings out in the body, tetters, ringwormes, and spreading sores; the ague, itch, and morpew. the decoction of the flowers & tops, d. expells poison. *drach. sem.* of the seed d. in powder killeth wormes and bringeth down the courses. the flowers and beads used in baths h. the swellings of the mother and strangury. The juice dropped into the eares h. sores and the stench thereof. the syrup h. the jaundise and head-ach c. by heat of the intrals and agues. the decoction h. alopecia's. the wild are best. *Fernel.* It's hot 1^o, dry 2^o, and operates as Fumitory. *Riol.* the syrup h. the diseases of melancholy *Freitag.* and choller.

Horehound. Marrubium.

P. In untilled places, neer old walls, paths &c.

T. Fl. on July and Aug. in the second yeare.

N. Πράσιον. *Prasium.* The wild is called *Stachys.*

Hore-hound. Ger: K. as the white, snow white, Spanish; and Candy. T. Gal. is hot 2^o. dry 3^o. and bitter. V. common horehound boiled in water and d. openeth the liver and spleen, clenseth the breast and lungs, h. the old coughs, paines of the side, spitting of blood, ptyticks, and ulcerations of the lungs. Boyled in wine and d. it provoketh the termes, expelleth the secundine and dead child, and h. hard labour. A syrup made of the green leaves and sugar h. old coughs and wheezings of the lungs, and h. their consumption, also it h. against poyson

poyson and the bitings of serpents: the leaves ap. with
 hony clense filthy ulcers, and stop the pearle in the
 eyes; so the juyce hardned in the sun m. with wine
 and hony dropped into the eyes it cleareth them.
 Drawn into the nostrils it clenseth the yellowness of
 the eyes & stops the watering of them. *Wild horehound.*
K. as the common, wild, stinking, thorny, portugall, german-
 der, & hyssop leaved Ironwort. *T.* are biting & bitter, hot
 30. The stinging *Stachys Fuchsii* and *Sideritides* are
 hot and dry 10. *Johns.* *V.* the decoction of the leaves d.
 draweth down the menses and secondine. It keeps
 wounds from inflammation and speedily healeth them;
 also it stops fluxes and defluxions, being dry and mo-
 derately binding, sc. the stinking hore-hound. It h. the
 bitings of mad dogs. *Water hore hound, Marrubium a-*
quaticum. *T.* is cold and very astringent, yet little used.
Black or stinking hore-hound. Marrubium nigrum. *K.* as
 the common, and long leaved. *T.* is hot and dry, of a
 sharp and clensing facultie. *V.* being stamped with salt
 and ap. it cureth the biting of a mad dog. the leaves
 roasted in horembers wast hard knots in or about the
 fundament: it also clenseth soule filthy ulcers. *Borel.*
Cent. 4. Obs. 14. The tops of white hore hound infused in
 whitewine all night and d. for 3. dayes, provoke the
 menses, h. cachexies, ill colours, the stomach, and e.
 appetite. *Park.* *K.* as the black French. *V. Matth.* they
 h. bad livers, the itch and jaundise, and kill worms.
Marsh hore. *V.* is traumatick and d. h. agues. *Syrupus*
de prasio, Pharm. Lond. or the syrup of horehound, is ap-
 propriate to the breast and lungs, purging out thick and
 putrified phlegme. It h. phthicks and coughs, and
 the diseases of old men, and cold natures: and may be
 taken with a licorice stick.

Hore-strange, or hore-strong, see Hogs fennell.
 Hore-wort, see Filago.

Horne-beam tree. *Carpinus*.

P. In North-hampton shire, and Kent.

T. It springs in Aprill: the seed is ripe in Sept.

N. *Ὀσπύα* Theoph. *Ostrya* Theoph, *Zugia*. *Зуylz*.

Horne beame tree. Ger: T. V. is not of any physica^{ll} use so *Cam. Matth.* but serveth onely for the use of husbandry. *Park.* It serveth for mills and other smaller workes, &c. being hard, strong, and durable: so *Trag. &c.*

Horse-chire, see Germander.

Horse-elder, see Elecampane.

Horseflower, see Cow wheat.

Horse-foot. *Cacalia*.

P. In the Austrian and Syrian Alpes, &c.

T. Fl. about the same time that coltsfoot doth.

N. *Κακάλια ἢ Λεοντική* Diosc. *cacanium* Gal.

Horse foot. *Johns*: K as the hoarie, and smooth leaved. T. the root moderately dryeth without biting, it's of a gross & emplastick substance. V. Being steeped in wine and taken it h. the cough, and roughness of the arterie or hoarseness, like gum dragagant, being chewed & the juice swallowed: it operates as liquorice. *Park. Diosc.* The pearelike graines beaten and m. with a cerote, make the skin smooth: *Plin*: and stay the falling of the haire: so *Col.*

Horse-heale, see Elecampane.

Horse mint, see Water mint.

Horse hoof, see Colts foot.

Horse-shoo, see Vetch.

Horse

Horse taile. *Equisetum.*

P. The finest leaved groweth in wet grounds &c.

T. They flower from Aprill to the end of summer.

N. Ἰππυεὶς. Cauda equina, & Salix. Asprella, Ephedra

Horse-taile. Ger. K. as the great, naked, corne, water, wood, female, and Italian rusby. T. Gal. is bitter, yet binding and mightily dryeth without biring. V. Diosc. Stamped and ap. it doth perfectly cure wounds, even of the sinews cut in sunder. It cureth wounds of the bladder and bowels, and h. ruptures and burstings: the herb d. with water or wine, h. the bleeding at the nose, and other fluxes of blood, it stoppeth the courses and bloody flux &c. so the juyce, and more effectually. The herb with the roots boiled in wine, h. ulcers of the kidnies and bladder, the cough and difficulty of breathing. Park. K. as the barren, finest leaved, stinking, greater meadow, and mountaine horsetaile of Candy. V. the smoother is better then the rough, & the leaved than the bare: decoct in wine and d. it h. the strangury and the stone. the distilled water d. two or three times in the day h. the pains of the entralls, and h. the cough c. by distillation. the juice ap. h. inflammations and eruptions in the skin. Lugd. It doth inspissate the body. Schw. The naked h. the scurvy.

Horse thistle, see Wild Lettuce.

Horse-tongue. *Hippoglossum.*

P. On the Alps of Liguria, and on the Mountaines of Austria.

T. Fl. in May: the fruit is ripe in Autumne.

N. Ἰππόγλωσσον. Bonifacia. Uvularia. Bislina.

Horse-tongue. Ger. K. as the male, female, & Italian. T. is hot 20. dry 10. V. the roots of double tongue, or horse-tongue boiled in wine and d, h, the strangury,

provoke urine, h. hard travell of women, and expell the secondine &c. So also *drach. 6.* of the powder of the root d. in wine bring down the terms. *Plin. unc. sem.* of the powder of the root d. in wine c. speedy delivery. *Bapt. Sard.* It h. diseases of the mother, a little spoonfull of the powder of the herb, fruit, or root being taken and d. in flesh broth for certain dayes h. ruptures. *Park. T.* it's thought to be hot and dry 20. It h. sores of the mouth, and dryeth filthy ulcers ap.

Hound berry, see Nightshade.

Hound berry tree, see Dog berry tree.

Hounds. pills, see Hounds tongue.

Hounds tongue. *Cynoglossum.*

P. In untild grounds, by high wayes, almost every where.

T. They flower in June and July.

N. *Κυνόγλωσσον. Lingua canis. Limonium Aetii.*

Hounds tongue. Ger: *F:* K. as the common, first and second Candy, and small green leaved. T. the Herb but especially the root, is cold and dry. V. the roots rosted in the embers and ap. h. hæmorrhoides, and wild fire. The juice boiled with hony of roses and turpentine to the forme of an unguent h. wounds and deep ulcers. *Diosc.* the leaves boiled in wine and d. mollify the belly: and stamped with old swines grease h. falling away of the haire c. by hot humors: also they h. scaldings and bitings of mad dogs. *Vigon* the juyce with syrup of roses and oxymel of squils h. the French pox. *Hieron. Bruna felf.* It mundifyeth ulcers. *Park. K.* as the greater mountain, party coloured fl. and blew. V. the root h. rheumes. *Pilulæ de cynogloss.* *Pharm. Lond.* or the pills of hounds-tongue, stop hot rheumes falling upon the lungs, so h. pthificks, and mitigate paine, the D. is scr. 1 at bed time; but this, as also all opiates are warily to be used. Also these pills were invented, not to purge but to stop all distillations of rheume from the head unto the lungs and

and chest, the teeth or any other parts. therefore they are good after universall remedies methodically applyed, to stop the tooth ach, cough, gout pains and all troublesome motions of the humours, gr. x. being taken at bed time and repeated every other night, for 3. nights, if the cough or pain continues so as to hinder the patients sleep, the D. is *ser. sem.* at a time & there is as much danger in opiats as purgatives; though their bad effects when misaplyed are not so suddaine & frightfull.

House-leek. *Sedum.*

P. On walls, and tops of houses, and about rubbish.

T. Fl. in June or August, the smaller in June or July.

N. *Ανίζων. Herba Jovis. Semperflorium Apul. Aithales.*

House leek. Ger. K. as the great tree, and great narrow leaved, T. the great houseleeks are cold 30, and a little dry. V. they h. S. *Anthones* fire, shingles, creeping ulcers, and inflammations c. by rheumes and fluxes: they h. inflamed eyes ap. as also burnings, and scaldings: ap. and with barley meale dryed it h. paines of the gout. It h. hot lasks d. with wine and kills worms. the juyce with a pessary stops fluxes in women c. by heat. the leaves held in the mouth quench the thirst in burning fevers. the juyce m. with barley meal and vinegar h. S. *Anthones* fire, all hot burning and fretting ulcers, scaldings, burnings, hot inflammations and the gout of a hot cause. The juyce with garden nightshade and the buds of poplar boiled in hogs grease, maketh a most excellent populeon. the juice h. corns ap. the skin of the herb being emplastred every day and night. the decoction or juice d. h. the bloody flux, and coolerth the inflammation of the eyes being dropped in, and the herb bruised ap. The lesser house leeks, or prick madams, *Sedum minus*. K. as the common, white flowered, small summer, small large flowered, small prick-madam, scorpion, Port-land; and small rock sengreen. T. are all cooling like the greater, and serve for the same

same use. *Prick madam* is used in *sallads*, and *h. heart* burnings. The other *small sengreens* or *house-leeks*. K. as the *small water*, 1. *small of the Alpes*, and fourth: *white of the Alpes*, and *long leaved rock s.* T. V. the 3. first are cold and operate as the other of the smaller sort. the two last are rather hot, and attenuating, but none of them are commonly known, or used in physick. See *h.* See in *Aloes Water house leek*. T. is cold. V. It stops blood coming from the kidneys, keepeth green wounds from inflammation, and *h. S. Anthonies fire* and hot swellings ap. and operates as the first. *Rech.* K. That of *Mistica*. T. is sharp. It *h.* all paines. the *juyce c.* vomit. *Croll.* the *juyce of the lesser house-leek h.* the scurvy and *Stomacace.* Park. K. as the *great english sea*, and *woolly*. V. *h.* all inflammations, the *juyce d.* in a posset *h.* agues: ap. it *h.* the headach, and stings. the *small stone-crop*, &c. as the first. *Wall pepper*, exulcerates. The *mountainous*, as the 1. so the *Water houseleek of Egypt*.

Hulwort, see *Poly mountaine*.
Hurt-fickle, see *Blew-bottle*.

Hyacinth. *Hyacinthus*.

P. In gardens, being planted: some neer rivers.

T. The 3. first fl. in the midst of Jan: and the rest in spring.

N. *ῥάκινθος*. *Vacinium*, *Lilium purpureum* D. G.

Hyacinth. Ger. *J.* K. as the *starry*, sc. the common, *white flowered two leaved*, *lilly leaved*, that of *Constantinople*, *summer*, *greater starry summer* and *lesser*, and that of *Peru*. T. V. are unknown. Clus. The *lilly leaved* eaten by cattle c. their heads to swell and then kill them, being of a malignant and poysonfom quality. *Autumne Jacinth*. K. as the *small* and *great*. T. V. are not written of. *English Jacinth*. K. as the *havy bells*, *white*, *blew orientall*, and *many flowered first and second*, *redish purple*, and *white orientall*, *winter*, *orientall*, with leaves on the stalk,

K

double

double flowered orientall, the greater dusky flowered Spanish, and lesser, with the tuberous rooted Indian Jacinth. T. do lightly cleanse and bind. The seeds are dry 30. the roots 20. and cold. 20. V. the root boiled in wine and d. stoppeth the belly, provoketh urine, and h. the venomous biting of the field spider; so the seed, and more effectually stoppeth the laske, and bloody flux. d. in wine it h. the falling sickness. Diosc. the roots stamped and ap. with white wine, hinder the growth of haire. The seed d. with southernwood in wine h. the jaundise. *Faire haired jacinth, hyacinthus comosus.* K. as the common, and white, that of Constantineple, faire curled haired branched, blew, and great grapeflower. T. V. the faire haired operats as the English. *Musked grape flower* K. as the yellow, and ashcoloured. T. V. they may be referred to the Jacinths, whereof they are kinds; but as yet are not of any known use. The two feigned plants; K. as the false bumbast Jacinth, and flower of Tigris. T. V. are not yet discovered, or are rather adulterine and suppositious. The woolly bulbous, *Bulbus Eriphorum.* T. V. is of no use, Park. K. as the Barbary, early blew starry, Turkey, and ash-coloured. T. V. the roots and leaves are cold and dry. Weck. The seed d. in wine h. the Kings evill. Col. The tuberous root drunk h. the jaundise.

Hynd-heel, see Ambrosie.

Hyssop. *Hyssopus.*

P. In gardens, the hedge hyssope in moist places.

T. Fl. from June to the end of August.

N. *Yovw π G.* Hyssopum. Hedge Hyssop, Gratiola.

Hyssope Ger. *J.* K. as that with blew flowers, and reddish, white flowered. thin leaved. and dwarf narrow leaved. T. is hot and dry, Park. 30. V. a decoction made with figs, & gargled in the mouth & throat, ripeneth & breaketh the tumors, and impostumes of the mouth and throat

throat, and h. the difficulty of swallowing c. by cold rheumes : the same made with figs, water, hony, and rue, and d. h. the inflammation of the lungs, and old coughs, shornness of breath, and the obstructions of the breast the *syrup* or *juyce* taken with the syrup of vinegar, purgeth by stool clammy flegme, and driveth forth worms if eaten with figs. The *distilled water* d. operates as the rest, but not so speedily. *Hedge Hyssope*, *Gratiola*. K. as the *common, broad leaved, & grasse Poley*. T. are hot and dry, and i. only is used in medicine. V. *scr.* i. taken mightily purgeth waterish, gross, and slimie humors, and chollerik: so eaten in a *sallad*, or the *decoction* d. Boiled in wine and d. it h. all fevers and dropies, and such like diseases proceeding of cold and watery causes. The *extraction* given with the powder of cinnamon, and little of the juice of calamint h. tertian and quotidian fevers. *Schrod.* the D. is *scr.* i. to *drach. sem.* *Park.* *Common hyssop.* in ptyisan's, expectorates flegme: ap. with sugar it h. green wounds: and with hony, salr, and cummin-seed, it h. the bitings of adders: decoct with oile and ap. it h. the itching of the head: the *oile* h. numness: it h. wind and agues. K. as the *rufed &c.* the *hedge hyf.* kills wormes, h. ulcers, prevents putrefactions and opens obstructions. *Syrapus de hyssopo*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the *syrup of hyssop*, mightily strengthens the breast and lungs c. long wind, and cleer voice, and h. coughs. It's to be used like the syrup of licorice.

I.

Jack of the Buttery. *see* Stone crop.
 Jaecinth, *se* Hyacinth.

K 2

Jack

Jack by the hedge. *Alliaria*.

P. It groweth by garden hedges, by walls, &c.

T. Fl. chiefly in June and July: it's used as sauce in Aprill.

N. *Rima Maria. Pes asininus. Alliastrum* Gesn.

Jack by the hedge. *Ger.* T. is hot and dry fine adi, much less than garlick. V. the leaves stamped serve for sauce with salt fish. The leaves also are boiled in clysters against the paine of the chollick and stone, they easing paine, and wasting the wind. *Bor. Cent. 1. Obs. 22.* Also, it's effectuall against the plague. *Park.* It warmeth the stomach, and c. digestion: the juyce thereof boiled with hony is thought to be as good as *Erysimum* hedge mustard, for the cough, to expectorate flegme. d. and ap. it h. the morther: the leaves h. ulcers of the legs. *Mac.* It h. gangreens, and the sphacelus. *Trag.* It h. the sciatica or hip-gout in clysters, as an *errhine* it h. the lethargy.

Jambreck, see House-leek.

S. James's-wort. *Jacobaea*.

P. Every where in untilled places somewhat moist.

T. Fl. in July and August, and are then carryed away.

N. *Ἡερὺς Diosc. quorundam. Herba S. Jacobi, & Flos. Cineraria. Argentea. Ragwort.*

S. James his wort. *Ger. f. K.* as the common, narrow leaved, broad leaved, and sea ragwort. T. is hot and dry 20, bitter and clensing. V. It h. green wounds, and filthy tetters, it clenseth and healeth them, the juyce being tempered with hony and may butter, and boiled to salve. Boiled in hogs grease to an ointment it h. old aches and paines in the armes, hips, and legs. The decoction gargarized, wasteth and healeth inflammations and swellings of the throat: the leaves stamped small, and

and boiled with some hogs grease unto the consumption of the juyce, adding some mastick & *olibanum*, then strained and applyed h. the sciatica. *Prosper Alpin*: The Egyptians use it's decoction against the stone, and to h. old obstructions, especially those of the womb, also coldness, strangulation, barrenness, and inflammation thereof, and brings down the courses: the *bath of the leaves and flowers*, h. those that are troubled with the mother. *Park. K.* as the *Hungarian, round leaved hoary, lesser sea, and broad leaved hoary, lesser sea, and broad leaved sea rag wort*. *V.* It stops catarrhes, and rheumes fallly on the eyes, nose, or lungs. The juyce h. fistula's. *Col.* It h. the squinancy & Kings evill, and the staggers in horses. *Baub.* it operates as Grounsell. It h. wounds, inflammations, and fistula's.

Jesmine, see Gesemine, or Jesse.

Jewes thorne. *Palurus*.

P. It groweth in *Lybia*, &c.

T. It buds in spring, and continues not green.

N. Rhamnus tertius Diosc.: Christ's thorne, wherewith he was crowned.

Jewes-thorne. *Ger. T.* the leaves and root do evidently bind and cut. *V.* the seed h. the stone and removeth tough and slimie humors out of the chest and lungs. *Diosc.* The decoction of the leaves and roots stops the belly, provokes urine and h. the poyson and bitings of serpents. The root stamped and ap. consumeth the phymata, and cedemata. The seed is a remedy for the cough, and wasts the stone of the bladder. *Park. T. V.* It's like the Bucks-thorne. *Æt.* the fruit h. the excretion of the breast and lungs. *Gal.* the leaves h. fluxes, the fruit incideth; so *Baibinus, Platerus, &c.*

Incense-root, see Frankincense Rosemary.

K 5

Indian

Indian hop-like purger. *Carlo sancho.* *

P. It groweth in Mexico.

T. The time is not observed.

N. It hath not any Synonymous names.

Indian purger. *Park.* **T.** is hot and dry *initio 2di.*
V. the bark of the root being a little chewed, is an *apoplegmatisme*, by which catarrhs and distillations are voided, and pains of the head much eased, it some also it causeth vomit, and bringeth out choller and flegme, a purgation being first taken. The bark being chewed h. loose gums, putrid teeth, and maketh the breath sweet. The powder taken in white wine, or the decoction with maiden haire and a little cinamon, h. the obstruction of the mother, and consumeth wind with *ang. dialth.* ap. also it h. the passion of the heart, the French disease, epilepsie, and ruptures, and h. digestion: pomecitron bark being added to the decoction.

Indian fruits, &c. see the Appendix.

Indian leaf. *Folium Indum.* *

P. In Arabia and Cambaya.

T. It's supposed to be green all the yeare.

N. *Tamalapatra. Folium Indicum. Malabathrum.*

Indian leaf. *Ger.* **T.** Is hot and dry 20 agreeing with *nardus*, or as others report with mace **V.** it's diureticke, warmeth and comforteth the stomack, and h. digestion. It h. the web in the eyes, inflammations, &c. Being laid among clothes, it keeps them from mothes and vermine, and gives unto them a sweet smell. *Park.* It c. a sweet breath, resisteth poysons, and is therefore put in *eo antidotes*, that are cordiall or stomachicall.

Indian

Indian mourner, *see* Sorrowfull tree?

Indian Oate-meale, *see* Panick.

Joane silver-pin, *see* Double poppy.

Jobs teares. *Lachryma Job.*

P. In Italy, and the countries adjoyning.

T. It's to be sown early in the spring.

N. *Lachryma Jobi. Diospyros.*

Jobs teares. Ger. T. V. It's not for the use of Physick: so Park; in his *Paradise*; yet in his *Theater of Plants*, he yeilds it to be of some use. Pen: Lob: It's commended by some, either in powder, or the decoction thereof, against the stone, or gravell in the kidnies and bladder but beyond sea, they chiefly use the seeds, which being perforated, they string them, and so use them for prayer beads. Croll. It's an excellent lithontripectick: so Col.

Sweet Johns, *see* Sweet williams:

S. Johns Bread, *see* S. Johns wort.

S. Johns. wort. *Hypericum.*

P. In pastures very plentifully.

T. They flower and flourish in July and Aug.

N. *Ἰμενδν. Perforata. Fuga dæmonum. Sol terrest. Paracelsi.*

S. Johns-wort. Ger. J. K. as the common, rue, Lobel's woolly of Clusius, and small creeping. T. Gal: It's hot and dry, and of thin parts. V. Boyled with the flowers and seed, d. it provoketh urine, h. the stone, and stopps laskes. the leaves stamped and ap: h. burnings, scaldings, and all wounds and ulcers. the leaves, flowers and seeds stamped, and put in a glasse with oile olive, and set in the Sunne, then strained, and new added, till the oile become of the colour of bloud, make an excellent remedy for green and deepe wounds that are through

the body, for prickt finews or wounds made with a venomed weapon: or take white wine 2 pints, oile olive *lib.* 4. oile of turpentine *lib.* 2. the leaves, flowers, and seeds of *S. Johns wort.* an *M.* 2. gently bruised, put all into a great double glasse, and set it in the sunne 8 or 10 dayes, then boile them in the glasse *per B.* *M.* after strain the liquor, putting in new herbes &c. so have you a remedy equall to the naturall balsame. *Diosc.* the seed d. 4^o dayes together h the sciatica, and all aches in the hipps. taken in wine, it h. tertian and quartan agues. *Square S. Johns gresse, Ascyron, or square S. Johns-wort:* T. Is hot and dry. V. It hath the same faculty that *S. Johns wort* hath. *Diosc:* the seed d. in *unc:* 4. *sem:* of meade doth strongly purge cholerick excrements. *S. Johns bread, Ceratonia, Carabe.* T. Is dry and astringent; so the fruit. V. The fruit of the Carob tree eaten *greene*, looseth the belly; being dry it stoppeth it, and provoketh urine. It is good for the stomach, and nourisheth well. *Bastard S. Johns-wort.* *K.* As that of *Matth:* and the *French, Coris.* T. seem to be hot 2^o. *Diosc:* the seed d. provokes urine, and the courses, h. the sciatica, and d. in wine h. the opisthoronos, and cold fits of agues, and against the phalangium. the oile ap: h. convulsions. *Park:* *K.* as the *Indian with white flowers.* V. the common openeth and dissolveth, & d. h. the hæmoptysis or spitting of blood. *Oleum hyper. comp.* or the oile of *S. Johns-wort compound,* is stronger than the simple oile, *Ol. hyper. magis comp. P. L.* or that more compound, besides the vertues of the simple oile, it h. old bruises, aches, and spraines, also these oiles mightily strengthen the nerves so h. tremblings, palsies, cramps, convulsions, numness, being used to the seams of the head, the nape of the neck, and all along the back bone, and it's good to strengthen the joynts being annointed thereon. It digests, and discusseth humors, swages pains, taketh away black and blew spots of the skin proceeding from blows and stripe. *Oleum hyperici simplex,* or the simple oile of it, is excellent in green wounds. Also it easeth pains strengthens the joynt, digests

gests and discosses humours, takes away black and blew spots from the skin c. by blows; much strengthens the nerves. so h. tremblings, palsies, cramps, convulsions; used to the seams of the head, nape of the neck and all along the back bone; and it's good to annoint all the joynts therewith, to strengthen the same. *Schrod.* the D. of the *tincture* is gr. 6. to drach. sem.

Josephs flower, see Go to bed at noon,

Ironwort. *Sideritis.*

P. In corne fields, meadows, and mountains.

T. Fl. in June and July the seed is ripe soon after.

N. *Sideritis Militaris. Stratiotes.*

Iron wort. *Johns.* K. as the common, narrow leaved, creeping branched, not branched creeping, and smooth broad leaved. T. Are dry with little or no heat, and astringent. V. they h. green wounds stamped and ap. or put into unguents and plaisters. they prevent inflammations, stop fluxes, & h. bitings of a mad dog; as the *germander* & *hyssope* leaved. *Clus.* The 1. & 2d are used in *Syria* in fomentations to bathe the head in aches thereof, as also they h. against weariness of the limbs. the decoction h. in inflammations, & ulcerations of the legs. *Park.* K. as the *jewes*, *small jewes*, *Germanes*, *small of mount pelier*, *mountaine small Germ.* and *alehoofe* leaved, with the *clownes woundwort*. V. they h. rheumes and ruptures.

Italian oatmeale, see Panick.

Juca, or, Jucca, see Bread of India.

K S

Judas

Judas-tree. *Arbor Juda.*

P. In Spaine, and Italy, in the hedges there.

T. Fl. in spring, the fruit is ripe in summer.

N. *Siliqua Sylvestris Clus. & Fatua. Fabago.*

Judas-tree. Ger. T. V. is unknown, so Park. yet those of virginia account the flowers to be an excellent sallad ingredient. Dod. It's not as yet experimented.

Jujube-tree. *Zizypha.* *

M. In Italy, Africa, Egypt, Arabia, & Syria.

T. Fl. in Aprill, & then are the seeds to be sown.

N. *Zizup. Jujuba. Jujube, Arab. Ziziphus Dod.*

Jujube-tree. Ger. T. jujubes are temperate in heat and moisture. v. The fruit of the jujube tree eaten, is dyspepticke and oligotrophicke. taken in syrups, &c. it h. the roughnesse of the throat, the breast and lungs. ic h. the cough, reines, and bladder. The great jujube tree, *Oenoplia non spinosa*. T. the fruit is cold and dry. v. The unripe fruit strengthens the stomach, and stopps laskes, the juyce being taken, or injected by clysters. the infusion of the dried fruit h. relaxations, and exulceration of the guts, and all pestilent fevers, resisting putrefaction, and strengthening the heart. The juyce purgeth choller out of the stomach and reines. The *in Jujon* h. putrid fevers. Park: the first purge choller, cleanse the bloud, and h. agues, and vomitings. Pem: The syrrop h. the shortnesse of breath. *Syrupus Jujubinus, Pharm. Lond.* or Syrup of Jujubes, is a fine cooling syrup; h. coughs, hoarseness, and pleuresies, and ulcers of the lungs and bladder, and all inflammations: the D. is *cocbl.* 1. once in 3. or 4. houres, or with a Marice stick,

Jupiter

Juniper-tree *Juniperus.*

P. In very many places of England, as the South, &c.

T. Fl: in May, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *Ἰκρίον*. The berries are called *Grana Juniperi*, the gum, *Vernix. Sandarack.*

Juniper-tree. Gre: R. as the common, and great, with the small of the Alps. T. Is hot and dry 3°, the berries are hot, but not so dry: the gum is hot and dry 10°. V. The fruit doth cleanse the liver and kidnies, and extenuates grosse humors: it's used in alexipharmick remedies. Largely taken it c. gnawings in the stomach, and heateth the head, it provoketh urine, so *Untz: Gebelc. Mont. Neand. Tabern.* d. it h. the infirmities of the chest, coughs, windiness, gripings and poysons, cramps, ruptures, and the mother. The decoction of the berries h. old coughs, and the chin-coughs, poysons, and pestilent fevers: in *Bobemia*, the infusion is used for a common drink. P. L. the berries h. the bitings of Adders, resist all pestilentiall diseases, heat the stomach, h. digestion, provoke the terms; and by some are counted a catholick remedy: they h. shortness of wind, weakness of the lungs, and convulsions; c. parturition; and s. or 6. berries taken every morning keep the body in health, h. the collick and stone, rawness of the stomach, faintings, and heart-qualmes, madness and frenzies: they strengthen the eyes, h. rheumes there, the yellow jaundise, epilepsie, gout and palsey; the best are the ripe, which look black. The smoke of the leaves and wood drives away serpents, and all infections of the aire: The juyce of the leaves d. and ap. with wine h. the bitings of the viper: the ashes of the burned bark ap. with water, h. the scurfe and filth of the skin: the powder of the wood taken inwardly is deadly, as some affirme; yet is it contradicted by others: the fume of the gum stops stegmatick distillations of the head, and rheume and raw humors in the intralls. It killeth wormes, stops the menses, hæmorrhoides, and hæmorrhoids.

pryſis, it doth exciccate hollow ulcers, and is ſarcotick. ap. m. with oile of roſes, it h. chaps in the hands or feet. m. with oile of line ſeed, it makes *vernix*, which ſerveth to beautify pictures, and iron. *Park. K.* as the great *Salavonian. V.* The fruit h. the bitings of vipers, the ſtrangury, and dropſie, ſo the lye d. *Matth.* and h. the mother: the berries h. all diſeaſes by cold d. in wine: ſo the oile: the ſalt h. the ſcurvy. *Grul.* The oile of the berries d. from 5. to 10. drops is diuretick. *Schrod.* the extraſt of the berries is given from ſcr. 1. to ſcr. 2. & the *Gummoſs* out of the wood & barke alſo are ſudoriſtick & bezoardiſtick againſt epilepſies, the plague, and other contagious and venemous diſeaſes. *Oleum bac-carum Juniperi Chym. Pharm. Lond.* or the *Chymicall oile of juniper berries*, is excellent in pains of the yard, gonorrhæa and epilepſie. It's a great preſervation againſt the peſtilence and all evill aires: It purgeth the reins, provoketh urine, breaks the ſtone, and h. the dropſie: the doſe is 3. or 4. drops in any convenient liquor: annointed, it h. the gout: 2. or 3. drops dropped upon the navil h. the chollick. *Ern.* and the palsie and ulcers.

Juno's teares, ſee Vervaine.

Jupiters beard, ſee Great Houſe-leek.

Jupiters diſtaff, ſee Clarie.

Jurey, ſee Darnel.

Ivy. *Hedera.*

D. About walls and trees: untill'd and dark places.

T. It flouriſheth in Autumne, the berries in winter.

N. *Κισσός* & *Κιστρός*. Ground ivy is called *Corona terra. Chamaciffus.*

Ivy. *Ger. K.* as the climbing or berried, and barren or creeping. *T. Cal.* It hath contrary faculties, ſc. an earthy, binding, and cold ſubſtance, and a ſubſtance ſomewhat biting; and when green, a warme watery ſubſtance alſo.

V. The

V. The green leaves of Ivy boiled in wine h. old ulcers, and virulent; as also burnings, and scaldings. boiled in vineger it h. bad spleenes. the fl. and fruit more effectually, and h. burnings. The juyce used as an *errhine* purgeth the head, stopps the running of the eares and healeth their ulcers; as also those of the nostrills. if too sharpe, adde oile of roses, or sallad oile. The gum of the old stocke killeth lice, and is a *psilothron*, being hot and burning. *Diosc.* 5 of the berries stamped and made hot in a pomegranat rinde with oile of roses, and dropped into the contrary eare, h. the toothache. The berries make the haire black. The leaves are good to be applied to issues, attracting the humors. and preventing inflammations, being green. The berries d. are diureticke, and lithontriprick. The leaves steeped in water 24 houres, h. sore, smarting, and waterish eyes if bathed with the infusion, ground Ivy. K. as the *cammon*, and *rocke alehoofe*. T. Is hot and dry, bitter, scouring, and opening the obstructions of the intralls. V. put into the eares it h. the ringing, and deafenesse of the same. *Matth.* The juyce m. with verdigrease h. fistula's and hollow ulcers. *Diosc.* drach. sem. of the leaves d. in unc. 4. sem. of faire water for 40 or 50 daies h. the sciatica. and in 6 or 7 dayes, the yellow jaundise. *Gal.* attributeth all the vertues to the flowers. Ground Ivy stamped with celandine and daisies an. and strained, adding a little sugar and rose water dropped into the eyes h. all inflammations, spots, web, itch, smarting, and any grieve what ever. it h. though almost blind. The herbs m. with a little ale and hony, strained, and injected into the eyes with a syringe h. the web in the eyes of beasts. It also h. the griefes aforesaid tunned up in ale, and h. rheumes. The decoction stops the termes. Boiled in mutton broth it h. weake and aking backs. Put into ointments, it h. burnings and scaldings. *Park.* K. The *Virginian ivy* T. V. Is only for rarity. *Hieron.* unc. 2. of the decoction of the 1. h. the swellings in the bodies of women. *Park.* K. as that of Lob. and yellow berried. *Diosc.* A pugill of the fl. d. in red wine twice a day

day stopps laskes. *Plin.* The berries h. the jaundise, and kill wormes. *sc.* the white berries thereof. *[Cam.]* The juice h. old paines of the head. *Matth.* a cap made of the fresh leaves h. the sore heads of infants. The lesser is lesse effectuall. *Ground Ivy* is vulnerary. The oile of the leaves h. the paines of the intralls. *Lang.* the gum of ivy with wax put to a pained tooth will draw it out, without paine. so the powder alone rubbed on, or mixed with the powder of the leaves & milk of spurge. *Oleum baccarum badera, chym. Pharm. Lond.* or the chymicall oile of ivy berries, h. cold diseases of the joynts, stone, and moves the courses; used as juniper oile.

K.

Kandle gras, *see* Goose gras.

Karse, *see* Cresses.

Kernelwort, *see* Figwort.

Kene, *see* Hemlock.

Kik, *see* Palma Christi.

Kidny-wort. *see* Navel-wort.

King cob, *see* Crowfoot.

Kings Crown, *see* Melilore.

Kings speare. *Asphodelus Luteus.*

P. In moist and marish places.

T. Fl. in May and June, the leaves are green in winter.

N. *Hastula Regia. Femina Dionysii* Dod.

Kings-speare. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, Lancashire, and true Lancashire. T. V. is not used in meat, or medicine. so Dod. *Fum.* The roots d. provoke urine. *Bauh.* The English of Lobel, is used by virgins to colour their haire yellow, *sc.* the lye of the flowers.

Knap:

Kipper-nut. *see* Earth-nut.

Kisse me ere I rise, *see* Pansies.

Kite Keyes, *see* Ash-tree Keyes.

Knap weed. *Facea*.

P. The 2 first grow in fertile pastures, the rest in gardens.

T. Fl. in June and July, the last in August.

N. Materfillon. The silver Knap-w. *Aphyllanthes Dod.*

Knap-weed. *Ger. F. K.* as the black, great, yellow, mountaine, white flowered, knobbed, and rough headed. T. are of the nature of scabious, whereof they are kindes, yet they are not so proper for the use of physick. V. They h. swellings of the *wuula*, as divells bit; but not so effectually. *Silver-knapweed. K.* As the great, little, narrow leaved, and thorny. T. V. Are not used for meat or medicine, yet the *Stæbe* of *Diosc.* is usefull. T. The seed and leaves are astringent. V. The decoction injected h. dysenteries, and purulent cares. The leaves ap. as a *pultis* h. bruises of the eyes and blacknesse, and stop the flowing of blood. *Park.* That of the sea is not used, *sc.* the Spanish. The common is astringent and drying. it h. fluxes & distillations: it h. ruptures d. and ap. fistula's and running sores, and wounds. The rest, as those with divided leaves, &c. operate as scabious.

Knees, *see* Solomons scale.

Knee holme or hulver, *see* Butchers-broom.

Knights-spurre, *see* Lark-spurre

Gold knops, *see* Crow-foot.

Knit-back, *see* Cumsfrey.

Knot-berry, *see* Cloud-berry.

Knot

Knot grasse. *Polygonum.*

P. In barren and stony ground, almost every where.

T. They are in flower and seed all the summer long.

N. πολύγονον. *Seminalis. Sangainaria. Centummedia. Corrigiola.*

Knot grasse. Ger. T. Gal. is cold 20, and binding. V. the juice h. the hæmoptysis, and all issues of blood; as the pissing & vomiting of blood, &c. It h. the gonorrhœa and weaknesse of the back, being fried with eggs like a ransie and eaten. So also the decoction d. or the powder taken in a reare egge. the herbe boiled in wine and hony, h. ulcers and inflammations in the secret parts of both sexes; adding a little allom. and the parts bathed therewith. Diosc. It provoketh urine, and h. the stillicidium, when the urine is hot and sharpe. It is with good successe given to swine, when they will not eat their meat. The other knotgrasses. K. As the mountaine, that of Valentia, the small round leaved, parsly piert, with the chick-weed breake-stone, and small water saxifrage. T. Are cold 20, dry 30, astringent, & incrassating. The three last are hot 20, and of subtile parts, but parsly piert is lesse hot than the other two. V. The leaves hereof, with mouse eare an. unc. 1. dried, bay berries, turmerick, cloves, the seeds of the great burr, the seeds in the berries of heppes, or brier-tree, sennagreek. an. unt. 1. the stone in the ox gall drach. sem. powdered & d. in warme white wine. drach. sem. or scrup. 2. break the stone. so the two last. Park. K as the greatest. V. as the other, h. fluxes, and all paines c. by heat and inflammations, agues; and defluxions. The berry bearing &c. as the first,

L.

Lacca tree. *Lacca*. *

P. In Zealand, Malavar, and other parts of the East Indies.

T. *Lacca* is generated after much rains.

N. *Loc.lacca Sumetri* the best. the other *lacca Comberti*.

Lacca-tree. *Ger. lacca* is hot 20. V. It comforteth the heart and liver, openeth obstructions, expelleth urine, and h. the dropfie. the *artificiall lacca* made of the scrapings of brasill and saffron, is used of painters, and not in physick. *Park.* the first dissolveth the hardnesse of the liver, h. the yellow jaundise, and dropfie, by expelling watery humors: and also h. to breake the stone. *Worm*, It's hot 10, dry 30. It purgeth thick flegme, choller, and melancholy, c. a good colour, kills wormes, and h. fevers, *De Dond*: It extenuates *Dialacca Pharm. Lond.* or, powder of *Lacca*, compounded, strengthens the stomach and liver, opens obstructions h dropfies, and the yellow jaundise. It provokes urine, and breaks the stone in the reins and bladder, the D. is *drach. sem. to drach. 1.* but it hurts childing women. *Trochisci de lacca*, or, the *Troches of Lacca*, h. stoppings of the liver and spleen, and feavers thence, also dropfies, wind and purgeth by urine, the D. is *drach. sem. or drach. 1.* according to age &c. It's preparation see in the *London Dispensatory*.

Ladies bedstraw. *Gallium*.

P. The first groweth upon sunnie bankes, the second in marshes &c.

T. They flower most of the summer moneths.

N. Γάλλιον ἢ γάλλιον καὶ γαλαδίου: the rest, *Species Lappaginis*.

Ladies bed-straw. *Ger. K.* as the yellow, that with
white

white flowers, with red flowers, and the great bastard. T. these, especially *that with yellow flowers*, are dry and binding. *V. the flowers of the yellow. Diosc.* Are used in ointments against burnings, stop blood. and are put in the cere-cloth of Roses. With *oile olive* set in the sun till white and ap. it h. wearied travellers. the *root d.* in wine c. lust: so the *flowers* smelled to. the *herb* is used for rennet to make cheese with, and h. to break the stone. the *white* are not used in physick or surgerie. *Lonic.* Applied in *baths* it h. the itch in children. *Park.* d. it stops the blood and h. inward wounds. *Clus.* the *white flowered h.* the joynts, cold, and paines. *Fuch.* It's some what sharp and drying. *Col.* The *herb*, and *flowers* being bruised, and put into the nostrills stayeth their bleeding, and it doth as much to wounds, applied thereunto, and h. burnings. the *white flowered ap.* comfort and strengthen the sinews, arteries and joynts.

Ladies bower, see Virgins bower.

Ladies comb, see Shepheards needle.

Ladies-glass see Venus looking glass.

Ladies haire, see Mayden haire.

Ladies lace, see Grasse.

Ladies Mantle. *Alchimilla.*

P. In pastures and copses, or low woods.

T. It fl. in May and June, flourisheth all the yeare.

N. *Stellaria. Sanicula major. Pes Leonis. Droßion Cordi.*

Ladies mantle. *Ger. T.* It's like little Sanicle, yet more drying and binding. *V.* It's applied to wounds as small sanicle is, and operates after the same manner. It stoppeth bleeding and the courses. It keepeth down maidens paps; and when they are too great or flaggie, it maketh them lesser or harder. *Park.* It stops bleeding vomiting, and fluxes, and h. bruises, ruptures, and the whites. The *distilled water d.* 20 dayes together h. sterility in women c. by humidity: so *Schenck.* and *Matth.*

Matth. so bathed. It h. humid wounds and consolidates.
Trag. ap. it h. wounds, paines and inflammations. *Myl.*
 It's in a mean between hot and cold.

Ladies navel, *see* navell wort:

Ladies scale, *see* Black bryony.

Ladies slipper: *Calceolus Marianus.*

P. On the mountaines of Germany, Hungary, &c.

T. It flowreth about the midst of June.

N. *Calceolus Maria; & Sacerdotis.*

Ladies slipper. Ger. *J. K.* as the first and second.

T. V. it's not as yet writ of or used in physick. *Park.*
 also is silent herein: so *Dod. &c.*

Lang de-beef, *see* Wild bugloss.

Larch-tree. *Larix.* *

P. Upon the Alps of Italy, in Moravia &c.

T. The cones are to be gathered before winter, the rosin in summer.

N. *Λάριξ.* The agarick *Agaricum.* The rosin *Laricea resina. Terebinthina Offic.*

Larch tree. Ger. T. the leaves, bark, fruit, and kernels, are of the temper of the pine but are not so strong, the rosin is moister than other rosins, without sharpnesse, and vulnerary, and operates as the turpentine rosin. *Agarick* is hot 1^o, dry 2^o. it cutteth, cleaseth, openeth and purgeth. V. It h. the jaundise, and cold shakings, which are caused by thick and cold humors, d. and ap. it h. those that are bit of venomous beasts that hurt with their cold poison. It provoketh urine and bringeth down the menses: it maketh the body well coloured, expelleth wormes, h. agues especially quotidianes and wandering fevers, and others that are
 chronicall,

chronicall, which it doth by purging away grosse, cold, and flegmatick humours. The dose in substance is drach. 1. or drach. 1. sem. in infusion or decoction from drach. 2. to 5. but it purgeth slowly & doth somewhat trouble the stomack, therefore it is mixt with ginger, wild carrot or Lovage seed or *sal gem.* or it may be given with oxymell. Agarick being taken with the syrup of vinegar, h. pains and swimings of the head, or the epilepsie. it h. the asthma, cough of the lungs, prysick, consumption, and hæmoptysis: it comforteth the weak stomack, c. good digestion, and kills wormes. *Park* the coales of the wood are of most force to melt the iron oare. the *Venice turpentine* clenseth the reines and bladder, expels urine and the stone, and with white amber it h. the gonorrhœa. In an electuary it h. flegme and consumption. *Hiera cum agarico, P. L.* or *Hiera with Agarick*, operates as agarick with hiera simple. *Pillula de hiera cum agarico*, or, pills of hiera with agarick, operate as the former composition, also they are more purgative than the hiera picra simple, & fitter for phlegmatick bodies, & diseases, & will performe all the effects thereof in a smaller dose, they h. puling stomacks, shortwinded lungs, and other diseases thereof from thick phlegme, the D. is drach. 1. or drach. 1. sem. Also some make them universall applying them to all parts of the body, and almost all diseases in them from choller, phlegme or melancholy: making it to resist poyson, and epidemicall diseases; to h. the gout, dropsie, and epilepsies; to provoke the termes, and ease the fits of the mother, to cure agues of all sorts, shortness of breath, consumptions of the lungs, and vertigo; to open obstructions of the liver and spleen; to cure the yellow jaundise and sharpness of urine; to strengthen the brain and memory, &c. and it's harmeles. the D. may be scr. 1. at night, 3. houres after a light supper, walking abroad the next day, it working gently, so doing for a week together. *Pilula de agarico P. L.* or the *Pills of Agarick*, cleanse the breast and lungs of phlegme, and work well, the D. is drach. sem. keeping warme. Also they

they purge out rheume there, and so h. the pthifick and shortness of breath, old coughs and the like diseases from thick and phlegmatick humours, the D. is *drach.* 1. if need. *Agaricus trochiscatus*, P. L. or *Agarick trochiscated*, hath the virtue of the simple but is fitter for use. *Trochisci de Agarico*, or the *troches of Agarick*, have the virtues of the same and are thus more convenient, they cleanse the brain of phlegm, & the stomach of tough thick & viscous humors, the D. is *drach.* 1. at once. Also they are made to be kept in a readines to compound other medicaments, and are seldome used alone; yet alone they will performe all the effects of agarick. they purge thick phlegme mixed with choller out of the head, but especially thick, corrupt and clammy humors out of the breast. *Schrod.* the *extract of Agarick*, is given from *scr.* 1. to *scr.* 2.

Larks-heel, toes, or claw, see Larks-spurr.

Lark spur. *Consolida regalis.*

P. In gardens sown: the last in corne fields.

T. Fl. at summer long.

N. *Flos regius. Bucinum. Delphinium. Calcaris Flos.*

Lark-spur. Ger. *J. K.* as the garden, white or red, double, great double and wild. T. are temperate and warme of nature. V. some affirme that the seed d. h. the stings of scorpions. Park. They are not used in physick. Croll. Three or more of the flowers eaten h. the stich of the side. Brunfels. The flowers h. the redness of the eye, heate of the body, coughs, strangury and sciatica &c.

Laser

Laserwort. *Lacerpitium.* ***P.** The best groweth upon the mountaines of *Cyrene*.**T.** It flowreth in *Montpelier* about midsummer.**N. Σίλπιον.** The gum is called *Laser*. That of *Syria* *Afa fetida*.

Laserwort. *Ger. T.* the herb especially the root is hot and dry 3°. *Laser* exceedeth much the heat of the leaves and stalkes. *V.* the root stamped with oile scattereth clotted blood, h. spots c. by bruises, dissolveth the Kings evill and all hard swellings ap. as a plaister, and with the oile of *ireos* and wax it h. the sciatica. Being held in the mouth and chewed it h. the tooth-ach, drawing the humors from the brain. The gum, especially the *Laser of Cirene* dissolved in water and d.h. hoarsenesse, and taken with a reer egge h. the cough and with broth the old plurisie : it cureth the jaundise and dropisie, taken with dried figs. *Scr. 1.* with a little pepper and myrrhe h. the shrinking of the sinews, and members out of joynt. Taken with hony and vineger it h. the epilepsie. It's good against the flux of the belly c. by debility of the stomach, taken with raisins of the sun. It driveth away the shiverings of agnes, d. with wine, pepper and white frankincense. The *electuary* hereof h. quartain fevers. d. and ap. it h. all venomous bitings and shors, it bringeth to maturation all pestilentiall inpostumes and carbuncles, ap. with rue, salt peter, & hony ; and h. corns being first scarified ap. with copperas and verdigreate it h. excrescencies, the poly-pus, and manginess. ap. with vineger, pepper and wine it h. scurf and the falling of the haire. *Afa fetida* is good for all the purposes aforesaid, yet not so good as the *Lacer of Cyrene* : it's good also to be smelled to, and to be applied to the navels of women troubled with the rising of the mother. *Park. K.* as the *French* and that of *Alpinus*. *V. That of Diosc.* boiled in vineger with the rind of a pomegranate h. against poison. *Gargled* it h. the quinsie & draweth out horse leeches with

with vinegar d. in lye it h. cramps, and c. the courses with myrrhe and pepper.

Lavender. *Lavendula.*

P. In gardens in these cold countries.

T. They flower and flourish in June and July.

N. *Λευδόαρδο*. *Nardus Italica. Pseudonardus Lavandula.*

Lavender Ger. K. as the common, white flowered, and spike. T. is hot and dry 3°. of thin substance consisting of many airy and spirituall parts, so h. cold diseases of the head that are *fine materia*. V. the distilled water smelt unto, or the temples & forehead bathed therewith h. those that have the cataleptic, a light megrim, the epileptic & syncope in a body that is not plethorick or feverish. The flowers picked from the knops, m. with cinnamon, nutmegs, & cloves powdered & d. in the distilled water thereof, h. panting and passions of the heart, the vertigo swimming of the brain, and members subject to the palse. A conserve of the flowers also h. the disease aforesaid, the quantity of a bean being taken first in a morning. Bathing with the distilled water of the flowers h. those that are paralytick; so also the oile of the flowers, and oile olive made as oile of roses being appointed. French lavender or stickadove, *Stæchas*. K. as the common, jagged, toothed, and naked *Stæchas*. T. hath a little cold earthy substance so binding: it also opens obstructions, extenuateth, scourerh, and strengthneth the intrals and whole body. V. Diosc. The decoction h. the diseases of the chest. and is used in antidotes. the flowers h. paines of the head, and diseases thereof. by cold as the apoplexie and epileptic &c. The decoction of the heads and fl. d. opens the liver, lungs, milt, mother, bladder and all inward parts, driving forth corrupt humors and procuring urine. Sea lavender, *limonium*. K. as the common, rock, that with the indented leaf, and hollow leaved. T. the seed is very astringent. V. the seed

seed powdered and d. in wine h. the collick, strangury, and dysentery, the over much flowing of womens terms, and all other fluxes of blood. *Lavender cotton*, *chamecyparissus* T. the seed is bitter, hot and dry 30. V. *Plin.* the herb d. in wine h. the poyson of all venemous beasts. Given green or dry it killeth wormes; so the seed, and expelleth them, and operates as effectually as worrne seed. *Park.* V. *Oile of spike* h. cold and benumbed parts: and serves for perfumes. The dried flowers comfort and dry the moisture of a cold brain. *Stickadove* expels melancholly, clenseth and strengtheneth the liver and inward parts. *Lavender cotton*, is used in remedies for cold diseases. *Col. lavender water* d. h. lost speech. the smell h. the sight: it h. gripings c. by cold. *Spiritus lavendulae compositus*, *Matthia.* P. L. or the Compound spirit of lavender of *Mat.* cleers the sight of aged, phlegmatick, or sanguine persons also it strengthens the braine, nerves, heart and womb, and all internall parts, and so resists the diseases from weakness and oppression by cold, crude, melancholick humours. so it h. the epilepsie and convulsion chiefly, palsie and tremblings of the joynts from a cold cause; against doleness of wit, and want of memory from a cold and moist distemper of the brain and nerves. It corrects cold flashy distempers of the womb, and h. barrenesse thence. It h. convulsions in children, being well allayed with waters of cowslips, black cherries, and lilly convally, and sweetned with syrup of black cherries, with rue water it is thought to h. children bewicht. *Syrupus de Stœchade*, P. L. or *Syrup of Stœchas* or French lavender, h. cold infirmities of the brain, spinal marrow, nerves, and sence and motion, annoied by cold or melancholly. It's excellent against palsies or the tremblings of the limbs, convulsions, cramps, epilepsies, and all other infirmities of the brain, from moisture, cold or melancholly: the D. is *anc.* 1. in the morning. Also it strengthens the brain, nerves and joynts, and h. head-aches and joynt pains from cold. It warmes a cold stomach and matrix; and helps

P. D.
T. F.
N. M.
Le

helps barrenness in women from the excessive moisture of the womb, the D. is *unc. sem.* to *unc. 1. sem.* or *unc. 2.* in sage or bettony water in the morning, and at 4. in the after noon, and an houre before bed time, to women disordered as above said. *Oleum lavendulae chim.* P. L. or the Chymicall oile of lavender, h. the running of the reins being annointed with it. It expels worms, 2 drop. being taken in wine; the back being annointed with it, h. the palfie.

Launce for a lad see Cats-taile.

Laurell. *Laureola.*

P. In mountaines, rough, shadowie, and woody place.

T. Fl. in winter: the fruit is ripe in May and June: it's always green.

N. *Δαφνιδής*, *Chamadaphne*. *Peplion*.

Laurell. Ger. K. as the Spurge laurel. T. It agreeth with the Germane spurge olive throughout the whole substance being biting and extreme hot. V. *Diosc.* the dry or green leaves purge flegme. It provoketh vomit and bringeth down the menses, being chewed it draweth water out of the head. It causeth sneezing. Also 15. gr. d. are a purgation. *Lugd.* the leaves taken h. the dropsie, but evert the stomack, and inflame the intralls, except macerated in vinegar with a quince &c. *Jo.* the antidote is milk with butter and bole arm. *Park.* the berries are given to h. the collick: so the oile ap. It h. the piles and urine stopr.

Laurel of Alexandria, see Horse-tongue,

Lead-wort. *Plumbago Plinii.*

P. In gardens when Planted there.

T. Fl. in July and Aug.

N. *Molybdana*. *Dentillaria Rondeletii.*

Lead wort. Ger. T. is caustick. V. It helpeth the
 L tooth

tooth-ach and that (as some say) if it be held in the hand onely. *Park.* It h. the sciatica, or paine in the Joynts; or any other inveterate greif, the leaves being bruised and ap. with axungia, as Sciatica Cresses. The same also h. marks. scabs, and deformity of the skin. The juice d. in ale c. speedy delivery in travaile.

Leekes. *Porrum.*

P. In a meane earth, fat, well dunged and digged.

T. It may besown in March or Aprill. removed in September.

N. *πεγύρον.* *Porrus Palladii.* The 1. *Capitatum.* The 2d *Sellivum.*

Lecke. *Ger. J. K.* as the headed, cut or unset. *T.* Is hot and dry, and doth attenuate as the onion. *V.* boiled it is lesse hartfull and looseth it's sharpnesse, yet is cacochymick; but better taken with cold herbs. Boiled and eaten with *prifana*, it concocteth and expectoraterh raw humors lying in the h. east. in a *loboch* it clenseth the lungs. the juice d. wi h hony h. bitings of venemous beasts; so also the leaves stamped and ap. the same juice with vinegar, frankincense and milk, or oile of roses dropped into the eares h. their pain and noise, *drach.* 2. of the seed with the like weight of myrtle berries d. stoppe the hæmorrhys of long continuance. the same ingredients put into wine, keep. it from souring, and if some amend the same. It cutteth tough humors. *Lobel* the following *loboch* h. *fl.* ginatrick squinancies and other cold catarrhes that suffocate. take blanched almonds *unc.* 3. 4 figgs, soft *bdellium* *unc.* *sem.* juice of lyquorice *unc.* 2. or sugar candy dissolved in a *f. q.* of the juice of leekes and boiled in B. to a syrup, as much as may serve to make the rest into the forme of an eclegma. *H.* It heareth the body, c. ill bloud, and terrible dreames d. lth the sight, is noysome to the stomack, breedeth winde, and offendeth hot and cholericke bodies. *Wild leekes.* *K.* as the common, French and cives

cives. T. *Cives* are hot and dry like the leek. the *vine leek* is more hot than the rest. V. *Cives* attenuate, open, and are diuretick, and c. hot and grosse vapors &c as the leek. the *vine leek* or *Ampeloprason* provoketh urine and the flowers, and h. bitings of venemous beasts. *cives* are called *Schœnoprason*. Park. *Leeks* eaten h. hoarseness; and baked in hot embers the surfeit of mushrooms. the *green blads* boiled and applyed warme h. the piles. Fum. the juice d. with parsley extracts the *fætus*. Park. Theat. *Leeks* are much about the same property, that onions are, yet not al-together so effectuall.

Lentils. Lens.

P. In gardens, and fields sown.

T. They flower and wax ripe in July and Aug.

N. Φάλος ή φακή. *Lenticula*.

Lentils Ger. K. as the great and little. T. Gal. they are in a meane between hot and cold; yet dry 20. their skin is astringent. the substance of an earthy juice, somewhat harsh. V. the first decoction d. with salt and pickle doth loosen the belly. the second binderh and h. laskes, especially if boiled with red beets, myrtles, the pills of pomegranats, dried roses, medlars, service berries, unripe peares, quinces, plantain leaves, galls, or the berries of sumach. the meale of lentils mixt with hony doth mundifie ulcers, and rotten sores. it c. flesh, and is good to put to digestives, for green wounds. the skins being taken off they are more nourishing and lesse binding. they are of thick and bad juice, stop the belly, melancholly, & if much eaten c. the leprosie. they h. the dropisie. H. they hurt the sight stop the menses, c. sad dreams, hurt the head, sinews & lungs. 30. of hem shelled & swall wet h. the overcasting of the stomach Boiled with parched barley meale and ap. they h. the gour, with hony fill sores, breake aschaies, cleanse ulcers. and boiled in wine wast wens, & hard swellings of the throat. with a quince, melilot and oile of roses, they h.

the inflammation of the eyes and fundament, which if great they must be boiled with the rinde of a pomegranate, dry rose leaves and hony. If sea water be added they h. eating sores that are mortified, also pushes, shingles, S. Anthonies fire, and kibes ap. and also womens breasts in which the milke is curdled. *Sea Lentill*, *Lenticula marina*. *Johns*. K. as the narrow & cut leaved T. V. May be eaten as samphire. 'Tis thought to be diureticall. *Park*. They hurt dry constitutions and those that have the courses stopped. The decoction with rose leaves and quinces h. ulcers, *Senn*. and the phlyctænæ, as also that of myrtles.

Lentisk, see Maslick tree.

Leopards-bane. *Doronicum*.

P. In gardens: and wild on high mountaines.

T. They flower in June, and July.

N. Ἀκόνιτον παραλίαγχες. *Myophoron*. *Thora*.

Leopards-bane. *Ger. f.* K. as the small, and great with the cray fish, winged, narrow leaved, large flowered and the greatest woolfesbane. T. are cold. V. They are mixed with compound medicines that h. paines of the eyes: and being green h. their inflammation. It killeth all fourefooted beasts in the compasse of one day; yet the root h. stingings of scorpions. *Gesn. drach. 2.* of the powder being taken h. the vertigo and epilepsie, or mixed with gentian, the powder of misle-toe, and *astrantia*. *Schwenck*. the root is sweet and temperate. *Senn*. the antidote is milke and mithridate &c. *Park*. K. as the fained of *Matth. V. Theoph. Plin.* It's good against scorpions taken in warmed wine, resisting the poyson.

Lettuce

Lettuce. *Laſtuca*.

P. In manured, fat, moiſt, and dunged ground.

T. It's to be ſown at the firſt ſpring, and that very thin.

N. *Ἰπιδᾶξ ὁ πυθαγορείου* Pythagoreorum. Chas Arab.

Lettuce. Ger. K. as the garden, curled, cabbage, ſmall curled, Savoy and Lumbard lettuce. T. Is moderately cold and moiſt. V. It cooleth the heate of the ſtomack, h. the and heart burning, and choller, quencheth thirſt, and c. ſleep, and milke in dry bodies, tempering the heat and dryneſſe, and hindereth in cold bodies. It maketh a pleaſant ſallad being eaten raw with vineger, oile and a little ſalt: if boiled it is of eaſier digeſtion, and more nourishment. Taken before meat it whetteth the apperite; taken after, it preventeth drunkenneſſe, ſtaying the vapors. Gal. It neither bindeth nor looſeth the belly; yet the contrary is found true by experience. Being ap. outwardly it h. all inflammations, burnings and ſcaldings ap. with ſalt before the bliſters appeare. The juyce too much uſed quencheth the naturall ſperme, but procureth ſleep. Wild lettuce. *Laſtuca ſylveſtris*. K. as the greateſt ſmelling of opium, & the wild with the divided leaſe. T. are cold ſine 3ⁱⁱⁱ. V. Dioſc. Some mix the juyce thereof with opium. The juyce d. in oxycrate q. ob. 2. or ſcr. 1. purgeth watric humors, and clenſeth the ulcer in the eye, argemon, and h. the darkeneſſe of ſight. Stamped & ap. with womens milke it h. burnes, and ſcalds: it's hypnotick and anodyne, moves the courſes, and h. the ſtingings of ſcorpions, and the bitings of ſpiders. The ſeed d. like the garden lettuce h. venery. Lambs lettuce or corne ſallad. *Laſtuca agnina*. T. Is cold and ſomewhat moiſt like the common, and in ſtead thereof, in winter and the firſt ſpring it ſerveth for a ſallad herbe uſed as the reſt. Park. The juice ap. with oile of roſes to the fore head, h. the paines of the head: ap. to the teſticles it h. the colts-evill, and with camphire it reſtraineth luſt. H. but it's hurtfull to thoſe that are aſthmaticall. Mac. It tempereth aduſt humors:

Pem The first is cold, and moist 10 or 20. ap. it h. lust.
Park. K. as the sharpe pointed garden lettuce. *Gal. Serap.*
 It yeildeth good nourishment. the juice with oile of
 roses, ap. c. sleep and h. the head-ach. c. of heat, as
 also the colts-evill, and heate of urine. The wild. K. as
 the purple fl. T. V. as the rest.

Lich-wale, see Gromel.

Lich-wort, see Pellitory of the wall.

Lignum aloes, see Aloes.

Lignum vitæ, see Pockwood.

Lilly-leek, see Moly.

Lilly-royall, see Penny-royall.

Lillie. *Lilium.*

P. In gardens planted: naturally in Italy, Persia &c.

T. Fl. from May to July

N. *Κρίνον, κρίνον ἢ λείριον. Rosa Junonis.*

Lillies. *Ger.* the white lillies, *Lilium album.* K. as the
 common, and that of Constantinople. T. is hot, and partly
 of a subtile substance The root is dry 10, and hot 20. V.
 the root of the garden lilly stamped with hony congluti-
 nateh the sinewes cut in sonder, and consumeth
 achores, and the scurfinesse of the beard and face.
 Stamped with vineger, the leaves of henbane, or the
 meale of barley, it h. the tumors of the privities. It c.
 haire in burned and scalded places m. with oile or grease
 and ap. Roasted in the embers, and stamped with some
 leaven of rie bread and hogs grease, it breaketh pesti-
 lentiall botches, and ripeneth buboes coming of venery.
 The flowers steeped in oile olive, and shifted two or
 three times during summer, and set in the sun h. the
 sinues and hardnesse of the matrix. *Jul. Alex.* the distil-
 led water thereof d. c. speedy deliverance, and expell-
 eth the secundine. the leaves boiled in red wine and ap.
 h. old wounds, and ulcers, the root stamped, strained
 with

with wine and d. for two or three dayes together, ex-
 pellerh the pestilence. the *juice* m. with barley meale,
 and baked in cakes and eaten for a moneth h. the drop-
 sic. *Florent.* the root being curiously opened, and any
 colour that is not caustick being put in causeth the
 flower to be of the same colour. *Red lillies.* *Lilium ru-*
brum. K. as the common, gold red, fiery red, bulbe bearing,
 that with bulbs growing along the stalkes, and small red.
T. Gal. The flower is partly of thin, partly of an earthy
 essence. the roots and leaves dry and cleanse, and mode-
 rately digest and waft. V. the leaves of the herbe ap. h.
 the stingings of serpents, the same boiled and mixed
 with vineger h. burnings, green wounds, and ulcers
 The roots roasted in the embers, and stamped with oile
 of roses h. burnings and hardnesse of the matrix: Stam-
 ped with hony it cures the wounded sinews and mem-
 bers out of joynt, and h. the morphew, wrinkles and
 deformities of the face Stamped with vineger, the
 leaves of henbane, and wheat meale it h. hot swellings
 of the secret parts. the roots boiled in wine ap. h.
 cornes. d. with mead they purge out unprofitable
 bloud. *Mountain lillies,* *lilium montanum.* K. as the great
 and small. T. V. are not yet used in physick. the other
 lillies. *lilium Bizantinum.* K. as the red of Constantinople,
 the Byzantine purplish sanguine coloured, the light red
 and vermillion Byzantine many flowred. T. V. are of as
 little use as the former, the narrow leaved reflex lillies.
lilium angustifolium. K. as the red, the yellow mountain
 with the spotted flowers and unspotted. T. V. are thought
 to agree with the other lillies. The *Persian lilly.* *lilium*
Persicum. T. V. serveth for ornament to the garden; but
 is as yet of no known physicall use. *lilly in the valley.*
lilium Convallium. K. as the common, and red, T. are hot
 & dry. The flowers distilled with wine, & d. the quantity
 of a spoonfull, restore speech unto those that have a
 dumb palsie, h. the apoplexie and gout; and comfort
 the heart: strengthen the memory and h. inflammations
 of the eyes, being dropped thereinto. The flowers be-
 ing put into a glasse, and set in a hill of ants close stop-

per for one months space, there shall be a liquor that appeaseth the pain of the gout being applyed. *Water lilly* or *water rose*, *Nymphaea*. K. as the *white*, *yellow*, *small white*, and *dwarfe*. T. the *roots* and *seed* dry and bite. V. That with *yellow fl.* stoppeth the laske, bloody flux and gonorrhœa. That with *white flowers* is of greater force, and stoppeth the whites d. in red wine: they cleanse the morpew, h. the alopecia, steeped in tarre; and the morpew in water, sc. the *white* for the first, and the *black root* for the other. *Theoph.* Stamped and ap. they stop bleeding. The *flowers of the white* h. the infirmities of the head, c. by hear. The *root of the yellow* h. hot diseases of the kidneys and bladder, and the gonorrhœa. the *root and seed of the great water lilly* d. h. venery; or the powder taken in broth, drying the sperme. the *conserva of the flowers* operates as the former, and h. burning feavers the *oile of the flowers* refrigerateth, causeth sleep, and preventeth venereous dreames: the temples of the head, palmes of the hands, the feet and breast being anointed for the one; and the genitors for the other. The *green leaves of the great water lillie* ap. to the back h. the gonorrhœa being renew'd thrice a day. The *yellow lillie* with the *day lillie*. T. is referred to the *Asphodils* V. *Diosc.* A pessary of the root with hony brings forth water and blood. Stamped with the leaves and ap. it h. hot swellings in the dugs in childing women, inflammations of the eyes, and burnings. *Park.* K. as the *water lilly of Egypt* &c. T. V. the leaves and flowers are cold and moist. *Syrupus florum Nymphaeae simplex*, *Pharm. Lond.* or *syrup of water-lilly flowers simple.* and *compositus*, or the *Compound*, are both fine cooling syrups; they h. the heat of choller, provoke sleep, cool the body, both head, heart, liver, reins & marrix, & so h. their hot diseases the D. is anc. i. fasting. *Oleum Nymphaeae P. L.* or the *simple oile of water lillies*, cools and h. the violent heat, especially of the head, reins, and bladder, so h. frenzies, procures sleep, preserves from the stone, and h. women apt to miscarry through heat of the reins (their backs being annointed with

with it) which they may easily know by continual pain in their backs, and swelling of their legs; so oile of poppies. Also it is of a very cooling nature. It c. sleep annointed upon the forehead, temples and soles of the feet and stomach, in hot distempers. It h. the heat of the liver, spleen. and kidnies annointed on the region of those parts. It cools lust being annointed on the genitals morning and evening, and upon the region of the kidnies with camphire dissolved in vineger and well mixed. It h. pains of the head from heat, being annointed on the forehead, temples, nostrells and pulles. *Vnguentum anodinum*, or the ointment to ease pain, or oile of white lillies, &c. h. pain in any part especially that in inflammations, in wounds or tumors, and for that it is excellent. Also it c. rest, annointed on the forehead and temples, and aswageth the ravings of frantick persons.

Limewort, see Catch-fly.

Limon tree. *Malus Limonia*.

P. In the sea coasts of Italy and Spain &c.

T. It's alwayes green and bearing fruit.

N. Λιμόνια μύλα. *Limas* & *Limera* Hisp. The first notes the fruit, the second the tree.

Limmon tree. Ger. T. the pap is soure, cold and dry with thinness of parts. V. The distilled water of the whole fruit, drawed out by a glasse still h. tetteres & blemishes of the skin, and maketh the face faire and smooth, d. it provoketh urine, dissolveth and expelleth the stone. Unc. 2. of the juice mixt with the spirit of wine or *aqua vitæ* d. in the fit of an ague h. the shaking, and h. the ague at thrice using, the patient being covered warme to cause sweat; so unc. 1. sem. of the distilled water taken. The seed killeth wormes, the syrup h. burning fevers and infectious diseases: so Unz. For. *Val. de Tar. Job. Ang. Tab. Pisan. Ficin.* it comforteth the

the heart, cooleth the inward parts, cutteth and attenuateth. *Park.* The rind and juyce come nere unto the property of the Citron; but it's weaker to resist poyson, venome or infection: yet the juice being sharper cooleth more. The juice of unripe Limmons d. with malmsy expelleth the stone and killeth wormes. A peece of gold being steeped 24. houres in the juyce thereof, and it d. in wine with the powder of *Angelica* roots h. those that are infected with the plague. The distilled water killeth lice: the juice used at sea preventeth the scurvy, and h. thirst. *Riol.* The syrup h. putrefactions and distempers of the blood. *Col.* the juyce taken every morning with white wine and sugar strengtheneth the heart stomach and head: it h. melancholly. The rind h. the stench of the mouth. The juice h. stains in linnen.

Line-tree. *Tilia.*

P. In gardens and woods.

T. Fl. in May: the fruit is ripe in Aug.

N. Φιλόγ. *Philyra.* *Tela Hisp.* Linden-tree:

Line-tree. *Ger.* K. as the male and female. *T.* the bark and leaves are of a temperate heat, somewhat dry and astringent. *V.* the leaves boiled in smiths water, with allome and a little hony h. sores in childrens mouths. The leaves boiled till tender, and stamped very small with hogs grease the powder of fenugreek and linseed h. hot swellings and c. maturation of impostumes ap. very hot. The flowers h. pains of the head of a cold cause, dizziness, apoplexie, epilepsie, and not onely the flowers but the distilled water also, *Theoph.* the leaves are sweet, and are fodder for cattle; but the fruit can be eaten of none. *Park.* the coals make gunpowder, being quenched in vinegar they dissolve clotted blood. The juice of the bark steeped and ap. h. burnings. The distilled water of the bark h. against fretting

ting humours that c. the bloody flux. The coals h. the hæmoptysis.

Ling, *see* Heath.

Lingwort, *see* White hellebore.

Lions-leaf. *Leontopetalon*. *

P. Among corne in Italy, Candy &c.

T. It flowreth in winter as affirmeth Pet. Bellon.

N. ΛΕΟΝΤΟΠΕΤΑΛΟΝ. *Pes Leoninus*. *Brumaria*.

Lions leaf. *Ger. Gall*. It's hot and dry 3°. and digesting. V. *Diosc*. The root taken in wine h. the bitings of serpents, and easeth the pain. It's used in *clisters* for them that are troubled with the sciatica: so *Trag. Plin. Bauh. Park*. The root ap. h. the sciatica, also it clenseth and healeth old filthy ulcers. *Rawolf*. The inhabitants of *Aleppo* use the poulder of the old and greater roots thereof to take spots out of their garments by rubbing them therewith.

Liquorice. *Glycyrrhiza*.

P. In Germany, France, Spain, and in gardens when planted.

T. Fl. in July the seed is ripe in September.

N. ΓΛΥΚΥΡΡΙΖΑ. *Dulcis radix*. *Liquiritia*. *Herba Scythica*.

Liquorice. *Ger. K.* as the *hedgehog* and common. T. the root is sweet, temperate, hot, somewhat binding and moist: the bark is somewhat bitter and hot. V. the root h. the hoarseness and roughness of the throat, and breast; openeth the lungs, ripeneth the cough, and expectoratedh flegme: so the *Rob* or juice, and the ginger bread made of the juice, with ginger and other spices, h. all infirmities of the lungs and breast: The juice h. the heate of the stomach and mouth. d. with

new

with wine & raisins it h. the infirmities of the liver and chest, sores of the bladder add diseases of the kidneys. Being melted under the tongue it quencherh thirst, h. the stomach and green wounds applyed ; so the decoction of the roots being fresh: The powder of the dried root ap. h. the web in the eye, and ulcers of the mouth. It h. hoarsness difficulty of breathing, inflammations of the lungs, the pleurisie, spitting of blood, consumption and rottenness of the lungs, and all infirmities of the chest: it h. inflammations, tempereth the sharpness of humors, concocteth them and c. easie spitting. The decoction h. the kidneys and bladder exulcerated, the strangury and all infirmities proceeding of sharp, salt and biting humors. *Theoph.* With this and mares milk cheese the Scythians were reported to be able to live 11 or 12. daies. With hony it h. pleers. *Sala.* The essence h. the diseases of all the cavities of the body, c. by sharp and salt humors. In a *loboch* with rose water and gum-tragacanth it expectorath flegme, and h. thin distillations. the *English* is less astringent. *Col.* Liquorice boiled in fair water, with some Maidenhaire and figs, makes a good drink for those that have a dry cough, to digest flegme, and to expectorat it : it h. the pry sick, consumption, and all griefs of the breast and lungs. It's also used against colds in cattell. *Syrupus de glycyrrhiza*, *Pharm. Lond.* or syrup of liquorice, clenseth the brest and lungs, and h. continuall coughs, and pleurifies : æt may be taken with a liquorice stick ; or *unc.* 1. with the pectorall decoction. *Succus glycyrriza simplex*, or, the juyce of liquorice simple, h. coughs, and colds, &c. and strengthens the lungs. *Succ. glycyr. compositus*, or that compounded, is of the same virtue. Also the simple juyce, clears the voice, opens obstructions, moves urine moderately, allayes sharpnesse of urine, and relieves the heart oppressed with melancholy, or any saddening humour. The compound is more effectuell against diseases of the lungs arising from rheum, and flegme, than the former : It drys up rheum, and cuts and expectorates flegme, and strengthens the lungs, a drop or 2. of chymicall

micall oyl of hyssop, added to unc. 2. of juice of licorice, will make such a medicament as this.

Liricaufancie; see yellow lilly.

Littlewhale, see Gremel.

Live in idleness, see Harts case.

Live long, see Spanish orpin.

Wood liver wort, see Lung wort.

Liver-wort. *Hepatica.*

P. In shadowie and moist places, on rocks &c.

T. It bringeth forth its stars and leaves in June.

N. Λειχην. Lichen. The noble *Herbatrinitatis* & *Trifolium nobile*.

Liver-wort. Ger. K. as the ground, small with starry and round heads, and Stone Liv. T. Stone liverwort is cold, dry, and somewhat binding. V. It h. inflammations of the liver, hot and sharpe agues and tertians of choller. Diose. ap. it stops bleeding, h. inflammations, tetteres, and ringwormes. It h. the yellow jaundise, and inflammations of the tongue. Noble liverwort. K. as the common, red, and that with double flowers. T. are cold and dry with a little astringion. V. they h. the weakness of the liver c. by heat cooling and strengthening it. Bapt. Sard. A spoonfull of the powder of the root d. certain daies together with wine or broth h. the enterocoele. White Liver-wort. K. as the common and double flowered grass of Parnassus. T. is dry and of subtile parts. V. The decoction of the leaves d. doth dry and strengthen the moist stomach, the belly, and h. desire to vomit. Boiled in wine or water and d. especially the seed provoketh urine, and breaketh and expelleth the stone. Brunself. It h. all hot impostumes. Park. the first h. the gonorrhoea and whites, the rest are for pleasure.

Locron

Locron Gowulous, *see* Crow foot.
 Lodwort, *see* Water crowfoot.
 Londoners May-bush, *see* Hawthorne.
 London tufts, *see* Sweet williams.
 Long wort, or Bullocks Lungwort,
see, Mullein.
 Loke tree, *see* Nettle- tree.

Loose-strife. *Lythymachia.*

P. In moist meadowes, and by water sides.
 T. Fl. in June and July, often untill Aug.
 N. *Λουσιμαχίου*. *Salicaria*. *Coroneola*.

Loose-strife. Ger. *J*. K. as the yellow, small yellow, yellow with branched flowers, tree primrose. spiked, codded, rose-bay, narrow leaved, blew, hooded, wild, and small purple willow herb. T. the yellow (which is most usefull) is cold, dry and very astringent. V. *Diosc.* The juyce d. h. the bloody flix, it h. green wounds and stoppeth blood; so also as an *errhine*: so *Fuch.* The smoke of the burned herb driveth away serpents and killeth gnats. *Plin.* It dyeth the haire yellow: d. it h. the dysentry. Made into a *salve* it cooleth and healeth wounds. As a *peffary* it stoppeth the termes. The others have not bin experimented. *Park* K. as the round headed yellow. V. as the first. the juice h. sore mouths, and the secret parts. The small purple fl. V. as the first; so the codded, and is hot and dry 2°. the distilled water of the spiked h. hurts of the eyes, scars and the quinsy.

Lovage. *Levisticum.*

P. In gardens, where it groweth very much.
 T. Fl. in July and August. and then seedeth.
 N. *Ligusticum*. *Siler montanum*.

Lovage. Ger. The common. T. Is hot and dry 3°. V. the

the roots h. all inward diseases, and expel ventosities, especially of the stomach: the seed warmeth it and h. digestion. *Ant. Musa.* The Gennees did formerly use it in their meats, as we do pepper now. The distilled water cleareth the sight, and taketh away all spots, lentils, freckles and redness of the face, if they be often washed therewith. *Bastard Lovage*, with the horse fennell. T. this plant with his seed is hot and dry 30. V. the seeds of *Siler d.* with wormwood wine c. the menses, h. suffocation of the matrix and cause it to returne to its naturall place. The root stamped with hony and ap. h. old sores and covereth bare bones with flesh. It's diuretick, and h. pains of the intralls of crudity. It h. concoction, consumeth wind, and h. the swelling of the stomach: the root is not so effectuell, as not being so hot and dry. *Senn.* It c. sweat, h. the womb, and c. the termes. *Crescent.* It's hot and dry 20. diuretick, extenuating and opening, and h. the griefs of the stomach. *Park. K.* as th *Germane*, V. the first d. h. agues. The last h. the quinsy, and eyes. *Penot.* The salt h. the stone.

Lousie grasse, see Wild black hellebore.

Louse wort, see Staves-acre.

Lowry, see Spurge laurell.

Lung-flower, see Calathian violet.

Lung wort. *Pulmonaria.*

P. Upon old trees rocks and shadowie places. 1

T. It flourisheth especially in the summer time.

N. Lichen. The golden *Corchorus Dalechampi.*

Lung-wort. *Ger. J. K.* as the tree, and sea, with the round leaved oyster weed, sea thongs, sea wracks, jagged, grasse, sea girdle, sea ragged staff, and hairy riverweed.

T. Lung-wort is cold and dry. V. The powder d. with water h. inflammations and ulcers of the lungs, bloody
and

and green wounds, ulcers in the privities, and stoppeth the reds, and all fluxes of choller upwards or downwards. *Fried* with eggs as a ransie and eaten, it strengtheneth the weakness of the back. The *powder* with salt given to cattle h. their cough and broken windedness. *French lung-w.* *Pulminaria gallica, sive, aurea.* K. as the broad-leaved, and narrow leaved, with the golden mouse-eare. T. are temperate and a little astringent. V. The *decoction* or the *distilled water* of the first d. and ap. mundifies, and h. green wounds: it h. inflammations and hot distempers of the heart, stomach and liver. The *juyce* dropped into the eares h. them, if troubled with a pricking paine or noise. *Trags* The water operates as that of succory. *Pen.* the second h. whitelowses, and diseases of the lungs. *Cam.* The third (if the *Costa* of *Camerarius*) h. the pthisis, given in conserve, syrup or powder, or used in broths. The *other Lung-wort*, or *cowslip* of *Jerusalem.* K. as the spotted narrow leaved, and buglosse cowslips. T. Is of the temperature of great comfrey, yet the root is more drying and binding. V. the leaves are used among potherbs. The roots are thought to h. the infirmities of the lungs, and ulcers thereof, and to be of the like force with the great comfrey. *Park.* Cowslips of *Jerusalem* boiled and d. h. the hæmoptysis. *Cam.* The first is binding, absterfive and glutinating,

Lupine. *Lupinus.*

P. In a sandy and bad soile, hardly in tilled places.

T, They are planted in April and have fruit two or three times.

N. *ſēgμ. Aurum comicum Plauti.*

Lupine. *Ger. f.* K. as the garden, yellow, blew, and the great blew. T. They are bitter, and of earthy substance, not easily digested. V. being boiled and seasoned with salt they are eaten with pickle, before they be steeped in water and have their bitterness, they cleanse, waite, and kill

kill wormes, taken with hony, water and vineger, or ap. also ap. it h. the morphew, sore heads, small pox, wild scabbs, gangreens. and venemous ulcers, by clensing, consuming and drying without biting. Taken with rue and pepper, it scoureth the liver and spleen, it moveth the courses and expels the dead child ap. with myrrhe and hony. The *meale* wasterh without biting. h. spots c. by dry beating. *cheradas* and *phymata* boiled in water or vineger, or oxymel; and operates as the *decoction*: Boiled in rain water til they yeild a creame they clense, and beautify the face. The *root* boiled with water and d. is diuretick. Lupines made sweet, m. with vineger and d. h. the loathfomeness of the stomach, and c. appetite. Boiled in strong *lye* which barbers use, with wormwood, centorie, and bay salt, they stop gangreens, and h. atrophick members, and stay the ambulative nature of phagedens ap. hot with stuphes of cloth. The *decoction* with the root of black Chameleon thistle ap. cureth the scabbs that are in sheep. *Croll*. The decoction thereof expels the pox &c. *Dorst*. *Æg. Lupine* is hot, dry, absterfiv, dissipating and drying without biting. Taken with fennel seed, it h. paines and wind of the intestines, the *decoction* thereof with *folatrum* in wine h. the shortness of breath, and heat; and mollifyeth the belly, ap. it h. marisca's. *Park*. K. as the *great white*. V. as the *rest*. The juice mixt with the gall of a goat, the juice of limmons and *alumen saccharinum* h. nodes and impostumes. The *burning* of the *bushes* drives away gnats. The *wild* are stronger for all purposes, and more effectuell.

Lustwort, see Sundew.

Lyne, see Flax.

Lyons foot, see Ladies mantle.

Lyons snap, see Snap dragon.

Lyons turnep, see Lions lease.

Lyng-wort, see white hellebor.

Mace,

M.

Mace, see Nutmeg tree.

Madder. *Rubia*.

P. In gardens, and clefts of rocks: the second in moist meadows.

T. Fl. from May to September: the roots are gathered in Autumne.

N. Ἐρυθρόδανον. *Erythrodanum*. *Rubia tinctorum*.
Σχύειον *Nicandri*.

Madder. Ger. *J. K.* as the red wilde, sea, small Candy, and dwarfe. T. the root is cold, dry, somewhat binding, and withall having divers thin parts. and a little sweetnesse, with a subsequent harsh tast; yet is it doubted of by some whether it bind or open. V. The decoction of the root h. burstings, bruises and wounds, stoppeth bleeding and h. inflammations. It is used in *vulnerary potions*, and h. wounds of the chest and intralls. *Jo. Spiring*. The decoction given with *triphera magna* stops the reds, hæmorrhoides and bloody flux; so it appeareth to be astringent: it is also by some used in compositions against untimely birth. *Diosc.* thought it diuretick and that it would expell the menses and secundine, and cause bloody urine; but this rather ariseth from the colour of it. Thus it is evident that it doth not vehemently either bind or open. *Plin.* the stalkes and leaves are used against serpents, the root boild in meade, and d. openeth the liver, spleen and kidnies, and h. the jaundise, and provoketh urine. It. h. the lothsomenesse of the Kings evill, & ulcers of the mouth, there being added to the decoction a little allome, and hony of roses. The *Synanchica Dalechampia* dryeth without biting, & h. the squinancy d. and ap. *Lonic.* T. It's hot 20, dry 30. V. with vineger it h. the itch. *Ern.* The distilled oile h. the epilepsie, apoplexie, and

& losse of speech, 1, or 2, drops being put upon the tongue: d. it h. the swelling of the spleen and quarran agues. *Park*: K. as the *smooth leaved*. V. It h. the sciatica. The seed taken with vineger and hony h. hard spleenes. the *small K.* as the *spiked headed*, and *purple flowered*. T. V. are weaker.

Mad-nep, see Cow parsnap.

Madwort. *Alyssum*.

P. It's often sown in gardens: the seed comes from Italy.

T. Fl. and flourisheth in May, the seed is ripe in August.

N. *ΑΛΥΣΣΟΝ*. *Lunaria aspera* Gesn: *Lutea vel Græca*.

Madwort. *Ger. K.* as that of *Gal*: and *Diosc*: T. *Gal*: It's meanly dry, digesting, and scouring. V. Taken, it h. those that are bitten of a mad dogge, it h. morpew, and sunburning. &c. *Park*: K. as that of *Columna*. V. that of *Diosc*. d. stopperth the hicket if there be no ague, so also smelled to. They also h. wounds inward & outward, digest clotted bloud, and h. cancers and filthy ulcers.

Magydare, see Laser wort.

Maids haire, see Ladies bed straw.

Make-bate, see Shrub-trefoile.

Maithes, see May-weed.

Mallow. *Malva*.

P. In gardens almost all: the wild in untild places.

T. Fl. in July and Aug. the second yeare.

N. *Μαλάχη*. that of the garden is called *Rosa ultramarina*. the marsh *Althæa*. *Bismalva*.

Mallow. *Ger.* the hollihocke. *malva hortensis*, K. as the single garden, jagged strange, double purple and double scarlet, and tree with double flowers. T. is moderately hot and moist, but not so much as the wild: it hath a clammy

clammy substance, especially the *seed* and *root*. V. The *decoction* of the *flowers*, especially those of the *red*, boiled in *red wine* stops the courses. the *roots*, *leaves* and *seeds* operate as the *wild*, which are more commonly used, P. L. the *flowers* bruised and boyled in *hony* clarified and strained, make an excellent remedy for coughs, asthma's and consumptions of the lungs. *Wild Mallows*, *Malva sylvestris*. K. as the *field dwarfse*, *French curled*, *vervaine*, and *Spanish*. T. are moderately hot and moist, of slimy and glutinating juyce, better than those of the garden, moderately nourishing, causing grosse blood, and loosening the belly. V. The *leaves* h. the stinging of scorpions, bees, wasps &c. *Diosc.* being anointed with oile and the leaves stamped, they hurt not at all. the *decoction* with their *roots* d. h. against poyson, it being vomited up again. the *leaves* boiled soft & ap. mollifie tumors, and hard swellings of the mother barked, & the *fume* being taken, the *decoction* in *clisters* h. roughnesse & fretting of the guts, bladder, & fundament. the *roots* of the *Vervaine Mal.* h. the bloody flux, & inward burstings, being d. with wine and water. Note, the *French Mal.* is the wholesomest to be eaten. *Marsh Mal.* *Althea* K. as the *common*, *water*, *tree shrubby*, and *hemp leaved*. T. is moderately hot, but dryer than the rest: the *roots* and *seeds* are more dry, & of thinner parts, digesting and mollifying. V. the *leaves* digest, h. paines and concoct. Mixed with fomentations and *pultises*, ap. they h. paines of the sides, of the stone and bladder, and in a *bath* h. all paines; so the *decoction* of the *leaves* d. and expelleth the stone; as also the *roots*, & *seeds*. The *decoction* of the *roots* h. the bloody flux, by mitigating the frettings thereof, and more effectually there being added the *roots* of bistort, tormentill, the *flowers* and *rinds* of pomegranats &c. P. L. the *root* h. the *grauill*, and griping of the belly boiled in milk. The *mucilage* of the *roots* is mixed with anodyne remedies. Boiled in wine, & the *decoction* d. it h. the stone, bloody flux, sciatica, cramps, and convulsions. The *roots*, with the *leaves* of the common Mal-
lowes

lowes, and of violets boiled in water till soft, then adding a little fennugreek, and linseed in powder, the root of black bryony, and barrows grease, and made to the forme of a *pultis*, ap. warme mollify hard swellings, and apostumes in the joynts, and sores of the mother: it consumeth all cold tumors, blastings, and windiness: it h. rifts of the fundament; comforteth, & defendeth green wounds from accidents, digesteth them, and c. maturation in old ulcers. the powder of the seeds d. stops the laske, bloody fluxe, & all other issues of blood *Yellow mallow*, *Althæa Lutea*. T. agreeth with the tree-mallow. V. *Avic*: It h. green wounds, and conglutinateth the same. The seeds d. in wine h. the stone, *Bern*: *Paludan*: the Turkes drinke the seeds to cause sleepe and rest. *Venice mallow*, with the thorny, and *Egyptian codded*. T. the leaves are clammy, so it's thought to come neere unto the common mallow. V. It mollifieth, but is not used in physick. *Park*: they are all viscous, h. paines of the stone, ap: mollifie, and are anodyne. *Recch*: K. The sharp mallow of *Maxico*. V. the root is bitter. *drach*: 2. d. are a gentle purge: *Park*: So the *Jewes mallow*. the other h. diseases c. of heat. *Syrupus de althæa*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the syrup of *Marsh-mallows* is cooling opening and slippery, chiedy helping the collick, and stone and gravell in the kidnies or bladder, being drunk or used in clysters. *Unguentum dialthææ*, *P. L.* or, the ointment of *marshmallows*, and *compositum Nich.* or the compounded, are both heating and moistening: the latter h. paines of the breast c. by cold and pleuresies, old aches & stiches, & softens hard swellings. *Bar.* the first is of a moderate heating, mollifying, humective, and lenitive virtue. *Brug.* the latter also h. all parts hurt by cold, stiffness, paines in the joynts, and scurvy; it helps cut nerves, paines in the sides, hardness of the sinews, and is resolute. Also its of much use to soften, heat, and moisten. It h. paines of the breast from cold and all paines in the sides alone, or mixed with butter it softens the liver and spleen, and dicosseth windy swellings of the stomack, It h. hardness and weaknes.

weaknesse of the nerves, soders them and closeth wounds. It h. palsied members, and all parts over cooled especially the bladder, being annointed before the fire. It stops the shaking fits of agues annointed upon the back bone, half an houre before the fit. It softens, lenifies, concocts, cuts, and digests.

Mandrake. *Mandragora.*

P. In hot regions, woods, mountains, and gardens.

T. They spring in March: Fl: in Aprill: the fruit is ripe in August.

N. *Mavdegyōgas. Circaea. Anthropomorphos. Morian. Terra malum.*

Mandrake. *Ger.* K. as the male and female. *T.* is cold 30, the root 40. *V. Diosc.* the root is flegmatick, the apples are milder, & may be eaten with pepper, and hot spices. *Gal.* the apples are cold and moist, the barke of the root cold and dry. the juyce is good in all cooling ointments. The dried juyce of the root taken in a small q. purgeth flegme and melancholy In collyries it h. paines of the eyes. In a pessarie it draweth forth the dead childe and secundine. the green leaves stamped with axungia and barley meale h. all hot swellings and inflammations, & ap. consume hot ulcers and apostumes. A suppositorie made of the juyce and put up into the fundament c. sleepe. infused in wine d. it c. sleepe and h. paines. the apples smelled to c. sleepe, or the juyce raken in a small q. *Æginet. Serap. Auic.* the seed and fruit d. cleanse the matrix or mother. *Senn.* the antidote is wormewood, rue, scordium, castorium, and wine. *Mac.* also mustard, organie, &c. *Jo.* and vineger smelled to. *Park.* the leaves h. knots in the flesh, and the roots h. S. *Anthanies* fire, &c. and boiled with ivory mollifie the same. *Oleum mandragora, Pharm. Lond.* or the oile of mandrakes, is very cold; yet it may be annointed upon the temples and noses of those that have a frenzy:

if the patient sleep too long, dip a sponge in vinegar and hold it to the nose. Also it h. vehement pains of the head, and tooth-ach anointed on the cheeks and jaws and c. sleep; easeh headach and phrensies anointed upon the forehead, temples, and nostrils; and for watchfulness upon the pulses and soles of the feet.

Manna grasse, *see* Dew grasse.

Maus matherwort, *see* Palma Christi.

Maple tree. *Acer.*

P. The 1 in gardens planted. the 2d in low woods and hedges.

T. Fl. about the end of March, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. Σπένδαμνος. *Spendamnus*. The common *Opulus*.

Maple tree. Ger. K. as the great and lesser. T. *Plin.* the pounded root ap. h. paines of the liver, *Seren.* Sammon. d. w. h. wine it h. paines of the side, so *Dod.* *Theoph.* the wood serveth for the chiefest utensills. *Park.* K. as the three leaved. T. V. as the rest. *Gal:* drach: 1, of the root powdered and d. in water, h. the liver, but none other of the Greeke writers make any mention thereof, as usefull in any disease. See *Cornar.*

Maracoc. *see* Haffion flower.

March, *see* Smallage.

March beetle, *see* Cats taile.

Margarers herb, *see* Daisy.

Mariets, *see* Coventry bells.

Marigolds. *Calendula.*

P. The double flowred are set in gardens.

T. Fl. from Aprill to winter, and then if warme.

N. Χρυσάνθεμον. *Caltha Chrysanthemum.*

Marigolds, Ger. K. as the greatest double, greater double

weaknesse of the nerves, soders them and closeth wounds. It h. palsied members, and all parts over cooled especially the bladder, being annointed before the fire. It stops the shaking fits of agues annointed upon the back bone, half an houre before the fit. It softens, lenifies, concocts, cuts, and digests.

Mandrake. *Mandragora.*

P. In hot regions, woods, mountains, and gardens.

T. They spring in March: Fl. in Aprill: the fruit is ripe in August.

N. *Mavdeaydeas. Circaea. Anthropomorphos. Moriana. Terra malum.*

Mandrake. Ger. K. as the male and female. T. is cold 30, the root 40. V. Diosc. the root is flegmatick, the apples are milder, & may be eaten with pepper, and hot spices. Gal. the apples are cold and moist, the barke of the root cold and dry. the juyce is good in all cooling ointments. The dried juyce of the root taken in a small q. purgeth flegme and melancholy In collyries it h. paines of the eyes. In a pessarie it draweth forth the dead childe and secundine. the green leaves stamped with axungia and barley meale h. all hot swellings and inflammations, & ap. consume hot ulcers and apostumes. A suppositorie made of the juyce and put up into the fundament c. sleepe. infused in wine d. it c. sleepe and h. paines. the apples smelled to c. sleepe, or the juyce taken in a small q. *Æginet. Serap. Auic.* the seed and fruit d. cleave the matrix or mother. Senn. the antidote is wormewood, rue, scordium, castorium, and wine. Mac. also mustard, organie, &c. Jo. and vinegar smelled to. Park. the leaves h. knots in the flesh, and the roots h. S. Anthanies fire, &c. and boiled with ivory mollifie the same. *Oleum mandragora, Pharm. Lond.* or the oile of mandrakes, is very cold; yet it may be annointed upon the temples and noses of those that have a frenzy.

if the patient sleep too long, dip a sponge in vinegar and hold it to the nose. Also it h. vehement pains of the head, and tooth-ach anointed on the cheeks and jaws and c. sleep; caleteth headach and phrensies anointed upon the forehead, temples, and nostrils; and for watchfulness upon the pulses and soles of the feet.

Manna grass, see Dew grass.

Maus matherwort, see Palma Christi.

Maple tree. *Acer*.

P. The 1 in gardens planted. the 2d in low woods and hedges.

T. Fl. about the end of March, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. Σπένδαμνος. *Spendamnus*. The common *Opulus*.

Maple tree. Ger. K. as the great and lesser. T. Plin. the pounded root ap. h. paines of the liver, Seren. Sammon. d. w. h. wine it h. paines of the side, so Dod. Theoph. the wood serveth for the chiefeft utensills. Park. K. as the three leaved. T.V. as the rest. Gal: drach: 1. of the root powdered and d. in water, h. the liver, but none other of the Greeke writers make any mention thereof, as usefull in any disease. See Cornar.

Maracoc. see Passion flower.

March, see Smallage.

March beetle, see Cats taile.

Margarets herb, see Daisy.

Mariets, see Coventry bells.

Marigolds. *Calendula*.

P. The double flowred are set in gardens.

T. Fl. from Aprill to winter, and then if warme.

N. Χρυσάνθεμον. *Caltha Chrysanthemum*.

Marigolds, Ger. [K. as the greatest double, greater double

double, smaller double, double globe, straw coloured, double single, fruitfull, Jack an Apes a horseback, and mountaine wild. T. the flowers are hot fere secundo, especially when dry, it's cardiacke, alexipharmicke and antifebricitke any way taken. V. d. with wine it bringeth downe the termes, and the fume expelleth the secundine. the leaves of the herbe are hotter, and biting, also moist, so mollify the belly used as por-herbes. Fuch. the juyce gargled h. the tooth-ache. The fl. and leaves distilled, and the water dropped into red and watery eyes h. the inflammation and easeth the paine. The conserve of the fl. and sugar taken fasting in the morning h. trembling of the heart, and prevents the plague, &c. by the corrupt aire. The yellow leaves of the flowers are used by the Dutch to put into broths, and physcally potions for diverse purposes. Germane marigold. *Chrysanthemum latifolium*. K. as the golden with the broad leafe, and lesser. T. Being green it's hot and dry 20. dry, 30. V. Johns: The women living about the Alpes use the root against the suffocation of the mother, the stopping of the courses, and greene sicknesse, &c. Corne-marigold. *Chrysanthemum Sagetum*. K. as the common, that of Valentia, small mountaine, the other Alpine and Candy. T. are thought to be in a meane between heate and moisture. V. Diosc: The stalkes and leaves may be eaten as other herbes. The flowers m. with wax, oile, rosin, and frankincense made up as a seare-cloth, waite cold and hard swellings. The herbe d. after coming out of the bath, h. those that are discoloured by the yellow jaundise. French marigold. *Flos Aphricanum*. K. As the great double single, and small T. V. are venimous. Lavish marigold. *Caltha palustris*. K. As the great, small and double flowred. T. V. are not written of. Park: Double marsh marig. T. V. the root is sharpe neere crowfoot. Mac: the flowers colour the haire yellow. Untz. the juyce. h. the pestilence. So Morescot: Goclen: Agricola: Erast: Mind: Palmar: Cam: and Matth. It's heating, opening, digesting, and provoketh to expulsion. unc. l. of

of the juyce, with *drach.* 1. of the powder of earthe wormes d. h. the jaundise.

Marjerome *Marjorana.*

P. They grow wild in Spain, Italy &c. here in Gardens.

T. They are sown in May bring forth leaves in August.

N. Ἀμαράκον. *Amaracm. Maram. Sampsycum.*

Marjerom. Ger. K. as the great sweet, pot, and gentle. T. are hot & dry 20: as others 30. V. the sweet h. cold diseases of the brain taken. Put into the nostrils it c. sneezing, purgeth flegm; chewed it h. the toothach: d. provoketh urine, expelleth waterish humors, & resists poyson: the decoction d. h. the dropsie, dysury, sighing & pains of the belly. The leaves dried m. with hony, taken dissolve clotted blood, and spots c. by bruises. The leaves are good to be put into things that are odoriferous, and their powder into cerots &c. & h. cold swellings, & luxations. The oile h. the shrinking of the sinews, cramps, convulsions, & all aches c. by cold. *Wild Marjerome.* K. as the bastard, white, of Candy, and the English, *Origanum*, or *organy*. T. All cut, attenuate, d. y, and heat 30. that of Candy is the strongest. V. d. in wine it h. the wounds by venemous beasts: d. with wine & raisins of the sun. it h. those that have d. opium &c. The decoction provoketh urine, & the courses, & h. dropsies, in a loboeth it h. old coughs and stuffings of the lungs: used in baths it h. scabs itch & scurvinefs, and the ill colour c. by the yellow jaundise: *Drach.* 1. taken with meade, purgeth filthy humours. The juyce m. with milke put into the eares h. the pain thereof: m. with the oile of *ireos* and used as an *errhine* it draweth down water & phlegme. The herb strewed on the ground driveth away serpents. the decoction looseth the belly, & purgeth choller: d. with vineger it h. the infirmities of the spleen, & in wine all mortall poysons, therefore it's put into treacles &c. d. it h. nauseating stomacks, & watery, as also swoonings of the hearr. *Goats marjerome, Trazariganum.* K. as the common, that of *Clusius*, and the Candy. T. are hot and

dry 30. *Gal.* and binding. V. it h. wamblings of the stomach, and belchings, and stops vomiting. They also operate as the other organies. *Weck.* The dry leaves ap. with hony h. bruises: and in a pessarie draw down the menses, and h. the inflammation of the eyes with barley meale. *Park.* the common opens the liver, and h. the breast &c. troubled with cold: ap. with flower it h. inflammations. *Organy* h. the hicker. *Oleum majorana*, *Pharm. Lond.* or, the oile of *marjoram*. h. the weariness, and diseases of the brain and nerves, c. of cold. It h. the dead palsie, if the region of the back be annointed therewith. Snuffed up into the nose it h. the *Spasmus cynicus*. Dropped into the eares, it h. the noise, it provokes the termes and h. the bitings of venomous beasts. it strengthens the body, the back being annointed with it, and the muscles chafed with it; and the headach if rubbed on the fore-head. The simple oile of sweet *marjoram*, h. weakness, cold diseases of the brain, noise in the eares dropped in, the bitings of venomous beasts, and provokes the termes in women also it strengthens the stomach and stops vomiting annointed thereupon, and kils worms. It h. the looseness annointed upon the belly; and cause lust, annointed on the testicles and womb. It heats, attenuates and digests. It h. pains of the womb from cold causes, or of any other parts. and discusseth wind. *unc.* 2. or 3. in a clyster h. the wind and stone collick, and move the courses. *Ern.* the *Chimicall* oyle of *marjoram*, h. the apoplexie and epilepsie, swellings of the spleen, quartan agues, and loss of the voice: the D. is gr. 2.

Marvell of Peru. *Mirabile Peruvianum.*

P. It groweth naturully in Peru: in gardens planted.

T. It's sown in the midst of Aprill. Fl. in September.

N. *Hachal Indi.* *Solanum odorif.* *Jasminum Mexicanum.*
Admirabile Peruvianum Clusii.

Marvel of Peru. Ger. K. as that with yellow fl. and with

with white. T. Cortus drach. 2. of the root taken inwardly purge waterish humors. Recch. K. as that of Mexico. T. is sharp, hot and dry with astringion, and of crasse parts. V. therefore it h. the diarrhoea, strengtheneth the stomach, discusseth and h. cold griefs.

Martagon, see Lilly.

Marvelous apples, see Balme apple.

Mast-tree, see Firre-tree

Masterwort. *Imperatoria*.

P. In darke woods and desarts.

T. Fl. from May to August.

N. *Astrantia*. *Ostrutium*. *Magistrantia* Cam.

Masterwort. Ger. T. the herb, especially the root is hot and dry 30. V. d. with wine it h. against all poyson, pestilence, and corrupt aire. The roots and leaves stamped and ap. h. pestilentiall botches, and such like swellings. The root d. in wine h. rigorous cold fits of agues, the dropsie, and cause sweate, also it corroborateth the stomach, h. digestion, restoreth appetite, and dissolveth all ventosities. It h. bruises and dissolveth congealed blood: the root stamped with the leaves and ap. h. the bitings of all venemous beasts: also it attenuateth, digesteth, provoketh sweat and urine, concocteth cold humours and h. the collick and stone. drach. 1. of the powder d. diverse daies together h. the dropsie, convulsions, cramps and epilepsie. d. in wine before the fits it h. quartan agues, and pestilent diseases. So Untz. Kunr. Crat. Kentman: Kegl. Tabern: Boiled in sharp wine & gargled very hot, it h. the tooth-ach: chewed it is an *apophlegmatisme*, it h. apoplexies, drousinels and other like infirmities. As for black masterwort *Astrantia nigra*. See Hellebor, Begu. The salt of masterwort, taken from the quantity of 4. gr. to 8. in the Rob of elder h. all intermitting feavers. Fum. The herb is

sharp and somewhat bitter. *Park.* K. as the *mountaine mast.* T. The root is of very subtile parts, and h. all cold diseases. d. in wine it h. cold rheums, & short windedness. It h. in womens diseases, and cold poysons. *Trag.* The root c. lust. *Penot.* The salt h. the drop sic, asthma, ptisick, and ulcers.

Mastick. *Marum.*

P. Its sown in gardens, and to be kept from cold.

T. Fl. about August, and later in cold summers.

N. *Mægv.* *Helenium odorum Theophr.* *Clinopodium Diosc. Ded.*

Mastick. *Ger. J.* K. as the common, *Assyrian*, and *creeping.* T. are hot and dry 3°. V. *Diosc.* The herb d. and the decoction h. against the bitings of venemous beasts, cramps, convulsions, burstings and strangury. The decoction boiled in wine till the third part be consumed, and d. stoppeth the laske in those that have an ague & in others in water. *Lugd.ap.* it h. the nomæ, & is used in hot ointments. *Ren.* It operates as organic: especially *Terpsinoe.* *Park.* K. as that of candy. T. It's more temperate in heat than marjoram. V. it h. against poison and is odoriferous.

Masticke tree. *Lentiscus.* *

P. It groweth in Syria. Candy, and Italy &c.

T. Fl. in spring. the berries are ripe in Autumne, the rosin is gathered with the grape.

N. *Σχίνος.* The rosin is called *Mastiche.*

Mastick-tree. *Ger. T.* the leaves, barke and gum are of a temperate heat, dry 2°. and somewhat astringent. V. The leaves and bark stop the lask, bloody flix, hæmoptysis or spitting of blood, and bloody urine, and all other fluxes of blood: it also h. the falling sickness, falling down of the mother, and exiture of the fundament:

ment. The *gum mastick* hath the same virtue being re-
lented in wine & d. Chewed in the mouth it h. the sto-
mack stops vomiting, increaseth appetite comforteth the
brain, stops the defluxion of rheumes and watery hu-
mors, and c. a sweet breath. The same infused in rose
water, fasteth loose teeth, and comforts the jawer.
Being spread upon leather or velvet and ap. *plaisterwise*
to the temples, it stops the rheume from falling to the
teeth, and h. their paines: being put into digestives and
healing unguents. it h. ulcers and wounds. It draweth
flegme out of the head. It's used in waters that cleanse
the face. The *decoction* filleth hollow ulcers with flesh,
ap. it knittereth broken bones, stayeth eating ulcers, and
provoketh urine. *Park. K.* as the *Indian. V.* the oile of
the berries of the first h. the itch & leprosie. The powder
of mastick with amber and turpentine h. the gonorrhoea
and whites: and with the conserve of red roses it h.
rheumes: so the oile; and h. the collick. *Pilula masti-*
china, Pharm Lond: or the *Mastick pills* purgeth gently,
strengthen much the head, brain, eyes, belly and reines,
the D. is *drach. sem.* at once. Also mastick pills, *pilula*
marri, and those of washed aloes, resemble one an-
oth. in virtues; to which may be added; *Pil. Ruffi*,
stomack simple, with gums and of 3. things, little differ-
ing from the mastick pills; the *imperiall* and *aloephan-*
gine may be added also. those of *Rosole aloes*, of *eupato-*
rium, *amber*, and of *rhubarb* are familiar, gentle and mai-
den pills. *Unguentum mastichinum P.L.* or the ointment
of mastick, strengthens the stomack, if annointed there-
with, and restores appetite and digestion, and is equall
to that called *martiatum*. Also annointed upon the
belly it stops looseness and dysenteries, and the gonor-
rhæa; and too much pissing upon the reines; and vo-
miting, if upon the stomack. It h. the thinness, indige-
stion, and unfruitfullness of sperme annointed upon the
testicles, and if on the seames of the head, and nape of
the neck, it stops defluxions of rheume, & strengthens
the memory and internall senses; and the whole body
used to the back bone from the neck to the fundament.

Emplastrum de mastiche, or, the plaister of mastick, *Read*, is binding, strengthens the stomach applyed to it, and h. loathing of meat, indigestion, and want of retention of it. *Empl. de mast. Nic: Alex.* or that of *Nic. Alexandrinum*, strengthens the stomach and h. digestion. also it stops vomiting, h. heat and weakness of the stomach used to the sutures of the head. it stops defluxions of rheum; and laid to the belly, it checks a looseness, and mother sits on the womb, and it helps ruptures. the other of *Renod*: is also good to dry up rheums, stop defluxions, strengthens the brain and nerves, h. the memory, used as aforesaid; and ap. to the belly it h. looseness, abortion if to the womb; and used to the loins, kidneys and womb, it h. the gonorrhœa and whites, after generall remedies. *Oleum mastichinum*: or the oile of mastick, strengthens the brain, stomach, liver, sinews, and reins, and stops vomiting and fluxes. Also it easeth pain in any part, and softens hard swellings. It h. palsies, apoplexies, tremblings of the head, hands, or other parts; the dropsie, and cachexie, these parts or the region of the liver being annointed therewith. It refreshes the memorie, fancy, and judgement dulled through weakness and moisture of the brain, & nerves, being annointed on the seams of the head and in the nostrils. *Ern.* the spirit, h. the chollick, and affections of the intestines, the D. is *cochl.* 1. the oile expels flegme, the D. is gr. 6. to 12.

Match wood, see Touch wood.

Marfellon, see Knapweed.

Mat-weed. *Spartum herba.* *

P. In Spain and the Low Countries.

T. It beares it's heads in summer.

N. *Διδόσπαρον* *Theoph.* *Spartum Latinorum.* *Juncus*
Hisp. & Ibericus.

Mat-weed. *Ger. J. K.* as *Plinies*, the hooded, *Englisb*
small

small English, and heath, with the feather grass. T. are
T. are useles in physick, and hurtfull to carttill. They
serve to make mats with, and frailes &c. The feather
grasse serveth for a sether, and is worne by sundry la-
dies and gentle women. Park, K. as the Spanish rush,
softer Spanish rush, and small French Mat w. T. V. are
as useles as the first. The soft serve to stuff beds with.
Bauh. The rest serve to make shies with, as also
ropes &c.

Maudlin. *Ageratum.*

P. *Every where almost in gardens.*

T. *They bring forth their tufts of yellow flowers in*
summer.

N. *Ἀγνέστον. Eupatorium Mes. Costus hortorum*
min.

Maudlin. Ger. 7. K. *as the common, that with uncut*
leaves, and white flowred, with costmarie. T. are hot
and dry 20. V. they are very effectuall, (especially
Maudlin) d. and ap. to provoke urine; so the fume,
and mollifyeth the obdurate matrix. The leaves of
Maudlin and Adders tongue stamped and boild in oile
olive adding a little wax, rosin and turpentine, make
an excellent incarnative salve for a deep ulcer or
wound. Costmarie steeped in ale is very good for the
diseases afore said; a conserve of the leaves with sugar
warmeth and dryeth the brain and openeth its obstru-
ctions: it stoppeth all catarrhes, rheumes, and distilla-
tions taken in the quantity of a beane. The leaves boi-
led in wine and d. h. the tormina, and bloody flux. It
h. those that are troubled with the green sickness or
dropsie in the beginning, and h. a weak and cold liver.
The seed killeth wormes and expelleth them, as worm-
seed doth. Park, K. as the small, purple sweet, and
fennell leaved. V. It h. inflammations, it purgeth chol-
ler and flegme. It h. putrefaction and obstructions, day
agues and the cachexy. Syrupus de eupatorio, Pharm.

Lond. or *syrup of maudlin*, h. the infirmities of the liver from cold dropfies and the cachexie. it opens obstructions, cuts grosse humours, strengthens the liver, provokes urine and h. hypochondriack melancholy, it opens but doth not purge; the *D.* is *unc.* 1. in the morning. *Pillula de eupatorio.* or the *pills of Eupatorium*, are a gentle purge, and clensing, or strengthening, and h. bodies weakned by choller. It h. tertian agues, the yellow jaundise, and all obstructions of the liver, *drach. sem.* being taken at night. *Trochisci de eupatorio*, *P. L.* or the *Troches of maudlin*, h. obstructions and swellings of the liver and spleen, and their diseases, viz. the yellow and black jaundise, and dropfies being used as those of wormwood.

Mayden haire. *Adiantum.*

P. Upon wals, in stony, shadowy and moist places.

T. They are green winter and summer. without flowers.

N. 'Αδαντρον, *Polytrichum. Callitrichum. Crinita. Calpillus Veneris: & terræ, Cinnamali.*

Maiden-haire. *Ger. K.* as the true, *Assyrian*, and *rue*. *T.* the true doth dry, attenuate and wast; and is a mean between heat and coldness. *Mef.* It's of unlike parts, some watery, earthy and binding, others hot and thin: so when green it looseth the belly, else bindeth it and h. fluxes. *V. d.* it breaketh the stone and expelleth it. raiseth up slimie humors of the chest and lungs, by spitting, in a *lehoch*. It wasteth the Kings evill, and other hard swellings, and c. haire to grow. *Wall rue, Ruta muraria, sive salvia vitæ* is not much unlike to black maiden haire: it h. the cough, short windedness, and stiches or paines in the sides: boiled it concocteth raw humors sticking in the lungs, h. pain of the kidnies and bladder, gently provoketh urine and expelleth the stone. It h. ruptures in children, the powder being taken for 40. dayes: so *Matth. English* or *common maiden-haire, Trichomanes mas, T. V. Gal.* hath all the

the faculties belonging to black maiden haire. V. *decoct* in wine and d. it helpeth those that are short-winded, and the cough, it ripeneth tough flegme, and avoideth it by spitting. The *lye* wherein it hath been sodden, or infused in, is good to wash the head, causing the scurf and scales to fall off. and haire to grow in bare places. *Brunfels. Vigon.* It h. the spleen: the *juyce* with southernwood, and cresses, &c. h. the alopecia. *Riol.* The *syrup* of it h. diseases of obstruction. *Park. K.* as the *forreigne*: V. it helps the diseases of the spleen, and cauferh a good colour. *Col.* It h. eiseases that breed by the obstruction of the liver or spleen. They h. the bitings of venomous creatures. The *leaves of wall rue* m. with a little salt peter, and the urine of a young child, take away the shrivelled wrinkles of womens bellies after their deliverance, if washed therewith. *Syrupus capillorum veneris*, *Pharm. Lond.* or *syrup of maiden haire*, opens stoppings of the stomach, strengthens the lungs. and h. their infirmities. it may be taken with a liquorice stick or mixed with the peccorall decoction, like *syrup of colts. foot.*

May blossoms, *see* Convall. lillies.

May bush, *see* Haw-thorne.

May weed. *Cotula.*

P. In corne fields, neer unto pathwaies &c.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. *Kuvâşus. Parthenium Fuch. & Virginea.*

May weed. *Ger. K.* as the common and yellow, with the wild mountain Cammomil. T. are thought to be hot and dry, and like after a sort to Cammomil, yet not at all agreeing with mans nature. V. It h. the mother, and c. blisters. *Hort. San.* The leaves stamped and ap. h. the hardnesse of apostumes. d. it c. vomiting. *Avic.* The smell h. cold windinesse of the head. *Col.* It's often used with good successe, for the same purposes that

M. S.

Cammomil

Cammomil is, especially the *ordinarie* sort, and are both put into *clisters*. *Park. K.* as that with a strong, and no scent. Virtue it's used to dissolve wind and tumors, and ease paines and aches in the joynts &c. especially the *stinking* sort, which is the best.

Mechoacan, see *Bryonie* of Mexico.

Mede-sweet. *Ulmaria.*

P. It groweth in the brinkz of ditches and meadows.

T. Fl. in June, July and August.

N. *Barba capri, & hirci. Regina prati. Medesufium Cordi.*

Mede-sweet *Ger. T.* is cold and dry with astringion. **V.** the root boiled or powdered and d. h. the bloody flux, and all fluxes of blood: The flowers boiled in wine and d. h. the fits of a quartan ague, and exhilerate; so the smell, and delighteth the senses. The distilled water of the flowers dropped into the eyes h. the burning and itching thereof, and clearth the sight. *Park. K.* as the common and greater. **V.** They are likely to be of the faculty of burnet: yet *Trag.* they are more hot and dry: it h. the chollick, ap. it h. phagedens, and sore mouths. *Cam.* The seed d. c. the head. ach.

Medick-fitch, see *Cocks head.*

Medick-fodder, see *Snaile claver.*

Medlar-tree. *Mespilus.*

P. In orchards and hedge., and are better if grafted.

T. The fruit is ripe in the end of October.

N. *Μεσπίλον ἢ μέσπιλον ἢ ἐπιμυλίδς. Secanton.*

Medlar-tree. *Ger. J. K.* as the manured, the other garden, the *Neapolitan* and dwarf. **T.** The medlars are cold, dry & astringent; so the leaves: the dwarf medlar

is dry, sharp and astringent V. they stop the belly, especially when green. The fruit of the three grained Medlar, is more wholesome for the stomach; Being preserved with sugar or hony, it's gratefull to the tast. They are good for women with child, strengthening the stomach and stopping the loathsomeness thereof. The stones of medlars powdered and d. break the stone, expell gravel and provoke urine. Senn. they are most fit for bilious stomachs. Park. they operate as services, but more effectually. The decoction h. defluxions in the mouth, the courses and piles and ap. h. the stomach and wounds.

Meadow parsnep, see Cow-parsnep.
Meedles, see Arage.

Melilote. *Melilotus*.

P. In pastures, and among corne.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. Μελίλωτ. *Trifolium odoratum, equinum, wifinum*.
Corona Regia.

Melilote. Ger. K. as the Assyrian, Italian, Kings, and Germane claver. T. Gal. is hot and dry 1^o. and astringent, wasting and ripening, and is also diaphoretick. V. Boiled in sweet wine untill it be soft, adding the yelk of a roasted egge, the meale of fenugreek and line-seed, the roots of marsh mallowes and hogs grease stamped together, and used as a *pultis*, it doth assuage and soften all manner of swellings, especially about the matrix, fundament and genitals. With the juice hereof, oile, wax, rosin, and turpentine is made a *melilote plaster*, which is healing and drawing. The herb boiled in wine and d. provoketh urine, breaketh the stone and asswageth pains of the kidnies, bladder and belly, ripeneth flegme, and c. it to be easily evacuated. The juice dropped into the eyes cleareth the sight, consumeth, dissolveth and h. the web, pearle and spots in the eyes, *Melilote* with water h. the melicerides, and the

the running ulcers of the head ap. with chalk, wine, and galls. It h. pains of the eares the *juyce* being drop-
ped in m. with wine : and headach ap. with vineger
and oile of roses. *Pem.* ap. it h. wens, also inflammations
and pains in the side. *Park.* The flowers with cammo-
mil in clysters expell winde. ap. it h. the apoplexy.
The *Egyptian* h. the mother. The *Indian* as the first.
The *Italian* is the best. *Oleum meliloti* ; *Pharm. Lond.*
or the oile of melilote, operates as that of camomil.
Also it expels wind, asswages paine, moves urine,
comforts and opens the spleen, anointed, or *unc.* 1. 2.
or 3. used in clysters. It's good to anoint upon the
short ribs for children that have the rickets. *Emplastrum*
de meliloto simplex, *P. L.* or the simple plaister of meli-
lote, is excellent to draw and heale, not offending any
part of the body. It clenseth filth of wounds, ripeneth
and breaketh swellings, and then cureth them. It h.
fellons or audicoms, and putrified parts; but is not fit
for the leggs, by reason of their putrefaction. *Empl. de*
meliloto comp. or, that compounded, mollifyeth the hard-
ness of the stomach, liver, spleen, bowells, and other
part. It asswageth pain much, and h. the rickets, and
hypocondriack melancholy. Also it strengthens the stom-
ack, and h. its windiness, nauseousness, and indigesti-
on applyed thereto. It h. the wine collick used to the
belly and stone in the kidnies ap. to the reines. *Brug.*
Its good in green wounds, and draweth and healeth
well, and attracteth and bringeth forward a cold apo-
stume. And the simple plaister, is an especiall secret and
the best, and oneliest thing in curing kiped heels, and
chilblains, either broken or before : used upon gun-
shot wounds, it keeps the orifice open, and warms
and comforts the part.

Melon. *Melo.*

P. It groweth in hot regions.

T. It's sown in Aprill: the fr. is ripe in August.

N. Μήλον. *Melopepon*. Musk Millon.

Melon. *Ger.* K. as the muske, sugar, pearēfashioned, and Spanish. T. The meat of the musk melon is very cold and moist. V. It's harder of digestion than the cucumbers: if it remain long in the stomach it putrifyeth & c. pestilent fevers. The Spaniards and Italians eat them to refresh the rage of lust. The seed is of like operation with that of cucumbers. *Bor. Cent.* 4. *Obs.* 70. The continuall use he: of h. the consumption.

Melon-thistle, see Hedgehog thistle.

Mercury. *Mercurialis.*

P. In untilled places, by hedges, in the shadow.

T. Fl. in June and July.

N. Αιγίς ωσις, the first *Pes anserinus*. *Tota bona.* *Bonum* *Henricus*.

Mercury. *Ger.* The *English*. T. is moderately hot and dry, clensing and scouring. V. the leaves boiled with other pot herbes & eaten loosen the body. Bruised and ap. they scoure green wounds and old ulcers, mundifie and heale them. *French Mercury.* K. as the male and female. T. Is hot and dry. ²⁰. *Gal.* Clensing and digesting. V. It's used in *clisters* to scour the guts. Taken, it purgeth out flegme, and choller. *Diosc.* The decoction purgeth forth watery humors. The leaves stamped with butter and ap. to the fundament provoke to the stoole. the bruised herb ap. as a *peffarie* clenseth the mother and h. conception. *Cost.* The juice m. with that of hollihocks, and purslaine and anointed or bathed on the hands, defendeth them from burning. *Wild Mercury.* E. as the dogs and male childrens, with the female.

female. T. are thought to agree with the other. *Johns*. V. It's reported by the Ancients, that the *male phyllon* c. generation of boies, and the *female* of girles. At Salamantica they use their *decoction* against the bitings of mad dogs. The Moores at Granado use them in womens diseases. *Dorst*. The *common* is hot and dry 1°. *Aver*. It consisteth of contrary substances, *sc.* stiptick, sharpe, and aqueous. being fresh it gently purgeth, and is therefore used in the beginning of fevers, before digestion. the *leaves* ap. h. the strangury, and warts. The *seed* d. with wormewood h. the Kings evill. *Hewyn*. the *Mercurialate hony* purgeth melancholly. *Park*. K. as the *wild* called *Quick in hand*. V. The *common* Mercury purgeth choller and water. d. with myrrhe or pepper, it h. the strangury and diseases of the reins, and bladder. So *Hipp*. As an *errhine* it h. catarrhes. *Matth*. the *seed* d. h. the jaundise. the *last* is emeticke. *Mel mercuriale*, *Pharm Lond.* or, the *Hony of mercurie*, is used as an emollient in clysters. Also it makes the gutts plyant and slippery, and loosens the dung or excrements when the belly is dry or hard by costiveness; and it's seldome used but in clysters: yet *unc.* 1. or 2. may profitably be drunk in a pint of whey or posset drink to loosen the belly.

Mercuries violets, *see* Coventry bells.

Mercuries moist blood, *see* Vervaine.

Merecrop, *see* Pimpernel.

Mevyn wood bastard, *see* Italian pockwood.

Mewe, *see* Spignel.

Mezercon-tree. *Chamelæa Germanica*.

P. In moist and shadowie woods in the East countries.

T. Fl. in spring. the fruit is ripe in Aug.

N. *Χαμῆλαια*. It's thought to be *Cneoron Theoph.*

Mezercon-tree. *Ger.* T. is in all parts extream hot.
the

the fruit, leaves and rinde, are very sharpe and biting, inflaming the throat. V. the leaves vehemently purge flegme, choller, & waterish humors. it is very dangerous to be taken inwardly, inflaming like the sea tithymale. It may be used in stead of the spurge olive, & prepared like it. One or 2. berries of it being eaten c. abstinence from drinking by reason of the heate. Senn. the leaves macerated in vinegar, or the ijuice of quinces, are given in powder from gr. 5. to 10. with mastick and spike. Mac. the antidote is organic Jo. Terra Lemnia, and milke with butter, Park. It's to be given to strong bodies, and not without correctives.

Millefoile, see Yarrow.

Milke wort. *Polygala*.

P. In woods, and fertile pastures.

T. Fl. from May, to August.

N. πολύγαλον. *Flos ambarvalis* Dod: & *Crucis Gesnerii*.

Milke-wort. Ger. K. as the creeping, blew, red, white, and purple. T. Gal. they may serve in stead of *Glaux*. Johnf. V. a handfull hereof steeped all night in wine, and d. in the morning, will effectually purge choler. Black milk-wort, *Glaux*. T. is dry 2^o. V. the seed is like that of the lentils, but not so astringent, it stops fluxes, dryeth the moisture of the stomach, and engendreth milk. Schwenckf. the skie coloured ap. h. inflammations, and lenifieth tumors. That of Matth. is astringent. Park. K. as the greater and lesser. T. V. as the rest. That of the sea. K. as the small and Venerian of *Alpinus*. T. V. is galactogenetick. Barh. the first is hot and moist.

Miller

Miller. *Milium*.

P. In light and loose mould, and moist.

T. It's to be sown in April and May.

N. Κίγχεσ. *Paspale Hipp. Meline Varronis*.

Miller. Ger. T. Gal. is cold 10. dry 3°. and of thin substance. the meale m. with tarr h. the bitings of all venomous beasts ap. Of this is made Ambrose his syrup against agues which is diaphoreticke, and quencherth thirst, and is thus made: take unhusked mill q. s. boile it untill it be broken, then take unc. 5. of the decoction, to which adde unc. 2. of the best white wine, give it hot to the patient well covered. Millet parched and put into a linnen bagge ap. h. the tormina, or any paine c. by cold. *Turkymillet Sorghum*. T. is like to panick. V. the bread thereof is oligotrophick, & used to fatten hens and pigeons with. *Weck*. The common stops the belly, and provokes urine. *Park. & Matth*. The stalkes of the Indian millet h. kernells under the cares, being burnt and taken.

Mil-mountain, see Wild flax.]

Mil, see Miller.

Milt wast. *Asplenium*.

P. On old stone walls, and rocks. the rough on heaths.

T. It continueth green all the yeare.

N. Ἀσπλάνιον. *Scolopendria. Ceterach. Mula herba. Lonchitis.*

Milt wast. Ger. *f. K.* as the common, rough, great rough, and the bastard. T. Are in a meane and of thin parts. V. *diosc.* the leaves boiled in wine and d. for 40 dayes, h. the spleen, strangury, yellow jaundise, and stone, h. the hicket, and hinder conception. *Ber. Cent. 2. Obs. 53.* a ptisan hereof h. the dropsie. *Lonic.* T. It's hot 1°, and dry 2°, V. *decidit* in wine it h. the Kings

civil

evill, and the quartan ague. It purgeth melancholy and dissolveth clotted blood. The *distilled water* thereof comforts the heart. *Æg.* it lessens the reins. *Col.* it's hot and dry 1°. *Park.* as the *small. V.* the rough h. wounds, and inflammations. *Matth. drach. 1.* of the dust of the *leaves m.* with *drach. sem.* of amber powdered and taken with the juyce of purslain h. the gonorrhœa. d. it h. melancholy and the French disease. *Syrupus de scolopendrio, Pharm. Lond.* or *Syrup of milt wast*, helps stoppings of melancholy, opens obstructions of the liver and spleen, and splenetick evils; so it h. the liver grown, and rickets. the *D. is cochl. 1.* in the morning for children, and 3. or 4. for splenetick men which appears by hardness and pain in the left side.

Mints. *Mentha.*

P. In gardens, almost every where.

T. They flower and flourish in summer.

N. Μίνθη ἡ ἀδύσμου. *Yerva buena Hisp.*

Mints, *Ger. J. K.* as red garden, curled, speare, heart, and balsam mint. *T.* Is hot and dry 3°. somewhat bitter and harsh, and is inferiour to calamint. it exhilarates the mind, and provoketh appetite. *V.* It's very wholesome for the stomach, and staith the hicket, vomiting, and the chollerick passion, taken with the juice of a soure pomegranate. *Gal.* With water and vinegar it h. the vomiting of blood. *Plin.* In broth it stayeth the flowers and whites, *sc.* the first. *ap.* to the temples it h. the head ach. It h. watering eyes, breakings out of the head, and infirmities of the fundament. With meade it h. the eares. Taken inwardly it defends from serpents. *ap.* with salt it h. the bitings of mad dogs. It keepeth milke from curdling d. and hindereth generation, by condensating the sperme. *Diosc. ap.* it hindereth conception. *Garden Mint d.* doth calefie the stomach, expell superfluous humors, and c. digestion. *Mints mixed with the leaves of parched barley,* consume tumors and
hard

hard swellings. The water is of like operation in divers medicines. It cureth the gripings of the belly and bowels, h. the headach, and stayeth yexing and vomiting, it's excellent against the gravel and stone in the kidneys; and the strangury being boiled in wine and d. It's used to the stinging of wasps and bees with good success. *Water mint, Fishmint, Brookemint. or horsemint.* K. as the common, *water calamint, horse, party coloured, small, mountain and turnep rooted horsemint.* T. is hot and dry, as that of the garden, and is of a stronger smell and operation. V. ap. it h. the stinging of wasps &c. The smell exhilarates, yet it is not used in physick where the other is to be had. *Park.* it's used in *baths,* with baulme &c. to strengthen the sinews. *Bor. Cent. 1. Obs. 29.* *Horsemint* ap. to the womb h. sterility. *Riol.* The *syrup of mints* h. diseases of phlegme. *Park.* K. as the *white* &c. V. the *wild* h. windiness, and ap. .h. the Kings evill. *Syrupus de mentha, Pharm. Lond.* or *syrup of mints,* is binding; yet it comforts the stomach much, h. digestion, stops vomiting, is excellent against soure or offensive belchings. the D. is *cochl. 1.* after meat. *Oleum menthæ,* or the oyle of *mints simple,* anointed upon the stomach h. its weakness, heats and strengthens it, stays vomiting, h. digestion, and provokes appetite. Also so used often, it maketh couragious, industrious, and undaunted. It killeth stomach wormes, and those in the belly used there. used to the stomach and back bone in the winter, it makes patient and cheerfull in cold weather.

Mirobalan tree. *Myrobalanus.* *

P. In the East Indies: wild, in Goa &c.

T. The time is the same with that of other fruits there.

N. The first are called *Arare.* The black *Rezenvale:* the third *Gotini* the fourth *Amuale.* the fifth *Aretca.*

Mirobalan tree. Ger. K. as the yellow, *Indicæ, Bel-lerica, Emblica, and Cebula.* T. Are astringent and
sharp

sharp like service berries; so cold and dry. V. The Indians use them rather to bind than purge; or if so, it is only the *decoction* with sugar, especially the *Chebula*. The *yellow* and *Bellerica* taken before meate stop the laike, and h. the weake stomach. The *yellow* and *black*, or *Indica* and *Chebula* purge lightly, *unc.* 2. or 3. being taken, and draw superfluous humors from the head. The *yellow* purge choller. *Chebula*, flegme; *Indica*, melancholly, and corroborate the intestines: *rosted* in the embers they dry more than they purge. The *best Chebula* are somewhat long like a limmon, with a hard rinde, and black pith: and the *Bellerica*, which are round, lesser and tenderer. *Lebel.* the *Emblica* meanly cool, some dry 1^o, they purge rotten flegme out of the stomach, comfort the brain, sinews, heart and liver, c. appetite, stay vomit, cool choller, h. the understanding, quench thirst, and h. the heat of the intrals: the greatest and heaviest are the *best*. they purge best being soaked in water, boiled soft, and preserved in hony the *distilled water* h. the French disease, &c. the *Bellerica* are mild, cold 1^o. dry 2^o. and corroborate. the *rest*. come neere the *Emblica* in operation. *De Dond.* they strengthen the body. *Park.* the *Bellericks*, *Emblicks*, and *Citrines* h. the piles, fluxes and ulcers. *Mel emblicarum, Pharm. Lond. Aug.* or *hony of emblicks*, is a gentle purger of phlegme and melancholly; It strengthens the brain and nerves; and senses internall and externall. It h. tremblings of the heart, staies vomiting, and provokes appetite the *D.* is *cochl.* 1.

Mistletoe. *Viscum.*

P. The first groweth upon oakes: the other not here.

T. It is alwaies green, the berries are ripe in Autumne.

N. Ἰξὶς, ἰξία Renealmi. *Ixia. Viscus. Hale. Arabum.*

Mistletoe. *Ger. K.* as the common, Indian, and that of Peru. T. the leaves and berries are hot and dry, and of subtle parts: the birdlime is hot and biting, and wateryish.

terish with some earthly quality. *Gal* its acrimony overcometh its bitterness: *V. ap.* it draweth from the deepest parts of the body, dispersing and digesting the humors. It ripeneth swellings in the groin, and scirrhus swellings behind the eares &c. *m.* with rosin and a little wax with frankincense, it mollifyeth old ulcers and malicious impostumes. Boiled with unslaked lime it h. hard spleens. With orpiment it removes ill favoured nailes, and more effectually unslaked lime and wine lees being added, the berries strained into oile and d. h. stiches. *Ren.* It's hot and dry 3^o. It purgeth viscid humors, h. spasms, and is hydrotick and antepileptick. *Jo.* the antidot is wormewood wine. *Park.* It h. the palsey. d. *Trag.* it h. the eares.

Mock privet. *Phillyrea.*

P. In Syria, France, and other places.

T. Fl. in May and June. the fruit is ripe in Sept.

N. *φιλύρεα.* Cyprus. *Alcanna Arabum.*

Mock privet. *Ger. f.* K. as the narrow leaved, broader leaved, the second toothed of *Clus.* and the first. *T.* the leaves are binding. *V.* Chewed in the mouth they h. the ulcers thereof, as also inflammations and heat. the decoction h. burnings and scaldings. Stamped and steeped in the juice of mullein and ap. they make the haire red. *Bellon.* So the skin also, and is therefore used among the turkes. the fl. moistned in vinegar and ap. h. the head-ach. the oile hereof is sweet, and doth heate and supple the sinewes. *Park.* K as the prickely. *V.* the leaves operate as those of the wild olive: and d. provoke urine, and the courses.

Moluccas

Moluccas tree. *Panava*. *

P. In orchards, in the Islands of the Moluccas.

T. As of other trees.

N: *Lignum Molucense*. By the Indians *Panava*.

Moluccas tree. *Park*. *Lignum Molucense*. T. the wood is alexipharmicke. V. 10. gr. of the powder of the wood taken in broth or water are a remedy against virulent serpents, even the Viper *Regulus*, and the *Aspis* &c. *Scr*. 1. of the wood filed with the sea dogs skin taken h. those that are wounded with poisoned arrows: so ap. Being taken in the morning fasting it evacuateth all melancholy humors, and h. quotidian and quartan agues, iliack and collick passions, of winde or humors, the dropsie, stone, dysury, cholerick passion, schirrous and scrophulous griefes in the joynts. It killeth worms of all sorts, and h. the appetite. If it worke too strongly it is h. by taking halfa small cupfull of the decoction of rice. It worketh without troubling the stomack, or hindering businesse, it h. also old griefes of the head as the megrim, epilepsie, and apoplexy: those of the belly, and womb, as also the shortnesse of breath, noise in the eares and gout. It may be given in all seasons to all ages, and differing dispositions without danger. those that are chollerick may take it in the syrrup of vineger, or conserve of roses. The seed hereof is used to catch birds being cast to them with rice, which being devoured doth inebriate them for a time: and if taken too greedily killeth them, if they be not h. by cold water put on their heads. *Baub*. It's to be taken early in the morning after which there must be abstinence from meate and drink, untill it hath purged sufficiently, then take broth &c.

Moly.

Moly. *Moly*

P. In gardens when planted there.

T. It springs in Feb. and hath fl. fruit and seed in Aug.

N. Μόλυ. *Molyz a. Myle Galeni.*

Moly. Ger. *J. K.* as that of Diosc. the serpent's, and Homer's, the Indian, withering, broad leaved with yellow fl. and dwarfe white fl. T. are very hot, coming neere to garlick. Diosc. they mightily bring down the termes, one of them being stamped with oile of Flowerde-luce and used as a pessary. the other molyes. K. as the first narcisse-leaved, 2d, and 3d, the first broad leaved mountain, second, third, fourth and fifth mountain. *Moly of Clusius.* T. V. are not as yet made use of. *Park.* K. as the bulbed of Hungary, purplish of Naples, the three cornered, the Spanish of Diosc. late pine apple, and sweet smelling of Mompelier. V. Are not so good as garlick, yet hotter than onions or leeks.

Monks-hood, see Helmet-flower.

Mony flower. *Bulbonach.*

P. It groweth in woods and gardens.

T. Fl: in Aprill, the next year after sown.

N. *Lunaria. Viola lunaris & latifolia Dod.*

Mony-flower. Ger. K. as the white, and long coddled, white sattin flower. T the seed is hot and dry, of a sharp taste. like treacle mustard. the roots are not so biting, and may be eaten in sdlads. V. the leaves stamped with sanicle, adding oile and wax, make a singular unguent for green wounds. the seeds h. the falling sicknesse. *Lugd. Lob.* the seed is absterfive, moderately hot, and provoketh urine.

Mony

Mony-wort, *see* Herb two-pence.

Moone-ferne, *see* Harts-tongue.

Moone wort. *Lunaria minor.*

P. In dry barren mountaines, & heaths.

T. It is to be found in May and Aprill.

N. *Lunaria petraea*. *Tauva Gesn.* *Ruta lunaria* Tab: Small
Lunarie.

Moone-wort. *Ger. J. K.* as the *small* and *small bran-*
ched. T. Is cold and dry. V. It h. green wounds, and
stayeth the bloody flux. *Park.* the *blew* is vulnerary,
and h. the dropsie. *Croll.* It h. all cancers of the breasts.
Schwenchf. That of *Clus.* is cold, dry, and astringent.
d. it h. fractures and dysenteries, and the whites. ap. it
h. the enterocoele in children. *Park.* the 1 is more cold
and dry than adders tongue, and more available for all
wounds. d. in red wine it h. the courses and whites,
vomiting, and bleeding. as also all fractures, dislocati-
ons, and ruptures; but it's chiefly used with balsamick
herbes.

Moore, or mosse-berries, *see* Marsh wortle-berries.

Moore grasse, *see* Sundew.

Morel, *see* Night-shade.

Mosse. &c. *Musci.* &c.

P. On trees, on the ground every where.

T. The first continue all the yeare, the rest flourish in the
summer.

N. Βρύον ἢ σπλάγχνον. *Usnea. Phacos, Sphagnum.*

Mosse. *Ger. J. K.* as tree mosse. T. Mosse is some-
what cold and binding, more or lesse according to the
barke of the tree on which it groweth, receiving the
property thereof, so that which groweth on the oake,
doth coole and very much binde. that which groweth
on

on the *rosin trees*, is binding, digesting, and softning. V. *Serap.* the wine in which mosse hath been steeped certain daies, d. c. sleepe, strengtheneth the stomach, and stopps vomiting, and the flux. *Diosc.* the decoction used as a bath, stops the whites. it is m. with oiles to thicken them. It's usefull in perfumes, and compositions, against lassitude, The best is that of the *Cedar tree*, the next of the *poplar*, in which kinde the white and sweet is the chiefest, which in Italy is that of the *larch tree*. *Ground-mosse.* *muscus terrestris.* K. as the common, *beesome*, *goldilocks*, *flowring branched.* *chalice*, *ferne*, *horned*, *toothed greater*, and *little*, *woolfes claw*, *heath cypresse*, *small heath*, and that which groweth upon a mans skull. T. the mosses of the earth are dry, and astringent, without any heat or cold: *Woolfs claw*, or *club mosse*, *Lycopodium* is temperate in heat and cold V. the Arabian physitians use mosse in their cardiack medicines. It corroborates the stomach, and stops vomit and laskes Boiled in wine and d. it stoppeth the hæmoptysis, the termes and bloody flux, and h. bloody urine. the powder of mosse stops bleeding in green wounds, and cures the same. *Woolfs claw* is diuretick, *Trag.* and lithontripectick. Stamped & boiled in wine ap: it h. the arthritick pain. *Floting wine* is restored to its former goodnesse, by this hung in the vessell. the powder of *chalice mosse* *muscus piteidatus.* d. for certaine dayes, h. the chin cough. so also *Skull mosse*, *muscus ex cranio humano.* and is a singular remedy against the epilepsie. *Sea mosse* or *coralline.* *Corallina.* K. as the white, *English*, the *smallest*, *mountaine*, *fennell*, *sea*, and *bulbous sea fennell*, *branched*, and *broad leaved sea mosse*, with *Clusius* his *sea firre*. T. *Coralline.* *Gal.* is of an earthy and waterish essence, so bindeth and cooleth. it hath also a certain salnesse whereby it mightily dryeth. V. *Diosc.* It h. the gout which hath need of cooling. *Drach.* 1. taken killeth wormes. the best is that which cleaveth to the corall, and is of a reddish colour. *Corall.* *Corallium.* K. as the red, black, white, bastard whitish, yellow, and reddish bastard. T. It's binding, and meanly cold, it cleanseth spots in the eyes, h. the issues of blood, and is diuretick.

V. d.

V. d. in wine or water it h. the spleen, and those that are epileptick. it dryeth and stoppeth all fluxes. Being burned it becomes more dry. d. it h. the tormina, and paines of the stone. d. in wine it c. sleep if without an ague; else it's to be taken in water, the water moistning and that cooling the body; so the heate is restrained, and the vapors repressed that hinder sleep. *Sponge*. *Spongia*. K. as the white, funnell fashioned, and the branched. *Park*. K. as the Venetian sea hollow, and corall like. V. they serve for fomentations or bathings. put into wounds they keep them open. the ashes mixt with vinegar cleare the eyes when bloud shotten. the stones in them serve against the stone. the Venetian spungy plant decoct in mead clenseth the face. Boiled in vinegar and taken, it h. those that have eaten dangerous mushroomes. the powder d. in wine purgeth like *Cremor tartari*, and cutteth viscous humors. *tree mosses*. K. as the common, fennell like, hollow headed, knotted, and horned. V. d. they h. the dropsie, and steeped in oile of roses and ap. h. the headach c. of heat. also distillations and hot rheumes. *Land mosse*. V. d. it h. the stone, sc. the beasome and club mosse. boiled and ap. it h. inflammations and paines c. of heate. *Mountaine coralline*, and the rocky corall like. T. V. are uselesse. *Sea mosse*. K. as the soft, that of Naples, that dying red, southernwood like, the long close of Venice, the silver like and golden sea feather. V. that of Naples h. watering red eyes, the powder being put into them with fennell water. it also stoppeth vomiting d. with vinegar, and corroborateth the stomach, the decoction thereof in wine being injected with a syringe into the bladder h. ulcers thereof. That of Venice h. all ulcers d. and ap. as also the stone. *Sea wrack*. K. as the common, great sea girdles with many labels, sea thongs, oystergreen, sea curled endive, sea oake, and sea garland. T. Diosc. Gal. they coole and dry, and h. the gout and inflammations. the red fucus h. against the venome of serpents, the fist serveth as litter for horses. *Sea thongs* h. the longings of women with child, and are used to kill wormes, the winged

ged and great sea girdle, with the sea garland, are eaten in sallads. The first is good manure for barren ground. *Coralline*. K. as the reddish and scaly. V. is thought to be usefull against the stone, fluxes, cramps, the epilepsie, and melancholy. The shrub coralline, *Schrod.* the D. of the *magisterie* of coralline, is scr. 1. K. as the heath like wooddy, white, and red crusted, *Sclavonian sea feather*. the red sea fan, and those of Italy. V. the *Sclavonian* h. the bitings of venemous beasts, heales wounds and kills wormes. The other sea plants. K. as the cypresse, base wild rocket, stony sea horse-taile, stony lavender cotton, the sea willow and sea navell. V. *Lobel.* The last is thought to be diuretick and digestive. stopping fluxes, and easing pains of the gout &c. *Coral*. V. d. it h. the pain of the stone. It h. melancholy, and the syncope. It facilitates the birth, it fasteneth loose teeth, and h. sores of the mouth, and hollow ulcers. Burnt and the ashes ap. in collyries it h. the watering, heat & redness of the eyes. It h. pricks, running sores, and clenseth impostumes. *Syrupus è Corallis. simplex & compositus, Pharm Lond.* or the syrup of corall simp'e and compound, h. consumption, coole nature, chiefly the last; it's cordiall h. hestick fevers, stops fluxes, h. ruuning of the reins, and whites in women. It h. the hæmoptisis, epilepsie, and flux, drach. 1. being taken. *Diacorallion*, or the *Elektuary of corall*, comforts and strengthens, the heart, h. consumptions, cools, h. hestick fevers, binds, stops fluxes, and h. the terms and whites; the D. is drach. 1. in the morning. *Trochisci diacorallion, Gal. Pharm. Lond.* or the *Corall troches*, h. the bloody flux, stop blood, and the termes, and h. loathing of meat. *Amber*. T. is moderatly hot and dry. V. The fume h. moist distillations of the head to the eyes &c. and h. the epilepsie, and strangulation of the mother, and provokes the courses, *unc. sem.* of the powder taken in the morning in a reare egge h. abortion. It stops fluxes d. in wine its diureticall. The powder taken in the conserve of roses h. the cough, consumption, and gout. the oile d. the q. of three drops in muskadine h. the stone.

Stone &c. ap. It h. all cephalicall diseases : so *ambey*
grise, it's hot and dry 2^o:

Mosse-ferne, *see* Polypody.
Mother of time, *see* Wild-time,

Motherwort, *Cardiaca*.

P. In stony, barren, and rough places.

T. It flourisheth, flowreth and seedeth from June to
September.

N. Καρδιακή. *Marrubium mar Brunf. Licopsis Anguil.*

Motherwort. Ger. T. is hot and dry 2^o. clensing
and binding. V. It h. the infirmities of the heart : also
convulsions, cramps, and palsies : so *Casalp.* It opens
the obstructions of the intralls. and kills all kinds of
wormes in the belly. The powder d. in wine provoketh
urine, and the courses, and h. in travell with child:
also it is traumatick. It is used also for the cough, and
murren in Cattle &c. *Myl.* yet the smell therefore doth
not shew it to be cardiack. *Park.* It h. the risigs of the
mother. And clenseth the chest of cold flegme : also it
warmes and dryes cold humors.

Mountain mint, *see* Calamint.

Moufe-eare. *Pilosella.*

P. On sandy banks, in open untilld places.

T. Fl. in May, June and July: and are green all the
winter.

N. Μυσώτα. *Auricula Muris. Myosotis.*

Moufe-eare. Ger. K. as the great, and creeping. T. are
hot and dry, and astringent with a certain hot tenuicy.
V. The decoction d. h. all wounds inward and out-
ward, hernies or ruptures. The powder ap. dryeth and
h. wounds : so *Fernel.* The juice c. steel that is often
quenched

quenched in it to be so hard that it will cut iron or stone without waxing dull. Used as a *gargarisme* it h. the looseness of the uvula. d. it h. the fluxes of the womb. *Avic.* as a *sternutatory* it clenseth the braine, and h. the epilepsie, dysentery and enterocoele; it gleweth wounds, stayeth the swelling of the spleen, and bloody excrements thereby. The *syrup of its juyce* h. coughs, the consumption and ptisick. *Fuch.* The juyce h. the shiverings of agues; *Cam. Matth.* The milky juyce thereof is bitter extenuating and absterfive: the herb glutinates, cools and dryes. It h. vomiting and the hamopyris. *Park K.* as the Assyrian, blew &c. V. d. they h. the jaundise, tormina and dropsie. *Syrupus de pilosella*, *Pharm: Lond.* or, *syrup of mouse-eare*, h. those that are wounded, and ruptures, it being drying and healing. Also it's conceived to h. consumptions of the lungs, being healing, drying, and cooling, and fastening. It's good against coughs and spitting of blood, stops all defluxions of rheum from the brain, dysenteries and the whites in women; strengthens the back and stops a simple gonorrhœa. Also it may help barrenness from the waterishness of the sperm, slipperiness of the matrix, and looseness of the geminall parts. the D. is *unc. 1.* at a time.

Mouse-pease, see Bitter-verch.

Mouse-taile, see Sea Buck-horne.

Much good, see Mountain parsley.

Mug-wet, see Woodroof.

Petty mugwort, see Ladies bedstraw.

Mug-wort. *Artemisia.*

P. The first groweth in the borders of fields &c.

T. It flourisheth in July and August.

N. Ἀρτεμισία. *Parthenion. Mater herbarum. Zona Dicitur J. hannik.*

Mugwort. *Ger. K.* as the common, and that of the sea.

T. it

T. It is hot and dry 3°. and somewhat astringent.
 V. *Plin.* It properly cureth womens diseases. *Diosc.* It bringeth down the birth and after birth; it h. the mother and pain of the matrix used in a bath, and as a pessarie with myrrh; so also the tender tops being boiled and d. and ap. as a pultis provoke the termes. The be pounded with oile of sweet almonds and ap. to the stomach h. all griefs of the same. It also cureth the shakings of the joynts inclining to the palsie, and h. convulsion. *Parac.* The salt thereof h. the itch *Mac.* The herb tempereth flegme. *Scholtz. Conf.* 236. The root used in meat h. the gont. *Barth. Ang.* The decoction h. the headach. *Park. K.* as the small, fruitfull and fine mountaine. V. ap. h. against opium. *Syrupus de artemisia, Pharm. Lond.* or Syrup of mugwort, h. the passion of the matrix retaining it in its place; and dissolves the coldness, wind, and pains thereof; it strengthens the nerves, opens the pores, corrects the blood, & termes which it also provokes: the D. is *cochl.* 1. at once.

Mulberry tree. *Morus.*

P. In hot regions, as in Italy &c.

T. Fl. in May the berries are ripe in August.

N. *Μορίαν ἢ συκάμιν* ♂. *Morus Celsa.*

Mulberry-tree. *Ger. K.* as the common and white. T. the fruits before ripe are cold and dry. fere 3°. and do mightily bind. V. being dryed they h. lasks and the bloody flux, bleeding and the reds: They h. all inflammations and hot swellings, in the mouth &c. The ripe berries also are cold and full of joyce, somewhat drying and binding; therefore good against the hot swelling of the mouth, and those parts; so also the diamoron. The berries taken before meat open the belly, quench thirst and c. appetite. They nourish little being taken in the second place, or after meat. The bark of the root is bitter, hot and dry, and of a scouring faculty, the decoction openeth the liver and spleen, purgeth the belly

and driveth forth worms: steeped in vinegar it h. the toothach; so the decoction of the leaves and bark and juyce of the root: it also h. the phyma, and purgeth the body. Gal. the first buds have a middle facultie, both to bind and scour. Park. So the Virginian. Croll: The juice of the fruit in gargarismes h. the quinsie. Senn. They are not fit for stomachs replete with vitious humors. Park. Syrup h. the uvula, the juyce of the leaves h. against the phalangium, and aconite: and with vinegar h. burnings and bleedings and depilats with urine. Mel mororum, vel Diamoron, Pharm. Lond. or hony of mulberries, h. a sore mouth, and cools its inflammations. Also it's good for sore throats, and to cleanse and qualify ulcers.

Mulberry-fig-tree, see Sycomore tree.

Mullein. *Verbascum*:

P. In the borders of fields and untilled places.

T. Fl. from July to September.

N. Φλόμ. Tapfus barbatus. Candela regia. Lanaria.

Mullein. Ger. K. as the common and white flowered. T. is dry, digesting and cleansing. V. The leaves boiled in water and ap. h. hard swellings, and inflammations of the eyes and pains thereof. The root boiled in red wine and d. stops lasks and the bloody flux. Boiled in water and d. they h. ruptures and old coughs. the leaf ap. with treacle h. the piles and hæmorrhoides; so also the ointment made of the leaves with axungia the leaves worne under the feet provoke the termes. The leaf ap. with the sume of frankincense and masslick, h. the piles and diseases of the lower parts, being used twice every day; so also the flowers set in oile in warme dung till consumed. Plin. The leaves preserve from putrefaction. Base mullein. K. as the white, black, candle wieke, and small candle-wiek. T. are dry without any manifest heat, yet hotter and dryer than the first. V. the black

black with his fl. boiled in wine and d. h. the diseases of the breast and lungs and spitting of corrupt matter. The leaves boiled in water, stamped and ap. as a pultis h. oedemata and ulcers and inflammations of the eyes. The flowers put into lye make the haire yellow. The leaves in cold ointments h. scaldings and burnings. *with mullein, Blattaria. K. as Plinie's, the purple green, that with the greenish purple coloured flower, white flowered that with the great flower, and the yellow. T. V. Johnf.* The decoction of the first opens the bowels and meseraick veins. The plant causeth flies to resort to it. *That of Ethiopia Aethiops. T. is dry without any manifest heat. V. it h. the plurisie or rotten matter in the breast, asperity of the throat and sciatica, the decoction being d.* The root being decoct with hony h. the diseases of the breast, and lungs; so also the roots condited with sugar. The leaves of the common mullein are by the husbandmen of Kent given to their cattle, against the cough. *Woody mullein, or French sage, Verbascum sylvestre. K. as the French, and lesser French sage, with the Syrian sage, with the Syrian sage leaved mullein. T. are dry and operate as sage. V. Diosc. the leaves stamped and ap. as a pultis h. burnings and scaldings. Bor. Cent. 1. Obs. 27.* The leaves of mullein bruised and ap. the stings of serpents. *Park. K. as the black and jagged. V. d. It h. the cramp with sage, marjerome and cammomile fl. ap. The distilled water of the flowers h. hot gouts, the powder h. the collick. Tapsivalentia, Pharm. Lond. or the ointment of mullein h. hard swellings, easeth the paine, and furthers the cure. It stops looseness, used to the belly, and unc. 1. or 2. melted in a clyster, and ap. it h. the bloody flux. It h. the simple gonorrhœa used upon the loins and testicles, and the cough of the lungs upon the chest, and h. the piles used to the place, after universal remedies. Tapsimel also h. hard swellings, stops looseness and the bloody flux so used. It's thought to bring down maidens courses, used to the soles of the feet, and h. the cough of the lungs, simple, (without brunt vitriol, alum, orinke) being licked with a licorice*

and driveth forth worms: steeped in vineger it h. the toothach; so the decoction of the leaves and bark and juyce of the root: it also h. the phyma, and purgeth the body. Gal. the first buds have a middle facultie, both to bind and scour. Park. So the Virginian. Croll. The juice of the fruit in gargarismes h. the quinsie. Senn. They are not fit for stomacks replete with vitious humors. Park. syrup h. the uvula, the juyce of the leaves h. against the phalangium, and aconite: and with vineger h. burnings and bleedings and depilats with urine. *Mel mororum*, vel *Diamoron*, *Pharm. Lond.* or bony of mulberries, h. a sore mouth, and cools its inflammations. Also it's good for sore throats, and to cleanse and qualify ulcers.

Mulberry-fig-tree, see Sycomore tree.

Mullein. *Verbascum*:

P. In the borders of fields and untilled places.

T. Fl. from July to September.

N. Φλόμ. Tapfus barbatus. Candela regia. Lanaria.

Mullein, Ger. K. as the common and white flowered. T. is dry, digesting and clensing. V. The leaves boiled in water and ap. h. hard swellings, and inflammations of the eyes and pains thereof. The root boiled in red wine and d. stops lasks and the bloody flux. Boiled in water and d. they h. ruptures and old coughs. the leaf ap. with treacle h. the piles and hæmorrhoides; so also the ointment made of the leaves with axungia the leaves worne under the feet provoke the termes. The leaf ap. with the fume of frankincense and mastick, h. the piles and diseases of the lower parts, being used twice every day; so also the flowers set in oile in warme dung till consumed. Plin. The leaves preserve from putrefaction. Base mullein. K. as the white, black, candle wieke, and small candle-wiek. T. are dry without any manifest heat, yet hotter and dryer than the first. V. the black

black with his fl. boiled in wine and d. h. the diseases of the breast and lungs and spitting of corrupt matter. The leaves boiled in water, stamped and ap. as a pultis h. oedemata and ulcers and inflammations of the eyes. The flowers put into lye make the haire yellow. The leaves in cold ointments h. scaldings and burnings. *with mullein, Blattaria. K. as Plinie's, the purple green, that with the greenish purple coloured flower, white flowered that with the great flower, and the yellow. T. V. Johnf.* The decoction of the first opens the bowels and meleraick veins. The plant causeth flies to resort to it. *That of Ethiopia Æthiopis. T.* is dry without any manifest heat. *V.* it h. the plurisie or rotten matter in the breast, asperity of the throat and sciatica, the decoction being d. The root being decoct with hony h. the diseases of the breast, and lungs; so also the roots condited with sugar. The leaves of the common mullein are by the husbandmen of Kent given to their cattle, against the cough. *Woody mullein, or French sage, Verbascum sylvestre. K.* as the French, and lesser French sage, with the Syrian sage, with the Syrian sage leaved mullein. *T.* are dry and operate as sage. *V. Diosc.* the leaves stamped and ap. as a pultis h. burnings and scaldings. *Bor. Cent. 1. Obs. 27.* The leaves of mullein bruised and ap. the stings of serpents. *Park. K.* as the black and jagged. *V. d.* It h. the cramp with sage, marjerome and cammomile fl. ap. The distilled water of the flowers h. hot gout, the powder h. the collick. *Tapsivalentia, Pharm. Lond.* or the ointment of mullein h. hard swellings, easeth the paine, and furthers the cure. It stops looseness, used to the belly, and *unc. 1. or 2.* melted in a clyster, and ap. it h. the bloody flux. It h. the simple gonorrhæa used upon the loins and testicles, and the cough of the lungs upon the chest, and h. the piles used to the place, after universal remedies. *Tapsimel* also h. hard swellings, stops looseness and the bloody flux so used. It's thought to bring down maidens courses, used to the soles of the feet, and h. the cough of the lungs, simple, (without brunt vitriol, alum, orinke) being licked with a licorice

stick, and the epilepsie often so used in a morning fasting, and in an evening about 4 of the clock in the afternoon.

Petty mulleins, *see* Cowslips.

Mushrooms, *see* Toad-staoles.

Mypes, *see* Parsneps.

Mustard. *Sinapi.*

P. It groweth wild in most places.

T. It may be sown in the spring: it's ripe in July.

N, *Σινάπι*. Νάπυ *Aristoph. Thlaspi Plinii. Saurion:*

Mustard. *Ger. J. K.* as the garden, field, white, and small wild. *T. Gal.* The seed is hot & dry 4°. it doth attenuate & attract. V. the seed pounded with vineger is a good sauce with grosse meats, peptick, corroborating the stomach. and provoking appetite. It h. those that are short winded and stuffed in the breast with tough flegme from the brain. Chewed in the mouth it h. the tooth-ach. A *gargarisme* made with the seed hony and vineger h. the swellings of the uvula, and almonds of the throat. d. with water and hony it provoketh the termes and urine. The seed used as an *errhine* is ptarmick and h. women sick of the mother. Ap. with fig. plaisterwise to the head, after shaving it h. the epilepsie, and lethargy, also the sciatica, and all pains of a cold cause. It is mixt with drawing plaisters, and consumeth nodes. It h. those that have lost their haire, and taketh away spots c. by bruises. The seed of the white mustard is used in antidotes, as in the *Elebuary de ovo &c. Senn. Synapismes* h. the caros. Treacle mustard. *Thlaspi*, K. as the common, mithridate, knaves, Bowyers, Grecians, clowns, buckler, and small buckler. T. the seeds are hot and dry fine tertii. V. The seed eaten purgeth choller, provoketh the termes and breaketh the inward apostumes. In clysters it h. the sciatica, and operates as the other mustard seed. H. too much taken it c. a hypercatharsis,

hypercatharsis, and is hurtfull to women great with child. *Candy mustard*, *Thlaspi candie*. K. as the *commone* and *small white flowered*. T. the seed is hot and dry *fin*, 2di. *Treacle mustard*, *Thlaspi*. K. as the *round leaved*, *Hungary*, *churles*, *peasants of Narbone*, *yellow*, *white*. *Clusius his small*, and *small rock*. T. Is hot and dry *fine* 2di. sc. the seed. V. the seeds are sharp and biting, break inward impostumes, bring down the floures, kill the fetus, & h. the sciatica. They purge choller upward & downward *unc*. 2. *sem* being taken. They are in *coun-terpoysons*, as *treacle*, *mithridate* &c. *Woody mustard*, *thlaspi*. K. as the *hoary*, *small*, *thorny*, *busby* and *Ivy*. T. V. they may be referred to the kindes of thlaspies. *Toures mustard*, *Turritis*. K. as the *common*, *great*, *gold of pleasure*, and *treacle wormseed*. T. are hot and dry 30. V. *Diosc*. The *oily fatness of the seed of the third* levigates the skin. *Ruel*. The juice h. ulcers of the mouth. The seed of the last stamped and d. killeth and expelleth worms. *Park*. The *common* is antepileptick. *Pem*. It h. the malignity of mushroomes, and venime, agues, palsie, epilepsie, and c. lust and concoction: ap. it h. cold tumors. *Park*. The *distilled water* is cosmericall. The *Arabian* h. flegme. The rest, as *treacle mustard*. *Syrupus de Eryfimo*, *Pharm*. Lond. or *syrup of hedge mustard*, h. cold distempers of the breast & lungs, as *asthmaes*, and *hoarseness* &c. It may be taken with a *licorice stick*, or *unc*. 1. with 3. of the *pectorall decoction* warme in the morning. *Schrod*. the *oile of mustard seed by expression* h. cold affections of the nerves.

Charles, and dish mustard, see Treacle mustard.

Myrtle-tree. *Myrtus*.

P. It groweth naturally in Italy in fertill places.

T. Fl. with the rose, the fruit is ripe in Autumne.

N. Μυρτιν ἢ μυρτίαν: The berries; Myrtilli offic.

Myrtle-tree, Ger. J. K. as the common. great Soanish.

N 5

stranger.

strange, white berried, little and wild Spanish. T. it consisteth of contrary substances, having a certaine subtile heat with a predominant earthinesse; so dryeth much. The *leaves, fruit, buds* and *juice* do bind both d. and ap. V. they stop the hæmoptysis, and all other issues of blood. The *bath* hereof h. the reds, and whites. The fermentation stops the hæmorrhoides: they h. the laskes, and the bloody flux. ap. with barley meale, they quench the fiery heat of the eyes. ap. they h. all inflammations in the beginning, and paines by strokes and strains. They are wholsome for watery stomachs. The fruit and *leaves* dried provoke urine. The *decoction* bathed h. luxations, ruptures, and the outward parts exulcerated: it h. tetters, scoureth dandriffe, and the sores of the head, it maketh the haire black, and hindreth their falling. d. fasting it prevents drunkenness, and h. the poyson of any venemous beast; so the *dried juice of the leaves.* *Lonic.* T. the *berries* are cold and earthy. V. the *syrup* thereof h. old coughs, the exulceration of the lungs and strengthens the stomach. *Lugd.* d. in wine it h. the biting of the scorpion: the *decoction* of the *leaves* h. purulent cares being instilled. The leaves stamped and ap. with water h. parts that are troubled with fluxions. The *powder of the dried leaves* sprinkled on the body, restraineth sweat. and h. the falling down of the matrix, and diseases of the fundament. The *oile* that is made of the *berries* by expression is drying and astringent. *Mac.* The berries colour the haire black. *Riol.* The *oile* anointed h. diseases of the rarity of the skin, as immoderate sweating, with the powder of dried roses. *Weck.* *Wild Myrtle* h. the strangury, head ach and Kings evill. *Col.* The fr. h. the trembling of the heart, and stinging of serpents. d. it h. a stinking breath; and ulcers with wine. *Aquapend.* the *oile* is anodyne, and h. luxations. *Park.* K. as the greates open laurell, strange broadleaved clove, and double fl. V. ap. it h. S. Anthonies fire and d. prevents the danger of mushrooms. The excrescence is strongest and operates as *Acacia*, The *oile of myrtles* is good in commotion

commotion of the brain, used after phlebotomy. *Senn.*
 Syrup of myrtles with conserve of roses and bole h.
 the wounds of the breast. *Syrupus myrtinus*, *Pharm.*
Lond. or *syrup of myrtles*, is very binding, yet comfort-
 ing nature. It h. fluxes of the belly, the hæmoptysis,
 and corrosions of the intralls. It strengthens the re-
 tentive faculty, and stops the flux of the termes: the
 D. is *cochl.* 1. at once. *Oleum myrtinum*, or, the *oile of*
myrtles hath the effects of that of quinces. also anointed
 it h. pussels & pushes in the skin. It strengthens loosen-
 ed or disjointed limbs, & joynts. It fastens loose gumms
 it h. the tooth-ach used upon the temples, cheeks and
 gums. It fastens the haire, and hinders its falling, being
 anointed at the roots. It strengthens the brain, nerves,
 and stomach, h. digestion, and stops vomitings and
 fluxes of the belly being anointed upon the sto-
 mach and belly. It stops the gonorrhœa used to the
 region of the kidnies, and hinders nocturnall pollution.
 It's cooling, thickning, and binding.

N.

Naile-wort, see White grass.

Navell-wort. *Umbilicus Veneris*.

P. The first groweth on stone walls: the 2d, 3d, and 4th
 on the Alps.

T. They flourish in winter, and fl. in the beginning of
 Spring.

N. *Κοτυλάδα γ.* *Acetabulum. Herba coxendicum.*

NAvell-wort. *Ger. f.* K. as the small. first and
 second. and the Italian bastard, with the wal-
 jagged, and water pennywort. T. is moist. and
 somewhat cold and binding. V. It cooleth and repelleth.
 saureth and consumeth. *Water penny-wort* is hot and
 ulcerating.

ulcerating, like crowfoot. The *bastard Italian* partakes with the true in cold and moisture. V. The juice of *wall penny wort* h. all inflammations, and hot tumors, as the erysipelas or S. Anthonies fire: it h. kiled heeles, being bathed therewith, and the leaves ap. The leaves and root eaten break the stone, provoke urine, and h. the dropsie. The *water penny wort* is dangerous and noisome unto sheep and other cattell that feed thereon. *That of the sea. Andrasace.* K. as the common, and one *summers navell wort.* T. is diuretick, not much hot, but exceeding dry. V. It provoketh urine and digesterh the sliminesse in the joynts. *Diosc. drach. 2. d. in wine* expell much urine out of their bodyes that have the dropsie, and ap. h. the gour. *Park* K. as the spotted and *small red flowered.* T. V. are cold and moist like house-leek. *That of the wall* h. hot stomachs and livers. The *distilled water* h. sorekidneys, paines of the bowels, piles, gout, sciatica and Kings evill. the *least* are strongest: *that of Matth.* is hot, dry 20, and clensing.

Navew. *Bunias.*

P. In a loose, and yellow mould and fruitfull.

T. They are sown, fl. and seed with the turnep.

N. *Beviols.* *Napus sylvestris, & agrestis,* the wild.

Navew. *Ger.* K. as the gentle and wild. T. It's of the temperature and nature of the turnep; yet it's a little dryer, not so soon concocted, nor digested: neither is it so flatulent. V. *Johns.* the seeds taken in drink or broth, h. against poyson; and are used in antidotes. *Ionic,* T. it's hot 20 and moist 10. *Cæsalp.* It's better then the turnep, sweeter, sooner digested, better agreeing with the stomach and more nurrient: so *Diphilm.* *Park* the wild is hotter & dryer (especially the seed) than the tame. It provokes urine and the courses, h. crudities of the stomach, and tormina. the seed h. against infection.

Neck.

Neck-weed see Hemp.

Neese-wort, see White hellebore.

Nele, see Darnel.

Nenuphar, see Water-lilly.

Nep, see Catmint.

Nespite, see Calamint.

Nettle. &c. *Urtica* &c.

P. In untilled places, neere hedges &c.

T. It flourisheth in summer: the seed is ripe in July.

N. Ἀκαλύφη ἢ κνίδη. Nettle tree is called *Lotus Arbor*.

Nettle. Ger. K. as the *Romane*, common stinging, and small. T. is dry, and a little hot, and of subtle parts. V. being eaten boiled with perewinckles it looseth the body and clenseth it, it provoketh urine and expelleth the stone. so *Untz. Wirsung. Fernel. Plin. Apollin.* Being boiled with barley cream it bringeth rough humors out of the chest. the juyce used as an *errhine* stoppeth the bleeding at the nose, and h. the inflammation of the uvula. The seed of nettle c. lust, d. with cure, it being windie. It concocteth and draweth raw humors out of the chest, it h. the orthopnoea, pleurisie and inflammation of the lungs and chine cough, taken in a *loboch.* It h. against hemlock, mushrooms, and quick silver. *Apollod.* It's an *antidote* for henbane, serpents and scorpions. *Plin.* the oile of it h. the stinging that the nettle made. Being grossely powdered and d. in wine it's a singular remedy against the stone, it expelleth gravell & urine. The leaves or seeds, of any nettle worke the like effect, but not so speedily as the *Roman nettle. Nettle tree. Lotus arbor.* T. Is drying, and of thin parts V. The decoction of the wood beaten small, d. or used clyster-wise, h. the bloody flux, whites, and reds; it stops the lask, maketh the haire yellow, and preserveth it from falling, *Park.* The fruit doth coole and binde the body. *Brunfels: Serap:* The oile of the r is laxative, eaten with the yelkes of egges it c. venery, and purgeth flegme. *Emil:*

Æmil: Mac: the roots h. the joynts. *Parac:* the juyce with salt h. running ulcers of the feet. *De Dond:* It. h. the hurt of quick silver, so *Plin: Cam:* the seed and leaves are digesting. *Grul:* The root h. the tooth ach. *Park: K.* as the greater, middle, and lesser wilde nettle. *T.* Are hot and dry 20. *V.* An electuary of the juyce with hony h. the plurisie. It h. the diseases of the mother, & kills wormes, it h. winde, and c. venery; the water h. the skin, goute, and gangreens.

Nicotian, see Tabacco.

Night shade. *Solanum.*

P. Neere high waies, the borders of fields, &c.

T. Fl: in summer, sometimes till Autumne.

N. Στεφύλη. *Solatrūm.* *Morella: Uva lupina. Cucu-*
balus.

Night-shade. *Ger. K.* as the garden, and sleepe. *T.* Is cold 20, and binding. *Diosc.* It h. *S. Anthonies* fire, the shingles, pain of the head, heart burning, or heat of the stomach, and other distempers c. by sharpe and biting humours: yet it's to be used with caution, least the humors be repelled to the inward parts. The juyce of the green leaves of garden night-shade m. with barley meale ap. h. *S. Anthonies* fire, and all hot inflammations; so also with oile of roses, ceruse, and litharge of gold ap. The leaves are good to be put into the ointment of poplar buds. *Johns.* drach. 1. of the barke of the root of sleepe night shade taken is somniferous; yet milder than opium. the fruit is dioretick. *Deadly night-shade. Solanum lethale. T.* Is cold 40. *V.* It c. sleepe, troubleth the mind, and c. madnesse. Many of the berries taken bring present death. it's to be used as petty morell. the antidote is meade. The leaves ap. to the temples with vinegar c. sleepe, and h. the headache of a hot cause. *Inchanters nightshade. cinœa lutetiana. T. V.* Doubles it. hath the virtue of garden night shade, and
may

may be it's substitute. *Tree nightshade*, *Amomum Plin.* T. V. It is not yet used, yet by some referred to the Ginny pepper. *Bindweed Nightshade*. T. V. is useles. *Park.* *Tree night shade* is held to be cooling. *Recch.* *Night shade of Mexico*. T. Is cold and dry. V. ap: it h. *S. Anthonies* fire. and h. heat and fluxes. The root of the pale is bitter, discutient, and diuretick. *Park.* The 1 ap. h. scnzies, stopps the courses, and h. the gout. The *Virginian* is cathartick. *Unguentum è solano*, *Pharm. Lond.* or, ointment of *night-shade*. h. inflammations in wounds, & prevents scratching. Also its very cooling and drying. It h. *S. Anthonies* fire, and head-ach from a hot cause, being anointed upon the fore head, temples, pulses, and soles of the feet, and it procures sleep thereby. It allais lust used co the testicles and reins, and hinders nocturnall pollution. *Oleum Solani*, or the simple oile of *nightshade*, hath the same effects with that of water lillies, but is more cold, and with the ointment.

Red night shade, see winter Cherries.

Woody night-shade, see Bitter-sweet.

None-such, see Rose campion, or flower of Constantinople.

Noon tide, see Go to bed at noon.

Nose-bleed, see Yarrow.

Nutmeg-tree. *Nux moschata*. *

P. In the Indies, in Banda, Molucca, &c.

T. The fruit is gathered in September:

N. Κάριον μύρσινον. *Nux māsata*, & *myristica*: & *Aromatices*.

Nutmeg. *Ger.* K. as the male and female, or round nutmeg. T. Is hot and dry 20, and somewhat astringent. V. Chewed in the mouth it causeth a sweet breath. It h. freckles in the face, quickneth the sight, strengtheneth the belly, and feeble liver. It h. swellings in the spleen

Æmil: Mac: the roots h. the joynts. *Parac:* the juyce with salt h. running ulcers of the feet. *De Dond:* It. h. the hurt of quick silver, so *Plin: Cam:* the seed and leaves are digesting. *Grul:* The root h. the tooth ach. *Park: K.* as the greater, middle, and lesser wilde nettle. *T.* Are hot and dry 20. *V.* An electuary of the juyce with hony h. the plurific. It h. the diseases of the mother, & kills wormes, it h. winde, and c. vcnery; the water h. the skin, goute, and gangreens.

Nicotian, see Tabacco.

Night shade. *Solanum.*

P. Neere high waies, the borders of fields, &c.

T. Fl: in summer, sometimes till Autumne.

N. Στεφύλι. *Solatrium.* *Morella:* *Uva lupina.* *Cucubalus.*

Night-shade. *Ger. K.* as the garden, and sleeper. *T.* Is cold 20, and binding. *Diosc.* It h. *S.* *Anthones* fire, the shingles, pain of the head, heart burning, or heat of the stomach, and other distempers c. by sharpe and biting humours: yet it's to be used with caution, least the humors be repelled to the inward parts. The juyce of the green leaves of garden night-shade m. with barley meale ap. h. *S.* *Anthones* fire, and all hot inflammations; so also with oile of roses, ceruse, and litharge of gold ap. The leaves are good to be put into the ointment of poplar buds. *Johns.* drach. x. of the bark of the root of sleeper night shade taken is somniferous; yet milder than opium. the fruit is dioretick. *Deadly night-shade.* *Solanum lethale.* *T.* Is cold 40. *V.* It c. sleepe, troubleth the mind, and c. madnesse. Many of the berries taken bring present death. it's to be used as petty morell. the antidote is meade. The leaves ap. to the temples with vinegar c. sleepe, and h. the headache of a hot cause. *Inchanters nightshade.* *cinealutetiana.* *T. V.* Doubles it. hath the virtue of garden night shade, and may

may be it's substitute. *Tree nightshade*, *Anomum* Plin. T. V. It is not yet used, yet by some referred to the Ginny pepper. *Bindweed Nightshade*. T. V. is useles. *Park*. *Tree night shade* is held to be cooling. *Recch*. *Night shade of Mexico*. T. Is cold and dry. V. ap: it h. S. *Anthonies* fire. and h. heat and fluxes. The root of the pale is bitter, discutient, and diuretick. *Park*. The 1 ap. h. frenzies, stopps the courses, and h. the gour. The *Virginian* is cathartick. *Unguentum è solano*, *Pharm. Lond.* or, ointment of nightshade. h. inflammations in wounds, & prevents scratching. Also its very cooling and drying. It h. S. *Antho-nies* fire, and head-ach from a hot cause, being anointed upon the fore head, temples, pulses, and soles of the feet, and it procures sleep thereby. It allais lust used co the testicles and reins, and hinders nocturnall pollution. *Oleum Solani*, or the simple oile of nightshade, hath the same effects with that of water lillies, but is more cold, and with the ointment.

Red night shade, see winter Cherries.

Woody nightshade, see Bittersweet.

None-such, see Rose campion, or flower of Constantinople.

Noon tide, see Go to bed at noon.

Nose-bleed, see Yarrow.

Nutmeg-tree. *Nux moschata*. *

P. In the Indies, in Banda, Molucca, &c.

T. The fruit is gathered in September:

N. *Κάρυον μύσινδον*. *Nux muscata*, & *myristica*: & *Aromatites*.

Nutmeg. Ger. K. as the male and female, or round nutmeg. T. Is hot and dry 20, and somewhat astringent. V. Chewed in the mouth it causeth a sweet breath. It h. freckles in the face, quickneth the sight, strengtheneth the belly, and feeble liver. It h. swellings in the spleen.

spleene, stops laskes, breaketh winde, and h. all cold diseases. Bruised and boiled in *aquâ vitæ* to the consumption of the moisture, adding hony of roses, boiling the nutmegs gently, and straining them to the forme of a *syrupe*, they h. all paines c. of winde and cold, taking 3 spoonefulls fasting for severall dayes together: the same bruised and boiled in strong white wine to the fourth part, with the roots of mother-wort strained, and d. with sugar, h. all gripings in the belly c. by windiness. The best are the heaviest, fattest, and the fullest of liquor, which is known by pricking them, *Sala*, the 1 distilled oile h. cardiak passions, and the collick: it's hystericall and cephalick, absterfive and diuretick. The 2d h. fluxes, the tormina and winde c. by cold. *Paracels*: the distilled oile h. ulcers. *Ern*: It operates as that of cloves. *Park*: they h. colds of the head: it c. lust and fat: so the mace. *Senn*. Nutmeg as also mace, betony, licorice, and juniper berries, h. the coolness of the bladder. *Oleum macis chym. Pharm. Lond.* or oile of mace, is excellent for rheums in the head. *Schrod.* the D. of that distilled, is gr. 3. 4. that expressed, hath the same virtues, but is of thinner parts, and therefore more efficacious and penetrating. *Ern*. it h. cold diseases strengtheneth, and bindeth. The distilled oile of nutmeg, h. the cardialgy, &c. the D. is gr. 3. 4. that expressed h. the pain of the belly and nephritis, given in a warme liquor. used to the temples it causeth sleep, and h. the tormina of infants used to the navill, so *Schrod.*

Nut-trees. *Nuces varia.* *

P. In India, Arabia, and other places.

T. Fl: in May, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *pisaxia*. the 1 *Pistacia*. the 2d *Nux Indica* the 3d *Vomica*.

Nuts. *Ger.* K. as the fisticke nut. *pistacion*. T. the kernels are hot and moist, and may be eaten as those of the Pine:

Pine-apples, they are not so easily concocted, but much more easily than common nutts, the *juyce* is good, but somewhat thicke, they are polytrophicke, and analepticke. V. they are good for those that have the phthisicke. they concoct, ripen, and cleanse forth raw humours that cleave unto the chest. they open the stoppings of the liver, h. the infirmities of the kidnies, expell gravell, ease paine, and h. ulcers. the *kernells* condited and eaten, c. lust, open the lungs, h. the shortnesse of breath, and taken in wine are an excellent prophylastick remedy. the *Indian nut*, *Cocus*. T. Is in a mean between hot and cold. V. the *branches* being cut in the evening send forth water, which is pleasant to drinke, from which is drawn a strong *aqua-vita*, helping against all manner of sicknesses. the *milke* in the *kernells* cooleth and refresheth the spirits. the *kernell* serves for meat, out of which is pressed an *oile* good for meate and medicine, wherewith the Indians anoint their feeble limbs, it helping lassitude, paines and other infirmities. Of the *branches* they make their houses, of the *trunke* their ships, of the *hempe* on the outside their cables: and of the *finer stuffe*, sailes for their ships. Likewise of the *shell* they make cupps to drinke in. the *vomiting* and *purging nutts*. T. Are poysonous, cold 40, and narcotick, or causing deadly sleepe. V. the *vomiting nut* is not to be given inwardly, but in other compositions. the *powder* given with flesh unto fowles doth presently stupify them, if not kill them. *Park*. *Horse-chesnut*. V. Stopps all manner of fluxes and spitting of blood, being eaten rosted. In turkey they are given to horses in their provender to h. the cough, and brokenwindednesse *Borell*: Cent: 1. Obs: 50. An *unguent* made of the *oile* of *nutts*, with the yelks of egges p. .eq. m. h. burnings ap. twice a day. *Recch*. the *pulpe* of the *nut cocus*, h. against poyson. and being infused in water in cups made of the shells thereof and d. it h. the collick, palsie, epilepsie, and other diseases of the nerves; yet by some it's thought little effectvall. *Park*: V. *Fistick nuts* h. against the stings, and bitings of serpents, and other

other venomous creatures. The discoloured small Indian nut *Fanfel*. V. h. in all hot diseases, it h. the tooth-ache, and fasteneth loose teeth. the Indians use it to stupifie. *Garc*: the distilled water h. all hot fluxes of the belly. the white nuts, *curcum*, *habacoulcoul* *Serap. c.* sperme and the collick. *Bezoar nut* *Lobus echinatus*. T. V. causeth vomiting. *Ginny nuts* T. V. serve to make bread with. The liquor of the leaves serveth for drink. *Mel nucum*, vel *diacaron*, & *dianicum* *Pharm. Lond.* or bony of nuts, preserveth from the pestilence, *cochl. i.* being taken in the morning. Also its good to mingle in vomits and wil bring away choller from the stomach and parts adiacent. *Oleum nucum*, or the oile of hazel-nuts, h. cold affections of the nerves, and gout in the joynts &c.

Spanish-nut, see Bulbed bastard flower-deluce,
Water Nuts, see Water caltrops.

O.

Oake. *Quercus*.

P. It groweth in a dry and barren ground.

T. It casts the leaves about the end of Autumne.

N. $\Delta\rho\upsilon\varsigma$. *Jovis arbor*. *Robur*. The fruit, *Glans*. The cup, *Capula*.

Oake. *Ger. K.* as the common, and dwarfe. T. the leaves, barke, acorne cupps, and acornes, binde and dry 30, and are also somewhat cold. V. The thin skinne under the barke, and that which is next to the acorne poudered, h. the whites, reds, spitting of blood, and laskes the acornes eaten are hardly concocted, and of grosse, raw, and cold nourishment, they provoke urine, and h. poyson, and are lesse binding than the leaves, or barke. the apples h. all fluxes of bloud and laskes

askes, boiled in red wine; they also hⁱ excessive moist-
 sture, and swellings of the jawes, and almonds of the
 throat. the decoction thereof stopps womens diseases,
 and the fume taken c. the mother to returne to its place:
 the same steeped in strong white wine vineger, with
 the powder of brimstone, and root of *ireos* m. and set
 in the sun 30 dayes, maketh the haire black, wasts
 proud flesh, and h. sunburning, and all deformities of
 the face, being washed therewith. *Matth.* the oake ap-
 ples before they have a hole in them, containe a flie, a
 spider, or a worme: if a fly, then warre ensueth; if a
 creeping worme, scarcity of victualls; if a running spider,
 it prognosticareth great sicknesse, or mortality. *P. L.*
 also if a maggot, murren of beasts; if an ant, plenty of
 corne. they are dry and binding, and boiled in milke
 and d. they stop fluxes and the terms: and boiled in
 vineger and ap. they cure the itch. the oake of *Jerusa-*
lem, *Botrys*, and that of *Capadocia*, *Ambrosia*. T. Are hot
 and dry 20, and of subtile parts. V. the decoction h. the
 stoppings of the breast, and asthma, cutting and wast-
 ing grosse humors; so the conserve of the leaves. It giveth
 a pleasant tast to flesh, that is sodden with it, and is
 eaten with the broth. Dried and laid among garments,
 it c. them to smell sweet, and preserveth them from
 vermin. the scarlet oake, *Ilex coccigera*, the grain is called
Kermes, and *Coccus baphicus*. the maggot within is na-
 med *Cutchonele*. T. this grain is astringent and some-
 what bitter, and dry without sharpnesse. V. *Gal*: It h.
 great wounds, and sinews that be cut ap: with oxymel.
 It stopps the menses, and is cordiall, and purgeth me-
 lancholy. the confectiion hereof, h. the trembling of the
 heart, and swoonings, and exhilarates, the *lapis cyaneus*
 being left out: the berries of the cochenele must be
 taken by themselves, which alone are sufficient to die
 the juyces, and to impart unto them their vertue. The
 great scarlet oake. or barren scarlet, or home oake, *Ilex*
major glandifera. T. the leaves coole and repell, as those
 of the mast trees. V. Stamped and ap. they h. soft swell-
 ings, and strengthen weak members. the barke of the

root boiled in water untill it be dissolved, and ap. all night, maketh the haire black, being first scoured with *cimolia Clus*: the *acorne* is esteemed of, and usually eaten. the great *Holme Oake* K. As that with greater & lesser *acornes*, *Cerrus*. T. V. are uselesse. the *Corke oake*. K. as with broad and narrow leaves. *Suber*. T. the barke doth manifestly drie and binde. V. The powder taken in water stoppeth blood. *Paul*: the *corkes* which are taken out of wine vessells being burnt mightily drie, and are m. with compositions against the bloody fluxe. The corke also is of known use, and serveth to put into the shoes for warmenesse. *Park*: the ever green oake is lesse binding, it strengtheneth weak members. the young tops and leaves thereof are used in gargles for the mouth and throat. *Croll*. The liquor of the apples that grow on oake leaves ap. h. the rupture. *Park*. K. As the sweet, male and female bitter. V. *Acornes* h. the virulency of cantharides, *Hip*. the fume of the leaves h. the mother. *Gal*. ap. it h. wounds. the water h. all heat and fluxes, the *Laurell* is binding, the leaves of *Botrys* ap. h. the mother. *Syrupus botrys*, *Pharm. Lond.* or, *Syrup* of the oake of *Jerusalem*, h. coughs, shortness of breath, and other cold infirmities of the breast, and may be taken with a liquorice stick. *Confessio Athermes*, *P. L.* or the *Confession* of *chermes*, is a great cardiack remedy, and much strengthens the heart and vitalls, h. consumptions, resists pestilence and poison, and strengthens weak nature if they be given in fevers, viz. gr. 4. to the young, and 20, or 30. to those that are old, in convenient cordials.

Oates. *Avena*.

P. Almost every where in cold moist ground.

T. They are sown in spring. and mowen in Autumne.

N. *Βρώμη* & *βρώμη*. *Vena Italica*, *Chartall Arab*.

Oates. *Ger*. K. as the common and naked. T. *Gal*. are dry and somewhat cold. V. Common oates put into a linnea

linnen bag, with a little bay salt, made hot in a frying pan, and ap. very hot, h. the stirce in the side, or col-lick in the belly. Such parts as are troubled with the serpigo, being first anointed with that unction usually ap. against the French disease, and held over the fume of the decoction of oates, with sweating, will in 5 or 6 times using hereof be perfectly cured. *Oate-meale* is good to abate the colour in maydens faces, they taking a draught of vinegar first in the morning, used as *cata-plasme*, it dryeth and moderately discusseth without biting, it being somewhat cool and astringent, and it h. scourings. *Wild oates*, *Bromos sterilis*. K. as the common and small. T. are drying. V. Being boiled in water with the roots to a third part, then strained, adding hony and the powder of aloes, and so boiled again to the thickness of thin hony, and ap. with a linnen cloth; they h. the *oxena*, and the filthy ulcers of the nose. *Johns*. Being boiled in wine, with dried rose leaves, they h. a stinking breath. The *bearded wild oates*, *Ægilops bromoides*. T. V. are useles. *Senn*. Oates are hot of meane nourishment, and stop the belly. *Trag*. They are hot as meat, and cold and dry as medicine. *Park*. the *meale* h. fluxes: with sugar it h. the cough; ap. with vinegar it h. spots and the itch with the oile of bayes.

Indian oate-meale, see Panick.

Oculus Christi, see Wild Clarie.

Oily pulse. *Sesamum* *

P. It groweth in Egypt, and India.

T. It must be sown against the Ides of October.

N. Σίνιμον. *Sisamum*. *Sesama*. *Sempfen* *Ægypt*. *Alpini*.

Oily pulse. *Ger*. T. Is hot and dry 10, *Gal*. the seed is fat, nauseous, and of slow digestion, of thick juyce, not easily passing through the veines. It c. thirst, and is emplastick, and softning; so also the oile and decoction.

V. *Diosc*.

V. Ciofc. it c. a stinking breath. It wasteth the grosse-
 nesse of the sinewes, h. bruises of the eares, inflammatio-
 ons, scaldings, pains of the joynts, and the bitings of
 Cerastes. Mixt with oile of roses, it h. the head-ache c.
 by heate; so the *herbe* boiled in wine, but especially it h.
 the heat and paine of the eyes. the *oile* is good against
 the sounding and ringing of the eares. *Schrod.* the *oile*
 is moderately hot, molifying & maturating: it h. the cough
 & asperity of the lungs in plurisies, also it impinguates
 & c. sperm. ap. it h. hard tumors, and creeping ulcers.
Diofc. It's hot 10, dry 20. The oile h. warts: ap. with oile
 of roses it h. the headache c. by heat. *Park. Alpin.* the
 Egyptians use it against the scirrhus of the liver: the
decoction with hony c. the courses, and h. dandriffe. the
oile h. the deformity of the skin.

Oister-green, see Sea Lungwort.

Oister-lait, see Bistort.

Oleander, see Rose-bay.

Olive-tree, *Olea.*

P. In Italy, France, Spaine, and other places.

T. Fl. in June: the fr. is gathered in November or De-
 cember.

N. Ἑλαια. Ἀγριελαια. the wild, Oleaster, *Cotinus.*

Olive-tree. Ger. K. as the *manured* and *wild*. T. the
ripe olives are hot and moist, and of little nourishment;
 the *unripe* are dry and binding. Those that are preserved
 in *pickle*, called *colymbades*, dry up the superfluous moi-
 sture of the stomach. The *branches, leaves* and *tender*
buds, coole, dry and bind, especially of the *wild olive*.
V. The *pickled olives* c. appetite, yet are of little nou-
 rishment. The *branches, leaves* and *buds*, especially of
 the *wild* h. the eyes, S. *Anthony's fire*, the shingles
 and epinyctides, so *For*, night wh. ailes, carbuncles, and
 cauld.

eating ulcers: ap. with hony, they h. escharres, cleanse filthy ulcers, and quench the heat of hot swellings, h. kernels in the flank, heale wounds in the head, and being chewed, cure ulcers in the mouth; so the *decotion* and *juyce*, which also stops all bleedings, and the whites. The juyce is to be pressed out with wine, and dried into *cakes*. The *oile* which *issueth* out of the wood whilst it is burning h. tetter, scurfes, & scabbs applyed. that which is pressed out of the unripe olives is cold and binding. The old oile is hotter and of greater force to digest, or wast away, and that which is made of unripe olives is partly binding, partly digesting. The *oile* of ripe olives mollifieth, aswageth pain, dissolveth tumors, h. stiffness of the joynts, and cramps, especially being mixed with hypericon, cammell, dill, lillies, roses &c. *oile* *emphacine*, or of unripe olives doth stop, and repress tumors in the beginning, and cool the heat of burning vloers and exulcerations. *Bor. Cent. 2. Obs. 14.* The *oile* of olives eaten in the morning with a rost looseth the belly. *Anon.* oile of olives chased twice in a day upon the kernell of the patients arme, till dissolved in the *espinlas*, helpeth it, stroaking it upwards also upon the breast, and rubbing fine flax thereon; and it's caused by taking cold on the breast, and known by pain there, and giddiness, with pricking as with a thorn, and a little kernel a little above the wrist, and anorexy. *Park.* *Pickled* olives burnt, beaten, and ap. h. ulcers, and faste as loose teeth. The *oile* h. exulcerating poysons, the dregs h. the scab with lupines: with hony &c. it h. teeth; so the *gum*, and is ophthalmick, antipforick, and expells the *fetus*. The *fl.* of the wild, perfume:

One-berry, see Herb true-love.

One blade.

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 nesse of the sinewes, h. bruises of the eares, inflammatio-
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 oile h. the deformity of the skin.

Oister-green, see Sea Lungwort.

Oister-lait, see Bistort.

Oleander, see Rose-bay.

Olive-tree. *Olea.*

P. In Italy, France, Spaine, and other places.

T. Fl. in June: the fr. is gathered in November or De-
 cember.

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Olive-tree. Ger. K. as the manured and wild. T. the
 ripe olives are hot and moist, and of little nourishment,
 the unripe are dry and binding. Those that are preserved
 in pickle, called *colymbades*, dry up the superfluous moi-
 sture of the stomach. The branches, leaves and tender
 buds, coole, dry and bind, especially of the wild olive.
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eating ulcers: ap. with hony, they h. escharres, cleanse
 filthy ulcers, and quench the heat of hot swellings,
 h. kernels in the flank, heale wounds in the head, and
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 digest, or wast away, and that which is made of unripe
 olives is partly binding, partly digesting. The oile of
 ripe olives mollifieth, aswageth pain, dissolveth tumors,
 h. stiffness of the joynts, and cramps, especially being
 mixed with hypericon, cammommill, dill, lillies, roses
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 thorn, and a little kernel a little above the wrist, and
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 h. ulcers, and faste as loose teeth. The oile h. exulcera-
 ting poysons, the dregs h. the scab with lupines: with
 hony &c. it h. teeth; so the *gum*, and is ophthalmick,
 antipforick, and expells the *fetus*. The *fl. of the wild*,
 perfume:

One-berry, see Herb true-love.

One blade.

One blade. *Unifolium.*

P. It groweth in Lancashire, and nere Bathe.

T. Fl. in May, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. Μονοφύλλον. *Monophyllon.* Cotyledon. *Sylvestris*
Trag.

One blade. **Ger. T.** it is hot and dry, and vulnerary.
V. The leaves are of the same force in wounds with
Pyrola, especially in wounds among the nerves and
sinews: *drach.* ʒ. of the root being given in vineger m.
with wine or water, and the sick going to bed, and
sweating on it, so *Park. Lugd. T.* It's hot and dry. The
leaves prevent inflammations in wounds.

Onion. *Cepa.*

P. In a fat ground, well digged and dunged.

T. It's sown in March and Aprill or September.

N. Κεράμιον ἢ κρόμμιον. *Capa. Cape.*

Onion. **Ger. J. K.** as the white, lodgish Spanish, and
scallions. **T.** All onions are sharp, and move reares by
the smell. **Gal.** They are hot & dry 4^o, yet not so hot
as garlick, the juyce is of a thin, watery, and airc sub-
stance, the rest is of thick parts **V.** Onions doe bite,
attenuate, and cause drinesse: being boiled they loose
their sharpness, especially if the water be changed; yet
they attenuate, break wind and provoke urine, and are
are more soluble boiled than raw; but are of little nu-
rishment. They hurt those that are chollerick, & h.
those that are replete with raw humors, and women
that have their termes stopt upon a cold cause. **Gal. ap.**
with vineger they open the hemorrhoides. the juice used
as an *errhine* draweth flegme out of the head. Stamped
with salt, rue, and hony, ap. they h. the bitings of a
mad dog. Roasted in the embers and ap. they ripen and
breake cold apost. mes, biles, &c. the juice m. with the
decoction of penny royall aph. the gout: the juyce ap.
c. haire

c. haire to grow. ap. with water or oile it h. burnings, as it's affirmed by *Clowes* and *Parey*, *Sliced* and dipped in the joyce of sorrell, and taken by the sick of a tertian ague, they take away the fit in once or twice so taking them. M. they c. head ach, hurt the eyes, dull the senses, c. winde, and provoke overmuch sleep, especially raw. *Sea onions*, *Scilla*. K. as the common Spanish, the great, that of *Valentia*, with the red fl. and white sea daffodill. T. the sea onion is hot 20, and cutteth much, it's best when roasted. V. It is to be roasted under the embers, baked, or boiled, changing the water, and then to be dried, of which is made oile, wine, or vinegar: of which is made an oxymiel, to cut humors, and to be used in vomits. this onion thus roasted is m. with potions to provoke urine, open the liver and spleen, to h. the drop sic, jaundise, and tormina, and in a *lobach* to h. the cough, and asthma. One part hereof being mixt with eight of salt, and taken in the morning before breakfast, in the quantity of a spoonful or two looseth the belly. The inner part of *squilla* boiled with oile and turpentine h. chilblaines. taken with hony and oile it expelleth wormes. *Park*. The first h. against venome with hony and rue, and c. sperme. The juice h. burnings and spots with vinegar, and ap. h. paines of the eares. *Park*. *Squils* h. the lungs, stomach, head and heart: it cleareth the sight, h. the tooth ach, cleanse the head of scurfe and running sores, and resists poison. The common boiled or roasted and mixt with sugar and butter, h. the cough, asthma, and wheesing: the juice thereof with that of limmons and treacle h. the plague. *Lang*. the juice annointed with hens grease h. the ach and swellings of the knees and feet. *Vinum scilliticum*. *Pharm*. L. or wine of squills, is of the nature of its Vineger; but hotter, a little of which taken in the morning fasting, walking halfe an houre after, preserves the body in health to old age; it c. a good digestion, long wind, cleer voice, acute sight, good colour, and suffers no offensive thing to remain in the body, neither wind, flegme, choller, melancholly, excrements or urine. It

h. salt and sower belchings, though a man be licentious in diet. It h. the phthisick, epilepsie, gouts, diseases and swellings in the joynts, hardness of the liver and spleen. It preserveth soundness of body, health and vigour of mind, so *Gal. Bayf.* It clenseth, dryeth, incideth, attenuates, h. the gums and thick humours in oynments. *Mel scilliticum*, or the hony of squills, is of the nature of honey with squills, & with vineger also; but is hotter and for cold constitutions: the D. is *unc. 1.* or *drach. 6.* in a vomit. *Oxymel scilliticum*, or the oxymel of squills, cuts rough and viscous humors, so h. the stomach, bowels and sower belchings: the D. is *cochl. 1.* in the morning; and its more pleasant, than the vineger. *Ox. scil. compositum.* or, the compounded, h. the epilepsie, megrim, head-aches and vertigo; so if from the stomach, it h. obstructed lungs, women not well cleansed, and opens the womb. *Eclegma scilliticum*, or, the Lohoch of squills, is as the vineger and oxymel, but milder, so h. asthmas, dyspnceas, cuts humours, h. digestion, and easeth the breast: also it strengthens the lungs, and h. the oppression by thick clammy flegme. It is also good for hoarseness and infirmities of the voice. *Trochisci de scilla ad theriacum*, P. L. or, the Troches of squills for treacle, operate as squills, and as the vineger and hony thereof.

Orach. *Atriplex.*

P. The wild grow neere high wayes: the rest in gardens.

T. Fl. and seed from June to the end of August.

N. Ἀνέμοις. *Anreum oliv.* The stinking. *Garosmos Cordi.*

Orach. Ger. *J. K.* as the white, purple, wilde, sea, the common, and narrow leaved wilde, with the berry bearing orach. T. *Gal.* Is moist 20. cold 10. V. *Diosc.* that of the garden is both moist and cold, it's eaten boiled, and looseth the belly. ap. it h. swellings of the throat. The seed d. with meade h. the jaundise. *Gal.* It clenseth and openeth

openeth the oppillations of the liver. *Stinking orache*.
Atriplex olida, T. V. It's thought that by its smell it h.
 the suffocation of the mother. *Recch*. K. as the sweet of
Mexico. T. is sharp and hot 2^o. V. In *sallads* it doth
 corroborate. It h. the breast, and asthma's, opens obe
 structions and nourisherh, the root decoct and d. h. the
 dysentery and inflammations. *Casalp*. the first c. the
 drop sic &c. *Park*. The fourth purgeth and emaciates.
 the seed of the rest h. against thac cantharides and heate.

Open arse, see Medlar.

Ople, see Marrish Elder.

Opoponax-wort, see Alheale.

Orange-bay, see Guayava.

Orange-tree. *Malus Arantia*.

P. On the sea coasts of Italy, and other places.

T. It's ever green, and bearing fruit.

N. Χρυσθμλον. The fruit *Pomum Narantium*. *Anar-*
antium Dod.

Orange-tree. Ger. T. The orange hath unlike parts.
 the rinds are sweet of smell, bitter, hard and dry. V.
 Twelve oranges sliced and put into a gallon of water
 adding unc. i. of mercury sublimate, and boiled to one
 halfe h. the itch, and manginelle. The rind of oranges
 is much like to that of citrons and limmons, but more
 hot, biting and bitter, the soure pulp also; but the sweet
 doth ont much cool and dry, but doth temperately
 heate and moisten, and is of thin and little nourishment.
 That which is of a middle taste is more cold than sweet,
 and lesse cold than soure. The sweet flowers are used in
 perfumes. The seed killeth wormes, resisteth poison,
 and h. the stinging of scorpions, being inwardly taken.
Park. The inner pulpe h. agues and hot diseases, and in
 summer cooleth hot stomachs, and faining spirits. The
 rinds preserved warme the stomach, digest, and breake

h. salt and sower belchings, though a man be licentious in diet. It h. the phthisick, epilepsie, gout, diseases and swellings in the joynts, hardness of the liver and spleen. It preserveth soundness of body, health and vigour of mind, so *Gal. Bayf.* It cleanseth, dryeth, incideth, attenuates, h. the gums and thick humours in ointments. *Mel scilliticum*, or the hony of squills, is of the nature of honey with squills, & with vinegar also; but is hotter and for cold constitutions: the D. is *unc. i.* or *drach. 6.* in a vomit. *Oxymel scilliticum*, or the oxymel of squills, cuts tough and viscous humors, so h. the stomach, bowels and sower belchings: the D. is *cobl. i.* in the morning; and its more pleasant, than the vinegar. *Ox. scil. compositum.* or, the compounded, h. the epilepsie, megrim, head-aches and vertigo; so is from the stomach, it h. obstructed lungs, women not well cleansed, and opens the womb. *Eclegma scilliticum*, or, the Lohoch of squills, is as the vinegar and oxymel, but milder, so h. asthmas, dyspnoeas, cuts humours, h. digestion, and easeth the breast: also it strengthens the lungs, and h. the oppression by thick clammy flegme. It is also good for hoarseness and infirmities of the voice. *Trochisci de scilla ad theriacum*, P. L. or, the Troches of squills for treacle, operate as squills, and as the vinegar and hony thereof.

Orach. *Atriplex.*

P. The wild grow neere high wayes: the rest in gardens.

T. Fl. and seed from June to the end of August.

N. *'Αδελφὰς*. *Anreum olus*. The stinking. *Garosmos Cordi.*

Orach. Ger. *J. K.* as the white, purple, wilde, sea, the common, and narrow leaved wilde, with the berry bearing orach. T. *Gal.* Is moist 20. cold 10. V. *Diosc.* that of the garden is both moist and cold, it's eaten boiled, and looseth the belly. ap. it h. swellings of the throat. The seed d. with meade h. the jaundise. *Gal.* It cleanseth and openeth

openeth the oppilations of the liver. *Stinking orache*.
Atriplex olida, T. V. It's thought that by its smell it h.
 the suffocation of the mother. *Recch.* K. as the sweet of
Mexico. T. is sharp and hot 20. V. In *sallads* it doth
 corroborate. It h. the breast, and asthma's, opens obe-
 structions and nourisherh, the root decoct and d. h. the
 dysentery and inflammations. *Casalp.* the first c. the
 drop sic &c. *Park.* The fourth purgeth and emaciates.
 the seed of the rest h. aginst thae cantharides and heate.

Open arse, see Medlar.

Ople, see Marrish Elder.

Opoponax-wort, see Alheale.

Orange-bay, see Guayava.

Orange-tree. *Malus Arantia*.

P. On the sea coasts of Italy, and other places.

T. It's ever green, and bearing fruit.

N. Χρυσόμυλον. The fruit *Pomum Naranarium*. *Anar-*
antium Dod.

Orange-tree. *Ger.* T. The orange hath unlike parts.
 the rinds are sweet of smell, bitter, hot and dry. V.
 Twelve oranges sliced and put into a gallon of water
 adding unc. 1. of mercury sublimate; and boiled to one
 halfe h. the itch, and manginess. The rind of oranges
 is much like to that of citrons and limmons, but more
 hot, biting and bitter, the soure pulp also; but the sweet
 doth ont much cool and dry, but doth temperately
 heate and moisten, and is of thin and little nourishment.
 That which is of a middle taste, is more cold than sweet,
 and lesse cold than soure. The sweet flowers are used in
 perfumes. The seed killeth wormes, resisteth poison,
 and h. the stinging of scorpions, being inwardly taken.
Park. The inner pulpe h. agues and hot diseases, and in
 summer cooleth hot stomachs, and faining spirits. The
 rinds preserved warme the stomach, digest, and breake

winde. The water of the flowers preventeth fevers d. An ointment of the fl. h. the cough and dizzinesse.

Orchanet, see Alkanet.

Orchis, see Stones.

Organie, see Wild marjerome.

Orobanche, see Broom-rape.

Orpine. *Crassula*.

P. It groweth in shadowie and stony places.

T. It flowreth about August or before.

N. Τελύριον ἢ ἀνίζων ἀγριον. *Ceraunia*.

Orpine. Ger K. as the Spanish, and common. T. are cold dry, and of subtile parts. V. *Diosc. ap.* with vinegar they h. the white morphew. *Gal.* So also the black being of a clensing nature. The smaller orpines. K. as the purple, never dying, and creeping. T. V. are referred to the first. *Schrod. Matth.* It's cold and moist: *Dod.* cold and dry, it's vulnerary, astringent and mundifying, it h. erosions of the intestines, dysentery and burnings. *Col.* the leaves ap. h. the quinsy. the water h. inward ulcers, and stops fluxes. *Park.* K. as that of *Imperatus* of Naples, and small of *Matth.* V. h. inflammations, quinsy. ruptures, burstings and green wounds.

Orrice, see Flower-de-luce.

Osier, see Walter-willow.

Orvall, see Orpine.

Osmund the water-man, see Water-ferne.

Outlandish-rose, see Holli-hock.

Oxon, see Crosse-wort.

Oxe-eye. *Bupthalmum.*

P. In Germany, Bohemia and other places.

T. Fl. in May and June, the last in August.

N. Βύρθαλον. *Oculus bovis. Chrysanthemum Gsfn. &c.*

Oxe-eye. Ger. K. as the common, right, and white T. the flowers are wasting. V. Diosc. the flowers made up in a seare-cloth assuage hard swellings: so Weck. Being d. after bathing they c. a good colour in those that have had the jaundise. Fuch. the flowers are sharper and hotter, than those of cammomil. Diosc. Gal. Plin. It is discutient. Untz. The salt d. in wine with myrrhe and frankincence h. the stone. Park K. as the cammomil-like, purple fl. shrubby, and thin leaved of Barbary. V. as the rest.

Oxlip. *Primula veris pratensis.*

P. It groweth in the fields in moist places.

T. Fl. from Aprill to the end of May.

N. Herba S. Petri. *Primula pratensis inodora, Itea pal-lida, Lob. Ger. Phyt. Brit.*

Oxlips. Park K. as the single, double, and those with jagged huskes. T. Dod. are dry 3^o, and a little hot. V. A conserve made with the flowers and sugar, h. convulsions, palsies and diseases of the sinewes. the decoction d. warme, h. laskes and the bloudy flux. they are used in cephalicall diseases.

Oxe-tongue, see Wild buglosse.

Paddock

Panick. *Panicum*.

P. It groweth in hot and dry regions chiefly.

T. It's sown in spring, ripe in August.

N. Ἑλυμ & μέλι & Diocl. Dochon. Meline.

Panick. Ger. J. K. as the Indian, blew, west Indian with a very long eare, the Germane, and wild. T. Gal. it's dry and of little nourishment. V. it stoppeth lasks as miller doth being boiled in goats milke and d. twice a day: ap. it dryeth and cooleth. Bread made hereof is brittle, cold, dry, and of little nourishment: it's neither clammy nor fat. the petty panick, *Phalaris*, with the quaking and pearle grasse, *pratensis*. T. is thought to be of the nature of miller. V. Gal. the juice and seed are thought to be profitably drunk against the paines of the bladder, It serveth in dry fomentations, in stead of miller. Cresc. Isaac, it's like millet in temper, yet lesse nutrient, & more styptick. Park. It hath no other use in physick than to dry up moist and fluxible humors.

Panics, see Harts case.

Paper plant, see Paper-reed.

Pap-wort, see Mercury.

Parke-leaves. *Androsamum*.

P. It groweth in woods, and by hedge sides.

T. Fl. in June and Aug. the leaves wax red in Autumne.

N. Ἀνδρῶσαιμον. Dionysia. Siciliana. Cæciliana Cam.

Parke-leaves. Ger. J. K. as the common, and, tutsan S. John's wort. T. It's like S. Peter's wort hot and dry. V. drach. 2. of the seed powdered and d. purge choller, and h. the sciatica, the patient drinking water a day or 2 after purging: the herb h. burnings: ap. it stoppeth bloud and healeth new wounds. the leaves ap. h. broken skins and scabbed legges, and many other hurts and griefs, and it's therefore called tutsan. Oribas.

the leaves are dry and moderately extergent: so *Cam.*
Diosc. ap. it h. burnings and stoppeth bloud. *Park.* K
 as that of *Matth.* and the *stinking.* V. the seed is abster-
 sive.

Parsly. *Apium.*

P. It groweth in moist, hot or cold places.

T. It may be often cropped, the seed is ripe in July.

N. Σέλινον. *Selinum.* Bastard parsly is called *Caucalin*.

Parsly. Ger. K. as that of the garden. T. it's hot and
 dry, the seed is hot 20, dry ferè 30. the root is moderate-
 ly hot. V. the leaves are pleasant in sauces and in broth;
 they h. stoppings and provoke urine; so also the roots,
 and are a greeable to the stomach. The seeds attenuate,
 open, provoke urine, dissolve the stone, breake winde,
 h. dropsies, and bring down the menses, and birth: in
Iohoc's h. the cough, and resist poison. the roots or seeds
 boiled in ale and d. expell strong poison. In clysters
 they h. the stone, or torments of the guts. *Mountaine*
parsly. *Oreosalinum.* is hot and dry fine 2di. it attenuat-
 eth, openeth, provoketh, breaketh and expelleth the
 stone. V. It openeth the liver and spleen, and h. the
 jaundise: being chewed it h. the toothach, and brings
 water out of the mouth. *Gal.* It operates as *Smallage*;
 but more effectually. *Diosc.* the seed and root d. in wine
 provoke urine, and the menses, and are m. with anti-
 dotes, diuretick and hot medicines. *Stone parsly.* *petro-*
selinum macedonicum. K. as the bastard and true of
Macedonia. T. the seed (which is most commonly
 used) is hot and dry with incision. V. It provoketh
 urine, and bringeth downe the menses. It h. winde
 and the collick, tormina, paine in the sides, kidnies and
 bladder, and is m. with counterpoisons. *Wild parsly.*
Apium sylvestre. T. the root is hot and dry 30. V. the
 root used as a masticatory draweth flegme out of the head,
 and h. the tooth ach: also it attenuates, opens, provok-
 es urine, and bringeth down the flowers, &c. as the
 other

other parslyes. *Bastard parsly. Caulis. K.* as that with white, and red flowers, the hogs, great rough, hedge, and knotted. *T.* the seed is hot and dry 20. *V. Diosc.* It is a pot herb & provoketh urine; so the seed and bringeth down the menses: it dissolverth & expelleth the stone, and h. the stoppings of the liver, spleen, and kidnies: it curteth and concocteth raw humors, comforteth the whole stomacke, dissolverth wind, quickneth the sight and refresheth the heart being taken fasting. *Matth.* It causeth venery and inflammation^s of the parts. *Parsly break-stone. Percepier Augtorum. Johns.* *T.* is hot and dry and of subtile parts. *V.* It mightily moves urine; therefore by some it is kept in pickle for that purpose, the distilled water also is diuretick, and clenseth the kidnies of gravel. *Myl.* The decoction of the roots d. c. vomiting, and stops the belly. The first h. against litharge, recreates fish, and c. lust. *Horst. Fab.* the quintessence purgeth and discusseth drach. 1. being taken. *Park.* *K.* as the *Virginian.* *V.* the 1. h. the jaundise. *Gal.* and epilepsie ap. It h. heat, spots and pains of the eares. The mountaine operates as *Sma. lage.* The rest as the first.

Corne parsly, see Hone wort.

Doggs Parsly, see Wild-hemlock.

Parsly-pierr, see Knorgras and Knawell.

Thorow bored-parsly, see Candy Alexander.

Water parsly, see Smallage.

Parsnep. *Pastinaca latifolia.*

P. In fat loose earth deeply digged.

T. it floureth in July and August.

N. *Elaphoboscum sativum Tab.* The second sort, *Sphenodylium.* The third, *Sium.*

Parsneps. *Ger.* *K.* as the garden and wild, *T.* the root is moderately hot, and more dry than moist. *V.* they nourish

nourish more than turneps or carrors, and are of thick, yet not of bad juyce: they are somewhat windie, and neither bind nor loosen the belly: they provoke urine and venery, and h. the kidnies, bladder, stomach and lungs. *Plat.* the roots serve to make bread withall. The seed is hotter and dryer *sc.* 20. It provoketh urine and consumeth wind. The seed taken in wine (*sc.* of the wild parsnep) h. the bitings and stings of serpents. *Park.* It h. stitches, wind, and provokes urine. It cuts, attenuates and clenseth. *Com. parsnep*, or *meadow parsnep*, *sphondylium*. T. hath manifest heat. V. the leaves dissolve cold swellings, bruised and ap. The Polonians make drink with the decoction hereof, and leaven. The seed d. purgeth flegme and h. the jaundise, epilepsie, suffocation of the mother, and the asthma. The fume of the seed will awake those that are in a swoon, or dead sleep. The oile wherein the leaves and roots have been sodden, anointed h. the phrensie and melancholy, as also the headach, lethargy, and forgetfull evill. *Water Parsnep*. K. the great and lesser. *Park.* Is hot and digesting, it provokes urine and the courses, it expels the stone and birth. *Dorst.* the root of the common is hot *medio 2di* and moist 10. ap. with hony the leaves h. phagedens. The water d. and ap. h. the palsie and c. venery. *Park.* K. as the greater of Germany, jagged leaved and smooth mountain compars. V. the root h. fistula's. the seed h. the liver grown. It h. the scab and sore eares. *sc.* the flowers.

Pasque-flower. *Pulsatilla*.

P. The first groweth in England: the other in France.

T. Fl. for the most part about Easter, therefore so called.

N. *Apium risus*. *Herba venti*, & *Sardoa*. *Samolium* Plin.

Pasque flowers. *Ger.* K. as the purple and red, white, and lesser purple. T. they extreemly bite, and are hot and dry. V. Stamped and ap. they exulcerate, therefore have been taken for kinds of crowfoot, to which they

they are not inferiour. *Schwenkf.* The purple flowered is hot and dry 4°. caustick, attenuating, attracting, digesting and purging: the root is not so strong, it h. the pestilence. so *Untz. Matth. Tabern. Durand. and Schwenckf.* and poisons: also being chewed raw it draws out flegme. *Passion fl. Maracoc. Flos pass. T. V.* The fr. looeth the belly.

Passé-flower, see Pasque-flower.

Passions, see Snake weed.

Passel, see Woad.

Patience, see Dock.

Pauls betony, see Fluellin.

Peach bells, and steeple-bells, see Bell flower.

Peach-tree. Malus Persica.

P. It groweth in gardens and vineyards.

T. Fl. in Aprill, the fruit is ripe in September.

N Μαλία περσική ἢ ροδάκκη. The nectorine, *Nucipersica.*

Peach-tree. Ger. K. as the white, red, d'avant and yellow. *T.* peaches are cold and moist 2°. they easily putrifie and yeeld no nourishment being taken last: if first they loosen the belly: the kernels are hot and dry. *V.* The kernels open, cleanse and h. the stoppings of the liver and spleen. peaches before ripe, stop the lask, being ripe they loosen the belly, and ingender nauty humors. the leaves open the belly, and liver: ap. plaister wise to the navells of children they kill the wormes. So also boiled in milk and d. *Dried.* and cast upon green wounds they cure them. The flowers infused in warme water 12 houres, and strained, then adding more, so for 6 or 8 times, after putting to sugar and boiling the liquor to the consistence of a syrup, make an excellent purge for the belly, expelling watery humors without trouble 2 spoonfulls being taken at a time. the kernels stamped and boiled with vineger to the forme

of an ointment, h. the alopecia. the iuyce hereof drawn forth with penny royall water h. the apoplexie. Being often held in the mouth, it draweth forth water and oecovereth speech: the gum is of a mean temperature; rut the substance is clammy, so it dulleth the sharpnes of thin humors. In a lobocho it h. the cough and rotten lungs: it also stoppeth the raising up of the blood, and all other fluxes. *Park. K.* as the melocotone, nutmeg, black, long carnation, the *Queens, du Troas*, with the best *Roman red nectarine*, and *bastard with pinking blossome*. *V.* the last is more firme than the peach, and more pleasant. *Syrupus è floribus persicorum Pharm. Lond.* or syrup of peach flowers, is a gentle purger of chollerick humors and feavers, *Schrod.* the peach oile expressed, h. pain of the eares and hæmorrhoids, and pain and swellings of the colick, being taken.

Peach-wort, see Dead Arsmart.

Peare tree. *Pyrus.*

P. It groweth in orchards: the wild in hedges.

T. Fl. in Aprill: the fruit is ripe in July, August September &c.

N. Ἀπριῶν, ἄχας καὶ ὄχυν, the wild, pyraffer.

Peare-tree. *Ger. K.* as the Katharine, jenneting, *S. James's*, the royall, burgamor, quince, *Bishops*, and winter peare-tree. *T.* all peares are cold and binding, having an earthy substance: the choke peares and those that are harsh, are more earthy. the sweetest are superfluously moist. *V.* The harsh and choke peares h. laskes, and the bloody flux.ap. they h. cold swellings in the beginning; so the leaves which do binde and coole. the iuyce of perry, is soluble, and purgeth those that drink not often of it, especially when new; yet it comforteth, and warmeth the stomack, and h. digestion. *Wild peare-tree. K.* as the great choke, and small, the wilde hedge, wild crab, lousie wild and crow peare tree. *T.* are cold, binding

binding, and earthy. V. the vertues of the wild peares are referred unto the garden peares, as touching their binding faculty; but are not to be eaten, their nourishment being little and bad. *Park*. K. as the winter bonchretien and summer, the striped of Jerusalem, best warden, Windsor, gratiola, pound and gillossflower peare. T. the soure coole and bind, the sweet nourish and warme &c. according to their tastes.

Peare plant, see Gromel.

Pease. *Pesum*.

P. In gardens, and the fields being sowne.

T. They are sown in spring, & are ripe in summer.

N. $\pi\acute{\iota}\sigma\sigma\alpha\iota\kappa\alpha\iota\ \chi\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\upsilon\theta\iota\sigma\iota\ \eta\ \lambda\acute{\alpha}\chi\iota\theta\iota\sigma\iota$. The second kind, *Lathyrus*.

Peason. *Ger*. K. as the rownciuall, and those of the field, the tufted, without skins, wild, and wild everlasting. T. the pease, *Hipp*. Is lesse windie than beanes, but sooner passeth through the body. *Gal*. Peason are in their whole substance like unto beanes, yet not so windie or cleansing. V. they have no effectuell manifest quality, but are in a meane between those things which are of good and bad juice, that nourish much and little, that are windie and without winde. the rest *Lathyrus*. K. as the pease everlasting, with the white flowered, purple fl. *Aegyptian*, and party coloured chichling, and tare everlasting. T. V. are referred to the manured tare or vetch, yet are not for meate. or medicine, the *Venice*, spring, white, and narrow leaved mountain pease. *Orobis Johns*. T. V. are not of any known use in physick. Yet if the third be the *galega montana Hist*. *Lugd*. It h. poyson, the epilepsie, plague, and killeth wormes. the other pulses. K. as the birds pease, with the crimson grasse vetch. T. V. are not used in medicine. *Park*. K. as the rose, sugar and spotted pease, T. V. are windie as the rest. the Spanish black spotted wild, and wild English sea. V. the decoction h. scabs and spots. the meale with barley h. ulcers,

ulcers, and with verches breaketh tumors. the winged is in a meane, drawing, digesting, cutting, and cleanse ing. the cicbling is not as yet used.

Pedalion, see Black hellebore.

Pellamountaine, see Wild time.

Pellitory. *Parietaria*.

P. Neere old wals, the second in gardens.

T. It groweth in May, and seedeth in July, and Augt

N. Ἑλζιβν ἢ περδίνισον. *Herba Muralis*.

Pellitory. Ger. K. as that of the wall. T. Gal. is some thing cold, moist and scouring V. Being boiled and the decoction d. it h. the old cough, gravell, stone, and dysury, so ap. so Untz. Varig. Matth. Durand. Diosc. the juice m. with ceruse, h. S. Anthonie's fire, and the shingles: m. with the cerot of *Alcanna*, or goates tallow it h. the gout of the feet. the juyce h. old coughs: and as a gargarisme it h. the hot swellings of the almonds of the throat. It h. paines of the eares being instilled with oile of roses. unc. 3. of the juyce being d. presently c. urine. the leaves m. with the oile of sweet almonds as a pultis, and ap. h. the stone, and dysury. Pellitory of Spaine, *Pyrethrum*, with the wild. T. the root is very hot, and burning. V. It h. the cold shiverings of agues, and the dead palsie. m. with antidotes it h. the megrim, vertigo, apoplexie, epilepsie, trembling of the sinewes, and palsie, and all cold and continuall infirmities of the head and sinewes: taken with hony it h. all cold diseases of the braine. the root chewed in the mouth draweth forth rheume, and waterish humors. It h. the tooth-ach, especially if stamped with a little staves-acre made into a nodule, and held in the mouth: so also boiled in vineger and held warme in the mouth. the oile wherein it hath been boiled ap. h. bruises and the palsie, and o. sweat. It's very good to be put into medicines against the French discafe, *Lonic*. The distilled water of the first

ap. h. the erysipelas, and adustions. *Park.* V. the decoction of the first h. the mother, obstructions of the liver, spleen and reines: the juyce h. the toothach, clen-
seth the skin, and h. the cares and hot swellings, ap. it
h. the piles and alopecia. *That of Spaine* h. all cold
griefes.

False pellitory, see Master-wort.

Pennic grasse, see Coxcomb.

Pennic mountaine, see wild Time.

Pennic flower, see white Satin flower.

Penny-royall. *Pulegium.*

P. In moist and overflowed places, sc. the first.

T. Fl. from May, to September.

N. Γλήκων ἢ βλήκων. *Puleium.*

Penny-royall. *Ger. K.* as the common, upright, and narrow leaved. *T.* is hot and dry 3^o and of subtile parts. *V.* Boiled in wine and d. it provoketh the termes, expelleth the secundine, and dead child, c. urine, and breaketh the stone, especially of the kidnies. taken with hony, it cleanseth the lungs, and cleareth the breast from all grosse humors. Taken with hony and aloes, it purgeth melancholy, and h. the crampe. Taken with water and vineger, it h. paines of the stomach, and vomiting. Being put into corrupt water when dry, it will not hurt those that drink thereof. Being worne about the head, it h. the vertigo, and paines thereof. The decoction h. the ventosity, hardnesse, and stopping of the mother used in a bath. *Park.* *K.* As the white fl. and *French.* *V.* ap. it h. cold parts, and the gout, itches, sports, and leprosie d. and swounings, epilepsies and paines of the inward parts. It h. the eyes, *Dur:* d. it h. the dropsie.

Pepper

Penny-wort, see Navel wort.

Pepper. Piper.

P. In Ginnie, India, Italy, Spaine, &c.

T. The seed is to be sown in horse dung, as melens.

N. *πέπερ*. The Ginny, *Capsicum*. *Zinziber caninum*,
Avis.

Pepper. Ger: *J. K.* as the ginny or Indian long, round and small coddled. T. ginny pepper is very hot, and drie 4°. V. It's an enemy to the liver; yet others affirme that it warmeth the stomach, and greatly helpeth the digestion of meats; it dissolveth the kings evill, and hard and cold swellings. ap. with hony it helps spots, and lentils. It serveth also to dye as saffron doth. The pepper plant, piper. K. as the black, white, long, the *Æthiopian*, and tailed. T. are hot 3°. of which the long is the best. V. *Diosc.* It resisteth poyson, and is good in collyries. It heateth, provoketh urine, digesterh, draweth, disperseth and clenseth the sight. Bastard pepper, *Betre*. T. the leaves being m. with *areca*, the lime of oyster shell, amber, griesse, and lignum aloes, and made into a past or balls, serve the Indians instead of meat and drink in their travels, being held in the mouth, and also perfume the breath. *De Dond.* it hurts in fevers: so *Serap. Col.* It's hot and dry ferè 4°. V. it h. crude humors, and the cough, and c. urine, it h. agues and the teeth. *Park.* The first c. sneezing. The East Indian h. wind. *scr. 1.* of the powder d. in broth, c. appetite, provokes urine h. the stone and mother, and scotoma with other things. It h. the dropsie, cough, quinsiey and palsie ap. so the rest. *Diatrion piperion*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the Composition of the 3 peppers, heats the stomach and expels wind, if taken before meat for the former purpose, and after for the latter: the D. is *drach. sem.* in powder; and *drach. 2.* in electuaries. *Oleum piperis* *Mes.* P. L. or the oile of pepper h. cold diseases of the nerves; as palsies, epilepsies, sphasmas, wry mouthes, shaking

palsies, cold affections of the reins and bladder, yard, womb, gouts, and all diseases of the joynts. It heats, attenuates and clenseth, so it opens obstructions, and breakes the stone. The *Chymicall oile*, h. the collick. this (as also oile of cinnamon, cloves, mace nutmegs.) 1 or 2. drops being taken in wine, electuaries, or lozenges, strengthens the brain, stomach, liver, spleen, and all internall parts, and h. digestion, and wind. *Schrod.* the distilled penetrats, discusseth flatulency, prevents fits of tertians taken 2 houres before the fit, after purgation, and its used to the back in agues: the D. is gr. 2. 4.

Pepperwort, *see* Dittander.

Wall-pepper, *see* Stone-crop.

Water-pepper, *see* Arsmart.

Percepier, *see* Parsly-breake-stone.

Perwinkle. *Clematis*:

P. It groweth in moist and shadowie places.

T. Fl. and flourish in March and Aprill &c.

N. *Κλαμαρίς Δαρωνδής*. *Vinca pervinca*. *Chamædaphne* Plinii.

Perwinkle. *Ger. J. K.* as the common and great. T. its hot 2° something dry, and astringent. V. the leaves boiled in wine and d. h. the laske and bloody flux. An handfull of the leaves stamped and the juice d. in red wine stoppeth fluxes, and spitting of blood, and the inordinate course of the menses. the purging perwinkle, with the upright virgins bower, the bush, great bush bower, and virgins bower of the Alps. T. the virgins bower, *clematis urens*, is biting and doth mightily blister, being hot initio 4ti. and caustick. V. The leaves ap. h. the scurfe and leprosy. the seed beaten and the powder d. with faire water or meade, purgeth flegme and choller. *Park.* the leaves of Perwinkle held in the mouth stop the bleeding at the nose. *Brurf.* the jayce h. the

h. the eares. *Park. Matth.* the upright h: cold griefs and quartan agues. the oile h. paines c. by cold : it h. the stone and c. urine. The *Virginian* makes soluble : the rest are cosmeticall, and not to be used inwardly.

Pescod-tree, see Bean-trefoile.

Pestilent-worts, see Butter-burre.

S. Peters corne, see Corne.

S. Peters wort, see S. Johns grasse.

Petty-cotton, see Cudweed.

Petty whin, see Small thorn-broom.

Pety-gree, see Butchers broom.

Pharaoh's Fig-tree, see Sycomore tree.

Pick-purse; see Shepherds purse.

Pigeons foot, see Cranes-bill.

Pigeons-grasse, see Columbine.

Pild corne, see wild oates.

Pilewort, see Small celondine.

Pimentary. see Bawm.

Peters staffe see Mollsein.

Peuter-wort, see Horse-taile.

Pimpernel. *Anagallis.*

P. In plowed fields, neere pathwayes &c.

T. Fl. in summer, especially in August.

N. Ἀναγallis. *Ætitis. Sauritis. Morgelina Manl.*

Pimpernel. Ger. *J. K.* as the male, female narrow leaved, and yellow. T. both the sorts are dry without biting, and somewhat hot with a drawing quality. V. *Diosc.* They are anodyne, h. inflammations and hot swellings, draw out things fixed in the flesh, and h. the Kings evill. the juice used as a gargarisme purgeth the head : as an erethine it helps the tooth ach : also it h. those that are dim sighted. the iuyce m. with hony h. the argema. It h. the stingings of venomous beasts, the infirmities of the liver, and kidnies being d. with wine. That with the blew flower, h. up the fundament that is fallen down. *Lonic.* It h. against the plague, the distilled water h. the bitings

tings of mad dogs. It h. th- dropfic opens the liver, purgeth the reins, and h. the stone. *Mac.* The compounded tincture h. the paine of the joynts. *Scholitz.* That with yellow fl. h. melancholy. *Park.* the first h. wounds and ulcers, clenseth the skin, and stops fluxes.

Water pimpernel, *see* Brooklime.

Pinke, *see* Carnations, or Gilloflowers.

Pinkeneedle, *see* Mustard Cranes-bill.

Pine-tree. *Pinus.*

P. In Italy, Spaine, the East countrie *1890.*

T. It's green all the yeare the fruit is 2 yeares in ripening.

N. πύκν. *Kēvos*, the Cones, *Coni*: the kernells *Pityides*.

Pine tree. *Ger. K.* as the manured *T.* the kernells are a remedy against the cough, and old infirmities of the chest, taken with hony. They h. the pryssick, and rottenness of the lungs, nourish, and are analeptick. the juyce is thick, good, and polytrophick; yet it's not of very good digestion, unless boiled with sugar. They h. the stone in the kidnies, and fretting of the bladder, and scalding of the urine, allaying the sharpness thereof, and mitigate paine, gently provoking urine. Also they c. milk, sperm, and provoke to venery. *Gal.* the whole apple being boiled with hore-hound, and afterwards with a little hony to the thickness of hony, doth mightily cleanse the chest and lungs. *Diosc.* The whole cones or fr. newly gathered and boiled in sweet wine, h. an old cough and consumption of the lungs, a good draught being d. every day. The scales of the apples with the bark of the tree stop the laske and bloody flux, and provoke urine; so also the decoction. the wild pine, *pinus sylvestris* *K.* as the common, low, mountain, the smaller, great sea, and little, the bastard, dwarf with upright cones, and dwarf sea pine. *T.* the bark with char of the torch pine, doth binde. *V.* ap. it h. merigals shallow

shallow ulcers, and burnings, ap. with litharage, and fine frankincence. with the cerot of myrtles it h. ulcers in tender bodies; with coperas it stops tetter and phagedens. the *fume* draweth away the birch, d. it stoppeth the belly, and provokerh urine. *Gal.* the *bark* hereof is more temperate than that of the pitch tree. the *leaves* ap. h. hot swellings. Stamped and boiled in vinegar they h. the tooth-ach, used hot and d. and with meade h. bad livers: so also the *bark of the pine nuts.* the *apples* are biting and hurtfull. the *torch pine* cut in small pieces and boiled in vinegar h. the tooth-ach. Of the *smoke* heereof is made a *black*, that serveth to make *inke* of, and for eating sores in the corners of the eyes, falling away of the haire thereof, and blear eyes. the *rosins* are hot and dry, and *that of the cones* the hottest and sharpest. that of the *pitch tree* is not so hot, that of the *fire tree* is in a meane between both, the *liquid rosin of the pine* is moister, neer in quality to that of the *larch tree.* the *rosins* burnt and dried molli fy, wast, and ease wearisomnesse, and are of thin parts and digesting. the *liquid rosins* sepeate and unite, and heale green wounds. the *smoake* of the rosins, serves for fretting sores, watering eyes, and to make *printing* of. *Park. Matth.* the *water of the green pine apples* distilled h. the wrinkles of the face, and swellings of maidens breasts. *Recch. That of India T.* Is of a sweet acid tast, it's cold and dry: the *juyce* h. fevers. *Park.* the *kernels* h. the asthma, inward impostumes, lamencis and the palley. *Loboch è pino, Pharm. Lond.* or the *Loboch of pine nuts,* is very good against long coughs, the dyspnza and asthma, its cutting and attenuating tough humours in the breast. *Unguentum resinum,* or, the *ointment of perroxin,* is excellent for new sprains.

Piony. *Pæonia*

P. It groweth in gardens being planted there.

T. Fl. in May, the seed it ripe in July.

N. ΓΑΛΟΥΣΙΔΗ ἢ ΠΑΟΝΙΑ. Monogonion. Dulcisida. Aglaophotis. Herba casta.

Piony. Ger. K. as the male, female, double red, double white, maiden, dwarf female, and Turkish. T. Gal. the root doth bind with a kind of sweetness, and a certain bitterish sharpness, it's but little more than meanly hot, but dry and of subtile parts. V. Diosc. the root of the male piony being dryed, and given to women that are not well cleansed, after their delivery d. in meade to the quantity of a bean, h. the throwes, and torments of the belly, and provoketh the menses. Gal. It h. those that have the yellow jaundise, and pains in the kidneys, and the bladder; it clenseth the liver and kidnies. the roots taken h. the epilepsie. Plin. taken it h. the diseases of the mind. 10 or 12 of the seeds d. in wine that is harsh, an h. red, stop the flux, and h. the stone in the beginning. 15. of the black grains taken in wine h. the paines of the matrix, the epialtes, and melancholick dreams. A syrup made of the flowers h. the epilepsie; so also the extraction of the roots. Fum. the seed d. h. the stone in children, the strangury in the beginning, and h. the reins and bladder. Ern. the oile of the seed d. 40 daies, in the q. of some few drops h. the epilepsie. Park. K. as the dwarf Spanish. V. Matth. the seeds n^o 30 d. in wine, h. lost speech and the bitings of serpents d. and ap. Aqua pæonia composita Pharm. Lond. or, the Compound water of peony h. the convulsion and epilepsie taken in the morning and evening, or at the new and full of the moon. It may be rubbed also on the temples, nostrils and jaws. Also it strengthens the brain, nerves, and womb, it h. tremblings, dimness of sight, bad memories, and stupidity from a cold and moist distemper of the brain, nerves, or heart, and the over-looseness and softness of the organs. It h. such as are

are thought to be bewicht, allaid with rue, fennel, and dill waters. It cleares the sight of aged persons, with fennell and eye bright waters. *Syrupus de pæonia crrnpositus*, or the compoundd syrup of peony, h. the epilepsie, and spasme or convulsions, the D. is *cochl. 1. Syr. infusionis florum*, or, that of the infusion of the flowers, see in Meconium as to its virtues. Also it's good for convulsions and epilepsies, and other infirmities from a cold, moist and weake brain and nerves, the D. is *unc. sem. or unc. 1.* in black cherry water in the morning, and at 4 in the after-noon. But the compound is more effectuell, for all diseases of the brain and nerves from a cold cause. It quickens the eye sight, is good against the headach, and stops defluxions of rheume, and comforts a cold stomach.

Pipe-tree. *Syringa*.

P. It groweth not wild in England.

T. Fl. in April and May, the fr. is ripe in September.

N. Σύγις. *Flos philadelphos* Apollod. *Ostrix* Th. *quorundam*.

Pipe-tree. Ger. 7. K. as the white, blew, and Arabian with the oily acorne. T. V. the 3 first are not used: but *balanus myrepica* taken in the q. *drach: 1. e.* vomit: d. with meade it purgeth, and hurterh the stomach. The oile pressed out of the fruit. (*Oile of ben*) is used in perfumes, it smoothes the skin, dissolves hardnesse, h. cold diseases of the sinewes, and dropped into the eares with goose grease warme in a small quantity, it h. the paine and noise thereof *Park. Prosp. Alpin* The double white pipe tree is used in Egypt to h. women in child birth, tumors, coughs and pleurifies. *Recch. K.* as the yellow of new Spaine. T. the root is hot, dry and astringent. V. ap. it h. cold and dysenteries.

Piprige-tree, see Barberry bush.
Pisse-abad, see Dandelion.

Pitch

Pitch-tree. *Picea*. *

P. In Italy, France, Greece, Germany &c.
 T. The fruit is ripe in the end of September.
 N. *πίτυς*. *picea arbor*. *Abies mas* Bauh.

Pitch-tree. Ger. *J. K.* as the common, and *dwarfe*. T. the leaves barke and fruit, are all of one nature, vertue and operation. V. And of the same faculty with the pines. the pitch is drawn out, the cloven wood of the torch pine being burned like char-coales. It's hor and dry, *tarre* is hotter, and *stone pitch* more drying. *Tarre* h. the inflammation of the almonds of the throat, and uvula; and squincy ap. With oile of roses, it h. the mattering eares. beaten with salt and ap. it h. the bitings of serpents. With an equall portion of wax it taketh away ill savoured nailes, it wasteth the swellings of the kernells, and hard swellings of the mother and fundament. With barley meale and a boyes urine it consumeth the kings evill. and with brimstone and the barke of the pitch tree, or branne it stayeth phagedens. A cerote made thereof with frankincense, h. the chops of the fundament and feet. *Stone pitch* doth mollifie and soften hard swellings, it ripens, and wasteth them, and also h. the inflammations of the kernels, it filleth up hollow ulcers, and is vulnerary. The congealed smoke of pitch serveth for the same purposes, as that of the rosins. Bor. A plaister of *Burgundie pitch* with the powder of nutmeg ap. to the temples h. the tooth-ach. *Park* It h. griefes c. of cold. *Tarre* h. the pry sick, and expectorates tough flegme, It h. spreading ulcers, and hoarsnesse. Schrod. the distilled oyle of pitch h. wounds of the head and punctures of a cold cause.

Plaister-claver, see Melilore.

Plane-tree. *Platanus*,

P. In Asia, and Candy, by springs or rivers.
 T. It casteth the leaves in winter.
 N. *πλάτα*; *Σφαμεία*, the fr. and pilula.

Plane tree, Ger. T. *Gal.* Is cold and moist. V. The
 green

green leaves ap. h. hot swellings and inflammations in the beginning; being boiled in wine they h. watering eyes. The barke and balls dry. the barke boiled in vinegar h. the rooth-ach. The fruit of the plane-tree d. with wine h. the biting of a mad dog, and m. with hogs greafe it h. burnings, and scaldings. The burned barke doth dry and scour, and h. the scurfe, and moist ulcers. so *Æg.* The dust or downe of the leaves hurteth the throat, eies, and eares. *Matth. Gal.* The green leaves stamped and ap. h. phlegmons: so *Cam.* They also resolve and repress. *Park. K.* as that of the west parts of Virginia. V. The berries d. in wine resist the poison of venomous creatures.

Dwarf Plain-tree, see Marish or Water elder.

Plantaine: *Plantago.*

P. About rivers and ditches, almost every where.

T. Fl: from June to August: the land pl. may be seen in April.

N. Ἀγρόλασσον. *Heptaneuron. Multinervia.*

Plantaine. Ger. *7.* K. as the water, great, starry headed small, and dwarf water plantaine. T. Is cold and dry: V. The leaves ap. h. the leggs of those that are hydro-picall, and operate as the land plantaine. *Diosc. Gal:* the seed taken in wine, h. fluxes, dysenteries, the hæmoptysis, and womens courses. *Plin:* The leaves h. burnings. Land plantaine. K. As the broad leaved, hoary, spiked rose, strange rose, and that with spoky tufts T, *Gal:* Is of a mixt temperature, having a certain waterie coldnesse, with a little harshnesse, earthy, dry, cold; so cold and dry 20, dry without biting, and cold without benumbing: the root is drier but not so cold; the seed is of subtile parts, and lesse cold. V. It h. evill ulcers, fluxes, issues, rheumes, rottennesse, and bloody flux. It heales hollow ulcers, especially the greatest, which is the best. The decoction d. stoppeth all fluxes, issues of bloud, and desire to vomit, The leaves stamped and

and made into a ranſie with the yelks of eggs, ſtop the
 old flux of the termes. The root with the ſeed boiled in
 white wine and d: openeth the paſſages of the liver and
 kidnies, and h. the exulceration thereof, and jaundiſe.
 The juyce dropped into the eyes h. the inflammation
 thereof. The water h. the ſoreneſſe of the mouth, and
 privy parts. The leaves ſtamped, put into oile olive and
 ſet in the ſun for a month, then boiled, and ſtrained, h.
 paines of the eares, matrix, and privy parts being inject-
 ed. Sea plantaine. K. as the flowering, ſmall, with the 1
 and 2d Candy lions-foot, *Holoſtium*. T. Gal. Is dry and
 binding. V. Gal: Dioſc: Plin: It's an excellent vulnerary
 herbe, and being put to fleſh in the pot, it will ſoder it
 together. Theſe herbs have the ſame vertues with the
 reſt, and are thought to be the beſt of all the kindes.
Borell. Cent. 2. Obſ. 51. Plantaine being ap. h. the can-
 cers of the duggs. *Cent. 1. Obſ. 22.* The leaves hereof
 boiled with the leaves of violets and the roots of lillies,
 and ap. maturate plague ſores: which may be then cured
 by baſilicon the ointment. *Schenck. p. 4-6.* The juice
 boiled and d. h. the dropſie. *Park. K.* as the crumpled,
 &c. V. It h. the ſpyſick, agues, heat, luxations, and
 kills wormes.

West indian plantain, ſee Adams apple.

Plowmans-ſpikenard. *Baccharis Monſp.*

P. It groweth in a rough, leane and dry ſoile.

T. Fl. in June, and ſeedeth in Auguſt.

N. *Βάκκαρις. Baccharis. Conyza major Matth. Phyt. Brit.*

Plowmans-ſpikenard. Ger. T. is very aſtringent. V.
 the decoction of the root openeth oppilations, and pro-
 voketh urine, and the menſes. the leaves ſtop fluxes and
 rheumes. the herbe h. inflammations and S. *Anthony's*
 fire, and is hypnoticke. The decoction of the roots h.
 ruptures and convulſions, bruifes, and aſthma's: alſo

P

the

the old cough and dysury. Boiled in wine and d. it h. the bitings of venomous beasts; so ap. the fume of the decoction taken voideth the birth, and h. those that have extreame labour in their chiding, causing easie delivery. *Park.* It's used in wardrobes. It h. paines of the head, heat of the eies, and watering, and swollen breasts. *Plin.* It h. stitches

Plum-tree. *Prunus.*

P. In a loose ground, in orchards, hedges &c.

T. Fl. in Aprill: the fruit is ripe in summer.

N. Κοκκυμηλέα. The fruit, κοκκυμηλον. *Prunum.*

Plum-tree. *Ger.* K. as the damson, mirobalan, and almond. *T.* Ripe plums newly gathered, are cool, moist, a little and bad nourishment, mollifie the belly, and quickly putrifie; except dried, and are than more wholesome & of more nourishment. *V.* Gal. damaske damson pruns are the best. *Diosc.* Being boiled with meade they loose the belly very much, these also of Hungary which are large and sweet, and those of Moravia are very good, and being dried loosen the belly as well as Cowia, or nanna saith Jordan. The leaves of plum trees h. swellings of the uvula, the throat, gums, and kernells under the jawes they stop defluxions, being used in a gargarisme with wine. *Diosc.* The gum doth glutinate: d. in wine it h. the stone, and lichens in children ap. with vineger, and operates as that of the peach and cherry tree. the unripe plums are sharpe, and soure, astringent, and stop the belly. *Park.* K. as the imperiall, Turkey, red primordiana, mussell, Amber, Queen mother, green oysterly, orange navel, meg, pescod, date, and early peare plum. *T.* all of them for the most part doe cool, lenifie, and draw forth choler. *V.* they h. cholerick agues, the firme are the wholesomest. the pruneola hath a pleasant sharpnesse. The Virginia plum, when ripe is pleasant, if green it's harsh. *Diatrum lenitivum, Pharm, Lond.* or, the Lenitive electuary of prunes, h. all feavers. it cooling much, and loosening

loofening the body gently. It h. agues, heſtick feavers, and the maraſmus : the D. is *unc. 1.* three houres after a light ſupper. *Diaprunum ſolutivum*, or that of ſolutive, is more ſtrong and violent. Alſo it purgeth choller, and is good in all diſeaſes thence, except continuall feavers, the matter being firſt prepared. *Rob of four plums*, may be uſed in ſteed of that of barberries; but a greater q. muſt be uſed it being weaker. It may be made of damſins, or any tart plums, of a firme ſubſtance, not fully ripe.

Pockwood-tree. *Guaiacum*, *

P. It groweth plentifully in the Iſles of S. Domingo.

T. It flouriſheth in May.

N. *Lignum Sanctum, Indicum, & vita.*

Pockwood-tree. *Johnſ.* T, the wood is thought to be hot and dry 20, and hath an attenuating, diſſolving, cleaſing, diaphoretick and alexipharmicke faculty. V. The decoction of the bark or wood h. the French diſeaſe moſt effectually. Alſo the dropſie, aſthma, epilepſie, the diſeaſes of the bladder and reins, pain of the joynts, flatulencies, crudities, and all chronicall diſeaſes proceeding from cold and moiſt cauſes : it opens obſtructions of the ſpleen and liver, warmes and comforts the ſtomack, and all the intralls, and expels groſs and viſcous matter. *Junker.* it h. the decayed memory, ephialtes, epilepſie, apoplexie, melancholy, ſpalmes, catarrhes, watchings, humidity of the eyes, deafneſſe, aſthma, ſcurvie, ſcurvy, the iliack paſſion, loſſe of appetite, hard ſwellings of the liver, and ſpleen, diabetes, the flux in women, ſterility, cancers of the womb ruptures, and gout &c. obſerving a convenient dyet with the decoction thus made : take *lib. 1.* of the wood pp. adding *lib. 16.* of faire water, boile it to the conſumption of one half, ſtrain it, and take *unc. 5.* or 6. morning & evening for 40 dayes together, uſing a thin

P 2

and

and dry dyet contrary to the disease, and if need, add altering remedies : to the residue of the decoction put more water, boile and strain, and so use it for an usuall dyet drink. *Guajacum Patavinum*, or *Italian Pock-wood*, *Lignum vitæ*. T. V. hath no affinity with the first : the fruit is thought to operate as that of the nettle tree. *Park.* the *American vice guajacum* decoct operates as the first, and h. diseases of cold humors. the kernells of the fr. h. the appetite. The *Moors Guaj.* h. the French pox. *Oleum guajacii*, *Pharm: Lond. chym.* or, the Chymical oile of *Guajacum*, furthers the eruption of sweat, some drops being mixed in sweating potions, dry up superfluous humors, h. the French pox and strengthen the nerves. *Schrod.* the rectified oile thereof is given inwardly in the French pox, and other diseases having need of sweating also in the epilepsie to expell the living and dead foetus, and to h. the tooth-ach, the D. is gr. 3. to 5. the spirit operates as the wood, and the D. is drach. sem. to drach. 1.

Poley mountaine. *Polium*.

P. On the mountains of France, Italy and Spain &c.

T. It flowreth from May, to August.

N. πόλιον. *polium montanum*.

Poley. *Cer. 7. K.* as the white, yellow, purple creeping, and lavender leaved. T. Is dry 30, hot fine 2di. *Diosc.* it h. those that have the dropisie or yellow jaundise, and that are spleneticke. It's diuretick, and alexipharmick. It h. the bitings of venomous beasts, and being strewed in any place, drieth them away. with vinegar it h. the diseases of the milke. It troubleth the stomack and head, and looseth the body. *Lugd.* It provoketh the menses d. and ap. it glutinates. *Plin.* It expels the dead birth and secondine, it h. pains of the body and epiphora's. *Gal.* Its bitter and somewhat sharp and opens the intralls. the lesser is stronger. *Park.* K as the upright &c, V. they h. the dropisie, & glew wounds.

Polipody

Polipody, see Fearn of the oak, and wall.
 Pomander privet, see Bastard privet.

Pome-citron. *Malus medica*. *

P. It's groweth in the sea coasts of Italy.

T. It's ever green and bearing fruit.

N. *Μηλιά μνσική*. *Cidromela*. *Malus Assyria* & *Citria*.
 the fruit, *Citrangulum*.

Pome-citron. *Ger.* T. the white pulpe is cold and of grosse juice. the inner pulp is soure, cold and dry, with thinneles of parts. the rind is good against poisons. the seed bitter, hot and dry. V. the rind h. the stinking breath, and comforteth the stomach: the hard pulp is hardly concocted, and ingendreth a grosse and stegmatick juice: but being condired, its more nourishing, and of less astriction. *Gal.* the inner juyce represseth choller, c. appetite, and h. in burning fevers, and infectious diseases: it comforteth the heart, coolerth the inward parts, cutteth, and attenuateth rough & slimie humors: so the syrrup hereof. Being laid among cloathes. the citron preserveeth them from moths. *Trag.* the juice and seed h. against poyson. *Diosc.* It opens the belly and h. the longing of women. *Horst.* Aug. the quintescence strengthneth the heart and stomach. *Grul.* The tincture of the rind h. the melancholy, fainting, plague &c. *Mind.* It h. the plague. *Park.* the rind h. cold stomachs. the seed kills wormes and h. moist humors. *Syrupus acetositis citrurum*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the syrrup of the juyce of citrons, h. all diseases from choller or heat of blood and feavers of all sorts. It resists poison, cools the blood, quenches thirst, and h. the vertigo. *Syr. corticum citriorum*, or *Sytron pills*, strengthens the stomach, resists poyson, strengthens the heart, and resists its passions; as the palpitation, fainting & swooning. It strengthens the virall spirits, restores consumptions, and hec ticks, and strengthens nature: the D. is *exhl. i. Eleſtuarium de citro solutivum*, or the *Eleſtuary of citrons solative* is

cordiall and purging. Also it purgeth choller and phlegme, the *D.* is *drach. 3.* or *unc. sem.* in cichory water and *unc. 2.* of the syrup of violets. *Unguentum citrinum*, or the *citrine ointment*, h. pimples, redness, freckles, and other deformities of the face, and any scabs. It h. redness of the eyes, and smootheneth the skin.

Pomegranate-tree. *Malus Granata.*

P. In hot countries ; in Italy, Spaine &c.

T. Fl. in May and June : the fr. is ripe in August.

N. περὶ ἡ σιδας. *Malus punica.* the flower *Cytinus*, of the wild *Balaustium*.

Pomegranate-tree. *Ger. K.* as the common and wild. *T.* the juicy grains of the pomegranat, are of good juice, and h. the stomach ; yet are of thin and small nourishment : the sweet ones are not so cold, but easily c. hot swellings: the same are cold, dry and somewhat binding: the seeds of the graines dried cool and bind ; so the rind, but more forcibly the *V.* *soure grains* h. the heart-burning, stop vomiting of choler, and h. the bloody flux, so the syrup, and h. the longing of women with child, unless the coldness of the stomach hinder it ; so also the dried seeds, and h. the spitting of blood, and strengthen the stomach ; so the flowers, and used in gargarismes fasten the teeth, and strengthen the gum: and *ap. h.* ruptures. the rind bringeth down hot swellings of the almonds in the throat used in a lotion, and h. all things that need cooing and binding. *Diosc.* the juice of the flowers is in faculty like to the *Hypocistis*. the blossoms of pomegranats, as also the rind and shell powdered and drunk in red wine, or the decoction drank helps all issues of blood : *ap.* they stop the bleeding of wounds, so also the stones. *Park. K.* as the greater and lesser double flowered. *V.* these as the rest serve to stop the fluxibility of humors: the rind is used instead of Gaules, to make the best ink. *Riol.* the syrup h. diseases of laxity. *Park.* the soure provoke urine. the seeds stop the
cours

course, and gonorrhœa, and h. the dropsie, ulcers and rupture. *Syrupus granatorum cum aceto*: Pharm. Lond. vulgo *Oxy-saccharum*, or Syrup of pome granats with vinegar, operates as the pome granats. Also it quencherh thirst in burning feavers, cuts rough flegme and fits it for expectoration; and corrects the boiling heat and malignity of choller.

Pompion. *Pepo*.

P. It groweth in gardens in a fruitfull soile.

T. They are sown in Aprill, fl. in August. and are ripe in September.

N. Σίκυον, πέρων. *pepo cucumeralis*.

Pompions. Ger. K. as the great long, great round great flat bottomed, great backler. small round Indian, and cornered. T. All mellons are cold and very moist, cleansing, and so diuretick: they quickly passe through the body V. the pulp boiled looseneth the body, the nutriment is little, thin, moist and cold. Gal. and disposeth to the cholerick passion. the seed cleanseth more than the meate, provoketh urine, and h. the stone of the kidnies. the fruit boiled in milke and buttered is wholesome, and h. the hot stomack and inflammation of the intralls. the pulp sliced and fryed with butter is wholesome, and baked with apples it is flatulent. Wild pompions. *pepo sylvestris*. K. as the great, and small. T. are bitter, hot, and dry fine 2di. and cleanse as the wild cucumbers, V. Wine put into the rind, and remaining there till bitter, doth purge forth flegme, and cholere: the juice is like that of the wild cucumber, and being dried may be used in stead of *Elaterium*, which is the dried juice thereof. Weck. the first ap. h. the inflammation of the eyes and hinder fluxions. the juice is used in cosmetick remedies.

Pond weed. *Potamogeton*.

P. In standing waters, pooles, ditches, almost every where.

T. It flowereth in June and July.

N. *Ποταμογείτων*. *Fentalis*. *Spicata*.

Pondweed. *Ger. J. K.* as the broad, and narrow leafed, the small, and long sharp leafed: **T.** *Gal.* doth bind and coole, as knot grasse doth; yet is of a thicker substance. **V.** *Diosc.* It h. the itch. and eating ulcers. **Ap.** It h. the inflammation of the leggs, and *S. Antonies* fire. *Recch. That of Mexico.* **T.** Is cold and moist. **V.** It h. fevers, dysenteries, scabs, swoonings, and seares. *Schwenck.* the narrow leafed is binding, cold, and dry, and condensating, d. in wine it h. the dysentery and collick. *Park.* It h. the tormina, and freckles ap. also gouts and sores. the root h. knots.

Knights Pondwort, see Water-sengreen.

Poore mans parmacy, see Shepheards purs.

Poore mans treacle, see Garlick.

Pratling parnel, see Spotted Sanicle.

Poplar, see Aspen-tree.

Poppy. *Papaver*.

P. In the sands of the sea: the rest in gardens and fields.

T. Fl. from May to September, and then the seed is ripe.

N. *Μήκων*. The wild, *Rhæas*. The spatling, *Spumeum*.

Poppy. *Ger. J. K.* as the horned red, yellow. red with smooth leaves, and violet coloured. **T.** horned poppies are hot and dry 30. **V.** the root boiled in water, to the consumption of the one halfe, and d. provoketh urine, and openeth the liver. the seed taken in the quantity of a spoonfull gently looserth the belly. the juyce mixt with meale and hony mundifyeth filthy ulcers. the leaves and flowers put into salves, digest green wounds, and hurts.

Garden

Garden poppyes. *papaver sativum*. K. as the white, black, white jagged, double white and black, and wild. T. Gal. are all cold. V. the seed serveth to season bread with, especially the white: it's cold, c. sleep, and is of little nourishment, the oile is pleasant to be eaten. the heads are more strong to c. sleep, and to repress distillations, and come neere in force to opium, which is the condensed juice thereof, *meconium* (which is the juice of the heads and leaves) is weaker: both taken or ap, c. sleep. *Elin Opium* too plentifully taken c. death. It's anodyne, and often c. the palse &c. and weakeneth the solid parts, duls the sight, and c. deafnesse ap. so it's to be used only in extremities. in preparation, see in the London Dispensatory, sc. by dissolution in spirit of wine, colature and evaporation. The leaves of poppy boiled in water with sugar and d. c. sleep, or the extreame parts being fomented with the decoction thereof. The syrrup made of the heads with sugar h. rheumes and catarrhes, and also the cough. the green knops of poppy stamped with barley meale and axungia h. S. Anthonic's fire: also stamped with the leaves, seed and vinegar, with womens milk and saffron, h. the erysipelas and gout, and being put into the fundament c. sleep. The seed of black poppy d. in wine stops the flux, and mentes. A caudle made of the seeds of white poppy d. c. sleep. the wild poppy serveth to make diacodion of. the corne rose, *Rheas*, with the prickly poppy. T. Is cold and somnolent. V. Many use the flowers hereof against the pleurisie, The bastard wild poppy. K. as the common, and long codded, *Argemone*. T. are hot and dry 3^o. V. the juice of the leaves dropped into the eies, h. the inflammations thereof and cureth the argema, which if on the black of the eye. seemeth white, else black. the leaves stamped and ap. h. the blacknesse or blewnesse of the eyes c. by stripes; so the dry herb being steeped in warme water. the juice d. h. the gripings of the belly, so the dry herb infused in warme water. the herbe being made into a salve, with oile, wax, and a little turpentine h. any wound, ulcer, canker or fistula. Drach. 2. of the juice

taken with wine mightily expel poyson, also ap. it taketh away warts, & taken in meate it h. the spleen if it be wasted. *Spatling poppy*, see, *Spatling p. Recch. K.* as the *spinose poppy of Mexico. T.* It's bitter. *V. Drach: 2.* of the seed d. evacuate all humors, especially flegme. the milke thereof in stilled into the eies h. their inflammations. The *st. h.* scabs, the *distilled water h.* dead flesh, and the hemicrania. *Park. Opium ap. h.* the toothach: the *syrup of the wild red h.* the pleurisie, so the *water*, and h. surfeits. The *bastard h.* wind: the *horned h.* the sciatica. *Aqua papaveris composita*, *Pharm. Lond.* or *poppy waters compound*, see the simple, red poppy-flowers, white wine, and nutmegs. Also it's good for surfeits and oppression of the stomach, for the chin-cough or whooping cough. it causeth rest, stops de-fluxions of rheum from the head, and is good to mix with julips in the pleuresie. *Syrupus de meconio simplex*, five *Diacodium*. or *syrup of meconium* or *diacodium*, & *compositus*, or that *compounded*, provoke sleep, but are to be used warily, and not in the beginning of feavers, or to such as are costive; yet they may be given in hot and sharp rheums. the *last* is appropriated to the lungs, h. dry coughs, phthisicks, hot and sharp gnawing rheums, and provokes sleep. So the other syrups of poppies. *Syrupus de papavere erratico*, five *rubro*, or *syrup of erraticke*, or *red popies*. cools the blood, h. surfeits, pleurisies, frenzies, feavers, and hot agues, and is harmeles taken moderately. *Syrupus papaveris major*, & *minor*, or the *syrup of popies of the greater and lesser composition*, provoke sleep both; but they are carefully to be used and not in the beginning of feavers or to costive bodies &c. as that of meconium. Also they are good in spitting of blood, overflowing of courses, and to bridle the passions of anger and wrath in such as are too much transported therewith. *Loboch de papavere*, or the *Loboch of popies*, h. salt, sharp, and thin distillations upon the lungs, and sharp humours causing roughness of the throat, want of sleep, and feavers, and h. the pleuresie taken often. *Diacodium solidum*, five

fructu tabulatum, or the *solid*, or *tabulated diacodium* hath the virtues of the common diacodium, h. roughness of the throat and is portable. *Laudanum*, h. violent pains, stops fumes in feavers that trouble the brain, and c. sleep, the D. is gr. 2. or 3. at bed-time; but its not good in the beginning of feavers. Also its good to stop all irregular & over violent or long motions of nature, in coughs, toothach, hindering sleep, dysenteries, diarrhæa's, whites, gonorrhœa's; to prevent epileptick fits, and fits of agues skilfully and seasonably used, and is dangerous used empirically. *Nepenthes opiatum*, or, the opiate against sorrow and madness, is lesse hot, and more cordiall than the laudanum, more proper for hot diseases and constitutions, for dysenteries and fluxes. It asswages cares, sorrows, anxiety of mind, and other passions hindering sleep, and discomposing the tranquility of spirit, being methodically and skilfully used. and it hath its name from the effects.

Frothie poppy, see Spatling poppy.

Potatoes. *Battata*.

P. In India. Barbary, and other h t regions.

T. The fruit is ripe in September sc: of the 2d.

N. The Spanish, *Comotes* and *Ignames Clus.* the 2d. *pappus*.

Potatoes. *Cer. K.* as of Spaine, and *Virginia*. T. The leaves are hot and dry, the roots are temperate. V. The roots are very nourishing and strengthening, and being roasted in the embers, and eaten in wine, are lesse windie: also they may be dressed with oyle, vineger, and salt; but any way dressed they nourish, strengthen the body, and c. lust. Those of *Virginia* are referred to the first. *Johns.* If too frequently eaten, they are thought to cause the leprosie. *Recch.* The root of that of *Mexico* (unc. 2. being taken at night) is a gentle purge. *Bauh.* They are laxative, and of a substance between flesh and fruit.

POW.

Powk-needle, see Storks bill.

White pot herb, see Lambs Lettuce.

Shepheards pouch, see Shepheards purse.

Pricktimber, see Prickwood or cornel-tree.

Pricker, see stone-crop.

Prickly-box, see Box-thorne.

Prick-wood. *Euonymus Theophrasti*.

P. The first groweth in untilled places among stones.

T. Fl. in Aprill, the fr. is ripe in Aug: or Sept.

N. *Ευώνυμ* ♂. Theoph. *Fusanum* Crescent. Anonym. *Cordi*.

Prickwood. Ger. K. as the English, broadleaved, and that of Hungary. T. V. It is hurtfull to all things, especially to goats as *Theophrastus* affirmeth. Three or foure of the fruits taken purge by vomit and stooles. *Schwenckf*. The fruit killeth sheep. Lie made thereof brighteneth the haire, clenseth scurf, killeth lice, and is absterfive. Banh. the fruit mollifying & resolving, being applied outwardly.

Priests pintle, see Wake Robin.

Primrose, *Primula veris*.

P. In moist and dankish places &c.

T. Fl. from Aprill to June: and some all the winter.

N. *Verbasculum*. *Alisma sylv.* the last is called *Carchedek Turc.*

Primrose. Ger. K. as the field, double white, green, and that of M. Hesketh. T. are dry and a little hot. V. drach. x. sem, of the powder of the dried roots of the field primroses gathered in autumn, and drank in ale or wine purgeth forcibly by vomit (yet safely) choleric waterish and flegmatick humors. A drink made hereof. h. the frensie, thus: take the leaves and flowers of primroses, boile them a little in fountain water, and

Some rose and betony water, adding sugar, pepper, salt and butter, strain it, and drink thereof first and last. The *juice of the roots* used as an *errhine* purgeth the brain and h. the megrim: the *flowers of primroses* sodden in vinegar and ap. h. the Kings evill, the almonds of the throat and uvula, being used as a gargarisme. the *leaves and flowers of primroses* boiled in wine and d. h. all the diseases of the breast and lungs, and draw forth things fixed in the flesh, *Weck.* the *distilled water* h. the palse of the tongue, diseases of the head c. by cold, and women impregnate. *Mac.* The fl. are hot 10. Park. K. as the *Turkie purple*. V. they h. joynt aches and pains of the sinews.

Tree-primrose, see Loose-strife.

Primrose peerless, see Daffodill.

Privet. *Ligustrum.*

P. In woods: the rest in France. &c.

T. Fl. in June: the berries are ripe in Aut.

T. Φιλλύρα. Mahaleb Serap. Primprint, and Print.

Privet. Ger. K. as the common. T. the leaves are cold, dry and astringent, so the fruit. V. the leaves h. the swellings, apostumations and ulcers of the mouth, and throat, the decoction being used as a gargarisme. They are very good to be put into lotions, for the secret parts, and the scaldings with women, cankers and sores in childrens mouthes. Bastard privet. K. as the common, and corall, macaleb. T. V. is not used in physick, the kernels of the fruit are of the temperature of those of cherries, moderately hot, gently provoke urine, and h. the stone. Hereof the French perfumers make bracelets. The fruitlesse privet, *Alaternus* K. as the common and lower ever-green privet. T. V. is not yet used. The decoction of the bark dies a reddish colour. The wood is used by diers to make a dark black withall. *Trag.* The fl. of the first, steeped in vinegar, and ap. to the forehead

head h. the head-ach. *Park* K. as the *Easterne*. V. It h. inflammations and fluxes. The oile of the fl. and water, cool and dry.

Prunell, see *Selfe-heale*.

Pudding grasse, see *Pennie-royall*.

Pudding pipe. *Cassia Solutiva*. *

P. In *Egypt* especially about *Memphis* &c.

T. It's green all the yeare fl. in the 1 spring. The fr. is ripe in Aut.

N. *Κασία μέλαινα*, *Aduar. Cassia fistula* & *Cassia*.

Puding pipe. *Ger*. T. the pulp (which is chiefly in request) is moist *fine primi* and little more than temperately hot. V. the pulp of *Cassia fistula* extracted with violet water gently purgeth choler, and slimie flegme *unc*. i. being taken: and it's safe for all even for children, and women with child. It h. those that are trobled with hot agues, pleurifies, jaundise or any inflammation of the liver: being taken as aforesaid it h. the reins and kidnaies, & expell gravell and the stone, especially if d. with the decoction of parslly, and fennell raots. It purgeth and purifieth the blood, and h. its acrimonie. It dissolveth all phlegmons and inflammations of the breast, lungs, and rough arterie. It h. thirst in agues, or any hot disease, especially taken with the juice of endive, succorie, or night shade. With the decoction of licorice it h. the heat of the reins. and preventeth the stone. ap. it suppurateth, and h. the roughnesse of the skia. The best is that in the fullest, most heavy & fairest canes, shining on the out side, & is best when newly taken out. *De Dond*. It h. in adust, acure, & inflamed feuers. *Mes*. It's a lenient purge for choler and flegme, & if the intestines are too dry, it's lubricity is to be increased by the oile of sweet almonds, else lessened by myrobolans, if need. *Barth. Ang*. It makes slippery, and soft, also it h. the guts, & menses. *Park*. Its corded with

with rheubarb, aniseeds and liquorice, and h. the gonorrhœa, cholerick and melanchollick diseases, with the asthma: and heat applyed. *Cassia extracta pro clysteribus Pharm. Lond:* or *Cassia extracted for clysters*, purgeth the reins well and cooleth them, so prevents the stone, and other diseases caused by their heat, the D. is *unc. 1.* taken inwardly, and it works gently, taken in witewine. *Diacassia cum manna*, or the *eleſuary of Cassia with manna* is a fine cool purge, for such as are costive and worketh gently; it purgeth choller: and h. feavers thereby, the D. is *unc. 1.* in the morning, after a clyster at night if the body be bound. *Cassia extracta sine foliis sennæ*, or, *Cassia extracted without the leaves of sennæ*, is more gentle then the latter: *Cassia extracta cum foliis sennæ*; this also is a cooling purge, gentle cleansing the bowels of choller and melancholly without griping. It h. feaverish bodies, as the former; but that is gentler. doth cleanse and cool the reins; the D. of the former is *unc. sem.* and *unc. 1.* of the latter in white wine; or *unc. sem.* in *unc. 4.* of the decoction of epithymum if the body be melanchollick Senn. *Cassia*, as also manna and hony or syrup roses solutive, with temperant remedies, h. the scabbedness of the bladder. The D. of the extract is *unc. 1. sem.* Ern. the oile of *Cassia*, comforts and h. fainting.

Puffe-flits, see Toad-stooles.

Putial mountain, see Wild time.

Purple-velvet-flower, or floure-velver,
see Flower-gentle.

Putial Royal. see pennie-royall.

Purple-wort. *Trifolium purpureum.*

P. In pastures and fields, and in gardens planted.

T. Fl. in July, and August.

N. *Quadrifolium fuscum: Lotus quadrifolia.*

Purple-wort. Ger. T. V. the leaves stamped, and the juice d. cureth young children that are troubled
with

with the purples. *so Park.* (See meadow trefolles) and *Col.* which (as he saith) it doth by signature. *Baugh.* It being eaten or drunk hindreth the menfes.

Purslane. Portulaca.

P. In a fruitfull soile, in the allies of gardens.

T. It's to be sowne in March or Aprill.

N. Ἀνδράχυν. *Diosc.* ἀνδράχυν, *Theoph.* That of the water, *Alfine rotundifolia.*

Purslane. *Ger. K.* as the garden, and wild. *T.* is cold 3^o. moist 2^o. *Aaic.* fine. The wild is lesse moist. *V.* being used raw, in sallads with oile, salt, and vineger, it coolerth an hot stomach, and c. appetite; but it's of little, bad, cold, gross, and moist nourishment: being chewed it h. teeth set on edge; so the juice held in the mouth, and the distilled water. It kilseth wormes, being saltish, and h. fevers: eaten in sallads it h. hot stomachs, &c. and cools the inflamed blood. It helpeth the bladder and kidnies, and resists venery: so the juice also, and stoppeth the spiting of blood, and all fluxes. Injected with a syringe it h. the inflammations, frettings, and exulcerations of the matrix: in a clister it h. the flux of the guts, the leaves eaten h. the toothach, and fasten the teeth. The seed taken killeth worms, and stops the lask. *Sea purslane.* *K.* as the common, broad leas'd, and creeping. *Halimus.* *T. Gal.* is of unlike parts, but the greater part is hot in a meane, with an unconcocted moisture, and somewhat windie. *V. Diosc.* The leaves boiled are for meat. *Drach. i.* of the root d. with meade h. cramps, burstings and torments of the belly, and c. milk. The leaves and buds pickled serve in sallads. *Dam. a Goos.* The leaves of the first boiled with branne and ap. h. the gout c. by heate. *Park.* The seed of the common h. inflammations. *Riol.* The water h. diseases of choler. *Untz.* the juice the stone. So *Acac.* and *Rond. Pem.* It h. the gonorrhœa, and catarrhs. with hony it h. the pryfick, and epilepsie: and ap. h. burnings. *Park.* *B.*

as that of Candy. V. the wild h. vomiting, coughs, the
 pty sick, & epilepsie: ap. it c. sleep, & h. heat blasting &
 burnings. *Syrupus de portulaca*, P. L. or the *syrup of pur-*
slaine, h. hot diseases of the stomach, reins, bladder,
 matrix, or liver. It thickens flegme, cools the blood,
 and provokes sleep; the D. is *unc.* 1. Also it h. spitting
 of blood and bleeding at the nose. it allaiies the acrimony
 of sperm, hinders extravagant lust, and dreamings,
 gonorrhœas arising therefrom. It h. menstruat fluxes
 from sharpnes of the blood, as to merlesom women, is
 usuall. *Lohoch de portulaca*, or the *Lohoch of purslain*, is
 very binding, yet h. inward bruises, and spitting of
 blood, a little being taken. Also it stops all undue eva-
 cuations of blood by the courses, or other wayes: and
 corrects the acrimony of humours fretting the wind-
 pipe.

Pygie, see Stitch-wort.

Q.

Quaking grasse, see Petty panick.
 Queen of the meadows, see Mede-sweet.
 Queen-mother-herb, see Tabaco.
 Quicke-beane and Quicken-tree, see Wild ash.
 Quicklie gone flower, see Venice-mallow.
 Quich-gross, see Doggs grasse.
 Quinquefoile, see Cinquefoile.

Quince-tree. *Malus Cotonea*.

P. In plaine moist ground, in gardens and orchards.

T. The apples are ripe in October.

N. *Κυδωνία μηλιά*: *Malus Cydonia*. The fr. *Cydonium*.

Quince-tree. Ger. T. *Quinces* are cold and dry, and
 very binding, especially when raw. They have al-
 so a certain superfluous moisture, which causeth
 them

them soon to rot. V. they strengthen the stomach, stay vomiting, stop laskes and the bloody flux. They h. the spitting and vomiting of blood, and stop the courses. *Sim. Seth.* They are for the *fœtus*. The *marmalad* made hereof with sugar, strengtheneth the stomach to retain the meate till digested: it also stops all fluxes and is *thus made*; the quinces being paired, cut in pieces, and the core taken out, to each pound adde a pound of sugar, another of water sc. a pint, boile them soft and strain them, then boile the colature till it be stif, after which box it up, and as it cooleth, adde a little rose water and a few grains of muse. The *oile* that is boiled with quinces serves for astringion when need. The *seed m.* with water doth make a *mucilage*, which being held in the mouth h. the roughnesse of the tongue in burning feavers: ap. it h. burnings and scaldings; and in *clysters*, the bloody flux, easing the pain and taking away the sharpness of humours. *Gesner's wild Q. Coronaster.* T. V. is not known. *Park.* A *mucilage* of the seeds of the first ap. h. womens breasts being sore or raw. *Croll.* The *decoction* of the down of quinces h. the falling of the haire c. by the French pox. *Senn.* They h. choller. *Fum.* The *oile* of the seed ap. h. hoariness of the haire. *Park.* the *oile* binds and cooleth. The *crude jaice* h. poyson. The *syrup* h. fainting. *Syrupus cydoniorum*, P. L. or the *Syoup* of quinces strengthens the heart and stomach; stayes loosness and vomiting, and h. languishing nature, taken after meate, else before in fluxes, or in the morning for both. *Rob cydoniorum*, or the *Rob* of Quinces, and *miva vel gelatina*, or the *Gelly*, h. weak and indisposed stomaks. also they have a binding and strengthening faculty, stop vomiting and loosenesse, rightly used; therefore are good against the disease cholera, stop bleeding at the nose, and spitting of blood, hinder fumes annointing the brain being taken after meat, and being eaten by women with child frequently (if not costive) *drach.* 1. at a time after meate, and at bed time, it will prevent abortion and make the child of able understanding, sober, modest and tractable, the

the woman abstaining from tobacco, strong drink and wine especially, during the time of their greatness; yet in great weakness of stomach from a cold cause a little wine may be allowed and seldome but no otherwise. *Diacydonium simplex, cum speciebus & compositum* magistrale, or the simple, that with species, or the compounded electuary of quinces; do all 3 comfort the stomach, h. digestion, and stop vomiting, and belching, &c. also the termes and fluxes in women: the D. is drach. 1. first to help digestion and fluxes, after much to stop vomiting; and in the morning for other purposes. Also they stop loosenesse, seasonably used they stop a simple gonorrhœa, h. the whites and barrennesse from loosenesse of spermatick vessels and over thinnesse of sperme. Also the Rob operates as that of Cornells, which binds exceedingly; and is therefore good in fluxes, bloody fluxes and immoderate flowing of the termes; but it's more cordiall, and not so cool; but more strengthening to the stomach; so the Miva, which is better for cold stomachs than the rob, and lesse binding. *Oleum cydoniorum*, or the oile of quinces, cools, binds and strengthens, stops vomiting, looseness and sweating. Also it strengthens the retentive faculty of stomach and guts. It h. digestion, the chollerick passion, lyentery, and dysentery; and strengthens loose and flagging parts.

R.

Rabone, see Radish.

Racher, see Rocker.

Radish. *Raphanus*.

P. In a loose ground, somewhat fat, and sandy.

T. It's to be sowne in June or July.

N. Ράφαν & ράφανις *Radicula sativa*.

R Radish. Ger. K. as the garden, small garden, round, and black or peare fashioned. T. doth manifestly heat and dry, open and attenuate. Gal. It's ho

30. dry 20. so rather a *sauce*, than a nourishment. V. Eaten *raw* it yeelds little and bad nourishment, eaten as *sauce* it c. appetite; yet they are troublesome to the stomach, eaten after meate they h. distribution, taken before meat they c. belchings, and vomitings; especially the *rind* given with oxymel, being biting: also it provoketh urine, and dissolveth clutted sand, and expelleth it, a good draught of the *decoction* thereof being d. in the morning. It h. old cough's, and attenuates grosse humours of the chest: so also the *distilled water*. the root sliced, and soked all night in Rhenish wine and d. in the morning, expelleth urine and gravell. the root stamped with hony and the powder of a sheeps heart dried c. haire to grow. The *seed* c. vomit, provoketh urine, and d. with honied vinegar expelleth worms. The *roots* stamped with the meal of Darnell and a little white wine vinegar h. spots, and bruised blemishes of the face. the root boiled in broth and the *decoction* d. h. an old cough, provoketh the termes, and c. milke. The *wild radish*, *Rhaphanus Sylvestris*. with the *water radish*. T. is hotter and drier than that of the garden. V. *Diosc.* The *leaves* are used among pot-herbs. The root doth heate and provoke urine. *Horse radish*. *Raphanus rusticus*. T. is hot and dry 30. drying, cleansing and somewhat digesting. V. Stamped with vinegar it serveth as *sauce* with fish. The *rinds* being infused in oxymel 3 daies c. vomit, and h. quartane agues. The *leaves* boiled in wine and ap. as a *pultis* wiche oyle olive mollifie and h. hard swellings of the liver and milt, and ap. to the bottome of the belly h. the strangury. It expelleth the secundine, and mitigateth the sciatica, it h. the collicke, and strangury being used as *mustard*. in which it is bitter. The root stamped, and d. killeth wormes in children. so the *juyce*, as also an ointment made thereof ap. *Park.* *Black radishes* are most used in the winter, and are lithontriprick. the *horse radish* is used in melancholick, splenetick and scorbutick diseases *Hart.* the *leaves of the wild* ap. h. the inflammations of the tonsills. *Vntz.* It h. the stone. So *Savon. Mix. Lips. Pif. Stock.*

Aqua raphani composita, Pharm: Lond: Or, the Compound water of Radishes, serves to purge Women in child-bed, h. the scurvy and stone. Also, it greatly provokes Urine, and h. stoppages by gravel, the body being first purged and prepared. It heals those that are cathartical, hydropical, and Women that have impure wombs. *Syrupus raphani* P. L. Or, the Syrup of Radishes, is used against the Stone. Its appropriated to the reins and bladder, both which it mightily clenseth, and bringeth forth the stone. It purgeth the reins of gravel, and h. all suppression and stopping of urine, as the dysury, and ischury, &c. Also it prevents the stone, and purgeth out what might breed it; but the patient must be first duely purged. It's also good against the scurvy and opens all obstructions of the intralls. It's proper for those that are subject to the dropsie, after universals. *unc. sem. unc. i. or unc. i. sem. or more*, when there is no feare of bringing down a churlish stone into the ureters may be used in saxifrage or fennel water, or purslain water; when there are actuall stones in the kidneys or bladder, its good to mingle a like quantity of syrup of marsh-mallows giving them in posset drink, or cleer whey warme.

Ragwort, and Ragweed, see Saint James's wort.

Raisfort, see Horse Radish.

Raisfort, see Vine.

Ram, see Buck-thorne.

Laxative Ram, see Buck-thorne.

Rampe, see Wake Robin.

Ram of Lybia, see Christs-thorne.

Rampion. *Rapuntium*.

P. The first is set in gardens, the rest grow in woods.

T. Fl. in May, June and July.

N. *Rapunculus*. *Rapa sylvestria* Gesn. & Dod.

Rampion: Ger. F. K. as the great, small, wood, horned of the Alpes, mountain horned, and rocke ramp.

ramp. T. The roots are cold and somewhat binding;
 V. The roots are especially used in *sallads*, being eaten
 with oile vineger and pepper. Some affirme, that the
decoction of the roots is good for all inflammations of
 the mouth, and almonds of the throat, and other disea-
 ses thereof, as the other throat worts. K. as the long
foxtaile, bush headed, Candy, and rock. V. The roots
 eaten in *sallads* h. the appetite. c. good digestion, and
 milke in nurses. The *distilled water* is cosmerick. Col.
 the root pounded and mixed with meal of *Lupines*,
 cleanseth the discolourings of the skin, spots and marks;
 so also the *distilled water* of the whole plant.

Ram foot, see Water-crowfoot.

Ramsons, see Garlick.

Rape, see Turnep.

Raspes, see Bramble.

Red-knees, see Arsmarr.

Yellow or white Rattle, see Cox-comb.

Red Rattle. *Pedicularis*.

P. It groweth in moist and moorish meadows.

T. Fl. in May and June.

N. ϕθίξιν. *Fistularia*. *Crista galli*. *Pedicularia*. Rattle
 grasse. Red rattle grasse.

Rattle. Ger. or Lousewort. T. is cold dry and astring-
 gent. V. it h. fistula's and hollow ulcers: boiled in red
 wine and d. it stops the menses and other fluxes of
 blood, so *Park. Recch. That of Mexico*. T. is moist and
 moderately hot. V. it h. the bitings of venomous beasts.
Baub. The first is not fit to be used inwardly if other
 remedies are at hand.

Recd

Reed. *Arundo*.

P. In waters : the sugar cane in the East and West Indies.

T. Fl. from Aprill to October.

N. $\kappa\alpha\lambda\alpha\mu\omicron$. *Calamus*. Casab. Arab. *Donax* five *Cypria* Dod.

Reed. Ger. K. as the common and Cypress. T. Gal. are hot and dry 2°. V. the roots stamped draw forth things fixed in the flesh : and with vineger h. luxations, also hot and sharp inflammations, the ashes m. with vineger h. the scurfe, and falling of the haire. The great reed is usefull onely for mechanickes. Flowring reed, *Arundo florida* T. V. is uselesse. Paper reed, *Papirus Nilotica*. T. V. The roots do nourish chewed. The ashes consume hard apostumes and tumours in the body, and corrosive ulcers, but chiefly in the mouth : so the burnt paper made hereof. The stalkes open fistulas being put therein, swelling like the pith of elder. The leaves and stalks serve for sewell. Sugar reed or cane, *Arundo Saccharina*. T. V. the sugar is temperate, it drieth and cleanseth the stomack, levigateth the lungs and breast, cleareth the voice, and h. hoarsness, coughs &c. The sugar is made out of the canes ground to powder, then boiled, after which it's strained, and boiled to the consistence of hony : and when cold its like sand, and after is refined to that whiteness as we see: Cam. Gal. The bark of the first is hot 3°. and more dry. The green leaves refrigerate, bind and corroborate. Matth. the root d. is diureticall. Avic. The ashes are hot, yet it is cold. Park. The water of the paper reed h. the web in the eye. The rest K. as the party coloured &c. V. the rest as the first. Diapenidion, Pharm. Lond. h. vices of the breast, coughs, colds hoarsnesse and consumptions of the lungs, and such as spit matter, taken with a pectorall syrup by a liquorice stick, or drach. 1. of the Electuary when the cough cometh. Pulvis Haly. is a gallant cooler, and h. all heat of the breast & lungs, as consumptions and pleuresies. It is to be made into a
soft

lost electuary with syrup of violets, and to be taken as cold diatragacanth. Also it qualifies the sharpness and acrimony of salt and adust humors, and eager medications. It h. spitting of blood, overflowing of the courses and hemorrhoids, and other under evacuations of blood. It h. the strangury and sharpnesse of urine, and the bloody flux seasonably used, the D. is *scr. i. drach. fow.* or *drach. i.* in purslain water, or made up in an electuary with syrup of marsh mallows. *Sacchatum tabulatum simplex*, & *perlatus ꝥ christi*. P. L. or Lozenges of sugar, simple and pearled, cool, are appropriated to the heart, restore lost strength, h. burning fevers and false immaginations, viz. that with pearles and hath the same nature as that of pearles have. *Sacch. tab. compositum ꝥ christi contra vermes*, purges according to the quality of its ingredients) kills wormes, and is cordiall (though the Colledges Antagonist knew not the virtues.) Also it purgeth out the matter of the generation of wormes; h. a stinking breath: a lozenges may be eaten in the morning, & a glasse of wormwood wine or beer drunk thereon. *Saccharum panidium*, or *penids*, h. coughs and colds. Also it serves to temper the acrimony of sharp and salt humors, and are put into divers remedies for the same purpose. *Saccarum rosatum*, see Sugar of Roses. *Begu* the oile of sugar, strengthens, incides, h. affections of the breast, the D. is *cochl. i.* the *tincture* h. fainting with cinnamon and rose water. *Foust*. Red sugar, is hotter sharper and more absterfive then the other. the *crude* works, better in clysters than honey.

Reed-grasse, see Burre-reed.
 Reeds mace, see Cats-taile.
 Sweet reed, see Aromaticall reed.
 Thornie reed, see Gum-thistle.
 Red-ray, see Darnel.
 Red rot, see Sundew.
 Rest-harrow, see Cammo.k.

Rib wort. *Quinquenervia.*

P. In the borders of path waies almost every where.

T. They flower and flourish with the Plantains.

N. *πυτάνευς* ♂. *Plantago minor. Lanceola.*

Rib wort. Ger. K. as the common, and rose ribwort. T. it is cold & dry 2^o. as the Plantains. V. the vertues are referred to the kinds of plantaine. *Lonic.* the fresh leaves boiled with vinegar & salt h. the chollick & dysentery; so the seed & powder. The distilled water h. the spitting, and pissing of blood, and the prysick. It stops the courses and h. all inward griefs of the body. Ap. it h. inflammations, nodes, and fistulaes. *Park.* K. as the lesser, bulbed, and smallest. T. V. is more effectuell than plantain.

Ric. *Secale.*

P. In Germany, Polonia, and England.

T. It's sown in Autumne or Spring.

N. *Βριθα'η βρύζα.* *Farrago. Siligo veterum Schw.*

Ric. Ger. T. is hotter than wheat, and more forcible in heating, waisting, and consuming, more clammy, and of harder digestion; yet of good nourishment to rustick bodies. V. The leaven hereof doth more forcibly digest, draw, ripen, and breake all apostumes and biles, than the leaven of wheat. The meale bound unto the head in a linnen cloth h. the long continuing paines thereof, *Schwenckf.* It refrigerates, humects and softeneth, it's abstersive, and suppurating. The luxuriant stops blood. *Senn.* The bread thereof is more nutrient than that of barley, more solid, and more dyspeptick than wheat, *Ern.* The distilled water h. the dysentery, and vomiting. *Park. Matth.* The ashes with water ap. h. chapps.

Rice. *Oryza*. *

P. In the lower part of Syria, and Spaine.

T. It's sown in the spring in India,

N. ^οΡυζα καὶ ὀρυζον. *Arz seu Arzi Arab.*

Rice. *Ger. T. Gal.* Being boiled it stayeth the belly. V. The portage hereof, doth both meanelly binde and nourish *Lob. Obs.* It's of crasse nutriment. *Lob. Pen. Advers.* It's salutarious, and increaseth blood and sperme, the distilled liquor thereof, after macerated in milke, exhilarates the spirits. *Schwenckf.* The Dutch rice. T. Is hot, dry, resolving, and astringent. V. It h. those that are troubled with fluxes, and rabid. The meale thereof ap. with roses h. the inflammation of the duggs. *For. l. 22. Obs. 18.* Amygdalate milke made of the meale thereof h. the flux of the belly, with the cough. *Park.* The flowers ap. repell the flowing of humours. *Wirtzung.* the water distilled after steeped in goats milk h. withered limbs, often used.

Rice-grasse, see Dew-grasse.

Robin in the hose, see Wild Campion.

Rocket. *Eruca*.

P. In gardens, neere waters, on the sands.

T. Fl. in June and July: the seed is ripe in September.

N. ^ςΕυζαμων. *Euzomon. Herba salax poetarum.*

Rocket. *Ger. J. K.* as the garden, wilde, narrow leaved wilde, cressy, sea, and water rocket. T. Rocket is hot and dry 3°. V. It is good in sallads, eaten with lettuce, purslane and cold herbs; else it c. the headache, and heateth too much. It c. venery, especially the seed. It provoketh urine, and causeth good digestion. The root and seed stamped and m. with vinegar and the gall of an oxe, h. freckles, lentiles, blaek and blew spots, and all

such

such deformities of the face: *P. L.* The flowers ap. dis-
 cosse swellings and dissolve hard tumours made into a
 pultis; but taken they offend the head. The *Italian*
Rheseda and *crambling*. *T. V.* Are uselesse. *Park. Math.*
 The leaves boiled and taken with sugar h. the cough
 in children. The seed h. the spleen, and kills wormes.
Barth. Ang. its hot and moist. *Hart.* The seed rubbed
 on the tongue h. the palse thereof with treacle. *Park.*
 the second h. poison, and the spleen, and c. milk. the
 base disusseth.

Shepherds rod, *see* Wild reasel.
 Rogation flower, *see* Milk-wort.
 Romane beans, *see* Kidney-beanes.
 Romane-pease, *see* Rouncivall.
 Wild Rose, *see* Eglantine.
 Water Rose, *see* Water lilly.
 Winter Rose, *see* Hollihock.
 Rose-rubie, *see* Adonis flower.
 Rods-gold, *see* Marigold.
 Rogues gilloflowers, *see* Dames violets.

Rose. Rosa.

P. It groweth in gardens, the wild in hedges.

T. Fl. from May to September.

N. Ρόδον. The seed, *Anthos.* The fl. *Anthera.* The
 white, *Unguis.*

Roses. *Ger.* K. as the white, red, Damaske, and that
 without prickles, with the great province rose. *T.* The
 leaves of the fl. of roses are partly earthy and binding,
 other parts moist and watery, and the rest aerie, yet all
 are cold. *V.* The distilled water strengthneth the heart
 refresheth the spirits, and gently cooleth, and is de-
 lectable in meates. It h. the paine of the eyes c. by
 heate, and is hypnoticke. The juice (especially of the
 damaske) moveth to the stoole, but most effectually
 that of the muske roses; so the infusion, and syrup: which
 purgeth

purgeth the first veines of flegme, and sometimes of
 choller, it doth moisten and coole, and h. the extremi-
 ty of heat in hot burning feavers; it mittigateth the in-
 flammations of the intrails, and quencheth thirst, (yet
 is not good for moist stomachs,) so the *leaves* preserved
 in sugar being rubbed in the hands. Thus the *white*,
Damaske, and *muske roses*. Red and Province roses. T.
 Are more earthy, drying, and binding, yet with a cer-
 taine moisture when fresh. V. Their *infusion* looseth
 the body, yet not so much as the former, which are cold
 10. moist, airy, and spirituall, sc: the *white*, *Damask*,
 and *muske*; but these being *dried*, do binde, and dry, and
 likewise coole, but lesse than when they are *fresh*. V.
 They strengthen the heart, and h. the trembling there-
 of; they corroborate the liver, kidnies, and weake in-
 trails, they dry and comfort a weak stomach, stay the
 whites and reds, stop blood, stay sweating, binde and
 loose, and moisten the body, and are used in counter-
 poysons both outward and inward. The *hony of roses* h.
 wounds, and ulcers, &c. which have need of cleansing
 and drying. The *oyle* doth mitigate all heate, and hin-
 dereth inflammations, or asswageth them. As for the T.
 and V. of the *parts*, the *flowers* dry and bind, and that
 more effectually than the *leaves*; so the *cups* or *calices*,
 and *beards*, and serve for fluxes at the sea. The *yellow*
 called *Anthera* stop fluxes, the whites, and reds, being
 dried, powdered, and scr. 2. taken in red wine. to also
 the little *heads* or *bottomes*. The *nailes* of the leaves of
 the flowers h. watering eies. the *juice*, *infusion*, or de-
 coction of roses is gentle, loosening, opening, and purging
 the belly, and safe for all, and at all times. The *syrup* of
 the *infusion* looseth, purgeth choler, openeth the li-
 ver, h. the jaundise, trembling of the heart, and heat in
 agues and feavers, unc. 1. or 2. being taken; so also the
syrup of the *juice*. to which may be added the juice of
 lemmons, and a few drops of oile of vitrioll. the *conserve*
 of roses taken morning and evening, strengtheneth the
 heart, and h. the trembling thereof, it corroborateth the
 liver and other weake intrails, comforteth a weake
 and

and raw stomach, stops the whites and reds, and serveth for the purposes aforesaid. *Muske roses*. *Rosa motcata*. K. as the single, double, the great, velvet, yellow, double yellow, double, and single 'cinnamon. T. the muske rose is cold 10. wherein airie parts are predominant, the rest are referred to the Eglantine. V. the conserve of muske roses purgeth mightily (yet safely) waterish humours, taken in the quantity of an ounce. The leaves of the flower eaten in the morning. as a sallad, with oyle, vinegar, and pepper, purge cholerick, and waterish humours, and that safely, in a greater, or lesser q. according to the desire of the patient. the leaves of two flowers give one stoole &c. The white leaves stamped with alume, then the juice strained and dried in the shadow, yeelds an excellent yellow colour, serving for limning, and the colouring of sauces &c. the rest are thought to be equall with the white muske roses, whereof they are taken to be kinds. *Rock rose*. K. as the common, and, white. *Cneoron*. T.V. is not of knowne use. *Rosebay*. K. as the common, and white floured. T. Gal. ap. it digesteth. V. Taken inwardly, they kill; yet the fl. & leaves d. by men h. the biting of serpents, though they kill most other creatures, thus *Oleander* or *nerium*. *Dwarfe rosebay*, *Chamarhodendros Alpigena* T. V. is uselesse *Rose campion*. K. as the red, white, and double. T. Gal. The seed is hot and dry 20. V. *Diosc*. The seed d. in wine h. those that are stung of scorpions. *Rose root*, *Rhodia radix*. T.V. The root stamped with oyle of roses, ap. h. the headache. *J. Rose wood*, *Lignum rhodium* or *Aspalathus*. T. is hot with astringion. V. The decoction thereof made in wine, h. ulcers of the mouth, phagedens, & ozæna's. Put up as a pessary it draweth forth the dead child, the decoction stops fluxe of the belly, and d. h. the vomiting of blood dysury and windiness. *Anon*. the oyle makes perfumes *Park*. K. as the *Frankford*, *dwarfe red*, *Hungarian*, *great double yellow*, *double without thornes*. *great apple*. and *double Eglantine rose*. V. the white h. the heat of the eyes. *Br. Cent.* 4. *Obs.* 58. the syrupe of dried roses h. the flux of the hæmorrhoides *Begu*. the

tincture of dried roses refrigerateth the liver, and strengtheneth it, and h. fevers and preternaturall heat, and good digestion. *Sala*, the *distilled oyle* is used in cordiall mixtures, apoplectick and cardiack balsomes, and increaseth their vertue. *Riv. Cent. 2. Obs. 40. Drach. sem.* Of the *conserve* with *gr. 2. of laudanum* h. the hepatick flux. *Heurn. rosate hony* with a little oile of vitrioll taken a little before meate purgeth flegme out of the stomach. *Aquapend.* the *cerot* is anodyne. and astringent. *Park.* It's cold 10, and dry 2^o. V. the *red decoct* h. the headache, and stomach, the retentive faculty and rheumes. *Acetum rosatum, Pharm. Lond.* or, *rose vineger*, this, as also all vinegers have the virtues of the flowers, of which they are made; but as wines are better for cold bodies; so these for the hot, but are used most outwardly according to the appropriation of the simple; *Bayf.* but this doth refrigerate, dry, strengthen, and penetrate; therefore it's used in oxyrrhodies, with oile of roses, and rose water. It may be used also in unguents, and cerors, in the heat of the reines, and hecticks &c. *Syrupus de rosis siccis*, or the *syrup of dried roses*, strengthens the heart, comforts the spirits, bindeth the body, h. fluxes, and corrosions or gnawings of the guts. It strengthens the stomach, and staies vomiting: the D. is *unc. 1.* at once, before meat for fluxes, and after for vomiting. Also it inclines to sleep by suppressing hot vapours and fumes that ascend from the lower parts into the brain; *unc. sem.* or *unc. 1.* may be given in cowslip or lettuce water; but a clyster or suppository must be used if the patient be costive, else it may hurt. *Syrupus rosaceus solutivus*, or the *soluteve syrup of roses*, looseth the belly, gently purgeth choller and flegme, but is styptick after. Also it chiefly, if not onely, purges yellow and chollerick waters from the body, and is therefore good for hot rheumes, *unc. 1.* or *unc. 1. sem.* or 2. may be taken in *unc. 3.* of clean whey warmed. *Syrupus è succo rosarum*, or *syrup of the juyce of roses*, is like the other. *Syr. ros. sol. cum agarico*, or the *syrup of roses solutive with agarick*, purgeth flegme from the head,

head, h. the senses hurt by it, provokes the termes; purgeth the stomach and liver, and provokes urin. some count it a catholicon: the D. is *unc. 1.* to *2.* *Syr. ros. sol. cum senna*, or, the *syrup of roses solutive with senna*, purges choller and melancholly, and the reliſts of diseases. the D. is *unc. 1.* or *2.* in the decoction of senna; but its binding after. *Syr. ros. sol. cum helleboro*, or the *syrup of roses solutive with hellebore*, purgeth melancholly and resists madness. also it is very proper in all melanchollick diseases afflicting the body or mind; and it cleareth the senses: the D. is *unc. 1. drach. 6.* or *unc. 1.* in *unc. 3.* of borage water, or *unc. 4.* of whey, spring and fall divers dayes together, or every other day, so that it may work once or twice in a day only. Medicaments of this nature and in such cases must be taken in a small quantity, and long together. *Mel rosatum commune sive foliatum*, or the *common honey of roses*: and *colatum*, or that *strained*, h. diseases in the mouth. Also this bridles hot defluxions, comforts a weak flegmatick stomach: and is of a scouring, strengthening nature, used both inwardly and outwardly. *Mel ros. solutivum*, or that *solutive*, serves as a laxative in clysters, and to cleanse wounds. also this honey of damask roses is of like faculty with the syrup thereof, onely hotter and fitter for cold and crude stomachs and constitutions. *Saccarum rosatum*, or the *Sugar of roses*, strengthens weak stomachs, hearts, brains, strength, and consumptions, stops fluxes, h. pains in the head, eares, and eyes, h. spitting, vomiting and pissing of blood, and serves for the pocket in a consumption. Also it strengthens the liver and corrects the hot distempers thereof. It h. the slaggiennesse of the livers substance, and prevents cachexies and dropsies. *Aromaticum rosatum*, or *rosate aromatics*, strengthens the brain, heart and stomach, and parts, helping to concoction and digestion, purging water, helping consumptions, & violent diseases. *Diarrhodon abbatis*, cools the violent heat of the heart, and stomach, as also of the liver, lungs, and spleen, easeth pains in the body, and most infirmities

from heat. the D. of the powder is *drach. sem.* and of the electuary *unc. 2.* *Rosata novella*, or the *Novell rosate*, quencheth thirst, stops vomiting h. hot and dry stomacks, also heat and drynesse of the liver, lungs and heart (yet the powder it self is hot) strengthens the vitall spiirits, h. heart qualms, provokes sweat and h. chronicall diseases, the D. is of the electuaries *drach. 1.* *Julapium rosarum* or the *julep of roses*, is a fine cooling drink in the heat of summer; so the *Julapium Alexandrinum*. Also these syrups or juleps refresh languishing nature in feavers or otherwise subject to swoonings and fainting fits, they moderate thirst and strengthen the heart. *Electuarium è succo rosarum*, or, the *electuary of the juyce of roses*, purgeth choller & h. tertian agues, and diseases of the joynts, it purgeth violently, and so it is to be used warily. Also it h. in the conclusion of tertian and quotidian agues, to purge away the reliques of the morbifick humor, the D. is *droch. 2. to 4.* in strong bodies: *drach. 2. or 3.* with *unc. sem.* of electuary lenitive, or *drach. 3.* of catholicon, and *drach. 6.* of syrup of violets may be safely given. *Trochisci diarrhodon Mes.* or the *Troches of the flowers of red roses* mightily ease feavers of flegme, as the quotidian, epialbs. and agues &c. as also pains in the belly. *Troch. ros. mes.* or, the *Troches of roses*, h. pains in the stomach, and ill digestion, the illiac passion, hectick feavers and dropsies in the beginning, and c. a good colour. *Unguentum rosatum*, or, the *ointment of roses* is fine and cooling, h. all gallings and frettings of the skin joyned with cholerick humors, angry pushes, tetters ring wormes, and the like, and hot diseases of the head, stomach, and liver. *Oleum rosatum omphacinum, & completum*, or, the *oile of roses omphacine, and complet*, the oile anointed on the stomach strengthens it cools the heat of it; thickens, removes inflammation, & abates swellings. Also it stops the motion of the humours, extinguisheth the rose or erisipila's h. pains from heat cools & strengthens, collects and thickens, tempers and refresheth a hot stomach, being anointed thereon, and stops fluxions. It allaieth the head.

headach from an hot cause, mitigates the burning heat of the kidnies, and asswageth all inflammations. *Unguentum refrigerans*, Gal. or Gallens cooling ointment, is excellent in inflammations in wounds and tumors. Also its excellent in all cases of cooling and moistening. Its good to anoint upon the breast, palsies, forehead and temples of heftick persons, and upon the backbone. and in head-aches from an hot cause, it's good so used. In the toothach and cough from hot thin and salt rheums, its good to anoint upon the sutures of the head, upon the temples and jaws and upon the nape of the neck; and in pains of the joynts from an hot humour used upon the kidnies, it stops great fluxes of urine, and hinders nocturnall pollarion. *Oleum rosarum*, Chym. pinguedo, vel spiritus, is a good perfume; a drop or two cheres the heart, brain, animal and vitall spirits, in a cordiall electuary or lozenges. *Begu.* the *incture of dried roses* h. heates strengthens the liver and stomach.

Rose mary. *Rosmarinus*.

P. In France, Spaine, hot regions, woods, and gardens.

T. The 1 fl. in spring and August, the 2d in June, and July

N. *Λιβανύτις σαρκοματική*. *Rosmarinum*. The flowers, *Anthos*.

Rose mary. Ger. K. as the garden, wild and poets, *casia, poetica*, Lab: T. *rosemary* is hot and dry 20. and astringent, having a mixture of the earthy substance. V. It's given against all fluxes of blood, and h. all infirmities of the head, especially the *flowers*, if c. by cold and moisture, drying the braine, quickening the senses, and strengthening the sinewes. Serap: It h. the stuffings of the head, coming through coldness of the braine, being worne about it. Dose: the decoction d. h. the yellow jaundise, with bathing and drinking of wine. the distilled water of the fl, d. first and last at morning and evening

ing, h. a stinking breath, and makes it very sweet, a few cloves, anniseeds, mace, and cinnamon being added. the *conserve* taken every day fasting, comforteth the braine, memory, and senses, and h. dumbe palsies, *Serap.* It h. cold rheumes, and windinesse, provoketh urine, and openeth the liver and milt. *Trag.* Boiled in wine, it h. the mother, and whites, the *fl.* made up like sugar roset, comfort the heart, and exhilarate. the *chymicall oyle* h. the cold braine. the *wild rosemary* provoketh the terms. It c. drink to inebriate, put in chests it preserves from mothes. *Park. K.* as the *gilded*, and the *sweet of Silesia*. V. the *last*. h. shrinkings of the sinewes, and crampes &c. used in *bathes*. the *common oyle* h. the dim sight, spots, and scars, and warmeth the parts. *Grul.* the *tincture of rosemary* from 10 to 15 drops is confortative. *Borell.* the *fl.* of rosemary, or the *leaves*, being boiled with wine and hony, to the consumption of one halfe, and taken before sleepe, clarifie the voice, and. h. the asthma. *Cent. 4. Observ. 56.* *Ern.* the *oyle of the fl.* h. the memory. vertigo, pestilence, jaundis, &c. *Park. K.* as the *wild Bohemian*. V. It h. all cold diseases. the *Silesian* h. the sinewes. *Vinum florum rosmarini. Pharm. Lond:* *Rosemary flower wine*, h. all cold diseases of the head, consumeth flegme, and strengthens the gums and teeth. *Mel anthosatum*, or, the *hony of the flowers*, hath the vertue of the flowers; but its cleansing by reason of the hony. *Species dianthos*, or the *species of rosemary-flowers*. strengthens the heart, and h. its passions, cause hilarity, and strengthens after sicknesse, it h. cold stomacks and digestion. the D. is *drach. sem.* or *drach. 2.* in an electuary with hony. also it h. against all cold diseases of the brain, nerves and stomacks; as tremblings of the hands, palsies, apoplexies, indigestion of meat, and it h. a bad memory from coldness of the braine and nerves.

Rose

Rosewort, *see* Rose root.

Red-rot, *see* Sundew.

White-rot, *see* Water pimpernel.

Root of the holy Ghost, *see* Angelica.

Rounsfivals, *see* Pease.

Rudds, *see* Marigold.

Rubarb. *Rhabarbarum.*

P. In China &c. and gardens planted there.

T. Fl. in June, the seed is ripe in July: the roots are to be gathered in October.

N. *Rha Barbaricum. Rheu Barbarum. Raved Seni Arab.*

Rubarb. *Ger. J.* K. as the *Turky*, bastard, the true of the antients, & that of *Pontus*. T. rubarb is of a mixt substance, some parts being earthy, binding and drying. the others thin, aerious, hot, and purging. V. *Diosc.* It h. the windiness, & weakness of the stomack. & all griefs thereof, convulsions, diseases of the liver, spleen, kidnies, gnawings of the guts, in firmities of the chest & bladder, swellings about the heart, diseases in the matrix, sciatica, spitting of blood, asthma, hicket, bloody flux & laskes c. by raw humours, fits in agues, and the bitings of venomous beast; also it h. black spots and tetter ap. with vinegar. *Gal.* It h. ruptures, it purgeth choller and flage, h. tertian feavers, the yellow jaundise, pleurisie, peripneumonie, squinancy, frensie, inflammation of the kidnies, and all inward parts. It h. St. Anthonies fire d. and ap. it h. the liver and infirmities of the gall, it is opening and strengthening. The dose is drach. 1. or 2. in infusion, drach. 1. sem. or drach. 3. in hot diseases, with the water of succory, endive, or whay, and in wine if there be no heat. the powder taken h. the bloody flux, and all kinds of laskes, purging forth bad humours, and stopping the belly; also it stoppeth the termes, and blood in any part, a little quantity being given with other binding things. *Mef.* It may be given at all times, to all ages, and

and women with child. the *best* is that of *China*, fresh of a light purplish red, with whitish veines. the *next* is that of *Barbary*, which is viscid; and chewed is of a saffron colour. The other *rubarbs* K. as the *monks* and *bastard* T. the *leaves* of the first are somewhat cold, but more moist with a certaine clamminesse, and quickly passe through the body, and are of a moist, and scant nourishment. the *seed* cooleth with a certaine thinnesse of substance. The *seed* of the 2d is very astringent. V. d. in red wine with the seed of sorrell jīt h. the bloody flux, and cometh neere the true rubarbe, and purgeth like it, but must be given in thrice as great a quantity. d. in ale it h. agues, or the decoction of the roots boiled in the water of *carduus benedictus* to a third part, with a little hony, eight or nine spoonfulls being taken before the fir, or twelve by those that are stronger. the decoction of the roots of *monks rubarb* d. h. the bloody flux and lasks, the wambling of the stomach c. by choler, and the stinging of serpents. It h. the hæmoprysis taken with *acacia* or the juice of sloes, it's an excellent pot herb, it loosens the belly, h. the jaundise, tympany, and such like diseases c. by cold. Take of the roots sliced, with madder *an: lib: sem: of fena unc: 4.* anise-seed, and licorice bruised, *an: unc: 2.* scabious and agrimony broken with the hands, *an: M 1.* steep them in a stean with 4 gallons of strongale, the space of 3. daies, then use the liquor as an ordinary drinke for 3. weekes, using a good diet, and it will h. the drop sic, yellow jaundise, all itches, scabs, and manginess: it purifyeth the blood, h. the greene sicknesse, and all oppilations, it c. a good colour, and brings downe the termes, the stopping of which caused the grieve. *Bastard rubarb. Thaliſtrum* K. as the *great* and *small*. T. are hot and dry. V. The leaves with other dot herbes do somewhat loose the belly, the decoction of the root more effectually. *Diosc:* The leaves stamped h. old ulcers. *Gal.* they dry without biting. *Hart.* The extract of rubarbe is excellent against the jaundise. *Schrod.* the D. is scr. ʒ. to drach. ʒ. 1. *Tentzel.* The tincture h. the plague, and killeth wormes the D.

is 10. or 12. dr. *Pem.* The powder of the common rubarbe with cassia, and turpentine washed, clenseth the reines, and h. the gonorrhœa, and hicker. boiled in wine and ap. it h. ulcers, and spots. *Cam.* It's used, where there is need of absterision, purgation, and aperition, in infusion. and the powder, to bind and strengthen. *Park.* K. as the broader, and narrow leaved like *Elecampane.* V. *diosc.* The decoction of the bastard Rubarbe, with vineger instilled h. the paines of the eares. gargled it h. the toothache, and the root h. rugged nailes. decoct in wine it h. swellings in the throat, the stone, and urine; the English is more effectuell the roots of the Indian with mummy and madder roots d. in red wine h. bruises. The 2. last are binding. *Schrod.* the extract of true rhapontick, or rhubarb of Pontus, is cardiacall *Syrupus de rhabarbaro Pharm. Lond. Augustinus,* or syrup of Rhubarb, cleanerth choller and melancholly gently; so h children; old people, and the weake; the D. is *unc. 1.* with the decoction of epithimum or fene. Also its good at the beginning of loofnesses in old or young; and in dysenteries; *unc. 1.* or 2. being given in *unc. 4.* or 5. of cleer whey: 3 or 4 mornings every other day, at the beginning of the disease. *Pilula de rhabarbaro, Pharm. Lond. Mes.* or the pills of rhubarb, purge choller, open the liver h. the yellow jaundise, and dropsies; and strengthen the stomach and lungs, and may be taken as the Imperial pills. *Trochisci de rhabarbaro,* or, the Troches of rhubarb, gently cleanse the liver, h. the yellow jaundice, choller and other diseases of its stoppage: the D. is *drach. 1.* in white wine in the morning. Also they h. obstructions, pains & præternaturall swellings of the liver, all old diseases from its disorder. They are often given after purgation in dropsies, caohexies and all diseases of the liver: the D. is *drach. 1. drach. 1. sem.* or *drach. 2.* with conserve of cichory flowers *anc. 3.* and so with syrup of the opening roots or of the juyce of cichory, or of cichory and rhubarb made into an electuary; taking the q. of an nutmeg in the morning

ing and at 4. in the afternoon, drinking after it a draught of wormwood beer or wine.

Rue. *Ruta*.

P. The 1 groweth in rough places, the wild on mountaines.

T. Fl. in July und Aug. sooner in hot countries.

N. *ῥήγανον*. That of the meadow, *Thaliætrum*. The wild is called *Peganum*.

Rue. Ger. *J. K.* as the garden, the smallest wilde, mountaine, wilde white flowered. *Harmala*, and dogs rue. T. Rue is hot and dry fine tertii, the wild 4^o. it's of subtil part, waists winde, cutteth and digesterh grosse humours. V. It provokes urine, and the menfes, and expells the dead child, d. Smelled unto It h. the mother, ap, it opens the matrix, m. with hony it h. the inflammation and swelling of the testicles, or colts evill, if boiled with barrowes greafe, bay leaves, and the powders of fenugreeke, and linseed, ap. as a *pultis*. It h. the crudities of the stomach, windinesse, and old paines thereof. Boiled with vinegar, it h. paines, stiches, asthma's, and the sciatica; so the oile, and h. the collicke and tormina ap. and with the oile of linseed it h. hard swellings of the spleene. Ap. as a *pultis* it h. the hypofarca. The pickled herbe eaten sharpenes the sight, so ap. with hony and the juice of fennell, The juice heated in the rind of a pomegranat, and dropped into the eares, h. the paine thereof. It h. St Anthonies fire: and killeth the shingles, and running sores in the heads of young children, being tempered with ceruse, white lead, vinegar, and oyle of roses, made into an oyntment. Diosc: As an *errhine* it stoppeth bleedings, so Plin: But it rather c. it by its sharpe quality. The leaves d. with wine h. poyson, the bitings of serpents, and stingsings and prevent them, being anointed. The leaves of rue eaten with the kernells of walnuts, or figgs stamped h. evill aires, the pestilence, so Ger. Berg. Untz. Palm. Mind. Dur. Lemn. and venome. Boiled with dill, fennell.

nellseed and sugar, in wine it h. the gripings of the belly, paines in the sides and breast, dyspnœa's, coughs, stoppings of the lungs, and dropfies. The juice taken with dill h. the cold fits of agues, and alters their course, it h. the inflammation of the fundament, and paines of the strait gut. The juice d. in wine expells the secundine, and dead child. often d. it dryeth up sperme, and milke. The oile wherein it hath been boiled ap. warmeth all cold members, and provoketh urine. in clysters it expells winde, and h. the torsion of the guts, the decoction of the leaves of garden rue d. provoketh urine, and termes, and stoppeth the laske. Wild rue is more strong, c. blisters, venometh, and is not to be used in meate or medicine. *Bor. Cent. 1. Obs. 18.* a handfull of rue being infused in wine, and d. 3. dayes in the morning, h. the epilepsie. *Cent. 1. Obs. 15.* the juice ap. with aqua vita, h. the ganglion in the forehead. *Recch. K. meadow rue of Mexico.* T. the root is sweet. V. d. it provokes urine, and h. fluxes, and heat of the reins. The juice h. the eyes. *Park That of the meadow.* K. as the common *Ec.* V. cicatrizeth, opens the body, and the root h. the plague, jaundise, and epilepsie. *Wall rue,* as maiden haire. *Senn.* the decoction of the leaves of rue, elder, and danc-wort, and chamomill fl. an. m. 1. Bayberries unc. 2. boiled in Lee and wine, fomented, h. watry swellings. *Oleum rutaceum, Pharm. Lond.* or the oile of rue, heats and attenuats grosse humours, expels wind, h. palsies, cramps, coldnesse of the womb and bladder.

Wall-rue, see Rue maydenhaire.

Rupture-wort. *Herniaria.*

p. In barren and sandy grounds, and dankish.

T. It fl. and flourisheth in May, June, July, and August.

N. *Herniola. Herba Turca. Millegrana.*

Rupture wort. Ger. *J.* K. as the common, and dwarfe
all-seed

all seed. T. Rupture wort doth greatly dry, and glutine
are V. being drunk it h. ruptures also the powder
taken with wine h. the dysury and ischury, and wast-
eth and expelleth the stone in the kidneys. So *Untz.*
Schwenckf. Rond. Crat. Gesn. Lonic. Querc. Schrod. It's
cold and dry, it bringeth out choler and water, and h.
the jaundise. *Lugd.* It h. the dysentery, eruptions of
blood, and poysons d. and ap. The distilled water there-
of d. in 8 daies opens the liver and h. the jaundise: *park.*
K. as the greater of Africa. V. It h. all fluxes, vomitings,
and the gonorrhœa. See *Holler*, it h. stiches, rheumes,
ulcers, and killeth wormes.

Rush. *Juncus.*

P. The 1 in fertile fields, and moist meadows.

T. They flourish till September or October, and are green
all the yeare.

N. Σκοῖν ♂ *Scirpus. ὀλδοῖν* ♂, the bull-rush.

Rushes. Ger: *J. K* as the common, sharpe, or hard,
and bul-rush or great water rush. T. are dry. V. The
dried seeds d. with wine allayed with water stop the
Iske and termes. *Gal.* and that, they being of an earthy
essence, moderately cold and waterie, and meanely
hot. also they c. sleepe, and headache. The tender
leaves that are next the root made into anoyntment h. the
bitings of the spider called *phalangium*. The seed of the
bull-rush is most soporiferous, therefore it's carefully
to be used. *Recch* K. as the hairy rush of new Spain. T. the
root is sweet, astringent & odoriferous. V. It h. the cough,
evacuates urine, strengtheneth weak parts, h. the
wombe, and stops fluxes. *Park.* The seed c. urine. *Plin.*
The root d. h. the cough. The hard, and bending headed,
as the first. So the fl. *Cyperus*. The aglet is uselesse.

Rush-leeks, see Cives.

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Saffron. *Crocus*.

P. In Cambridgeshire, Saffron Waldon &c.

T. Fl. in September, the leaves are greene all winter.

N. *Κρόκος*. Zahafaran Arab. *Crocum*. *κρίκος*, the bastard.

Saffron. Ger. K. as the true saffron. T. It's a little astringent, hot 2^o: dry 10. concocting. V. Avic. it c. the headache, and hurteith the braine, if much used; else it quickeneth the senses, exhilarates, and shakes off sleepe. It strengtheneth the heart, concocteth raw humours of the chest, opens the lungs, and h. obstructions and the pthifick. It bringeth breath that is almost gone, and prolongeth life (10 or 20 graines being taken in wine) in those that are asthmatick. Diosc. It also h. surseits being thus taken; also it openeth the liver and gall, and cureth the yellow jaundise. It's used in all *drinks* for the diseases of the intrailes, and obstructed menles. It provoketh urine, c. lust, and is used in *pultises* for the matrix and fundament. and in *plasters* for old swellings, and aches, and S. Anthonie's fire, as also in medicines for the eares. Ap. with milke, fennell or rose water, it preserveth the eyes from being hurt by the small pox or measels, and preventeth defluxions. The *chives* serve to limne with, and to colour confections &c. Tenne graines of Saffron with the kernells of walnuts *unc.* 2. figs *unc.* 2. mithridate *drach.* 1. and a few sage leaves stamped with a sufficient quantity of pimpernel water, and made into a *mass*. taken in the quantity of 12, gr. in the morning fasting, preserveth from the plague, and expelleth it from those that are infected. Spring Saffron. *Crocus vernus*. K. as the early flowering, small wild, yellow, white, purple, autumnne mountain, and the large, whitish blew flowered, the white autumnne, narrow leaved with a violet flower, broad leaved with

with a yellow flower and purple streaks, and downflowed streaked spring Saffron, the broad leaved with the purple flower, that with a double flower yellow and streaked, and that with an ash coloured streaked flower. T. V. they are of no known use in physick. *Meadow Saffron*. *colchicum*. K. as the purple, and white English, the Hungarian, with the small Spanish, the lesser mountaine with a various coloured flower, the Greek, Assyrian, yellow mountaine, broad leaved, party coloured, double flowered, twice flowering, spring, and chequered. T. *Meadow Saffron* is hot and dry 30. V. *Johns*. The roots of *hermodactyls* purge and h. the gout, and hurt the stomach. Stamped and m. with the whites of eggs, barley meale and the crums of bread and ap. as a plaister they h. the gout, and swelling aches of the joynts; also they strengthen, nourish, and make good juice, c. sperme and cleanse ulcers. *Hermodactills* of the shops are corrected with the powder of ginger, long pepper, anise or cummin seed and a little mastick. those of the meadow with cowes milke, H. The roots of the meadow saffron hurt the stomach, and being eaten they choake as mushrooms. *Bastard saffron*, *Carthamus*, *sive cnicus*, or *mock saffron* D'orte. K. as the common, & blew flowered. T. the seed is hot 10, & purging. V. the juice of the seed bruised and strained into meade, or chicken broth and d. purgeth flegme and sharp humors, it h. the collick, asthma, cough, stopping of the breast & dropisie. strained into milke it causeth it to curdle, and opens the belly. The flowers d. with meade open the liver and h. the jaundise. The seed is hurtfull to the stomach, bradypeptick and nauseous. It's lesse hurtfull taken with annise seed, galingale, masticke, ginger, or *sal gemma*. Of the inner pulp is made *diacarthamum* which h. the dropisie. That with the blew flower is not yet used. *Wild bastard Saffron*. *Atrastylis*. T. Is dry and moderately digesting. V. *Diosc*. the tops, leaves and seeds, d. with pepper and wine h. those that are stung with scorpions. *Park*. K. as the great white of *Misia*, the stript, barty coloured, white with a purple bottome, great blew of *Naples*, and cloth of gold, with the silver coloured

coloured *Autumne*. T. V. as the rest. *Meadow saffron*. K. as that of *Constantinople*, chequered of *Portugall*, *Naples*, and *Chio*, the *physicall*, dark. and *variable dark purple*. T. V. are uselesse. *Begu*. The *tincture of Saffron* h. the *syncop*, one drop being d. *Park*. The *bastard* h. diseases of water and flegme: so *Atrachylis*. *Tinctura croci*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the *Tincture of saffron*, is like treacle-water. but strengthens the heart more, and prevents melancholly *cochl.* 1. being d. every morning. *Pulvis hermodactylorum compositus*, or the compound powder of *hermodactyles*, h. the running gout, the D. is *drach. sem.* or *scr. 2.* in white wine, and the tooth ach. It is called *Arthriticus* also *Diacrocuma*, or the *eleſuary of saffron*, is very good against cold diseases of the stomach, liver or spleen, corruption of humours, and putrefaction of meate in the stomach, ill colour of the body, dropsies, coldness in the reins and bladder and provokes urine: the D. is *drach. 1.* in the morning. *Diacarthammum*, or the *eleſuary of bastard saffron*, purgeth choller and phlegme, and h. diseases from a mixture thereof, as the gout, palsie and old head-ach, made up into tables or Lozenges it h. wormes in children. *pilula de hermodactylis*, or the pills of *hermodactyls*, h. the gout & cold afflictions of the joynts, & are counted gentler then the *ſœtidæ*; & so appropriated, the D. is *dr. 1.* in the morning. also they are of kind to the *ſœtidæ*; consisting of such things as purge flegme, soften the same when hardened, melt & attenuate it when thickned, & make it more fit to be purged forth: and of such things as preserve the strength of the bowels; so that they powerfully draw thick humours from the remote parts of the body, especially from the joynts & limbs. They h. cold diseases of the head, nerves. and joynts; and will do almost all the former do, but not so effectually; the D. is *scr. 2.* to *drach 1.* and they must be given in the morning in bed, as all strong pills are usually given. *Crocomagma Damac. Gal.* or the *Troches of saffron*, are very expulsive, strengthen and heat the heart and stomach. *Oleum crocinum*, or the oil of saffron, h. pains in the

the nerves, and strengthens them, and mollifies the same h. pains of the matrix, and c. a good colour. *Emplastrum oxycroceum*, or the *saffron plaister*, mightily discusseth, h. broken bones, and parts grieved with cold, old aches, and stiffnesse of the limbs, c. by wounds ulcers, fractures, or dislocations, & dissipates cold swellings. *Bar.* it doth mollify and dissipate all kinds of swellings or hardness and h. pains of the joynts, and membrans of the bones. *Brug.* in anodyne, attractive, and comforting, h. pain of the cold gout, draweth out vapours by the pores, and so unloadeth of bad humours. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extract of diacarthamum* is drach. scm. to scr. 4. *Ern.* the oile of *saffron* h. pestilentiall feavers, heat of the head, stupidity, drowiness, vertigo, mania, phrensie, cramp & cynicall spasmie, lethargies, catarhs, hoarseness, quinsie, tooth-ach, evacuates spittle, heats binds opens strengthens the heart, h. its palpitation and sadnesse, sterility, conditomata, preserves the foetus, increaseth lust, h. hardness of the spleen, the collick, flatulency jaundise, gout, S. anthonies fire, the nerves, ligaments, muscles hurt, liver hot stops ichore, h. the elephantiasis and is hypnatick.

Sage. *Salvia*.

P. In gardens, almost every where.

T. Fl. in June or July, it's to be removed in March.

N: *Ἑσάλισσα* ♂. *Sacra herba Agrippa*. That of the wood *Scorodonta*. *Boscisalvia*, *Ruel*.

Sage. *Ger. J. K* as the great, small, *Indian*, mountain, apple bearing of Candy. and Candy without apples. T. Sage is manifestly hot, so *Sylv.* and dry initio 3^{ti}. of fine 2^d, and binding V. Being eaten, it preventeth abortion, closeth the matrix and maketh fruitful unc. 9. being d. with salt, as saith *Agrippa*. It h. the head quickeneth the senses and memory, strengtheneth the sinews, and h. the palsie c. by moisture. As an *errhine* it draweth out flegne, it h. the hæmoptysis, cough

cough, pains of the sides and bitings of serpents. The juice d. with hony h. the spitting and vomiting of blood, stoppereth the flux expelleth wind, dryeth the drop sic, h. the palfie, strengtheneth the sinewes, and cleanseth the blood the leaves sodden in water with woodbind leaves, plantain, rosemary, hony, allom and white wine, make an excellent water for the privities. and soreness of the mouth; especially being boiled with the sea cole, The leaves of red sage being put into a wooden dish with quick coales, and vinegar sprinkled thereon, then wrapped in a linnen cloth and applied hot to the side, h. stitches and paines of the plurisie. The ale hereof is very useful being made with scabious; betony spikenard, squinanth, and fennell seeds. Wood sage or Garlick sage. *Scorodonia*. T. is hot and dry, yet lesse than the common sage. V. it h. burstings dry beatings and wounds, *sc. the decoction* d. Also it provoketh urine and h. the French disease: causing sweat, drying ulcers, digesting humors and consuming swellings, being taken 30 or 40 dayes together, or put into the decoction of *Guajacum* instead of *epithymum* and other adjutories belonging to the said decoction *Begu*. The oile of sage h. all diseases of the brain and nerves, also the palfie apoplexie, convulsion &c. It strengtheneth and corroborateth the stomach, and provokes the courses: so *Renod*. Also it openeth & provoketh urine. *Park*. K. as the yellow wild with narrow leaves, French, small yellow of Candy and sage of virtue. V. It stops bleeding and cleanseth ulcers. *Agrip*. Taken with salt it h. conception, and pains taken by cold, The wood sage h. the palfie. *Lang*. a handful of sage chapped with as much salt, put into past baked dry, and rubbed on the teeth with a linnen cloth, h. their yellowness and stink.

French sage, see Woodymullein.

Sage of Jerusalem, or Bethlem see Lungwort,
or Cowslips of Jerusalem.

Saint

Saint Katharines flower. *Nigella Romana*.

P. In gardens, the wild amongst corne.

T. It must be sown in Aprill: it fl. in July.

N. Μελαΐθιον. Flos Divæ Cathar. Gith. *Melasperrum*.

Saint Katharins fl. Ger. ♀. K. as the garden, wild, damask double fl. damask & great Spanish nigella. T. the seed of the garden nigella is hot & dry 30. and of thin parts. V. the seed of the Roman nigella d. with wine h. the asthma, dissolveth windiness, provoketh urine and the menfes, moderately d. c. milk. The seed killeth and expelleth wormes d. with wine or water, or ap. to the navell; so the oile thereof. The seed parched powdered, and wrapped in piece of fine lawn h. all catarrhes, rheumes, and the poxe, dryeth the braine and h. the smelling being smelled to, and warmed, when used. It h. freckles, scurfes, and hard swellings ap. with vineger. Gal. It is an excellent remedy where there is need of clensing, drying and heating. It serveth also to be put among other odoriferous powders Park. Pena, the oile pressed out of the seed d. and ap. h. the hardnesse of the spleen and swelling thereof. Trag. The seed h. the breast and cormina: stamped and ap. to the forehead with rose vineger it h. the pleurisie. Bauh. decoct with vineger it h. the toothach: burnt it driveth away serpents.

St Maries seed, see Southistle seed.

Saligor, see Water-caltrops.

Sallow, see Willow.

Saltwort, see Black milk-wort.

Sampier. *Crithmum*. *

P. The second neer the sea, the 3d in marshes.

T. The first fl. in May and June, its gathered in August.

N. Κριθμόν. *Crithmum* Crescent. *Crithmum Marinum* Park.

Sampier. Ger. K. as the rock, thorney, and golden.
T. Gal.

T. Gal. It doth dry, warme, and scour. V. Diosc. The leaves, seeds and roots boiled in wine and d. provoke urine and menses, and h. the jaundise. The pickled leaves eaten in sallads with oile and vineger, open the liver, milt and kidnies, as also the bladder. It gently provoketh urine, openeth the opilations of the intrails. and c. appetite. It h. digestion, breaketh rhe stone and expelleth gravell. Dod. The leaves boiled in wine h. the Kings evill: the rest is affirmed by Parkinson. Col. It's thought to be hot & dry 2^o. and is very good to whet a dull stomach.

Sandever, see Glasse-wort.

Sanicle. *Sanicula*.

P. In shadowie woods and coppes almost every where.

T. Fl. in May and June: the seed is ripe in August.

N. *Diapensia Sanicula vulgaris*.

Sanicle. Ger. T. It's bitter and binding, cleansing and strengthening, hot and dry 2^o, or as others, 3^o. V. The juice d. h. wounds. The decoction made in wine or water h. the spitting of bloud, and the bloody flux: also filthy ulcers are cured by the bathing herewith. The herb boiled in water and ap. as a pultis doth wast cold swellings. It's used in vulnerary potions: it also h. the exulceration of the kidnies, and ruptures. Mountain sanicle. K as the spotted, and beares care sanicle. T. V. are hot and dry 3^o. Neese wort sanicle *Helleborine Alpina*. T. V. is not yet used. Brunfels. The i operates as confound. The powder d. fasting with hony and the juice of lyquorice h. obstructions by flegme. Park. The first stopperh womens courses, and the gonorrhœa d. in wine or water: also it binds, restrains, consolidates, and heales.

Great sanicle, see Ladies mantle.

Satyrior.

Satyrion. *Satyrion*.

P. It groweth in moist grounds, meadows &c.

T. It flowreth in May and June.

N. Σατύριον. Orchis. Palma Christi. *Satyrion Basilicum*.

Satyrion. Ger. *J. K.* as the male royall, female and Austrian banded. T. the roots are like *cynosorchis* in favour and tast, are thought to be like in faculty. Nic. Micol. The roots purge upwards and downward, and h. old quartan agues. Croll. The essence thereof is an excellent confortative and aphrodisiastick remedie and h. the decay of old age. The dose is from scr. 1. to 3. in muscadell, or the conserve roses, before bed time. Lonic. T. the three leaved is hot and moist, the royall hot and dry 2°. the seed d. h. the epilepsie Hieron. The water of the male d. h. all wounds. Renod. The roots being eondited are analeptick. Baugh. It's hot and moist, sweet in tast yet having an excrementitious, and flatulent humidity: so is aphrodisiastick. *Diasatyrion*, Pharm. Lond. Nich. or the *Elektuary* of the roots of Satyrion. h. weakness of the reins and bladder; also the dysury. It provokes lust, and h. impotency. The D. is drach. 2. at once. That more pleasaunt, Colon. increaseth seed also c. desire of copulation, and breaketh wind, used as the former. Also it powerfully incites to generation. cleanseth the kidnies moves urine, strengthens the back, warmes the stomach, quickens the senses and provokes womens monthly courses. the D. is drach. 2. or 3. or unc. sem. in cold bodies, in a cup of sack or muskadine so provoke to generation, or in hypocras; and in white or rhenish wine with a sponfull of syrup of mugwort compound to move urine or the courses.

Savin. *Sabina*.

P. In gardens, on hills, and in the woods of Candy.

T. It's alwaies green: the second bath alwayes berries:

N. Βράθυς, Βράθυ & Βράθυρον. *Savinera*.

Savin. Ger. *J. K.* as the barren, berry bearing, and lesse

lesse berry bearing. T. the leaves of *savin* (which are most used) are hot and dry 3^o. and of subtile parts. V. the leaves boiled in wine and d. provoke urine and the menses, expell the dead child, and kill the quick: so the *fume* taken. The leaves stamped with hony and ap. h. ulcers, stay phagedens, and take away spots and freckles. The leaves boiled in oile olive kill the worms, being anointed on the belly; so the powder of the leaves given in milk. The fine powder of the leaves strewed upon excrescencies *sub praputio* caused by accompanying with unclean women, doth perfectly heale them: and if they are inveterate, the fine powder of *auripigmentum* also must be added that it may be more corrosive, and therefore it's to be used with discretion. *Senn.* the leaves h. the fungias also the roots of round birth wort, angelica, acorus, and other dryers, and ligature. *Park.* being used in drenches it cureth the bors in horses &c. *Hart.* A spoonfull of the distilled water taken h. the suppression of the menses. *Cyrt.* It dissolveth the tartar in the veines of the matrix. *De Dond.* The oile h. the cold fits of agues. *Stock.* a pessarie hereof with round birthwort, and cresses p. eq. with nears gall, expelleth the fetus. *Park.* It h. carbuncles. *Matth. scr.* 1. of the powder with unc. 3. of nitre and 2. of hony. h. shortwinds: it h. the Kings evill, and scabs &c.

Saunders. *Santalum.* *

P. It groweth in the East Indies, Timor &c.

T. They are green all the yeare.

N. *Sandalum.* *Sandal.* Arab. The white and yellow
Hanga Ind.

Saunders. *Ger. J.* T. The yellow and white are hot 3^o. dry 2^o. the red are not so hot. V. the decoction made in water h. burning agues, the flux of the menses, erysipelas gout and all inflammations, especially m. with the juice of night shade, housleek or purslain, The
R white

white m. with rose-water and the temples bathed therewith h. the pain of the megrim: and prevent defluxions from falling down to the eyes. *Avic.* It h. all passions of the heart and doth exhilarate, therefore it's good to be used in *collises*, & corroborating jellies. The *red saunders* are astringent and corroborating, but not cordiall as the other two, they serve also to give a pleasant colour unto meats. *Weck.* It's cold 3°. dry 2°. *Col.* They are cold and dry 2° or 3°. the *red* is more cooling and binding, yet least used. The *yellow* is the best, next the *white*. The *second* stops blood, the *powder* h. the gonorrhœa and whites. *Park.* Ap. to womens breasts with purslaine the *yellow* keeps them down. *Diatrion santalen*, *Phar. Lond* or the *Composition of saunders*, h. much against the heat of the stomach, liver, yellow jaundice, and consumptions of the lungs: the *D.* is drach. 1. of the powder, or 2 of the electuary. *Trochisci de santalis*, or the *Troches of saunders* are harmless and like those of spodium. Also they strengthen the liver diseased by choller and hot humours. they mitigate and digest choller, and fit it for expurgation. they h. spitting of blood, flux of the courses or whites, consumptions or hectick feaver, and coughs from over thin and sharp humours. they temper the acrimony of the sperme, h. gonorrhœa's, and hinder proneness to copulation. *Ceratum santalinum*, or the *cerecloth of saunders*, much h. hot infirmities of the stomach, and liver, &c. if applyed. Also it's excellent in hot infirmities of any part, & asswageth all phlegmonous tumours, and all hot distempers of the inward parts effectually, being applyed to the respective regions. It's good to apply to the liver in the yellow jaundice, and in such as have inflamed faces, and are troubled with a burning heat in the palmes of the hands and soles of the feet after dinner and supper, and in the night. It's good in hectick feavers used to the region of the liver and chest. In gonorrhœas and weakness of the back from hot humours, it's good used to the reins of the back, and in the pissing disease. Used to the whole belly

P. In
T. F.
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Sav
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tures,
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belly it asswages a cholerick looseness, and dysentery. applied to the region of the womb and loins it checks the whites, and worne on the reins, it prevents nocturnal pollution.

Savorie. *Satureia*.

P. In gardens being sowne there.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. Θύμβρον & Θύμβρα. *Thymbra. Cunila Collumell.*

Savorie. Ger. *J.* K. as the winter, summer. rocke, and that of Candy. T. winter savorie. is hot and dry 3°. it attenuateth, cutteth, clenseth, and is of like vertue with Tyme. Summer savorie is not so hot; so more fit for medicine. V. It attenuateth and h. winde, therefore it's good to be eaten with beanes, and other windy pulses. Ap. to the belly in a fomentation it h. the affects of the mother c. by winde. Borel. Cent: 2. Obs: 53. The juice hereof d. h. the dropsie, with a suffumigation of wax. Hartm. The decoction thereof with wine used as a gargarisme or lotion h. the aphæ. Park. It provoketh the courses, and h. women with child, and (as some) it h. decayed desire of coiture, and the appetite. it expectorath flegme, and as an errhine h. the lethargy. The juice is ophthalmick, paralytick, and acoustick.

Sauce alone, see Jack by the hedge.

Saw-wort. *Serratula*.

P. In woods, shadowie places, and meadowes.

T. Fl. in July, and August.

N. Serretta Casalp. & Cerretta: Centauroides Thal.

Saw-wort. Ger. K. as the purple, and white flowered. V. it's wonderfull commended for wounds and ruptures, &c. and is referred to the temperature of Sanicle. Recch. That of Mexico. V. Is hot 40. and sharp. V. Drach. 2, of the root d. in unc, 10. of water strengthen

R 2

the

the stomack, & h. pains c. by cold. It discusseth, h. flatulencies, and the collick. It provoketh urine and the termes, and h. all cold distempers, and c. venery. *Bauh: Tab:* The 1 is hot and dry 2^o. ap. with wine it h. the hemorrhoides.

Saxifrage *Saxifraga*.

P. In fields and meadows, almost every where.

T. Fl. from Aprill to September.

N. Σαξίφραγρον. *Saxifragon* Diosc. The golden. *Hepatica palustris*, Eystet.

Saxifrage. Ger. J. K. as the English. and Austrian. T. Stone-break is hot and dry 3^o. V. A decoction made with the seeds and roots hereof, breaketh the stone in the bladder, and kidnies, and h. the strangury, and dysury. The root boiled in wine, and the decoction drunk provokes the termes, and expells the dead child. The powder of the root taken with sugar comforteth and warmeth the stomack, and h. the gripings of the belly. It h. the collick and ventosities. In Cheshire the women use to put it in their rennet for cheese. White saxifrage. K. as the common, and white rock, with the golden saxifrage. T. the first (especially the root and seed) is hot: the last is cold. V. the root of the first boiled in wine and doth provoketh urine, cleanse the kidnies and bladder, breaketh and expelleth the stone, h. the strangury, lo Weck. c. milk, and h. all griefes of the reins. the last is thought to be vulnerary, and equall with sanicle. That of the Antients with the great saxifrage of Matth: lithontriprick, as the former. Burnet saxifrage. *pimpinella saxifraga*. K. as the common, and small. T. both with their seeds, leaves, and roots are hot and dry 3^o. and of subtile parts. V. The seed or roots d. in wine, or the decoction thereof h. the strangury, stoppings of the kidnies and bladder, and expelleth urine. The juice of the leaves doth cleanse and take away spots and freckles

of the face, and c. a good colour. The *distilled water* thereof m. with vineger in the distillation cleareth the sight, and h. amblyopie. *Trag.* That is the best, which hath *white fl.* *Renol.* Briefely it doth attenuate, incide, digest, open, purge, and expell. *Park.* K. as *Lobels* west country, *Mr. Goodyers marsh*, the 1. *Candy*, and *Bavarian.* V. With quick grasse roots expell the stone. *Burnet saxifrage*, V. h. the mother and collick.

Scabious. *Scabiosa.*

P. In pastures, meadowes, corne fields, &c.

T. It flowreth and flourisheth in summer.

N. *Jōg. Aetii.* *Stabe Diosc. Anth. Pandet.*

Scabious. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, common small, middle, corne, purple fl. the red of *Austrich*, mountaine, white mountaine, *Spanish*, strange, sheepes, hairie sheeps, daisie leaved, yellow, childing, red *Indian*, and summer scabious. T. Scabious is hot and dry fine secund. or almost 3°. of subtile parts, cutting, attenuating, and concocting grosse humours. V. It scoureth the chest and lungs, h. old cougs, asthma's, and paines in the sides &c. it provoketh urine, and expelleth rotten matter by the bladder, c. by apostumes. the decoction d. for sundry daies and the juice ap. in ointments h. scabs. It h. the bitings of serpents, and stinging of venemous beasts, d. and ap. the juice d. especially with treacle c. sweat, and consumeth plague sores, being given often in the beginning. So *Mind.* It is thought also to h. all pestilent fevers. *Recch. K.* as the shrubby scabious of *Mexico.* T. The root is sharp, odoriferous, and of thin parts, hot and dry 3°. V. It h. paines of the belly, & purgeth, *Park. K.* as the lesser field, white *Hungarian*, white fl. greater mountain and globe *Sca.* V. h. wounds and cold tumours. *Syrupus scabiose Pharm. Lond.* or the syrup of scabious, cleanseth and is appropriated to the breast and lungs; when oppressed by flegme, crudities, or stoppings taking now and then *cob!* 1. Also it h. the scab and itch. Also it's

good for coughs inclining to a consumption. It opens obstructions of the spleen and stops an immoderate flux of the whites. *unc.* 1. may be taken in colts foot or scabious water, *Valentia scabios.* or the ointment of *scabious*, h. the itch. Also it hath its name from the activity of this herb, and it's excellent against all scabs itch and manginess. It h. the lungs stuffed with thick and flegmatick excrements, being anointed upon the region of the chest, It's excellent against pestientiall swellings and carbuncles, which it cures in 3. or 4. dayes space, with a little champhire its good against morphews, freckle tetterers ringworms, and white filmes growing over the eyes. Its good to anoint ulcers with from the venereall disease.

Silver scabious, *see* Lilver knepweed.

Scabwort, *see* Elecampane.

Scariole, *see* Endive.

Sciatica grasse, *see* Wild-creesses.

Close sciences, *see* Dames violers.

Scorpion grasse. *Scorpioides.*

P. The 1. and 2d. in gardens. the rest in waters, and banks.

T. The 1 fl. from May till August. the rest all summe.

N. *Σκορπιονίδης*. *Telephium verum* Diosc. Bauh. Guil.

Scorpion grasse. Ger. J. K. as the common, that of *Matthiolas*, water, and mouseare scorpion grasse. T. V. Diosc. The leaves ap. h. the stingings of scorpions, so Dod. So also boiled in wine and d. and h. the bitings of adders, snakes, and venomous beasts. being made into an unguent with oyle, wax, and a little gum elemi, they h. such hurts, as require a healing medicine. *Matth. Gal.* It's hot 30. dry 20. so *Camerar. Park.* K. as the greater, and smaller rough Scorp. V. The last is of the nature of the meadow trefoiles, being of the same taste.

Scurvy

Scurvy-grasse. *Cochlearia*.

P. It groweth by the sea side.

T. It fl. and flourisheth in May. the seed is ripe in June.

N. *Telephium quorundam. Cochleariam* Dod. Bauh.

Scurvy-grasse, Ger. K. as the common, round leaved and common English Sc. T. Is evidently hot and dry, like in tast and quality to the garden cresses. V. The juice d. in ale or beere, h. rotten ulcers, and stench of the mouth, it h. the scorbute or scurvy, the juice being drunk: or the herbe d. in milke, or the infusion, six great handfulls bruised, being steeped, with long pepper, graines, annise-seed, and liquorice bruised, an: unc: i. and the juiced. fasting every day in any liquor doth facilitate the working thereof, and cause it to operate more speedily The herbe stamped and laied unto spots and blemishes of the face, will take them away within 6 houres; but the place must be washed after with water wherein bran hath been sodden. Col: the decoction openeth obstructions, & evacuateth cold, clammy, & melancholy, as also phlegmatick humours. The juice h. ulcers of the mouth, and cleanseth the skinne. Park. The Dutch is the best. and clenseth the blood, liver, and spleen. The conserve of the round leaved h. weak stomachs.

Scottish Scurvy grasse, see Bindweed.

Sea caule, see Soldenella.

Sea Bells, see bind-weed.

Sea cluster. *Uva marina*. *

P. On dry banks and sandy places neere the sea.

T. The fl. thereof is ripe in Autumne.

N. Tegy^o. *Traganis*. The last, *Tragos Matth¹*

Sea cluster. Ger. K. as the small, great shrubby, and bastard sea grape, T. the berries, and especially the seeds

are styptick, and dry fine *secundi*. V. Diosc. the raisins stay the flux, and the whites in women, when they much abound.

Sea dock, see Brank urfine.

Sea Fan, see Sea-feather.

Sea-feather. *Corallina plumata*. *

P. It groweth in the deepest streames of the Illyrian sea.

T. They grow up from the fallen scales, it's brittle when dry.

N. *Myriophyllum Pelagicum Cortusi*, *Muscus mar: foliis filicis*.

Sea-feather. *Johns*: T. it's vulnerary V. It helpeth the virulent bitings of sea serpents, and the venomous stings or prickles of fishes. Applied to small green wounds it cures them in the space of 24 houres. *Cortus*. It killeth and voydeth wormes, and is as effectuell as coralline, and to be given in lesse quantity. So *Parkinson*. Sea Fan. *Fratex marinus reticulatus*, T.V. is not yet used in physick.

Sea Raisin, see Sea cluster.

Sebesten-tree. *Myxos*. *

P. In Syria, Egypt, and Italy.

T. The time answereth that of the common plums.

N. ΜΥΞΟ. Sebesten, Arab. Myxa, the fr. and Myxarion

Sebesten-tree. T. *sebestens* are temperately cold and moist, of a clammy substance, much nourishing; yet apt to stop the intrails, and c. inflammations. V. they h. the roughnesse of the throat and lungs, and quench thirst, taken alone, or in *loboch's Drach. 10. or unc. 1. sem.* of the pulp being inwardly taken doth loose the belly. hereof is made a purging electuary, which is to be used fresh

fresh, it quickly moulding. *Lonic.* The fruit killeth wormes and h. the reines. *Park.* They coole any intemperate heate of the stomack or liver; and therefore h. horagues, and purge choler. They h. distillations on the lungs, sharp urine, paine of the sides, and commo-
urs ap.

Seggion, see Ragwort.

Seggs, see Water-Flowerdeluce.

Selfe heale. *Prunella.*

P. The 1. groweth in fields: the 2d. in gravelly ground.

T. They fl. almost all summer long.

N. *Brunella. solidago minor, & Consolida. synphytum petraum.*

Selfe-heale. *Gsr. K.* as the common, that of *Lobel*, and the white flowred. T. are moderately hot and dry, and something binding V. the decoction made with wine and water, doth consolidate all wounds inward, and outward. The herbe bruised with oyle of roses and vinegar, and ap. to the forehead h. the paine thereof also it operates as bugle, and is most excellent for wounds. It h. the infirmities of the mouth, and especially the roughness, blackness, and dryness of the tongue, with a swelling in the same, which happeneth to souldiers that lie in the campe, with a continuall ague and frensie the cure is by the decoction hereof gargled, after phlebotomie, sc. of the veines of the tongue. *Borel. Cent. 1. Obs. 22.* The herbe stamped and ap h. plague sores. *Park:* It stops the flux of blood, and h. the sharpness of humours It clenseth and healeth ulcers, and h. broken bones.

R 5

Sene.

Sene. Senna.

P. In Syria, Italy, France, &c.

T. In Italy it is sown in May.

N. Κολυτρία, the bastard. The 1 Abalzemer Pers.

Sene. Ger. K. as that of the East, and Italian. T. It inclineth to heate, and is dry fere 3°. It purgeth gently, and leaveth a certaine binding quality behinde it. V. It purgeth flegme and choler, and melancholy with coadjutors. It purgeth gently, and is safe for all ages, tempered with annise-seed the dose of the powder is drach: 1. in the infusion 4, 5, or more. It may be mixed with any liquor. In hot diseases cold things are to be added to the infusion, or decoction: in cold infirmities, hot opening simples, or else it's to be steeped in wine. The leaves are the chiefest parts, yet slow of operation, and are therefore to be helped by *sal gemma*. rubarb, agarick, electuary of roses &c. they serve to purge all people, yet are windy and trouble the stomach, therefore there must be added cinnamon, ginger, annise-seed, fennell seed, raisins of the sunne, &c. It purgeth when infused, better than when it is boiled, also then it becometh more windie. take borragge, buglosse, balme, fumitorie, an: drach: 3. sene of Alexandria pp. unc: 2. strew the powder on the herbes and distill them, then reserve the water for use, to purge the delicate, being given in white wine and sugar. To purge flegme and melancholy from the breast and other parts, in all ages and sexes: take the powder of sene pp. unc: 2. of the powder of the roots of mechoacan drach: 4. powder of ginger, annise-seeds, of each a little, with a small q. of sal-gem, m. The dose is 1 or 2 spoonfulls to be taken in potrage or white wine. The leaves are used in baths with commomill to wash the head: they open all the inward parts, and h. all griefes of the principall parts. to purge the head, take sene pp. unc: 1. ginger drach: sem: 12 cloves, fennell seed drach: 2, or in stead thereof cinnamon and tartar an: drach: sem: powder all together

gether, and take thereof *drach* 1. in white wine before supper; or take of sene pp. *unc. sem.* of raisins of the sun without the stones 60, of annise seeds braied one spoonfull, boile these in a quarr of ale, till one halfe be wasted, let it stand till the morning, then put to the colature, a little ginger; and soure spoonfulls of syrup of roses, shake all together for 2 doses, on severall daies. *Rhas.* *sene* and fumitory purge adust humours, and h. scabs, itch, and cachexies. *Sene* infused in whay, and then a little boiled purgeth melancholy, and cleanseth the braine, heart, liver, milt, and lungs, it causeth a fresh countenance, exhilarates, cleareth the sight, strengtheneth the hearing, and h. old feavers, and diseases c. by melancholy. *Bastard Sene. Colutea. K.* as the common, scorpion coddred, *dwarfe*, mountaine, and the smallest *bastard sene. T. V.* serve only to fatten cattle, especially sheepe. *Paracels.* The leaves of *sena* and roses *f. q.* boiled in whay with a little *benedicta laxativa* taken h. the bitings of a mad dog. *Mef.* It's hot *initio secundi*, dry 10. *Serap.* It's a little hot and dry. *Aver.* It's dry 20. *Horst. scr. 1.* of the quintessence h. flegme and choler. *Park. Serap.* the 1 h. in raving diseases, the epilepsie, and palsey. *Dur.* It h. h. soule ulcers ap. the *bastard* is stronger. *Decoctum senæ Gereonis, Pharm. Lond.* or the *Decoctio of sene*, is a common decoction for any purge, adding appropriate simples or compounds; but it chifely purgeth melancholy. Also this decoction of *Gereon*, is well composed and tasted, and so fit to make the basis of a purge in melancholick bodies and diseases. *Pulvis senæ compositus major*, or the powder of *sena* of the greater composition h. the wind collick and stoppages of the guts and kidnies, *drach. 2.* being taken in white wine, the weak may take a less, keeping within, it being a purger. Also its good in hypocondriac melancholy and stoppages of urine by wind or gravel, and for the head ach from wines, and singing or tickling in the eares, the D. is *scr. 2.* or *drach. 1.* in white wine or sack. *Pulvis senæ, compositus minor* or that of the lesser composition, purgeth melancholy

sholy and cleanseth the head; the D. is *drach. 2.* *Dia'sena vel pulvis sanctus*, or, the holy powder. is not fit for children or the weake, others may take *drach. 1.* or *drach. 1. sem.* with white wine, in the morning, drinking warm posset 2 hours after, & after 6. eating warme mutton, and keeping warm that day. Also it purgeth melancholy chifely, and h. all diseases of the body or mind thence arising: the D. may be *drach. sem.* or *scr. 2.* in white wine with *unc. sem.* of the lenitive electuary, or in hot bodies with *cichory* or *fumitory water unc. 3.* and *drach. 6.* of electuary lenitive to *drach. sem.* of the powder & it's not so dangerous as some have thought. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extract of sena* is *scr. 2.* or *drach. 1.* and more *Schrod.* the *tincture s. cloff.* is given in broth to *chocl. 2.*

Sen-green, see Houseleek.

Sensitive herbe. *Herba mimosa.*

P. It groweth in the west Indies.

T. It rises with the sun.

N. *Frutex sensibilis. Herba Melle & delicata Acofta.*

Sensitive herb. *Johns.* T. *Acoft.* It hath the tast of licorice, and smell also. V. The leaves are eaten by the Indians against the cough, to cleanse the chest, and cleare the voice. It is also thought good against the paines of the kidnies, and to heale green wounds. *Park.* It h. shortnesse of breath, and expectoratedh flegme. Ap. it c. sleepe, it h. fluxes, tertians, and heat.

Field Senvie, see Mustard.

Serapias stones. *Orchis Serapias.*

P. Their place is as that of the other Orchides.

T. They flourish in May, and June.

N. *Entaticos Thal. Panion. Testiculus leporinus.*

Serapias stones. Ger. J. K. as the white, and red
banded

handed orchis, marish, fenny, mountain, sweet smelling, gilded, and 1 and 2d frog satyrion. T. V. they are thought to be like the Satyrion royall, and to produce the same effects, though not so much used in physick.

Serpents tongue, see Adders-tongue.

Service-tree. *Scorbus.*

P. In woods and groves, in most places.

T. Fl. in March, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. "On γ "Oua. *Sorbus* sc. the 1. The 2d. *Torminalis.*

Service-tree. *Ger. K.* as the *forb-tree*, and common service-tree. T. service berries are cold & binding, especially when hard. V. they stop the belly, and are of little grosse and cold nourishment. They h. all manner of fluxes, the bloody flux and vomiting: So *Mac.* being cut and dryed before they are ripe, they serve to stop bleeding. They become soft by laying them in hay or chaffe, *Lugd. Gal.* They are attringent, yet lesse than medlars. *Renod.* They are acerb, and strengthen the body. *Paré. K.* as the wild, *Aria Theoph.* V. services serve to stay the bleedings of wounds, & at the mouth or nose, ap, to the forehead and nape of the neck.

Wild Service-tree, see Quicken tree.

Sesamoides, see Bastard wood.

Ser foile, see Tormentil.

Serwall, see Valerian.

Serwall mountaine, see Celtick spicknard.

Setter-wort, see Black-hellebore.

Shadow-grasse, see Wood-grasse.

Share-wort, see Starre-wort.

Shave-grasse, see Horse-taile.

Sheep killing, see *Colyledon aquatica.*

Shepherds-

Shepheards-needle. *Scandix*.

P. In corne fields, especially among wheat.

T. Fl. in May: the seed is ripe in August.

N. Σκάνδιξ. *Diosc.* *Pecten Veneris*, *Scam.* *scanaria*.

Shepheards needle. *Ger.* *J. K.* as the common and small. *T. Gal.* It's bitter, and somewhat binding, hot and dry fine *secundi.* or *initio tertii.* *V. Diosc.* its an unwholsome potherb. The decoction h. the bladder, kidneys and liver, as of the chervill also *Schwenckf.* The creeping is more bitter and sharp, hot and dry 30. diuretick purging the reines and bladder. It opens the liver and h. the strangury. *Gal.* The first h. the obstructions of the bowels. *Park.* *K.* as the small and greater of Candy. *V.* it's styptick, and stoppeth the belly. The seed d. with vineger presently stayeth the hickock, and used in oniments h. burnings. *Plin.* the root ap. with mallows is magnetick. *Bell.* It c. venery and conception.

Shepheards-purse. *Bursa pastoris*.

P. Neere high ways, in untilled places, by walls.

T. Fl. flourisheth and seedeth all the summer.

N. *Pera pastoris.* *Thlaspi fatuum* *Gesn.* *Herba cancri* *Durantis.*

Shepheards-purse. *Ger.* *K.* as the common and small. *T.* are cold. so *Bras.* and dry. *Ruel.* and binding; but *Lobel* and *Pæna* judge them hot and dry. *V.* the herb stoppeth bleeding in any part of the body, the juice or decoction being drunk; or ap. in a clyster it h. the bloody flux, healeth green and bleeding wounds, h. inflammations in the beginning, and hot diseases. The decoction stops lasks, spitting of blood and all other fluxes: so *Myl. For. lib.* 18. *Obs.* 18. The water hereof with that of purslain and plantain an. unc. i. the troches of sealed earth and *de carabe an drach. sem.* taken h. vomiting of blood. *Park.* The juice instilled h. running eares.

Shep-

Shepheards scrip, see Shepheards purse.

Sickle-wort, see Bugle.

Siler mountain, see Bastard lovage,

Silver-bush, *Jovis barba frutex.*

P. It groweth on the hill *Selius neere Agatha &c.*

T. Fl. in May: the seed is ripe in July.

N. *Jovis arbor*, or *frutex* to distinguish it from *Sedum majus.*

Silver-bush. *Park. T. T.* It's not yet used in physick untill the virtues thereof be better known. *Bauh.* it's very pleasant to be planted in gardens, and about walks and allys.

Silver-thistle, see white cotton thistle.

Silver plate, see white satin flower.

Silver-weed, see wild Tansie.

Sick-field, see Cinquefoile.

Skirrets. *Sisarum.*

P. They grow in gardens when planted there.

T. The roots are to be set in March and April.

N. *Σίσυρυς*. *Sifer. Servillum.* Sugar-root.

Skirrets *Ger. T.* the roots are hot and moist, of easie concoction they nourish cleanly, and are of indifferent good juice, some thing windie and c. ventry: so *Dod.* V. they are eaten boiled with vineger, salt and a little oile after the manner of a *sallad*, or fryed in oile and butter. The juice of the roots d. with goats milk stops the lask. d. with wind it expelleth wind out of the stomach, it h. the gripings of the belly, and hicker, it c. appetite and provoketh urine: so *Bauh. Oribas.* The root is hot 20. a little bitter, and astringent: so *Gal. Park. K.* as that of *Syria.* V. it consumeth the stone and gravell.

Skirtwort

Skirtwort, *see* Skirrets.

Sleep-wort, *see* Lettuce.

Sloe-tree, *see* Bulleis tree.

Smallage. *Paludarium.*

P. In moist ground, and salt marshes.

T. Fl. with the garden parsley, the seed is ripe in July.

N. ΕΛΙΟΣΕΛΙΝΟΥ *Apium rusticum. Eleoselinon.*

Smallage. *Ger. T.* It's hotter, dryer, and stronger than the garden parsley, and so is seldom eaten. V. the juice cleanseth openeth and attenuateth, it provokes urine, h. long agues c. by cold, and obstructions; also it h. the yellow jaundise and venemous ulcers of the mouth and almonds of the throat; with the decoction of barley and *mel rosarum* or hony of roses added, and the parts washed therewith: it also h. all outward ulcers and foul wounds, with hony it h. exulcerated cankers, and preserveah them from putrefaction. The seed operates as that of the garden parsley; yet it's not so safe, hurting those that are epileptick. *Plin.* It h. the bitings of venemous spiders. The juice mixed with hony and bean flower doth make an excellent *mundificative* for old ulcers and malignant sores, and stoppeth the weeping of hurt sinews in simple members, and bringeth the same to perfect digestion. The leaves boiled in hogs grease and made into the forme of a pulvis, h. felons and whitlowes in the fingers, and ripen and heale them. *Park. T.* the herb is a little warming: the seed more and h. winde in the stomach. It provokes the courses, cutteth flegme and h. the tertian and quartan agues. The seed kills wormes h. stinking breath. *Unguentum ex apio, Pharm. Lond.* or, the ointment of smallage, is a fine, and very gentle cleanser of wounds, and ulcers. Also it opens obstruction: of the liver and spleen. used to the hypochondries. It provokes urine annointed upon the region of the kidneys and share, Its good against the wind chollick, used to the

the belly, It cleares the stuffing of the lungs, used up-
on the chest.

Small honesty, *see* Pinks.

Garden Smilax, *see* Kidney-beane.

Snakes-bugloss, *see* Vipers bugloss.

Snake root of Virginia, *see* Birthwort.

Snake-weed. *Bistorta*.

P. The first groweth in moist places and shadowie woods.

T. Fl. in May the seed is ripe in June.

N. Colubrina. Britanica. That of *Virg. Polyrrhizos Virg.*

Snake-weed. *Ger. K.* as the common and small. *T.* It doth cool and dry 3^o. *V.* the juice ap. h. the polypus; d. in wine or water of angelica, it h. the bitings of venomous beasts. The root boiled in wine and d. stoppeth the lask and bloody flux and womens courses; also it h. vomiting and the inflammation of the mouth, and throat being often held in the mouth, fasteneth the teeth *Recch. That of Mexico.* *T.* is almost without sapor or odor cold and glutinous. *V.* The decoction of the root h. the dysentery, asthma, feavers, and pains. Being taken into the nostrils it stops the hæmorrhage. *Park. K.* as the small Alpine, and variable leaved. *V. Drach. 1.* of the root h. all infectious diseases, bleeding ruptures and the jaundise, ap. it h. sores and the gonorrhœa. *That of Virginia.* h. the plagues.

Snap-dragon, *see* Calves snour.

Sneese-wort. *Ptarmica.*

P. The first groweth in barren pastures, and the rest in gardens.

T. It flowereth in May, June and July.

N. πταρμική. Sternutamentaria. Draco Sylvestris & Tarcon.

Sneese-wort. *Ger. K.* as the common double flowered
and

and that of *Austrich*. T. they are dry and hot 30. *Mac*. V. the juice mixt with vinegar and held in the mouth h. the tooth-ach: the herb chewed and held in the mouth is an *apophlegmatisme*, and worketh like the pellitory of *Spaine*. *Recch*. K. as that of *India*. T. is hot and dry fere 40. and of subtile parts. V. Taken into the nostrils it h. the headach: ap. it h. quartan agues, its diuretick, ecphraetick, hydrotick, and anodyne. Ap. it h. the itch and dropsies. *Park*. K. as the smaller of *Spaine*. V. it operates as scabious.

Snow drops, see Bulbous violet.

Solomons seale. *Polygonatum*.

P. It groweth in woods, in deverse places.

T. It flowreth in May, the fruit is ripe in Sept.

N. *πολυδατον*: *Sigillum Salomonis*. *Scalacali*.
Secacul Monardi.

Solomons seale. Ger. K. as the common, small, sweet smelling, branched, & narrow leaved. T. Gal the roots have a kind of astringtion and biting with all, as also a loathsome bitterneffe, sc. those of the other climates. V. Diosc. the roots ap. glurinate wounds and broken bones. The green roots stamped and ap. h. any bruise, or blew spots in one or two nights. Ap. as a *pultis* they take away the paine of luxations, and inflammations, and knit the joynts. the juice of the same d. in ale or white wine, or the decoction thereof made in wine, h. any inward bruise and disperfeth congealed bloud. *Matth*. the water drawn out of the roots scoureth the face from sun burning, freckles and morpew, and such like deformities of the skin *Mac*. and are cosmetick. *Park*. K. as that of *Virginia*, and cluster-like of *America*, with the greater and lesse thorow leaved yellow. V. the roots purge viscou humors. Chewed it's an *apoflegmatisme*: and as an *er-rhine c*. sneezing. It h. vomiting, all fluxes, ruptures, and moisture.

Summer-fools, *see* Bulbous violets.

Summer-wort, *see* Birth wort.

Prick-Songwort, *see* White satinflower.

Sope-wort. *Saponaria.*

P. In gardens, and neer to rivers in sunny places.

T. It flowreth in June and July.

N. Στρηβιον Diosc. Fuch. The first, *Viola agrestis* Trag.

Sope-wort. Ger. T. I'ts hor, dry, and scouring. V. *Johns.* It h. against the French disease, a decoction thereof being thus made: take of fresh sope wort two handfulls, steep them all night in lib. 8. of water, then boile them sufficiently, after which strain the herbes with lib. 1. sem. of the water; of which take in the morning unc. 7. or 8. and edulcerate the rest with raisins or sugar, for a dyet drinke: in the summer time, and for cholerick complexions, adde a handfull of sowthistles; and for women, Italian bastard navell-wort, and dropwort an. M. sem. against the whites. Ap. it h. inflammations in green wounds, and quickly healeth them. Park. Some use it against the dropsie. Borel. The powder of the seed d. once in a month q. drach. 1. h. the epilepsie. Park. K. as the common and hollow leaved V. some use it to heale cuts provoke urine, and to helpe the stone and dropsie.

Sorbe-tree. *see* Service-tree.

Sorcerers-garlick, *see* Moly.

Sorell. *Acetosa.*

P. The first, third, and fifth, grow on ditch banks &c. the other in gardens.

T. It fl. and flourisheth with the dock.

N. Όξυς. Αναξυς η̃ οξυλαπαθον Gal.

Sorrell. Ger. K. as the common, knobbed, sheeps, round leaved,

leafed, and *small*. T. they are moderately cold and dry. V. It doth coole and mightily dry, and being soure cutteth tough humors. The *juice* cooleth an hot stomack, and liver, it openeth the same, and causeth appetite. the *leaves* are used in the decoctions for agues, the leaves in a good quantity strained into ale, and a posset made thereof, coole and h. the thirst of those that are troubled with pestilent fevers. so *Montag. Ficin. Joub. Rud. Querc. Renod. Valler. &c.* It h. hot agues, or inward inflammations, the *leaves* sodden and eaten as meate loosen the belly, and coole the blood exceedingly. the *seed* d. in red wine stoppeth the laske and bloody flux. *Wood sorrell. Lujula* K. as the *white*, and *yellow*. T. are cold and dry like sorrell. V. Stamped and used for *green sauce* it h. those that have feeble stomach and c. appetite. It h. purrified ulcers of the mouth, quencheth thirst, and mightily cooleth hot pestilentiall feavers, especially being made with a *syrrup* of sugar. *Mac.* the herb tempers choler. *Avic.* It's cold 10, and dry 20. *Park. K.* as the *great of Germany*, *tuberous rooted*, *Candy, Indian*, that with *swollen huskes*, and *tall narrow leafed*. V. the *roots* h. the jaundise & stone, the *juice* h. the itch and scrophulaes.

Sorrel du bois, see Woodsorrel.

Sorrowfull tree. *Arbor tristis.* *

P. In the East Indies, especially in Goa.

T. At the rising of the Sun it seemeth sad.

N. *Guart Arab.* In Goa it's called *Parizataco*.

Sorrowfull-tree. *Ger.* T. It's temperature is not certainly known. V. The Indians use the *stalkes* of the *flowers* hereof in stead of saffron to colour their meats, or dye yellow with. It is reported, that if a linnen cloth be steeped in the *distilled water* of the *flowers*, and the *cies* bathed therewith, it h. the itching and paine thereof, and stops the defluxions. The *splinters* of the wood

are used to make *tooth-picks* of, and *toys* for pleasure.
Park. Both flowers and fruit doe comfort the heart,
 and refresh the fainting spirits, being bitter.

Southernwood. *Abrotonum.*

P. In open and sunny places, in gardens &c.

T. The buttons thereof flourish in Aug.

N. Ἀβρότονον. *Cathsum Arab. Kefum vel Gaissum.*


Southernwood. *Ger. K.* as the female, male, dwarf, or
 unsavourie, and wild. *T.* is hot and dry fine tertii. it also
 doth distribute, and rarifie. so *Oribas.* *V.* the tops, flow-
 ers, and seeds boiled and stampd with water, and d. h.
 the orthopnoea, crampes, shrinking of the sinewes,
 sciatica and dysury, and provoketh the termes. It kill-
 eth and expelleth wormes. d. with wine it resists poi-
 sons, h. the stinging of scorpions, and field spiders; but
 it hurts the stomach. *Stamped* and m. with oile it h.
 cold shiverings c. by agues and heateth the body, be-
 ing anointed therewith before the fit. Pounded with
 barley meale and ap. it h. pushes. Ap. as a *pultis* with
 the crums of bread, or pulp of a roasted quince, it h. the
 inflammation of the eyes. The ashes hereof m. with oile
 of *palma Christi*, of radish, sweet marjerome, or organie
 h. the alopecia. The fume driveth away serpents, it is
 said also that being laid under the head it c. venery. the
 powder of the seed d. in wine h. the dysury, expelleth,
 wasteth, and digesterh all cold humors, and slimie, that
 usually stop the spleen, kidnies and bladder. the leaves
 boiled in water till soft, and stamped with barley maale
 and barrowes grease, unto the forme of a *plaster*, dis-
 solve and waste all cold tumors and swellings being ap-
 plied thereto *Schrod.* It's incisive, a little astringent,
 mundifying, greatly discutient, and resisteth putrefacti-
 on and poyson. It's diuretick, hystericall, and h. the
 Kings evill. ap. it roborateth, and doth exiccate the
 bones. and because the tops thereof beare the signature
 of haire, it cureth (as the same author affirmeth) the
 alopecia

alopecia. *Fum.* The juice hereof, with that of rue and wormewood, and the meale of barley and lupines. ap. kills wormes. *Untz.* It h. the plague: so *Mizald.* *Palm.* *Tabern. Park.* K. as the tree southernw. small sweet, field, and hoary field South. V. Ap. it drawes out splinters, the ashes dry ulcers. *Durant.* the oile with other ointments h. the French pox, it h. wounds. The water h. the stone, and spleen. *Senn.* the decoction with the capillary herbs, h. the cleaving of the hair, the ends being first anointed with gall.

Sow-bread. *Cyclamen.*

P. In France, Wales, and often in gardenr.

T. It flowreth in September.

N. Κυκλαμιν  ἢ ἱχθυόθνησιν. *Orbicularis, Palatia*
Panis porcinus. Rapum terra.

Sow-bread. *Ger. f. K.* as the round, ivy, spring and white flowred. T. It's hot and dry 30. V. The powder of the root d. with meade the q. of drac. i. sem. purgeth flegme, and other sharp humors, and h. against poyson, and the bitings of venomous beasts, so ap. The powder also taken as aforesaid h. the jaundise, and oppilations of the liver. The juice of the leavee m^r with hony and put into the eies taketh away the web, pearle, and all impediments of the sight. the leaves put into the matrix c. easie delivery of women in travell. the juice ap. with wool openeth the hemorrhoides: it's mixed with medicines that wast knots, the Kings evill, and other hard swellings. it purgeth the head by the nostrills, and the belly being anointed therewith. so *Heurn.* Used as a pessary it destroyeth the *fætu*. It scoureth the skin, h. sunburning, and all blemishes of the face, markes c. by the small pox, the pilling of the haire, and intoxication being d. in wine the decoction serveth as a good bath for members out of joynt, the gout and kided heeles; so also the root roasted in the embers, being filled with oile, and stopped with wax. Being stamped and made

up into *trachisekes* and taken, it is reported to cause amity and love. H. It, s thought to be dangerous for women with child to meddle with it. *Park. K.* as the purple. fl. of the spring, summer, *Romane of the autumn*, and double fl. of *Antioch. Forest.* As an errhine it h. the glaucoma. *Park. Matth. Unc. 6.* of the distilled water d. open veines and hard spleens and the collick, the rice with hony h. sore mouths. *Fallop. Ap.* with the rose cerot, it loosens the belly. *Penn.* It h. cold diseases of the braine and nerves. The water h. bleeding. *Jo.* the antidote is the powder of bay berries, white pepper and rue. *Plin.* The roots h. the venome of serpents. *Unguent. de Artamita, P. L.* or the ointment of Sowbread, used to the stomach cause vomiting, and purgeth if upon the belly, so h. dropxies, it chiefly purging water. Also it's good for such as through nicenesse or weaknesse are not able to take purges by the mouth. It much h. the dropxie anointed upon the belly below the navill; it mightily purging but the wheyish excrement that causeth it, and it kills wormes, and drives them forth: If you would cause vomiting thereby appoint it from the navill upwards, to the pit of the stomach. A plaister of the root of Sowbread, hogs lard, and sulphur, h. the Atheromata. so *Senn.*

Sowd-wort. see Columbine.

Sow-thistle. *Sonchus.*

The three first grow in meadows and pastures; the tree S. in fields.

Fl. in June, July, August, and later.

Σόγχο. Cicerbita, Lactuca leporina. Lactucella.

Sow-thistle. *Ger. J. K.* as the prickly, & more prickly, broad leaved, wall, narrow leaved blew flowered, the tree, and wood sow-thistle, with the hares lettuce. *T. Gal.* the sow-thistles are of a mixt temperature, consisting of a watery and earthy substance, cold, and likewise binding.

alopecia. *Fum.* The juice hereof, with that of rue and wormewood, and the meale of barley and lupines. ap. kills wormes. *Untz.* It h. the plague: so *Mizald.* *Palm. Tabern. Park.* K. as the tree southernw. small sweet, field, and hoary field South. V. Ap. it drawes out splinters, the ashes dry ulcers. *Durant.* the oile with other ointments h. the French pox, it h. wounds. The water h. the stone, and spleen. *Senn.* the decoction with the capillary herbs, h. the cleaving of the hair, the ends being first anointed with gall.

Sow-bread. *Cyclamen.*

P. In France, Wales, and often in gardenr.

T. It flowreth in September.

N. *Κυκλάμιον* ἢ *ἰχθυόθνεον*. *Orbicularis*, *Palatia*
Panis porcinus. *Rapum terra.*

Sow-bread. *Ger. J.* K. as the round, ivy, spring and white flowred. T. It's hot and dry 30. V. The powder of the root d. with meade the q. of *drac.* i. sem. purgeth flegme, and other sharp humors, and h. against poyson, and the bitings of venomous beasts, so ap. The powder also taken as aforesaid h. the jaundise, and oppilations of the liver. The juice of the leaues m^d with honny and put into the eies taketh amay the web, pearle, and all impediments of the sight. the leaves put into the matrix c. easie delivry of women in travell. the juice ap. with wool openeth the hemorrhoides: it's mixed with medicines that wast knots, the Kings evill, and other hard swellings. it purgeth the head by the nostrills, and the belly being anointed therewith, so *Heurn.* Used as a pessary it destroyeth the *fœtus*. It scoureth the skin, h. sunburning, and all blemishes of the face, markes c. by the small pox, the pilling of the haire, and intoxication being d. in wine the decoction serveth as a good bath for members out of joynt, the gout and kibed heeles; so also the root roasted in the embers, being filled with oile, and stopped with wax. Being stamped and made

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Sowd-wort. see Columbine.

Sow-thistle. *Sonchus*.

The three first grow in meadows and pastures; the tree *S.* in fields.

T. Fl. in June, July, August, and later.

N. Σῖγχις. *Cicerbita*, *Lactuca leporina*. *Lactucella*.

Sow-thistle. Ger. *J.* K. as the prickly, & more prickly, broad leaved, wall, narrow leaved blew flowered, the tree, and wood sow-thistle, with the bares lettuce. T. Gal. the Sowthistles are of a mixt temperature, consisting of a watery and earthy substance, cold, and likewise binding.

ing. V. Being young they are eaten as other pot-herbs; ap. they h. all inflammations and hot swellings. Taken in broth they h. gnawings of the stomach c. by heat, boiled in broth they c. milke in nurses, and a good colour in children. the juice tempereth the heat of the fundament and privy parts. Park. K. as the smooth &c: V. d. in wine they h. the dissolutions of the stomach. the wild d. h. shortwindednesse. Plin. It h. the stone. Three spoonfulls of the juice d. in warme white wine with oile h. delivery, and the strangury. the juice h. all heat in the skin, secrets, and piles: ap. it clearerh the skin. the hairy are more like hawkeweed, and so to be applied.

Sparrow-tongue, see Knot-grasse, and Toad-flax.

Spatling poppy. *Papaver spameum*.

P. It groweth almost every where.

T. Fl. from May to the end of August.

N. Μήκων α' ὀφώδης. *Ocymastrum alterum*. *Polemonium*.

Spatling poppy. Ger. T. It's dry 20. V. the root d. in wine h. the bloody flux, the leaves and fl. pounded and ap. h. the stingings of venomous beasts. The decoction of the root made in water and d. provokes urine, h. the strangury, sciatica, and paines about the neck. Diosc. acetab. 1. of the seed taken in honyed water c. vomit. Matth. It purgeth flegme. Park. It's especially good for those that are troubled with the falling sicknesse: so Casalp. Plin. and Bauhinus. See Opium in Poppy.

Speare-chank, see Hawk weed.

Speare crowfoot, see Speare wort.

Speare for a King, see Kings-lpeare.

Speare-

Spearwort. *Flamula.*

P. In dankish places almost every where.

T. Fl. in May with the crowfoot.

N. *Flamula aquat. Ranunculus flammeus.*

Spearwort *Ger. K.* as the great, lesser, jagged, and marish. **T.** It is in faculty like the crowfoot biting, and exulcerating. **V.** it raiseth blisters, & being inwardly taken killeth remediless. See crowfoot. *Dorst.* Its hot & dry 3°. **V.** it opens impostumes. The oyle of roses d. with it, it h. quartane agues and pains of the reins, and ap. h. the palfic. *Paracels.* It h. fixed ulcers, drawing out superfluous moisture. *De. Dond.* Taken it h. quartane agues. *Mac.* It's hot 40. So *Dod.* and dry 40. with sharpness *Park.* It may be referred to the crowfoot.

Speedweell, see Fluellin.**Sperage. *Asparagus.***

P. It groweth in gardens and meadows.

T. Fl. in June and July, the fr. is ripe in September.

N. Ἀσπαργός & ὀσπύριον. *Corruda. Halion Arab.*

Sperage. *Ger. K.* as the garden, stone, wild prickly, and wild thorny, with the sperage thistle. *Drypis.* **T.** the roots of the garden and wild sperage cleanse without manifest heat or dryness. **V.** the first sprouts that spring up in April, are often sodden in flesh broth and eaten, or boiled in faire water, and seasoned with oile, vinegar, salt, and pepper, and served up as a sallad: they are pleasant to the tast, easily concocted and gently loose the belly. They somewhat provoke urine, h. the kidneys and bladder, they are of little and moist nourishment; yet not bad, they are thought to increase sperm, and c. venery. *Senn.* They are deterfive, and open the obstructions of the intrails *Amat: Luf. Cent. 2. Cur. 3.* in schol: being much eaten they generate choler.

Scholtz. Conf. 182. The sprouts cleanse the blood: Renod. And h. the suffusion of choler. Park. It h. the jaundise, and the bitings of Serpens d. in wine, also loose arteries, and the sciatica. The roots h. the epilepsie: the baths h. all paines of the lower parts.

Spider-wort. *Phalangium.*

P. The 1, 2, 3, and 5th. grow in gardens, yet rarely.
T. The 1, 2, 4, and 5th. fl. in June: the 3d. about Aug.
N. *Φαλαγγιον* Diosc. *φαλαγγίτης*. *Phalangites*.

Spider wor. Ger. K. as the branched, unbranched, Candy, and true spider-wort of the Ancients, with *Tradescans Virginian* Sp. T. Gal. It is dry with tenuity of parts. V. Diosc. the leaves, seed and flowers, or any of them d. in wine h. the bitings of venomous beasts. The roots tunned up in new ale and d. for a month expell poyson though it be universally spread through the body: so Park. K. as the Savoy *Schwenf*. d. it h. the pains of the belly.

Spignell. *Meum.*

P. In Westmorland: the bastard Mewe, in Italy.
T. Fl. in June and July: and seedeth in August.
N. *Μῆον ἢ μῆνον*. *Anetum tortuosum*. *Imperatrix*.

Spignell. Ger. J. K. as the common and Italian or bastard. T. these especially the roots of the right meon, are hot 30. and dry 20. V. the roots boiled in water and d. mightily open the kidnies and bladder, provoke urine, and venery, h. the strangury and consume all windiness of the stomach. So Renod. The same taken with honey h. the grief of the belly, and all catarrhes, rheumes, aches of the joynts, and expell flegme which falls upon the lungs. Ap. as a plaister it c. a free evacuation of urine, expell the stone and bring down the flowers; but if too much taken they c. headach, for having more heat

heat than dryness they carry to the head raw moisture, and windy heat. *Hort. San.* It h. the pains of the matrix. *Plat.* The decoction opens the spleen and liver. The powder d. in wine h. the tencismus. *Park. K.* as the preservative of Candy, and mountaine of Germany. V. the roots boiled & d. h. all joynt-aches, so *Bauh. &c.*

Water spike, see Pond weed.

Spikenard. *Nardus.* *

P. In France, Italy, India, &c.

T. The leaves wither in September.

N. Νάρδος ἁλὴς ἢ νάρδος. *Nardus Celtica.*

Spikenard. *Ger. K.* as the Celtick, mountain, Indian, and French, with the urinewort, *Hirculus.* T. Celtick nard is diureticall. V. the decoction d. h. the ischury. The Indian nard, T. *Gal.* is hot 10. and dry 20. it's composed of a sufficiently astringent substance, and not much acride heate, and a certain light bitterness. V. it h. the liver and stomach, provoketh urine and h. the gripings of the stomach, and dries up the defluxions that trouble the breast, belly and intrails. It stops fluxes of the belly, and of the womb used as a pessary, and in a bath h. the inflammation thereof. d. in cold water it h. the nauseousnesse, gnawings, and windiness of the stomach, the liver & diseases of the kidneys, and is much used in antidotes. It c. haire to grow. So *Turn.* and stroed on any part of the body dryeth up the moisture thereof: so the Celtick nard, but is lesse effectually, and the mountain nard inferior to both, and not used. *Turn.* It's hot and dry 20. *Gal.* All the sorts but especially the Celtick h. the stone, loathing of meat, gnawings of the stomach, those that are liver-grown, and have the yellow jaundise. It dryeth humours. The oil h. cold griefs, *Park. K.* as the Italian, knobbed mountain valerian, and long tuberous. V. H. it hurts women with child. The water h. cold pains of the head and sudden passions of the heart, the bastard is of little efficacy.

efficacy. The French h. nodes. *Oleum nardinum*, Pharm. Lond. or the oile of nard, heats, attenuates and digests, and moderately binds; so helps all cold and windy afflicions of the brain, stomach, reins, spleen, liver, bladder and womb. snuffed up into the nose it purgeth the head and cause a good colour and smell to the body. The simple nard oyle, heats, digests, strengthens and resists all cold and windy diseases throughout the body. Also anointed it cauſeth a good colour and fragrant smell. It h. all old and cold diseases of the brain stomach, liver, spleen and womb, anointed on the region of those parts; so h. tremblings, palsies, apoplexies, forgetfullness, sleepey diseases, indigestion of meat and vomiting, prevents cachexies, dropsies, rickets obstructions of the liver and spleen, barrennesse and abortion; and for its virtues, it's called *Oleum benedictum*; anointed upon the back-bone it strengthens the limbs and whole body; but the compound is more effectual. The Chymicall oile of spike, h. the running of the reins, they being anointed with it: it expels the worms, two drops thereof being taken in wine; the back being anointed with it, it helps the palsey.

Spinach. *Spinachia*.

P. It's sown in gardens and fertile ground.

T. It may be sown almost at any time.

N. Σπινάχιον *Spinachium olus*. *Scutellolapathum* Gesn.

Spinach. Ger T. It is cold and moist fere 2°. it's watery and almost insipid, and therefore quickly looſeth the belly. V. it is eaten boiled but it yeildeth little nourishment, it's something windy, and easily c. vomit, it's used in sallads when young, and seruerh among pot-herbs. Lonic. d. in wine it h. the stings of scorpions, it h. the asperity of the arterie, and dry cough. The distilled water h. the inward griefs of the body and cold milk A cataplasme thereof ap. h. hot stomachs. Mat. the herb is eccoprotick. Bauh. the water h. the cravings of the stomach: ap. it h. inflammations & paines.

Spindle.

Spindle-tree, see Prick wood.

Spleen-tree. *Arbor Gehuph*. *

P. It groweth in Sumatra, called *Taphrobana*.

T. The time is not observed.

N. It's called in the Indies, Cobban.

Spleen-tree. *Park*. T. the kernell is bitter. V. the fruit quencherh thirst: but the bitter kernell h. the diseases of the liver and spleen, the oyle thereof being taken for 8 daies together: so ap. to the back bone, sides, and belly: also it h. joynt aches, gouts, &c. the gum dissolved with a little oile and spread plaisterwise, ap. h. the grieved places: therefore the inhabirants plant it neer them. to have the benefit thereof nigh at hand. so *Bauhinus*.

Spleen wort, see Milt wast.

Spoon wort, see Scurvy-grasse.

Spurge. *Tithymalus*.

P. The first groweth by the sea. the 2d. almost every where.

T. Fl. from June to the end of July.

N. *Τιθύμαλ* ♂. *Latharia*. That of the garden *Lathyrus*, the lesser *Pityusa*, and *Esula* offic.

Spurge. *Ger. J. K.* as the sea, sunne, broad leaved myrtle, and narrow leaved, cypresse, pine, tree myrtle, sweet wood, unsavorie narrow leaved wood, and cut leaved, broad leaved, great tree, quack salvers turbith, small *Esula*, Venetian sea, dwarf *Esula*, garden, petty, hyssope, spurge tyme, knobbed, and long knotty rooted spurge. T. All the kinds of tithymales are hot and dry fere 4°. biting and consuming, that of the sea is the strongest, 1. the milk and sap then the fruit lastly the root: the first taken doth exceedingly inflame. V. the juice of that which is common openeth the belly, and c. vomit, and evacuateth flegme and choler; so the seed and root and h. the dropsie. The juice m. with hony is a *psilothron*, the milk carefully put in, h. the pain of hollow teeth, also it h.

the roughness of the skinn, manginess, lepric, scurfe, running scabs, and the white scurfe of the head, it h. warts, hot swellings, carbuncles, and the hard callosities of fistula's. It killeth fish being mixed with any thing that they will eate. It is with much caution to be taken into the body. *Heath-spurge*. K. as the 1, 2, and 3d *Sanamunda Culs*. T. are very hot: and the 2 first strongly purge, *drach. i.* being d. with rhe decoction of eicers, and evacuate flegme, choler and warric humors. *Hart*. The *extraſt* of the root of the lesser spurge is cathartick. *Schrod.* it h. the dropfic, the D. is *scr. i.* to *drach. i.* the preparation of the bark, see in the *London dispensatory*, sc. by sleeping them three days in vinegar and drying them. *Senn.* the antidote is scaled earth, gom Ar. and fat broth. *Mac.* and boile *Arm: Jo.* and oile of dill with warme water. *Park.* K. as that of the garden, &c. V. operates as *palma Christi*; so the wood spurge, &c. *Pilula de Esula*, *Fernel. Pharm. Lond:* or *Fernelius's pills of spurge*, purge out hydroptick water; worke churlishly, and are fit onely for strong bodies of labouring persons: the D. is *scr. 2.*

Spurge-flax, see Mountaine Widdow wale.

Spurge olive, see Widdow-waile.

Germane-olive spurge, see Mezereon-tree.

Spurge-wort, see Gladdon stinking.

Squill, see Sea onion.

Squinanth, see Camels-hay.

Staffe-tree. *Celastrus Th.* *

P. It groweth at Leiden, in the publick garden: the natural place is not known.

T. The buds of the fl. in October.

N. *Κήλας* & *Theoph.* ἡ κήλας.

Staffe-tree. *Park. T. V. Theophrastus* recounteth all the properties hereof, whereunto it is put, and that (saith he) is to make slaves for old men no other having made triall of any other faculty it is endued withall.

Stagger

Stagger wort, or Stanner wort, see Rag wort.
 Stander grasse, see Doggs cullions.
 Standel welkes, see Saryrion.
 Stan march, see Alifander.
 Starch wort, see Wake Robin.

Stare of Bethlem. *Ornithogalum.*

P. In gardens and open places, &c.

T. Fl. from Aprill to the end of May.

N. Ορειθόραλον. The white Bulbus *Leucantemos minor*
 Dod. Phyt. Brit.]

Sarre of Bethlem. Ger. J. K. as the common, yellow,
 that of Hungary, the lesser Spanish, dwarf yellow, the one
 leaved, great, Arabick spike fashioned, and the Neapo-
 litan starre-flower. T. they are temperate in heate and
 drynesse, V. the vertues of most of them are unknown.
 Trag: The root roasted in hot embers, ap. with hony as
 a pultis h. phagedens, and discusseth hard tumors.
 Diosc: the roots serve for meat: so Park: K. as the great
 white, and green.

Starres of Jerusalem, see Josephs-flower.

Starre wort *Aster aticus.*

P. On mountaines, in woods and meadowes.

T. Fl: from July to the end of August.

N. Ασὴ ἀττικὴ. Babonium. Inguinalis. Asterion Hyo-
 phthalmon.

Starrewort, Ger: J: K. as the common Italian mountaine,
 hairy, fleabane, creeping, scabious leaved, willow leaved,
 fallow leaved, narrow leaved, and dwarf daisie leaved St:
 T. it doth moderately cool and dry. Gal: It doth mo-
 derately wast, while it is fresh. V. The leaves stamped
 and ap: unto botches, impostumes and venerious bu-
 bones do mightily maturate and suppurate them. It h.
 the inflammation of the fundament, and falling down
 thereof. The flowers h. the squinancy, and epilepsie in
 children, Sea starrewort: K. as the great, and small

Starw. or Tripolium. T. Is hot 3°. V. *Drach.* 2. of the root taken in wine purge out waterish and grosse humours. It h. the dropfie & resisteth poyson, and cureth wounds both inward and outward. *Park.* The first h. the bitings of mad dogs, the green herb being beaten with old axungia, and ap. as also swollen throats, and botches. *Cami Diosc.* It h. the heat of the stomach. *Cratuv.* with old hogs grease it h. the bitings of mad dogs: and burned driveth away serpents. *Park.* R. as the yellow, yellow creeping of *Virgian*, fleabane-like of *Africa*, great blew mountain, and French purple. V. It h. a hot stomach, and the inflammations of the eyes. *Burnt*, it expels Serpents. *Plin.* It h. pains in the hips.

Staves-acre. *Staphis agria.* *.

P. It is not easily preserved in cold countries.

T: It fl. in June; the seed is ripe in the 2d. yeare.

N. *Staphis agria.* *Herba pedicularis.* *Peduncularia Pituitaria.*

Staves-acre. *Ger.* T. the seeds are hot fere 40. and of a biting quality. V. 15. seeds taken with meade cause vomiting of grosse flegme, and slimy matter with violence. The seed m. with oyle or grease killeth lice, and h. the itch and manginelle. Boiled in vinegar, and held in the mouth it h. the toothach. Being chewed it's an *apophlegmatisme*, especially a little of the root of pellitory of Spaine being added thereto. m. with vinegar it killeth lice. H. It is hurtfull and dangerous taken inwardly. *Weck.* It h. the rheumatisme of the gumms, and with hony the running ulcers of the mouth. *Park.* The electuary thereof, they being boiled with water and fugar, powder of anise seeds, and cinnamon being added, and *drach.* 1. taken c. the courses, &c. The seed kills mice.

Sted-fast, see *Palma Christi.*

Stickedove, see *French lavender.*

Sticke-pile, see *Storkes-bill.*

Stirch

Stich-wort. *Gramen Leucanthemum.*

P. In the borders of fields, almost every where.

T. Fl. all the summer: especially in May and June.

N. *Ολόσσοι* Diosc: Ruell: *Euphrasia major* Lonic.

Stich wort. Ger. T. Cal. the seed sharp and biting, and very like to Mill. V. d. in wine with the powder of acornes it h. pains in the sides, and stitches, &c. Diosc. affirmeth that being often d. it h. women to the generation of males, if after purgation and before conception, shee drink it thrice in a day fasting, drach: sem. at a time in unc. 3. of water certain days together. Park. The juice dropped in h. the dimness of the eyes, and films thereof.

Stob-wort, see Wood sorrel.

Stone breake, see Saxifrage.

Stone crop. *Vermicularis.*

P. In stony places and dry, almost every where.

T. It fl. in the summer moneths.

N. *Illecebra. Sempervivum tertium* Diosc.

Stone crop. Ger. T. Is sharp and very hot: ap. it c. blisters, and exulcerateth. V. Ap. it h. hard swellings, and the Kings evil. The juice d. with vinegar or other liquor c. vomit, and brings up phlegmatick and chole- rick humours: and so h. agues, and resists poyson in- wardly taken. Park. K. as that with turning heads and without the small and marsh. with the wall pepper. V. the last. ap: h. the piles. The rest are like the other greater house leeks, cooling and somewhat astringent, and h. fluxes, distillations, bleedings, eruptions of the skin, and ulcers &c.

Stone hore, see Stone pepper, or Stone crop.
Stonnard and Ston-chore, see Stonecrop.

Storax-tree. *Styrax arbor.* *

P. In France, Italy, Spaine and Judaa, &c.

T. It fl. in May: the fr: is ripe in september.

N. Στράγγξ. The gumme, *Gummi storax* & *calamita*.

Storax. Ger: T. The gumme is heating, mollifying and concocting. V. it h. the cough, the falling down of humours into the chest, and hoarsnesse of the voice: it also h. the noise of the eares, the Kings evill, nodes, and hard swellings c. by cold, also against all poysons that are cold, as hemlock, &c. hereof are made sweet waters pomanders, and perfumes &c. *Isid.* The fumosity thereof purgeth the aire, and dryveth away all pestilentiall vapours. *Barth.* Ang. it h. rheumes: the plaster thereof fasteneth the teeth. *Park.* It's hot 2^o dry 1^o. it c. menles, h. hardness of the mother, and looeth the belly. *Plin.* it exhilarates. Ap. it h. cold aches. the fume thereof with white frankincense h. those that have catarhes, rheumes, and defluxions. *Pilula è Styrace, Pharm. Lond.* or the pills of *Styrax*, h. defluxions of rheum, coughs, and sleeping then, the D. is *ser sem.* if the body be weak, and a little more if strong. *Schrod.* the oile of *storax calaminta*, hath the virtue of *styrax*, but is more efficacious, one drop, put into the eares, h. the hissing thereof.

Storkes-bill, see Cranes-bill.

Strangle tare or weed, see Orbanke.

S tarch word see Wake Robin.

Strawberries. *Fragaria.*

P. On hills and vallies, in woods and shadowie places.

T. They flourish in the spring, the berries are ripe in July.

N. Κόμμωρον. The fruit or berries are called *Fraga*.

Fragaria. Ger. K. as the red, white, and barren St. T. the leaves and root coole and dry, with astringion: but the berries are cold and moist. V. the leaves boiled and ap. as a pultis, h. the heat of wounds: the decoction thereof strengtheneth the gums, fasteneth the teeth, h.

the inflammation of the mouth and throat: they stay also the bloody flux, and all other issues of blood. The berries quench thirst and h. the inflammations of the stomach: they are of little, thin and waterish nourishment, and bad, if they putrifie in the stomach. the distilled water d. with white wine, h. the passion of the heart, revives the spirits and exhilarates: also it scoureth the face; taketh away spots, smootheneth the skin: and d. h. the stone in the kidneys. the leaves are good in lotions for the mouth and puffy parts. the ripe strawberries quench the thirst, cool the heate of the stomach and inflammation of the liver, and being often used h. the rednesse and heat of the face. Strawberry-tree, *Arbutus*. T. the fruit is cold, hurteth the stomach, and c. the headach: therefore it is not wholesome, though eaten by the poorer sort. Strawberry bay. *Johns*. T. the fruit is temperate, *Adrachne Theoph. Park*. Strawberry tree. T. the berries are somewhat astringent. V. they stop fluxes. *Amat. Luf*. The water distilled from the leaves and flowers hereof, is powerfull against the plague and poysons. the leaves and roots of strawberries decoct and d. h. the heat of the reines, and swellings of the spleen, the water h. the jaundise. *Tinctura fragorum, Pharm. Lond.* or the Tincture of Strawberries, is cooling and pleasant to the eyes. Also it allaieth the boiling heat of the blood, represseth vapours ascending to the brain, strengthens the liver, and h. those that sleep unquietly: the D. is *cochl.* 1. or 2. by it self, or *unc.* 1; or 2. in altering juleps.

Streaked grasse, see Lady lace grasse.

Strubwort, or Strabwort, see Wood sorrell.

Succory, see Endive.

Suckles, see Hony suckles.

Sugar roots, or Skirtwort, see Skirret.

Sulphur wort, see Hoggs fennel.

Sumach.

Sumach. *Rhus*.

P. In stony places, in Spaine, and Italy &c.

T. Fl. in July: the seed and berries are ripe in Autumne.

N. Ποῦς ἢ ῥόος. *Fluida Gaza*, the leaves *Rhoe*. The seed is called *Eruthros*.

Sumach. *Ger. K.* as the corriers, and wild *Sumach. T.* the fruit, leaves and seed do very much binde: *Gal.* they are dry 30, and cold 20. **V.** the leaves boiled in wine and d. stop the laske, and all issues of blood: so the seeds eaten in sauces. The decoction of the leaves, maketh haire black; the decoction h. the dysentery, so also the fume taken. the leaves made into a plaster with hony and vineger, h. gangrenes, and the pterygia. the dry leaves sodden in water, till the decoction be as thick as hony, yield an oilnesse which performeth all the effects of *Lycium*. the seeds strewed upon meate h. those that have the collick or dysentery: being pounded and m. with hony, and the powder of oake coales, they h. the hamorroides. *Diosc.* the gum ap. h. the tooth ach. *Red Sumach, Corinus Coriarius.* with the *Venice Sumach* or *coggyria*. **T.** the leaves and tender branches with the seedes very much binde, coole, and dry as the rest. **V.** the leaves of the last serve corriers. the root of the last *cotinus*, serveth to dye red with. *Park.* *Myrtle leaved Sumach.* **V.** is used to thicken leather, and to stay fluxes. the *Virginian.* **T. V.** serveth only for ornament. the first h. vomiting, the juice of the leaves h. running eares, the seeds ap. h. hot impostumes, ibruises, gallings, ruptures, and defluxions. *That of Venice* is weaker. *Unguentum sumach, Pharm. Lond.* or, the Ointment of sumach, is excellent to bind and dry, used to the stomack it stops vomiting and loosenesse, if to the belly. It h. the falling out of the fundament, and womb, if anointed therewith. Also anointed upon the region of the womb, it stops the courses, and hinders defluxions from the head, anointed upon the sutury, forehead, and temples, and h. the toothach so used: and its good for ruptures.

Sundew. *Ros solis*.

P. In desert, sandy, sunny, and marsh places.

T. Fl. in May, and June, it's to be gathered in dry weather.

N. *Rorella. Rosa solis. Salsi rosa. Sponsa solis.*

Sundew. Ger. K. as that with round and long leaves.

T. It's hot and dry 4°. caustick, and very biting. V. the leaves stamped with salt doe exulcerate and raise blisters. the distilled water is thought to h. consumptions by some; but the contrary is found true by experience, being of a biting quality. Cattle of the female kinds by eating hereof are provoked to lust. It strengthneth and nourisherh the body, being distilled with wine, and the liquor called *rosa solis*. It's made effectuell for these purposes the leaves being put into the spirit of wine, adding there to cinnamon, cloves, mace, ginger, nutmeg, sugar and a few graines of muske, being stoppt in a glasse, then set in the sun for 10 dayes, and afterwards strained and kept for use. the distilled water hereof is drawn forth with a glasse still, it's of a glittering yellow colour like gold, and coloureth silver put therein like gold. *Schrod.* Some commend it as good against the plague, and wounds, as also the epilepsie. Ap. it provoketh the birch, and h. the tooth ach and agues. *Park.* T. it's sharpe in taste and quick; yet a little acid, drying and binding. V. It's thought good to h. those that are troubled with salt rheume distilling on the lungs, sc. the distilled water, and h. all other diseases therof, as the pryssick, asthma, cough, wheeving, fainting, and ulcers. *Rosa solis, Pharm. Lond.* or the compound water of sundew, dryeth, bindeth, h. the lungs, phthisicks, and consumptions; and the herb provokes lust exceedingly.

Sunflower. *Flos solis.*

P. In Peru naturally, and here in gardens.

T. It's to be sown in April, in a hot place.

N. *Corona solis. Sol Indianus. Chrysanthemum Peruv.*

Sunflower. Ger. K. as the greater, and lesser Sunfl. T. they

they are thought to be hot and dry. V. the buds before they are flowered boiled and eaten with butter, vinegar and pepper, as artichokes, are very pleasant meat, and venerious; so also the buds with the uppermost stalks, boiled upon a gridiron, and after eaten with oile, vinegar and pepper. Recch. the seeds much eaten c. the head ach, yet they h. the breast, and the heat thereof being pounded, and baked they serve in stead of corne to make bread with.

Swallow-wort. *Asclepias.*

P. It groweth in gardens being planted ther.

T. Fl. in June, the down appeares in Autumne.

N. Ἀσκληπίας ἢ κισσίου. *Vincetoxicum. Hederacea. Ruell. Hirundinaria.*

Swallow wort. Ger. K. as the white and black f. T. the roots are hot and dry and alexipharmick. V. *Casalp.* the roots boiled in wine and d. h. the tormina, the stinging of serpents and deadly poyson. the leaves boiled and ap. as a pultis h. the sores of the parts and marrow. Indian swallow-wort. *vincetoxicum indicum.* T. *Alpin.* the milke juice is very hot and purging. V. the leaves ap. h. tumors, and take haire from the skin. *Johns.* the leaves boiled and ap. as a pultis h. hard swellings and paines c. by cold. the silke serveth for many known uses. *Turn.* it bringeth down the flowers, and h. the bitings of a mad dogge, wounds and ruptures: and the root d. in wine h. the dropsie *Park.* d. in wine daily it h. the plague. *Drach.* 1. of the root d. in buglosse water h. the passions of the heart. With citron seeds decoct in white wine it h. the jaundise, cough, and all diseases of the cheft, epilepsie, and melancholy, with other things.

Sweth, see Leeks.

Swine carse, see Knotgrasse.

Swichen, see Groundswell.

Swines grasse, see Knot grasse.

Sycamore tree. *Sycomorās.*

P. In Egypt, in Caria and Rhodes &c.

T. It bringeth forth fruit 3 or 4 times in the yeare.

N. Συκᾶρος. *Morofycus* Celsi. *Ficus Pharaonis* & *Aegyptia*.

Sycamore tree. Ger. T. the fruit is somewhat sweet, moist after a sort, and cold as mulberries. V. Diosc. It's good for the belly; but atrophick and troublesome to the stomach. the liquor that issueth out of the tree in the spring, being taken with a sponge, dryed, and made into cakes mollifyeth, closeth wounds, and dissolveth grosse humors. Being taken and ap. it h. the bitings of serpents, the hardnesse of the spleen and paine of the stomach c. by cold: this liquor doth quickly putrify. Recch. the stone Sycamore of Mexico. T. the leaves are cold and moist. V. the root decoct and d. h. the tongue in fevers. Unc. 3. being boiled in lib. 3. of water and d. it purgeth flegme and choler. the milke thereof h. old ulcers. Park. the fruit of the first ap. plaister-wise closeth wounds: the milke h. the plague and head ach.

T.

Tabacco of Peru. *Nicotiana Peruviana.*

P. In America, and now in Europe.

T. It must be sown in the most fruitfull ground, in Aprill.

N. Petum. *Sacra* & *sancta Herba*. *Tabacum* Monardis.

Tabacco of Peru. Ger. J. K. as the common, the dwarfe, and that of Trinidada. T. Monard. It's hot and dry 20, discussing, resolving, cleansing with some small astringion, stupifying, purging and resisting poyson. V. the leaves h. the megrim, a cold stomock, and the paines in the kidnies. It h. the fits of the mother, and the gout being roasted in hot embers and ap. it h. the tooth-ach the gums being rubbed with a linnen cloth dipped in the juice and the leaves ap. the Syrrup of the juice expelleth wormes; so the leaf ap. to the

the navell. The *juice* cleanseth old rotten ulcers and digesteth the same. It h. scabs and wounds in strong bo- dies *Unc. 4.* of the *juice* d. purge upwards, and down- wards, c. sleep, and h. the drop sic. The *distilled water of the leaves* d. before the fit h. agues. The *oile* thereof h. merigalls, and kided heeles, &c. It h. poyson, the *juice* being d. and ap. the *fume* taken h. the paines of the head, rheumes, aches in any part of the body, and palliates the French disease. It h. the grieve in the breast and lungs, cold, and hoarsenesse. It h. where there is want of food or rest. The *juice* or *distilled water* of the *first kind*, h. catarrhes, vertigo's rheumes falling down to the ci:s, and the megrim or hemierania; ap. to the reme- ples it cleares the sight, and h. the web thereof ap. blood warme. The *juice* or *oile* dropped into the eares h. deafnesse: a cloth dipped in the same and ap. h. the lentrils, rednesse, and spors of the face It's used against the cough and asthma, it h. swooning, the collick, and windinesse, as also the drop sic, wormes, piles and sciato- ica. the *herb* boiled with *oile*, wax, rosin and turpen- tine, or the *extraſſion* thereof with salt, *oile*, *baſame*, the *distilled water* &c. h. tumors, apostumes, old ulcers, botches, scabs, stinging with nettles, carbuncles, poison of arrowes, and wounds; also burnings and scaldings of any kind, being boiled with hogs grease into the forme of an ointment, adding a little of the *juice* of the thora- apple leaves, and ap. Hereof may be made a *balme* to cure deep wounds and punctures, bringing up flesh, and glewing wounds, and is thus made: take oile of *S. Johns wort an. one pint*, the leaves of tabacco stamp- ed small *lib. 2.* boile them to the consumption of the *juice*, strain it and boile the colature again, adding thereunto of Venice turpentine *unc. 2.* of *ibanum* and *maſtick an. unc. sem.* in fine powder, it may be made into an ointment, or *salve* by adding wax or rosin, and then is excellent for virulent ulcers, wounds and pun- ctures: or take the leaves of tabacco *lib. 2.* hoggs grease *lib. 1.* stamp the herb and put thereto a cup full of red or claret wine, in the morning boile it gently (con- tinually

usually stirring it) to the consumption of the wine :
 straine it and set it to the fire againe, putting unto it of
 the juice of the herbe *lib.* 1. of Venice turpentine *unc.* 4.
 boile them to the consumption of the juice, then adde
 of the fine powder of round *aristolochia* or birchwort
unc. 2. max *q. s.* and keep it for use against filthy blcers
 of the leggs &c. *Unguentum è nicotiana, seu septo, Pharm.*
Lond. or the ointment of *tabacco*, h. tumours, apostumes
 wounds, ulcers, gunshot, bitches, scabs, itch, stinging
 with nettles, bees, waspes, hornets, venemous beasts,
 wounds by poysoned arrows, &c. Also it h. scaldings,
 burnings, rotten stinking and putrified ulcers, and fi-
 stulas. It h. rednesse, pimples, and sunburning in the
 face, preserves wounds from putrefaction, h. punctures
 and the headach used to the temples; and if to the sto-
 mack, it h. asthma and consumptions of the lungs; if
 to the belly, it h. the collick and illiack passion, and
 the wormes, &c. It h. the hemorrhoids or piles, all
 sorts of gouts; and it may serve almost as an universall
 remedie. Also the rare effects hereof, do argue the ex-
 cellent use of *tabacco* rightly used; & may put chymists
 upon further tryall. The oyle of *tabacco*, is excellent for
 deep wonds, scabs, or itch. *Park* the ashes h. cuts and
 and green wounds. *Hart.* the essence of the leaves ap. h.
 the palsie. Being taken with oyle of aniseed after the
 usuall way it h. the coryz. *Schwenck.* It h. the drop sic.
Park. the ashes of the burnt herb make the teeth white.
 the herb. h. the Kings evill in 9 or 10 days. the joyce
 h. cramps sciaticæ &c.

Tale wort, see wild borragé.

Tamarind-tree. *Tamarindus.*

P. It groweth in *Ægypt*, *India* and *Arabia*

T. The leaves follow the sun : it's green all the winter.

N. *Ὠξυόλινξ. Palmula acida. Dactylus Indicus.*

Tamarind. *Johns.* T. the fruit or pulp of tamarinds is
 cold & dry 3°. V. It's used in cholerick diseases, burning
 feavers

feavers, tertians &c. It's a lenitive purger, *Alpin.* The leaves kill wormes, the decoction looseth the belly, they are acid and pleasant to the taste. the conserve of the green huskes, or of the ripe ones, with sugar, or the pulp quencheth thirst, and evacuateth hot humors by stooles. The water d. with sugar h. burning putrid feavers, cooling and quenching thirst. The fruit is used in all putrid feavers, c. by choler and aduision, as also in all hot distempers of the liver and reines, and the gonorrhoea. Some commend it against obstructions, the dropsie, jaundise, and the hot distempers of the spleen: it h. the itch, scab, leprosie, and ulcerations of the skin c. by aduision of the humors. It's not good for cold stomacks, unlesse the coldnesse there of be corrected by adding mace, aniseeds, squinanth &c. *Schrod.* The dose of the pulp is from unc. 1. to unc. 2. *sala*, the essence of tamarinds. h. burning feavers, maligne, and bilious intermittent and the ebullition of the bloud, prevents putrefaction, strengtheneth the naturall faculties, and recreateth the vitall spirits: it h. the scurvy, and impurity of the skin. *De Dond.* They h. syncopall feavers. *Bauh.* They are used partly to evacuate chollerick humors, and to incide the pituitous. *Tamarinds* are very good in the inflammation of the braine, as also the syrup of roses and violers solutive, cassia, and simple diapruna. so *Senn. Schrod.* the D. of the extract. is dra. h. sem. to drach. 1. and more.

Tamarisk. *Tamariscus.*

P. In Germany, Italy, Spaine &c. by rivers.

T. Fl. in May: the seed is carryed away with the wind.

N. Μυρίκη *Amarix nonnull. Tamarix. Myrica.*

Tamarisk. Ger. K. as the French and Germane *Tam.* T. it doth cleanse, cut and dry, and is somewhat atritigent. V. Being boiled with vinegar and wine, either the root, leaves or tender branches h. the hard spleen: so *Stock. and Gocl. Diosc.* The decoction of the leaves made with

with wine, wasteth the spleen, and h. the tooth-ach
 used as a *gargarisme*: as a *bath* bringeth down the men-
 ses, and bathed it killeth nits and lice. the *ashes* are dry-
 ing, greatly scouring, and a little binding. the *down* and
seed of the greater Tam. bind, almost as much as the
Gall omphacitis, and are more cleansing, and of thinner
 parts: and are used in stead therof in medicines for the
 eyes and mouth. It stops bloud, laskes, and the whites,
 h. the yellow jaundise, and those that are bit by the
 spider *phalangium*; so also the *barke*. the *leaves* and *wood*
 h. the hardnesse and stopping of the spleen, especially
 the leaves being boiled in water, and the *decoction* d. or
 infused in *beere* or *ale* and continually drunk. *Schrod.*
 the *barke* is hot and dry 20, (the *wood* is somewhat
 cold) it attenuateth openeth, is absterfiv, a little
 astringent, diuretick and splenetick. It h. serous and
 melancholick diseases, as the itch &c. *Cresc.* it's hot and
 dry. The *wine of the decoction* thereof, openeth the
 spleen and liver and h. the strangury. *Park.* the *decoction*
 of the *leaves* h. the collick, instilled it h. the paine of the
 eares, and watering eyes: with some hony it h. fretting
 ulcers. *Alpin. Vesting.* The *wood* h. the French disease,
 pushes, dropfie and jaundise.

Tanke, see Wild parsnep.

Tansie. *Tanacetum.*

P. The first growes in fields or gardens: so the rest.

T. Fl. In July and August.

N. *Ἀθανασία. Athanasia.* The wild *Potentilla.*

Tansie. Ger. *J. K.* as the common, double English, un-
 savorie, great unsavorie, together with the small white
tansy. T. the tansies which smell sweet are hot 20, and
 dry 30. That without smell is hot and dry, and of a mean
 temperature. V. With the leaves hereof being young
 with eggs are made *tansies*, which are very good for the
 stomach: concocting and scouring out bad humors. the
 root preserved with hony or sugar h. the gout being
 eaten

eaten fasting every day in a little quantity. the seed kill-
eth & expellerh worms: the same pounded & m. with oile
olive h. the pain & shrinking of the sinews: d. with wine
it h. the paine in the bladder, and strangury *wild ranse*,
Argentina. T. Is moderately cold, and dry fere 30. with
a little astringion V. boiled in wine and d. it stops the
laske and all fluxes of blood, boiled in water and salt
and d. it dissolveth clotted blood in those that are
bruised. the decoction hereof made in water h. the ul-
cers and cankers of the mouth, hony and allom being
added. It h. the stone, inward wounds, and wounds
of the secret parts, and closeth the same. the distilled
water takes away freckles, spots, pimples in the face,
and sunburning: or the herbe steeped in strong white
wine vinegar and ap. *Park*. K. as the woolly small,
white, and *mountaine*. V. It expells winde, and the
stone, smelled to it prevents abortion. It c. the menies,
the root condited h. the gout. The *wild* bruised and ap.
to the soles of the feet, and wrists of the hands cooleth
hot fits of agues. the water h. hot eyes.

Tare, see Vetch and Pease.

Tarre, see Pitch tree.

Milk tare. see Milke wort.

Tarragon. *Draco herba*.

P. In gardens, and is increased by the young shoots.

T. Floureth in July, and is green all summer, and part of
Autumne.

N. *Dracunculus hortensis*. *Tragum vulg. Clusii*.

Tarragon. Ger. T. it's hot and dry 30. V. It's used
in *sallds*; but joyned with other herbes as lettuce,
purslaine &c. to temper the coldness thereof. *Schwenkf*.
Being chewed it expels flegme, and h. the tooth-
ach, it c. concoction, and provokes urine. *Dod*. the
leaves are sharpe, and being chewed provoke spittle.
Baub. It's sharpe and very hot and dry, inciding digest-
sting,

ing, opening and provoking. It h. flatulency, obstu-
tious, cold parts and the plague.

Teasell. *Dipsacus*.

P. *The first groweth in gardens planted: the other in moist places.*

T. *Fl. in June and July.*

N. *Διψακ. Labrum Veneris, & Carduus Ven. & fullonum.*

Teasell. Ger. *J.* K. as the garden and wild, with the shepherds rod. T. the roots hereof are dry 20, with a certaine cleansing faculty. V. *Diosc.* the root boiled in wine, and stamped to the consistence of a salve, h. chaps and fistula's of the fundament ap. also it h. warts, so Turn. the heads serve the fullers. *Lonic.* the leaves ap. h. the phrensie: so *Myl.* the juyce of the leaves killeth the wormes of the eares. the distilled water used as a gargarisme h. the ulcers of the mouth the water that rests upon the leaves h. the dimnesse and rednesse of the eyes, as also spots in the face, *Schrod. Matth.* the wormes thereof with oile of roses h. the whitlow. *Park.* the shepherds staffe, is profitable for one knowne disease. *Bauh drach. i.* taken in a reare egge h. the flux of the menses. the wormes take fish.

Tetter berry, see Bryony.

Tetter wort, see Great celandine, or swallow wort.

Thee: *Thee.* *

P. *It groweth in China, Japonia, and Chia.*

T. *The time is not observed.*

N. *Herba Thee Chinenf. Tchia Japon.*

Thee Tulp T is moderately hot and binding. V. the herbe is most wholesome, preserving in perfect health, untill very old age. It makes the body active and lusty, it h. the stone, headach and heavinesse thereof, lip-
pitude, distillations, and difficulty of breathing, weak-
nesse.

ness of the ventricle, pains of the bowels, lassitude and prevents sleepiness, a draught of the decoction being taken : and c. that without trouble whole nights may be spent in study without hurt to the body ; by reason that it moderately heateth and bindeth the mouth of the stomach, and so restraineth those vapours which otherwise ascending would c. sleep. *That of Japonia is the best,* which the natives powder upon a marble stone and mix it with warme water ; but those of China boile the plant with a little salt and sugar, in some convenient liquor, which afterwards they drink warme. see Bont: Maff: Almeyd: Jarric: Ric: Linscot: Horst: Pharm: Cath.

Thistle. *Carduus.*

P. In fields and meadows, and grounds sown with corn.

T. Fl: from the beginning of June unto the end of Sept.

N. *Ανάνθη*. The soft melancholy, *Cirsium*. The distaffe, *Atractylis*. The fish, *Acerra*. Our Ladies, *Silybum*. The Cotton, *Acanthium*.

Thistle. Ger. *J. R.* as the thistle upon thistle, the cruell, asses, way, musked, speare, Theophrastus's and Donrez his fish thistle, with the bush headed thistle. T. the wild thistles Gal. are hot dry 2°. V. the roots boiled in wine and d. drive forth stinking urine, and h. the rank smel of the body and arme-holes. Diosc. the roots of the common thistle as a plaister ap. produce the same effect: and the tender herb may be eaten as asparagus. Plin. The juice ap. c. haire to grow. the root d. in water c. growth : it strengtheneth the stomach and matrix, and h. the stinking breath. Hedge-hog thistle, *Melocardium Echinatus*. T. V. is not used in physick. Cotton thistle, *Acanthium*. K. as the white and purple. T. Gal: they are thought to be hot. Diosc. the leaves and roots h. the opisthoronos. Ladies thistle, *Carduus Maria*. T. Gal: the roots dry and moderately bind. V. they h. lasks and bloody flux, stop bleeding, wast cold swellings

swellings, and in a *gargarisme* h. the tooth ach : the seed is hot and of thin parts , so h. the cramp : the tender leaves the prickles being taken off, are sometimes used to be eaten with other herbs. *Diosc*: the seeds d. h. the convulsion of children, and the bitings of serpents, *Globe thistle*, *Carduus globosus*. K. as the common, prickly headed, small, flat headed, and woolly headed th: T. V. are not used. *Golden thistle*, *Carduus crysanthemus* K. as the *Spanish* and *French*. T. *Gal*: the root and tender leaves (which are sometimes eaten) are good for the stomach, but are of little thin and waterie nourishment. V. *Plin*. the root is commended by *Eratothenes*, in the poor mans supper, and is reported to provoke urine, and to help scurf being taken with vinegar: and with wine c. lust and the stench of the arme-holes, *drach*: 1. of the root (the pith being taken out) being boiled in 3 parts of wine till one be wasted, and d. after meat and bathing. *Carline thistle*, *Carlina*. K. as the tall, the white of *Diosc*: with the red fl & the dwarf *Carline th*: T. the root which is chiefly used is hot fine 2di. & dry 3o. diaphoretick, alexipharmick, & helmin-tick. V. being chewed it h. the tooth ach : and openeth the liver and spleen. It provoketh urine and the menses , and h. the dropsie, and those that have been dry beaten : so *Leucatantha*. *Diosc*: the decoction with wine h. the pain of the sides, the sciatica and cramp, the juice also is of like vertues. *Wild Carline thistle*, *Carlina sylvestris*. K. as the great and little. T. is hot especially the root. V. but as yet not used. *Chamelion thistle* *Chamaleon niger*. K. as the black & *Spanish black*, T. *Gal*: taken inwardly it's poysonous. V. Ap. the root h. scabs, morpewes, and tetteres, it cleanseth and is mixt with things that dissolve and mollifie. *Starre thistle*, *Carduus stellatus*. T. is hot. V. the seed d. with wine h. the strangury and stone. *Bapt*: *Sard*: The distilled water, h. the French disease, and opens the liver, cleanseth the blood and h. intermitting feaver. *Sc Barbabies thistle*, T. V. is not as yet used in physick. *Blessed thistle*, *Carduus Benedicium*, T. is bitter hot and dry 2o, cleansing,

cleansing and opening. V. taken in meat and *drink* it h. those that are veriginous, deaf, or of a weak memory. the same boiled in wine and d. hor, h. the gripings of the belly, killeth wormes, c. sweat, expelleth urine and gravell, cleanseth the stomach, and h. quartan fevers. the juice h. all poison and inflammation of the liver : the powder of the leaves d. in the quantity of *unces* sem. h. the pestilence being presently taken ; so the decoction in wine. The green herb ap. h. all hot swellings, as the erysipelas, plague sores, and botches, the bitings of mad dogs or any venomous beasts; so d. as also the distilled water. the decoction often d. h. virulent ulcers, so ap. twice a day being stamped with axungia. Cam: the decoction of the leaves h. the French disease, and quartaine agues : the distilled water with that of Lovage and Dodder h. flegme d. for certain days together. The other soft thistles, *Cirsium*, K. as the great soft bulbed, great soft, smooth soft leaved, small burr, single headed, jagged leaved, and dock leaved thistle gentle, T. By their tast they seem moderately hot and dry. V. yet they are not used in medicine. Park. Carline th. is thought to h. poyson and infections. Tentzel the clystus of card. ben. h. scavers, and c. sweat. the dose is 5 drops or scr. sem. Senn. the salt, syrup or water of Card: b: h. all long fevers : Riv: Cent: 1. Obs: 4. the water of Card: ben: with 8. drops of theriack spirits, taken daily h. the sciatica. Begu : the salt causeth sweating, the D. is gr. 2. or 3. Park. K. as the broad leaved field, French bulbed, meadow with asphodell roots, vineyard, and small of Candy. T. are temperately hot and dry, and diaretick, stomachick, sweeten the breath and h. ranke smells. Plin. the juice h. the alopecia : so the prickly wild, the melancholy th: T. V. are uselesse. T. V. as the distaffe th: the white Chamelion kills worms. the Ladies as Card: Ben: Star th: h. the plague d. in wine : the fl. h. cachexies. the pulp of the melon h. thirst the rest uselesse. Gum thistle *Euphorbium* is hot and dry 4. caustick and of thin parts. V. An emplaster made hereof with 12 times so much oile and a little wax

wax, h. all aches of the joynts, lameſſe, palsies, cramps and shrinkings of the ſinews. Mixt with oile of bay and bears greaſe, it h. ſcurfes and ſcalds in the head and alopecia's, and c. haire. Ap. with oile to the temples it h. the lethargie: ap. to the nape of the neck, it h. the apoplexie. Mixt with vineger it cureth all deformities of the ſkin, and h. ſpots. Mixt with other ointments it heaterh the parts that are cold, and h. the ſclatica. *Aſſuar*: taken inwardly it ſtrengtheth the intralls, and ſcorcheth the whole body, therefore it is to be beaten ſmall, and tempered with ſomething that lubricates and allaiies its heat and ſharpenſſe, and then it purgeth water and flegme; ſo alſo put into the noſtrils. The remedy is *anteuphorbium*, which is ſucculent, cold and ſlimie. *Pilula de euphorbio*, *Pharm. Lond. Meſ.* or, the pills of *euphorbium*, mightily h. dropſies, pains in the loines, and gout, by moiſture, the D. is *drach. ſem.* *Oleum euphorbii ſimplex* P. L. or the ſimple oile of *euphorbium*, hath the ſame effects, with that of caſtor, but is more ſtrong; if ſnuffed up the noſe it purgeth the head of phlegme. Alſo its very good in old and cold pains of the joynts, liver and ſpleen. It's good for cold diſeaſes of the nerves and brain, the old headach, and pains in the one ſide thereof, for the lethargie alſo uſed to the noſtrils, or drawn in, it provokes luſt anointed on the teſticles; and it h. all numbneſſe and ſtiſneſſe proceeding from cold. *Oleum de euphorbio compoſitum*, or the compound oile of *euphorbium*; operates as the ſimple, but is more effectually. It h. old and cold diſeaſes of the nervs and brain, and ſleepy diſeaſes. Alſo it's very effectually in cold pains of the womb, kidnies, bladder, being anointed on the regions thereof. *Schrod*: the extract of *euphorbium*, h. the palsey gout, ſpaſme, and dropſie, and bringeth flegme out of the nerves, it's preparation, ſee in the London diſpensatory. *Park*. the fiſt h. the dropſie and draweth viſcous flegme from the joynts and more remote parts of the bodie. It's to be uſed in cold and windie bodies. *Pem*: d. it h. the palsey, French pox, nodes and collick. applied

it h. the filmes of the eyes, and cause sneezing and blisters : the dose is from gr: 4. to 10. with the juice of purslaine, or oile of almonds.

Thorne, see Haw thorne
Thorne box, see Box thorne.

Thorne ever green, *Pyracantha*.

P. In Italy and France ; and in gardens here.

T. Fl: in May and June : the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *Oxyacantha Theoph. vel Oxycanthus*.

Thorne ever green. *Johns*. T. the fruit hath the same faculties that are attributed to haws : the vertues of which are declared above under *Haw thorne tree*.

Thorne grape, see Gooseberries
Purging thorne, see Laxative Ram.
Thorow leaf, see Thorow wax,
or Trough wort.

Thorow wax, *Perfoliata*.

P. The first groweth in Kent &c. the other in gardens.

T. Fl: in May and June : the seed is ripe in August.

N. *Διδυλλον*. *Schwenckf. Perfoliatum Fuch.*

Thorow wax. *Ger*: K. as the common and coddeth
T. it is dry. V. the decoction made with water wine
wounds : so the juyce made into oile or unguents : the
green leaves stamped and boiled with wax, oile, rosin
and turpentine, make an excellent sarcotick unguent
to bring up flesh in deep wounds. *Lonic*. T. it's hot
and dry with a bitter astringtion. V. ap. it h' all extuber-
rances in the body, and discusseth the same. the herb
distilled water h. all inflammations, the erysipelas and
heat of the stomach; as also the exulcerations and pro-
minencie of the navel: so *Futch. Park*. K. as the
broad leaved mountaine, and lesser. V. the powder of the
herb h. ruptures and burstings d, and ap. *Trag.* so the
coddeth

codded. Bauh. It's moderately hot, and somewhat more dry, being somewhat bitter and astringent.

Three faces in a hood, *see* Harts-ease.

Three leaved grassie, *see* Trefoule.

Three leaved liver-wort, *see* Noble liver wort.

Thrift, *see* Sea gilliflowers.

Throat wort, *Trachelium.*

P. The 3. first grow in low woods, the fourth in meadows.

T. Fl. from May 'till August.

N. Τερχήλιον. *Cervicaria. Uvularia Fuch.*

Throat wort. Ger. J. K. as the blew; gyant, smal, and great stone thr. T. are cold and dry, V. They h. the inflammations of the throat and uvula, and all cankers and ulcerations in the mouth in a lotion, and are excellent to be put into waters, to inject into the privy parts, being boiled with hony and aloë in water, with some white wine. Col. they restrain moist and sharpe humours, and heale wounds. Park. K. as the globe rock, lesser globe-like, rock spiked, and thin leaved with spiked, heads, T. V. as the rest. Bauh. the leaves of the lesser, tast like rampions, and are used in *saliads*; that of the rock is astringent.

Time. *Thymum.*

P. In gardens, almost every where: the wild on hills.

T. Fl. from May unto September.

N. ΘύμϞ, the wild ἱπρίλλϞ. *Thymus.*

Time, Ger: K. as the garden hard, great broad leaved, that of Candy, and the laced time, T. they are hot and dry 3°, V. Time boiled in water and hony d. h. the cough and asthma, provoke in urine, expelleth the secundine & dead child, and dissolves congealed blood; the same d. with vineger and sa't purgeth flegme: or boiled in meade it cleanseth the breast, lungs, reines

and Matrix, and killerh worms. *Drach*: 3. of the powder taken with meade and a little salt purge flegme and cholerick humours, and all corruptions of blood: also it h. the sciatica, the paine in the side and breast, and winde in the belly; also it exhilerates the pensive; and smelled to h. the epilepsie. *Epythimum* is more effectuell, being hot and dry 30, and is more cleansing, heating drying and opening then *Cuscuta*, & h. melancholy, and diseases of the spleen; it h. old pains of the head, leproy, quartan agues &c. proceeding from the spleen *Diosc.* Drunk with meade it purgeth flegme and melancholy. *Scr.* 4. of the fine powder thereof taken with oxymel and salt, h. swellings of the face and other parts, as also all flatuous humours, and ventosities, *Wild time*, putiall or pella mountaine, running, creeping, or mother of time, K. as the common great purple, marjerome candy, limmon and hoary time, or *serpillum*. T. It's hot, and dry 30. of subtile or thin parts, cutting and much biting, V. it provoketh urine and the termes; in baths and fomentations it c. sweat; being boiled in wine it h. the ague, strangury, hicket, stone, lethargy, and frensie, and stoppeth the vomiting of blood. Boiled in wine and d. it h. the gripings of the belly, ruptures, convulsions and inflammations of the liver. It h. the bitings of venomous beasts, d. and ap. *Art.* Being infused in vinegar; then sod and m. with rose water, it h. long phrensies and lethargy. *Gal. drach.* 1. of the juice taken in vinegar h. the vomiting of blood, and those that are troubled with the spleen. *Park.* the chymical loyle drawn out of ordinary tyme, is used in pills for the head and stomach, for the tooth-ach &c. and ap. h. the stinging of bees, the herb being bruised. *Fernel.* It opens the intralls. *Mac.* It tempers melancholy. *Horst. Fab.* the quintessence h. all cold. *Park.* K. as the French, and true of the ancients. V. the distilled water with vinegar of roses h. the vertigo and stone. *Decoſtum epythymi.* *Pharm. Lond.* or the decoction of dodder of time, purgeth melancholy exceedingly, as also adust choller; it resisteth madness and all diseases of melacholy, and its to be esteemed

esteemed by the melancholick, and deserveth commendation.

Creeping time, *see* Wild time.

Musk time, *see* Time of Candy.

Tine, *see* Wild vetch.

Toadstoole, *Fungus*.

P. About the roots of trees in grassie places, &c.

T. It comes up in Aprill, lasts till May and longer.

N. Those of Aprill are called *Spongiola*. the puffs, *Lupus crepitus*.

Toadstoole, *Ger. F. K.* as the common to be eaten, poysonous, hony comb'd and long with the fusse balls, and Jews eares. T. *Gal.* they are all very cold and moist, and almost venomous of a clammy and cold nutriment if eaten, for which few are good and most suffocate the eater. V. *Fusse balls, Tubera terra.* are no way eaten; the powder of them doth dry without biting, and h. merigals, kided heels &c. the dust thereof is hurtfull to the eyes; being set on fire, they smother bees. they serve also to preserve fire. *Johns.* the Jews eares, *Fungus sambucinus, sive Auricula Juda.* are used against all inflammations and soreness of the throat, being boiled in milk, steeped in beer, vinegar, or any other convenient liquor. P. L. boiled in white wine & drunk, and it ap. it helps deafnesse inflammations, and other griefs of the eares. *Senn.* the antidote to toadstoole is rue, cresses, hyssop, wormewood, garlick, austere peares, treacle, mitchidate and oxymel, with vomiting. *Mac.* Also cummin seed, hawm, pepper, mustard, salt, oxymel, *diagalangae* &c. *Jo.* or drach. i. of hens dung, d. with wine. *Park. K.* the wholesome, as the teasell, goats beard, finger-formed, and Spanish trubbs. V. they generate melancholick humours, and much eaten c. the apoplexy, and palsey; yet some count them euechymick and aphrodisiastick. The deares h. poyson d. and ap. The fume h. the mother.

Tolmainers, *see* Sweet williams.
Tongue blade, *see* Horse tongue.

Toothwort, *Dentaria*.

P. In shadowie places, neere elme-trees &c.

T. Fl. in May and June.

N. Οοβάγχη the first, *Anblatum* Cor. *Radix squamata*
Thal. Phyt. Brit.

Tooth-wort, Ger. K. as the great & little. T. It's pneu-
monicall. V. its used against the cough, & all imperfecti-
ons of the lungs. Dod. they are traumatick, and h. the
wounds of the intrals. Clus. that with berries. T. is sharp
& drying. V. the decoction of the root d. h. the tormina in
children. Myl. All sorts thereof are hot and dry, and
are used in vulnerary potions. Bauh. the first h. ruptures,
drach: 2. of the powder being d. in broth with comfrey
40 mornings together: and ap. h. fractures. the water
h. fluxions, Cam. and the epileptic. the powder h. the
matrix and collick, *Cæsalp.*

Torches, *see* Mullein.

Tormentill, *Tormentilla*.

P. In woods, shadowie places, and pastures &c:

T. Fl. from May to the end of August.

N. Επτάφυλλον. *Stellaria. Septifolium*.

• Tormentill, Ger. the root is dry 3^o, of thin parts: it's
a little hot and of a binding quality. V. it's of like ver-
tue with cinquefoile but of greater efficacy: it's much
used against pestilent diseases; so *Untz. Palm. Tabern.*
Horn. Bokel. Auger V. Vid. & Mind. resisting putrefa-
ction and procuring sweat; the leaves and roots boiled
in wine or the juice d. c. sweat; so it expels poison,
and preserveth from infection; so the powder of the
roots also taken in chalybeate water, it h. the laske and
bloody flux and all other issue of blood. the decoction of
the leaves and roots, or the juice thereof d. h. all wounds.
It also openeth and heateth the liver and lungs, and
cureth

cureth the jaundice ; the *root* powdered and m. with the white of an egge, and eaten stops vomiting , and h. choler and melancholy. *Lonic.* the *root*, *juice*, *leaves*, and *powder* thereof h. the obstructions of the liver and spleen , as also the Kings evill ; the *powder of the leaves* h. the fistula the *leaves* h. nodes. *Auth.* *Pandel.* taken with the juice of plantaine it h. the dysury. *Hieron.* It comforts the intrails. *Park.* K. as the silver leaved. V. It operates as Bistort. the *root* d. h. the French pox.

Torne-sole, *Heliotropium.*

P. About Montpelier in fenny grounds.

T. It flourisheth in the summer solstice.

N. 'ΗΑΙΟΤΕΓΓΙΟΥ. *Scorpiurum.* *Herba Canceri* Ruell.

Torne sole, *Ger.* K. as the great, small hairie and widow waile tor: T. *Æg.* It's hot and dry and of a binding faculty. V. A good handfull of great tornsole boiled in water and d. purgeth forth cholerick humors, & tough flegm; the same boiled in wine & d. h. the stinging of scorpions, or other venomous beasts so ap. the seed stamped & ap. h. warts and excrescencies. The small tornsole & his seed boiled with hyssop cresses and salt peter & drunk expelleth worms ; it serveth also to dye a purple colour either in cloth or meats &c. *Cam.* *Diosc.* gr. 4. of the seed d. with wine before the fits of the ague h. quartains &c. The *leaves* h. the gout and c. menfes. *Math.* the decoction h. the stone. the juice h. ulcers. *Diosc.* the lesser ap. with salt h. warts. *Park.* K. as the colouring. V. d. with cummin it causeth the courses and easie birth, it h. luxations and syriasis in children. the last h. against venomous creatures.

Touch me not, see Codded Arsmart,
or wild Cucumber.

Touch wood, see Tree mushroome.

Lady Traces, see Callions.

Troywort, see Shepheards purse.

Travellers

Travellers-joy. *Viorna.*

P. In the borders of fields among thornes &c.

T. Fl. in July and flourisheth in November.

N. *Clematis altera* Matth. *Vitalba* Dod.

Traveller-joy Ger. K. as the common and Spanish tre.
T. V. as yet they have no use in phyfick: so Park. and
diverse others.

Tree of life, *Arbor vita.*

P. It groweth in gardens when planted there.

T. Fl. about May, and looſeth its greenneſſe in winter.

N. *Σύα*. *Cedrus* *Lycia*. *Thya* *Theoph.*

Tree of life. Ger. T. the leaves and boughs are hot
and dry. V. It's agreeing to the nature of man, as an
excellent cordiall, and of a very pleaſant ſmell. Park.
the leaves chewed for ſome days together faſting in the
morning h. the ſhortneſſe of breath, and to expecto-
rate thin purulent matter ſtuffing the lungs: alſo its hot
reſinous ſmell and taſte ſheweth its tenuity of parts, and
that it is digeſting and cleaſing.

Trefoile. *Trifolium.*

P. In meadowes, and fertile paſtures: the reſt in gardens.

T. Fl. from May, to the end of ſummer.

N. *Τριφυλλον*. *Triphyllum*. *Triaphyllon.*

Trefoile Ger. *ſ*. K. as the meadow, great white, great
purple, hop, & little yellow tr. T. the leaves & flowers of
meadow trefoiles are cold & dry. V. the decoction made
with hony & uſed as a clyſter, h the frettings & paine of
the guts, and expelleth ſlimy humors. the leaves boiled
with a little barrow's greaſe, and uſed as a pultis h. hot
ſwellings and inflammations. that with the halfe moon
ſtamped with a little hony, h. the pin & web in the eyes,
& eaſeth the pain & inflammation thereof, being ſtrained
and dropped therein. the herbe is acceptable unto cat-
tells;

tell; and the *flowers* to bees, *Stinking trefaile*, *pitch-trefaile*, *claver gentle*, or *treacle claver*. *trifolium bituminosum* T. Gal. It's hot and dry 30. V. Being drunk it h. the paine of the sides c. by obstruction, and provoketh urine and the termes. Hipp. d. and ap. it bringeth down the birth. Diosc. the *seeds* and *leaves* d. in water h. the pleurisie, dysury, dropsie in the beginning, and the mother, *drach.* 3. of the *seeds* or *drach.* 4. of the *leaves* being taken. the *leaves* d. in oxymel or the syrrup of vineger made with hony, h. those that are bitten with serpents: so the *decoction* of the whole plant ap. the *leaves* d. with wine are said to h. agues. the *root* and *seed* is used in *antidotes*. The *herb* stamped and ap. extracts the venome out of wounds, and if there be none it increaseth the paine by its attraction of humors. the other *trefoiles*. K. as that of *America*, *Burgundy*, *Portugal*, the *heart*, *small husked*, *crowfoot*, *hoary claver*, and the *yellow horned tr.* T. V. are referred to the common meadow trefoils or *Garden-claver*, *Trifolium odoratum*. T. Gal. doth in a meane concoct and dry, and is in a meane between hot and cold. V. Diosc. the *juice* with hony cleanseth argema's, spots in the eies, and removeth that which hindreth the sight. the *oile* wherein the *flowers* are infused h. green wounds, the gout and other aches: also ruptures and burstings in young children. the *juice* d. in whire wine h. those that are bruised, dissolveth congealed blood, and h. bloody urine. the *herbe* laid among clothes keepeth them from mothes. the *horned* and *black claver*. Lotus. T. V. are referred unto the meadow trefoiles. the *moon*, *lyquorice*, *prickly*, and *strawberry trefoile*. T. V. these, especially the three last, are referred to the common meadow trefoiles also; but are not yet used in medicine, or known, unlesse to few. *Shrub trefoile*. or *Milk trefoile*. *Cytisus*. K. as the 1, and 2d *hairie*, *hoary*, *winged*, *horned*, the 8th, and the *bastard cytisus*. T. Diosc. the *leaves* coole, digest, and have a watery and temperate faculty, as those of the mallow. V. the *leaves* stamped with bread and ap. h. swellings in the beginning. The *decoction* d. provoketh urine. *Columel.*

mel. the infusion thereof d. with a little wine c. milkes
 being earen by cattle it quickly feedeth them: it's de-
 lighted in by bees. It also h. the sciatica and goutts. the
shrubby trefoile, polemonium. T. Is dry 20. with acri-
 mony. V. It h. against the stinging of serpents: taken
 with vinegar it h. the oppilations of the spleen the root
 d. in wine h. the bloody flux, and d. with water it's
 diureticall, expelleth gravell, and h. the sciatica. *bastard*
milke trefoile. K. as the first and second, evergreen, and
hairy, pseudocytisus. T. V. may be referred to the rest.
Venimous tree trefoile: K. as that of Montpelier, and
 Spaine, *Dorycnium.* T. is very cold without moisture. V.
 It's pestilent and hurtfull. *Beane trefoile.* K. as the com-
 men, and stinking, *Anagyris.* T. Gal. is hot and digesting.
 V. Diosc. the tender leaves stamped and ap. waste cold
 swellings. Drach. 1. d. in cute h. the stuffing of the
 lungs, and brings down the menses, and birth: and d.
 in wine h. the head ach. the juice of the root digesteth
 and ripeneth; the seed taken c. vomit as Matth. affirms.
Reccb: the spiked trefoile of mexico. T. Is cold and glutin-
 nous. V. It stops vomiting, diarrhicea's and dysenteries;
 and the spitting of blood. It preventeth abortion, h. the
 tenesmus, dissipateth the argema, repelleth inflammati-
 ons, and strengtheneth the parts that are debilitated by
 heat. *Tetraphyllon* is cold and moist. V. It h. the cough
 and other diseases of the breast. It h. lassitude, and
 asswageth paines. *Park.* Sweet trefoile. V. c. the courses
 and h. against all venomous beasts. the seed h. the epi-
 leptic and rising of the mother, as also the drop sic,
 drunk: and h. tertian and quarran agues. *Trefoile pease*
of Candy, the wild, rough, and smooth coddled of *Mompe-*
lier, and greater and lesser pile. V. Diosc. Gal. the wilde
lotus is hot, and dry, and d. it h. the paine of the blad-
 der. the powder of the herb m. with hony and ap. h.
 blemishes in the face, &c. the greater pile trefoile h. the
 piles, being astringent without heat or acrimonie. The
Lybian is hot 20, and a little cleansing. *Mountain tre-*
foiles are thought to operate as the former. so the
flarry and round headed meadow trefoiles V. the juice d.
 h. bitings

h. bitings of the adder; and the ointment, those of other beasts. Decoct with the flowers and roots, it h. the whites, the rest are referred to the first.

Great Trefoile, or winged Claver, see Hare foot.

Marsh, or water Trefoile, see Bucks beanes.

Soure Trefoile, see Wood sorrell.

Treacle claver, see Stinking trefoile.

Treacle worrne seed, see Towers mustard.

Troth flowers, see Globe crowfoot.

Tulip. *Tulipa.*

P. In *Thracia*, *Cappadocia* and *Italy* wild: here in gardens.

T. They fl. from the end of Feb. till May, and later.

N. *Кірійъ въ аѳѣ.* *Johns.* *Turban Turc.* & *Turfan.*

Tulip. Ger. *J. K.* as the *Italian*, *French*, timely flowering, late flowering, apple-bloome, bluish coloured, bulbous stalked, bloud red with a yellow bottome, purple, bright red, white with purple streakes, white with light red edges, straw coloured, flame coloured with yellowish streakes, *Clusius's* lesser, and greater many branched with the yellow flower the dwarfe with darke red flowers edged with green, and with a purplish flower white within, yellow dwarfe, pretty *Persian* with a red flower and whitish edges, gold yellow with red edges, vermillion, white and red striped, red and yellow foolies coat, sulphur coloured, red with pale edges, late flowering yellow late yellow with sanguine spots and a black bottome, white *Holias* with sanguine spots and streakes, and the middle purple bleuish bottomed tulip. T. V. *Johns.* the roots preserved with sugar, or otherwise dressed, become good and nourishing meat. *Park.* *K.* as the red and yellow *Bolonia*, the *Persian*, *Candy*, *Armenian*, white *Holias* without a bottome, the variable, three coloured, the purple of *Cassa*, with pale white stripes, crimson with white flames, the *Switzer*, *Goliath*,

Goliath, *Flambant white*, *feathered*, and *Willmer's gills*.
flower tulipa. V. the roots are thought to be *venerious*.

Tune hoof, see *Ground ivy*.

*Turbith. Turpetum. **

P. In *Cambaya*, *Surrate &c.* by the sea field.

T. The time is not observed.

N. *Turbeth Arab. Herba laſtaria Meſ. Alypum Alſuar.*

Turbith. Ger. K. as that of *Antioch*. T. *Meſ.* is hot 3°. V. It purgeth flegme taken in the broth of a chicken; or faire water, if there be a feaver: else it may be m. with ginger, maſtick, oile of ſweet almonds or ſugar, it being ſlow in working and troubling the ſtomack It purgeth flegme from the moſt remote parts of the body. the doſe is *drach. 1.* or 2. at the moſt, but in the *decoſtion* or *infuſion* 3 or 4. *Dorſt.* the root is hot and dry 30. It purgeth craſſe humors, it h. the tormina, and gout: & taken weekly, preſerves from the leproy. the powder with hony h. gangrenes *De Dond.* It h. feavers of flegme, *ſo:* the antidote is hydromel. *Park.* It h. the dropſie, French diſeaſe, and other diſeaſes of flegme. *Diaturbith cum rhubarbaro, Pharm. Lond.* or *Diaturbith with rhubarb*, purgeth flegme and choller but is ſtrong; alſo its effect is all to purge flegme and choller in diſeaſes of the head, nerves joynts, and the venereall muricin; the D. is *unc. ſem.* in white wine or *drach. 5.* in ſtrong bodies with *unc. 1.* of ſyrup of violets to temper the ſame. *Diaturbith major, ſine rhubarbaro*, or the greater *diaturbith without rhubarb*, purgeth flegme, and is to be uſed warily. *Pilula turpeti aurea*, or the golden pills of *turbith*, purge choller and flegme gently, and ſtrengthen the ſtomack and liver, and h. digeſtion; the D. is *drach. ſem.* at night. *Schrod.* the D. of the extraſt of *turbith*, is *gr. 6.* to *x.* and more.

Scrapia

Serapias Turbith, *see* Sea Star-wort.
 Turkes herb. *see* Rupture wort.
 Turkie-hen-flower, *see* Fritilarie.
 Turkie-hirse, *see* Turkey-millet.

Turmericke *Curcuma*. *

P. It groweth naturally in the East Indies &c.

T. The time is not observed.

N. *Cyperus Indicus* Diosc. Terra merita, *Crocus Indicus*.

Turmericke. *Johns.* T. the root is hot 30. and aperient.
 V. It h. the yellow jaundise, and cold distempers of the liver and spleen. *Lob.* Being chewed it operates as saffron, it's bitter in taste, and ap. is a *psilothron*. *Schrod.* also it h. the stomach and womb, It's hot and dry 20, bitter, absterfve attenuating, digestive and discutient. It provoketh the termes, and h. the dropsie, and cachexy. *Pem:* It h. the green sicknesse, and provokes the termes. Ap. with the oile of the Indian nut, and juice of oranges it h. the itch: so *Garc.* and *Park.* also the decoction opens obstructions, and h. old griefes, the Indians use it in stead of Saffron.

Turnep. *Rapum.*

P. It prospereth in a light and fat ear:h.

T. It's sown in spring, and the end of Aug.

N. Γογγύλη, Γασήρ Laced. Ζακινθός Athen.

Turnep. *Ger:* J: K. as the great, and longish rooted. T. the root raw is windie and c. gross and cold bloud: the boiled is moist, windie, and a little cooling. V. Being boiled in water it looseth the body. roasted or baked it is lesse windie, c. milke and sperme, and provoketh urine. the decoction h. the cough: so *Tulp.* and hoarsenesse of the voice, d. in the evening with a little sugar or clarified hony. *Diosc.* Stamped and ap. it h. kibed heeles, so also oile of roses boiled in a hollow turnep under the hot embers. the tender springs boiled and eaten

eaten as a *sallad* provoke urine. the *seed* is a remedy against poysons. the *oile of the seed* d. h. the throwes of women newly brought to bed, and killeth wormes in children. and being washed with water h. the heat and ruggednesse of the skin. so *Col. Park.* they nourish much, and c. moist and loose flesh. *Senn. Crat. Guainer.* the decoction of turneps h. quartan agues, d. for 15. dayes. *Crescent Isaac.* It's hot 20. the decoction used as a bath h. the gout. *Park.* the oaken leaved black turnep, *Diosc.* h. the bitings of the shrew mouse, and is thought to be of the same faculty in other things with *Lyon leaved black turnep*, it's called *Chrysogonum*.

Wild Turnep, see Charlock.

Turpentine tree. *Terebinthus.* *

P. In Syria, Cyprus, Cilicia. &c.

T. Fl. in Spring. the berries are ripe in Sept.

N. Τερβινθος. Terbinthos. Botin Arab. vel Botan.

Turpentine-tree. Ger. K. as the common, 'and bread leaved. T. the barke, leaves and fruit are somewhat binding, hot 20, and being green they dry moderately, but 20, being dryed the fruit is dry 30. and hotter: and being eaten hurterh the stomach. V. It provoketh urine, h. bad spleens, and d. in wine h. the bitings of the phalangium. *Diosc.* the rosin excelleth all other. yet *Gal.* preferes that of the *mastick tree* this rosin is astringent, yet lesse then mastick, more bitter and digesting, cleansing and healing scabs. the fruit provoketh urine and lust. the turpentine looseth the belly, openeth the liver and spleen, provoketh urine, expelleth gravell, the quantity of two or three beanes being taken so washed and taken with the yelke of an egge in posset drink made of white wine, in the morning. It h. the gonorrhoea twice taken, and purgeth the belly. *Bezu.* the spirit of turpentine h. the cough and pryssick It resisteth pestilent poisons, purgeth the stomach, provoketh urine, expells the stone, h. the strangury and ulcers

gers of the bladder. It openeth and strengtheneth the nervous part. It c. lust, dissolveth coagulated bloud, and h. the matrix. ap. it h. contusions. the *dose* is from 6. drops to 20. the *oile* is hot, emollient, discutient, opening and purging, and may be used in stead of the true balsame. *Park.* the *oile* of the berries h. cramps, hardness of the sinews, and closeth wounds. *Drach.* 1. of turpentine taken in a reare egge, h. the cough, and breast, paine of the joynts, draweth out splinters, and h. wounds. *Oleum terebinthina Chym. Pharm. Lond.* or the chymicall oile of turpentine, is excellent in cold afflictions of the nerves, and all diseases of cold and wind; it corrects cold afflictions of the lungs; as asthma's, difficulty of breathing &c. *drach.* 1. being taken in the morning; ourwardly it adorne the body, h. prints of scabs the small pox, chaps in the skin, and breasts of women, and deafnesse being dropped into the eares. the way of boyling it, see in the *London Dispensatory*, sc. lib. 1. in 24 of water till thick.

Tutsan, see Park leaves.

Tway-blade. *Ophris.*

P. The first groweth in meadowes, fenny and shadowy places.

T. Fl. in May and June, and presently vanisheth.

N. *Bifolium. Pseudorchis. Elleborine quorund. Lugd.*

Tway-blade. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, and bulbous.

T. they are vulnerary. *V.* they h. green wounds and ruptures, used in unguents and balsames. *Lonic. T.* It's hot and dry. *Lugd.* It's glutinous and somewhat sweet. *so Casalp.* It coloureth the haire black. *Fuch.* It contracts, and is astringent. *Park.* *T.* It's judged to be hot and dry. *V.* It consolidates ruptures. *Bauh.* It's contracting and astringent. But *Schwenckf.* thinks it's hot and moist.

Two penny grasse, see Herb two pence.

Valerian.

V

Valerian. *Valeriana.*

P. The wild grow in moist places, by ditches &c.

T. Fl. in May, June, July &c.

N. Φῦλον νάρδος αἴγρια. *Phu. Nardus Cretica Plin.*
Genicularis.

Valerian. Ger. J. K. as the garden, great wild, smal, stone, Greekish, Indian, and anuall, broad leaved of the Alps, with the small Alpine set-wall. T, Diosc. the root is a little hot the dried is somewhat hotter. V. Being dried it provoketh urine and the termes, it h. the paine in the sides, and resists poyson and the pestilence. It h cuts, wounds, and small hurts. P. L. it comforts the heart, c. lust, and stops fluxes. The extraction of the root h. the dysury and the yellow jaundise. Wild valerian is thought to be good to h. ruptures, convulsions and bruises. the leaves hereof as also of thole of the garden h. ulcers, and sores of the mouth and gumms, used in a gargarisme. drach. ʒ. of the wild, the root being powdered and taken in wine purgeth upwards and downwards. Basill Valerian. T. Is dry 2°. Mac. the root is hot 2°. Park. K. as the great knobbed of Candy, summer, rocky and red. V. Plin. the decoction of the root d. h. all stranglings in any part: and with liquorice, raisins and aniseed h. the cough and asthma. It expells winde. Ap, it stops rheumes, it h. the sight and is magneticall. the fume of the lesser h. the winde of the genitors.

Venus bason, see Teasell.

Venus haire, see Mayden-haire.

Venus-comb, see, Shepheards needle.

Venus

Venus looking-glasse. *Speculum Veneris.*

P. It groweth among corne in a fruit full soile.

T. Fl. in June and July: the seed is ripe in Aug.

N. The first is called *Campanula arvensis*. *Viola Pan-
ragonia Tab.*

Venus looking-glasse. Ger. *J.* K. as the common, and
coddled corne violet. T. V. Is not as yet written of: so
Park and others. as to its use and vertues.

Vervaine. *Verbena.*

P. In untilld places, neere unto hedges and high wayes
&c.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. *Ἰσὴ Κοτὰν ἢ περικεῖται.* *Verbenaca. Herculan.*
Ferraria. Exupera.

Vervaine. Ger. K. as the common, and holy vervaine T.
they are very dry, and meanely binding and cooling. V.
the leaves pounded with oile of roses or hogs greafe and
ap. as a pultis h. the inflammation and paines of wounds,
and preserve them from corruption: the green leaves
stamped with hogges greafe h. hot impostumes and
tumors, and cleanse rotten ulcers. It h. tertian and
quartan feavers. Being worne about the head it h. the
infirmities thereof c. by heat. Stamped with oile of ro-
ses and vinegar or the decoction made with oile of roses
ap. h. the falling of haire: so Mac. It h. putrified ulcers,
wounds and fistula's. it wasteth old swellings, and h.
the heat of inflammations. the decoction of the roots and
leaves h. the tooth ach, and ulcers of the mouth, and
fasteneth the teeth. It's also said to exhilarate strewed
in the roome. Hartm. It's an excellent cephalick reme-
dy used either inwardly or outwardly. the decoction
hereof with hony of roses h. the aphthæ. *Æmil. Mac.*
d. in wine it h. the jaundise, & exhilarates. *Apul.* It h.
the stone, and liver. *Untz.* It h. the plague. so *Campeg.*
Mind. Chalm. Agric. Keg. Park. K. as the female and
round headed. T. is hot and dry. V. It opens obstructi-
ons

ons and h. all paines of the body, kills wormes, h. the liver, spleen, and lungs. the juice h. spots. the water h. the cies.

Vetch. *Vicia*.

P. It groweth in any soile whatsoever.

T. Fl. in May. the seed is ripe in September.

N. Βίςσος the 1. Ἀραχός the wild. Ὀροβός the bitter.
Erucum.

Vetch Ger. J. K. as the common, bush, white flowered, wilde, and small wild tare. It's binding and dyspepticke. V. It's cacochoymick, and ingendreth a thick and melancholy blood. Hatcher vetch. *Securidica* K. as the common, lycorice, that with joynted husks, small blew flowered, small yellow, indented, horshe with the French hony suckle. T. the seeds are hot and dry. V. d. it's acceptable to the stomach, and removeth the stoppings of the intestines; so the leaves and tender crops. Ap. with hony it's thought to hinder conception. the seed of axwort openeth all the inward parts. Horshe is bitter, and operates as ax-seed. Milke vetch. *Astragalus*. K. as the Portugall. Assyrian, that of Matth. and the bastard *Astragalus*. T. Gal. the roots are astringent. V. It dryeth, glutinath old ulcers, and stops the flux of the belly being boiled in wine and d. Diosc. It provoketh urine and c. milke, as also stoppeth bleeding. Kidnie vetch. *Anthyllis Leguminosa*. K. as the common, and starry. T. V. they c. milke in cattle. Small yellow vetch, *Aphaca*. T. Gal. is astringent as the lentill, and is eaten like it, but is of harder digestion, more drying and moderately heating. V. The seeds are astringent; and being parched, broken and boiled they stay fluxes of the belly. Bitter fitch, *Orobus*. T. Is dry fine adi. hot 10. bitter, cleansing, cutting, and opening; and if too much used, it bringeth forth blood by urine. V. with hony it purgeth grosse humors out of the chest and lungs. the best is the yellow, being soaked or boiled it is more earthy, and drying with.

without manifest heat. *Diosc.* It causeth head-ach, and troubleth the belly. The seed being steeped and parched yields a meate fit for medicine. It looseth the belly, provoketh urine, and c. a good colour. With hony it cleanseth ulcers, taketh away freckles, sun-burning, black spots in the skin, and maketh the body faire. It stayeth running ulcers, or hard swellings & gangrenes. It softeneth womens breasts, h. phagedens, carbuncles and sores of the head. Mixt with wine and ap. it h. the bitings of doggs, and venimous beasts. With vineger it h. the strangury. Being parched and taken in the quantity of a nut it h. the arrophie. The decoction h. the itch ap. and kibes. Being boiled with cicers in fountaine water, it asswageth the swellings of the privy parts, being fomented and ap. And also h. running sores, ulcers and scurfe. *Parak.* Common vetches ap. to the belly h. colicks, and with other things stay cankers: so the wild, *Cracca.* Bitter vetch. V. the parched meale h. the hiccok. Ap. with wine it h. carbuncles. taken it h. the senesmus. The mountaine wood, *Orob.* *Lugd.* h. the plague, poison, epilepsie and kills wormes. *Hatchet* vetch h. poison, expells flegme, and kills wormes the meale h. spots. *Sesban* dryeth the stomack.

Vine. *Vitis.*

P. In a black, loose, and moist soile.

T. It is to be pruned before the spring.

N. *Αμπέλ* ☉. *Vitis vinifera.* The fruit, *Racemus.* The seeds, *Avilli.* The berry, *Acinus* The stalk, *Scapus uvarum.*

Vine. *Ger. K.* as the manured. T. the tender, branches, and leaves doe coole and mightily bind. V. They stop bleeding, the laske, bloody flux, heart burning, heat of the stomack, or readinesse to vomit, the longing of women impregnate, the inflammation of the mouth and throat in a gargarisme: so the unripe clusters. The liquor issuing from the cut branches d. in wine h. the stone: it healeth

healeth ringwormes, scabs and leproy, the place being first anointed with nitre. it taketh away superfluous haire, and h. warts. The *stones* h. the bloody flux, laske and vomiting. The *ashes of the sticks*, and *droffe* ap. h. the piles and hard swellings of the fundament. m. with oile of rue and vinegar it h. members out of joint, and h. the bitings of venomous beasts. Ap. as a *plaster* it h. the paine of the spleen. The *lye* of the ashes is used in caustick remedies. *Grapes raw* trouble the belly and are windie, especially the *austere*. they are of cold and rew juice, and c. bradyepsic. The *sweet* are hotter, lesse hurtfull, and of quicker digestion. The *stones* are dryer and binding. The *vinous grapes* are in a meane between soure and sweet. *Those of little juice* nourish most, yet descend more slowly. They are of little ill juice, lesse nourishing than figgs. They may be kept in the meale of mustard seed with muste *thus*. that being strewed in the bottome of any earthen pot well leaded, thereupon the fairest branches of the ripest grapes are to be laid, which must be covered with more of the aforesaid meale, and lay upon that another sort of grapes, so till the pot is full; then fill it with muste up to the brim, after which the pot being covered close set it in some cellar or or other coole place. the grapes you may take forth at your pleasure washing the powder off with faire water. *Raisins* doe moderately bind but the *austere* most, and strengthen the stomach; the *sweet* are hotter and being rid of the stones, loosen the belly. they are of thick and good nutriment, and those are the *best* that have a thin skin. the *sweet* are smoothing and moderately cleansing, they h. the chest, lungs, windpipe kidnies, bladder and stomach, concocting and allaying the sharpness of humours. they h. the liver and intrails, strengthening, resisting putrefaction and removing distempers c. by moisture and cold. *Diofc.* being chewed with pepper they purge flegme and water out of the head. In *pultises* they h. the gout, gangreens, and mortifications. Stamped with all. heale and ap. they take away loose nailes. *Muste* is windie, hardly digested,

of thick juice and maketh the body soluble; *that of austere grapes* is worse and cause the stone, collick, laske, and bloody flux; also the *first* is better than the *second*. Cate made by boiling must to a third part is hot and thicker than wine, it loosens the belly and is not of easie distribution. It nourisheth, yet it's not good for the liver or spleen, it digesteth raw humours that stick in the chest, and raiseth them up; so h. the cough, and asthma. *Wine* by age groweth hotter and sharper, and hath aerie, waterie and earthy parts, by these it becometh austere. *Gal.* It's hot 20, and if old 30, if new 10, and is dry as a medicine and h. ulcers. that which is not old, or made medicinable doth nourish and moisten, it refresheth the naturall heat, comforteth the stomach, c. appetite and concoction, h. distribution, increaseth strength, enlargeth the body and cuts flegme. It's diuretick, purifyeth the blood and c. a good colour, it h. consumptions and is analeprick. It c. mirth, boldnesse, lust and moderate sleep; if *immoderately* taken it worketh contrary. It h. against hemlock and other cold poysons, and the bitings and stings of venomous beasts, that hurt by cooling. It h. the stretching out of the sides, windie swellings, the green sicknesse dropie and cold infirmities of the stomach, liver, spleen, and matrix. the weakest is the *white wine*, pleasing to, the stomach, and lesse hurting the head and sinews than the rest. It is of quick distribution; and h. intermitting feavers. It h. concoction, digesteth humours, c. urine and sweat, provoketh sleep, and h. weariness. *Black wine* is thick, hardly dispersed, and digested, it quickly inebriates & stops the liver & spleen. It binds, nourisheth, and c. blood and flesh. *That of a light crimson red colour* is fitter for the stomach, easier digested, lesse troubleth the head, and easier descendeth than the *black*; if not ripe it bindeth the belly. the *reddish yellow wine* is in a meane between thin and thick, hot, and admitting most water. Being used it h. swooning. Sweet the lesse hot, the lesse it troubleth the head, and better passeth through the belly; the *thicker* the slower, and

and h. the lungs and cough, and expectorates raw humours. It hurteth the liver and spleen & those that are cholerick, but nourisheth others. *Austere wine* nourisheth little, if *thin* it's diuretick, it lesse troubleth the head, but is not quickly digested, so the more to be shunned. *Harsh wine*, the less ripe it is the neerer it cometh to the qualities of verjuice, being binding. It strengtheneth a weak stomach, h. the longing of women impregnated, it stoppeth the lask but it obstructs the liver and milt, slowly descendeth by urine, and something troubleth the head: so also old wine grown *sharp*; is also hurteth the sinews and intrails, and emaciates the body. *New wine* maketh the body swell, and windie and c. troublesome dreames, especially the *thick* and sweet: those that are in a mean decline in virtues from their extreames, and are free from their extreames, and are free from their discommmodities: and come neere in faculties to those wines whereunto they be next in colour, *tast*, *substance*, *smell*, or *age*. Wine is *fittest* for those that are cold and dry, as for old men &c. and waterish bodies: and those are the *best* that are far, increasing the blood and nourishing. It *hurts* children, filling the head with vapours, heating, drying and c. to fall into extreames: it is also to be moderately taken by those of full age. *Strong wine* being allayed, h. the disquietnesse, yawnings, & shiverings, and strengtheneth the body made feeble by drinking pure wine. *Aqua vita* or *ardens*, being the distilled liquor hereof, is hot and dry *sine tertii*, and is of most subtile parts. It h. those that are in frigidated by long diseases, or age, increasing naturall heater and upholding strength: it prolongeth life quickneth senses, preserveth the memory and sharpeneth the sight, and h. the cataleptic without a seaver: it h. the panting of the heart, weakness of the stomach, windinesse of the body, c. concoction and expelleth poyson. Ap. it strengtheneth the heart and senses. Being held in the mouth it h. the tooth ach, and ap. h. cold cramps. Some give it in quartans before the fit, it is to be given with wine and

and h. the apoplexie, epilepsie, megrim, old head-
 aches, and cold vertigo's: it hurteth those that are hot
 and cholerick, being often taken it hurteth the liver
 and kidnies. *Æg.* the lees dry, wast, bind, and h. moist
 diseases of the body, as the chlorosis and dropsie, *drach.*
1. being taken every day fasting, provoking urine and
 cleansing the belly being m. with spices, diureticks, and
 catharticks. With oile of myrtles, ap. *Tartar* or *Argal.*
Tartarum. h. hot swellings: ap. as a *peltis* to the stomack
 it stops the lask & vomiting: ap. to the belly it stops the
 whites. it h. soft swellings, great breasts and dryeth up
 milk ap. with vineger. Being burnt till white, *Diosc.* it
 becomes caustick, cleansing, heating, binding, eating,
 and drying, m. with rosin it takes off rough nailes. It is
 to be kept in a hot and dry place. The liquor that
 droppeth from it is called oile of tartar, which also is
 caustick and dry, it h. the leprosie, scabs, tetter, and
 deformities of the skin, being ap. with ceruse and rose-
 water, at bed time. Also white wine is best before
 meates, d. after it c. oppilations. *Clarret wine* nourish-
 eth and warmeth, it's wholesome with meate and for
 those that are flegmatick. *Red wine* h. fluxes corrupteth
 the blood, and breedeth the stone. *Sack* is best to be
 drunk before meat causing digestion. *Malmsey* and the
sweet wines taken before meat, comfort the cold and
 weak stomack, but all are to be moderately taken; else
 they c. relaxation of the sinewes, epilepsie and
 palsies: and in those of middle age; feavers, and
 frensies and venery, and wast the intralls. *Park.* The
verjuice that is made of green, hard grapes, serveth
 to cool and refresh a faint stomack. *Begu.* The spirit of
tartar is opening, it provoketh the menses, it h. the
 palsie, jaundise dropsie, pleurisie, quinsie, and French
 disease. *scr. 1.* or 2, taken in a convenient liquor or wa-
 ter. *Cremor tartari* h. all obstructions, and the hypo-
 chondryack melancholly *drach. sem.* being d. in the
 decoction of capers: so the *Magisterie*, the dose *scr. sem.*
 or *scr. 1.* *Schrod.* it purgeth upward and downward,
 and h. desperate diseases, *D. gr. 5. scr. sem. Crol. tartar*
vitriolate

vitriolata h. the hemicrania, stone, dropie, the courses stoppt, feavers and melancholy in appropriate waters: the dose is *scr. sem.* or *scr. 1.* *Park.* K. as the *parley vine* V. the wild is no lesse cooling, but more binding than the first, and h. lasks, hot stomacks, c. urine, and h. sores. The *ashes* are cleansing. the *vineger* is cooling and drying, h. heate in feavers, and putrefaction, cutteth flegme, penetrath, h. the fretting ulcers and the itch; but dryeth the nerves and c. them to shrink. *Boorde*, *whitewine* used twice or thrice to the secrets presently after copulation, helpeth burnings by an harlor, so sack and water also. *Anon.* as also the ashes of a linnen cloth with the yolks of eggs, anointed and put in. *Senn.* *Lac Virginis* h. the sowre flegme face. *Schrad.* the *essence of wine*, is a balsame strengthening nature, h. the plague in 6. howers, 12 gut being given in the begining to cause sweat, it prevents epileptick fits, and expels the dead foetus; *cochl.* 1. presently h. in difficult parturition. The *Magisterie* turnes water into wine. *Aqua vite composita*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the compound *aqua vita* is excellent against the wind. Also its of the same virtues as the simple *cochl.* 1. may be taken alone, or mingled with common mint water. *Usquebath*, h. indigestion c. of flegme and cold, and strengthens the stomach. Also it's good against diseases of the chest, mixed with hyssop and colts foot waters. *Acetum distillatum*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the *distilled vineger*, is stronger. Also it's rather used as a menstruum in chymicall extractions and preparations than otherwise and of it self. It makes thin, cuts discusseth, represseth, cooleth & in some measure heats. It hath all the faculties of vineger, but more utense and heating. *Syrupus acetosus simplex* or the *syrup of vineger simple*, and *simplicior*, or that *more simple*, do both cut flegme and viscos humors in the stomach, cool the body quench thirst, provoke urine, and prepare the stomach for a vomit, *unc. sem.* being taken at bed time, before it. to facilitate it, else use it with a liquorice stick. *Syrupus acetosus compositus*, or the *compounded*, h. stuffings with flegme or tough humors

humours, it opening stoppings of the stomach, liver, spleen and reines; it cuts and and evacuates tough flegme and choller and so h. stuffings of the stomach. *Mel passulatum*, or *hony of raisins*, h. consumptions, and costive bodies also its good for flegmatick bodies, and rheumatick diseases. *Oxymel simplex*, or *simple oxymel*, cuts flegme and h. to facilitate vomiting. Also it cuts thick and clammy humours, attenuats and prepares them for expurgation. Its usefull both in hot and cold diseases; and is good for diseases of the chest and lungs; and hinders the accumulation of grosse juices in the body. *Sapu*, or *simple Rob*, is used to make up medicines with. Also it's good for sore mouths, strengthening and stopping the motion of the morbidick cause, by it's stypticall roughness; and cleansing away and digesting the humours come already to the part. It's good in cleansing ulcers in any part. It strengthens a cold moist stomach, and weekened liver taken from the knives point the q. of *drach. 3.* or *unc. sem.* in a morning, alone or with *drach. 2.* of honey of raisins. *Leboch è passalis*, or the *Leboch of raisins*, is good against coughs, consumptions of the lungs and other evils of the breast; and so is good for children; as also for the convulsion and epilepsie. *Electuarium passulatum*, or the *Electuary of raisins*, gently purgeth choller and melancholy, cleanseth the reins and bladder, so helps the stone and gravell in the kidnies. Also it opens and frees the lungs from flegmatick humours oppressing the same; and is good against a cough proceeding from thin, sharp and salt humours. *Liquor tartari P. L.* or *oile of tartar*, is used by Virgins to take the sunburn and freckles out of the face. It takes of rust from iron and preserves it bright a long time. Also a drop or 2 of it in some convenient liquor opens all obstructions. It's called *liquor eliquamen*. *Tartarum vitriolatum P. L.* or *tartar vitriolated*, is magnified by the Chymists as an universall dissolutive, and preparative of all humours. It fixeth the volatile salt in mans body, provokes urine, stops vomiting and h. headaches by repelling vapours; the *D. gr.*

x. i. 5. or 20. in a fit water or conserve *Cryſtalli tartari*, or the *Crystall of tartar*, opens obstructions in all parts, *drach. sem.* or *scr. 2.* in broth before dinner, c. appetite & gently purges. *Schrod.* the salt of tartar volatilise, is lithontriprick, the D. is *gr. 5. 6. &c.* the oile h. the cholick, and suffocation of the womb, &c. the D. is *gr. 3. or 4. ap.* it h. the common and French scab. *Schrod.* the spirit of tartar, incides attenuates, and resolves, dissolvethe and openeth obstructions of the bowels, purgeeth by sweat and urine, h. the dropſie, tympanie, gout, palsie scurvy, French pox, ringwormes, scabs, spalsme from a flatulent and humorate fluid matter, not tartareous, coagulate and fixed, the D. is *scr. 1. to scr. 2.* the compound is more penetrating and efficacious, the vitriolate, h. obstructions of the bowels, ill colours, old fevers, or agues, and the dropſie, the D. is *scr. 1. to scr. 2.* in appropriate waters. The philosophicall of S. Cloſſ. h. obstructions of the mesentery or gout, the D. is *4. or 6. drops* in wine in retention of the termes, it provokes them in 4. times using it. The spirit of wine, is hot and dry, most penetrating, incorruptive, resists putrefaction, h. the apoplexie, and coins &c. ap. it resolves tumours, cold and scirrhus, prevents coagulation of blood in convulsions, and resolves the cruor and dissolvethe. The tartarise, or aqua philosophica, h. tartareous affections and such which are from fixt salt, as in the scurvy, tartar in the hypochonders, asthma, cachexie, obstructions of the bowels, and it provokes sleep d. with the essence of saffron. The microcosmicall, opens obstructions of the bowels ap. it easeth paine. The tincture of tartar, provokes urine, h. the hypochondryacal melancholy, scurvy dropſie and other diseases and obstructions of the mesenteric and spleen, the D. is *4. drops to 8.* It's washed by stirring it up and down in spring water, till it be cleare by renewing it.

White

White Vine, see Bryony.

Wild Vine, see Black Bryony.

Violet, *Viola*.

P. In gardens almost every where.

T. Fl. in March, or Aprill.

N. *Iov. Herba violaria. Mater violarum. Melanion Theoph.*

Violet. Ger. K. as the purple garden, double, and white, with the yellow and dogs violet. T. the flowers and leaves are cold and moist. The flowers h. all inflammations, especially of the sides and lungs, also hoarseness of the chest, and roughness of the wind pipe, the extreame heat of the liver, kidneys and bladder they mitigate the heat of burning agues temper the sharpness of choller, and take away thirst. The oile is cold and moist: ap. to the testicles it c sleep m. with the yelk of an egg, it h. the pain of the fundament and hemorrhoides; it's used in cooling clysters, and anodyne pultises, being steeped in oile omphacine, or of sweet almonds while fresh and moist; being dry they strengthen the heart. The leaves inwardly taken do coole, moisten and loosen the belly: ap. they h. hot inflammations; ap. with barley floure after soaking with water being dryed they h. a hot stomach, burning eies, and the fundament fallen out ap. They h. surfeiting heaviness of the head; and being boiled in water, and d. they h. the squinancy; as also the epilepsie in children, and the stinging of scorpions. *Unc.* 3. or 4. of the syrup being taken at a time, loosen the belly, and purge choller. The violet tables comfort the heart and inward parts. The decoction h. hot feavers and agues in children, and the inflammation of the liver, so the juyce, syrup, or conserve. The syrup also h. the inflammation of the lungs and breast, the pleurisie, cough, and feavers and agues in children, 8, or 9. drops of oile of vitrioll being m. with *unc.* 1. of syrrop and a spoonfull given at once: it also h. burning feavers, and pestilent diseases, all inflammations of the throat, mouth, uvula squinancy and the epilepsie in children. Sugar violet h. inflam-

mations, roughnesse of the throat, comforts the heart, h. paines of the head and c. sleep. The leaves are used in cooling plaisters, oiles and comfortable cataplasmes; and are of greater efficacy among other herbs, as mercury mallows &c. in clysters for the purposes aforesaid. *Water violet*. K. as the common and smaller leaved. T. is thought to be cold and dry. V. yet it's not used in physick. *Bulbous violet*, *Leucoium bulbosum*. K. as the timely flowering, the early Bizantine, late flowering many flowered and the least autumnne *Leucoium*. T. V. are not yet used in physick. *Dames violet*, or *Queens gilliflowers*, *viola Matronalis*. K. as the purple and russet, with the melancholy flower. T. The leaves of dames violets are sharpe and hot in tast and faculty, like rocket, V. The distilled water of the flowers c. sweat. *Violets of Mercurie*, or *Mercuries violets*, *Viola mariana*. T. V. the root is cold and somewhat binding, and not used in physick; but onely for a sallad, boiled and eaten with oile vineger and pepper. *Park*, it cures digestis and cleanseth *Sagra Sala*, the essence of the flowers h. the heat of the breast liver and reines, and h. choler. *Riol*. The oile anointeth h. the diseases of innanition, with things analeptick, almond milk, jellies, &c. *Brasav*. Amongst those things that doe infrigidate the violet is the best, hurting no part. *Park*. The fl. of the white dissolve swellings. The seed resists scorpions: the herb h. hot reines. *Syrup violarum*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the Syrup of violets cooleth and moistens gently, corrects the sharpnesse of choller h. hot vices of the breast, quencherh thirst in acute feavers, resists their heat. comforts hot stomacks, cooleth the liver and heart; and resists putrefaction, pestilence and poyson, and is harmlesse. The *Julep* is cooling. *Al* it tempers choller in feavers thence. It quencherh thirst and gently provokes sleep; and it may be taken with pleasure. *Mel violarum*, or hony of violets, is good for the lungs and chest. It lenifieth, scoures, cools and strengthens. Its usefull in clysters and gargarismes, and succesfully used to cleanse ulcers in cold constitutions where the faculties of violets are requisite, it's more convenient.

convenient then Syrup of violets. *Trochisci è violis soluti*, or the *Troches of violets solutive*, serve to loosen the body. Also they purge water and grosse phlegme, with choller they expell wind and tast well. the D. is *scr. 1.* for children that have great bellies and the wormes; the D. may be to *scr. 2.* or *drach. 1.* in labouring bodies, in case of wormes the collick, dropsie, and opresion of the lungs by flegme. They may be made into tablets and are convenient for children and nice persons to carry about. *oleum violaceum*, or the simple oile of violets cools inflammations, easeth pleuresie and paines of the breast. *Schrod.* the D. of the extract of violet flowers, is *drach. 1.*

Toothed Violets, see Corall worts.

Tree Violet, see Strait or upright.

Vipers grasse. *Scorzonera.*

P. In gardens: and wild in Spaine, Germany. &c.

T. It fl and flourisheth from May to August.

N. *Viperaria. Viperina. Serpentina.*

Vipers grasse. *Ger. f. K.* as the common, dwarf, Austrian, Hungary, and narrow leaved. T. they are hot and moist as the goats beards. V. they h. against the infections of the plague, all poysons of venomous beasts, especially the bitings of vipers, the juice being drunk. It h. the infirmities of the heart, and swooning epilepsies, & vertigoes. The root eaten roasted, sodden or raw, exhilarates and removeth sorrow: so the roots condited. *Park.* And expell wind out of the stomach. *Sala,* the essence h. tertian and quarrane agues caused by the putrefaction of humors, the cachexy, dropsie, and French pox, &c. The dose is *scr. 1.* or *drach. 1.* *Park.* the distilled water h. obstructions, and the mother, the clarified jayce with hony dropped into the eyes cleareth them, and the blemishes thereof.

Vipers herp, *see* Vipers bugloss.

Virgins-bower. *Clematis*.

P. In a fruitfull soyle, in sunny places.

T. Fl. in July and Aug. the seed is ripe in Sept.

N. Κλήματις ἐτίεα, καὶ ἐμπυγῆτις. *Ambuxum*.

Virgins bower. Ger. J. K. as the blew, and double flowered. T. V. are not yet used. Park. K. as the burning, &c. T. V. as the rest, is not used in phylick. the other climbers serve to take away the scurfe, leproy, or other deformities of the skinne. but are not to be used inwardly; yet Diosc. Gal. Plin. &c. say it was used to purge the drop sic. Matth. the water of the upright virgins-bower h. any cold griefes, the leaves pp. h. the quartan ague. the oyle thereof h. aches, cramps, and paines c. by cold, and h. the stone, and provokes urine. That of virginia tasteth like muske, with acidity, and looseth the belly. Ald. and is hypnotick.

Uvula-wort, *see* Throat-wort.

W.

Wake-Robin. *Arum*.

P. In woods neere ditches, under hedges, in the shadow.

T. The leaves appeare after winter, the pestell in June.

The berries are ripe in July.

N. Ἄγρον Ἰαρού. Barba Aron. Pes vituli. *Colocasia*.

Wake-Robin. Ger. J. K. as the common, and Egyptian. T. the root is hot and dry 30. V. that which is most biting purgeth rough humors out of the chest and lungs, coughing. Being eaten after it's sodden twice or thrice it cuteth thick humors. Diosc. the root ap. with cowes, dange h. the gout. P. L. ap. it h. scurf, morpew, and clears the skin, the whitest starch is made of the root hereof, but it's hurtfull to the hands of the laundresse, chapping, blistering and making them

them rough, *Arist. Ælian. Plut. Plin.* the herbe is eaten by beares after their long abstinence, that it may open their hungry gut by it's windinesse. *Lonic Drach.* 1. of the powder of the root d. h. poisons, so the juice with vinegar, also it expells the courses and secundine. *Brunfels. Theoph.* It h. fractures. *Platear.* It cureth quartan agues. *Park.* d. and ap. it h. the plague. the juice cleanse h. ulcers. the *fecula* is cosmetick, with the water, which is oxydorkick. the *Ægyptian* is aphrodisiastick. *Pulvis radicum ari compositus*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the powder of *Aran* roots, compounded, is good to provoke sweat in malignant diseases, and h. against the biting of a mad dog: the D. is scr. 1. or drach. sem. with London teale, or burner, or bawm water.

Wall flowers, see Yellow stock gillowflowers.

Wallnut-tree. *Nux juglans.*

P. In fields neere high wayes, in fat high places.

T. The leaves and catkins appeare in Spring, the fruit is ripe in August.

N. *Kapūa. Nux regia & Persica Jovis glans.*

Wallnut-tree. *Ger. T.* the fresh kernells of the nuts newly gathered are a little cold, of much unconcocted moisture, little nourishment, of slow digestion and descent; the dry nuts are hot and dry, the oily hurt the stomach, are hardly concocted, increase choler, c. head ach, hurt the chest, and those that have a cough. V. the nuts dry taken fasting with a figge and a little rue h. poyson, and preserve from the plague, and being much eaten expell worms. the greene nuts boiled in sugar, and eaten as a *suckad*, comfort the stomach, and expell poyson. The oyle of the nuts smoothen the skin, takes away scurfe, and blew markes. c. by bruises. *Milke made of the kernells* cooleth, and h. the appetite. With onions, oyle and hony ap. they h. the bitings of doggs or men that are raving *Diosc.* Eaten and ap. they h. gingrenes, carbuncles, the ægilops, and falling of the haire; so the

oyle, which is of thin parts, digesting and heating. The outward greene huskes are styptick. *Gal:* The juice h. the inflammations of the mouth. the leaves and first buds are somewhat binding, yet hot and dry: they are used in lotions for the body, digesting and causing sweat. *Park:* the juice of the outer greene huskes h. poyson, the plague or pestilentiall feavers. the distilled water thereof d. with vineger. h. the hot fits of the same. the distilled water of the leaves ap. h. fluent ulcers. The powder of the catkins d. in white wine, h. the mother. The oyle h. shrunk sinewes. the water h. the quinsy, &c. of the huskes, and h. deafnesse. the greene huskes powdered serve in stead of pepper. *Aqua juglandum composita Pharm. Lond.* or walnut water compound, seems to be invented to facilitate and provoke vomitings, and to that end may be mingled in vomits. It voides clammy flegme and choller from the stomach & adjacent parts, and opens obstructions thereof. Its good in agues green sicknesse, and epilepsies arising from the consent of the stomach. *oleum juglandinum. P. L.* or the oile of Walnuts, heats dries, and expels wind. It dissipates swellings, and digests them through the habit of the body, It's good against the collick pain from wind or cold humours, being digestive, and drying it h. pricks of the nerves, and galled places without paine. It's very good against burnings. It may be anointed, given in clysters, or *unc.* 1. or 2. may be taken inwardly when new against gripings of the guts.

Wall wort, *see* Danewort.

Warence, *see* Madder.

Water archer, *see* Arrow head.

Sea wart-wort, *see* Sea spurge.

Warmot, *see* Worm wood.

Water nut, *see* Sa'igor.

Water. wort, *see* Maiden haire.

Way benner, *see* wall Barly.

Way bread, *see* Plantain.

Way.

Wayfaring tree. *Viburnum.*

P. In hedges, in rough places, hills, and woods.

T. Fl. in summer, the berries are ripe in Aut.

N. *Viorna Ruell. Lantana. Viorna vulgi Gall.*

Wayfaring tree. Ger: T. the leaves and berries are cold, dry, and binding. V. the decoction of the leaves in gargarismes h. swellings and inflammations in the mouth, the scurvie, and fasteneth loose teeth: boiled in lie they make the haire black, being used as a bath: so the berries; the powder, stops laskes, all issues of bloud, and the whites. It's reported that the bark buried in the earth and afterwards boiled and stamped maketh good bird lime for fowlers. Cam: Matth: the fruit when ripe looseth the belly, Park: the leaves with those of the olive decoct in vinegar and water h. the throat and mouth swelled by sharp rheumes, and h. the uvula fallen, and rheumes falling open the jawes.

Way-thorne, see Buck-thorne.

Way wort, see Pimpernel.

Weed wind, see Withy wind.

Welcome to our house, see Cypres spurge.

Weld, see Dyers-weed.

Weyther-ney, see Feaverfew.

Wheat. *Triticum.*

P. In a fat, sunny and dry soyle.

T. it's sown in Autumne, or Spring.

N. *aves's.* Of the white is *Siligo*: of the bright, *Triticum lucidum*.

Wheat. Ger: K. as the white, bearded, flat, double eared, and bright. T. Gal: the hardest is most nourishing, ap. it's hot 10. not manifestly drying or moistening, also it's clammy, and stopping. V. Diosc: Being eaten raw it breedeth wormes in the belly: being chewed and ap. it h. the bitings of mad dogs. the flower boiled with hony and water, or with oyle and water, h. all inflammations. the bran boiled with strong vinegar h.

scurfe, and dry scales, ap. and dissolvethe the beginning of hot swellings. And boiled in the decoction of rue, it slacketh the swellings in womens breasts. *Piln:* The graines of white wheat dried browne, and the powder m. with white wine ap. h. watering eyes. the dried powder of red wheat boiled with vineger h. the shrinking of sinewes. the meale m. with the juice of henbane and ap. h. inflammations, as St Anthonies fire, and stops the flux of humors to the joynts: *paste* made of the fine meale h. the hæmoptysis, a spoonfull being taken at a time. the bran boiled in sharp vineger h. those that are scurvie and mangie ap. The leaven of wheat, heats, attracts, resolvethe, concocteth, openeth all swellings, bunches, tumours, and fellons, mixed with salt. The fine flower m. with the yelk of an egge, honny, and a little saffron, doth draw, and heale boyles, &c. Take crummes of wheaten bread lib. 1. sem. barley meale unc. 2. fenugreek and linseed. an. unc. 1. the leaves of mallowes, violets, dwale, sengreene, and coryledon an. m. 1. boile them in water and oyle till tender. then stampe them in a stone mortar, and adde the yelkes of 3 egges, oyle of roses and violets an. unc. 2. m. if there be an erysipelas, adde the juice of night shade, plantaine, and henbane an. unc. 2. it h. St Anthonies fire, and all inflammations very speedily. Slices of fine white bread steeped in rose water, and ap. helps sore eyes that have hot humors falling into them, and ease the paine. the oyle of wheat pressed forth betweene 2. plates of hot iron h. the chaps of the hands, feete, and fundament c. by cold, and smoothe the skinne: used as a balsame it h. wounds, and put into salves it c. them to worke more effectually. *Turkes wheate. Frumentum turcicum.* K. as the yellow, red, and blew. T. it's oligotrophick, and nourisheth lesse than wheat, rie, barley, or oates. It bindeth the belly and descendeth slowly. *Bor.* Wheate flower with the juice of elder h. all fluxes. *Ern.* The distilled oyle of the bread thereof h. all inflammations, and gangrenes, *Park.* the leaven of wheat is magnetically the

the meale boiled with vinegar and hony h. spots in the skinne. the decoction of bran used in clysters h. the tormica and ap. h. ruptures. the starch h. fluxes. It levigates what is rough, with syrup of violets it h. coughs, wheezing and excoriations of the bowels. A Liniment of wheat meale and hony, rubbed on the armes and back, h. the wormes thereof, using a raser after it. So Senn. *Emplastrum ē crusta panis, Pharm. Lond.* or the plaister of a crust of bread, mightily strengthens the braine, applyed to the crown after shaving; so the stomach. Also if applyed to it, it h. digestion, and stops vomiting and putrefaction of the meat there.

Whicken-tree, or Quick beam-tree, see Wild ash,
or Quicken tree.

Whinne, see Furze.

White bothen, see great daisy.

White gold, see Great daisy.

Whitelow grasse. *Paronychia.*

P. Upon stone walls, old houses, and dry walls.

T. Fl in January and February, and fade in hot weather.

N. *παραφυχία. Reduvia. Saxifragia Pin.*

Whitelow-grasse. Ger. K. as the common, and jagged.

T. V. It's said to be effectuall to heale the disease of the nailes called a whitlow. Ludg. It's of thin parts, and drying without biting, so Æg. and serveth to digest where needfull, being hot and dry 30. yet Dod. saith they are uselesse as yet in medicine. Gal. It's of thin parts, without biting. Park. it's somewhat hot and sharp, and therefore not likely to worke the effects attributed to that of Diosc. and Galen.

Whitten

Whitten tree, *see* Water elder, or wild affi.

White-root, *see* Solomons scale.

White-thorne, *see* Haw thorne.

Whit-wort, *see* Feaver-few.

Whortle-berries. *Vaccinia.*

P. In a barren untilld wooddy soyle.

T. Fl. in May. the fruit is ripe in June, the last in August.

N. Ἀμπέλος παρὰ τὸν Θεοφ. *sc.* the black.

Whortle berries. Ger. J. K. as the black red, white, Hungarie, beare, and great round leas'd. T. are cold fine secundi, and dry with a manifest astringtion. the red also are cold, dry, and binding. V. the juice of the blacke is prepared by adding hony and sugar unto it; and h. the laske. they are good for an hot stomach, quench thirst, mitigate the heat of burning agues, stop the belly, stay vomiting, cure the bloody flux c. by choler, and h. the felonie. they are usually eaten in creame and milke. the red are lesse used, and make a carnation colour. *Marsh-worts.* or *Fenne-berries*, *Vaccinia palustria*. T. cold and dry, with a certaine thinnesse of parts, and astringtion. V. they h. the heat of burning agues, and choler quench thirst, stay vomiting, c. appetite, and resist pestilent diseases: the Rob hereof is much better than the berries. *Park*: K. as the Spanish red, French hony sweet, taller red of Candy, and lower. V. the syrrup h. the cough, and ulcers of the lungs. the juice with allom and galls makes a purple colour, or with copper forgings and wine vinegar it dieth cloth.

Whorts, *see* Whortle berries.

Widdow-waile. *Chamelaa.*

P. In untilld grounds, in Italy, France, &c.

T. It's alwaies greene: the seed is ripe in Autumne.

N. χαμηλαία. Oleago. Oleastellus. Of the fr. *Coccus Cnidium.*

Widdow-waile: K. as the common: T. the leaves and fruit

fruit are very hot and burning. V. Diosc: The leaves purge flegme and choler, taken in pills, 2 parts of wormewood being m. with one of this, and made up with hony: they h. the drop sic. the leaves m. with hony cleanse filthy ulcers. Mountaine widdow-waile. *Thymelæa*. T. the leaves and fruit of spurge flax are very hot, biting, and burning. V. Diosc: the graines purge choler, flegme, and water, 20 gr. of the inner part being d. or taken with fine flower of barley meale, or raisins; or covered with clarified hony: and stamped with nitre and vinegar c. sweat ap. the leaves are to be gathered in harvest, and dried in the shade: when used they must be beaten, and the strings taken out, so unc: 2. & drach: 2. taken in allaied wine purge waterie humors: they purge more gently boiled with lentills. the powder of the leaves may be made up into trochiskes with the juice of soure grapes, and so reserved for use. H. the herb hurteth the stomack, and ap. destroyeth the fetus. Trag: It's hot 4°. So Serap: Cuzen: ap. it h. spots of the skinne. The pills h. the drop sic.

Widdow wisse, see Greening weed.

Wilding tree, see Crab tree.

Wild savager, see Cockle.

Wild nard, see Asarum.

Williams. *Armeria*.

P. In gardens: the wilde in meadowes, &c.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May: the wilde till July.

N. *Superba*. *Herba Tunica*. *Caryophyllus* Sylv.

Williams. Ger: J. K. as the broad leaved, narrow leaved, and childing: with the white, and double white Johns. T. V. are not used in meate or medicine. Wilde Williams. K. as the male, and double crow flower, or *Armoraria*. T. V. are as useles as the first. so Park. K. as the spotted sweete, and double sweete Williams.

Willow.

Whitten tree, *see* Water elder, or wild ash.

White-root, *see* Solomons scale.

White-thorne, *see* Haw thorne.

Whit-wort, *see* Feaver-few.

Whortle-berries. *Vaccinia.*

P. In a barren untilld woody soyle.

T. Fl. in May. the fruit is ripe in June, the last in August.

N. Ἀμπέλος, παγάλους Theoph. *sc.* the black.

Whortle berries. *Ger. J. K.* as the black red, white, Hungarie, beare, and great round leaved. T. are cold fine *secundi*, and dry with a manifest astringtion. the red also are cold, dry, and binding. V. the juice of the blacke is prepared by adding hony and sugar unto it; and h. the laske. they are good for an hot stomack, quench thirst, mitigate the heat of burning agues, stop the belly, stay vomiting, cure the bloody flux c. by choler, and h. the felonie. they are usually eaten in creame and milke. the red are lesse used, and make a carnation colour. *Marsh-worts.* or *Fenne-berries*, *Vaccinia palustria.* T. cold and dry, with a certaine thinnesse of parts, and astringtion. V. they h. the heat of burning agues, and choler quench thirst, stay vomiting, c. appetite, and resist pestilent diseases: the Rob hereof is much better than the berries. *Park:* K. as the Spanish red, French hony sweet, taller red of Candy, and lower. V. the syrrup h. the cough, and ulcers of the lungs. the juice with allom and galls makes a purple colour, or with copper forgings and wine v. neger it dieth cloth.

Whorts, *see* Whortle berries.

Widdow-waile. *Chamelæa.*

P. In untilld grounds, in Italy, France, &c.

T. It's alwaies greene: the seed is ripe in Autumne.

N. χαμῆλαια. *Oleago. Oleastellus.* Of the fr. *Coccus Cnidium.*

Widdow-waile: K. as the common: T. the leaves and fruit

fruit are very hot and burning. V. *Diosc*: The leaves purge flegme and choler, taken in pills 2 parts of wormewood being m. with one of this, and made up with hony: they h. the dropfie. the leaves m. with hony cleanse filthy ulcers. *Mountaine widdow-waile. Thymelaa. T.* the leaves and fruit of spurge flax are very hot, biting, and burning. V. *Diosc*: the graines purge choler, flegme, and water, 20 gr. of the inner part being d. or taken with fine flower of barley meale, or raisins; or covered with clarified hony: and stamped with nitre and vinegar c. sweat ap. the leaves are to be gathered in harvest, and dried in the shade: when used they must be beaten, and the strings taken out, so *unc*: 2. & *drach*: 2. taken in alliaed wine purge waterie humors: they purge more gently boiled with lentills. the powder of the leaves may be made up into *trochiskes* with the juice of soure grapes, and so reserved for use. H. the herb hurteth the stomack, and ap. destroyeth the *fœtus*. *Trag*: It's hot 4°. So *Serap*: *Cuzen*: ap. it h. spots of the skinne. The pills h. the dropfie.

Widdow wisse, see Greening weed.

Wilding tree, see Crab tree.

Wild savager, see Cockle.

Wild nard, see Asarum.

Williams. *Armeria.*

P. In gardens: the wilde in meadows, &c.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May: the wilde till July.

N. *Superba. Herba Tunica. Caryophyllum Sylv.*

Williams. *Ger*: J. K. as the broad leaved, narrow leaved, and childing: with the white, and double white Johns. T. V. are not used in meate or medicine. Wilde Williams. K. as the male, and double crow flower, or *Armeraria*. T. V. are as useles as the first. so *Park*. K. as the spotted sweete, and double sweete Williams.

Willow.

Willow. *Salix*.

P. By rivers and ditches, almost every where.

T. Fl. in the beginning of spring.

N. *Ἰτιά*. *Vincus* Crescent. The dwarfe, *Pumila* Tab.

Willow. Ger. *J*. K. as the common, water, great round leaved, great broad leaved, English rose, low, dwarfe, and creeping dwarfe w. T. the leaves, flowers, seed, and bark are astringent, cold and dry 20. V. the leaves and bark stop the spitting of bloud and all fluxes, boiled in wine and d the branches set about the beds of those that are sick offeavers, mightily coole the heate of the aire. Diosc. the bark burnt and steeped in vinegar h. cornes, &c. Gal. the juice which runneth out (the bark being slit) when the withy is in flowering, doth cleanse the eyes, & is of subtile parts. Mockwillow. *Speirea*. Theophr. *Johns*. T. V. Is not used in physick. Park: *Willow fl*, *Delphinii*. T. V. Is not used in physick. Croll: the decoction of the willow used as a bath h. rabid members. For: l. 17. Obs: 10. the leaves with those of the vine strewed h. the syncope by sweating, cold water being ap. Park: The leaves d. with pepper and wine h. the collick, the water. is cosmetick and diuretick.

Willow-herb, see Loose-strife.

Sweet willow, see Gaule.

Windflower, see Anemone.

Winged wind weed, see Winged bindweed.

Wine berry see *Vaccinia*.

Windle straws, see Bent.

Winter gilliflower, see Wall flower.

Winter-greene. *Pyrola*.

P. It groweth in the north part of England.

T. It fl. in June and July, and groweth all the yeare.

N. *Tintinnabulum terra*. *Limonium Cordi* & Germ.

Winter-greene. Ger: *J*. K. as the common, smaller, shrubby, and round leaved. T. It's cold 20. dry 30. V. It's

It's a most singular wound herbe d. or ap. The juice of the leaves made into an unguent with wax, oyle & turpentine h. ulcers, wounds, and fistula's mundified from their callous matter. The decoction hereof made with wine, d. h. all wounds of the intrailes: also it h. the ulcers of the kidnies, made with water, and the roots of comfrey. So *Schwenckf: Col.* the decoction h. fluxes, *Park. K.* as that of Europe with chickweed fl. and that of America. T. is astringent and glutinous. V. the herb boiled in wine and water stoppeth the bleeding of wounds, and h. foule ulcers, cancers, and fistula's.

Wisanck, see Indian Swallow wort.

Twig withy, see Small withy, or willow.

Withy-wind see Small bindweed, and withy,

Withy, see Willow.

Wit, see Yellow henbane.

Witch-hasel, see Elme.

Woad. *Glaſtum.*

P. It groweth in fertile fields.

T. Fl. from June, to September.

N. *Ἰσάρις. Isatis. Guadam. Dili Arab.*

Woad. *Ger. J. K.* as the garden, and wilde. T. that of the garden is dry without sharpnesse. the wilde is more dry and sharpe. V. the decoction d. h. the stopping of the spleene, and hardnesse thereof, and h. wounds and ulcers in strong bodies. It's used also to dye, and colour cloth. *Bastard woad. K.* as the great, small, and bucks borne gumme succorie, *Sesamoides. T. Gal.* The seed is bitter, heating, breaking and scouring. V. ob r. of the seed d. with meade purgeth flegme and choier, and awasts knots. *Park. K.* as the Indian, *Anil. V.* The i. stoppeth bleedings of all sorts. and h. phagedens, cancers, all hot inflammations, impostumes, St Anthonies fire, and schirrus's, so *Indico,*

Wood-

Wood-binde. *Periclymenum*.

P. In woods and hedges, and about bushes.

T. Fl. in May and June: the fr. is ripe in Autumne.

N. περικλυμένον, ἢ περιπλόκας. *Volucrum majus*.
CaPrifolium. Matrisylva.

Wood binde. Ger. K. as the common, and Italian. T. It's hot and attenuating, sc. both the fruit and leaves and are diuretick. V. Diosc: the ripe seed dried in the shadow and drach: 1. d. for 40. daies together waster the hardnesse of the spleene, h. wearisomenesse, asthma's, hicker, and c. speedy delivery in ch ld bearing: so the leaves, and d. 30. daies together are said to c. sterility in men. the flowers steeped in oyle, and set in the sun ap. h. the cold and chilnesse of the body. The distilled water of the flowers d. h. bloody urine. A. syrrepe of the flowers d. h. the diseases of the lungs, and the spleene stopped taken with nitre. the water h. sore throates, and with the leaves boiled, or distilled with the flowers. are made remedies against cankers, and sore mouthes; also for ulcerations and scaldings in the privy parts, adding a little allom, or verdigrease if onely externally used, and the sore require greater cleansing. P. L. the flowers powdered, and drach. 1. taken in white-wine in the morning, h. the rickers, difficulty of breathing, provokes urine, and h. such as cannot make water; but too much taken c. pissing of blood. Upright wood bind, *periclymenum rectum*. K. as the Savoy, Germane, blew berried, cherry, and dwarf. T. V. as yet are not used in physick. Park. The double honisuckle. V. operates as the wild, & is also excellent for wounds in the head or other parts, Turn. The seed d. expelleth bloody water. Col. The decoction of the leaves with figs, and liquorice expectoraterh flegme, the conserve h. cramps. the water cleanseth the skin. Park. K. as the dwarf. V. the water is cosmetick. The oyle h. cold griefs. The great, red, upright, red and black berried are not used. The blew serveth dyers.

Blew Wood-bind, *see* Ladies bower.

Wood chick weed, *see* Wild cow wheat.

Wood march, *see* Sanicle.

Wood broney, *see* Ash.

Wood nep, *see* Bishops weed.

Woody-night-shade, *see* Bitter-sweet.

Wood roose. *Asperula.*

P. The 1 groweth almost every where, the 2d is common, the 3d in fields.

T. Fl. in June and July.

N. *Cordialis. Stellaria Aspergula. Spargula.*

Wood-roose. Ger: *J.* K. as the common, and blew, with Spurrey. T. It's in a meane between heat and driness. V. It's reported that being put into wine it exhilarates, and h. the heart and liver: it h. in wounds, as other vulnerary herbs do. *Schwenckf.* It's a cephalicke traumattick herb. The decoction thereof in baths strengtheneth the joynts. *That of Plin:* Dod, Is dry, absterfive, a little drying, and of somewhat subtile parts. The leaves ap. stop bloud in wounds, and stamped with axungia h. botches. the juice h. paines of the eares. the distilled water h. the stone. *Park.* It h. the losse of appetite, and the plague, as also hard impostumes ap. so the water. Spurry is traumattick and fattens cattle. The seed is a phlegmagogon.

Wood-row, and wood rowell, *see* Wood-roose.

Wood sower, *see* wood sorrel.

Wood waxen, *see* Green weed.

Wolfes-bane. *Aconitum.*

P. On the Alpes, and mountaines of Savoy.

T. The 1 Fl. in March and Aprill: the seed is ripe in June. The 2 fl. in January: the 3 in August.

N. *Ἀκόνιτον. Lycostonon. Cynostonum. Luparia.*

Wolfes-bane. Ger: K. as the broad leaved, and mountain. *Thora waldens.* T. It is the most poysonfome of all

all the wolfs-banes, and exceedeth *napellus*. V. thole that are wounded with arrowes dipped herein, are reported to dye remediless within halfe an houre after. *Winter Wolfes-bane. Aconitum hyemale*. T. Is hot and dry 40. and very dangerous. V. It scarce hath it's antidote. *Cam*: Yet the water dropped into the eyes h. their paine and burning, and h. the bitings of serpents and maketh them senselesse untill they touch the white hellebor. *Mithridate wolfs-bane, Anthora*, T. the root is very bitter, and an enemy to all poysons. V. It purgeth out waterie and slimie humours, and expelleth wormes: also the q. of a beane c. vomiting d. in broth or wine. *Gruiner*: the root h. against the plague given with dittany, and is an antidote to *Thora*. *Yellow wolfs-bane. Aconitum ponticum luteum*. T. Is deadly V. It is used with raw flesh to kill wolves. the other wolfs-banes. K. as the larkes beele, small blew, and rough larkes beele. T. are deadly, hot and dry 40. V. It's most poysonsome: the antidote, see in Helmet-flower. *Park*: *Anthora* h. the collick c. by winde. *Senn*: the antidote to aconite in wormewood wine, or cock broth, rue, and mithridate with vomiting. *Mac*: Organic, and long birthwort, &c. *Jo*: Or the decoction of dill with butter. *Park*: K. at the late fl. and early, with the bending. V. The juice boiled with axungia killeth lice, the lye h. scurf. *Doronicum* is cordiall; it h. the breast, and hot eyes. the *Austrian* h. the vertigo. *That of Germany*, c. the courser and h. the mother, and against the sea hare, the biting of the shrew, opium, tormina, cramp's, stone, and fores and the fl. c. sneezing.

Wolfs claw, see Mosse club.

Wolfes-fists, see Fussle balls.

Wolfes thistle, see Chamæleon.

Wollen, see Mullein.

Worme-grasse, see Stone-crop.

Wormer-seed, see Holy Worm-wood.

English Wormer seed, see Cameline, or Tower mustard.

Worm

Wormewood. *Absinthium*.

On bankes, rockes, mountaines and in untilled places.

The fl. and seede are ripe in July and August.

N. Ἀψινθιον. Βαθύπικρον Diosc. That of the sea, *Seriphium*.

Worme wood. Ger: K. as the broad leaved, and small
 stick. T. Is hot 20. bitter, cleansing, binding, and
 strengthening. V. It h. weake cholerick stomackes,
 cleanseth and purgeth. It preventeth and h. surfeits.
 It h. long agues and removeth obstructions of the liver,
 and cleanseth by urine. It h. vomiting of blood from
 the spleene, and the tympanie: it expelleth wormes d.
 and ap. resists putrefaction, it h. a stinking breath, and
 preserves from mothes, and gnats. It's good in *pulvis*,
 and *fomentations* to bind and dry. Diosc: It h. winde,
 and paines of the stomack and belly, with sceli and
 French spikenard. the *decoction* or *infusion* h. the yellow
 jaundise drunk thrice a day 10 or 12 spoonfulls at a
 time. It h. them that are strangled with mushroomes d.
 with vineger: and d. with wine it h. the poyson of
 Asia, hemlock, the bitings of the shrew mouse, and sea
 dragon. ap. with hony and water it h. the inflamma-
 tions of the throat; with water it h. night wheales, and
 with hony the markes of bruises, as also dimme eyes,
 and mattering eares. Cam. the flowers with rosemary,
 flos, of each a small q. and a little saffron boiled in
 wine and d. h. the jaundise, the body being first purg-
 ed. Austrian wormewood. *Absinthium tenui folium Austri-*
acum. T. is bitter, hot and dry &c. as the first. V. and
 operates as the first Sea wormewood. *Absinthium mari-*
num. K. as the white, and creeping. T. Is hot and dry;
 but lesse than the first V. Diosc. Being taken alone, or
 boiled with rice, and eaten with hony, it killeth
 wormes, and looseth the belly. the juice d. with wine
 resisteth the poyson of hemlock. the leaves stamped
 with figgs, salt-peter, and the meale of darnel, and ap.
 to the belly, sides, or flankes, h. the drop sic, and such
 as are splenetick. as also all inflammations, and heat of
 the stomack and liver, and exceedeth the common
 worme-

all the wolfs-banes, and exceedeth *napellus*. V. those that are wounded with arrowes dipped herein, are reported to dye remediable within halfe an houre after. *Winter Wolfes-bane*. *Aconitum hyemale*. T. Is hot and dry 40. and very dangerous. V. It scarce hath it's antidote. *Cam*: Yet the water dropped into the eyes h. their paine and burning, and h. the bitings of serpents, and maketh them senselesse untill they ouch the white hellebor. *Mithridate wolfs-bane*, *Anthora*. T. the root is very bitter, and an enemy to all poysons. V. It purgeth out waterie and slimie humours, and expelleth wormes: also the q. of a beane c. vomiting d. in broth or wine. *Guainer*: the root h. against the plague given with dittany, and is an antidote to *Thora*. *Yellow wolfs-bane*. *Aconitum ponticum luteum*. T. Is deadly V. It's used with raw flesh to kill wolves. the other wolfe-banes. K. as the larks heele, small blew, and rough larks heele. T. are deadly, hot and dry 40. V. It's most poysonsome: the antidote, see in Helmet-flower. *Park*: *Anthora* h. the collick c. by winde. *Senn*: the antidote to aconite is wormewood wine, or cock broth, rue, and mithridate with vomiting. *Mac*: Organic, and long birthwort, &c. *Jo*: Or the decoction of dill with butter. *Park*: K. as the late fl. and early, with the bending. V. The juice boiled with axungia killeth lice, the lye h. scurfs. *Doronicum* is cordiall; it h. the breast, and hot eyes. the *Austrian* h. the vertigo. *That of Germany*, c. the courtes, and h. the mother, and against the sea hare, the biting of the shrew, opium, tormina, cramp's, stone, and fores: and the fl. c. sneezing.

Wolfs claw, see Mosse club.

Wolfs-fists, see Fussle balls.

Wolfs thistle, see Chamæleon.

Wollen, see Mullein.

Worme-grasse, see Stone-crop.

Wormer-seed, see Holy Worm-wood.

English Wormer seed, see Cameline, or Towers mustard.

Worme:

Wormewood. *Abfinthium.*

P. On bankes, rockes, mountaines and in untilled places.

T. The fl. and seede are ripe in July and August.

N. Ἀψινθιον. Βαθύπικρον Diosc. That of the sea, *Seriphium.*

Worme wood. *Ger:* K. as the broad leaved, and small pontick. T. Is hot 20. bitter, cleansing, binding, and strengthening. V. It h. weake cholerick stomackes, cleanseth and purgeth. It preventeth and h. surseits. It h. long agues and removeth obstructions of the liver, and cleanseth by urine. It h. vomiting of blood from the spleene, and the tympanie: it expelleth wormes d. and ap. resists putrefaction, it h. a stinking breath, and preserves from mothes, and gnats. It's good in *pulvises*, and *fomentations* to bind and dry. *Diosc:* It h. winde, and paines of the stomack and belly, with sceli and French spikenard. the *decoction* or *infusion* h. the yellow jaundise drunk thrice a day 10 or 12 spoonefulls at a time. It h. them that are strangled with mushroomes d. with vineger: and d. with wine it h. the poyson of ixia, hemlock, the bitings of the shrew mouse, and sea dragon. ap. with hony and water it h. the inflammations of the throat; with water it h. night wheales, and with hony the markes of bruises, as also dimme eyes, and mattering eares. *Cam.* the flowers with rosemary, sloes, of each a small q. and a little saffron boiled in wine and d. h. the jaundise, the body being first purged. *Austrian wormewood.* *Abfinthium tenui folium Austriacum.* T. is bitter, hot and dry &c. as the first. V. and operates as the first *Sea wormewood.* *Abfinthium maritimum.* K. as the white, and creeping. T. Is hot and dry; but lesse than the first V. *Diosc.* Being taken alone, or boiled with rice, and eaten with hony, it killeth wormes, and loeseth the belly. the *juice* d. with wine resisteth the poyson of hemlock. the *leaves* stamped with figgs, salt-peter, and the meale of darnel, and ap. to the belly, sides, or flankes. h. the dropfie, and such as are splenetick. as also all inflammations, and heat of the stomack and liver, and exceedeth the common worme-

wormewood. It feedeth cattle. and keepeth cloathes from moths being laid among them. *Holy wormewood. Semeñtina.* V. the seed is very bitter, hot and dry. V. It kills and expelleth wormes. m. with *aloe succotrina* and ap. to the navell of children it worketh the same effect. the other *worme-woods.* K. as the *white, that of Egypt,* the *unsavory* and *small lavender cottón.* T. the 1 is hot, and somewhat dry. the *third* is little hot or scouring. V. these are not used in physick where the others may be had, being wilde and degenerate. *Borell: Cent. 1. Obs. 41.* the *syrupe of wormewood* taken with the powder of *rubarbe,* doth gently purge, kill wormes, h. the appetite, and corroborate a cold stomacke. *Hart.* The *oyle, spirit,* or *wine* thereof h. belchings. *Schrod.* It's stomachick, splenetick, opening, atenuating, astringent, discutient, sudorifick, antifebrick, and hypnotick; ap. it's acoustick, and c. watchings, and roborates the ventricle. *Schwenck. p. 50.* It's an amethyst or h drunkennesse. *Mes: the Roman,* is hot 10. dry 20. partly nitrous and purging, partly terrene and styptick. *Riv: Cent: 1. Obs: 16. Scr: 1.* of the *salt* with a spoonefull of the juice of limmons h. vomiting in malignant feavers. *Myl: all sorts* h. the stomach. *Riv: Cent: 2. Obs: 69.* the *syrripe* of both wormewoods with agrimony and the smaller centory taken twice a day h. the inflammation of the body. *Park: K* as the *fine leaved Austrian, white tufted,* and *that with fine leaves.* V. It h. the toothach, and quinsy ap. and long sickness d. with cummin seed it h. winde, the seed h. fluxes, and ap. h. the itch. *That of the sea* is weaker. *Ern.* the oy'e of wormwood seed, h deafnesse put in and quartan agues, the D. is gr. 15. *Spiritu & aqua absinthii minus composita, Pharm: Lond,* or the *Spirit and water of wormwood of the lesser composition,* is of the same virtue as wormwood; but its to be used by cold bodiēs; and it healeth the body and h. digestion. Also it's good for such as are subject to the dropie, cachexie jaundise and swelling of the legs, being alliaed with cichory and fennel-water simply distilled: and mingled with ransie-water, it will prevent the breeding

of wormes in the stomach or guts. *Spir. & aq. absinthii*, *magis composita*, or the *greater composition*, heats the stomach and strengthens it and the lungs. It expels wind, and h. digestion in old people. Also it hath the virtues of the former; and is good also against a stinking breath and cold and moist distempers of the braine, being tempered with common betony water. It is good to cheer hypochondriacall persons, being tempered with a good q of borage, buglosse, and bawm-waters; and it h. a weak sight, from a cold and moist cause. *Bayf.* It stops vomiting, kills wormes, h. the toothach, and cures feavers, the D. is *drach. 2.* or *unc. sem. viz.* of the water. *Vinum absinthetis*, *P. L.* or *wormwood wine*, h. cold stomacks, breaks wind, h the chollick, strengthens the stomach, kills wormes, and h. the green sicknesse, a draught being taken in the morning. Also it hath the same virtue as the spirit and water of worm wood. A cup may be taken before meate to procure appetite; and it prevents the dropsie and cachexie. *Syrugus de absinthio simplex*, *P. L.* or *syrup of wormwood simple*, is of the nature of the herb. *Syr. de absinth. compositus*, or that *compounded*, h. cold and flegmatick stomacks, strengtheneth the stomach and liver, concoction digestion and appetite. It h. the yellow jaundise, breaks wind, and purgeth humours by urine: the D. is *cochl. 1.* *Trochisci de absinthio*, *P. L.* or the *Troches of wormwood*, much strengthen the stomach, h. obstructions of the belly and bowels, strengthen digestion, opens the liver h the yellow jaundise; water and choller, the D. is *drach. 1.* in the morning. *Oleum de absinthio P. L.* or the *oile of wormwood* moderately heats and strengthens the stomach being anointed with it. It procures appetite, opens obstructions, furthers digestion, and kills wormes. Also it heats and strengthens all parts, as stomach, liver, spleen, and h. dropsies, and cachexies from coldness and weakness of the intrailles. It digests crude humours in the stomach, dissipates wind anointed on the stomach and belly; and so h. chollick fits, and shaking of agues along the back, before the fit. *Oleum absinth.*

absinth. Chym. P.L. or the *Chymicall oile of wormewood*, makes a pleasant drink, 1, or 2. drops being put into a glasse of white wine and sugar; which strengthens the stomack and liver, c. appetite and a good colour, expels wind, moves urine prevents the drop sic, and h. hypochondriacall melancholy: to use it drop a drop or 2 or three into a piece of refined sugar, letting it soake into it, then melt the sugar in the wine, and mix it.

Dorias's Wound wort. Herba Doria.

P. About the brinkes of rivers neere Narbone in France.

T. Fl. in gardens about the 12th of June.

N. Herba aurea. Panax Chironium Theoph. Tab.

Dorias's Wound-wort. T. The roots are sweet in smell, and hot 30. V. Drach: 2. of the roots boiled in wine and d. draw downe waterish humors, and provoke urine: also it is used in medicines that expell poyson. Johnse. It's of the same faculty, with Solidago, and Virga aurea, and so used. Casulp. It's used against vipers and other creeping things, d. in wine and ap. with oile; also it h. old ulcers and womens fluxes Dod. T. V. It's like Saracens confound. Park. K. as that of America. V. the r. of the panax Chironium of Theophrastus, used with hony h. excreescencies in the flesh, killeth mothes, and is aromaticall.

*Wound-tree. Negundo. **

P. They grow in Malabar.

T. In the night they have a white froth on the back side.

N. The male is called Varolo Nigundo, the other Niergundo.

Wound tree Park. K. as the male and female. T. the leaves of both, smell and tast like sage but are more sharp and bitter, the fruit cometh neere the tast of ginger. V. The leaves flowers and fruit bruised and boiled

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in water or oile are usually ap. to all diseases by the vulgar sort; but especially to all joynt aches, tumours and contusions. The *leaves* ap-digest old ulcers; and cleanse and cicatrize the same, the body being first purged. Women use the decoction to cause conception. The *leave of the other* wound tree of the Indians called *Nimbo*, are somewhat bitter, but wholsome being mixed with a little juice of limmons. It digesteth healeth and skinneth fistulous ulcers. The *juice* kills wormes. The oyle h. the sinewes.

Wound-wort, see Consound.

Wymot, see Marsh mallow.

Y.

Yarrow. *Millefolium.*

P. In dry pastures and meadows: the yellow in a fat soile.

T. Fl. from May to November: the yellow till August.

N. *Σελγιώτης ὁ χιλιόφυλλος*. *Achillea. Militaris.*

Supercilium veneris. Acrum.

Yarrow. Ger. K. as the common and red: T. Gal. It's like the iron worts, sc. cleansing, meanly cold, but chiefly binding. V. the *leaves* close up wounds and keep them from inflammation, they stop blood are used in Baths. They stop lasks, and d. h. the bloody flux. The *green leaves* chewed h. the toothache and being put into the nose c. it to bleed and h. the megrim. It h. the excoriation of the genitalls c. by the gonorrhoea, the *juice* or *decoction* being injected with a syringe; and inflammations, the *leaves* being applyed with hogs grease waime. Drach ʒ. of the powder of the herb d, in wine h. the chollick. The *yellow* with *Achille's* yarrow. T. Is cold & somewhat binding V. It h. bleeding, new and old ulcers, green wounds, and fistula's. Water yarrow. K, as the common crowsfoot fennel leafed, hood.

booded with the water and smaller leaved water violet.
T. Water yarrow is cold and dry. *Diosc. ap.* with vinegar it h. inflammations in green wounds, and with vinegar and salt d. h. bruises by falls. *Water violet* is thought to be cold and dry, yet is not used in physick.
Fuch. The 1. stoppeth the menses. *Untz.* it h. the plague: so *Droet. Crat. Schwenckf. Kegl. Park. K* as the *white Candy.* **V.** The 1. h. fistulas's the juice h. the rednesse of the eyes The oile h. the shedding of the haire. decoct in wine and d. it h. the retention of the stomach, and h. the ague. *Matth.* The powder with boile armonack d. in milk h. the pissing of blood. The root chewed h. the toothach. *Lang.* the juice rubbed on with oile c. curled haire, and to grow with honey. *That of the water* h. the scurvy and teeth.

Yellow yarrow, see Milfoile.

Yew tree. *Taxus.*

P. It groweth in church yards planted, &c.

T. Its green a'l the yeare: fl. in May.

N. ΜΙΛΘ. *Theoph Σμίλοξ* *Diosc. Κέντ. Gal: Smilax arbor.*

Yew tree. *Ger.* Is venemous in most countries. *Johns.* yet not this in England. *Lonic.* The fume thereof killerh mice. Some affirme that the berries thereof loosen the belly, and fatten foule. *Lob.* the berries c. fluxes. *Schwenckf.* The wood rasped and d. h. the bitings of mad doggs. The juice h. the bitings of vipers. The *Spanish* is deadly: that of *Silesia* is without hurt. *Senn.* the antidote is wormewood wine, the root of gentian or juniper berries with oxymel *Mac.* also syrrop of citrons. so *Jo.* The flux is stopped by sealed earth, &c. *Park. Diosc.* it's cold: *Matth.* but rather hot: the berries causing feavers.

Yoke elme, see Horne beame tree.

Youth wort, see Sundew.

Yron head, see Knap-weed.

Yuca, see Bread of India.

Zedoarie

Zedoarie. *Zedoaria*. *

P. In groweth in the woods of Malavar in the Indies.

T. The time is not observed.

N. *Zedeg.* Zerumbeth Arab. *Zurumba.* Geiduar Garc.

Zedoarie. *Johns.* T. is hot and dry 2^o. It discusseth flatulencies, and impinguates by an occult quality. It dissipates and amends the ungratefull smell which garlick, onions, or too much wine infect the breath withall, if it be eaten after them. It cures the bites and stings of venemous creatures, stops laskes, resolves the abscesses of the wombe, staies vomiting, and h. the collick, and paine of the stomach. It kills all sorts of wormes, and is used in *antidotes* against the plague, and other contagious diseases: *Untz. Ruel. Ruland. Dur. Joub. Vall. Hubn. Ulstad. Hart.* The oyle thereof d. h. paines of the stomach c. by cold, as also the collick c. by vitreous flegme, 3 or 4 drops being d. *Ern.* it h. bitings, tumours, and ulcers, it h. the cough and corroborates, it h. evill vapours, it strengthens the spirits, h. wounds. it cleanseth the lungs, h. the flux, colick, and asthma's and stinck of the mouth it nourisheth, concocts, strenthens the heart and sight, kills wormes, and preserves the foetus. *Park.* It h. defluxions of rheume, & catarrhes. *Park.* K. as the long and round V. it h. the flux of the belly, resists poyson, and warmes a cold stomach.

X

A N

APPENDIX

Concerning such Trees, Shrubb, Plants and Fruits, which grow in the East and West Indies &c. Shewing their Temperature, Vertues, Use and Danger.

Almonds of Peru, *Amigdalæ Peruvianæ*, Ger. T. V. are of the *tast* of common almonds.

Anacardium, or *Bean of Malaca*, and *Caious*. T. the *oile of the fruit* is hot and dry 40, it's caustick and corroding. V. it taketh away warts, breaketh impostumes h. the leproy, alopecia and the tooth ach being put into the hollowness thereof. The people of Malavar use the same oile mixt with chalke to mark any thing with, and will never be taken out. The *kernell* steeped in whay and taken, helps those that are asthmatick. Drunk *green* it kills wormes. The *fruit burnt* causeth sport by it's cracklings and lightnings, & with all yeildeth various and strange colours. *Mel anacardinum*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the *honey of anacardinum*, operates as the fruit.

Arara. T. V. looseth the belly, the *decoction* helpeth malignant ulcers.

Baruce. T. V. is emetick, and cathartick.

Indian morrice bells, *Ahouay Theveri*. T. V. The *kernels* are venomous, and used as poyson, and serve to envenome arrowes with, the *shells* being filled with stones serve the Indians instead of bells in their daunces.

Beretinus. T. V. the *meale* serveth for food made into bread &c.

Cocculus Indi. T. the *berries* are bitter. V. They are

an *apophlegmatisme*, and kill lice, the powder being strewed among the haire. Mixt with flower hony and crumms of bread, they inebriate fish.

Colaphonia Schrod. T. heateth, dryeth, mollifyeth, and gleweth. V. it hath also the vertues of rosins, but is lesse penetrable being dissolved by fat things, it's good in plaisters. *Joust.* the *officinate* is of an oily substance, yellowish dry crumbling; and the *best* is pelucid and sweet.

Cropior. T. V. is used by the savages amongst their tobacco to h. the head-ach.

Cubibs, Cabeba. T. are hot and dry *initio 3tii.* V. and h. the cold and moist effects of the stomach, and flatulencies. They cleanse the breast of rough humours, and help the spleen, hoarseness and cold effects of the womb. *Chewed* with mastick they draw flegme from the head, heat and comfort the braine: the Indians use them macerated in wine to excite venery.

Cunane. T. V. being *rosted* on the coles and eaten it helps the headach.

Fagara. Avic. T. is hot and dry 30. V. it helps the cold stomach and liver: it's peptick and styptick.

The fruit of *Higuerro* T. V. may be eaten.

Orukoria. T. V. the juice dropped in cureth wounds.

Quince dates, *Gucciophora* T. V. are uselesse.

The *Sachell* date. *Palma saccifera.* T. V. the kernells tast like pulse.

Wool bearing tree, *Arbor lanifera.* T. V. it beareth woolly matter serving to stuffe cushions &c.

American quince melon tree, *Corcopali.* *Park.* T. V. the kernells evacuate evill humours.

Amomum. T. is hot, binding, drying, hypnotick and anodine. V. ap. to the head it helps heat, inflammations, and impostumes: also those that are stung by scorpions: with basil it helps the gout & collick caused of wind. Three or four of the seeds swallowed h. the mother. It helpeth the liver and reins and is an *antidote*.

Strange Aniseed-like seed of the Indies, *Anisum exoticum Phillip. Insul.* T. V. is not used.

Asa foetida, or *Laser*, T. V. h. the mother, stomach, and windiness, and causeth venery.

Bdellium. T. V. healeth, molifieth, and helpeth nodes and all hard swellings. Ap. it's diuretick, lithontriptick and bechick. It helpeth stingings of Serpens pains of the sides, & is carminative it h. ruptures, molifieth & dryeth the mother, & draweth forth the dead child. *Pilula de bdellio*, *Pharm. Lond. Mes.* or, the pills of *bdellium*, stop great fluxes of the courses and hæmorrhoids, and heale their ulcers, whites, spitting of blood, and rheum, the D. is drach. 1. scr. 4. *Unguentum de bdellio*, or the ointment of *bdellium*, is excellent against palsies, wry murtheres, the epilepsie, and other cold affections of the nerves. Also it h. all old diseases of the brain, and nerves, palsies, cramps, epilepsies, anointed on the seames of the head, nape of the neck, and whole back-bone; and the wind chollick anointed upon the belly. Note *bdellium* is the gum of a Backerian tree: and the best is bitter, cleare, like gleue, fat with in and easily softened. so *Joust*.

Een, Behen. T. V. is hot and moist 10. comforteth the heart, and causeth venery.

Benjamin. Benzoin. T. V. serveth onely for perfumes. *Begu.* the flowers h. the affections of the breast, and swellings. the D. is gr. 3. to scr. sem. *Schrod.* the oile h. wounds. *Joust.* its the gum of a great east Indie tree.

Dry pitch of India. *Bitumen Judaicum*. T. V. discuteth tumors and mollifieth them, helps inflammations, rising of the mother and the epilepsie being burnt. Drunk in wine it moves the courses with *castoreum*: it helpeth the bitings of serpents, paine of the sides and hips, and dissolveth congealed blood. *Petroleum* or the oile of Peter is very hot: ap. it helpeth cold aches, and wounds with the oile of *S. Johns's wort*.

Brasill tree, Arbor Brasilia. serveth dyers, and to make ink of.

Bread tree, *Arbor farinifera* of Ternate. T. V. beareth

beareth in the top (which is like a cabbage) fine meale, with which and some water and sugar the inhabitants make a pleasant food.

Camfire, Camphora. T. V. It cooleth all hot distempers, helps paines of the head, & fluxes applyed with the juice of house-leek. It helpeth venery and resists putrefaction. It's used in *antidotes* and *fucus's*. *Trochisci de camphora*, *Pharm: Lond:* or the *Troches of camphire*. h. burning feaver, the heat of blood and choller, as also hot distempers of the stomack and liver, and great thirst. they h. the yellow jaundise, phiticks and he-ctick feavers, and may be used as those of barberries. also they may be usefully mixed in medicaments against the pestilence, and all other malignant diseases. they h. spitting of blood, dysenteries, great flux of the whites, and gonorrhæa, the D. is *scr. 1. to drach. sem.* or *scr. 2.* the *alexiterie essence* h. the plague, feavers and suffocation of the matrix, the D. is *gut. 2.* the *oile* hath the virtue of camphire, h. gangreens toothach, and is cosmetick: the *succineum*, is diaphoretick in malignant feavers, the D. is 6. or 8 drops in a proper liquor. *Note* camfire is the gum of a certaine tall tree.

Caranna. T. V. h. all cold aches & swellings in the nerves & joynts; Ap. to the temples it h. all defluxions, and the toothach; as *tacamahaca* applyed like mastick.

Carthagenas purging root *Radix quimbaya.* T. V. *Drach. 3.* of the *infusion* purge very gently, like *rubarb* saith *Petrus Cieca.*

Chast making tree, Arbor venereos stimulos domans. T. V. being burned, the *fume* is thought by the Indians to make impotent.

Cokar nut, as the Indian, Nux Indica Cocos ference. T. V. this helps macilent bodies, and increaseth sperme, and h. hornesse: the *oile* that is pressed out of it serves for lamps, and to eate with rice: that which is made by boiling them serveth for a gentle purgation. the other helps hardness & shrinkings of the sinews: the milke serveth in stead of drink, the kernell of that *Maldiva* helps poysons and pestilentiall diseases, *gr. 10.*

being taken in powder ; so the *shell*. It also h. the palsie epilepsie and collick, and other diseases of the head and nerves. It helpeth feavers and cachexies. *scr. 2.* taken h. childbirth.

Cokus. T. is diureticall. V. and h. the stone in the bladder.

Diamond fashioned chesnut gourd, *Jaaca* or *jaca*. T. the fruits are harsh and windie and being roasted are venerious. V. the pulp is dyspeptick.

Discoloured small indian nut, *Areca*. T. V. the water h. hot fluxes.

Dugge tree, *Mamoera*. T. V. yeildeth a fruit which serveth to loosen the belly : and the male beareth none, if not planted by the female.

The fountain tree of water, *Arbor aquam fundens* Garoe When the sun shineth there seemeth to be a mist about it: the black sends forth water pleasant to drink.

Galanga. T. V. helpeth cold weake stomachs, tormina, the morher, disury, stone, excrescencies in the bladder, causeth sweet breath and h. the moist braine, palpitation of the heart, and wind collick.

Genipar, twining American peach. T. V. the fruit of that which is not edible is used by the Savages to colour their bodies with, when going to solemne meetings.

Guacatane, or Indian pile wort. T. V. it helpeth the falling down of the piles decoct and applyed, as also aches and paines of the body. the powder being applyed with rosin helps small wounds.

Gum ammoniack, from the tree *Metopion*. Schred. T. is hot 2°. dry 1°. it mollifies, attenuates, resolves, digests, maturates, attracts much, draws out thornes, moveth the belly, and is splenetick. V. It h. paines of the joynts, resolves, the tartareous viscous and thick mucilage of the lungs, mesenteries, great obstructions of the spleen, liver and womb. It h. the stone: outwardly it h. scirrhus's hard knots of the joynts, scrophula's, and resolveth other hard tumours the D. is *scr. 1.* to *dra. b. 1.* to the distilled oile and the Resinous extract; but the viscous lenifies the trachæa, and thickens thin catarrhs.

catarrhs. *Emplastrum ex ammoniaco*, P. L. or the plaister of amoniacum, h. hardnesse of the side, or spleen, and pains, &c. if applyed; as also hard swellings, and humours. *Cerotum*, or, its cerecloth, doth the like. Also it awages, swellings, ripens or breaks them, and easeth their paine; also it opens obstructions of the liver and spleen, softens their swellings, and prevents dropsies. Also the plaister so mollifyeth, that, it will dissolve hard strong knobs growing upon the joynts of the fingers or toes and other parts. applyed to the hypochondries it removes obstructions about the liver and spleen used to the kidnies, it brings down gravel stones and urine used to the region of the bladder, and the courses to the womb. used to the breast it opens its obstructions dissolves clotted flegme, and h. shortness of breath, *Syrupus de amoniaco*, or the syrup of amoniacum, cools the liver, opens its obstructions, and those of the spleen, h. old surfeits, and the like, as the itch, leprosie, and scab, and heat. the D. is unc. 1.

Gum anime of the west. T. V. helpeth defluxions of rhume from the head, and other diseases of the head caused by cold, the headach also and megrim, the fume taken causeth sleep comforteth and warmeth the head &c, so applyed. It helpeth cold and weak sinewes, comforteth the cold stomack, and dissolveth winde. It is hot 2°, and moist 1°. The west Indie rosins, as that of Carthage, help wounds. *Liquor Ambia* applyed helps cold diseases and wind.

Gum caucamum, *Schrod.* T. V. is splenetick, emmenagogick, and ophthalmick; some use it in suffiments, and its somewhat like myrrh. *Jouff.* and taken from an Arabian tree.

Gum Copal. T. is hot 20. moist 10, and hath some waterie parts. V. it resolves swellings and helpeth wounds. *Schrod.* so the oyle.

Gum Elemi. *Gummi Elemi*. T. V. h. wounds & fractures of the skull. Applyed it h the tooth ach caused by rheum *Linimentum gummi elemi*, *Pharm: Lond.* or the liniment of gum elemi, h. wounds & ulcers of the head

& all if not too purulent in any part. It gently clenseth and filleth up an ulcer with flesh, it being mild and agreeable to the body. *Emplastrum gummi eleme*, P. L. or the plaister of gum elemi, is of a heating: softning, digesting, dissolving, concocting faculty, it c. suppuratation allwages paine, is excellent in wounds of the head and in ulcers if not savinus in any part of the body. It gently cleaneth, & filleth up an ulcer with flesh being mild and frendly. Also it operates as *Arceus's linimen*, *Brug.* which is a soveraigne balme in all wounds especially of the head where it doth meerly of it self all the intention of healing, the flux of blood being first stayed; it digesting, mundifying, incarnating, cicatrizing, defending from accidents, and being very anodyne: and mixed with other unguents, it may be applyed to painful ulcers and fistula's. Also it heales wounds without danger if festering, and fills hollow ulcers with flesh, being first cleansed. It h. pain in ulcers, & speedily over spreads the cicatrix or scar. *Schrod.* the distilled oile as the rosin is specificall in affections of the nerves, palsies and spasme.

Gutta Gamanda, or *Geman*, *Schrod.* T. purgeth upwards and down wards, especially serose and watery humours, and h. all leading of vitious humours in the whole body; therefore its often used, in the drop sickeaver itch, and scabs &c. the D. is gr. v. to 14. and that corrected by the spirit of vitriol, from gr. 15. to 20. S. *Closs.* the *magisterie* purgeth serose and aqueous humours. Note it's taken from an indian *Ricinus*.

Herb Coca, *Herba Coca*. T. V. the leaves mixt with the powder of burnt oystershells made into *trosses*, serve the Americans in stead of meat and drink in their journeyes, being held in the mouth.

Herb of life or love, *Herba viva*. T. V. is said by *Acosta* to cause amity.

Indian All heale. bloud sweating plant, *Panacea Indica saguinalis*. T. V. the juice anointed on the arteries causeth sweate, and helpeth all diseases.

Small

Small Indian Apples, *Mala Indica*, *Bor Acofta*. T. are binding. V. and help the flux.

Furrowed rart indian Apples, *Carambolus*. T. are sharp. V. and help cholerick agues their juice helps the web in the eye.

Indian Bindweed, *Betre* or *Betele*. T. V. strengthens the head and stomach, comforts the heart, and expelleth wind: it fastens the teeth and perfumes the breath.

Indian Chestnut *Leucoma*. T. V. the fruit is pleasant, yet a little astringent.

Indian Caustick barley, *Cevadilla*. T. V. it exceedeth sublimare. It killeth wormes bread in ulcers, & clenseth stinking sores. If it be too sharp the rents maybe dipped in water of roses or plantaines: it's used also for sores of the breast. the seed is hot 4^o.

Indian Dreamer, *Bangue*. T. V. the leaves, juyce and seed cause appetite and venery; nutmegs, cloves, camfire musk, or amber being added: and cause sleep.

Indian earthnut. *Manobi fortè Brasilianorum*. T. the fruit dryeth and strengtheneth the stomach, if much eaten it causeth headach and heavinesse.

Indian fortune teller of life and death, *Herba prænunciæ*. T. V. if it be held in the hand it causeth mirth if the party be like to live, else sadness, saith *Monardus*.

Indian hony tree *Vhebebasou*, is delightfull unto bees in which they make their hony and wax.

Indian olives, *Jam boloins*. T. are harsh and binding. V. and cause appctire.

Indian plantaine for the stone, *Paico herba*. T. is hot and bitter. V. the powder taken in wine h. the collick and stones so boiled and applyed.

Indian prickly coddred tree, *Spinosa herba*. T. V. preserveth from the venome of the scorpion. the powder taken into the nostrills h. the megrim, spaime, and epilepsie, the quantity of two pepper cornes being used at a time: the quantity of a cich pease taken in wine helpeth the collick and quartan ague, and is an antidote.

Indiad rupture wort, *Herba Indica ad rupturas*.
X 5 utilis

milk. T. V. ap. with a trusse it helps the rupture, without any other remedy.

Indian spikenard. T. Is hot and dry and diuretick. V. It stoppeth fluxes, & helpeth the loathing of meat, & heart burning; also it healeth swellings, & easeth & cureth the stone in the reines, and the Kings evill. the bath hereof helpeth inflammations of the mother; and causeth haire to grow on the eye lids, and is used in *antidotes*.

Indian traffic roots *Coceras Indorum*. T.V. strengthen the stomach, and c. the headach.

John the Infants herb. *Herba Johannis infantis* T.V. Helps wounds stops bleeding and helps punctures: the powder digesteth, cleanseth and healeth.

The Iron hearted tree of Java major, *Arbor metro sideros*. T. V. is uselesse.

A Lettuce of Peru for the tooth ach, *Lactuca sylvestris pumila*. T. V. Applied, sc. the decoction helpeth the paine.

Liquid amber T. V. applied helps paines of cold, it warmeth the stomach, causeth appetite, mollynieth tumours, and opens the courses. It's hot fere 30, moist 10. Note, it is the gum of a west Indie tree called *Ocosoti*.

Manna T. is hot and moist. V. it purgeth choller, the grained also quencherh thirst and helps hoarseness, nauuseousness, and costiveness drunk in broths. Schrod. the spirit is sudorificall in pestilentiall feavers and the common, the D. is to *cochl*. 1. Note it's taken from the Ash in Calabria, about the rising of the dog stare.

Melon thistle of America, *Melo Carduus Amer*. T. V. the fruit quencherh thirst, and helpeth the heat of the stomach.

Mullnecca pine kernels, *Pinei nuclei Moluccani*. T. the kernells (two being taken without the skins in a clyster) purge the the sciatica, and rough humours in the birth of a chicken, dysury, and asthma. Applied they help tetters, and are caustick,

Monba-

Mombazas. antidote, *Faalim Theveti*. T.V. it helpeth the bitings of serpents ; as of the *Alesah*.

Mungo, or Indian coriander seed. T. helps agues the decoction being taken : it's cold to fit for such uses.

Muske, *Moschus*. T.V. comforts the heart, exhilarateth, helpeth the passions of the heart, warmeth the braine, and causeth venery.

Myrrhe, *Myrrha*. T. is hot and dry 20. V. it helpeth wounds in the head, it's bitter and killeth wormes in the belly, and the living child and expelleth the dead, it is binding and h. ulcers of the eyes. It h. old coughs and shortness of breath as also hoarsness, paines of the sides, lasks, and and rhumatick distillations. It moveth the courses and mollifieth the matrix, it h. the shiverings in agues being taken two houres before the fit in the quantity of *drach. 1.* of muskadine, or a pill thereof with treacle. It preserveth from the pestilence and poyson, helps a stinking breath, fasteneth the teeth, helps sheeding of the haire, and with *ladanum* and the wine of myrtles it helps wattringe eies, and taketh away the cataract. It covereth naked bones with flesh. Applied it helps wrinkles in the face, the fume being taken from a hot pan before bed time 5 dayes together. *Trochisci de myrrha*, *Pharm: Lond.* or the *Troches of myrrh*, provoke the termes easily, the D. is *drach. 1.* in the syrup of mugwort, &c. also they open obstructions expell wind, move urine, bring away gravel, hinder putrefaction of humours, & provoke men to generation. *Oleum myrrha P. L.* or the oyle of myrrh, preserves any thing from putrefaction anointed with it & makes the face faire & youthfull. Also it helps the wasting of the gums anointed thereon, & fastens loose teeth. It helps coughs & hoarsness anointed warme upon the chest ; & paine of the sides, on the sides. It kills wormes and h. a stinking breath, upon the belly and stomach : it scoures ulcers and fills them. It heats, dries, opens, and softens the womb, and provokes the birth and after-birth, used on the region of the womb. *Oleum myrrhae per deliquium*, *P. L.* or the oyle, or *Liquor of myrrh*, beautifieth the skin,

skin. *unc. fem.* being taken with sugar candy by a licorice stick, h. hoarsness. it stops the gonorrhœa and whites being given in *unc. 2.* or *3.* of red rose water, or of plantaine water, or in a cup of claret for some mornings together, after generall remedies, or in a cup of aligant if much weakened thereby. *Oleum myrrhæ chym.* *P. L.* or the chymicall oile of myrrh, keeps wounds & all things from putrefaction, makes the face faire and youthfull, quickly cures wounds, and deafness dropped into the yeares. Note myrrh is the gum of an Arabian tree. like the Egyptian thorn.

The poor mans chirurgy, *Herba Molucana*, *Brungara aradua*. T. V. the bruised leaver boiled in oile & strained with a little wax, and made into an ointment help all sores, especially of the leggs: or the inner barke roasted with the oile of an Indian nut, rowled in the leaves applyed: it easeth all paines, stops fluxes, and helps punctures of the nerves.

Purging beanes, *Faba purgatrices* T. V. Being roasted they purge upwards and downwards choller and flegme, help the collick and expell wind; and are often put into clygers for the same purpose.

Sensitive plant, *Herba sensibilis*. T. V. contracteth it selfe being touched. The stalkes have the smell and taste of lyquorice, and are used by the natives to help the cough, shortness of breath & hoarsness, it also expectorates flegme, it helps pains of the stone in the reins, and helpeth wounds. Applyed it causeth sleep. It's astringent helps fluxes, tertian agues and inflammations of the eyes.

Scythian Lamb, *Vgnus Scyth.* After it hath fed on all the grasse about it, it dyeth.

Shrinking shrub, *Herba impatiens*. T. V. is uselesse.

The second Snake wood of *Acosta*. T. V. being powdered and taken in wine or water it h. the bitings of any venomous beast, It helpeth tertian and quotidian agues, weake stomacks, pantings of the heart, swoonings and stinking breath. It's called *lignum columbini* *am.* Schrod. the D. of the extract is *scr. i.*

Soot, Fuligo, Schrod. T. is sharp, extersive, and not often used alone, V. country women drink it against the suffocation of the matrix; and apply it outwardly with other things against the agues or seaver. The *Spirit* and *oile* are great strengtheners, and mightily cherish those that are ill: the D. of the *Spirit* is gr. 6. to scr. sem. of the *oile*, gr. 2. or 3. in wine, or some other convenient liquor. The *salt*, h. exulcerated cankers, if dissolved in a cellor, and used often it drawing the venenosity visibly, the *oile* consolidates the wound in 5. or 6. days ap. so *Hartm. in pra&*.

The tree against the stone of Hispaniola, *Lignum Nephriticum*. T. the *infusion* is hot and dry 1^o. V. it helpeth the stone, dysury, and obstructions of the liver and spleen, drunk.

Tacamahaca. Tacamahac. T. V. ap. to the navell it retaineth the mother in its place: applyed it helpeth tumours of the spleen, and helpeth all tumors griefs and pains caused of cold, raw and windie humours used *plaister wise*. Ap. to the stomach with a third part of storax, a little amber griesse and wax it strengtheneth it: also it helpeth digestion, causeth appetite, and dissolveth wind. It helpeth the headach, the braine and memory, and all defluxions applyed to the temples, or put into the eare in a *nodule*. It helpeth all running humours and paines thereby as the sciatica &c. It helpeth punctures, wounds, hindreth spasmes, and is a remedy in most outward cold griefs. T. it's hot *initio 3rii*, dry 20. with much astringtion. The pure & cleare is the best, of a whitish brown colour. of a sharp scent and quickly consuming into smoke being cast upon the coales. *Joust.* its the gum of a certaine tree growing in new Spaine.

Tettar tree Pacal of the west Indies. T. V. the ashes of the wood mixt with a little sope applyed help tetteres, ringwormes, and spreading ulcers in any part of the body.

Totocka Americana Peruana. T. V. The kernells cause venery.

Tree

Tree like reed. *Canna Ingens Manbu dista*. T. V. The leaves used inwardly or outwardly help heate, hot chollerick fluxes and agues that come of choller, temper and binde them.

The Turks berry drink, *Arbor bon*. T. V. The fruit is called *Buna* The decoction of which, caova serveth them for drink, which strengtheneth the stomach, helps digestion. and opens the obstructed liver and spleen, and provokes the menses.

Vomiting nut, *Nux vomica*. T. V. killeth beasts it being eaten. Three or foure graines taken inwardly cause sweat, and expell pestilentiall vapors from the heart.

Walking leaves, *Arbor foliis ambulantibus*. it seemeth to creep on the ground, and being touched it will presently move it selfe,

White nuts, *Curcus*. T. V. cause sperme, and the collick.

Agiaholid. *Albin*. T. the leaves are acid, with a little astriction. V. The leaves are used to kill wormes in Children.

Bahobab. T. is acid. V. It's used with sugar to temper heat, as also to help hot diseases, and all putrid feavers; especial'y the pestilent, so the powder of the pulp: which also helpeth the spitting of bloud, the lysterie, dysentery, hepatick flux, and stops the menses.

Bammia. T. the leaves and fruit, are cold and moist 10, resolving and emollient. V. It h. the breast, and lungs, and looseth the belly: the leaves applyed help inflammations, mitigate paine, soften tumors. concoct and suppurate. The bath hereof helps the hardnesse of the womb. The decoction drunk with sugar helpeth the inflammation of the reins, and stone: and applyed helpeth the ophthalmie and pleurisie.

Ban: T. the water thereof doth exiccate, and is alexipharmick and cardiack. V. It helps pestilent feavers. the infusion or decoction of the flowers helps the headach, causeth strength, resists poyson, and putrefaction, and helps all feavers.

Beidelsar: T. V. The leaves stamped and applied help cold

old tumours and paines. the milke is caustick and depilatorie, therefore used to take off the haire from skinner. It also dissolveth the body. Applied it helps terrors and evill affections of the skinner.

Melochia. T. Is little nutritive, of viscid juice and obstructive. V. The decoction helps the breast by it's moisture, therefore with sugar it helps dry coughs, and the dyspnoea drach: 2. of the seed are a panchymagogon.

Sesban: T. the seed is dry and corroborating. V. It stops fluxes.

Cortex Jesueticus. Jesuites bark. T. V. hath been much used, against agues, see Sassafras or Ague tree.

Cortex Winteranus. winters cinnamon, Clus: T. Is sharpe. V. It helps the Scurvy. P. L. being used as an ordinary spice, or drach. sem taken in the morning in any convenient: the powder snuffed up in the nose doth excellently cleanse the head of rhume.

Radix Drakena. Drakesroot. T. Is alexipharmick. V. It strengtheneth the heart and vitall faculties, the powder thereof being drunk in wine. Drunk in water it helpeth the heat of feavers, and cometh neere in vertues to the alexipharmick root of Monardes.

Avacari Garc. T. is binding. V. it helpeth inveterate dysenteries caused by cold.

Cerandas. T. V. the fruit pickled helps the appetite.

Mangas. T. the fruit is cold and dry. V. The stones help fluxes. the kernells when fresh kill wormes.

Negundo, Nimbo. T. are hot. V. the decoction of the sprigs helps contusions. the leaves applyed help wounds. the juice being drunk helps conception. Chewed, the leaves sweeten the breath, and are a little sharp.

Ambare, Acoft. Gristly plum of India. T. V. the fruit causeth appetite, and helps against bilious humors.

Carcapuli, Indian yellow oranges of Molavar. T. are styptick. V. they help the appetite, the juice applyed helps the dimnesse of the eyes. the powder of the fruit expells the secundine, increaseth milke and facilitates the birth.

Charamel,

Charamei, *purging cornered haseWnuts*. T. V. the decoction with saunders helpeth against scavers. the fruit helpeth the appetite. the bark purgeth.

Iambos, *Blood red and bluish peares of India*. T. V. the fruit with sugar helps thirst in bilious scavers.

Jangomas *Ind: Services*. T. V. the fr. is astringent.

Fructus sub terra nascens *Monard* T. Is of a gratefull taste. V. It dryeth, and roborateth the ventricle; yet being much eaten, it causeth the headach.

Guayavas. *West Indian bay plumme*. T. the fruit is gratefull to the pallate, cold, and eupeprick. V. being green it helps the fluxes of the belly, being very astringent: when ripe it looseth the belly, and is most wholesome when in a meane: and helps those that are feverish. the decoction of the leaves serveth to wash swollen leggs withall; and to remove the obstruction of the spleene.

Herba renibus utilis. T. V. It helpeth the diseases of the kidnies caused of heate, applied with the rose unguent. the juice applied helpeth inflammations, and paines.

Pinipinichi. T. the milke is hot and dry 30. V. 3 or 4 drops drunk purge choler and water.

Ambayba de Laet. T. V. the inner barke applied helpeth greene wounds.

Caaobetinga. T. V. the root and leaves stamped and applied helpe wounds: so Cobaura, & Camara Catimba.

Cupayba. T. V. the oyle is traumatick, and cicatrizing.

Embeguaca. T. V. the barke being bruised and cast upon burning coales, yeeldeth a fume which stoppeth fluxes of blood, especially in women.

Jambig: T. V. Helpeth the diseases of the liver and stone.

Janipaba. T. the fruit is styptick. V. It helpeth the dysenterie, the juice serveth in stead of inke: applied it doth constipate, and harden the body: being taken whilest the fruit is immature.

Igpecaya. T. V. It helpeth the dysentery, the infusion of the root being taken.

Karovata Brasil. T. the juice of the fruit hath a sharpish sweetnesse, and is acceptable to the pallate. V. It's usefull in feavers, and helpeth the scurvy.

Murtilla of Chile. T. the fruit is betwixt sharp and sweet, hot, and dry. V. the liquor thereof is like wine, acceptable to the pallate, and gratefull to the stomach. It digesteth the suprefluous humours of the body, especially of the head, and helpeth the appetite.

Ombu of Brasil. T. the roots are sweet, yet wholsome, and cooling. V. It helpeth feavers and hot diseases.

Tyroqui. T. V. the root helpeth the dysentery, and killeth wormes.

Ananas Sylv. *Lugd: wild Indian Pine.* T. the fruit is sweet, with a certaine austere astringtion. V. unc: 6, or 8, of the juice of the plant taken in the morning with sugar, help the heat of the liver, and reines, and exulceration thereof bloody urine, and excoriation of the privities, the diabetes, and erysipelas.

Ebenus. T. Is hot, extersive, and of thin parts. V. It's used in collyries, and helpeth fluxions: so Diosc.

Guanabanus Scalig. *Ethiopian soure gourd.* T. the pulp is sharp. V. and helpeth putrid feavers. the powder helpeth hot fluxes.

Hyvourahe. T. V. the decoction of the barke drunk for 15, or 20 daies helpeth the French pox, and other diseases caused of cold and pituitour humours, with a thin diet.

Penoabsou. *Apple bearing poysonous almondtree.* T. V. The nuts are traumatick.

Perebecenne. T, V. A handfull of the plant decoct in water, to the consumption of 3 parts, and applied helpeth all ulcers without grieve.

Sargaco. T. V. Is thought to help the dysury.

Morgani Syrorum. T. V. Serveth to kill and expell wormes.

Adarce, Baud. T. Is caustick. V. Applied it helpeth freckles, and may be mixed in outward heating remedies only.

Agu. cat.

Aguacat. T. Is sweet and fat. V. and strengtheneth to vcery.

Agul Arab. T. The leaves are hot and dry. V. An handfull of the leaves decoct is a purge.

Arbor Manicongo V. the wine thereof is sweet, and becomes vineger when stale. V. and then it helpeth the stone.

Arbor violarum Indica. T. V. Is used in stead of violets.

Azadaracheni arbor. T. Is hot 30. and dry fine primi. V. It opens the obstructions of the head, and lengtheneth the haire with wine. the fruit is hurtfull, the bark helpeth the collick, and flegmatick feavers; but it's not good to use it inwardly.

Brindones Indici. T. Are very acid. V. the bark serveth to make vineger of.

Cortex antirheumaticus. T. V. the powder as an ervine helpeth catarrhes, and heavinesse of the head.

Cola fructus ad sitim. T. V. It strengthens the stomack, and helpeth thirst. the oyle applied with sanders helpeth feavers.

Duriones Acofta. T. Are humid. V. the surseiting with which is helped by applying the leafe of Betele to the stomack.

Durtoa. T. V. the powder being taken in meat or drinke causeth sleepe and foolishnesse.

Eraway. T. V. Is a vehement purge, and helpeth very many diseases.

Garb Maurorum. T. V. Operates as willow.

Herba Cassiana. T. V. the drinke thereof preserveth from hunger and thirst 24 houres.

Herba Cohobba. T. V. taken in the nostrills it inebriates.

Herba be la Rotra. T. V. dissolveth clotted milke.

Hobus. T. V. the water of the topps and bark strengtheneth the leggs, and is cosmetick: the fruit is wholesome and of easie digestion.

Nux Henden: T. Is dry, and moderately cold. V. It helpeth

helpeth tetter, and restraineth heat and the flux of blood, and cauleth venery.

Palma Ady. T. V. the oyle of the fruit resisteth hunger, and lassitude applied.

Sarcocolla. *Sarcocol* T. Is hot 20. lesse dry, concocting, cleansing, opening, digesting, glutinating, and purging grosse humours. V. It helpeth the cough, impinguates, and is spermatick. Note, its the gum of a certain trees in persis, growing like a smal tower, so yonst.

Sel *Serapionis*. T. Hath the vertue of ginger, it's hot 30. moist 10. V. it attenuates thick humors, and helpeth hardened nerves.

Zatarendi herba. T. V. It helpeth the cough, difficulty of breathing, and provoketh urine and the menses. Mexican plants, &c. 1 the aromaticall.

Eare-flower, *Xochinacaztlis*, *Flos auriculae* Nev: Hisp: *Recchi*. T. Is hot *initio* 4ti, dry *ferè* 30. V. the flower taken in water, discusseth flatulencies, extenuates flegme, and heateth, and comforteth the heart: as also a cold and weake stomach.

Anet tree, *Hoitziloxith*, *Anethina*. T. Is hot & dry *ferè* 30. V. the leaves bruised and applied help the cold fits of agues. the decoction of the bark provoketh sweat and urine, openeth obstructions, cureth quartane agues, provoketh the termes, strengtheneth the heart, discusseth tumours, helps surseis, & strengtheneth the stomach also the same thereof helps the stings of serpents.

Black flower, *Tlilxochitl*, *Flos niger*, *Aracus aromaticus*. T. the cuds thereof are hot 30. V. Being drunk in water, they provoke urine and the termes with other remedies. they expell the dead child and secundine, warme and strengthen the stomock, help flatulencies, concoct crude humours and extenuates the same. they strengthen the braine and wombe, and help cold poysons.

Diureticall red, *Axixtlacotl*, *Virga diuretica*. T. the flowers are sharp: the root (which is chiefly used) is odoriferous, of thin parts, hot and dry 20. V. Being stamped

stamped and applyed they draw forth things fixed in the flesh. *Drach: 3.* thereof drunk expell the urine, and helpe the collick, spots in the face, and scabs in the heads of children, or in any part of the body. It helps feavers, lesseneth the spleene, easeth paine, and with other remedies discusserh fluxulencies, helps the stomach and dropfie, and discusserh tumours.

Launce-leaf'd tree, *Hoitzxochitl, Arbor lonchifolia. T.* the flower is hot and dry 20. and very astringent, first seeming sweet, and then bitter. *V.* Drunk it helps the diseases of the wombe, corroborateth the heart, and serveth in stead of saffron in meates. the fruit relented in water and taken into the nostrills helps the paines of the head, and paines of the teeth being applyed thereunto.

Launceleaf'd plant, *Tztaſtlacocotic, Herba lonchifolia. T.* the root is hot and dry, odoriferous, resinous and of subtile parts. *V.* the root stamped and drunk in the quantity of *drach: 3.* doth wonderfully help aches and paines.

Cinamon bindweed, *Cacalic tlacopatlis, Convolvulus cinnamomeus. T.* Is hot and dry. *V.* *Unc: sem:* taken evacuates urine, and helps the cold fits of quartane agues. Also it helpeth the dropfie, and grief of the stomach. It reduceth the wombe, and cureth the convulsion taken in wine, and helps the inflammation of the eyes.

Sage-leaved Hucuniro, *Hucuniro salvifolia. T.* Is hot and dry. *V.* It helpeth the grieve of the stomach and belly, it evacuates flegme and choler by vomit applyed hot.

Birth-wort of Mexico, *Tomahuaſtlacopatlis, Aristol. Mex. T.* the root is somewhat bitter, hot *ferè 30.* odoriferous, resinous, and astringent. *V.* Applied it helps tumours, aches, and the cold fits of agues. It strengtheneth the heart, stomach and braine, it cleanseth the breast and stomach, and stops the flux.

Caninga-tree, *Arbor caninga. T.* the bark is hot and dry *ferè 40.* sharpe, of the taste of cloves. *V.* It purg-

eth

eth the bloud, and resists poyson, it helps paines of the belly, and discusseth flatulencies. The decoction helpeth the griefes of the joynts caused by cold,

Clove root, *Tztle huayopatlis*, *Radix Caryophyllae*: T. the root is hot and dry 3°. sharp, and odoriferous. V. It serverth instead of cloves. The bark of the stock is lesse hot, and a little bitter, the leaves lesse. Drach. 2. of the barke of the stock pounded and drunk help the dysenterie.

Gumbearing-tree, *Copal quahuatl*, *Arbor gummiifera copallifera*. T. The gumme Copall is hot fere 3°. dry, astringent, and discutient. V. The fume thereof, as also the stock and root helpeth the headach caused by cold, as also all other diseases arising there from, and humiditie, and the suffocation of the matrice.

Chilli-tree, *Holquahuatl*, *Arbor chilli*. T. The barke is hot 3°. and a little lubricous. V. the decoction helpeth the dysentery. the gum evacuateth urine, cleaueth the wombe, and applied helpeth sterility. It cureth the diarrhoea: used in meates it impinguates, it causeth venery, and helpeth the collick. Being applied to the fundament it attracteth the excrements; it helpeth thirst and paines, being burnt it discusseth the argema.

Indian liquid amber tree. *Xochiocotzo quahuatl*. *arbor liquidambari Indici*. T. The liquor is hot 3°. and dry, so the barke. V. that being taken with tobacco strengtheneth head, stomach, & hearr, it causeth sleepe, and helpeth the headache caused by cold, Used alone it discusseth humours, and easeth the paines, the oyle is discutient, concocting and strengthening.

Bloud tree, *Exquahuatl*, *Sanguinis arbor*. T. The juyce is cold and astringent. V. It strengtheneth the teeth, stoppeth fluxes, and operates like *sanguis draconis*.

Night-flower, *Tohualxochitl*, *Flos nocturnus*. T. Is hot and dry 2°. and bitter. V. applied it discusseth tumors, or bringeth to maturation and breaketh them, drunk in water it causeth sweat, and looseth the belly. the powder applied helps ulcers, the scabbe and lepry, also it helps resolutions, and diseases of the matrice: the
leyes

leaves having the juice pressed out, fried, and eaten cleanse the body, and impinguate the same. Also applyed they prevent vaine seares, and help the syncope.

Fire tree, *Quauhlepatli*, *Arbor ignea*. T. The milke thereof is of a burning nature. V. the Indians take 4 *obs* to purge pituitous and cachecticke humours, it also helpeth the French pox and drop sic of a cold cause applyed to the navell. Also it helpeth the leprosie, scab, and ringwormes. *Drach: 2.* taken are a present remedy for intermitting feavers.

Stinking tree, *Quauhyac*, *Arbor fætida*. T. The barke is astringent, and of an ill savour: it is hot and dry. V. it stops the flux, and causeth sweat. the juice taken into the nostrills is præmick, purgeth the head, and helpeth feavers, and the headache.

Hairy flower, *Xiloxachitl*, *Flos capillaceus*. T. Is cold *sc.* the bark, almost without sapor or odour. V. It helps the ulcers of the gums, taken in water it expells urine, and cleanseth the reines and bladder.

Vomiting tree, *Tlalamatl*, *Arbor vomitoria*. T. is cold, astringent, and glutinous. V. the leaves bruised and a pugill taken in water, evacuates all humours gently, and without trouble; the roots applied help ulcers.

Dyers-tree, *Achiotl*, *Medicina tingendo apta*. T. It's cold 30. and somewhat dry and binding. V. The seed drunk helps the heat of feavers, and dysenteries, and applied repelleth tumours, and is mixed with remedies for the like purposes. It helpeth the toothache of a hot cause, it corroborateth, and evacuates urine, it helpeth thirst, and is used in stead of saffron. the graines being boiled in water, and mixed with rosin it helps the scab and ulcers: it corroborates the stomach, stops the belly, and causeth milke.

Sande apple, *Xalxochotl*, *Pomum arenosum*. T. is hot and dry, especially the outmost part, it's of pleasant and not altogether bad nurriment. V. Some say it helpeth concoction and heateth the stomach debilitated by cold. The leaves are acid, astringent, and very odoriferous, and helpe the scab. The bark is cold, dry and astringent.

astringent. the decoction thereof helps the swellings of the leggs, and fistulous ulcers: it also helps deafenesse and paines of the belly, having also some calid parts.

Plant Cachos, *Cachos*. T. The seed is of a pleasant sapor. V. It provoketh urine, dissolveth the stone, and expellerth gravell, being taken in some convenient water, which also is affirmed by *Monardes*.

Horne bearing tree, *Hoitzmamaxalli*, *Arbor cornigera*. T. the leaves are almost without sapor. V. They resist poyson and the stingings of serpents, being bruised and applied within 6 houres they attract all the venome. the powder of the eggs of the pismires that are within the hornes, or the juice of the leaves put into the eares helps the paine thereof, as also the toothache.

Crackling tree, *Quauhlatlatzin*, *Arbor crepitans*. T. The kernells are moderately hot. V. two whereof being taken, without the skinnes, purge all humors, both upwards and downewards, especially flegme and choller, and are a secure and fit remedy for diseases that arise from cold: being meanelly torrifed, dissolved in water, and drunk in the morning.

Cachizapotl. T. The fruit is of a gratefull taste, but not of a very good nourishment, the barke of the tree is dry and a little sweet with a little bitternesse. V. The leaves stamped help the breasts of nurses, and the diarrhoeas of children The stones burnt and powdered help putrid ulcers. The apples eaten cause sleep.

Oke like butter fruit bearing tree, *Ahuaca quahuatl*, *Arbor querciformis butyraceo fructu*. T. The flower is fat, the leaves odoriferous, hot, and dry 2°. the apples are hot, acceprable, and not altogether of bad nutriment, but fat, and moist, also aphrodisiastick and venereous. The oyle of the kernells is like that of bitter almonds in odour, colour, and faculty. V. It helps retters and markes in the skinne, and by a certaine astringtion it helpeth the dysentery, and prevents the cleaving or fissures of the haire.

Anona tree, *Quantzapotl*, *Anona*. T. The kernells are aculent, and not of very good juice. V. The kernells are

are flatulent, and not of very good juice. V. the kernells of the apple helpe the diarrhoea. the kernells of that which is cathartick, taken in number, 10. or 12. do gently purge flegme and choller.

Muske cucumber-tree, *Quauhxilotl*, *Arbor cucumeris moschati*. T. Is hot and dry 10. V. the decoction of the leaves helpe deafnesse caused by cold, being dropped into the eares.

Snakejaw-tree, *Coacamachilis*, *Maxilla colubri*. T. the leaves are astringent, sweet and a little glutinous, moderately hor. V. the leaves applyed helpe the paines of the French disease and tensions.

Bloud stopping tree, *Tlapalexpatli*, *Fluentis sanguinis medicina*. T. Is cold, dry, and a little astringent. V. the barke stoppeth the belly, and the decoction thereof expelleth urine, and stoppeth the flux of bloud.

Bitter bloud sweating-tree, *Chicbi* & *Tlapalexquahuil*, *Arbor rubri sanguinis amara*, *Sanguiflua*. T. Is hot, glutinous, resinous, odoriferous and astringent. V. the barke of the stock being stamped drunk in the quantity of ob: 6. in water, helpeth the hæmoptysis or spitting of bloud, and helpeth the inflammation of the eies,

Bitoncus. T. The root is hot and dry 30. a little bitter, odoriferous and sharpe. V. It corroborateth lax members and the stomacke, it strengtheneth the head. It is a little astringent, yet it purgeth gently.

Aire headed tree, *Tzrpilotl*, *Caput aure*. T. the kernells of the fruit are bitter, hot 30. V. They helpe the breast. the oleaginous liquor thereof is emollient, and operates like the oyle of bitter almonds, it discusseth tumors, helps the cough: taken into the nostrills it purgeth the head, and helps ulcers. the oyle of the fruit doth lenifie, and cleare the faces of women.

Crow-flower, *Cocaloxochitl*, *Flos corvinus*. T. It is cold and conglutinating. V. Applyed it helpeth the paines of the breast caused by heate. Drach: 2. of the pulpe or pith thereof being taken cleanse the stomack and intestines.

Cordiall tree, *Cocus quahuil*, *Arbor cordiaca*. T. Is cold

cold and dry. V. *unc. sem.* of the juice taken twice every day helps the syncope, and lassitude.

Feather like-flower, *Thuixochitl*, *Flos pennas avium referens*. T. The leaves are cold and astringent. V. They help feavers, and cure fluxes.

Burning tree, *Tetlatia*, *Arbor urens*. T. The milke is burning and exulcerating. the bark is cold and dry. V. the decoction of the bark drunk helps the paines of the joynts. Drunk and applied it helpeth the scab, and diarrhoea: the milke helps the leprosie, ringwormes and other maladies of the skinne. It dryeth and cureth inveterate ulcers. *Drach: 2.* of the barke powdered and taken loosen the belly.

Bearded-flower, *Tlacoxiloxochitl*, *Flos barbatus*. T. The bark of the root is sharpe, hot 30° dry, astringent, and a little glutinous. V. the flowers stamped, mixt with water and instilled, help, the griefes of the eyes. They restrain inflammations, consume superfluous flesh, and help the argemata. the decoction or infusion of the root stops the flux of blood and dysenterie, and helpeth the decayed appetite. Some say also that it lenifieth the breast, looseth the belly, expelleth choller by vomit, and helpeth the cough.

Red haired shrub, *Tlacoxochitl*, *Capilli rubei*. T. the root is bitter, odoriferous, hot and dry 30°. V. the decoction thereof helpeth the dysenterie, and grieve of the joynts.

Hoximo. T. is sharpe, hot and dry 30°. V. the bark of the root powdered and *drach: 1.* taken pargeth all humours, but especially the pituitous, and dissipateth buboes.

Febrifuge-shrub, *Tixticpatlis*, *Frutex febrifuga*. T. the bark of the root is exceeding cold. V. the root (having the bark taken off) being powdered and drunk helps feavers: so the decoction thereof, and helps all cold distempers, and exceedeth all plants of the same country herein.

Hanging water-herbe *Atlat xopillin*, *Aquosa herba apensa*. T. the root is cold 10°. moist, and salivous. V. the

are flatulent, and not of very good juice. V. the kernells of the apple helpe the diarrhoea. the kernells of that which is cathartick, taken in number, 10. or 12. do gently purge flegme and choller.

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Bituncus. T. The root is hot and dry 30. a little bitter, odoriferous and sharpe. V. It corroborateth lax members and the stomacke, it strengthneth the head. It is a little astringent, yet it purgeth gently.

Aire headed tree, *Tzypilotl*, *Caput auræ*. T. the kernells of the fruit are bitter, hot 30. V. They helpe the breast. the oleaginous liquor thereof is emollient, and operates like the oyle of bitter almonds, it discusseth tumors, helps the cough: taken into the nostrills it purgeth the head, and helps ulcers. the oyle of the fruit doth lenifie, and cleare the faces of women.

Crow-flower, *Cocaloxochitl*, *Flos corvinus*. T. Is cold and conglutinating. V. Applyed it helpeth the paines of the breast caused by heate. *Drach*: 2. of the pulpe or pith thereof being taken cleanse the stomack and intestines.

Cordiall tree, *Cocus quahuil*, *Arbor cordiaca*. T. Is cold

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cold and dry. V. *unc. sem.* of the juice taken twice every day helps the syncope, and lassitude.

Feather like-flower, *Thuixochitl*, *Flos pennas avium referens*. T. The leaves are cold and astringent. V. They help feavers, and cure fluxes.

Burning tree, *Tetlatia*, *Arbor urens*. T. The milke is burning and exulcerating. the bark is cold and dry. V. the decoction of the bark drunk helps the paines of the joynts. Drunk and applied it helpeth the scab, and diarrhoea: the milke helps the leprosie, ringwormes and other maladies of the skinne. It dryeth and cureth inveterate ulcers. *Drach: 2.* of the barke powdered and taken loosen the belly.

Bearded-flower, *Tlacoxiloxochitl*, *Flos barbatus*. T. The bark of the root is sharpe, hot 30: dry, astringent, and a little glutinous. V. the flowers stamped, mixt with water and instilled, help, the griefes of the eyes. They reſtaine inflammations, conſume ſuperfluous fleſh, and help the argemata. the decoction or infuſion of the root ſtops the flux of blood and dysenterie, and helpeth the decayed appetite. Some ſay alſo that it lenifieth the breaſt, looſeth the belly, expelleth chollet by vomit, and helpeth the cough.

Red haired ſhrub, *Tlacoxochitl*, *Capilli rubei*. T. the root is bitter, odoriferous, hot and dry 30. V. the decoction therof helpeth the dysenterie, and grieve of the joynts.

Hoximo. T. is sharpe, hot and dry 30. V. the bark of the root powdered and *drach: 1.* taken purgeth all humours, but eſpecially the pituitous, and diſſipateth buboes.

Febrifuge-ſhrub, *Yxticpatlis*, *Frutex febrifuga*. T. the bark of the root is exceeding cold. V. the root (having the bark taken off) being powdered and drunk helps feavers: ſo the decoction thereof, and helps all cold diſtempers, and exceedeth all plants of the ſame country herein.

Hanging water-herbe *Atlat xopillin*, *Aquosa herba apensa*. T. the root is cold 10. moiſt, and ſalivous. V. the

meale of the root or trunk steeped in water and drunk helpeth the flux of the belly, or any other disease of a hot cause, it helpeth the heat of urine, ischury, and inflammation of the eyes.

Marvelous urine shrub, *Cocoztam atl*, *Urinaria mirabilis*. T. the root is without smell, in taste salivous, in temper a little cold and moist. V. It mightily expelleth urine, gravell, and pituitous excrements, and whatsoever stoppeth the urinarie passages, and repreſſeth the superfluous flesh of the same, *unc. sem.* of the powder being taken in some convenient liquor.

Water serpent, *Coatlis*, *Aqueus serpens*. T. is cold and moist. V. the infusion thereof in water, drunk, cleanseth the reins and bladder, and refrigerateth the same, it tempers the acrimony of urine, quenchereth the heat of feavers, and helps the collick. Some say also that the gum thereof helps the inflammations of the eyes and their superfluous flesh. the wood is called by the Spaniards *Lignum nephriticum*.

Hanging flower, *Cacapipilol xochitl*, *Herbosus & flex pendens*. T. is cold and moist. V. *Unc. sem.* of the bark of the root taken helpeth feavers.

Brazell shrub, *Curaqua*, *Brasilium Hisp.* T. It's cold, dry and astringent. V. It helpeth feavers. the decoction is first yellow, if longer boiled it becommeth reddish, at length of a purple colour, and with alum it's changed into a red colour.

Winding shrub, *Xiuhcocolin*, *Planta contortiva*. T. the taste of the root is a little sweet, cold and astringent. V. *Drac.* 2. of the powder of the bark drunk twice a day in water stop vomiting especially in children. It helpeth the ulcers of the mouth and privities. the juice of the root and flower with milk helps the cures.

Shamefull shrub, *Pinahuixtilis*, *Herba verecunda*. T. Is cold, dry, astringent and glutinous. V. the juice of the root helpeth tertian agues, the inflammations of the cures, and causeth sleep, the root helpeth the fluxes of

the belly. Being touched it shrinketh together: it's said also to cause love.

Water-shrub, *Atlinam, Frutex juxta fluvios aquasve proveniens*. T. Is all hot and dry V. Apugill of the leaves stamped and taken in the morning helpeth feavers, gently purging flegme and choller both upwards and downwards. A greater quantity thereof being infused, purgeth downwards the aforesaid humors.

Wound shrub, *Ixontecpatlis, Vulnerum medicina*. T. the milke is sharp and bitter, hot 30. and drying. V. the milke that droppeth out of the sprouts being cut, applyed, glutinath green wounds, and cicatrizeth the same in a short space.

Bloud-curing shrub, *Ezpatli quauhnaubacensis, Sanguinis medicina*. T. the bark is hot, odoriferous, resinous, dry and astringent, and at length bitter, and dry 20. V. the decoction of the roots drunk helps the dysentery, so the liquor.

Spasme-curing shrub, *Huapahualizpatli, Convulsionis medicina*. T. is cold and dry without sapor or odour. V. the decoction of the plant drunk morning and evening for some short space, helpeth the losse of motion.

Old womans teeth, *Tlamatlantli, Dentes vetula*. T. Is bitter, hot and astringent. V. A leafe thereof drunk in water, helpeth fullnesse, and feavers. It gently looseth the belly: and applyed it helpeth the inflammations in the heads of children.

Temperate physick shrub, *Tamancapatlis, Medicina temperata*. T. it's hot, dry, odoriferous and astringent. V. The liquor thereof fastneth the teeth, and helps the paine of the gums, the burning and imdecility of the joynts the root being drunk, and helps the laxations of the back.

Lepry-curing bush, *Xiopatlis, Lepre medicina*. T. is cold, dry, glutinous and a little astringent. V. The leaves bruised and applyed help the leproy and retters, together with the use of baths.

Spotted shrub, *Xalquauhiti, Styges punctatus*. T.

is hot 40, and dry. V. the decoction taken doth corroborate, discusse, provoke the menses, and help fulnesse.

2. *Herbs sharp. As Herba Nunnii.* T. the root (which is chiefly used in physick) is sharp without odour, hot and dry 40. V. *Ob. 6.* taken in the morning fasting, purge all humors, but chiefly flegme and choller, both upwards and downwards, and that gently. It helpeth the drop sic and cachexie &c. The root being stamped, and dropped into the eyes with mans urine helpeth the diseases thereof.

Ycha. T. is sharp in taste and hot 40. V. The root applyed helpeth the toothach, cleanseeth and whiteneth the same. It helpeth paines caused by cold, especially applyed with turpentine. It helpeth the paines of the eares, and head and cureth venomous wounds.

Round leaved plant, *Oliliubqui, Planta orbicularium fol.* T. It's hot 40. V. It helpeth the French disease and pain caused by cold: it discusseeth flatulencies and tumors. the powder with rosin expells cold. It helpeth luxations and broken bones. The seed drunk causeth venery, and applyed with milk helps the diseases of the eyes.

Eye painted herbe, *Xzcucuil, Oculus depictus* T. the root is dry 40, and burning. V. the infusion of the root taken helpeth the paine of the belly, purgeeth flegme and evacuates choller, the quantity of *drach. 1.* being drunk.

Yellow urine herbe, *Axixcocahuizpatlis, Medicina urinalutea* T. the root is odoriferous and sharp, hot and dry 30, ofsubtile parts. V. It evacuateeth urine the decoction of the leaves drunk every morning helpeth the paine of the reines.

Sharp herb, *Cocoxihuitl, Herba aeris.* T. it's hot and dry 40, with a certain astringtion. V. the branches (the bark being taken off,) applyed help the white spots in the eye, and argema. the juice discusseeth flatulencies, and helpeth tetters: so the fruit, and helpeth paines caused

caused by cold. The leaves stamped and applyed help old bruises and warts.

Cloud-herb, *Yauhtli*, *Herba nubilosa*. T. It's hot and dry *fere* 40, V. It provoketh urine and the courses, it causeth abortion, and extracts the dead birth, it helpeth the breast, cough, discusseeth flatulencies, stoppeth the belly, sweeteneth the breath, causeth milke, resisteth poyson, causeth venery, and helpeth the headach, thirst in dropies, and cold fits of agues: drunk it helpeth broken veines. Applyed it helpeth the griefes of the eares, and dissipateth tumours. It warmeth the ventricle, and help fulnesse. It cleanseth the reins from thick flegme, and extenuates the humors. Applyed with hony it stops vomiting, and helps ulcers and hemicrania, drunk for nine dayes in the morning. It helpeth tetters.

Stone-black rod, *Tztañex caltlacotl*, *Virga nigra saxorum*. T. is hot, dry and of thin parts. V. A pugill of the root stamped and drunk in water or wine causeth sweat, and helps paine.

3. *Herbs bitter*. As *Cacanaca*. T. The root is sharp and bitter: hot and dry 30. V. It discusseeth flatulencies: ob. 3. drunk helpe paines caused by cold, it expelleth wormes, and helpeth the flux of the belly: so *drach.* 2. of the powder drunk in water. Also it helpeth fulnesse, expells urine, helpeth seavers, and the tormina. The juice of the root helpeth the French disease, opens obstructions, and causeth agility. The down of the root helps ulcers.

Tooth-curing herb, *Coacihuizpatli*, *Dentium medicina*. T. The root is bitter, sharp, hot and dry 30. V. the root helps paines, chiefly of the teeth, and contractions of the nerves, *drach.* 2. being drunk once a day.

Stinking haire, *Texomptonic*, *Capilli fetidi*. T. The root is odoriferous and resinous, hot, and dry 30, a little astringent and bitter. V. It helpeth fulnesse, provoketh the courses, and causeth appetite. The decoction helpeth the itch.

Earth-feather, *Tlalquequetzal*, *Penna terra*. T. Its bitter with a certain acrimonic, odoriferous of thin parts, and
hot

hot and dry 30. V. The juice drunk provoketh uriae, evacuates the menses, strengtheneth a cold stomack, discusseth winde, and helps the diarrhoea, and ulcers, of the secrets. it helpeth tumors and obstructions, chiefly of the womb: so applyed. As a pessarie applyed it helpeth the scab, it stops the belly and helpeth the cough.

Xararo. T. The root is bitter, odoriferous, hot and dry 30. V. A small quantity thereof taken gently purge eth cold humors, and helpeth lassitude.

Bitter herbe, *Cacachichit*, *Herba amara*. T. it's very bitter, hot and dry 30. V. The juice of *unc. i. sem.* thereof purgeth all humors, but chiefly flegme and choller by vomit: it cureth fullnesse and causeth appetite, it helpeth the itching of the eies and cough and discusseth flatulencies.

Flie-herb. *Cayolpatlis*, *Herba muscarum*. T. It's somewhat hot and bitter. V. the decoction thereof evacuate eth flegme and choller upwards and downwards, and causeth appetite: it's to be taken in the morning 4. or more days together.

Eye-curing herb, *Teixmincapatlis*, *Herba oculi medicina*. T. it's a little bitter, hot and astringent. V. It helpeth the ulcers of the eies and privities, the powder of the leaves or root being sprinkled thereon, they being first washed with water.

Dead-mans herb, *Micaxochitl*, *Mortuorum medicina*. T. the root is a little bitter, yet cold. V. *Drach. 2.* or 3. drunk in water help feavers, the inflammations of the duggs applyed and the epilepsie.

Woolly-herb, *Tomoxihuitl*, *Herba lanuginosa*. T. the root is hot, dry and a little bitter. V. *drac. 2.* thereof taken evacuate all humors by vomit. It helpeth the cough and diseases of the breast, and mundifieth the reins & bladder. It helpeth putrified ulcers of the secret parts, as also the hemorrhoides and diarrhoea.

Herb of Paradise, *Herba paradisea*. T. It's exceeding bitter, hot and dry 30. V. It helpeth the breast, killeth worms

wormes, discusseth flatulencies, openeth obstructions and helps fulnesse.

Knotted-herb, *Eloquiltic*, *Herba geniculata*. T. it's a little bitter, cold and moist. V. Drunk it helpeth feavers, the plurisie and cough.

274. Herbs salt and sweet. Coughing plant, *Paxantzin*, *Planta subdens*. T. is hot and dry 2^o, of a rank smell and taste. V. The decoction of the root helpeth fulnesse, strengthenth a weake stomach, and warmeth the breast.

Venerious herb, *Tlaquaub tilizparli*, *Medicina vene-rea*. T. it's of a sweet taste, like licorice, hot and moist 2^o. V. Applied and drunk it couseth venery and helpeth the diarrhoea in children *drach.* 2. of the powder being taken. It also purgeth the urinarie passages, and expells the stone of the reines.

Herblizards-nest, *Cuixtapacollin*, *Nidus lacertarum*. T. The root tastes like licorice and is moderately hot, moist, and lenient. V. the decoction of the root drunk helpeth the swellings of the belly, and drop sic: so also being daily applied.

Water-flower, *Axochiatl*, *Flos aqua*. T. the root is a little sweet, somewhat bitter, glutinous, cold and moist. V. A pugill of the leaves stamped and drunk or applied helps agues, diarrhoeas, lassitude, burnings, ulcers both inward and outward, and mitigates the paine of the reines.

Alexipharmick herbe, *Acuitze huariacua*, *Herba aduersa venenis*. T. the root (which is chiefly used in Physick) is somewhat cold, and moist, and of a sweet taste. V. the juice thereof drunk helpeth the heat of feavers, corroborateth the heart, and resisteth poyson. Drunk and applied it helpeth the heat of the reines, and acrimonie of urine, and causeth appetite. It helpeth the tumors of the jawes, and paines of the breast: and is a panacea.

Herb sparrowfoot, *Totoyxitl*, *Pes passerinus*. T. The root is hot and of a pleasant taste. V. *Drach.* 1. of the powder

powder thereof drunk in water doth gently purge all humors.

Cocentic. T. the root is sweet and cold. V. it helpeth feavers, the bark helpeth fluxes.

5. *Herbs acerb and acid.* River herb, *Atehuapatli*, *Herba nascens juxta rivos*. T. It's cold and moist. with a little astringtion. V. the root drunk causeth fecundity, and preventeth abortion.

Lynce flower, *Coatzonte coxochitl*, *Flos lyncis*. T. It is cold and moist. V. It tempereth the heat of the ventricle, from any cause inward or outward.

Tiger flower, *Ocoloxochitl*, *Flos tigris*. T. the root is cold. V. *Drach.* 1. of the root drunk in water helpeth the feaver, and causeth fecundity. It's of cold and pleasant nutriment, loosening and helpfull to the breast.

Bonie-flower, *Omizochitl*, *Flos Osseus*. T. the root is cold and moist, salivous and lubricous. V. the root applied repellerth tumors: drunk it helpeth the heate of feavers, and fluxes of a hor cause.

Sweet-herb, *Hoclicpatli*, *Suavis medicina*. T. the root is cold, glutinous, and astringent. V. It stoppeth the laske. *Drach.* 1. taken helpeth the paine of the loines and lassitude.

Old mans head, *Hochotzonte comatl*, *Caput senis*. T. the root is cold and moist, and strengthening. V. Applied it helpeth tumors. Drunk it helpeth feavers.

Fracture-plant, *Poztecpatli Mecatlanica*, *Fracturum medicina*. T. It's cold, dry and astringent, with a certaine asperity. V. the stemmes and leaves stamped and applied help tumors: drunk it helpeth luxations and broken bones.

Anodyne-herb, *Coacivizpatli*, *Medicina doloris*. T. It's a little hot, and without much taste. V. the decoction thereof helps the French pox: three handfull of the leaves being boiled in *lib.* 3. of water, and drunk. Also it helpeth all paines, especially of the joynts, *unc.* 10. thereof being drunk every morning.

The Prince's herb, *Tenbquilitic*, *Herba principis*. T. the root is cold, dry, and astringent. V. *Drach.* 3. drunk
in

i n water help the heat of feavers, stop the laske, and strengthen the stomach.

The angry mans medicine, *Qualancapatlis*, *Irati hominis medicina*. T. is cold and moist, and scarce of any taste, V. The leaves stamped and drunk in water help those that are given to anger.

Y 5.

A N

I N D E X

Of the Latine Names contained in the foregoing
Herball, together with those that are Synonymous:
as also such as are mentioned in the Catalogues of
John Tradescant, *Banbin's Pinax*, and of the publick
Physick gardens beyond Sea (as that of *Copenha-*
gen, *Paris*, *Warsaw*, *Padua*, *Leyden*, *Groyning*, and
Bloys,) which are not in that of *Oxford*: to which
are added those that are in the *Phytologia Brytanica*
(or grow wild in England) which are those that
have not this marke ☞.

A.

A Balzemer Persic. i. e. Sena vulgaris. ☞
Abavo i. e. Bahobab. Alp. Guanabanus ☞
Abdellavi, i. e. Auguria Ægypt. ☞

Abies, Firre tree.

Abiga i. e. Chamepitys.

Abel, i. e. populus alba.

Abella, i. e. Musa ☞

Abellicca i. e. Santalus adulterina cret. ☞

Abelmosch Ægypt. Haf: i. e. Alcea Ægypt.

Abhel, i. e. Sabina.

Abronus, vel Abrugi i. e. pisum cordatum.

Abrono Serap. i. e. pisum cordatum.

Abrotonum, Southernwood.

Abrus Gron. i. e. Pitum virulentum chin, ☞

Abfinthium, Wormwood.

Abytilon Avic. i. e. Althza lutea. ☞

Acacia Par. Egyptian thorne. ☞

Acacalis, vid. Erica.

Acanophora i. e. Jacea.

Acantha leuca i. e. Spina alba.

Acanthium, Cotton thistle.

Acanthus Germ: i. e. Sphondilium.

Acacia

Acanus, *the Ancients thistle.* ☞
 Acanthus, *Beares breech.* ☞
 Acarna Pat. *Fish thistle.* ☞
 Acaron, & Accæron *i.e.* Ruscus.
 Accipitrina, *i.e.* Hieracium, vel Sophia.
 Acedula *i.e.* Acetosa.
 Acer, *Maple tree.*
 Acetabulum *i.e.* Coryledon.
 Acetum, *vid.* Vinum.
 Acetosa, *Sorrell.*
 Acetosella (*i.e.*) Trifolium acetosum.
 Achaovan Abiad. *Ægypt. i.e.* Artemisæ mar.
 Achilleos vera Plin. *i.e.* Centaur: lut. persol.
 Achillea *i.e.* Millefolium.
 Achrus *i.e.* pyrus sylvestris.
 Acinaria palustris, *i.e.* Vaccinia palustris
 Acinaria marina *i.e.* Lenticula mar.
 Acinus *i.e.* Clinopodium.
 Acidula *i.e.* Acetosa.
 Acinos, *wild Basil.*
 Acorna, *i.e.* Acarna. ☞
 Aconitum, *Woolfs bane.* ☞
 Aconitum bacciferum. *Herb Christopher.* ☞
 Acorus, *Sweet smeelling flag or Aromaticall reed.*
 Acrocorion, *i.e.* Crocus vernus.
 Acrum *i.e.* Millefolium.
 Actæ. *i.e.* Sambucus.
 Actæa Plin. Lob. *i.e.* Ebulus.
 Aculeosa Gaz. *i.e.* Onopardon Ger.
 Aculeata, *i.e.* Polyacantha. ☞
 Acus pastoris, *i.e.* pesten veneris.
 Acus Muschara, *i.e.* Geranium.
 Acutela, *i.e.* Aresta bovis.
 Adar, *i.e.* Frumentum.
 Adarce, *vid.* Append ☞
 Adiantum, *Maiden haire.*
 Adiantum aureum, *Goldilocks.*
 Egeceros, *i.e.* Fæuum græcum. ☞
 Egelethron, *i.e.* Tota bona.
 Egilops Haf. *i.e.* Festuca, *Wild Oates.*

Ægino-

- Æginochus, Plin. i.e. Lithospermum.
 Ægipyan Cret. i.e. Anonis spinosa.
 Ægipyrus vel Ægipyrus J. Bauh. i.e. Fagerriticum.
 Ægylops arbor, i.e. Cervus mas. ✽
 Ægyra, i.e. Populus.
 Æromeli, i.e. Mel acreum Manna lig.
 Æschinamenes Apoll. i.e. Herba viva. ✽
 Æthiopis, Æthiopian Clary. ✽
 Agalochum i.e. Lignum aloes, sic Agalugin. ✽
 Agavanus Cret. Haf. i.e. Acanus. ✽
 Agaricus, vid. Larix.
 Ageratum, Maudlin. ✽
 Agem Blef. i.e. Jasminum Persicum. ✽
 Agiahalium Bauh. vid. Append. ✽
 Agileusa, i.e. Avellana.
 Aglaophoris, i.e. Pæonia.
 Agnus castus, Chast tree. ✽
 Agnus scythicus, Scythian Lamb, vid. Ap. ✽
 Agrifolium, Holly.
 Agriocardamum, i.e. Cardamine.
 Agrimonia, Agrimonie.
 Agriostari Creticum Pat. i.e. Triticum sylv. ✽
 Agrioriganum, i.e. Marjorana sylv.
 Aguacat, vid. Append. ✽
 Agut B. vid. Append. ✽
 Ahovai Thev. Indian morice bells. v. Ap. ✽
 Ait, i.e. Negundo. ✽
 Ajuga, i.e. Chamæpitys.
 Aithales, i.e. Sedum minus.
 Aizoon, i.e. Sedum.
 Aics, i.e. Pappas. ✽
 Alaternus, Evergreen privet. ✽
 Albinum, i.e. Gnaphalium.
 Alad Ind. i.e. Curcum. ✽
 Albucum i.e. Asphodelus. ✽
 Alcanna Par. i.e. Phillyrea. ✽
 Alcea, Vervaine Mallow.
 Alcibiadicum, i.e. Echium.
 Alchimelica, i.e. Melilotus.

- Alchymelech, Ægypt. i.e. Melilotus Æg.
 Alchymilla, *Ladies mantle.*
 Alektorolophos, i.e. Pedicularis.
 Alga marina Gron. *Sea Wracke, vid. Muscus.*
 Algodon, i.e. Gossipium. ☿
 Alhenne, i.e. Alkanna. ☿
 Alica, *vid. Far.* ☿
 Alisma Par. i. e. Paralysis herba.
 Alimonia, i.e. Trifolium acetosum.
 Alkakengi, *Winter Chery.* Solanū vesicarium
 Alkali, *vid. Kali.*
 Alkermes, *vid. Cockenele.* ☿
 Alleluja, i.e. Trifolium acetosum.
 Alliaria, *Jack by the hedge.*
 Allium, *Garlick.*
 Alnam, i.e. Pulegium.
 Alnus, *Alder.*
 Aloe, *Aloes.* ☿
 Alopecuros, *Foxtaile Grasse.*
 Alphefera Arab. i. e. Bryonio nigra.
 Alsharareia, i.e. Parthenium.
 Alsebran, i.e. Ezula.
 Alsenesu, i.e. Absinthium.
 Alusen, i.e. Peucedanum.
 Alum, i.e. Consolida major.
 Alsinanthemum Thal. i. e. Pyrola alfinis fl. ☿
 Alfine, *Chickweed.*
 Altight Arab. i. e. Laserpitium. ☿
 Altercum and altercangenum i. e. Hyoscyamus.
 Althæa, *Marsh Mallow.*
 Alypum Monspeliciensium, *Herb Terrible.* ☿
 Alyssum, *Mad wort.* ☿
 Amara dulcis, *Bitter sweet.*
 Amaranthus, *Flower gentle.* ☿
 Amarus, i. e. Sampsucum.
 Ambrosia Par. *Oake of Cappadocia.* ☿
 Ambayba, *vid. Append.* ☿
 Ambare Ind. B. *Grisley plumb of India, vid. App.* ☿
 Ambubeia Fuch. i.e. Cichorea.

- Amelanchire Lob. Lugd. Bat. i. e. *Vaccinia alb.* *
 Amedamus, i. e. *Alnus.*
 Ameos, i. e. *Ammi.*
 Amellus, i. e. *Caltha palustris.*
 Ammi, *Bishop's weed.*
 Amomis, i. e. *Pseudoamomum.* ☞
 Amoniacum, vid. *Gummi in App.* ☞
 Amomum Plin. fruticosum, *Tree Night shade.*
 Amomum quorundam, *Cloveberr tree.*
 Amphybion, i. e. *Aloe.* ☞
 Ampeloprasum, *Vine Leekes.*
 Amurca, i. e. *Sedimentum olei.* ☞
 Amygdalus, *Almond tree.* ☞
 Amylum, vid. *Triticum.*
 Amygdala peruviana, vid. *Ap.* ☞
 Amyrberis, i. e. *Berberis.*
 Anagallis, *Pimpernell.*
 Anagallis aquatica, *Brooklime.*
 Ananas Lugd. *French hony Sweet Worts.* ☞
 Anagyris, *Beane Trefoile.*
 Anacampseros, i. e. *Faba Crassa Bauh.* ☞
 Anacardium, vid. *App.* ☞
 Ananas sylv. Lugd. *Wild Indian plum.* ☞
 Anas, i. e. *Prunus.*
 Anblarum Par. i. e. *Dentaria.*
 Anchusa, *Alkanet.*
 Andrachne i. e. *portulaca.*
 Androsæmum, *Tutsan or Parke leaves.*
 Androsace, *Sea Navell wort.*
 Anelum tortuosum, i. e. *Mavin.*
 Anemone, *Anemonie.*
 Anethum, *Dill, or Anet.*
 Anetum vaccinium Fuch. i. e. *Buphthalmum.* ☞
 Angelica, *Angelica.*
 Archangelica, vid. *Angelica.*
 Anguria Haf. i. e. *Citrullus.*
 Anil Gron. i. e. *Indigo.* ☞
 Anisum, *Annise.* ☞
 Anonis, *Restharrow.*
 Anserina Haf. i. e. *Argentina.*

- Anthemis, *i. e.* Chamæmelum.
 Anthera, *vid.* Rosa.
 Anthomides Bauh. *i. e.* Chamæmela.
 Anthora, *i. e.* Antithora. ☞
 Anthos, *vid.* Kosmarinus.
 Anthyllis, *Kidney Vetch.*
 Antirrhinum, *Snapdragon, or calves snout.*
 Antichora Haf. *Wholsome helmet flower.* ☞
 Antoniana, *i. e.* Lyfimachia filiquosa major.
 Aparine, *Cliver, or Goose grasse.*
 Aphaca, *Small yellow Vetch.*
 Aphyllantes Dal. Par. *Silver Knapweed.* ☞
 Aphacoides *i. e.* Lathyrus.
 Aphace Fuch. *i. e.* vicia sylvestris.
 Aphedron, *vid.* Ephedron.
 Apios, Fuch. *i. e.* Raphanus sylvestris.
 Apiastrum, *i. e.* melissa, vel apiastellum.
 Apium saxatile, *i. e.* Petroselinum.
 Apium sylvestre, *i. e.* Hipposelinum.
 Apios vera, *Knobbed Spurge.*
 Apiastellum *i. e.* Bryonia.
 Apium, *Parfly.*
 Apium risus, *i. e.* ranunculus aq.
 Apocynum, *Dogs bane.* ☞
 Apolinaris, *i. e.* Hyoscyamus.
 Apronia, *i. e.* Brionia nigra.
 Aquifolium, *vid.* Agrifolium.
 Aquilina, *i. e.* aquilegia.
 Aquilegia, *Columbine.*
 Arabis, *Arabian Mustard.*
 Arachidna lathyr. Hisp. Haf. ☞
 Arachus, *Great wild Vetch.*
 Aranthia malus, *Orange tree.* ☞
 Aralda *i. e.* Digitalis.
 Arbor aquam fundens, *Garac. vid.* Ap. ☞
 Arbor Brasilica Bauh. p. *Brasil tree. vid.* Ap. ☞
 Arbor sarinifera, *Bread tree. v.* Ap. ☞
 Arbor foliis ambulantis, *Walking leaves. vid.* Ap. ☞
 Arbor lanifera, *wool bearing tree. vid.* Ap. ☞

Arbor

- Arbor monicongo, *vid. Ap.* ☞
 Arbor metrosideros, *Iron hearted tree of Java. v. Ap.* ☞
 Arbor venercos, stimulos dormians, *Chast making tree*
vid. Ap. ☞
 Arbor violarum Indica, *vid. Ap.* ☞
 Arbor Gehuph. *Spleen tree.* ☞
 Arbor Judæ, *Judas tree.* ☞
 Arbor thurifera, *Frankincense tree;* ☞
 Arbor tristis, *Sorrowfull tree* ☞
 Arbor vitæ, *Tree of life.* ☞
 Archangelica. *i. e. Lamium.*]
 Arction, *i. e. Lappa.*
 Arca, *discoloured small Indian nut, vid. Ap.* ☞
 Arbutus, *Strawberry tree.*
 Aresta bovis, *Cammock.*
 Argemone, *Bastard wild Poppy.*
 Argentina, *i. e. Potentilla, Wild Tansy.*
 Aria Theophrasti, *Wild Service tree.*
 Arisarum, *Fryars cowle.* ☞
 Aristolochia, *Birthwort.*
 Arizo, *i. e. Oryza.* ☞
 Armeria, *Sweet Williams.*
 Armoraria, *Wild Williams.*
 Armoracia Fuch. *i. e. Rhaphanus sylv.*
 Arnaglossum, *i. e. Plantago.*
 Aromus, *i. e. Juniperus.*
 Arrenogonon, *vid. Phyllon.*
 Artemisia marina, *i. e. Cincraria.*
 Artemisia, *Mugwort.*
 Archanita *i. e. Cyclamen.*
 Arthritica, *i. e. Primula veris.*
 Arum, *Wake Robin.*
 Arundo, *Cane or Reed.*
 Asa fætida, *vid. Ap. & Laserpitium.*
 Asarum, *Affarabacca.*
 Ascalonitides, *Scallions.* ☞
 Asclepias *i. e. Vincetoxicum. Swallowwort.* ☞
 Ascyrum, *S. Peters wort, or square S Johns grass.*
Aspalachum

Aspalathus i. e. Lignum Rhodium. Rose wood. vid.

Rosa. ☿

Asparagus, Asparagus.

Asperugo, i. e. Aparine.

Asperula, Woodroose.

Asphodelus, Asphodell.

Asphodelus luteus, Kings spear.

Asplenium sive Ceterach, Spleenwort, or Miltwaft.

Alcatonesi i. e. Castanea equina. ☿

Aster, Starrewort.

Astragalus, Milke Vetch.

Astragaloides, Bastard milke Vetch. ☿

Astrantia, Masterwort. ☿

Asterion, i. e. Aster atticus.

Astorea, i. e. Stæchas. ☿

Athanasia, i. e. Tanacetum.

Athara, i. e. pulicula ex Zea.

Atractylis Haf. Wild bastard Saffron. ☿

Atraphaxis, i. e. Atriplex.

Atriplex, Orach.

Atriplex sylvestris, All-seed.

Avacari Bauh. vid. Append. ☿

Avellana Ind. vid. Append. ☿

Avellana. Filberd. ☿

Avellana sylvestris, Hasell-tree.

Avena, Oates.

Aulitica, i. e. Chamemalum.

Avornus, i. e. Alnus nigra.

Aurelia, vid. Helychrison. ☿

Aureum olus, i. e. Atriplex.

Auricomum, vid. Stæchas citrina.

Auricula urfi, Beares eare. ☿

Auricula muris i. e. Pilosella, Mouseare?

Axi i. e. Capsicum. ☿

Azedarach Avic. Haf. i. e. Zyziphus Candida.

Azadaracheni arbor, vid. Ap. ☿

Azabafer, i. e. Meum.

Azez. vid. lichen.

B

- B** Aaras, *i. e.* Peonia.
 Baccharis offic. *i. e.* Asarum.
 Baccharis Monspelienſium, *Plowmans Spicknard.*
 Bahobab. *vid.* Append. ✕
 Balanus Myrepſica, *the oily Acorne,* *vid.* Syringa. ✕
 Balaustiū Par. *i. e.* Malus punica. ✕
 Ballote *i. e.* Marrubium nigrum.
 Balsamina, *Balsame Apple.* ✕
 Balsamita, *Costmary.* ✕
 Balsamum, *Balsam tree.* ✕
 Bamia Ægypt. *i. e.* Malva Haf.
 Bammia, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Ban, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Bangu Bauh, *Indian dreamer,* *vid.* Ag. ✕
 Baptisecula *i. e.* Cyanus minor.
 Barba Aron *i. e.* Sempervivum.
 Barba hirci *i. e.* Tragopogon.
 Barba Jovis frutex. *Silver bush.* ✕
 Barbarea, *Bank, or Winter Cresse.*
 Bardana, *Burdock.*
 Baruce, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Basilica *i. e.* Gentiana.
 Basiatrahagi, *i. e.* Polygonum.
 Basilicam *i. e.* Ocymum.
 Baton, *i. e.* Terebinthus. ✕
 Batrachion, *i. e.* Lychnis hortensis. ✕
 al. Ranunculus.
 Barus, *i. e.* Rubus sylvestris.
 Battatas, *Potatoes.* ✕
 Baucia Par. *i. e.* Pastinaca.
 Bazara, cantana, *i. e.* Psyllium:
 Bazari chichen *i. e.* Linum.
 Edellium, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Becabunga, *i. e.* Anagallis aq. *Brooklime.*
 Bechium *i. e.* Tusſilago.
 Bedegnar Off. *i. e.* Rosa sylvestris.
 Bedarangi, *i. e.* Melissa.

- Behen album *i. e.* Papaver spumeum, Spatling
 Poppy.
 Beidelfar *Ægypt. Pat. Virginian Silke grasse.* ☿
 Beiahalaen, *i. e.* Aizoon.
 Beidelfar, *vid.* Append. ☿
 Bellis, Daisy.
 Bella donna *vid.* Solanum Lethale.
 Belvidere *i. e.* Scoparia Grac. broom Toad flax
 Benzoin, *vid.* Append. ☿
 Berberis, Barbery bush.
 Beretinus, *vid.* Append. ☿
 Betulla Par. *i. e.* Becabungī.
 Beta, Beete.
 Betonica, Bettony.
 Betonica Pauli, *vid.* veronica.
 Betula, Birch tree.
 Betulus, *i. e.* Carpinus.
 Betre vel betete, *indian bindweed. vid.* Ap. ☿
 Betulla, *i. e.* betula.
 Bifolium, *i. e.* Ophris, Tway blade.
 Bihur, *i. e.* Euphthalmion. ☿
 Bipinella, *i. e.* Pimpinella.
 Bifacura, *i. e.* Gingidium.
 Bismalva *i. e.* Althæa.
 Bistorta, Snakeweed.
 Bisslinga, *i. e.* Hippoglossum. ☿
 Bitoncus, *vid.* Append. ☿
 Bitumen, *vid.* Ap. ☿
 Bizaria, *i. e.* Dracunculus. ☿
 Blattaria, Moth mullein.
 Blechon, *i. e.* Pulegium.
 Blitum, Blite.
 Bolbonach, *v. viola lunaris vulg. many flower.*
 Boletus, *vid.* Fungus.
 Bombax Par. *i. e.* Gossipium. ☿
 Bonus Henricus, *vid.* Lapathum unct. *English mercury.*
 Bon arbor, Turkey berry drink, *vid.* Ap. ☿
 Boana, *vid.* Faba hort.
 Borrage, Borago.

- Bor Acoftæ, *small Indian Apples. vid. Ap.* ☞
 Botonaria, *i.e. Aphyllanthos.* ☞
 Botrys, *Oake of Jerufalem.* ☞
 Bouloman, *i.e. platanaria.*
 Branca Urfina, *i.e. Acanthus fativus, Beares Breech.* ☞
 Brassica, *Cabbage, Colewort, or Colliflower.*
 Brassica canina, *i.e. Cynocrambe.*
 Brassica capitata, *Cabbage.* ☞
 Brathys, *i.e. Sabina.* ☞
 Bresilium, *vid. Append.* ☞
 Brindanes Ind. Bauh. *vid. Ap.* ☞
 Britannica Par. *i.e. bistorta quorundam.* ☞
 Briza monococcus, *S. Peters Corne.*
 Bromos. *i.e. Festuca, Wild Oates.*
 Brounfel Gron. ☞
 Brumaria, *i.e. Leontopetalon.* ☞
 Brunella, *vid. prunella.*
 Bruscus, *i.e. Rufcus.*
 Bryon, *i.e. Muscus.*
 Bryon Lactucæ fol. Phyt. brit. *fealungwort.*
 Bryonia, *Briony.*
 Bubonium Par. *i.e. Aster Atticus.* ☞
 Buccinum, *i.e. consolida regalis.*
 Buceras, *i.e. Fænum græcum.* ☞
 Bucranium, *i.e. Antirrhinum.*
 Bugia, *i.e. Berberis.*
 Buglossum, *buglosse.*
 Bugula, *bugle.*
 Buglossa, *Hisp. i.e. Anchusa,*
 Bulbocastanum, *Earthnut.*
 Bulbonach, *i.e. Viola lnuaris, Momy flower.*
 Bulbus agrestis, *i.e. Colchicum.*
 Bulbus sylv. Fuch. *i.e. Cæpa sylv.*
 Bulef, *i.i. Salix.*
 Buna palla *i.e. Macis.* ☞
 Bunias, *i.e. Napus sylvestris, Navem.*
 Bunium Par. *i.e. Napus sylvestris.*
 Buphthalmum, *Ox eye.* ☞
 Eupleurum, *Hares eares.*

Bursa pastoris, *Shepherds purse*.
 Burgispina, *i.e.* Rhamnus.
 Butomus Theoph. *i.e.* Sparganium.
 Buxea spina, *i.e.* Lyceum. ✽
 Buxus, *Box*.
 Pseudochamæbuxus, *Sharp pointed box*. ✽
 Byssus, *i.e.* Gossipium arboreum. ✽

C

Caaobetinga, *vid.* Append. ✽
 Cacalia, *Colts foot, or Horse foot*. ✽
 Cacao, *Cacao tree*. ✽
 Cachrys vera Par. *vid.* Libanotis.
 Cacavate, *vid.* Cacao. ✽
 Cachrisero, *i.e.* Libanotis. ✽
 Cachrys mar. *i.e.* Crithmum. ✽
 Cactas Theoph. *i. e.* Cinara. ✽
 Cæciliana, *vid.* Siciliana.
 Cæliras, *i. e.* Gramen mannæ.
 Casal, *i.e.* Agrimonia.
 Cahade, *i.e.* Polium. ✽
 Cakile Serap. Par. *i.e.* Eruca marina. ✽
 Calamintum, *i.e.* Calamintha.
 Calabrinz, *i.e.* Lanchitis.
 Calcaris flos, *vid.* Delphinium.
 Calchochrum, *i. e.* Fumaria.
 Calcifraga, *vid.* Saxifraga.
 Calicularis, *i.e.* Hyoscyamus.
 Chaliericum, *i. e.* Adiantum.
 Caltha, *i.e.* Calendula.
 Calamintha, *calamint*.
 Calamus aromatus, *vid.* Acorus.
 Calamogrostis, *Sheer grasse*. ✽
 Calathiana vera, *i. e.* Pneumonanthæ, *calathian violet*.
 Calceolus Mariæ, *Ladies slipper*.
 Calcarepola vel calcitrapa, *i.e.* Carduus stellaris.
 Calendula, *Marigold*. ✽
 Calicimathia, *i.e.* Pseudo dictamnus. ✽
 Caltha palustris, *marsh Marigold*.

Camelina

- Camelina, Treacle worme seed.
 Campanula, Belflower. i.e. Trachelium.
 Camphorata Bles. Stinking groundpine. ☿
 Camomilla, i. e. Chamæmelum.
 Campanula autumnalis, i.e. pneumonanthe.
 Camphora, vid. Append.
 Camphoratum, i.e. abrotonum magnum.
 Cannabis, Hemp.
 Canella, Cinnamon tree: ☿
 Canna, vid. Arundo.
 Cantabrica Par. i.e. Gentiana.
 Canicamum, vid. Ap. ☿
 Candelaria, seu candela regis, i.e. Verbascum.
 Capillus Ven. vid. Adiant. & trichom.
 Capparis Haf. Capers. ☿
 Caprificus, vid. Ficus. ☿
 Caprifolium Par. i.e. Periclymenum.
 Capsella, i. e. Thlaspi.
 Capsicum, Ginny pepper. ☿
 Caput Gallinaceum, vid. Onobrychis.
 Capillaris, i.e. Capillus veneris.
 Capnitis i.e. Fumaria.
 Capnos, i.e. Fumaria.
 Caput aquilæ Bauh. i.e. Nasturtium.
 Cardamine, Ladie smocks, or Cuckow flower.
 Cardamomum, Graines of Paradise. ☿
 Cardiaca, Mother wort.
 Carduus, Thistle.
 Carlina, Carline thistle.
 Carobe Par. i.e. Ceratonia. S. Johns bread. ☿
 Carlo Sancto, Indian Hop like purger. ☿
 Carpinus five Betulus, Horne beam tree.
 Carthamus, i.e. Cnicus. ☿
 Catum, Carraways. ☿
 Caryophyllata, Auens.
 Caryophyllus, Carnations or Pinks.
 Caryophyllus, Clove tree. ☿
 Caranfull, i.e. Caryophyllos.
 Carandas, vid. Append. ☿

- Cardel, *i. e.* Sinapi.
 Caranza, *i. e.* Balsamina. ✚
 Carambolas, *Furrowed tart Indian apples. vid. Ap.* ✚
 Caranna, *vid. Append.* ✚
 Cardamum, *i. e.* Pseudobanium.
 Carcapuli, *vid. Append.* ✚
 Cardapolium, *i. e.* Carlina.
 Carduus fullonum, *i. e.* Dipfacus.
 Carduus benedictus, *Blessed thistle.*
 Carduus veneris, *i. e.* Dipfacus.
 Carex Dod. *i. e.* Sparganium.
 Carica *i. e.* Ficus aridus vel Apios. ✚
 Carnabadian Seth. *i. e.* Carum. ✚
 Caron vel Carcum *i. e.* Carum. ✚
 Carpesium, *i. e.* Cubeba. ✚
 Carpobalsamum, *vid. balsamum.* ✚
 Carpentaria, *i. e.* pseudobavium.
 Carub, *vid. Carobe.* ✚
 Caryon. *i. e.* Nux.
 Cassebar, *i. e.* Coriandrum. ✚
 Cassia Solutiva, *Pudding pipe.* ✚
 Cassia lignea, *vid. Cinnamomum.* ✚
 Cassignete, *i. e.* Pimpinella.
 Cassuta, *i. e.* Cuscuta.
 Castanea, *Chestnut.*
 Castoris trifolium *i. e.* Trifolium patum.
 Castrangula, *i. e.* Scrophularia.
 Cataputia, *Spurge.*
 Catanance, *sive ervum sylv. Crimson grasse Vetch.*
 Cattaria, *i. e.* Nepeta, *Nep.*
 Cate, *i. e.* Lycium Indicum. ✚
 Cates, *i. e.* Atriplex.
 Cathsum, *i. e.* Abrotonum.
 Caucalis, *Hedge parslly.*
 Caucafon, *i. e.* Moly Indicum. ✚
 Cauda muris, *Mouse: taile.*
 Caulorapum, *Rapecole. vid. brassica.*
 Cauda equina, *i. e.* Equisetum.
 Caucan Plin. *i. e.* Equisetum.

- Cauda vulpium, *i. e.* Alopecuros.
 Caulis, *Colewort.*
 Caulis capitulatus, *i. e.* brassica cap. ☞
 Cazavi, *i. e.* Jucca. ☞
 Cedrus, *Cedar tree.* ☞
 Celastrus Th. *Staffe tree.* ☞
 Centaurium, *Centory.*
 Centimorbia, *i. e.* Nummularia.
 Centinervia, *i. e.* Plantago major.
 Cenchrys, *i. e.* Mylium. ☞
 Centromyrrhine, *i. e.* Ruscus.
 Centrum galli, *i. e.* Horminum.
 Centumnodia *i. e.* Polygonum.
 Centunculus, *i. e.* Gnaphalium.
 Cepa, *Onion.* ☞
 Cepæa, *Matthiolus's Orpine.* ☞
 Cerasus, *Cherry.*
 Ceratonia, *i. e.* Carobe. ☞
 Cerefolium, *Chervill.*
 Cerinthe, *Hony wort.* ☞
 Cerrus, *Great Holme Oake.* ☞
 Cerannia, *i. e.* Crassula.
 Cerebrum canis, *i. e.* Antirrhinum.
 Cesis, *i. e.* Daucus.
 Cervicaria, *i. e.* Trachelium.
 Cerva major, *i. e.* Ricinus. ☞
 Cestron, *i. e.* Betonica.
 Cestrum morion, *i. e.* Typha.
 Ceterach, *vid.* Asplenium.
 Cevadilla, *Indian caustick barly. vid.* Ap. ☞
 Chamæaste, *i. e.* Ebulus.
 Chamæcistus, *English Cistus.*
 Chamædrys, *Germander.*
 Chamæfilix Phyt. Brit.
 Chamægenista Phyt. Brit.
 Chamæiris, *vid.* Iris.
 Chamæleon Salmantic. Clus. Haf. ☞
 Chamæmelum, *Cammomill.*
 Chamælea Germ. *i. e.* Mezereon. ☞

- Chamelæa tricoceos, *Widdow waile.* ☞
 Chamælinum, *dwarf flax.*
 Chamæmorus Phyt. Brit. *Knotberry bush.*
 Chamæmespilus, *dwarfe medlar.* ☞
 Chamænerium Par. i. e. *Lyfimachia filiquosa*
 Chamæpitys, *Ground pine.*
 Chamæpuce Cret. Par. i. e. *Rosmarinus syl.* ☞
 Chamærodendros alpigena, *dwarf rosebay.* ☞
 Chamæbuxus, *dwarf box.*
 Chamæcissus, i. e. *Hedera terrestris.*
 Chamædaphne, i. e. *Laureola.*
 Chamælence, i. e. *Tussilago.*
 Chamælcagnus, i. e. *Myrrhus Brab.* ☞
 Chamæmalus, *Wilding tree, vid. Malus.*
 Chærephylom, i. e. *cerefolium.*
 Chamærrhiphes, i. e. *Palmites.* ☞
 Chamæpliom, i. e. *Erysimum.*
 Chamomilla, i. e. *Chamæmelum.*
 Chæradolethron, i. e. *Xanthium.*
 Charameis, *purging cornered besell nuts, vid. Ap.* ☞
 Charti, i. e. *Apium.*
 Chastara, i. e. *Betonica.*
 Chatra, *vid. Papyrus.* ☞
 Chathe, i. e. *Cucumber.* ☞
 Chelidonium, *Celandine.*
 Cheiri, i. e. *Leucoium luteum.*
 Cherva, *vid. Ricinus.* ☞
 China radix offic. *China.* ☞
 Chilibdynamis, i. e. *Ben album.*
 Chironia, i. e. *Brionia nigra.*
 Chocholate, *vid. Cacao.* ☞
 Chicini, i. e. *Althæa.*
 Choph china, i. e. *China rad.* ☞
 Chondrilla, *Gum succory.* ☞
 Christophoriana, i. e. *Herba Christoph.*
 Chrysanthemum, *Corne marigold.*
 Chrystitis, i. e. *Goma aurea.* ☞
 Chrysogonum, *Oaken black turnep.* ☞
 Chrysolachanon, i. e. *Attriplex sativa.* ☞

- Chrytomelon, *vid* Malus Armen. ☿
 Chubece, *i. e.* Malva.
 Cicerbita, *i. e.* Sonchus levis.
 Cichoreum verrucharium, *i. e.* Hædipnois.
 Cici, *i. e.* Ricinus. ☿
 Cicer, *ciches.* ☿
 Cichoreum, *Succory. vid.* Endivia.
 Cicla, *i. e.* Beta.
 Cicuta, *Hemlock.*
 Cicutaria, *i. e.* Myrrhis.
 Cidromela, *i. e.* Maluo medica. ☿
 Ciminalis, *i. e.* Gentiana.
 Cincinallis, *i. e.* Capillus veneris.
 Cinamomum vel cinamo, *i. e.* Canella. ☿
 Cinara, *Artichock.* ☿
 Cineraria *i. e.* Jacobæa Marina.
 Circa, *Inchanters nightshade.*
 Circium, *Single headed thistle.*
 Cissampelos altera, *small black bindweed.*
 Cissus, *i. e.* Hædera.
 Cistus, *Holy Rose.* ☿
 Citrigo, *i. e.* Melissa.
 Citrullus, *citruls.* ☿
 Clavicula, *i. e.* Hædera helix.
 Clavum veneris, *i. e.* Nymphæa.
 Clavus, *i. e.* caryophyllus.
 Clematis daphnoides, *i. e.* vinca pervinca.
 Clematis peregrina, *i. e.* Flammula Jovis.
 Clematis. *Ladies or Virgins bower and Perwinkle.*
 Clinopodium Haf. *Wild basill.*
 Clymenum *vid.* Androsæmum.
 Clymenon, *water betony.*
 Cneoron, *Rock rose.* ☿
 Cnicus, *i. e.* Carthamus, *bastard saffron.* ☿
 Cnicus sylvestris, *i. e.* Atractylis. ☿
 Coagulum terræ Plin. *i. e.* Nidus avis. ☿
 Coccygria Lugd. *vid* Rhus.
 Cochlearia, *scurvigraffe.*
 Cocus, *Indian nut, vid.* Nuces var. ☿

Curcus, *White Nuts*, ibid. ☿
 Cochenele, *vid.* Ficus vel quercus. ☿
 Cocior, *i. e.* Fæniculum.
 Coccus Ind. *vid.* Append. ☿
 Cochliophori, *vid.* Cucchiophori.
 Coceras Ind. *Indian trasie roots*, v. Ap. ☿
 Coentic, *vid.* Append. ☿
 Colchicum, *Meadow saffron*.
 Colocynthis, *biter goard*. ☿
 Colus Jovis, *i. e.* Horminum lut. *Jupiters Distaffe*.
 Colutea, *bastard Sene*. ☿
 Columnaris, *i. e.* campana lactescens.
 Cola fructus ad sitim *vid.* Ap. ☿
 Colubrina, *i. e.* Arum ægyptium. ☿
 Coliandrum, *i. e.* Coriandrum. ☿
 Colocasia, *i. e.* Faba ægyptia. ☿
 Colophonia, *vid.* Append. ☿
 Coloquintida, *vid.* Citrullus. ☿
 Columbaris, *i. e.* Columbina.
 Combul, *i. e.* Nardus.
 Comarus, *i. e.* arbutus.
 Conicaus, *i. e.* Myrrhis.
 Concordia, *i. e.* agrimonia.
 Condifi, *i. e.* Saponaria.
 Condrilla, *i. e.* Choudrilla. ☿
 Conira, *i. e.* Myrrhis.
 Conion, *i. e.* Cicuta.
 Consecratrix, *i. e.* Iris nostra.
 Consolida minor, *i. e.* prunella.
 Consolida quinquefolia, *i. e.* pinguicula.
 Consolida sarasenica, *i. e.* Solidago sar.
 Contrayerva, *vid.* Radix drakena. ☿
 Conserva Plin. Phyt. Brit. *i. e.* Alga aquatilis capil.
 Consolida major *i. e.* Symphytum, *comfry*.
 Consolida aurea, *i. e.* Solidago Sar.
 Consolida media, *i. e.* Bugula.
 Consolida regalis, *Larkes spurte*.
 Convolvulus, *bindweed*.
 Coniza *Fleabane*.

- Copal, *vid.* Append. ☞
 Cophy, *Coffee.* ☞
 Corallium, *Corall, vid.* Muscus.
 Corall arbor Par. *Corall tree.* ☞
 Cor Indicum Par. *i. e.* Pisum cordatum. ☞
 Coriandrum, *Coriander.* ☞
 Corcoras Plin. Par, *i. e.* Anagallis.
 Coris Par. *Faire heath lowpine.* ☞
 Cornu cervinum, *bucks horne.* ☞
 Corallina, *vid.* muscus.
 Corianon & coriannum & corion, *i. e.* coriandrum. ☞
 Corona fratrum, *i. e.* carduus Eriocceph.
 Corona monachi, *i. e.* Dens Leonis.
 Corona regia, *i. e.* Pomum spinosum. ☞
 Coroneola, *i. e.* Lyfimachia?
 Corrigiala, *i. e.* Centummodia.
 Corrago, *i. e.* Borrago.
 Cortex Winteranum, *vid.* Append. ☞
 Cornu Arbor, *vid.* curo. ☞
 Cortex antirrhematicus, *vid.* Ap.
 Coridalium, *i. e.* Fomaria.
 Corydalis, *i. e.* Radix cava. ☞
 Corydalopodium, *i. e.* consolida Regal.
 Coronopus, *bucks horne.* ☞
 Corallina plumata, *Sea Feather.*
 Corallion herba, *i. e.* Anagallis.
 Cornus, *Cornell tree.*
 Corona Imperialis, *Crown imperiall.* ☞
 Cortusa Haf. *beares eare Sanicle.* ☞
 Corylus, *i. e.* Nux Avellana, *Haste nut tree.*
 Costus Hortorum, *vid.* Balsamita Mas. ☞
 Costa canina, *i. e.* Quinquenervia.
 Costus hortorum, *i. e.* Balsamita major. ☞
 Costus, *Costus.* ☞
 Cotinus Plin. Par. *vid.* Rhus. ☞
 Cotula, *May weed.*
 Cotyledon, *Venus Navell wort, or Penny wort.*
 Coronaria, *i. e.* Gnaphalium.

- Cotonaster, *wild Quince.*
 Cotum, *vid. Xylum.* ☞
 Cracca, *vid. Aracus.*
 Crassula, *Orpine.* ☞
 Crateogonum, *Cow wheat.*
 Crambe, *i. e. Brassica.* Thalassia, *i. e.*
 Soldanella.
 Crepanella, *i. e. Dentillaria.* Rond. ☞
 Crespinus, *i. e. Berberis.*
 Crera marina, *i. e. crithmum.* ☞
 Crinita, *i. e. Capillus veneris.*
 Crinon, *i. e. Lilium.*
 Christa Galli, *i. e. Pedicularis, Lowsewort*
 or Coxcomb.
 Crithmū, *sampier, Par. i. e. Fœniculū mar.* ☞
 Crocodilium Haf. *vid. carlina.*
 Crocus *Saffron.*
 Crocus Indicus, *i. e. Curcuma.* ☞
 Crotiot, *vid. Append.* ☞
 Croton *i. e. Ricinus.* ☞
 Crucialis, *i. e. Cruciata.*
 Cruciata, *Crosse wort.*
 Crupina Belg. Tradesc. *i. e. condrilla rara purp.*
 Cubebæ, *Cubibs, vid. Ap.* ☞
 Cucciophera, *Quince dates. v. Ap.* ☞
 Cucumis asininus, *i. e. sylv. & anguinus.*
 Cucurida, *i. e. Dentillaria Rond.* ☞
 Cucullata Par. *i. e. Pinguicula.*
 Cucumis, *Cucumber.* ☞
 Cucorbita, *Gourd.* ☞
 Cuminum, *Æthiop. & Reg. i. e. Ammi.*
 Cuminum, *Cummin.* ☞
 Cunane, *vid. Append.* ☞
 Cunegundis herba, *i. e. Eupatorium Avic.*
 Cunica Fuch. *i. e. Thymbra.* ☞
 Cunilago, *i. e. Conyza.*
 Cunaphoron, *i. e. Nux Indica.* ☞
 Cupayba, *vid. Append.* ☞
 Cupressus, *Cypresse tree.* ☞

- Curcuma, *Turmericke*. ☼
 Curo, *costive tree*. ☼
 Curcus, *white nuts*. vid. Ap. ☼
 Curmi Diosc. i. e. potus ex hordeo. ☼
 Cuscuta, *Dodder*.
 Culbar, i. e. Coriandrum. ☼
 Cyanus, *blow bottle*.
 Cyamos, i. e. Faba.
 Cyanus Hierosolimitana, i. e. Pharmica aust.
 Cyclaminus, *sow bread*.
 Cymbalaria Ital. *bastard navel wort or Gondeli*.
 Cyminum, i. e. cuminum. ☼
 Cyminalia, i. e. Gentiana.
 Cynanthemus, i. e. cotula foetida.
 Cynanchice, vid. Synanchica.
 Cynanthemis, i. e. cotula foetida.
 Cynara, vid. Scholymus. ☼
 Cynocrambe, *dogs mercury*.
 Cynoglossum, *bounds tongue*.
 Cynorrhodon, *Eglantine*.
 Cynosorchis, *dogs stones*.
 Cyclamen, i. e. cyclaminus.
 Cinia Fuch. i. e. Cynocrambe.
 Cyso, i. e. Hyssopus.
 Cynosbarus, vid. Rubus.
 Cynocephalus, i. e. anetum.
 Cynospastus, i. e. peonia.
 Cyperus, *cyperus or Galingal*.
 Cyparissus, i. e. cupressus, vel cypressus. ☼
 Cyprus, i. e. Lygustrum Lob.
 Cytisus, i. e. trifolium arborescens. *shrub trefoile*. ☼

D.

- D**atura Haf. i. e. Stramonium minus. ☼
 Daucus, i. e. Pastinaca sylv. tenuif. *wild carrot or bees nest*.
 Dactylus, vid. Palma. ☼
 Damasonium Par. vid. alisma.

Damadrios

- Damædrios, *i.e.* chamædrys.
 Danebalchil, *i.e.* Equisetum.
 Daphne, *i.e.* Laurus. ☿
 Daruch, *i.e.* Palma. ☿
 Debonigi, *i.e.* chamomilla.
 Defta, *i.e.* Beta.
 Delphinum Warf. *i.e.* Consolida regalis.
 Dens caninus, *diggs tooth.* ☿
 Dentaria, *tooth wort, or coral wort.*
 Dentillaria Rond. *i.e.* Plumbago Plin. *Plinies Lead-*
wort. ☿
 Diagridium, *vid.* Scammonium. ☿
 Diapensia, *i.e.* pinguicula.
 Dictamnium, *Dittany.* ☿
 Didararab. *i.e.* Ulmus.
 Digirus veneris, *i.e.* Nymphaea.
 Digitalis, *Fox glove.*
 Dili, *i.e.* Ifatis.
 Dionysia, *i.e.* Hædera.
 Diospyron, *i.e.* Miliun folis. ☿
 Dipcadi Par. *vid.* Muscari. ☿
 Diplacus, *Teasel.*
 Distichon, *vid.* hordeum.
 Dochon, *i.e.* Panicum.
 Dodecatheon, *i.e.* Primula veris.
 Dolichi Fuch. *i.e.* Phascali.
 Doronicum, *Leopards bane.* ☿
 Dorycnium Monf. Haf. *Venemous trefoile of Montp.* ☿
 Draba, *Arabian mustard.*
 Draba repens, *creeping cresse.* ☿
 Drachontium, *Dragons.* ☿
 Draco arbor, *dragon tree.* ☿
 Draco herba, *Taragon.* ☿
 Dracunculus, *i.e.* dracontium. ☿
 Dracontia, *i.e.* Dracontium. ☿
 Dracosylvestris, *i.e.* ptarmica.
 Drosutum, *i.e.* Haliabi anifum. ☿
 Drosian cordi, *i.e.* alchi mila.
 Drus, *i.e.* Qurreus.

Dryopteris, Oake Ferne.
Drypis, Sperage thistle. ♂
Dulb Arab. i.e. Platanus.
Dulcis radix, i.e. Glycyrrhiza. ♂
Dulcisida, i.e. Pæonia.
Dulcamara, Bittersweet.
Dulcisida, i.e. Pæonia.
Dumbebe, i.e. Endivia. ♂
Duriones Acoft. vid. App. ♂
Durtoa Bauh. vid. App. ♂

E

E *Benus Cret. Haf. Eben tree, vid. Append. ♂*
Ébulus, i.e. chamæaste, Danewort or dwarf elder.
Echium, Vipers Buglosse.
Elaphoboscum Par. i.e. Pastinaca sylv.
Elæagnus cordi, vid. Myrtus Brabantica.
Elatine, Fluellin.
Elæoselinum, i.e. Paludapium.
Elate, vid. Palma. ♂
Elaterium, vid. cucumis. ♂
Elleborus, i.e. Helleborus.
Elleborastrum, i.e. Helleboraster.
Elelisphacus, i.e. Salvia.
Elemum, i.e. Enula campana.
Elephantis, Pediculus, i.e. anacardium. ♂
Eliochryson, Golden Cudweed. ♂
Elkiageber, i.e. Rosmorinus.
Embeguaca, vid. Append. ♂
Emblica, vid. Myrobalanus. ♂
Empetrum, i.e. Herniaria.
Encephalus, i.e. chamærriphes. ♂
Endivia, Endive. ♂
Eneaphyllum, i.e. Lig na serpentis.
Eneaphyllon, i.e. Unifolium.
Enula campana, Elicampane.
Ephemerum Par. Quick fading flower. vid. Ocimum. ♂
Ephætium, i.e. Ranunculus.

Epilinum

- Epilinum, *Dodder of Flax.*
 Epimetrum, *i.e. Epimedium.* ☞
 Epipactis Recent, *i.e. Helleborum.*
 Epipactron, *i.e. Epimedium.* ☞
 Epierica, *Dodder of Heath.*
 Epigenista spinosa, *Dodder of Furze.*
 Epimedium, *Barrenwort.* ☞
 Epithymum, *vid. Thymus.* ☞
 Epiurtica, *dodder of nettles, vid. cuscuta.*
 Equapium, *i.e. Hippocelinum.*
 Equisetum, *Horse taile.*
 Eranthemum, *i. e. Flos Adonis.*
 Eraway, *Bauh. vid. App.* ☞
 Erebinthus, *i.e. cicer.* ☞
 Erica, *Heath.*
 Ericoides, *i.e. Euphrasia lutea Dod.*
 Erigerum, *i.e. Senecio, Groundsell.*
 Erinus, *i.e. caprificus.* ☞
 Ervagina, *i.e. Orobanche.*
 Eruca, *Rocket.*
 Ervilia Dod. *Haf. i.e. Ochrus, Winged wild pease.* ☞
 Eruum, *i.e. Orobus.* ☞
 Eruum sylvestre, *i. e. catanance.*
 Eryngium, *Sea Holly.*
 Eryngium trifolium, *Trefoile thistle.* ☞
 Erysimum, *Hedge mustard.*
 Erysimum Theoph. *i. e. Tragopogon.*
 Erysisceptrum, *i.e. cyperus.*
 Erythrodanum, *i.e. Rubia tinctorum.*
 Esculus, *i.e. Phegus.*
 Esula, *Esula or Spurge.*
 Euonymus Theoph. *prickwood or spindie tree.*
 Euparorium, *vid. Agrimonia.*
 Euphorbium, *Gum Thistle.* ☞
 Euphrasia, *Eyebright.*
 Euphrasia, *i.e. Euphrasia.*
 Euphrosine, *i.e. Buglossum.*
 Exupera, *i.e. Verbena.*
 Ezula, *vid. Esula.*

Faalim Thev. *Mombaza's Antidote* vid. Ap. ☞
 Faba, *beane*.

Faba græca & veterum, vid. Faba. ☞

Fabæ purgatrices, *purging beanes* vid. Append. ☞

Fabaria, i.e. *Crassula*.

Fagara, vid. Append. ☞

Fagopyrum, vid. *Tragopyrum*.

Fagus, *beech tree*.

Facanum, i.e. *Tussilago*.

Fandegem, i.e. *Origanum*;

Faranum, *Tussilago*.

Farfarus, i.e. *populus alba*.

Farfrugum, i.e. *caltha palustris*.

Farrago, i.e. *Secale*.

Faragium, i.e. *Tussilago*.

Farfara, i.e. *Tussilago*.

Far, *Corne*. ☞

Faseolus, vid. *Phaseolus*. ☞

Faselus, i.e. *Faba*.

Fausel, *drunken date tree*. ☞

Febrifuga, *Feverfew*.

Fegopyrum, i.e. *Tragopyrum*.

Fel terræ, i.e. *centaurium minus*.

Feraria, i.e. *Agrimonia*.

Ferulacoli, i.e. *Thapsia*. ☞

Ferrum equinum, *Horshoe vetch*.

Ferula, *Fennell gyant*. ☞

Ferulago, Par. i.e. *Ferula minor*. ☞

Festuca, i.e. *Bromos* vel *Ægilops*.

Festuca italica, *Haver gras*. vid. Far. ☞

Ficaria, i.e. *chalionium minus*.

Ficus, *Fig tree*. ☞

Chamæficus, *dwarfe fig-trees*. ☞

Caprificus, *wild fig tree*. ☞

Filago Gron, vid. *Gnaphalium*. ☞

Filipendula, *Dropwort*.

Filicula, i.e. *Polypodium*.

Filius ante Patrem i.e. *colchicum*.

Filix, *Ferne.*

Filicastrum, *i.e.* Osmunda regalis.

Filix florida, *i.e.* Osmunda regalis.

Filix palustris, Osmunda regalis.

Fistularia Haf. *i.e.* Pedicularis.

Flammula, *Speare wort.*

Flammula jovis, *i.e.* clematis Peregrinat. ☼

Flammula Jovis, *i.e.* clematis Virg. *strange clematis.*

Flos Adonis, *Adonis flower.*

Flos Affricanus, *French Marigold.* ☼

Flos Ambarvalis, *i.e.* Polygala.

Flos Cardinalis. *i.e.* Trachelium Amer. *Cardinal flower.* ☼

Flos crucis *i.e.* Poligala.

Flos solis, *Sunflower.* ☼

Flos cuculi, *i.e.* Cardamine.

Flos frumenti, *i.e.* cyanus.

Flos regius, *i.e.* consolida regalis.

Flos Tigridis Bauh. *Tiger flowers.* ☼

Fluida Gazæ, *i.e.* Rhus. ☼

Fœnum Græcum, *Fenugreek* ☼

Fœnum Burgundiacum, *i.e.* Medica legit.

Fœniculus porcinus, *i.e.* Peucedanum.

Folium Indum, *Indian leaf.* ☼

Fontalis. *i.e.* Potamogeton.

Fragraria, *Strawberries.*

Fraxinella, *Fraxinell.* ☼

Fraxinus, *ash tree.*

Frangula, *i.e.* alnus nigra.

Fritillaria, *Fritillarie.* ☼

Frumentum, *bread corne.* ☼

Fucus, *Sea wrack.*

Fucus herba, *i.e.* anchusa.

Fuga dæmonum *i.e.* Hypericum.

Fuligo, *Soot.* vid. App. ☼

Fumariz, corydatiz, *i.e.* Radix cava. ☼

Fumaria, *Fumitory.*

Fungus, *Toadstoole.*

Fungus Sambucinus, *Jews eares.*

Fosæum, *i.e.* Evonimus.

Fusus, *i.* Attractylis. ☼

Galanga

G.

- G** Alanga, *Galingale.* &
G Galbanum, *vid. Ferula.*
 Galega, *i.e. Ruta capraria. Goates rue.*
 Gallæ arbor, *Gall tree.* &
 Galeopsis, *Stinking dead nettle.*
 Gallicricum, *i.e. Horminum.*
 Gallium, *Ladies bedstraw.*
 Garosmos, *i. e. Attriplex olida.*
 Garb Maurorum, *vid. Ap.* &
 Gariophyllata, *i.e. caryophyllata.*
 Garyophylum, *i. e. caryophyllus.*
 Ged-war, *i.e. Geiduar.* &
 Geminalis, *i.e. Horminum.*
 Genipar, *twining American peach. v. Ap.* &
 Genicularis, *i. e. Lychnis Sativa.* &
 Geuista, *Broome.*
 Gelfeminum Indic. *i.e. Mirabile peruv.* &
 Genicularis, *i. e. phu Magnam,*
 Genista spinosa, *Purze bush.*
 Genistella, *Petty Whyn.*
 Genecanthe, *i.e. Bryonia nigra.*
 Genitura, *i.e. Anetum.*
 Gentiana, *Gentian or Fellwort.*
 Gentianella, *bastard Fellwort.*
 Gerontopagon, *i.e. Tragopogon.*
 Geranium, *Cranes bill.*
 Geum, *i.e. caryophyllata.*
 Gingidium Haf. *tooth pick chervill.* &
 Gieh, *i. e. Melanthium.* &
 Githago Trag. *i.e. pseudomelanthium.*
 Gladiolus, *Flag.*
 Glans terræ, *Earth nut.*
 Glasium, *Wood.*

Glay

Glans Sardiniana, *vid.* Castanea.
 Glans unguentaria, *i.e.* Balanus myreplicatus.
 Glaucium, *Par. i. e.* Pomum Amoris. ☞
 Glaux, *Milketare.*
 Glechon, *i.e.* Pulegium.
 Globularia, *i.e.* Asphyllanthes ☞
 Glypicron *i.e.* Dulcamara.
 Glycyrriza, *i.e.* Lyquiritia, *Liquorice.* ☞
 Glycissida, *i.e.* Pæonia.
 Gnaphalium, *Cudweed.*
 Gordilium, *i.e.* Tordylium. ☞
 Gossipium, *i.e.* Xylum vel Gossypium.
 Gramen, *Grasse.*
 Gramen leucanthemum, *Stitchwort.*
 Gramen tremulum, *i.e.* Phellaris Prat.
 Grana paradisi, *i.e.* Cardamomum. ☞
 Gratiola, *Hedge Hyssop.*
 Grossularia, *i.e.* Uva crispa, *Goose berry.*
 Grossularia ultramarina, *i.e.* Ribes. ☞
 Grossi, *i.e.* Ficus aridi. ☞
 Gruinalis, *i.e.* Geranium.
 Guanabano Ovied. *Gron. tree melon. v. Ap.* ☞
 Guajacum, *Pockwood tree.* ☞
 Guajavas, *West Indian bay plumb. v. Ap.* ☞
 Guacatane, *Indian pilewort. v. Ap.* ☞
 Gummi Ammoniacum, *vid.* Ap. ☞
 Gummi Animæ: *vid.* Ap. ☞
 Gummi Arabicum, *vid.* Acacia, ☞
 Gummi copal, *vid.* Append. ☞
 Gummi Elemi, *v. Append.* ☞
 Gutta Gamandra, *vid.* Append. ☞

H.

HAcuph, *i.e.* sylibum quorundam.
 Halicacabum peregrinum, *i.e.* Pisum cordatum ☞
 Halicacabum, *i. e.* Alkakengi.
 Halimus, *i.e.* Portulaca marina lat. *Sea purslain.*

Hanab

- Hanab Althalab. *i.e.* Solanum.
 Harmala Syr. Par. *i.e.* Ruta Syr. ☼
 Haralia, *i.e.* Cucurbita. ☼
 Harbatum, *i.e.* Peucedanum.
 Harenaria, *i.e.* Cornu cervi. ☼
 Hasce, *i.e.* Thymus.
 Hastula regia, *i.e.* Asphodelus albus.
 Harundo, *i.e.* Arundo.
 Haronigi, *i.e.* Doronicum. ☼
 Hasmisen syriacum, *i.e.* Convolvatus coerul.
 Hebene, *i.e.* Cylaloc officinarum. ☼
 Hebiscus, *i.e.* Althæa minor,
 Hedera, *Ivy*.
 Hederula aq. *Water starwort or Ivy*.
 Hedera spinosa, *i.e.* Smilax aspera.
 Hedyppnonis, *i.e.* cichoreum luteum.
 Hedyforum, *Hony succle*.
 Hedyasmus, *i.e.* mentha.
 Helicæ, *i.e.* Hedera helix.
 Helenium, *Elecampane*.
 Helianthemum, *English yellow cistus or Sunne flower*.
 Helichrysum Clus. Haf. *i.e.* Gnaphalium Fuch. seu.
 Germ. ☼
 Heliotropium, *Tornesole*. ☼
 Helleborus, *Hellebore*.
 Helleborine, *Wild white Hellebore*.
 Helleboraster, *bastard hellebore or bears foot*.
 Helleborastrum, *wild black hellebore*.
 Heliopus, *i.e.* Heliotropium. ☼
 Hemerocallis Clus. Haf. *i.e.* liliū quoddam. ☼
 Heman, *i.e.* Serpillum,
 Hemionitis, *Moon Ferne*.
 Hepatica, *Liverwort*.
 Helxine, *vid.* Parietaria.
 Herba Doria, *Dorias wound wort*. ☼
 Herba Gerardi, *vid.* Podagraria.
 Herba impia, *i.e.* Filago, *little cudweed*.
 Herba minosa five sensibilis, *the sensible plant*. ☼
 Herba humilis, *humble plant*. ☼

- Herba Paris, *True love or oneberry.*
 Herba casta, *i.e. Pæonia.*
 Herba benedicta, *i.e. cariohillata.*
 Herba coca, *vid. Append. ☿*
 Herba cassiana, *vid. Append. ☿*
 Herba cohobba, *vid. Append. ☿*
 Herba catti, *i.e. mentha cattaria.*
 Herba fortis, *i.e. Solidago Saracen.*
 Herba Joannis infantis, *Herb of John the infant. v. Ap. ☿*
 Herba Indica ad rupturas, *Indian rupturewort, v. Ap. ☿*
 Herba de la Rotta, *vid. Ap. ☿*
 Herba leo, *i.e. Antirrhinum.*
 Herba moluviana Acoft. B. *poor surgeon. vid. Ap. ☿*
 Herba paralyfis, *i.e. primula veris.*
 Herba prænuncians, *Indian fortune teller. vid. Ap. ☿*
 Herba renitus utilis. *vid. Ap. ☿*
 Herba stella, *i.e. coronopus. ☿*
 Herba sacra, *i.e. Tabacco.*
 Herba tunica, *i.e. caryophyllus hort. ☿*
 Herba viva, B. p. *Herb of life or love. v. Ap. ☿*
 Herba venti, *i.e. Anemone.*
 Herba S. Anthonii, *i.e. Dentillaria Rond. ☿*
 Herba caustica caustica, *i.e. Ranunculus.*
 Herba cancri, *i.e. Heliotropium. ☿*
 Herba coxendicum, *i.e. coryledon.*
 Herba clavellata, *i.e. viola tricolor.*
 Herba Dineortiliæ, *i.e. consolida Reg.*
 Herba gallica Æracast. *i.e. Galega.*
 Herba hungarica Dod. *i.e. Alcea.*
 Herba lucis, *i.e. chelidonium majus.*
 Herba impetiginaria, *i.e. chelidonium maj.*
 Herba lassulata, *i.e. Balsamita major. ☿*
 Herba pinnula, *i.e. Hyoscyamus.*
 Herba scythica, *i.e. Glycirrhiza. ☿*
 Herba scelerata, *i.e. Ranunculus.*
 Herba rutinalis, *i.e. sphondilium.*
 Herba Turca, *i.e. Hernaria.*
 Herba sardao, *i.e. Ranunculus aquaticus.*
 Herba vulcani, *i.e. Ranunculus.*

- Herba finaeonis, *i.e.* Alcea.
 Herba ulceraria, *i.e.* Ranunculus.
 Herba Urbana, *i.e.* Acanthus. ✕
 Herbena, *i.e.* Verbena.
 Herculana, *i.e.* Verbena.
 Hermodactylus, *vid.* Crocus.
 Herniaria, *Rupturewort.*
 Herpacantha, *i.e.* Acanthus Sativus. ✕
 Hesperis, *Single Dames violet.* ✕
 Hieracium, *Hawkweed.*
 Hippago, & Hippia, *i.e.* Alsine.
 Hippolapathum rot. sol. *bastard rhubarb.* ✕
 Hippofelinum, *i.e.* Smyrniū vulg. *Alexander*
 Hippofelinon, *i.e.* Olu ortum.
 Hippoglossum bonifacia, *i.e.* Laurus Aley. ✕
 Hippoglossum, *Horse tongue.* ✕
 Hippuris, *i.e.* Equiserum.
 Higuerro, *Ovied.* *vid.* Append. ✕
 Hirculus, *Urine wort, vid.* Nardus. ✕
 Hirundinaria, *i.e.* Chelidoneum.
 Hispidula, *i.e.* Pes Cati, *Catsfoot.* ✕
 Hiuca, *i.e.* Jucca ✕
 Hobbus, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Holostium, *Stichwort.*
 Hordeum, *Barly.*
 Horminum, *Clary.*
 Hortus Veneris, *i.e.* Umbilicus veneris.
 Horminum tridantium, *i.e.* Colus Jovis.
 Hoximo, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Hucuviro, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Humadh, *i.e.* Lappathum.
 Hunen, *vid.* Jujubæ. ✕
 Huniore, *i.e.* Urtica.
 Hyacinthus, *Facinth.*
 Hyropiper, *i.e.* Persicaria.
 Hydrocystis, *vid.* Cystus. ✕
 Hydrofelinum, *i.e.* Poludapium. ?
 Hyoseris, *Swines Cichory.*
 Hypochæris porcellia, *i.e.* Hyoleris,

Hyvourahe, *vid.* Append. ☞
 Hypogeson, *i.e.* Sedum majus.
 Hyoscyamus, *Henbane.*
 Hyophthalmon, *i.e.* Aster atticus.
 Hyoscyamus Peruvianus, *i. e.* Tabacco.
 Hypecoum Par. *i.e.* Cuminum sylv.
 Hypericum, *S. Johns wort.*
 Hyslopus, *Hyssope.* ☞

I.

Jaca Ind. *Diamond fashioned chesnut gourd, vid.* Ap. ☞
 Jackaiack, *i. e.* Anemone.
 Jacea, *knap weed.*
 Jacobæa, *Ragwort, or S. James's wort.*
 Jalappa, *vid.* Bryonia.
 Jambig, *vid.* Append. ☞
 Jambolains, *Indian Olives. vid.* Ap. ☞
 Jambos, *Blood red and blush-peares of India. vid.* Ap. ☞
 Jasminum, *Gesemine.* ☞
 Janatri, *i.e.* Nux moschata
 Jangomas, *Indian Services. vid.* Ap. ☞
 Janipaba, *vid.* Append. ☞
 Jasin, *i. e.* Enula.
 Jastione, *i. e.* Campanula.
 Jarus, *i.e.* Arum.
 Iberis, *i.e.* Lapidium.
 Ibiga, *i. e.* Chamæpitys.
 Ibisus, *i. e.* Althæa.
 Igpecaya, *vid.* Append. ☞
 Illecebra minor acris, *i.e.* Vermicularis.
 Ilex, *vid.* Quercus.
 Imperatoria sive Astringia, *Master wort.*
 Impatiens herba Dod, Warf. *i. e.* Balsamina lur.
 Indico, *vid.* Glastrum.
 Jovis barba frutex, *Silver bush.* ☞
 Jovis Faba, *i.e.* Hyoscyamus.
 Jovis Arbor, *i.e.* Quercus.
 Jovi Flos, *i.e.* Lychnis.

Inula,

Inula, *i.e.* Enula.
 Jon, *i.e.* Viola.
 Inturis GaZ, *i.e.* Capparis. ☿
 Intybus, *i.e.* Cichoreum.
 Inguinalis, *i.e.* Aster attricus.
 Impatiens Herba, *Shrinking shrub.* v. Ap. ☿
 Imperatrix, *i.e.* Meom.
 Iphium Theoph. *i.e.* petasites.
 Iris, *Flower de luce.*
 Chamæiris, *Dwarfe flower de luce.*
 Isatis, Warf. *i.e.* Glaſtum,
 Itca, *i.e.* Salix.
 Iva arthritica, *i.e.* Chamæpitys.
 Iva muschara, *i.e.* Chamæpitys.
 Juglans, *vid.* Nux juglans.
 Jujube, *vid.* Zizypha. ☿
 Juncus odoratus rotund. *i.e.* schænanthū.
 Junquillas, *Ruſh-daffodill.*
 Jusquiamus, *i.e.* Hyofciamus.
 Jucca, *Bread of India.* ☿
 Juniperus, *Juniper.*
 Ischæmon vulg: *Cocksfoot grasse.*
 Juncus, *Ruſh.*

K.

K Ali, *Glaſſe wort.*
 Kaper *i.e.* Capparis. ☿
 Karavata, *vid.* Ap. ☿
 Kanturian, *i.e.* Centaureum.
 Kanz, *i.e.* Amigdalus. ☿
 Kauroch, *i.e.* chelidonium majus.
 Kebikengi, *i.e.* Ranunculus.
 Kemetri, *i.e.* Pyrus.
 Kemum, *i.e.* cuminum. ☿
 Kenne, *i.e.* Ligustrum.
 Kermes, *vid.* Quercus.
 Keraugh & Kergha, *i.e.* Ricinus. ☿
 Kulb, *i.e.* milium solis.
 Kusbor, *i.e.* coriandrum. ☿

L.

- L**ablāb Alpin. Lugd. *i.e.* Phaseolus Ægypt. ☞
 Labrum. Veneris, *i.e.* Diplacus.
 Laburnum, *vid.* Anagyris.
 Labrusca, *Wild vine.*
 Lactaria, *i.e.* Tithymalus.
 Lactuca leoporina, *i.e.* Sonchus.
 Lactuca sylvestris pumila, *vid.* Ap. ☞
 Lactucella, *i.e.* Sonchus.
 Lacca, *Laccatree.* ☞
 Lachrymæ Job. *Jobs teares.* ☞
 Lactuca, *Letuce.*
 Ladanum, *vid.* cistus. ☞
 Ladanum segetem. *vid.* Sideritis.
 Lagza Lupi Haf. ☞
 Lagopus, *Hares foot.*
 Lagopyrus, *i.e.* Lagopus.
 Lampatan, *i.e.* china rad. ☞
 Lamium Archangell.
 Lampsana, *Dock cresse.*
 Lanaria, *i.e.* Radicula.
 Lancea Christi, *i.e.* Ophioglossum.
 Lanceola, *i.e.* Quinquenervia.
 Lantana, *i.e.* Viburnum.
 Lanugo, *vid.* Xylum. ☞
 Lappathum, *Dock.*
 Lappa major, *i.e.* Bardana.
 Hippolapathum sativum, *i.e.* Lap Mon. *Monks Rubarb.* ☞
 Lapathum sativum sanguineum, *blood wort.* ☞
 Lapathum unctuosum, *i.e.* Bonus Henricus.
 Laserpitium, *Par. Laserwort.*
 Laser, *i.e.* Laserpitium.
 Larix, *Larch tree.* ☞
 Lathyrus, *Pease everlasting.*
 Lathyris, *i.e.* Cataputia minor.
 Lavandula, *i.e.* Lavendula. ☞
 Lavendula, *Lavender.* ☞
 Laudanum, *vid.* Papaver.
 Laudata nobilium, *i.e.* Veronica.

Laucea

- Laudea vet. i.e. Laurus. ☞
 Laurea, i.e. Laurus. ☞
 Laver, Lavacrum, i.e. Dipfacus.
 Laurus Alexandrina, i.e. Hippoglossum. ☞
 Laurus Rosea, i.e. Oleander. ☞
 Laurentina, i.e. Bugula.
 Laurocerasus, *Cherry bay*. ☞
 Laurcola, *Laurell*.
 Laurus, *Bay tree*. ☞
 Laurustinus, *Wild bay*. ☞
 Lectipes, i.e. Clinopodium.
 Legumen Pallidum Nonii Brand. *Chichling pease*. ☞
 Lenticula, i.e. Lens.
 Lens, *Lentills*.
 Lens palustris, *Ducks Meat*.
 Lentiscus Bles. *Mastick tree*. ☞
 Leontopetalum, *lions leaf*. ☞
 Lepidium, *Dittander*.
 Leptocaryon, i.e. Nux Avellana.
 Leucacantha, i.e. Carlina.
 Leucanthemis, vel leucanthemum i.e. Chamamelum.
 Leucoma B. *Indian Chesnut*. vid: Append. ☞
 Leucapiper, i.e. piper album. ☞
 Leucoium, *wall flower or Gilloflower*.
 Levisticum, i.e. Ligustum, *Lovage*. ☞
 Libanotis, *Herb Frankincence*. ☞
 Lichen, *Liver wort*.
 Lignum vitæ, vid. Guajacum. ☞
 Ligustrum, *Privet*.
 Lignum Rhodium vid. Aspalathus. ☞
 Lignum collubrinum, *Snake wood*. v. Ap. ☞
 Lignum moluccense, *Moluccas tree*. ☞
 Lignum nephriticum, vid. Ap. ☞
 Lignum Aloes, *wood of Aloes*. ☞
 Lilach, vid. Syringa. ☞
 Lilium, *Lilly*.
 Liliastrophodelus, *Day Lilly*. ☞
 Lilium Byfantynū & Persicum, i.e. Corona imperialis ☞
 Lilionarcissus, i.e. Tulipa. ☞

Limodoron,

- Limodorum, *i.e.* Orobanche.
 Limonium, *Sea Lavender.*
 Lingua cervina, *Harts tongue.*
 Linaria, *Toade flax.*
 Lingua avis, *i.e.* Fraxini semen.
 Lingua bovis, *i.e.* Buglossum.
 Lingua bubula, *i.e.* Lingua bovis, *Lang de beef.*
 Lingua pagana, *i.e.* Hippoglossum. ✱
 Lingua serpentis, *i.e.* Ophioglossum. *v.* Sagitarea.
 Lingua vulneraria, *i. e.* Ophioglossum.
 Linum, *Flax.*
 Liquid Ambra, *vid.* Append. ✱
 Liquiritia, *i.e.* Glycyrrhiza. ✱
 Lition, *i. e.* Liliū.
 Litionarcissus, *i. e.* Lilionarcissus ✱
 Liriasphodelus, *i.e.* Liliasphodelus.
 Lisen, *i.e.* Plantago.
 Lithospermum, *Gromell.*
 Lolium, *Darnell.*
 Lonchitis, *Spleen wort.*
 Lopima, *i.e.* Castanea.
 Longina, *i.e.* Lonchitis.
 Lotus arbor, *Nettle tree.* ✱
 Lotus herba, *trefoile pease.* ✱
 Lovan Arabum, *i.e.* Thus sive Olibanum. ✱
 Luciola, *i.e.* lingua Serpentina.
 Lunaria arthritica, *i.e.* auricula urfi. ✱
 Lutea, *i.e.* luteola vel luteum.
 Lujula, *vid.* Oxys, sive trifol. ocetos. fl. albo. *wood sorrell.*
 Innaria, *Moon wort.*
 Lupinus. *Lupine.* ✱
 Lupulus, *Hopps.*
 Luteola, *Dyers weed.*
 Lychnis, *Campion.*
 Lychnis Chalcedonica, *Flower of Constantinople.* ✱
 Lychnis hortensis, *Batchelors buttons.* ✱
 Lycium, *Boxthorne.*
 Lybica Plin. *vid.* populus.
 Lycopersicum, *i.e.* poma amoris. ✱

Lycopsis

Lycopsis, i.e. Echium alterum, wall bugloss.
Lyfimachia, willow weed or loose strife.

M.

M Achia, i.e. Palma. ☞
 Macis, vid. Nux moschata. ☞
 Macropiper, i.e. Piper longum. ☞
 Magopistana, i.e. Sagittaria.
 Mahaleb, i.e. Species phyllireæ.
 Majorana, Marjerome. ☞
 Mala insana, Mad apples. ☞
 Malabathrum, i.e. Folium Indum. ☞
 Malacocissus, i.e. Hedera terrestis.
 Malva, Mallowes.
 Malagneta, i.e. Milligela.
 Malum tertæ, i.e. Aristolochia.
 Malva arborescens, Hollihocks.
 Malane, i.e. Malva major.
 Malvaviscum, i.e. malva ibiscus.
 Malus canina Fuch. i.e. Mandragora. ☞
 Malus cydonia, i.e. coronea. ☞
 Malus, Apple tree.
 Malus Armeniaca, Apricock tree. ☞
 Malus coronea, Quince tree ☞
 Malus Arantia, Orange tree ☞
 Malus Limonia, Limon tree, ☞
 Malus Persica, Peach tree ☞
 Malus Nuci persica, Nellarin ☞
 Malus Granata, Pomegranate tree ☞
 Malus Medica, Pomecitron ☞
 Malus punica, i.e. Granata ☞
 Malus sylvestris, Crab tree.
 Mambu arbor, Treelike reed, vid. Ap. ☞
 Mamoera, Dug tree. vid. Ap. ☞
 Mangas, vid. Ap. ☞
 Manihot, i.e. Jucca. ☞
 Manicongo, vid. Ap. ☞
 Manna, vid. Append. ☞

- Mannobi, *Indian Earth nut. v. Ap.* ☞
 Manus martis, *i.e. Quinquifolium.* ☞
 Mandragora, *Mandrake.* ☞
 Maratriphyllum, *palust. Par.* ☞
 Marrubium, *Horehound.*
 Martagon, *i.e. Liliū Mont. Martagons.* ☞
 Marum, *Mastick.* ☞
 Marathrum, *i.e. Fœniculum.* ☞
 Marana, *i.e. Stramonīa.* ☞
 Marinella, *i.e. Phu magnum.*
 Marmarites, *i.e. Fumaria.*
 Marmorella, *i.e. Agrimonīa.*
 Manrohebræ caput, *i.e. Antirrhinum.*
 Mastastes, *i.e. Læserpitium.*
 Mastiche, *vid. Lentiscus.* ☞
 Matrefillon, *i.e. Jacæa nigra.*
 Matricalis, *i.e. Verbena.*
 Matricaria, *Feaverfew.*
 Matrifylva, *i.e. Periclymenum.*
 Matrifalvia, *i.e. Sclarea.* ☞
 Matahalna, *i.e. Anisum.* ☞
 Materfilon, *i.e. Jacca nigra.*
 Mater herbarum, *i.e. Artemisia.*
 Meconium, *vid. papaver.*
 Mecoacanna, *vid. Bryonia. Bryony of mexico & Peru.* ☞
 Medica, *Claver.*
 Melampyrum, *vid. Cratzogonum.*
 Melampodium, *i.e. Helleborus niger.*
 Melamphyllos, *smooth beans breech.* ☞
 Melaspernum, *i.e. Nigella.* ☞
 Melanospermum, *i.e. piper nigrum.* ☞
 Meleagris flos, *vid. Fritillaria.* ☞
 Melocasta, *i.e. Melocarduus Echinatus.*
 Melocarduus Amer, *Melon thistle of Amer. vid. Ap.* ☞
 Melochia, *vid. Ap.* ☞
 Melopepo, *Muske millton.*
 Melissophyllum, & Melires, *i.e. Melissa.*
 Melanthium Haf. *i.e. Nigelia Romana.* ☞
 Meliandrum Plin. *Par. vid. Lychnis sylv.*

Melilorus,

- Melilorus, *Melilote.*
 Melica, *i.e.* Sorghum. ✚
 Meline, *i.e.* Panicum. ✚
 Melissa, *Bawme.*
 Melo, *Melon.* ✚
 Memecyllon, *i.e.* Fructus Arbuti.
 Memithe, *i.e.* Glaucium. ✚
 Meniauthes Theoph. *i.e.* Trifolium palad. ✚
 Menogonion, *i.e.* Pœonia.
 Mentha felina, *i.e.* cattaria.
 Mentha Saracenicæ, *i.e.* Balsamita major. ✚
 Mentha cattaria, *Gatmint.*
 Mentastrum, *Horsemint.*
 Mercurialis, *Mercury.*
 Merzenius, *i.e.* Majorana. ✚
 Mespilus, *Medlar tree.* ✚
 Mescatremfit, *i.e.* Distamnium. ✚
 Metel, *vid.* Nux metella. ✚
 Meum, *Spignell.*
 Men, *i. e.* meum.
 Mezereon, *vid.* Chamelæa Germanica. *Mezereon tree.* ✚
 Militaris, *Fresh water souldier.*
 Milium, *Miller.* ✚
 Millium solis, *vid.* Lithaspermum, *Gromwell.*
 Millefolium, *Tarrow or milfoile.*
 Millegrana, *All seed or Rupture wort.*
 Millemorbia, *i.e.* Schrophularia.
 Mimmulus, *vid.* Nummulus.
 Mirabile Peruvianum, *Marvell of Peru.* ✚
 Molle B. P. *balsam tree of Clusius.* ✚
 Molybdæna, *i. e.* Dentillaria Ron. ✚
 Mollugo Lob. *Haf. bastard madder.*
 Moly, *Moly.* ✚
 Momordica, *i.e.* Balsamita mas. ✚
 Monophyllum, *i.e.* Unifolium.
 Morisani syr. *vid.* App. ✚
 Morella, *vid.* Solanum.
 Morion, *i. e.* moringa. ✚
 Morion, *i.e.* mandragoras. ✚

Morfus Diaboli, *Devils bit.*
 Morfus Gallinæ, *i.e. Alfine Heder.*
 Morfua Ranæ, *Frog bit.*
 Morus, *Mulberry, vid. Malus.* ☞
 Mola herba Gaz. *i.e. Ceterach.*
 Multi radix, *i.e. Centaurium minus.*
 Multi bona, *i.e. Petroselinum.*
 Mumeiz, *i.e. Sycomorus.* ☞
 Mungo Bauh. *Indian coriander seed. v. Ap.* ☞
 Murtilla, *v. Ap.* ☞
 Musa, *Mose tree, vid. Malus.* ☞
 Muscari Tradesc. *Musked grape flower.* ☞
 Muscipula, *Catch-fly.* ☞
 Muscus, *Mosse.*
 Myagrum, *Gold of pleasure.*
 Myolotis, *Moufeare.*
 Myofuros, *i.e. cauda muris.*
 Myrtillus Haf. *Myrtle tree.* ☞
 Myrobolanus, *Myrobolane tree.* ☞
 Myrrhis, *Cicely.*
 Myrica, *i.e. Tamariscus.* ☞
 Myrtus, *Myrtle* ☞
 Myacantha, *i.e. Asparagus.*
 Myophonon, *i.e. Doronicum.* ☞
 Myriophyllon, *i.e. Millefolium.*
 Myrrha, *vid. Append.* ☞
 Myrrhus, *Myrtle tree.* ☞
 Myrtus sylveris, *i.e. Ruscus.*
 Myrtus Erabantica sive Elæag. Cordi, *sweet Gaal.* ☞
 Myxos, *Sebesten tree.* ☞

N.

N Apellus, *Minks hood or helmet flower.* ☞
 Napus, *i.e. Bunias.*
 Nabasnah, *i.e. Mentha.*
 Nana Bauh. *i.e. Strobilus peruv. & Ananas.* ☞
 Naochach, *i.e. Ammi.*
 Narcissus, *Daffodill,*

A a

Pseudo

- Pseudonarcissus, Bastard Daffodill.*
Nardus, Spicknard.
Narf, i.e. Nasturtium.
Nargol, i.e. Palma. ☞
Nardus cretica, i.e. Phu magnum.
Nardus rustica, i.e. Asarum, v. caryophyllata.
Naronica radix, i.e. Iris.
Nasturtium hibernum, i.e. Barbarea.
Nasturtium, Cresse.
Natrix Plin Par. i.e. Ononis non spin. lutea. ☞
Negundo, Wound tree.
Nenuphar, i.e. Nymphaea.
Neotica, i.e. Nidus avis. ☞
Nephriticum lignum, vid. Append. ☞
Nepera, vid. Cattaria.
Nerium, i.e. Oleander, Rose bay. ☞
Nicotiana, Tabacco. ☞
Nigella, Fennell flower. ☞
Nigella Romana, S. Katharines flower. ☞
Nidus avis, v. Orchis abortiva. ☞
Nigellastrum, i.e. Pseudomelanthium.
Niloser, i.e. Nymphaea.
Nimbo, v. Ap. ☞
Nola culinaris, i.e. Anemone.
*Nolime tangere, i.e. Persicaria filiquosa, Coddled
 Arsmart,*
Nuces variae, Nut trees.
Nucula terrestris, vid. Bulbocastanum.
Nuces graecae Caton. i.e. Amygdala. ☞
Nummularia, Money wort.
Nux juglans, Wall nut.
Nux vesicaria, Bladder nut. ☞
Nux moschata, nutmeg tree. ☞
Nux Henden, v. Ap. ☞
Nux Heracleatica, vid. Castanea.
Nux Indica coccus ferens, Cocar nut, vid. Ap. ☞
Nux vomica, vomiting nut, v. Ap. ☞
Nuclei pini, i.e. Fructus pini. ☞
Nymphaea minima, i.e. Morfus ranæ,
Nymphaea, Water Lilly.

O.

- O** Cellus damascenus & Barbar, *i. e.* Caryophyllus
 hortensis. ✠
 Ochrus Lugd. *i. e.* Ervilia. ✠
 Ocymastrum Valerianthos, *Dodoneus's red Valerian.* ✠
 Ocimum, *Basill.* ✠
 Ocularia, *i. e.* Euphrasia. ✠
 Oculus Bovis, *i. e.* Buphtalmum. ✠
 Oculus Christi, *i. e.* Horminum sylv. vulg. *wild clary.*
 Odontis, *i. e.* Dentillaria Rond. ✠
 Oenochora Theoph. *i. e.* Onagra. ✠
 Oenanthe, *Dropwort.* ✠
 Oenoplia non spinosa, *Great jujube tree.* ✠
 Olea, *Olive tree.* ✠
 Oleander, *i. e.* Nerium. ✠
 Oleaster, *Wild olive tree.* ✠
 Olea Bohemica, *i. e.* Zyziphus alba. ✠
 Oleagnus, *i. e.* Chamelza. ✠
 Olus Indiacum, *i. e.* Corcoros.
 Olusatrum, *i. e.* Hypposelwynon, *Alexander.*
 Olibanum, *v.* Thus. ✠
 Olivella, *i. e.* Oleastellus. ✠
 Olvalidia, *i. e.* Chamæmælum.
 Omphacium, *vid.* Vitis. ✠
 Ombu, *vid.* Ap. ✠
 Onagra vet. *i. e.* Chamænerium. ✠
 Onocleia, *i. e.* Anchusa.
 Onobrychis Belg. *i. e.* campanula Arv.
 Onobrychis, *i. e.* Caput Gallinaceum, *Cocks head.*
 Onosma, *i. e.* Buglossum sylvestre.
 Onocordon, *i. e.* Gramen phalaroides.
 Ononis *v.* Anonis, *Rest barrow.*
 Onopordum Par. *i. e.* Acanthium.
 Onopyxos. *i. e.* Carduus asininus.
 Ophioglossum, *Adder tongue.*
 Ophioscorodon, *Vipers Garlick.* ✠
 Ophris, *i. e.* Bisolium.
 Opium, *vid.* Papaver.
 Opobalsamum, *vid.* Balsamm.

- Opopanax, *vid.* Panax. ☞
 Opſago, *i.e.* Solanum ſomniſerum. ☞
 Opuntia, Plin. *i.e.* Ficus indica. ☞
 Orbicularis, *i.e.* Cyclamen.
 Orchis, *Orchis. or Dogs ſtones &c.*
 Orchis Abortiva, *birds neſt.*
 Cynoforchis, *dogs ſtones.*
 Tragorchis, *Goats ſtones.*
 Triorchis, *Triple Ladie traces.* ☞
 Orchis Palmata, *Fenny ſtones.*
 Orchis morio, *Fools ſtones.*
 Orchis ſerapias, *Serapias ſtones.*
 Oreofelinum, *i.e.* Petroſelinum.
 Origanum, *wild marjerome.*
 Orminum, *i.e.* Herminum.
 Orneogloſſum, *v.* Fraxinus.
 Ornus, *i.e.* Fraxinus.
 Ornithogalum, *Starre of Bethlem.*
 Ornithopodium, *Birds foot.*
 Orobanche, *Broom rape.*
 Orobellon, *i.e.* Pæonia.
 Orobus, *Bitter Veich.* ☞
 Oronticum, *i.e.* Antirrhinum.
 Orvalla, *i.e.* Horminum.
 Orucoria, *vid.* Ap. ☞
 Oryza, *Rice* ☞
 Osteocollon, *i.e.* conſolida major.
 Os Leonis, *i.e.* Antirrhinum.
 Ofyris, *i.e.* Linaria.
 Oſtrumium, *i.e.* Imperatoria.
 Oſmunda regalis, *i.e.* Filix florida, *Flowring Ferne.*
 Othonna Rond. par. *i.e.* Herba venti.
 Ouragæ Gron. ☞
 Oxalis, *vid.* Acetoſa.
 Oxys, *vid.* Lujula.
 Oxya, *i.e.* Fagus.
 Oxyacantha, *Hawthorne.*
 Oxymyrſine, *vid.* Ruſcus.
 Oxycedrus, *vid.* Cedrus.

Oxyacanthus, i.e. Pyracantha. ❸
 Oxyshænos, vid. Juncus acutus.
 Oxyphænix, vid. Tamarindi. ❸

P.

P Acal arbor, *Tellar tree of West Ind.* vid. Ap. ❸
 Pæderota, i.e. Acanthus. ❸

Pæonia, *Piony.*

Palatia, i.e. Cyclamen.

Palma, *Date tree.* ❸

Palma Ady, vid. Ap. ❸

Palma Saccifera, *Sachel date,* vid. Ap. ❸

Palma Christi, vid. Ricinus.

Paliurus, par. *Jews thorne.* ❸

Panacæa Indica sanguinalis, *Indian allheale.* v. Ap. ❸

Paneratium, i.e. Squilla. ❸

Panava, *Moluccas tree.* ❸

Panax, *All-heale.* ❸

Panax coloni, *Clowns all-heale.*

Paludapium, *Smallage.*

Panicum, *Panick.* ❸

Panis cuculi, i.e. Trifolium acetosum.

Panis percinus, i.e. Cyclamen.

Panthiceraton, i.e. pæonia.

Pappas peruv. Haf. i.e. Battatas. ❸

Papaver, *Poppy.*

Papaverculum, i.e. Leontopetalon. ❸

Papaver spumeum, *Spatling Poppy.*

Papaver Rhœas, *Corne Rose.*

Papillaris, i.e. Lampsana.

Papyrus, *Paper reed.* ❸

Paralytica alpina, i.e. Auricula urfi. ❸

Paralyfis, *Birds eye.*

Parietaria, *pellitory of the wall.*

Paronychia, *Whitlow grasse.*

Parthenium, i.e. Matricaria.

Pastinaca lat. sativa, *Parfnep.* ❸

Payco herba, *Indian plantaine for the stone.* v. Ap. ❸

Pastinaca

- Pastinaca sativa tenuif. Carrot.* ☞
Payame, i.e. Sassafras. ☞
Pavate, vid. Curo. ☞
Pecten veneris, five Scandix, Sheapheards needle.
Pecton. i.e. Symphytum.
Pedicularis, i.e. Christa galli.
Peganon, i.e. ruta sylvestris.
Pentadactylon, i.e. Ricinus. ☞
Penoabsou, Apple bearing poisonous Almond tree. v. Ap. ☞
Pentaphyllum, Cinque foile.
Peplis marit. Haf. Small purple Sea spurge. ☞
Pepo, Pompon. ☞
Peplus Dod. i.e. Esula rotunda.
Peplos, i.e. Esula rotunda.
Percepier Angl. Lob. Parsly breake stone.
Perdicaria, i.e. Parietaria.
Perdicia, i.e. Helxine.
Perdicium, i.e. Parietaria.
Perebecenuc, vid. Ap. ☞
Perforata, i.e. Hypericon.
Peristerion, i.e. Verbena.
Perlaro, i.e. Lotus arbor. ☞
Perfoliata, Thorow wax.
Periclymenum, Wood bind.
Periploca, vid. Apocynum. ☞
Perficaria, Arsmart.
Perpensa, i.e. Asarum.
Perfolata plin. i.e. Petasites.
Personata, i.e. Lappa bardana.
Pes anserinus, Goose foot.
Pes avis, i.e. Ornithopodium.
Pes galli, i.e. Ranunculus.
Pes leonis, i.e. Alchimilla.
Pes leporinus, i.e. Lagopus.
Pes vituli, i.e. Arum.
Pestifuga, i.e. Petasites.
Petasites, Butter burre.
Petroselinum, Stone parsley.
Petromarula Lugd. i.e. Rapunculus Cret. ☞
Petroselinum

Petroselinum maceum. *i.e.* Hipposelinum.
 Petrapium, *i.e.* Petroselinum. ✽
 Petilius flos, *i.e.* Flos Aphricanus ✽
 Petum, *i.e.* Tabacco.
 Peucedanum, *Sowfennell* or *Sulphur wort*.
 Phacos, *i.e.* Lens.
 Phalangitis, *i.e.* Phalangium.
 Pharnaceum, *i.e.* Costus spurius. ✽
 Phasganum, *i.e.* Gladiolus.
 Phægus, *i.e.* Esculus.
 Phalaris prat. *Quaking grasse*.
 Phalangium, *Spider wort*.
 Phaseolus, *Kidney beane*. ✽
 Pheilandrinum, *i.e.* Cicutaria palustris.
 Phellodrys, *i.e.* Suber. ✽
 Phellos, *i.e.* Suber. ✽
 Philanthropos, *i.e.* Agrimonia, *v.* Aparine.
 Philaterion *i. e.* Aparine.
 Philateria, *i.e.* Polemonium.
 Phylipendula, *i.e.* Filipendula.
 Philomedium, *i. e.* Chaledonium majus.
 Phoenix, *v.* Lolium rubrum.
 Phillyrea, *Mock Privet*.
 Phchifis, *i.e.* peonia.
 Phchirion, *i.e.* pedicularis.
 Phu, *i.e.* Valeriana.
 Phyllitis, *i.e.* lingua cervina.
 Picea, *Pitch tree*. ✽
 Picnocamum Anquil, *i.e.* Rhesedo.
 Pilosella, *Moufeare*.
 Pimpinella, *Burnet*.
 Pinastella, *i. e.* peusedanum.
 Pinipinichi, *vid.* Ap. ✽
 Pinus. *Pine tree*.
 Pinguicula, *i.e.* sanicula Eboracensis, *butter wort*.
 Piper Agreste, *i.e.* Vitex. ✽
 Piper aquaticum, *i.e.* Hydropiper.
 Piper, *Pepper*. ✽

- Pastinaca sativa tenuif. *Carrot.* ❧
 Payame, i.e. Sassafras. ❧
 Pavate, vid. Curo. ❧
 Pesten veneris, five Scandix, *Sheapheards needle.*
 Pecton. i.e. Symphytum.
 Pedicularis, i.e. Christa galli:
 Peganon, i.e. ruta sylvestris.
 Pentadactylon, i.e. Ricinus. ❧
 Penobson, *Apple bearing poisonous Almond tree.* v. Ap. ❧
 Pentaphyllum, *Cinque foile.*
 Peplis marit. Haf. *Small purple Sea spurge.* ❧
 Pepo, *Pompion.* ❧
 Peplus Dod. i.e. Esula rotunda.
 Peplos, i.e. Esula rotunda.
 Percepier Angl. Lob. *Parsly breake stone.*
 Perdicaria, i.e. Parietaria.
 Perdicia, i.e. Helxine.
 Perdicium, i.e. Parietaria.
 Perebecenuc, vid. Ap. ❧
 Perforata, i.e. Hypericon.
 Peristerion, i.e. Verbena.
 Perlaro, i.e. Lotus arbor. ❧
 Perfoliata, *Thorow wax.*
 Periclymenum, *Wood bind.*
 Periploca, vid. Apocynum. ❧
 Persicaria, *Arsmart.*
 Perpena, i.e. Asarum.
 Persolata plin. i.e. Petasites:
 Personata, i.e. Lappa bardana.
 Pes anserinus, *Goose foot.*
 Pes avis, i.e. Ornithopodium.
 Pes galli, i.e. Ranunculus.
 Pes leonis, i.e. Alchimilla.
 Pes leporinus, i.e. Lagopus.
 Pes vituli, i.e. Arum.
 Pestifuga, i.e. Petasites,
 Petasites, *Butter burre.*
 Petroselinum, *Stone parsley.*
 Petromarula Lugd. i.e. Rapunculus Cret. ❧
Petroselinum

- Petroselinum maceum. *i.e.* Hipposelinum.
 Petrapium, *i.e.* Petroselinum. ✽
 Petilius flos, *i.e.* Flos Aphricanus ✽
 Petum, *i.e.* Tabacco.
 Peucedanum, *Sowfennell* or *Sulphur wort*.
 Phacos, *i.e.* Lens.
 Phalangitis, *i.e.* Phalangium.
 Pharnaceum, *i.e.* Costus spurius. ✽
 Phasganum, *i.e.* Gladiolus.
 Phægus, *i.e.* Esculus.
 Phalaris prat. *Quaking grasse*.
 Phalangium, *Spider wort*.
 Phaseolus, *Kidney beane*. ✽
 Pheilandrinum, *i.e.* Cicutaria palustris.
 Phellodrys, *i.e.* Suber. ✽
 Phellos, *i.e.* Suber. ✽
 Philanthropos, *i.e.* Agrimonia, *v.* Aparine.
 Philaterion *i. e.* Aparine.
 Philateria, *i. e.* Polemonium.
 Phylipendula, *i.e.* Filipendula.
 Philomedium, *i. e.* Chaledonium majus.
 Phoenix, *v.* Lolium rubrum.
 Phillyrea, *Mock Privet*.
 Phthifis, *i.e.* peonia.
 Phthirion, *i.e.* pedicularis.
 Phu, *i.e.* Valeriana.
 Phyllitis, *i.e.* lingua cervina.
 Picea, *Pitch tree*. ✽
 Picnocamum Anquil, *i.e.* Rhesedo.
 Pilosella, *Moufeare*.
 Pimpinella, *Burnet*.
 Pinaftella, *i. e.* peusedanum.
 Pinipinichi, *vid.* Ap. ✽
 Pinus. *Pine tree*.
 Pinguicula, *i.e.* fanicula Eboracensis, *butter wort*.
 Piper Agreste, *i.e.* Vitex. ✽
 Piper aquaticum, *i.e.* Hydropiper.
 Piper, *Pepper*. ✽

- Piperitis**, *Distander.* ☞
Pistachia sylv. i.e. *Nux vesficaria.* ☞
Pistana, i.e. *sagittaria.*
Pistolochia, i.e. *Aristolochia.*
Pistolochia, *vid.* *Aristolochia.*
Pisum, *Pease.*
Pityusa, *par. vid.* *Tithymalus.* ☞
Pix, *vid.* *picea.* ☞
Plantago, *Plantaine.*
Platanus, *Plain tree.*
Plumbago plinii, *vid.* *Denrillaria.* ☞
Planta Leonis, i.e. *Alchimilla.*
Plantanaria, i.e. *sparganium.*
Plumbago, *vid.* *persicaria.*
Pneumonanthe, *Calathian violet.*
Podograria, i.e. *Herba Gerardi.*
Polium, *Poley mountaine.* ☞
Polyanthemum Dod. i.e. *Ranunc. aq.*
Polemonium, *shrubby trefoile.*
Polygonoides Diosc. i.e. *Vinca pervinca.*
Polyneuros, i.e. *plantago.*
Polystichon, *vid.* *Hordeum.*
Poly spermon Cass. Bass. i.e. *Atriplex sylv.*
Polytricum, i.e. *Capillus veneris.*
Polyacantha *par. i.e. Carduus spinosissimus, thistle upon*
thistle. ☞
Polygala, *Milk wort.*
Polygonatum *Solomons seale.*
Polygonum, *knot grasse.*
Polypodium, *Polipody, vid.* *Filix.*
Pomum amoris, *Apple of Love.* ☞
Pomus, i.e. *Malus.*
Pomum Hierosol. i.e. *Balsamina.* ☞
Polytrichum, *vid.* *Adiantum.*
Populus, *Poplar tree or Aspens.*
Populago, i.e. *Tussilago.*
Porrago, i.e. *Borrago.*
Porrum, *Leek.* ☞
Portulaca, *Purslane.*

- Potamogeton, *Pond weed.*
 Potentilla par. i. e. *Argentina.*
 Poterium par. vid. *Tragacantha.* ☞
 Potentilla major, i. e. *Ulmaria.*
 Pothos Theoph. i. e. *Aquilegia.*
 Præcocia, i. e. *Malus armen.* ☞
 Prasium, i. e. *Marrubium.*
 Primula veris, *Cowslip or primrose.*
 Primula veris pratensis, *Oxlip.*
 Proserpina herba, i. e. *Chamæmelum.*
 Prosopion, vel prosopis, i. e. *Personata.*
 Protoromedia, i. e. *pimpinella.*
 Prunella, *Self heale.*
 Prunus; *Plumb tree.*
 Prunus sylvestris, *Bulleis tree.*
 Prunellus, i. e. *prunus sylvestris.*
 Pseudocapsicum, i. e. *Strichnodendron.*
 Pseudoasphodelus, i. e. *Asphodelus.*
 Pseudobunium, i. e. *Barbarea.*
 Pseudorchis, i. e. *Bifolium.*
 Pseudodictamnus, *Bastard Dittany.*
 Pseudomelanthium, i. e. *nigellastrum.* *Cockle.*
 Pseudonarcissus, vid. *Narcissus.*
 Psitracia, i. e. *pistacia.* ☞
 Psyllium, *Flea-mort.*
 Parmica, *Sneefewort.*
 Pulicaria, i. e. *Conyza.*
 Pustech, i. e. *Pistacia.* ☞
 Pulegium, *Penny royall.*
 Pulmonaria, *Lungwort.*
 Pulsatilla, *Pasque flower.*
 Pyracantha, *Evergreen thorne.* ☞
 Pyrethrum sylv. i. e. *parmica.*
 Pyrethrum, *Pellitory of Spaine.* ☞
 Pyrola, *Winter green.*
 Pyrus, *Peare tree.*
 Pyxacantha, i. e. *Lycium.* ☞

Quamoclit Indicum Pat. *i. e.* convolvulus pennat.
 Amer. ☞
 Quemi, *i. e.* Nigella. ☞
 Quercus, *Oake.*
 Quadrifolium, *vid.* Lotus. ☞
 Quimbaya, *Carthagina's purging root. v.* Ap. ☞
 Quinquefolium, *i. e.* pentaphyllum.
 Quinquenervia, *sive plantago minor, Ribwort.*

R

Radiolus, *i. e.* Phyllitis.
 Radix cava, *Hollow root.* ☞
 Radix dulcis, *i. e.* Glycyrrhiza. ☞
 Radix S. Helenæ, *beads of S. Hellen. vid.* Zizipha. ☞
 Radix drakena, *vid.* Ap. ☞
 Radix naronica *i. e.* Iris.
 Radix Spiritus S. *i. e.* Angelica.
 Raginigi, *i. e.* Fœniculum. ☞
 Ramel, *i. e.* Cistus. ☞
 Ranunculus sylvarum. *i. e.* Anemone.
 Ranunculus, *Crow foot.*
 Raphanus, *Radish.*
 Rapeium, *i. e.* Leontopetalon. ☞
 Rapistrum, *Charlock.*
 Rapum, *Turnep.*
 Rapum Genistæ, *vid.* Orobanche.
 Rapum terræ, *i. e.* Cyclamen.
 Rapum D. Antonci, *Double Bachelours buttons.* ☞
 Rapunculus, *Rampions, vid.* Campanula.
 Rapuntium. *i. e.* Rapunculus.
 Reseda, *Base wild Rocket.*
 Regina prati, *i. e.* Ulmaria.
 Remora aratri, *i. e.* Aresta bovis.
 Resina, *v.* Pinus.
 Resta bovis, *i. e.* Anonis.
 Rhaponticum, *vid.* Rhabarbarum.
 Rhabarbarum, *Rubarb.*

- Refla bovis, i.e. Anonis.
 Rhamnus, *Buckthorne*.
 Rhodia radix, *Rose root. vid. Rosa*.
 Rhus, *Sumach*. ✱
 Rhoe coriaria, i.e. Rhus. ✱
 Rhododaphne, i.e. Oleander. ✱
 Rhododendron, i. e. Oleander.
 Ribes, *Currans*. ✱
 Ribesium, i.e. Ribes. ✱
 Ricinus, i.e. palma Christi, *Great spurge*. ✱
 Rima maria, i.e. Alliaria.
 Rincus marinus, i.e. Crithmum, ✱
 Robertiana, i.e. Herba Roberti.
 Roccella tinctorum B. i.e. Lucus marinus, ✱
 Rorastrum, i.e. Bryonia.
 Rorella, *Sundew*.
 Ros solis, i.e. Rotella.
 Rosa, *Rose*.
 Rosmarinus, *Rosemary*.
 Rosa fatuina, i.e. pzonia.
 Rosa Junonis, i.e. lilium.
 Rostrum gruinum, Gruis, aut Ciconia, i.e. Geranium.
 Rubeola, *Field madder*.
 Rubia, *Madder*.
 Rubus, *Bramble bush*.
 Rubus cervinus, i.e. Smilax aspera.
 Rubus Idæus, *Rasberries*.
 Rubus monoccos, i. e. chamæmorus, *knor berry bush*.
 Rubus tricoccocos, *Dewberry*.
 Rumex, i.e. lapathum.
 Roscus, i.e. Bruscus, *Butchers broome*.
 Ruta, *Rue*.
 Ruta capraria, *vid. Galega*.
 Ruta palustris, i. e. Thalictrum.
 Ruta muraria, *vid. Adiantum*.
 Rutula, i e. Ruta montana ✱

Sabbdariffa

S.

- S** Abdariffa par. *i. e.* Alcea Americana Clus. ☞
 Sabina, *Savin.* ☞
 Sabaler, *i. e.* Satureia. ☞
 Sabeteregi, *i. e.* Fumaria.
 Saccharum, *vid.* Arundo Saccharina. ☞
 Sacra herba, *i. e.* Verbena.
 Sadeb, *i. e.* Ruta.
 Saffargel, *i. e.* Malus Cydonia. ☞
 Sagarheramon, *i. e.* Sparganium.
 Sagitta, *i. e.* Sagittaria.
 Sagapenum, *vid.* Ferula. ☞
 Sagina (Spergula, Great sparry.
 Sagittaria, *Arrow-head.*
 Salic astrum plin. *i. e.* Amara dulcis.
 Salicaria, *i. e.* Lyfimachia.
 Salicornia par. *i. e.* Kali majus.
 Salix amerina, *i. e.* Salix humilis.
 Salix marina, *i. e.* Agnus castus. ☞
 Salix, *willow tree.*
 Salivaris, *i. e.* pyrethrum. ☞
 Salimca, *i. e.* Nardus Celtica.
 Salvia, *Sage.*
 Salufandra, *i. e.* Nigella. ☞
 Salsi-rora, *i. e.* Ros solis.
 Salsa parilla, *i. e.* Sarsa parilla. ☞
 Silvia agrestis, *i. e.* Scordium altem.
 Salvia Romana, *i. e.* Balsamita major. ☞
 Salvia vitæ, *i. e.* Ruta muraria.
 Sambach, *vid.* Jasminum. ☞
 Sambusium Cresc. *i. e.* Brassica cap. ☞
 Samolum, *i. e.* Anagallis aquar.
 Sampfucum. *Sweet Marjerom.* ☞
 Sambucus, *Elder.*
 Santalum, *Saunders.* ☞
 Sanguis Herculis, *i. e.* Helleborus albus.
 Sanguis draconis, *vid.* Draco Arbor. ☞
 Sindalida Cret. par. *i. e.* Lotus quadripinatus. ☞
 Sanguis draconis herba, *i. e.* Lappathum sat. sang. ☞

Sanguinaria

- Sanguinaria, *i.e.* Cornu Cervi. ✕
 Sonchula angustifolia, *i.e.* paralyfis.
 Sanguisorba par. *i.e.* pimpinella.
 Sanamunda par. *Heath spurge.* ✕
 Sanicula, *Sanicle.*
 Sanicula Ebor. *York shire sanicle, or butter wort.*
 Sanguinino Gron ✕
 Saponaria, *Sope wort.*
 Sarcocolla, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Sarax, *i.e.* Filix.
 Sargaco, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Sarla parilla, *vid.* Volubilis, ✕
 Sassafras, *Ague tree.* ✕
 Satureia, *savory.* ✕
 Sauch, *i.e.* Malus persica. ✕
 Savina, *vid.* sabina.
 Sityrium, *i.e.* Orchis, *Satyrium.*
 Saxifragia rubra, *i.e.* philipendula.
 Scala cœli, *i.e.* polygonatum.
 Scammonium, *purging bind weed.* ✕
 Scammonea tenuis, *i.e.* Hexinecissampelos.
 Scariola, *i.e.* Endivia. ✕
 Schehedenegi, *i.e.* Cannabis.
 Scheiteregi, *i.e.* Fumaria.
 Scandix, *Shepherds needle.*
 Scabiosa, *Scabious.*
 Schoenanthum, *Camels hay.*
 Schoenoprassum, *Cives. vid.* porrum. ✕
 Scilla, *i.e.* squilla, *Sea onion or Squill.*
 Scissima, *i.e.* Fagus.
 Sclarea, *i.e.* Horminum.
 Scolymos Diosc. *i.e.* Cinera ✕
 Scoparia, *i.e.* Olyris.
 Scopa regia, *i.e.* Ruscus.
 Scordonia, *i.e.* Scorodonia.
 Scordatis, *i.e.* scordium salviae solium.
 Scorpio Théoph. *i.e.* Genista spinosa.
 Scuck syriaca, *i.e.* papaver rhæas.

Scolopendria

- Scholopendria, i. e. Czerach.
 Schordium, *Water Germander.*
 Scorodonia, i. e. *Salvia agrestis, Wood sage.*
 Schorodoprassum Haf. *Great mountaine Garlick.*
 Scorpioides, *Scorpion gras.* ☿
 Scorpiurum, i. e. *Heliotropium.* ☿
 Scutellaria Vorst. Haf. i. e. *Lamium peregrinum.* ☿
 Scörzonera, *Vipers Grasse.*
 Scrophularia, *Figwort.*
 Secale, *Rie.*
 Securidica, *Hatchet vetch.* ☿
 Secacul monard. i. e. *Sigilium Salomonis.*
 Sebesten, *vid. Myxos.* ☿
 Seigar, i. e. *Nux moscata.* ☿
 Sel Serap. B. *vid. Append.* ☿
 Selago plin. i. e. *Savina sylvestris* Trag.
 Seliam, i. e. *Rapum.*
 Seligonian, i. e. *pæonia.*
 Selanion, i. e. *Crocus vernus.*
 Seminalis, i. e. *Equisetum.*
 Semos, i. e. *Berula.*
 Sempervivum, i. e. *Sedum, v. Aloe.*
 Semuda Theoph. i. e. *Berula.*
 Senefigi, i. e. *viola marria.*
 Senis, i. e. *rubus sylvestris.*
 Sena, *Sene.* ☿
 Sedum, *House leek.*
 Selliga, i. e. *Saliunca.* ☿
 Selinum fii foliis, *Honewort.*
 Senecio, i. e. *Erigerum.*
 Serapias, *vid. Orchis palmata.*
 Serpillum, *Wild time.*
 Seriphium, i. e. *Abfintium marinum.*
 Serpentaria par: *Grasse plantaine.*
 Seratula, *Saw wort.*
 Serata, i. e. *Seratula.*
 Sertula campana, i. e. *Melilotus.*
 Sesban, *vid. Append.* ☿
 Sesamum, *Oily pulse.*
 Sesamoides peruv. *salam. Haf. vid. Muscipula.* ☿

Sefeli, *Hartwort.* ☿
 Sicla, *i.e.* Beta.
 Sicula, *white beet.*
 Sida Theoph. *i.e.* Althæa palustris.
 Siger Indi. *i.e.* Palma. ☿
 Sigillum B. Mariæ, *vid.* Brionia nigra.
 Sigillum Salomonis, *vid.* Polygonatum.
 Sideritis, *Iron wort.*
 Silybum, *i.e.* Carduus Mariæ.
 Siligo, *i.e.* secale.
 Siliqua dulcis, *i.e.* Ceratia filiqua.
 Siliquastrum plin. *i.e.* Capsicum. ☿
 Silplicium, *i.e.* Laserpitium.
 Sinapi, *Mustard.*
 Sin, *i.e.* Ficus. ☿
 Sinapi persicum, *i.e.* Thlaspi.
 Sile, *i.e.* sefeli.
 Silaus plin. *i.e.* Thisselium. ☿
 Sinasbarium, *i.e.* Mentha aquatica.
 Sifer, *i.e.* Sifarum. ☿
 Sifon syriacum, *i.e.* Ammi.
 Sifarum, *Skirrets.* ☿
 Sifon, *Bastard stone parsley.*
 Sithim, *i.e.* Larix. ☿
 Sium, *Water parsnep.*
 Sifymbrium, *i.e.* Mentha aq. *Water mint.*
 Sifynrichiū Haf. *i.e.* Bulbi esculenti genus. ☿
 Smilax, *i.e.* Convolvulus.
 Smyrnum Creticum, *Candy Alexander.* ☿
 Smyrnum, *i.e.* Hippofelinum.
 Smyrrhiza, *i.e.* Myrrhis.
 Solanum halicacabum, *v.* Cerasus.
 Solanum rubrum, *i.e.* Capsicum. ☿
 Solanum tetraphyllum, *i.e.* Herba paris.
 Solanum vesicarium, *i.e.* Alkakengi.
 Solatrum, *i.e.* solanum hortense. ☿
 Soldana, *vid.* Volubilis. ☿
 Soler, *i.e.* Miliun solis.
 Solidago, *i.e.* Consolida.
 Solidago minor, *i.e.* Bugula.

Solanum

- Solanum, i.e. Solatrum, *night shade.*
 Soldanella par. v. Volubilis.
 Solanum lignosum, v. Dulcamara.
 Solidago saracenica, *confound.*
 Solsequium, i.e. Heliotropium. ☿
 Sonchus, *foamhistle.*
 Sophera, *dangerous vetch of Ægypt.* ☿
 Sophia chirurgorum, *Flixweed.*
 Sorbastella, i.e. Sanguisorba. ☿
 Sorbus, *Service tree.*
 Sorbus aucuparia & sylv. i.e. Fraxinus bubula.
 Sorghum par. *Turkey millet.* ☿
 Sparganum, *Burreed.*
 Spartum, i.e. Genista.
 Spartum herba, *Matweed.*
 Spatula foetida, *Stinking gladdon.*
 Speculum Veneris, *Venus looking glasse.*
 Sparagus, i.e. Asparagus.
 Spelta, i.e. Zea ☿
 Spicata, i.e. potamogaiton.
 Spergula, i.e. Asperula.
 Sphondylium, *Cow parsnep.*
 Spinachia, *spinage.* ☿
 Spina inferiora, *vid. Rhamnus.*
 Spinus, i.e. prunus sylvestris.
 Spina acida, i.e. Oxyacantha.
 Spina acuta, i.e. Oxyacanthus. ☿
 Spina hirci, i.e. Tragacantha. ☿
 Spina judaica, i.e. paliurus. ☿
 Spina cervina, *vid. Khamnus.*
 Spina Burgi, i.e. spina cervina. ☿
 Spina merula, i.e. Cervina.
 Spinosa herba, *Indian prickly coddled tree. vid. Ap.* ☿
 Spiræa Theoph. i.e. Viburnum.
 Spongia, *sponge, vid. Muscus.*
 Splyte, i.e. Radix cava. ☿
 Sponsa solis, i.e. Ros solis.
 Squamaria, i.e. Dentaria major.
 Squilla, i.e. scilla ☿

Squinan:

T
Taha
Tama

Squinanthum, i.e. schænanthum.
 Stachys palust & aquat. v. panax. ❧
 Stachys Fuch: Base horehound.
 Stache, vid. myrrha. ❧
 Statice par. Sea thrift. ❧
 Staphilodendron, vid. NUX vesicaria.
 Staphis agria, Staves acre.
 Stœbe Knapweed.
 Stœchas, French lavender. ❧
 Stella leguminosa, birds foot.
 Stellaria, starre wort.
 Stratiotes, i.e. Militaris.
 Succisa, i.e. Morfus Diaboli
 Stramonium, Thorne apple. ❧
 Stramonia, i.e. stramonium. ❧
 Struthium, i.e. saponaria.
 Strychnodendron, i.e. Amara dulcis.
 Strychnos, i.e. solanum.
 Stryax arbor, storax tree. ❧
 Suber, Cork-oake, vid. Quercus. ❧
 Sucaram, i.e. Cicuta.
 Succolata, v. Cacao. ❧
 Supercilium Ven. i.e. viola aquaticis.
 Sus, i.e. Liquiritia ❧
 Sycomorus Ital. Bel. i.e. Zizipha. ❧
 Symphoniaca, i.e. Hyoscyamus.
 Syfynrichion, i.e. sisynrichium. ❧
 Sycomorus, Sycomore tree. ❧
 Syringa, Pipe tree. ❧
 Synarchie Dod. vid. Rubia cyn.
 Symphytum, i.e. Consolida.

T.

T Abacum, i.e. Hyoscyamus luteus. English Tobacco.
 Tacamahaca, vid. Append. ❧
 Tagates Indica, i.e. Flos Africanus. ❧
 Tahaleb, i.e. Lens palustris.
 Tamarindus, Tamarind tree. ❧

Tamariscus

- Tamariscus, *Tamariske*. ☞
 Tame, *i.e.* Maringa. ☞
 Tanacetum, *Tansy*.
 Tapfus barbatus, *i.e.* Verbascum.
 Tarchon Avic. par. *i.e.* Dracunculus hort. ☞
 Taraxacon, *i.e.* Dens Leonis.
 Tartarus, *vid.* Vinum. ☞
 Tarfa, *i.e.* Tamariscus. ☞
 Tatula Clus. *i.e.* Stramonia ☞
 Tatoula turcis, *i.e.* pomum spinosum. ☞
 Taxus, *Yew tree*.
 Teda arbor Warf. *i.e.* Pinus sylv. altera fructif. ☞
 Telephium, *Orpine*.
 Teliphano, *i.e.* Doronicum. ☞
 Temuulum, *i.e.* Folium Indi. ☞
 Terra merita, *i.e.* curcuma. ☞
 Terpentaria, *i.e.* Beronica aquatica.
 Tertiola, *v.* panax. ☞
 Tertionaria Bauh. *i.* Lyfimachia galoriculata
 Testiculus odoratus, *Cullions*.
 Testiculus vulpinus, *Fox stones*. ☞
 Tetrahit par: *Ironwort*. ☞
 Teucrium, *Germander*.
 Tetragonia, *i.e.* Euonymus.
 Thalictrum, *bastard Rubarb, or meadow rue*
 Thapsia latif. Hisp. Haf. *great spanish scorching fennell*. ☞
 Thee, *Thee*.
 Thina, *i.e.* Larix. ☞
 Thlaspi, *Treacle mustard*.
 Thora wald. *vid.* Aconitum.
 Thryallis Fuch. *i.e.* Thyia. ☞
 Thus, *vid.* Arbor Thurifera. ☞
 Thut, *i.e.* Morus. ☞
 Thuya, Theoph. *i.e.* Arbor vitæ. ☞
 Thymamz, *i.e.* Styrax. ☞
 Thymbra Cret. Hif. *true savory of Candy*. ☞
 Thymum, *Tyme*. ☞
 Thysselim, *i.e.* Apium sylvestre.
 Thymelæa Bauh. *p. mountaine widdow waile*.

Tilia, *Line tree.*

Tithymalus *Spurge.*

Tintinnabulum terræ, *i. e. Pyrola.*

Tomentum, *i. e. Gnaphalium.*

Vomentitia, *Gnaphalium.*

Topiaria, *i. e. Acanthus.* ✠

Tordylum Haf. *i. e. Sefeli Gret.* ✠

Tormentilla, *Tormentill.*

Totoca Amer. per. v. Ap. ✠

Tornsole bobo, *i. e. Heliotropium.* ✠

Tota bona, *i. e. Bonus Henricus.*

Tragacanthum, v. Tragacantha. ✠

Tragium, *i. e. Fraxinella.*

Tragium Germ. *i. e. Attriplex olida.*

Trapezuntica dactylus, *i. e. Laurocerasus.* ✠

Trachelium, *Throat wort.*

Tragacantha, *Goats thorne.* ✠

Tragon, *i. e. Kali spinosum.*

Tragopogon, *Goats beard.*

Tragopyrum, *Buck wheat.*

Tragoriganum, *Gots marjerome.*

Tremula, *i. e. populus Lybica.*

Tribulus, *Caltröps.*

Trichomanes, *i. e. Adiantum nig.*

Trifolium, *Trefoile.*

Trifolium, *Wood sorrell.*

Trifolium bituminosum, *stinking trefoile* ✠

Trifolium paludosum, *Buck beanes.*

Trifolium purpureum, *purple wort.*

Trifolium asphaltites, *i. e. Bituminosum.* ✠

Trifolium cochleatum, *i. e. Medica.*

Trifolium fibrinum, *i. e. Trif. palustre.*

Trifolium fruticans, *i. e. Polemonium.*

Tripolium *Sea starwort.*

Trifago, *i. e. chamædrys,*

Triticum, *Wheat.*

Triticum amyleum, v. *Far. starch corne.*

Triphyllon, *i. e. Trifolium.*

Triticum vaccinum, *i. e. cratægonum.*

Tulipa

Tulipa, *Tulip.* ☿
 Turpetum, *Turbith.* ☿
 Turritis, *Tower mustard.*
 Tuber terræ, *i.e. Cyclamen.*
 Turbith, *i.e. Turpetum.* ☿
 Tussilago, *Colts foot.*
 Typha, *Cats taile, or reed mace.*
 Tynus, *vid. Laurus.*
 Typhyum Theoph. *i.e. Tussilago.*
 Tyroqui, *vid. Ap.* ☿

V.

V Accaria, *Cow-basill.* ☿
 Vaccinia nig. *Whortle or bill berries.*
 Vaccinia nubis, *Cloud berries.*
 Valeriana, *Valerian.*
 Valeriana, *Valerian.*
 Venerea, *i.e. Acorus.*
 Vepres, *i.e. Rubus sylvestris.*
 Veratrum, *i.e. Helleborus.*
 Verengena, *i.e. Mala insana.* ☿
 Veratrum nig. *i.e. Astrantia nig.*
 Verbascum, *Mullein.*
 Verbasculum, *i.e. primula veris & paralyfis.*
 Verbena, *Vervaine.*
 Vermicularis, *Stonecrop.*
 Veronica, *speedwell or fluellin.*
 Veronica pauli, *Pauls Betony.*
 Verdelhel Haliah. *i.e. Ranunculus.*
 Vesicaria, *i.e. Alkakengi.*
 Vernix. *i.e. Sandaracha Arabum. vid. Juniperus.* ☿
 Vesicaria peregrina, *i.e. pisum cordatum.*
 Vetonica, *i.e. Betonica.*
 Uhebecasou Thev. *Indian hony tree. v. Ap.* ☿
 Viburnum, *Wayfaring tree.*
 Vicia, *Vetch.*
 Victorialis Mas Warf. *i.e. Allium anguinum.*
 Victoriola, *i.e. Hippoglossum.* ☿
 Vinca pervinca, *i.e. Clematis daphn. Periwinkle.*
 Vinciboscum,

Vinciboscum,

Vinciboscum, i.e. Periclymenum.
 Vincetoxicum, i.e. Asclepias.
 Vinum, vid. Vitis. ☞
 Viola autumnalis, i.e. pneumonanthe.
 Viola dentaria, i.e. Dentaria.
 Viola, Violets.
 Viola flammula, i.e. Tricolor.
 Viola lunaris, *Satin flower*.
 Viola nigra, i.e. Viola maritima.
 Viola Mariana, *Coventry bells*.
 Viola matronalis, *Dames violets*.
 Viola tricolor, *Hearts ease or pansies*.
 Viorna i.e. Clematis Ang. *Travellers joy*.
 Virga aurea, *Golden rod*.
 Viperaria, i.e. scorzonera. ☞
 Virga sanguinaria, vid. Cornus.
 Virga pastoris, i.e. Dipfucus major. *Venus*
bason.
 Vitex Virgin. Haf. ☞
 Vitis, *Vine*. ☞
 Vitisnaga par: i.e. Gingidium. ☞
 Vitum, *Misseltoe*.
 Viscaria Dod. i.e. Muscipula. ☞
 Vitis alba & vitis alba. i.e. Bryonia, & viticula.
 Vitis Idæa, i.e. Vaccinia.
 Vitalis, i.e. Crassula. ☞
 Vitex, i.e. Agnus Castus. ☞
 Viticella, i.e. Balsamina. ☞
 Vitriola, vel Vitriaria, i.e. parietaria.
 Vitrum, i.e. Glassum.
 Viurna, i.e. Viorna.
 Ulpicum, i.e. Allium.
 Ulmaria, *Meadow sweet*.
 Ulmus, *Elm tree*.
 Urticaria, i.e. solanum somniferum.
 Urtica Cayana, i.e. stramonium. ☞
 Ungula cabalina, i.e. Tussilago.
 Uredo, i.e. Arbutus.
 Unifolium, *One blade*.

Umbilicus

Umbellatus veneris, v. cotyledon.
 Volemus, warden tree, v. pyrus. ✱
 Volubilis, bindweed. ✱
 Urinaria, i.e. Dens leonis.
 Urtica iners & mortua, i. e. Lamium.
 Urtica, Nettle.
 Ustilago, burnt corne, v. Far. ✱
 Usnea, i.e. Muscus.
 Uva crespina, i.e. Berberis.
 Uva lupina Marcel, i.e. cambucus aquar.
 Uva tamminia, i.e. Bryonia nigra.
 Uva marina, Sea cluster. ✱
 Uva ursi par. Spanish red whort. ✱
 Uva vulpina, seu versa & vulpis, i.e. Herba paris.
 Uvularia, i.e. Laurus Alexandrina. ✱
 Uulago, i.e. Asarum.
 Uulvaria, i.e. Atriplex olida.

W.

Winake, i. e. Sassafras. ✱

X.

X Anthium, i. e. Bardana minor.
 Xaier, i.e. Alniricm libanotis. ✱
 Xararo, vid. Append. ✱
 Xanium, i.e. Melanthium. ✱
 Xyloaloes, i.e. Lignum aloes. ✱
 Xylocaracta, i. e. Xilocerata. ✱
 Xylocerata, i. e. Fructus filiquarum.
 Xyloballamum. Balsam wood. vid. Balsamum. ✱
 Kyphium, i. e. Gladiolus.
 Xylo-leum, i.e. periclymenum.
 Xyris, i.e. Spatula foetida.
 Xylum, cotton plant. ✱
 Xyphidion, i. e. Sparganium.

Y.

Y Ehi, *vid.* Append. ☞

Yebet, *i.e.* Anetum.

Yucca sive Jucca peruviana, *Indian bread.* ☞

Z.

Z Acintha Pat. *i.e.* cichorea vetrucaria ☞

Zarsaparilla, *i.e.* Sarsaparilla. ☞

Zaiton, *i.e.* Olea. ☞

Zambac, *i.e.* Jasminum. ☞

Zarund, *i.e.* Aristolochia.

Zatarendi herba Bauh. *vid.* Ap. ☞

Zedoaria, *Zedoarie.* ☞

Zeä, *spelt corne, v.* Far. ☞

Zerumbeih, *i.e.* Zedoaria. ☞

Zinziber caninum, *i.e.* capsicum. ☞

Zinziber, *Ginger.* ☞

Zizania, *i.e.* Lolium.

Zizipha, *Bead tree.* ☞

Zizypha, *Jujube tree.* ☞

Ziziphus, *i.e.* Zizipha. ☞

An

An Alphabeticall Catalogue of the Diseases specified in this Herbol, together with the appropriate remedies : And an explanation of all names thereof, mentioned in *Cassellus's Lexicon Medicum*, and all other considerable approved Authors ; so that this may serve also, as an universall Index of Diseases; those without remedies being to be seen in my *Anthropology*, and *Panzology*. &c.

A Bortion causing. *Asarabacca. Ferne.*
 Abortion hindring, *Coffee. Madder, mosse. Sage. tansie, trefoile.*

Abcesse, *see* Apostume.

Abdomens fistula, *see* Fistula.

Abdomens convulsion. &c. as the inflammation, abcesses, tumours, wounds, and uisions, *see* the same.

Aches of the joynts and cold to help. *Almonds, ar-smart. Beares breech, briony. Cammomill, catmint. Danewort. Gessemine, goutwort. Hellebore. S. Jame's wort. Lavender. Marjerome, marvell of Peru. Pitch, primrose. Sage, sawwort, spikenard. Storax, sundew, swallowwort. Trefoile. Virgins bower. Woodbind.*

Aches cold to ease. *Dittander. Leadwort. Saffron. Turmerick.*

Ache, *see* paine.

Achores, *see* Runing ulcers in the heads of young children.

Achlvs, *see* Dimnesse of sight.

Achrochordon, *see* Warts.

Aconites poyson to help. *Groundpine. Mulberries. Woolfs bane.*

Acoustick, *see* Deafnesse to help.

Adedentes, *see* phagedens.

Adiapneusia, *see* Perspiration Lett.

Adders biting to resist. *Birthwort. Hyssop, see* Viper.

Ægilops, *see* Eyes fistula to help.

Affection sanguifluous, *see* Hemorrhage.

Affection puerile, *see* Epilepsie.

After

After-birth to expel & secundine. *Alexander, angelica: Bay. Cammomile, chervill. Dittany, dropwort. Fennell. Garlick. Hartwort, holly rose, horehound, horse tongue. Lillie. Madder, mallow, marigold, mugwort. Penny royall, poley. Radish, rue. Time. Wake Robin.*

Agneils. *see* Nails skin cleaving.

Agrypnia, *see* Watching.

Agnes to help. *Betony. Ca'athian violet, colts foot. Indian coriander, cotton plant. Daisy, danewort. Felwort, fennel, feaverfew. Graines of paradise. Harts ease, hartwort, heath, hellebore, hops, horehound, hyssop. Jujubes. Knot grasse. Larch tree, limmon, liverwort, lovage. Millet, mustard. Oranges. Pepper, plantaine, plumbs. Rubarb Sorrell, stonecrop. Tabacco, time, trefoile. Vine. Yarrow.*

Agnes in the breast, *see* Inflammations.

Agnes in children to cure. *Cammomill. Dodder. Gourds. violet*

Agnes cold shiverings to help. *Angellica. Birthwort, bucks horne, butter burre. Calamint, cammomill, osten. Gilloflowers, graines of Paradise. S. Johns wort. larch tree, laser wort, limmon. Master wort, mouse eare. Pellitory, pepper. Rue. Savin, southernwood.*

Agnes heat and thirst to quench. *Alkanet. aspen tree. Barberries. Cumfrey. Daisie, ducks meat. Goose-berries, gourds, hasell nuts. housteeke. Millet. Pudding pipe. Rose. Saunders, sebesten tree, sorrel. Tamarinds tansie. whortle berries.*

Agnes long to help. *Afarabacca. Bryony, bugle. Centory, consouid. Dodder. Hops. larch tree. Smallage. Thistle.*

Agnes from obstruction to cure. *Balsame. smallage.*

Agnes quartan to cure. *Ague tree, asarabacca. Capers, cinquefoile. Dodder. Fumitory. Hellebore black, sea holly, hedge hyssop. S. Johns wort. laser wort. Madder, marjoram, masterwort, medesweet, miltwast, moluccas tree, periwinkle. Radish. satyrion, smallage, sneeze-wort, speare wort. Thistle, time, tornsole, trefoile, turnep. vervaine, vine, vipers grasse, virgins bower. Wake-Robin, Wormwood.*

Agues quotidian to cure. *Ague tree. Balsame, bead tree. China, sea holly. Larch tree. Maudlin, moluccas tree.*
Agues tertian to cure. *Agrimony, ague tree, apples. Barberries. Cinquefoile. Dodder. Elder tree. Water hemp. hyssope. S. Johns wort. Liver wort. Onions. Pepper. Rubarb. Sensitive herb, smallage, Tamarinds, trefoile. Vervain, vipers grasses.*

Aires infection to resist. *Juniper. Masterwort. Rue. storax.*

Alopecia, or Foxes evill, *see* Haires falling of to stay.

Alienation, *see* Cataleptic.

Aloaras, *see* *Ægilops.*

Albugo, *see* Pin and Web of the eye.

Alphus, *see* White Morphew.

Amblofis, *see* Abortion.

Amblyopic, *see* Dimness of sight.

Amaurocesis, *see* Dimness of sight.

Analeptic *see* Restorative.

Anasarca, *see* Dropsie of soft flesh.

Anabrosis, *see* Erosion.

Andicam, *see* Fellon.

Anchilopsi, *see* *Ægilops.*

Ancylosis, *see* Tongue tiedness.

Anorexy, *see* Appetite wanting.

Anciloblepharon, *see* Eyelids cohering.

Anhelation, *see* Asthma.

S. Anthonies fire to cure. *Adders tongue, alkanet, all seed. Brook lime, buck thorne, buglosse. Coriander, costive tree, crab tree. Dane wort, ducks meat. Egyptian thorne. Feaverfew, fleawort. Gooseberries. Hemlock, hounds tongue, houseleek. Lentills. Mandrake, myrtle. Nightshade. Olive tree. Pellitory, plowmans spikenard, pondweed, poppy. Rubarb, rue. Saffron, saunders. Thistle. Wheat, woad.*

Anthracosis, *see* Carbuncle.

Antidotes, *see* Poyson.

Apepsie, *see* want of concoction.

Aphony, *see* Dumnesse.

Aphthæ, *see* Mouths sores, or Thrush.

Apnæa, *see* want of breathing.

Apophthora, *see* Abortion.

Apophleg

Apophlegmatisme, see **Head to purge.**

Apoplexie causing. *Toadstools.*

Apoplexie or **stupidity** with resolution to cure. *Box, Citruls wild. Fennell. Gilloflowers, Lavender, lillie, line tree. Madder, marjerome, masterwort, melilote, Moluccas tree. Peaches, pellitory, pockwood tree. Rosewood, Sage. Thistle. Vine.*

Apostasis, see **Aposteme.**

Apostumes cold to heat. *Beares breech, Melilote, Onions. Reed, rie.*

Apostumes hot to temper. *Adders tongue, all-seed. Chickweed. Daify. Flax. Liverwort. Modwort. Privet. Sumach. Vervaine.*

Appetite to whet. *Ague tree, apples. Barberries, bay, belflower, bestony, broom. Calathian violet, capers, cherries black, cowslips, crosse wort, currans. Dragons. Elder tree. Goats beard, goose berries. Horehound. Lettuce, lupines. Masterwort, mastick, mint, mirebrians, Moluccas tree, mulberries, mustard. Olives. Pepper, pockwood tree, pomecitron, purslain. Radish, rampion. Sampire, savourie, skirrets, sorrell. Vine. Wallnuts, whortle berries, woodroof, wormewood.*

Aplychia, see **Swouning.**

Appetite exceeding, or **Dog like.** *Almonds.*

Aqua vitæ, see **Vine.**

Aquila, see **Hydotis.**

Aree, see **Alopecia.**

Argemon, see **Ulcers** of the annate tunicle.

Argema, see **Eyes spots.**

Armeholes smell, see **Smel** of the Arme pits.

Aridura, see **Blasting.**

Armeholes cancer, and pain, and scirrhus.

Arrowes to expell, *Dittany.*

Arrowes invenomed to resist. *Moluccas tree. Tabacco.*

Arrowes to poyson. *Helmet flower.*

Arquare disease, see **Jaundise.**

Aqua citrina.

Arteries pulsation and ulcers.

Arteries wounds,

Arteries stiffe to lenifie. *Flax.*
 Arthritick, *see* Joynts paines to ease, or Gout.
 Articular disease, *see* Gout.
 Asaphia, *see* Voice wanting.
 Ascarides, *see* Wormes of the fundament.
 Ascites, *see* Dropfie of water.
 Astonishment, *see* Ecstasie.
 Astriction of the stomach, *see* Paine thereof.
 Astitia, *see* Appetite wanting.
 Aspreto, and Asperity, *see* Roughness.
 Asta, *see* Nauseousness.
 Asthma, *see* Wheezing.
 Astringent plants. Alder black. anemonie. apple tree.
 arrow head. avens. basil. bay. beares eare. beech.
 birds eye. birds foot. bladder nut. blood wort. box.
 bramble. bucks horne. buck thorne. bucks beanes. bugle.
 bullies. burnet. cabbage. caltrops. carrawaies. chervil
 tooth pick. chesnut. cinnamon. cloud berrie. colewort.
 coralworts. cornel tree. cotton plant. crab tree. cranes
 bil. crosswort. cudweed. cummin. cypresse. date tree.
 dock. dragon tree. earth nut. egyptian thorne. elders.
 endive. fearn. filberd tree. flower gentle. fluellin.
 frankincense tree. fumitory. gall tree. gooseberry bush.
 graines of paradise. hares foot. harts tongue. hawkweed.
 hawthorne tree. herb two pence. holly rose. ironwort.
 knap weed. knot grasse. ladies bedstraw. ladies mantle.
 lavender. lentils. line tree. liver wort. loose strife. lung-
 wort. madder. marjerome. marvel of Peru. mead sweet.
 medlars. melilot mercury. milkwort. mirobolans. mock-
 privet. moon wort. mosse motherwort. mouse eare. mug-
 wort. mulberrie tree. myrtle. navelwort. nettle. night-
 shade. oake. olive. orpine. panick. peares. periwinkle.
 pine. pipe tree. plantain. plowmans spikenard. plums.
 pomegranates. pondweed. primrose. quinces. rampion.
 rattle. reed. rice. rose. rosemary. rubarb. rush. saffron. sage.
 sanicle saunders. seacluster. self heale. service tree. shep-
 hearde needle. shepheards purse. skirret. Solomons seale.
 southernwood. sowthistle. spikenard ston. crop. strawberrie
 strawberry-bay. sumach. sundew. tamarisk. tanfie. thee
 thorowax

thorow wax. throatwort. tormentil. torne sole trefoile.
turpentine tree. way blade. vervaine. vetch. vine.
walnut, wayfaring tree. whortle berries. willow. win-
ter green. wormewood. yarrow.

Athera & Atheromata, or Papticke pushes. Sowbread.

Athymia, see Sadnesse.

Attonit disease, see Apoplexie.

Atrophie, see Tabes.

Attenuating and rarifying. chickweed mountain. china.
cocks head. costus. cresses. cudweed. dittany. dragons.
dyers weed. elder tree. felwort. fennel. ferne of the wall.
flower de lucei garlick. germander. gladdon stinking.
heath. hemp of the water. Jewes thorne. lacca tree.
lavender. leeks. limmon. lovage. marjerome. master-
wort. maiden haire, mouse eare. mustard. onions. parslie.
parsnep. pasqueflower. pockwood tree. radish. savoury. sa-
xifrage. scabious. smallage. southernwood. tamarisk.
turmerick. woodbind. wormwood.

Auriz pillulæ, or Golden pills, see Aloes.

Aurigo, see Jaundise.

B.

Backs consumption to cure Cumfrey.

Back and reins to strengthen. Buglosse, burdock.
bastard chickweed. clary. cowslips. cumfrey. lung-
wort. ivy. knotgrasse.

Back bones pain, and wounds. see Braine.

Backs wormes. Wheat.

Balbuties, see Stuttering, and Stammering.

Bildness to help. see Haire to grow.

BalGams for green wounds & punctures. Adders tongue.

S. Johns wort. tabacco. wheat.

Barrennesse causing. Aspen tree. ferne flagge. miltwaft.
mint. vetch. wordbind.

Barrennesse to cure. Ague tree. balme apple. barren
wort; ciches wild. clary. S. James wort. ladies mantle,
mercury. horse mint pockwood saffron. sage. shepheards
needle wound tree.

Barycoia, see Thickness of hearing.

Baths for ulcers and gouts, &c. see the same.

Beard gray.

Beard to grow & cleanse. *Southernwood. Lillie.*

Bearewormes, see *Scolopenders. Mints.*

Beades to make. *Jobs teares.*

Beasts, see *Cattell.*

Beasts venime, bitings &c. to resist. *Alkanet, allheale, angellica, aniseed, asphodell, avens. Basil, bawme, bay, bezar tree, buglosse, burreed. Calathian violet, campion, carrot wild, chast tree, cinnamon, cockle, coleworts, cudweed, cummin. Dittany, divells bit, dyers weed, Fellwort, fleawort. Garlick, goats rue, groundpine. Hares eares, herb frankincense, heath, sea holly. Larch tree, laserwort, lavender, leek. Marjerome, mastick maiden haire, millet, mosse, myrtle. Nuts. Pimpernell, plaine tree, plowmans spiknard, poley. Rattle, rubarb, rue, Scabious, scorpion grasse, snake weed, sow bread, spatling poppy, spiderwort. Thistle, time, tornesole. Vetch, vine, vipers grasse. Zedoarie.*

Beasts delivery to help. *Hartwort.*

Beasts four footed to kill. *Bead tree. Doggs bane. Leopards bane.*

Beasts venomous to drive away. *Blood wort. Fleabane, Poley.*

Beasts poysonous diseases to cure. *Black hellebore,*

Beating, see *Bruises.*

Beauty lost, see *Deformities* to help.

Bees to feed. *Hony wort. Trefoile.*

Bees to kill. *Toad stools.*

Bees to keep together. *Bawme.*

Bees stingings to cure. *Bawme apple. Goats rue. Mallow, mint. Tyme.*

Belching to provoke. *Radish.*

Belching soure to repress. *Anise seed. betoney. Cammille. Hares foot. Marjerome. Wormwood.*

Belly to bind. *beares breech, bulleis. Caltrops, morell cherries, cherry bay, chesnuds, cloves, comslips, crabs. Danderion, dates. Eglantine. Flax. Ginger. Hasell nuts. English hyacinth. Jewes thorne. S. Johns wort. Lentils, liverwort.*

liverwort. Maiden haire, medlers, millet. Nettle.
Oates. Parsly, pine, plumbs, Quinces. Rice, rubarb;
Services, shepheards needle, sumach. Tamarisk, Vine.
Wheat, whortleberries. see Lask.

Belly gently to loosen. Almonds. basill, bay, beanes, beer,
beitony, bittersweet, blite, borrag, buck wheat, bugloss.
Cabbage, cherries, ciches wild, colewort, cucumber.
cumfrey. Daisie. Elder tree, elecampane. Fenugreek.
Indian figs, firre tree, flax, fumitory. Ginger, gourds,
groundpine, hops, hounds tongue. S. Johns wort. Laurell,
lentils. Mallow, maidenhaire, mercury, mirobalane
tree, mulberries, Nettle. Olives, onions, orach. palma
Christi, pasque flower, peaches, peares, periwinkle, pipe
tree, plumbs, polcy, pomecitron, pompion, poppy, potatoes,
prickwood. Rose, rubarb. Saffron, sayrion, scabious sebe-
sten tree sene, sorrel sowbread, sperage, spinach, spurge,
storax. Tamarinds, turneps, turpentine. Valerian veich,
vine, violet, virgins bower. Wayfaring tree, widdowwaile
wormewood. Yarrow.

Bellies paines to help. Cammomill, celandine, centory.
Danewort. Fennel, flax. Hares foot, hartwort, herb
frankincense. Nutmeg. see Collick.

Bellies rumbling.

Bellies swelling. Colewort.

Belly troubling. bind weed. Vetch, vine.

Biles, see Botches.

Birds in cages to keep. Chickweed.

Birds to catch. Moluccas tree. Nuts.

Birdlime to make. Holly. Wayfaring tree.

Birth, see Childbirth, and Child.

Birth to kill. bay. Cresses. Graines of paradise. Mustard.

Savin, sowbread. Widdowwaile.

Biting see Beasts venomous. &c.

Bittings of raving men to cure. Walnut tree.

Black to dye. Galls. privet.

Blackness and blewness, see Bruises.

Bladders distention to help, see Emollients and Laxants.

Bladder to cleanse. Toothpick chervill, cucumber. Dodder.

Fluellin, water germander, canary grasse. Larch tree,
lavender.

lavender. Sampier, saxifrage, scabious shepherds
needle southernwood, spignell. Vine.

Bladders cold to help. Nutmeg.

Bladders defluxion to stop. Cypressse.

Bladders heat to cool. Apples. Hawkweed. Lilly. Pur-
slaine. Violet.

Bladder hurting. Ram ciches.

Bladders paines and reins to help. Balsame. bay, bettony,
brooklime. burdock, dropwort, fennel, figs, couchgrasse.
groundsel. jujubes mallow, maiden haire, melilot, mer-
cury, panick, parsley, parsnep, piony, pockwood
tree, rabarb. shepherds needle, sperage. tanfie,
trefoile.

Bladders palsey.

Bladders scabs. Pudding pipe.

Bladders scituation changed.

Bladders fistula: Hellebore.

Bladders sphincters stupididy. see Stupidity.

Bladders things preternaturall. see the same.

Bladders wormes, see Diureticks.

Bladders wounds. Cumfrey.

Bladders ulcers and carnosiry to cure. China, cucum-
ber, horse taile, liquorice. mallow. mosse, pine, tur-
pentine.

Blasting to cure. Cummin. Egyptian thorne. mallow.
Purslaine.

Bleeding to stay. Aloes, archangel, balsame, barberries,
beanes, bulleis, burnet, cats taile, chesnuts, cockle,
cranes bil, cumfrey, dates dry, fennel, flaxweed, flower
gentle, gals, golden rod, gondeli of Italy, gooseberries,
silver grasse. hawes, herb two pence, henbane, holly
rose, hony wort, horsetaile, Kings speare, knotgrass.
Ladies bedstraw. ladies mantle, lavender, lillie, liver-
wort, loosestrife. madder, mallow, moon wort, mosse,
mulberries, myrtle, oake, olive tree, parke leaves,
plantain, pomegranats. Rie, rose, rosemary, rupiure
wort. sage, saunders, services, shepherds purse, snake-
weed, sowbread, stone crop, strawberries, sun ast,
tamarise, thistle tormentill, vetch, vine, wayfaring tree.
yarrow.

Bleeding

Bleeding and pissing of blood to cure. *Agrimony, arrow-head, bettony, caltrops, camels hay, darnel, knotgrasse, lavender, mastick tree, mosse, ribwort, trefoile, woodbind, yarrow.*

Bleeding of wounds to stop. *see Wounds bleeding.*

Blasiras, *see Lipping.*

Blemishes, *see Face and marks.*

Blindness, *see Eye sight to quicken.*

Blistering things to skin. *Crowfoot, distander, garlick, may weed, periwinkle, rue, spearewort, stonecrop, sundew, thistle, wake Robin.*

Blisters to heale. *Beech, Crabs.*

Blood bad causing. *Apples austere, charlock, chesnuts, citruls, dates, garlick, gooseberries, leeks, mallow, turnep, vetch, vine.*

Blood to cleanse. *Aromaticall reed, borage, fluellin fumitory, groundpine, water hemp, hops, jujubes, limmon, pudding pipe, rubarb, sage, scurvy grasse, sperage, thistle, vine.*

Blood congealed to dissolve. *Arsmart, avens, bay, bishops weed, bitter sweet, briony, bugle, chervil, cresses, clary, cudweed, drunken date tree, divels bit, felwort, ferne, figwort, groundpine, laserwort, line tree, madwort, marjerome, masterwort, milt wast, radish, Solomons seale, tansie, time, trefoile, turpentine, vine.*

Blood to cool. *Barberries, cullions, currans, purslaine, sorrel, tamarinds.*

Blood to encrease. *Borage, galingale, rice, vine.*

Blood spitting. *see Spitting of blood.*

Bloody flux, *see Flux bloody.*

Bodily diseases to help. *Cinnamon, gessemine, ribwort.*

Body preserving, *see Purresaction to resist.*

Body watery, *see Watery humours to purge.*

Boiles and botches to help. *Beitony, bryony, herb frankincense, henbane yellow, onions, rie, starwort, tabacco, thistle, wheat, woodroof*

Bones broken to knit. *Bugle, butchers broom, elme, flicweed, holly, mastick tree, selfe heale, Salomons seale.*

Bones naked to cover with flesh. *All-heale, Gladden stinking. Lovage.*

Bones broken to draw out, *see Splinters.*

Bots in cattle to cure. *box. sawin.*

Botches, *see Biles.*

Borborygmus, *see belly rumbling.*

Bouliana, *see Appetite exceeding.*

Bothor, *see Exanthemata.*

Bothrion, *see Eyes hollow ulcer.*

Bowels opening. *Vine.*

Bowels griping paines to ease. *Angelica. bulleis. Cartwaies, citruls wild, coralworts. Fennell. Goats thorne, grains of paradise, couch grasse. Horsetaile. Ivy. Lovage, lupine. Marjerome, mastick, mandlin, melstote, mints, moluccas tree. Navell wort, nutmeg. parsley, pondweed, poppy, purslain. Rubarb, rue. Saint Katharines flower, saxefrage, scabious, skirrets, spiderwort, swallow wort. Thee, thistle, time, toothwort, trefoile, turbitb. Wheat, wolves bane.*

Bowells ulcers to cure. *Horsetaile. Jujubes. Mallow.*

Bradypepsie, *see slowacts of concoction.*

Braine, *see Head.*

Braine cold and moist to warme. *balsame, bawme, berd tree, beane. Coffee. Galingale, germander, ground-pine. Lavender. Marjerome, mastick tree, mandlin. pellitory. Rosemary. Sage S. Katharines flower, sow-bread.*

Brains commotion. *Myrtle.*

Braine hurtfull to. *Cowwheat. Gall tree. Saffron.*

Brains diseases in figure and cavity.

Braine good for. *Mirobolane tree.*

Brains rheume to purge. *birds-eye. Danewort. dittany. mouse eare. primrose. sene. tabacco.*

Brains inflammation. *Tamarinds.*

Brains sphacelus.

Brains venomous diseases, *see Poysons.*

Brains figure and cavities diseases, *see Openers.*

Breaking out, *see Itch.*

Branchos, *see Hoarsness and distillation.*

Breast

Breast and lungs to cleanse and expectorate flegme.

Aniseed. Basil, bay, beanes, betony, bryony, bucks beanes. Cammomill, colts foot, cresses, crosse wort, cumfrey. Elecampane. Fenugreek, figs, foxgloves. Spanish galingale, garlick, germander. Horehound, hyssop, Jewes thorne, jujubes. Leeks, liquorice. Motherwort, mullein, mustard. Nettle. Oake. Pennyroyall, pine, primrose. Reed. Saffron, scabious, sene, sensitive herb. Time, tree of life. Vetch. Wake Robin.

Breasts cold to warme. Graines of paradise.

Breasts that are great to lessen. Barrenwort. Cumfrey. Ladies-mantle. Pine. Saunders. Vine.

Breasts to fill with milke, see milke.

Breasts haire.

Breasts hidden. Almonds.

Breasts hurtfull to. Walnuts.

Breasts sore to heale. Balme apple. Cranes bill. Groundsell. Quinses. Swallowwort.

Breasts inflammation to cool. Pudding pipe. Rice. sunflower. violet.

Breasts canker to cure. Flagg. Hares eares, Moon-wort. Plantaine. Winter green. Woad.

Breasts pain. Beane.

Breasts dropsie, see Dropsie.

Breasts fistula, and glandules swollen, see Emollients.

Breasts vessels narrow. Fennell.

Breasts paines and diseases to help. Angelica, aromaticall reed. Barley, birds eye, bucks beanes. Cinnamon, costus. Fennell, fenugreek, figs. Harts ease, henbane. Juniper. Lavender, liquorice. Marjerome Pine. Rubarb, rue. Saint Katharines flower, sunflower, swallow-wort. Tabacco, trefoile turpentine. Vine. Wolfes bane.

Breasts things strange, see the same.

Breasts ulcers, Cresses.

Breasts of women hard and swollen to cure. Asphodill. beane. Cresses. Ducks meate, Figge tree. Manna Graspe, groundpine. Hemlock, henbane. Plowmans spikenard. Vetch. Wheat.

Breasts wounds. Myrtle tree.

Breath

Breath short to help. *Alexander. almonds. angelica. aniseed. asarabacca. balsame. barley. basill. bay. bryony. butter burre. catmint. coltsfoot. cotton plant. cucumbers wild. cummin. cypresse. dittany. elecampane. fenmel. figs. flower de luce. germander. hartwort. horehound. horsetaile. hyssop. jujubes. lupines. masterwort. maiden haire. moluccas tree. mustard. oake. sassafron. savin. sensitive herb. sowthistle. tree of life.*

Breath to perfume. *Ague tree. aloes. aniseed. cacao tree. cinnamon. cloves. galingale. Indian purger. Indian leaf. mastick tree. nutmegs. pepper. reed. rosemary.*

Breath stinking to mend. *Balsame. butchers broom. havergrasse. myrtle. oates. pomecitron. rosemary. smallage. thistle. wormwood.*

Breath stinking to cause. *Oily pulse.*

Breathing upright to help. *bawm. calamint. elecampane. nettle. southernwood.*

Brokenwindedness to help. *Felwort.*

Bronchocele. *see Throats bunch. &c.*

Bruises to cure. *alkanet. aromatical reed. aspen. bay. beanes. beares breech. bryony. birthwort. bittersweet. blew bottle. bugle. calamint. cammomil. catmint. cheruill. confound. cresses. cudweed. cumfrey. daisy. diuils bit. ferre. flower de luce. graines of paradise. grasse. ladies. mantle. madder. marjerome. masterwort. park leaves. pellitory. plowmans spikenard. rubarb. sage. Solomons seale. sumach. thistle. turpentine. valerian. wound tree.*

Bubo *see Groin swollen.*

Bubonocèle, *see Bursting of the share.*

Bunches to help. *Wheat.*

Buring and scalding to cure. *Adders tongue. alkanet. apples. asphodill. balme apple. beates breech. burdock. catstaile. colts foot. cowslips. crab tree. daffodill. danielwort. dittander. dragon tree. Egyptian thorne. elder. Indian fig tree. flax. friers cowl. hemp. henbane yellow. holly rose. honsleek. ivy. ladies bedstraw. lettuice. lillie. line tree. mock privet. mulberries. mullein. nutt.*

oily

oily pulse. onions. orpine. parke leaves. pellitory. pine
plane tree. plantain. purslain. quinces. shepheards
needle. tobacco.

Burning of an harlot to help. Privet. vine.

Burning with thunder.

Burstings or Ruptures to cure. Adders tongue. aroma-
nicall reed. asphodill. avens. balme apple. bawme, beares
breech. bettony. birds foot. birthwort. bitter-
sweet. briony. bugle. Cammock, capers, catmint. cento-
ry. china. cinquefoile. coralworts. cowslips. cranes bill.
crossewort. cumfrey. cypresse tree. daisy. elecampane.
elme. felwort. fennel. germander. gladdon stinking.
golden rod. gras. hares foot. herb frankincense. horse taile
horsetongue. Indian purger. S. Johns wort. ironwort. jun-
iper. knapweed. ladies mantle. madder mallow. mastick.
moonwort. mouseare. mullein. myrtle. oake. plowmans
spikenard. pock wood tree. pomegranates. purslaine.
rubarb. rupturewort. sage. sanicle. sawwort. snakeweed.
Solomons seale. sumach. swallowwort. thorow wax.
time, toothwort. twayblade. valerian. wake Robin.
wheat.

C.

CAchexie to cure. Alder. danewort. endive hore-
hound. maudlin. sene. thistle. turmerick. vipers
grasse. vine.

Cacochymick, see Juice evill of.

Cacochymy. see Humours evill.

Cadent evill, see Epilepsie.

Cacoethe ulcers, see Ulcers dyssepulotick.

Cacophania, see Voice amisse.

Calculus, see Stone.

Calenture. Barley.

Calvities, see Baldnesse.

Canities, see Hoariness.

Callosity, see Skins hardnesse.

Camera de sangre, see Bloody flux.

Cankers

- Cankers to cure.** Beet. Elecampane. Fluellin. Madwort.
 Poppy. Smallage. Vetch.
Cankers in the mouth to cure. Caltrops. Privet. Tanfie.
 Woodbind.
Cantharides to resist. Bishops weed. Oake. Orach.
Capillitium, see Trichiasis.
Capistratio, see Phimosis.
Carbo, see Carbuncle.
Cardiack passion, see Hearts passions.
Cardiack disease and cardialgy, see stomachs pain.
Carcinoma, see Cancer of the nostrils.
Caros or deep sleep. Mustard.
Caruncles, callus, and warts of the urinary passages,
China.
Cardiogmas, see Cardialgy.
Carbuncles to cure. Colewort, cypresse tree. Fennel. La-
 serwort. Olive tree. Savin, Spurge. Tabacco. Vetch.
 Walnut.
Cataphora, see Coma somnolent.
Cataract, see Suffusion.
Catafarca, see Anasarca.
Catagma, see Bones broken.
Cataleptic, congelation, taking, or planet striking to
 cure. Lavender. Vine.
Cararrhes or thin rheumes to stay. Buglosse. calamint,
china. Filbeards, fleawort. Goats thorne. S. James's
 wort. Leeks. Mastick tree, mandlin, mercury. Pockwood
 tree, poppy. purslaine. S. Katharines flower, saffron,
 spignell, storax. Tabacco. Zedoary.
Cathartick, see Purging.
Catoche, see Cataleptic.
Cartell to feed and fatten. corne. Line tree. Sene. Tre-
 foile. Woodroof, wormwood.
Cartels cough and broken windedness to cure. Ligo-
 rice, lungwort. Motherwort, mullein.
Cartell hurtfull to. Hyacinth lillie leaved. Matweed.
 Navelwort. prickwood.
Caustick remedies. Leadwort, sundew, thistle, vine.
Cauda, see Tenligo,

Causos,

Causos, *see* Fever burning.

Celiack passion. *Laserwort. Gall tree.*

Cenchrias, *see* Herpes miliaris.

Cephalæa, *see* Headach old.

Cephalagy, *see* Headach.

Cephalick, *see* Head.

Cerastes biting to cure. *Cedar. Oily pulse.*

Cerchnos, *see* Cough, inclination to.

Cerion, *see* Favus.

Chalazion, *see* Eyelids hailstone.

Chaps and chilblaine to cure. *Butterwort. Egyptian thorne. Herb frankincense. Juniper. Onions. Rie. Wheat.*

Chast to make, *see* Lust to repress.

Chamosis, *see* Eyelids inversion.

Chest, *see* Breast.

Chees runnet to make. *ladies bedstraw.*

Chilblaines, *see* Chaps. *Melilote.*

Children male and female to produce. *Dogstones. mercury. stichwort.*

Childbirth to help. *balme apple. basil, buglosse. cacao tree, calamint, carrawais, carrot wild, cedar, centory, cinnamon, columbine. Darnell, dittander, dittany, Fennell, ferne, figs. Gladdon stinking, gromell. Horehound, harseltongue. leeke, lilly. moss, motherwort, mugwort. olives. parslly, parsnep, pine, pipe tree, plowmans spikenard. sowbread, sowthistle, sundew. tornesole, trefoile. vine. Woodbind.*

Child preserving. *saffron, zedoary.*

Child or foetus to expell. *Alkanet. birthwort, brooklime bryony. calathian violet, cammomill. dittany. feverfew, toad flax. gilloseflower, glasswort, groundpine. hartwort, horehound. lupine. mallow. pennyroyall, poley, pockwood, tree. Rose-wood, rue. savin. saxifrage. time. vine.*

Childing women good for. *Almond. bittersweet. coffee, date. cotton grassee. leadwort medlars. plowmans spikenard, primroses. quinces. savory.*

Childing women hurtfull to. *birthwort, dittany, dragons, mustard, sowbread, spikenard.*

Childing

Childing womens symptoms, *see the same.*

Chilnesse.

Chincough to cure. *Herb two pence. juniper. maffe. nettle.*

Chion, *see* Cion, or staphyre.

* Chironia, *see* Ulcers rebellious.

Chœras, *see* Strumes.

Choler and flegme to purge. *Alder black. aloes. bind-weed. birthwort. bryony. buglosse. campion. centory. citruls wild. cockle. cucumbers wild. dodder. elder tree. endive. fennel. wall ferne. fleawort. flower de luce. gladdon stinking. glasswort. gourds. herb terrible. hellebore black. hops. hedge byssop. Indian purger. S. Johns wort. jujubes. lettuce. lungwort. maudlin. mercury. mezereon. milkwort. mirobalan tree. mustard. palma Christi. park leaves. periwinkle. plumbs. pom-pion. primrose. pudding pipe. quinces. rose. rubarb. rupturewort. sebesten tree. sene. spurge stonecrop. sycomore. tamarind. time. tormentil. tornefole. violet. whortle berries. widdowwaile. woad.*

Choller black and burnt to purge. *Barley. sene.*

Choller to repress. *Alkanet. earth chesnut. citruls. currans. docks. firre tree. hempseed. pomecitron. pomegranates. sorrel.*

Cholerrick passion, *see* Fellony.

Choller dry.

Choller moist.

Chorea Sancti Viti. *see* Vitus dance.

Chordapsus, *see* Iliack passion.

Choller generating. *Sperage. walnuts.*

Chymethla. *see* Kibes, or chilblaines.

Chymosis, *see* Chemosis.

Cicatrices.

Cyphosis, *see* Curmp-backtness.

Cyrtofis, *see* Cyphosis.

Cion, *see* Gargareen.

Cionis, *see* Staphyle.

Cirsocele, *see* Cods rupture.

Cirfos, *see* Varices.

Citra, & Citrosa, see Womens longing.

Clavus, see Co:nes.

Cleansing. Aromaticall reed. barley. beane. bettony. birthwort. broom. bryony. cabbage. capers. cats taile. celandine. centory. charlock. cicches. citruls wild. clary. colewort. dock. cresses. crosswort. cucumbers. cummin. daffodil. dandelion. dittany. docks. dodder. dropwort. eimetree. felwort. feverfew. firre tree. foxgloves. friers cowle. germander. gessemine. gillossflowers. glassewort. golden rod. herb frankincense. hops. english hyacinth. S. James's wort. ivy. larch tree. lavender. lilly. lungwort. lupine. madwort. mercury. mony flower. motherwort. mouse eare. mulberries. mullein. navelwort. nettle. nightshade. nutmeg. orpine. park-leaves. parsnep. peaches. pease. pellitory. plane tree. pockwood tree. pompion. prickwood. radish. riel. rose. rubarb. Saint Catharines flower. sampire. sanicle. savory. saxifrage. sene. smallage. sope wort. southernwood. sperage. spurge. tabacco. tamarisk. teasel. thistle. time. tree of life. turmerick. turpentine tree. vetch. vine. woad. woodroof. wormwood. yarrow.

Clefts, see Chaps.

Cloth to dye. Woad. beane. sumach.

Cloths to preserve from moths. see Garments.

Cods wounds.

Cods tallow like matter, and rupture.

Cods, see Testicles.

Cods excoriation and itching.

Cods gangreen and ulcers.

Cods ruptures and extention.

Cœliack passion see Cœliack

Cœlomata, see Eyes deep abscesse.

Collick of wind to ease. Adonis flower. agrimony. almonds. angelica aniseed. apricock. aromaticall reed. artichock avens. balme app'e. balsame. barley. bawm. beares eare. bettony. bezar tree. bryony. bucks horne. cabbage. cammomil. carawaies. carrot. wild. centory. cherries black. cinnamon. citruls wild. cranes bill. cummin. currans. daffodil. daisie. dancwort.

wort, dogs tooth. eglantine, elder tree. feaverfew, felwort, flag, flax, fleabane, frankincense galingall, gal tree, gaddon stinking, goats rue, groundsel. hartwort. hawkweed, hawthorne, herb true love, wholesome helmetflower, hempseed, holly. Jack by the hedge. lavender, lawrell lupine. masterwort mastick tree, medesweet, millet, moluccas tree, mosse, mouse-eare, mullein. navew. nutmeg, nuts, oates, onions. palma Christi, parsley, peach tree, pondweed. radish, ribwort, rue. saffron, sawwort, saxifrage, sowbrad, sumach. Tabacco, tamariske, thistle, toothwort. vine, willow, wolfs bane. yarrow. zedoary.

Coitures symptomes.

Collick causing: Apples. blites. cresses. dates. Nuts;

Colliquation, see Consumption.

Cold members to refresh. Anemonie. cloves. flower gentle. lavender, palma christi, penny royall. Rue. tarragon, thistle. vine. woodbind.

Colds, coughs & hoarseness to cure, Ague tree, almonds, angelica, apricock, aromaticall reed. balsame, bean, betony, borage, bryony, bucks beane buglosse. catmint, prickly cedar, centory, chesnut, cinquefoile, clarie, coffec, coltsfoot, cotton plant, coxcomb, cresses, cumfrey, currans, cypress. daffidill, danewort, dittany. elecampane. fennel, figs, flagge, flax, fleawort, frankincence. Spanish galingale, germander, ginger, gladdon stinking, goates thorne, graines of paradise. hartwort, hawkweed, henbane white, holly rose. horse foot, horse taile. Jack by the hedge. Jewes thorne, jujubes, juniper. lark-spar, laserwort, liquorice. Maydenhaire, mosse, mouseare. oates, oily pulse, onions, oranges. parsley, peaches, pepper, pine tree, rocket, rue, rush. saffron, sage, sensitive herb, sandew, swallow-wort. Tabacco, time, toothwort, trefoile, turnep, turpentine. valerian, vine, violet. wirtle berries. zedoary.

Colour abating in maidens faces. Oates.

Colour good to cause. Archangell. cherries black, cinnamon. fennel. galingale. horehound. lacca tree, larch tree. maiden baire. oxeye. palma Christi. rubarb. saxifrage, smthistle, vetch, vine.

Colours

Colours to fasten. *Egyptian thorne.*

Columella, *see* Uvula.

Colts evill to cure. *Lettuce.*

Coma or heavy sleepiness. *Vine.*

Combustion, *see* Burning.

Comitiall disease. *see* Epilepsie.

Concepcion hindering. *Mint. miltwast. vetch.*

Conception to cause. *Cacao tree. carrot wild. catmint. cow wheat. darnell.*

Concoction. *see* Digestion.

Condylomata. *see* Fundament swelling.

Congelation. *see* Catalepsie.

Consumptions to cure. *Aniseed. arrowhead. balsame. barley. burdock. cabbage. cacao tree. china. cicely. cullions. goatesbeard. hellebore. larch tree. liquorice. melons, mosse. mouse eare. vine.*

Contractions, convulsions and shrunk sinews to cure. *Aniseed. aromaticall reed. asphodill. balme apple. balsame. bay. beaves eare. bettony. birthwort. calamint. camels hay. capers. carrot stinking. coffee. cowslips. danewort. elecampane. felwort. flower de luce. gladdon stinking. goates rue. harts ease. sea holly. S. Johns wort. mallow. marjerome. masterwort. mastick. mistle. motherwort. oxlips. plowmans spikennard, pock wood tree. rosemary. sage. thistle. time. valerian.*

Contusion. *see* Bruises.

Contraction or convulsion causing. *Crowfoot.*

Contraction of the body backwards or opisthomonos to cure. *S. Johns wort. thistle.*

Cophasis. *see* Deafness.

Copos, *see* Weariness.

Corrugation of the eye, *see* it's Tabes.

Coryza, *see* Pose.

Corpulency to hinder, *see* Leanness to cause.

Corns to take away. *blite. houseleek. laserwort. lillie. willow.*

Cosmetically, *see* Deformities to cure.

Costiveness to help. *Almonds. apples. apricock. mercury:*
See Belly to loosen.

Coughs old and dry to remedy. *Agrimony. alexander.*
almonds.

almonds. aniseed. asphodil. bryony. calamint. carrots.
of candy. cherries black. coffee. cummin. elecampane.
elme. fennel. filberds. flower de luce. fluellin. garlic.
germander. hasell tree. hore hound. hyssop. juniper.
larch tree. liquorice. marjerome. mullein. myrtle. pel-
litory. pine. plowmans spikenard. radish. scabious.
spinach.

Coughs causing or hurtfull to Darnel. walnuts.

Courses of women to provoke. Alexander. almonds.
aloes. anemonie. angelica. aromaticall reed. asara-
bacca. asphodil. basil. bay. beares eares. birthwort.
bishops weed. brooklime. bryony bulleis. butchers broom.
butter burre. calamint. cammels hay. cammomil.
capers. carrot wild. catmint. centory. chaste tree.
chervil. cicely. ciches wild. cinnamon. citruls wild.
cocks head. coleworts. costus. cresses. currans. cypresse.
dane wort. darnel. dittander. dodder. dragons.
endive. felwort. feaverfew. fig tree. filberds. flag.
toad-flax. fleabane. flower de luce. galingale. garlic.
germander. gillossflowers. gladden stinking. goose
berries. groundpine. groundsell. hares eares. hasell nuts.
hawes. herb frankincense. sea holly. hony wort. hops.
horehound. horse taile. horse tongue. housleek. Saint
James's wort. Saint Johns wort. laser wort. lawrell.
leeks. lettuce. lovage. lupine. madder. marigold.
marjerome. mock-privet. molly. mosse. motherwort.
mugwort. mullein. mustard. navew. oily pulse. onions.
parsly. parsnep pennyroyal. piony. plowmans spikenard.
poley. radish. rose mary. rubarb. rae. saffron. sage.
Saint Katharines flower. sampire. savin savory.
sawwort. saxifrage. smallage. southernwood. spignel.
staves acre. storax. swallow-wort. tamarisk. tansie.
thistle. time. turnsole. trefoile. turmerick. valerian.
vine; wake robin, wolfs bane.

Courses to stop. Adders tongue. barberries. basil. bur-
net. cumfrey. darnel red. dragon tree. Egyptian.
thorne. golden rod. juniper ivy. ladies mantle.
lavender. lentils, loose strife. mallow. medlars
mint.

mint. moonwort. mosse. nightshade. oake. periwinkle.
 plantain. pockwood tree. pomegranats. poppy. pudding
 pipe. purple wort. quinces. rattle. ribwort. rubarb.
 russ. sanicle. saunders. snakeweed. spikenard. teasell.
 woundwort. yarrow.

Courses flowing with pain few and ill.

Crablice to kill. Aloes.

Cramps to ease. Asphodill. basil. bay. beares breech. bet-
 tony. birthwort. calamint. cammomil. carrot stinking.
 catmint. prickly cedar. centory. costus. dane wort.
 dodder. elecampane. fetwort. fennel. flower de luce.
 garlick. gesemine. goats rue. herb frankincense. sea
 holly. juniper. laserwort. mallow. morjerome. master-
 wort. mastick. mistletoe. mosse. motherwort. mullein.
 olives. pennyroyal. parslain. rosemary. saffron. sowthern-
 wood. tobacco. thistle. turpentine. vine. virgins bower.
 woodbind. wolfs bane.

Crapula, see Surfeiting.

Criche, see Hordeol.

Crudities, see Digestion to help.

Cruor resolving. Vine.

Crump. backtness.

Crystalli.

Crusta lactea, see Lacteal crust.

Colebras de Capillo's poyson to resist. Bezar tree.

Cuts to heale. Sopewort. tobacco. valerian.

Cynanthe, see Quinsey.

Cynical spaine, see Convulsion of the face.

Cyllois, see Distortion.

D.

D Andriffe to cleanse. Ash. Fenugreek. garlick. ju-
 niper. laserwort. myrtle. oily pulse. periwinkle.
 planetree. prickwood. reed. Saint Katharines.
 flower. thistle. vetch. virgins bower. wheat. wolfs bane.

Dalymma, see Eyes itching.

Dasytis, see Eyelids asperity.

Deadly. Ash. bead tree. bread of India. coriander.
 frankincense.

Frankincense. glasswort, goosefoot. herb Christopher, helmet flower, henbane. holly. juniper. night shade. nuts vomiting. poppy. rosebay. spearwort. thistle, wolfs bane. yew tree.

Dead bodies to preserve. *Cedar, citrulls wild.*

Deafness to help. *Angelica, bay, citrulls wild, colewort, hellebore, holly, ivy, pockwood tree. savory, sene, tabacco, thistle walnuts, wormwood.*

Deafnesse causing. *Poppy.*

De bruën to cure. *see Tongues blacknesse.*

Deere &c. hurt to cure. *Dittany.*

Defluxions on the joynts to stop. *Broom. Costive tree, coffee, eglantine, egyptian thorne, ground pine. henbane white, horehound. thistle. wheat.*

Deformities to cure. *Betony, birthwort, bryony, butter-barre, calves snout, costus, cucumbers, fig tree, figwort, flagee, toad flax, gladdon stinking, holly rose, leadwort. mustard, oily pulse, periwinkle, pompion, rampion, Salamans seale, thistle, vine, virgins bower, wake Robin, willow, woodbind.*

Delivery, *see Child birth.*

Demoniacs.

Delirium, *see Dotage.*

Deperdition, *see Abortion.*

Deprehention, *see Cataleptic.*

Detrition, *see Laxation of the Cods.*

Diacodium, *see Poppy.*

Dispenidion, *see Reed.*

Diaphragma's discales.

Diaspoliticum, *see Cumin.*

Diabetes, *see Urine to stop.*

Diaphoretick, *see Sweating to cause.*

Diarrhæa, *see Lask without inflammation.*

Diastremma, *see Luxation.*

Difficulty of the intestines, *see Dysentery.*

Dichophya, *see Haires cleaving.*

Digestion easie of. *backwheat. lettuce. rubarb. skirrets. vine.*

Digestion hard of. *Basil, beane, chestnut. dates. pease. earthenuts*

earthnuts. flax. hazel nuts. hempseed. jujubes. lupine.
melon. nuts. oake. oily pulse, pine. pomecitron. rie. saf-
fron. vetch. vine. walnuts.

Digestion and concoction to help. Angelica. balsame.
bawm. cacao tree. capers. carrawaie. cinnamon. cloves.
coriander. eglantine. elecampane. felwort. galingale.
ginger. Jack by the hedge. Indian purger. Indian leaf.
larch tree. lovage. master-wort. mint. mustard. peares.
pepper. radish. rampion. rocket. rose. sampire. tarragon.
vine.

Digesting. Burdock. camels hay. cammomil, charlock.
chickweed. ciches wild. coffee. S. Peters corne. dra-
gons. dyers weed. elder tree. fennel. flagge. garlick.
ginger. gladdon stinking. goldilocks. groundsell. herb
frankincense. heath. holly rose. lilly. lions leaf. mad-
wort. mallowes. marigold. masterwort. mastick. mercury.
mosse. mullein. nettle. olives. oile. oranges. parsnep.
pasqueflower. pease. pepper. pine. radish. rie. rosebay.
saffron. saxifrage. storax. terragon. tree of life. trefoile.
turmerick. turpentine tree. vine. violets. walnuts whit-
low grasse, wound tree. zedoary.

Dimnesse of the sight to cure. Daisy. ginger. horehound.
ivy. lettuce. pepper. pimperl. rosemary. sowbread.
stitchwort. teasel. trefoile. wormwood.

Dipsacos, see Diabete.

Diseases from cold to cure. Ague tree. all heale. balsame.
bay. bindweed, bryony. catmint. cinnamon. citruls wild.
coleworts. cucumber wild. dodder. felwort. fennel.
galingale. garlick. ginger. goutwort. hellebore. sea holly.
hedge hyssop. juniper. knotgrasse. maliow, master wort.
millet. mustard. nutmeg. palma Christi, pellitory. peri-
winkle. pockwood tree. rosemary. rubarb. sawwort.
vine.

Diseases that are contagious to cures birthwort. ca'a-
thian violet. dittany. figge tree. fluellin. garlick. juni-
per. limmon. master wort. navew. pomecitron. snak-
weed. thistle. tormentil. violet. whortle-berries.
zedoary.

Diseases tartareous and from fixt salt. vine.

Diseases

Diseases dangerous to preserve from. Citruls wild.
goats rue. nuts. trefoile.

Diseases inveterate to cure. Fennel. goats beard. worm-
wood.

Diseases putrid to cure. Cloud berry.

Diseases that are hot to temper. Fleawort. knotgrasse.
mallow. nuts. oranges. pudding pipe. purslain. shepheards
purse. tamarinds.

Diseases occult, and malignant. Vine.

Dislocation, see Luxation.

Dissolution, see Fainting.

Distention, see Convulsion.

Distillations that are rheumatick to cure. Arrow-head.
flower gentle. gessemine. goats thorne. henbane. horse-
taile. ironwore. juniper. ivy. knapweed. knotgrasse.
liquorice. mastick tree. maudlin mosse. plantain. plow-
mans spikenard. plumbs. poppy. rose. rosemary. rupture
wort. S. Katharines flower. spignel. spikenard. stonecrop.
storax. sumach. tabacco. thee. valerian. zedoary.

Diuretick, see Urine to provoke.

Dizziness, see Heads giddiness.

Dogs, wolves &c. to kill. Bead tree. dogs bane. wolfs-
bane.

Dogs mad, their bitings to cure. Almonds. bawme betto-
ny. box. burdock. calathian violet. danewort. eglantine.
elder tree. felwort. sea dogs grasse. horehound stin-
king. hounds tongue. ironwort. madwort. mercury.
mint. onion. pimpernell. plane tree. sene. starwort.
swallowwort. thistle. vine. walnuts. wheat. yarrow.

Dorag.

Dothien, see Fellon.

Draconculus, see Dragon.

Dragon of the sea its biting to cure. Wormwood.

Drawing plants. Broom. costus. daffodil. fennel. flag.
melilot. misletoe. mustard. pease. pepper. pimpernell. rye.
shepheards needle. trefoile. wheat.

Dreames troublesome causing. Henbane. leeks. lentils
vine.

Dreames troublesome to prevent. Aniseed. bawme
calves snout, pyony.

Dreame

Dreams vehement to prevent. *Lilly.*

Drink to season. *Hops.*

Drop-pissing, see strangury.

Drop sic to cure. *Agrimony, ague tree, aniseed, aromaticall reed, arrow head, asarabacca, ash, barley, basil, bay, bean, bettony, bindweed, bittersweet, brooklime, broom, bryony, camels hay, cammamil, carrot wild, great celandine, centory, chaff tree, china, ramme ciches, coffee, confound, cucumber wild, danewort, dittany, elder tree, fennell, figs, foal flax, flower de luce, fluellin, galingale, garlick, glasswort, grasse, ground pine, hawkweed, hawes, hellebore, sea holly, hedge hyssop, lacca tree, laser wort, lawrell, lentils, lily, marjerome, master wort, maudlin, miltwaft, moluccas tree, moonwort, mosse, mouse-eare, navel-wort, onion, orach, palma christi, parfly, penny oyall, pepper, pimperl, plantaine, pock wood tree, poley mountaine, pomegranates, rubarb, rue, saffron, sage, savoury, sneezwort, sowewort, spurge, starwort, swallowwort, tabacco, tamarinds, tamarisk, thistle, trefle, turbith, turmeric, vine, vipers grasse, virgins bower, widdow-waile, and worme-wood.*

Drowsy evill, see Lethargy. *Saffron.*

Drunkenesse to cause. *Cow wheat, darne!, gaul tree, haver grasse, rosemary, sowbread.*

Drunkennesse to preserve from. *Almonds, bay, coleworts, lettuce, myrtle, worme-wood.*

Dulness and heaviness to remove. see Spirits to quicken.

Dugs, see Breasts.

Dumbness to help.

Dysentery, see Lask or bloody flux.

Dyspeptick, see Digestion.

Dysæsthesia, see Dulness of sense.

Dysphonia, see voice wanting.

Dysthymia, see Sadness.

Dystichiasis, see Hairs pricking the eye.

C c

Dyspnœa

Dyspnœa, see Wheezing.

Dysury or difficulty of urine, see Strangury.

E.

E Ares pain and noise to help. *Apricock, aspen, asphodel, basil, bay, bettony, capers, cedar, citruls wild, clivers, coriander, danewort, dittary, elder tree, fennel, gourds, hemp seed, holly rose, ivy, leeks, lungwort, marjerome, melilot, moluccas tree, oily pulse, onion, parsley, peach, pellitory, pipe, plantain, rubarb, rue, storax, tamariske, woodroof.*

Eares inflammation.

Eares obstruction.

Eares, things fallen into them.

Eares wounds.

Eares sores to cure. *Aniseed, boxthorn, cedar, hops, ivy, mint, mistletoe, oily pulse, parsnep, periwinkle, saffron.*

Eares running to cure. *Ivy, knapweed, myrtle, pitch tree, shepheards purse, sumach, wormwood.*

Eares keruels to cure. *Archangel, beane, figs, millet, mistletoe.*

Eares impostumes to cure. *Agrimony, cresses, sea holly, hops.*

Eares wormes to kill. *Arsmart, calamint, cedar, fennel, teasel.*

Eares hurtful to, *Plane tree, poppy.*

Eczemata, see Carbuncles.

Entropion, see Eyelids inversion.

Echymema, see Bruises.

Epiepismos, see Falling of the eye.

Echos, see Tyrismus.

Eplexis, see Feare great.

Epiepisma, see Eyes falling out.

Ecstasie, or Astonishment. see Catocle.

Echymata, see Exanthemata.

Ecptosis, see Luxation.

Efflorations, see Pusshes.

Elephantiasis, see Leprosie.

- Elcos, see Ulcer.
 Elminthes, see Wormes.
 Emerick, see Vomiting to provoke.
 Empyema, or apostume of the breast.
 Emphraxis, see Obstruction.
 Emphiscema, see Inflation of the eye lids.
 Emprosthotos, see Convulsion forewards.
 Empneumatosis, see Inflation.
 Entrails, see Bowels.
 Enterocoele or ruptures in children to cure. *Beares ears,*
butterwort, cats taile, coralwort. ducks meat, flag,
liver wort, maiden haire, moohwort, mouse-eare,
sweet trefoile.
 Encanthis, see Knob in the corner of the eye.
 Enterepinlocele, see Enterocoele &c.
 Enthusiasme.
 Epilepsie, see Falling sickness.
 Ephialtes, see Nightmare.
 Epiphora, see Eys watering.
 Eparmata, see swelling behind the eares.
 Ephelis, see sunburning.
 Epicauma, see Eyes cloud.
 Epinyclides, see Night wheals.
 Epiphora, see Eyes watering. &c.
 Epiplocele, see Entrails falling into the cods.
 Epiplocephalon, see falling out of the caul at the navil.
 Episcarcidium, see Anasarca.
 Epulis, see Gums flesh luxuriant.
 Eruptions, see Pushes.
 Eroticos furor, see Love sickness.
 Erysipelas rose, holy, or S. Anthonies fire to cure. *Al-*
kanet. ducks meat, goose berries. See Tumours hot
and S. Anthonies fire.
 Esthiomenos, see Woolf.
 Escars to take away. *Lentils.*
 Espinlas. *Olive.*
 Essere, see Epinyclis or nightwheal.
 Euchymick, see Juice good of.
 Eupepricz, see Digestion easie of.

Exanthemata, see Pustles.

Exarticulation, see Luxation.

Exomphalos, see Navel burstincke.

Exuccation, see Bruises.

Exarthrema, see Luxation.

Exiture, see Impostumes.

Excoriated bowels to cure. *Orpine, trefoile.*

Excoriation, see Gauling.

Excrementitious. *Beanes. dogs tooth. elecampane. flax. hase! nuts. satyrion.*

Excreescencies, see Wens.

Exhilerating, see Mirth to cause.

Exulcerating things to the skin. *Batchelours buttors.celandine. crowfoot. garlick, myrtle. navelwort. pasque-flower. spearewort. stonecrop. sundew.*

Eyefight to quicken. *Angelica. aromatical reed. balsame. basil. baym. box-thorne. buckwheat. carrawates. celandine. centory. cherries black. cinnamon. clarie. cloves. coffee. coleworts. coxcomb. dodder. elecampane. eye-bright. fennel. germander. goats thorne. hawkweed. herb frankincense. heath lavender. lovage. mede-sweet. meli'or. nutmeg. olive. onion. parsley. pennyroyal. pepper. rue. savory. saxifrage. sene. tobacco. tamarisk. valerian. vine. vipers graspe. wake Robin. zedoary.*

Eye-sight depraved.

Eyes apple dilated.

Eyes aqueous humor amisse.

Eyes crySTALLINE humor amisse.

Eyes glazen humour amisse.

Eyes dazzeling.

Eyes apple narrow.

Eyes consumption.

Eyes inflamed red, or blood shot to cure. *Anemonie. blew bottle. cherry-bay, clary, cucumber wild. cummin. daisy. ducks meat. Egyptian thorne, elder tree. endive, eye bright. felwort. toad flax. fluellin. gourd., housleek. indian leaf, ivy. larke-sparre. lentils. leopards bane. lilly. marigold. marjerome. medesweet.*

medesweet. mosse. mullein. myrtle. oily pulse. olive tree.
 plantain. plowmans spikenard. poley. pompion. poppy.
 rosewood. southernwood. sowbread. starwort. tansie.
 teasel. trefoile. violet. wolfs-bane. yarrow.

Eyes falling out.

Eyes itching.

Eyes muscles amisse.

Eyes opening hurt.

Eyes that are bleer and watering to cure. Basil. bucks
 horne. calves snout. clary daisy. draggon tree. flag.
 flax grasse. honywort. horehound. mint. mosse. pine.
 plane tree plowmans spikenard. pock wood tree. rose.
 tamarisk. thee. wheat.

Eyes paine and weaknes to help. Aloes. asphodil.
 basil. citruls wild. clarie. corne. fenugreek herb
 frankincense. herb true love. hemlock. ivy. leopards
 bane. mallow. marigold. mullein. sorrowful tree. tre-
 foile. vervain. wheat. wolves bane.

Eyes pearle, filme or web to take away. Apples. bal-
 same. beane. calves snout. centory. clarie. cloves. dates.
 dragons. germander. ginger. horehound. Indian leafe.
 ivy. liquorice. melilot. reed. sowbread. stitchwort. ta-
 bacco. thistle. trefoile.

Eys distillations into to stay. Adders tongue. ague tree.
 basil. balleis. caltrops. cummin. groundsel. herb
 frankincense. henbane white. Saint James wort.
 mosse. poley. saunders. sorrowfull tree. tabacco.
 wheat.

Eyes spots to take away. Anemonie. dragons. goats
 thorne. ivy. melilot. mosse. poppy. trefoile. willow.

Eyes fretting sores in the corners to heale. Boxthorne.
 buckhorne. coleworts. coffee. felwort. frankincense.
 lettuce. pimpernel. pine.

Eyes fistula & gilops to cure. Corne, fryers cowle. haver
 grasse. walnuts.

Eyes hurts and blows to cure. Aniseed. bean. cedar.
 eye-bright. knapweed. poppy. vipers grasse.

Eyes swollen out to help. Bramble. mullein.

Eyes to preserve from pox and measles. *Saffron.*

Eyes hurtfull to. *Darnel, leeks, onions, plane tree, poppy, toadstooles.*

Eyes, things fallen into them.

Eyes yellowness. *Horehound.*

Eye-lids wheales and scabs to cure. *Dates, goats thorne.*

Eye-brows haire to take away. *Fumitory.*

Eye-brows bare to help. *Dates, pine.*

Eye-lids ruggedness, *Aloes.*

Eye-lids burning and itching.

Eye-lids blackness, and blewness and blows.

Eye-lids cancer.

Eye-lids coalition.

Eye-lids motion hurt.

Eye-lids lousiness.

Eye-lids calosity and contraction, and confusion, and nodes.

Eye-lids inversion.

Eye-lids instability.

Eye lids wounds.

F.

FAcies red to cure. *Bettony, cucumber, lovage, strawberries, tabacco.*

Face and skin to cleanse & make smooth. *Almonds, apples, basil, costus, dittander, elme, glasse wort, water hemp, hops, juniper, lilly, limmons, lovage, lupine, mastick tree, mosse, oake, pellitory, pine, radish, rocket, sowbread, southwistle, strawberries, tabacco, tamarinds, teasel, trefoile, woodbind.*

Fainting, see Swouning.

Falling sicknesse to cure. *Aniseed, arrowhead, aspen, bettony, birthwort, borrag, box, bryony, cammock, carnations, cherries black, cinquefoile, citruls wild, currans, dittany, dodder, dogs tooth, dropwort, fennel, figi, fleabane, foxgloves, goats rue, goldilocks, grains of paradise, ground pine, groundsel, harts ease, hartwort, huseletree, hellebore, sea holly, English hyacinth. Indian purger.*

purger, juniper, larch tree, laserwort, lavender, leopard's bane, line tree, madder, marjoram, masterwort, mastick tree, misseltoe, moluccas tree, mony flower, mosse, monseare, mustard, nuts, parslly, parsnep, pease, pellitory, pennyroyall, piony, pockwood tree, purslaine, rue, satyrion, sene, sopewort, spatling poppy, spearage, starwort, sundew, swallowwort, time, trefoile, vetch, vine violet, vipers graspe.

Falling sicknesse causing and hurtfull to. *Smallage, vine.*

Fat to cause. *Cacao tree, fennugreek, lentils, nutmeg, oily pulse. palma christi, vine, zedoary.*

Fals from on high, see Bruises.

Fascination. see witch craft.

Favus, see Achores.

Feare in sleep.

Felony, see Vomiting of choller.

Fevers to cure. *Blew-bottle, dandelion diuels bit, dodder, Egyptian cocks foot graspe, hares foot, herb twopence, hedge hyssop, lacca tree, marigold, mercury, pine, pondweed, purslaine, rose, snakeweed, thistle, vine, willow, wormwood.*

Fevers burning to cure. *Adders tongue, almonds, aspen tree, barley, borrage, butter burre, costive tree, crowfoot, currans, daisie, dandelion, dates, endive, flag, hasel tree, lilly, limmon, pomecitron, pudding pipe, rose, tamarinds, violet, walnuts.*

Feaver continual.

Fevers pestilential to cure. *Angelica, bay tree, bishops weed, burnet, butter burre, carnations, china, dragons, ducksmear, fluellin, jujubes, juniper, saffron, scabious, sorrel, walnuts, wormwood.*

Feaver sweating of England.

Fevers putrid to cure. *Bittersweet, citruls wild. elecampane, jujubes, tamarinds.*

Fevers hestick to cure. *Barley, bugle, china, consound, cullions, rose, sene.*

Fevers intermittent to cure. *Masterwort, tamarinds, thistle, vine.*

Feaver Hungarick.

Fevers to prevent. *Oranges.*

Fevers causing. *Cherries. melon. pepper. vine. yew tree.*

Feaver spotted.

Feets runing ulcers to cure. *Nettle;*

Fellons and venome to cure. *Arsmart. asphodil. bitter sweet. buglosse. cresses. herb true love. Jews thorne. mulberries. smallage. wheat. whortle berries.*

Ficus and Ficatio, see Piles.

Fire, see Burning and scalding.

Fish to catch. *Blite. teasell.*

Fish killing *Spurge.*

Fish diseased to refresh. *Parsley.*

Fish prickles to defend against. *Sea feather.*

Fistula's, see ulcers hallow and fistulous &c.

Fissure, see Clefts or chaps.

Flatulency, see windinesse.

Flatuos disease, see Hypochondriacks.

Fleas to kill and drive away. *Arsmart. caltrops. flea-bane fleawort.*

Flegme salt to purge. *Cucumber. gessemine. liquorice. saffron. sowbread.*

Flegme tough to expectorate. *Sharp apples. figs. flax. fox glove. goldilocks. hyssop. Jack by the hedge. la ca. larch tree. lawrel. leeks. liquorice. mallow. marigold. mastick. maiden haire. melilot. mint. mugwort mustard. nettle. palma christi. parsnep. pasquestflower. pitch. poppy. pudding pipe. sage. sanicle. savory. scurvy grassee. sensitive herb. spatling poppy. staves acre. tarragon. thistle. time. turbith. verch. vine. violet. woodbind. woodrof.*

Flegme to purge. *Alder black. a'heale. anemone. bind-weed. birthwort. bryony. butchers broom. butterwort. citruls wild. turkey cresse. daffodil. dodder. elder tree. elme. endive. fennel. ferne of the wall. feverfew. fox gloves fumitory gladdon stinking. gourds. hawkweed.*
herb

herb terrible, hellebore black, henbane yellow. holly berries. hops. hyssop.

Flesh to beget. Sea holly.

Flesh proud to take away. Dates. glasse wort. oak. poppy.

Flesh loose and moist to cause. Turneps.

Flix, see Flux.

Flowers, see Courses.

Fluctuation.

Fluxion, see Astringents.

Flies, gnats wasps, &c. to drive away. Cypresse. flea-bane. loofestriife. lupine. wormwood.

Flux of the belly and humours to stop. Apples acid. bares eare. beets red. blite. blood wort. box thorne. box. bramble. buglosse. burnet. cacao tree. champion. prickly cedar, cinquefoile. cockshead. coralworts. coriander. cornel tree. costive tree. cranes bil. cudweed. dandelion, darnel dragon tree pease. earth nut. fen-ny stones. filbeards. flag. fleawort. flower de luce. fluellin. frankincense. gals. mountain germander. gladden stinking. goats thorne. golden rod. Ethiopian gourd. hares foot. harts tongue. herb two pence. holly. holly rose honnywort. borehound. Jews thorne. iron wort. knapweed. knotgrasse. ladies mantle. laserwort. milkwort. mirobalan. mosse. nightshade. nuts. orpine. peaches. periwinkle. pimpernel. plantaine. plowmans spikenard. pompion. priver. purslaine. quince. rice. rose wood. rupture wort. rush. sensitive herb. services. shepheards purse. Solomons scale. spike-nard. stonecrop. strawberry. bay. vine. wheat. willow. wintergreen. wormwood. zedoary. see Lask.

Flux bloody to stay. Adders tongue. agrimony. aloes. apples. barberries. bean. bears eare. bulleis. burnet. chesnuts. cinquefoile. cornel tree. cowslips. currans. darnel. dates dry. dock. fennel. fenugreek. fluell n. frankincense. water germander. harts tongue. basel nuts. herb two pence. holly rose. horse taile. hoaf-leek. English hyacinth. lilly. line tree. loofestriife. madder. mallow. mastick tree. maudlin. mede-sweet. moon wort. mosse. mulberries. mullein. myrtle.

oake, oxlips, peares, periwinkle, plantaine, pomegranats, quinces, rattle, rosemary, rubarb, sanicle, self heale, services, shepheards purse, snakeweed, sorrel, strawberries, tansie, thistle, tormentil, trefoile, vine & hortle-berrie. yarrow.

Flux bloody causing. *Bindweed.*

Fœtus, see Birth and child.

Folly.

Formica see Warts.

Foxes evill, see Alopecia.

Foxes to kill, *Dogs bane.*

Fowles to fatten. *Millet.*

Foreheads pain to ease. *Self heale.*

Forgetfulness to cure, see Memory to strengthen.

Fractures, see Bones broken.

Frœnum coalition.

Freckles to take away, see Spots &c.

French pox to cure. *Ague tree, aloes, box tree, china, cloves, danewort, dodder, fennel, fumitory, harts ease, sea holly, hops, hounds tongue, Indian purger, miltwaft, mirobalan tree, pellitory, pockwood tree, privet, sage, sopewort, southernwood, tobacco, tamariske, thistle, tormentil, turbitb, vine, vipers graspe.*

Frensie, or madnesse in feavers to cure. *Aromaticall reed, bettony, borrag, chaff tree, dodder, fenel, bellsbore, parsnep, prim rose, rubarb, saffron, sene, teasel, time.*

Frensie or madnesse causing. *Frankincense, nightshade. vine.*

Frettings or gallings of the skin to cure. *Ferne, pine, samach, tobacco. toadstools.*

Frets in children to help. *Grounsel, hartwort.*

Frog under the tongue.

Fucus's for the face. *Alkanet.*

Fumes and vapours to repress. *Coriander, garlic, thee.*

Fumes causing. *Cow wheat, letks, vine.*

Fundaments convulsion,

Fundaments itch.

Fundament's

Fundaments imperforation.

Fundaments discales to cure. *Myrtle, saffron.*

Fundaments chaps and galling to heale. *Box thorne, chaste tree, gilliflowers, gladdon stinking, mallow, pitch tree, teasel, wheat.*

Fundaments heat and paines to allay. *Balme apple, cumfrey, gals, groundsel, herb frankincense, lentils, rue, sowthistle, starwort, violet.*

Fundaments palsey.

Fundaments warts and knots to cure. *Bramble, horehound stinking, pitch tree, vine.*

Fundaments fistulas and ulcers to cure. *Fenugreek, mint, teasel.*

Fundaments falling or exiture to remedy. *Drunken date tree, ducks meat, gals, mastick tree, blew pimperl, starwort, violet.*

Fundament causing to fal. *Red pimperl.*

Fundaments wormes.

Fundaments stupidity.

Fungi. *Savin.*

Furfuration, see Scurse.

Furunculus, see Fellon.

Fury, or madness of blood. *Coffee, saffron.*

Fury of Love.

Fury of the womb.

G.

G All to open. *Asarabacca, bitter-sweet, bugle, calamint, celandine, centory, endive, hempseed, rubarb, saffron.*

Gals overflowing, see Jaundise to cure.

Galling of the skin, see Fretting. &c.

Ganglium, see Wens.

Gangrens to cure. *Cumfrey, darnel, goats rue, henbane, Jack by the hedge, lupine, nettle, sumach, turbit, vetch vine, walnuts, wheat.*

Gaping,

Gaping, see Yawning.

Garlick or onions smel to take away. *Zedoary.*

Garments to perfume. *India leaf. oake.* See *Perfumes.*

Garments to preserve from moths. *Gaule tree. Indian leaf. oake. plowmans spikenard. pomecitron. rosemary. trefoile. wormwood.*

Gibbosity, see *Crumphastnesse.*

Gemursa, see *Cornes.*

Genitall, see *Yard.*

Glasse to make. *Glasse wort. beech.*

Glanduls, see *Kernels.*

Glans imperforated.

Glabrities, see *Eyelids hair falling off.*

Glaudium, see *Thymus.*

Glaucedo, glaucosis, and glaucoma, see *Eyes fiery rednesse.*

Gnawing of the belly, see *Griping and pain.*

Gnats to kil and drive away. see *Flies. &c.*

Gomphos, see *Cornes.*

Goats hurtful to. *Prickwood.*

Gonorrhœa, see *Reines running.*

Gout in the feet to cure. *Alseed. angelica. archangel. arsmart. aspen. bawm. beane. bears breech broom. buckthorne. burdock. china. coffee. coleworts. coriander. cowslip. daisy. danewort. dittander. elder tree. elme. endive. fennel. figs. flower de luce. germander. gilliflowers. gout wort. haver grassee. herb frankincense. heath. hellebore. hemlock. hemp. henbane. honsleek. lentils. lilly. moluccas tree. mosse. mugwort. mullein. navelwort. nettle. nightshade. onions. palma christi. pellitory penny royall. pockwod tree. pondweed. poppy. purslain. saffron. saunders. sowbread. spleen tree. tarse. thistle. tornesole. trefoile. turbith. turnep. vine. wake robin.*

Gout cold. *Saffron.*

Gout in the hipps, see *Sciatica.*

Grapes to preserve. *Vine,*

Gravel

Gravel, see Stone.

Grando, see Eyelids hailstone.

Gravedo, see Stuffing, or coryza.

Green sicknesse to cure *Asarabacca. broom. cacao tree. centorie. water cresses. marigold. mandlin. rubarb. turmerick. vine.*

Green to dye. *Buckthorne. dyers weed.*

Growth to cause. *Thistle. vine.*

Groin swollen or inflamed to help. *Fennel. figs. flax. gladdon stinking. hares foot. lilly. mistleoe. starwort.*

Gullet, see Throat.

Gums bleeding and wasting.

Gums fistula, see Gums sore &c.

Gums loose and spongie to strengthen. *Drunken date tree. Indian purger. plums, pomegranates. strawberries.*

Gums sore and foul to help. *Beets. boxthorne. bogle. caltrops. gals. groundsel. harts tongue. valerian.*

Gum red in children, see Red-gum. *Groundsell.*

Gums vessicles.

Gunpowders burning heat to help. *Onions. apples. ground ivy.*

Guts plague to cure, *Cacao tree.*

Guts stopt or the Illiack passion to cure. *Ivy. mint. Moluccas tree. pockwood tree. shepheards needle.*

Guts fretting, see Bowels griping

Gutta rosacea, see Sawce flegm full.

Gurgulio, see Uvula.

H.

Hæmoptysis, see Spitting of blood.

Haire causing to grow. *Anemonie. aromaticall reed. asphodil. barley. elme. goldilocks. lilly. Mayden haire. onions. radish. spikenard. thistle. yarrow.*

Haires

Hæmalopa, see Strokes or blowes on the eye.

Hæmadia, see Teeth stupified.

Hæmorrhage, see Bleeding.

Haires cleaving, *Southernwood*.

Haire curling. *Tarrow*.

Haires falling off to stay. *Aloes, Aromatical reed, asphodel, bead tree, eglantine, holly rose, hops, horsefoot, bounds tongue, laserwort, lilly, maiden haire, mustard, myrtle, nettle, peaches, pellitory, quinces, reed, southernwood, sowbread, thistle, vervaine, walnuts, yarrow.*

Haires growth to hinder. *Bean, hyacinth.*

Haire to beautify. *Fennugreek, fleawort, prickwood.*

Haire to take away. *Beane, ferne of the cake, english hyacinth, ivy, mulberries, spurge, swallowwort, turmeric, vine.*

Haire black to make. *Danewort, egyptian thorne, elder tree, ivy, myrtle, cake, sumach, twayblade, wayfaring tree.*

Haires platting, *Bears breech.*

Haires standing up. *Dandelion.*

Haire red to make *Mock privet.*

Haire yellow to colour. *Barberries, burdock, fennel, Kingspeare, loosestrife, mullein, nettle.*

Hands chaps and roughnesse. *Wheat.*

Hare eye.

Harelips.

Hands to defend from burning. *Mercury.*

Hare of the Sea's poyson to cure. *Beares eare, cedar, wolves bane.*

Hawkes wormes to kill. *Celandine.*

Headach to cure. *Almonds, aloes, aromatical reed, basil, beares eare, beet, betony, bindweed, bryony, bulleis, butchers broom, chaff tree, bastard chickweed, china, citruls wild, coffee, cow wheat, cudweed, cummin, dodder, ducks meat, fluellin, frankincense, gowds, hellebore, hops, horeleek, Indian purger, iron wort, larch tree, lavender, lettuce, lilly, medesweet, melilot, mint, mock privet, moluccas tree, mosse, mugwort, myrtle,*

myrtle, night shade, nutmeg, oily pulse, parsnep, pennyroyall, plowmans spikenard, privet, rie, rose, campion, sneesewort, sycomore, tabacco, thee, time, tresoile, vervaine, vine, violet, woodroof.

Heads cold dickeles to cure. Agee tree, asarabacca, avens, basil, bettony, birds eye, cammomil, capers, carrawaies, catmint, cloves, dropwort, feverfew, janiper, lavender, limmons, line tree, marjerome, mosse, nutmegs, onions, oxlips, pellitory, primrose, rosemary, sage, spikenard, time.

Heads dropsie. see Hydrocephalos.

Heads drynesse to help

Heads giddinesse and swimnings to cure. Aniseed, beares eare, beets, box, bryony, catmint, citruls wild, cloves, fennel, feverfew, larch tree, lavender, leopards bane, line tree, may weed, oranges, pellitory, pennyroyall, saffron, tabacco, thistle, time, vine, vipers grasse, wolves bane.

Heads heat to help. Aspen tree, saffron.

Heads moisture to help.

Head to purge. Anemonie, beets, celandine, coleworts, dragons, elder tree, gladdon stinking, grains of paradise, hares eares, Indian purger, ivy, lawrel, marjerome, masterwort, mastick tree, maudlin, mirobalan tree, onions, parsley, pimpernel, rosemary, sene, sneese wort, solomons scale, sowbread, staves acre, vine.

Heads runuing sores to heale. Beanes, fenugreek, ivy, lilly, melilote, mint, onions, rue, vetch.

Heads dry scab and scurf to cure. Asphodil, garlick, lilly, lupines, maiden haire, myrtle, onions, spurge, thistle.

Heads wounds and fractures to heale. Gladdon stinking, henbane yellow, olive tree, pitch tree, woodbind.

Heads heaviness to cure. Vervain, violet.

Heads itching to help. Hyssope.

Head hurtfull to, or causing head ach. Bliter, bramble, camels hay, prickly cedar, danewort, dates, filberds, frankincense, haselnuts, hemyseed, hops, lentils, onions, poley,

poley. rocket. rush. saffron. spignel. strawberries. sunflower. vetch. vine. walnuts.

Heads giddinesse causing. Cow wheat. henbane yellow.
Heads wormes.

Health to preserve. Cacao tree. rice. thee. vine.

Heart to comfort and strengthen against infection.

Aloes. angelica. avens. basil, bawme. borragge. buglosse.
butterbarre. carnations. cinnamon. coffee. cloves.
goats rue. wholesome helmet flower. Indian leaf. jujubes.
lacca tree. lilly. limmon marigold. miltwast. miroba-
lane. mosse. motherwort. oake onions. parsley pome-
citron: rose. rosemary. rubarb. saffron. satyrion.
sene. sorrowfull tree. tree of life. wolfs bane. ze-
da-y.

Hearts affection from the womb, see Palpitation.

Hearts fainting, passions and tremblings to cure. An-

gelica. borragge. burnet. calathian violet. cinnamon.
cloves. endive. galingale. harts tongue. Indian purger.
lavender. marigold. mosse. myrtle. nutmeg. oake. rose.
saffron. saunders. spikenard. strawberries. swallow
wort. vine. vipers grasse willow.

Heart burning to cure. Bramble. lettuce. lungwort. night-
shade. pomegranats. vine.

Hearing and discussing. Bay. cocks head. lupines. mari-
gold. marvil of Peru. pepper. pockwood tree. rocket.
sawwort. southernwood. tabacco. turmerick. turpen-
tine. woodbind wormwood.

Heat of the body to cool. Gourds. larkspur. lilly. lim-
mon. mandrake. mosse. navelwort. olive. panick.
parsley. peares. plantaine. plums. pomegranate. pond-
weed. privet. purslain. quinces. reed. rie. rose. rubarb.
saunders. sensitive herb. snakeweed. sorrel. Stonecrop.
strawberries.

Heat and inflammation of the face, throat &c. to cool.
Bastard chick weed. claver. cowslips. daisy.

Heat and inflammation of sores in the privities to
temper. Beane, coltsfoot. groundsel. fowbread. straw-
berries. woodbind yarrow.

Ec mintick, see Wormes to kil.

Heat

Heat and moisture natural to preserve. *Sea holly.*
vine.

Hebetude of sight see Eyesight to quicken.

Helcidria, see Ulcerous pustuls in the head.

Helos, see Cornes.

Helosis, see Contortion of the eye lid..

Hemlock, henbane, and other cold poysons to resist;

Nettle. storax. vine wormwood.

Hemorroides. see Piles.

Hemicrania. see Megrim.

Helminthes. see Elminthes.

Hemiplexie. see Eyes resolution.

Hens oviporous to make. *Hemp seed.*

Hens and foule to fatten. *Buckwheat. goatsyue yew.*

Hepatick spots, see Maculae hep.

Hepatick flux, see Livers flux.

Herculean disease, see Epilepsie.

Hernia, see Ruptures.

Herpes, see shingles.

Herpes excedens. see Woolf.

Herpes miliaris, see Tetter or Shingles.

Heterocrania, see Megrim.

Hidroa, see Gallings.

Hiera picra simpl. Gal. see Aloes.

Hiera Logadii & Pachii. see Citruls.

Himas. see Uvula extenuated.

Hippos, see Instability of the eyelids.

Hickock or hicker to stay. *Anet. aniseed. birthwort.*

fennel. harts tongue. madwort. marjoram. miltwast.

mints. ruba. b. shepheards needle. skirrets. time. vetch.

woodbind.

Hip-gout, see Sciatica.

Holy disease, see Epelepsie.

Holy fire, see Saint Antonies fire.

Hordealum. see Swelling in the eye lids.

Hornets, see Wasps.

Horny tunicles cancer.

Horrour, see Shivering.

Hoarsnesse

Hoarsness and losse of voice to help. *Fleawort. Goats thorne. horse foot. laser wort. lavender. leek. liquorice. pitch. reed. rosemary. saffron. sensitive herb. storax. tabacco turnep. violet.*

Hoariness of the haire to prevent. *Quinces.*

Hone to cure. *Honewort.*

Horses scabs or farcians to cure. *Brooklime, butter, burr.*

Horses chap-fallen to help. *Grasse.*

Horses staggers to cure. *S. James wort.*

Horses cough and broken windedness to remedy. *Nuts.*

Horses tired to refresh. *Asmart.*

Horseleeches to draw away. *Laserwort.*

Hucklebones paine to ease, see *Sciatica.*

Hot bodies hurtful to. *Bawme. danewort. dittany. elecampane fennel. garlick. gessimine. graines of paradise. leeks. onions. vine.*

Humours grosse and cold to concoct and expel. *Adonis flower. aloes. anet. bay. bind weed. buckthorne. bucks beane. calamint. cammomil. capers. catmint. centory. citruls wild. daisy. fennel. fenugreek. foxgloves. fumitory. garlick. germander. gessimine. gladdon stinking. gourds wild. hartwort. hyssope. juniper. larch tree. lavender. liquorice. masterwort. mint. mistletoe. motherwort. nettle. nuts. onions. parsley. pepper. pockwood tree. radish. rue. saffron. sage. scabious. scurvigrasse. southernwood. starwort. sycamore. turbith. vine.*

Humours sharp and putrid to repress. *Cherries black, cumfrey. fumitory. goats thorne. hellebore. holly rose. lettuce. line tree. liquorice. nightshade. quinces. saffron. self beale. sowbread. throatwort. vine. violet. vipers grasse.*

Humours fluxibility to stay. *Caltrops. cockle. coffee. Ganlingale. sea dogs grasse. holly rose. knotgrass. panick. peaches. pomegranats. rice. toothwort.*

Humours tough to cut and cleanse. *Leeks. mistletoe. moss. cake*

*wake. pockwood tree. pomecitron. smallage. Solomons
 seale. sorrel. tamarinds. violet. wake robin.*
 Humours slimy to purge. *Daisy. maidenhaire, navel-
 wort. pomecitron. sowthernwood. trefoile.. wolves-
 bane.*
 Humours grosse causing. *Dates. peaches, purslaine.*
 Hunger and thirst to stay. *Pepper. tobacco.*
 Hurts and sores to cure. *Bugle. park leaves. poppy. scor-
 pion grasse. valerian.*
 Hydatis, see Eyes watering.
 Hydrenterocele, see Enteroccele.
 Hydrocephalos, see Heads dropsie.
 Hydrocele, see Rupture of water.
 Hydrophoby or fear of water.
 Hydromphalon, see Navils dropsie.
 Hydrops matellæ, see Diabete.
 Hydragogon, see Watery humours to purge.
 Hydrotick, see Sweat to cause.
 Hydrocysfocele, see Hydrocele, &c.
 Hypererisis, see Hypercatharsis.
 Hyperisarcosis, see Thymus.
 Hypochyma and hypochyfis, see Eyes web.
 Hypophoræ, see Fistula's deep.
 Hypophyfis, see Eyes pin and web.
 Hypopyæ and hypophthalmia, see Eyes purulency.
 Hypofarca, see Anasarca.
 Hyposphagma, see Blowes and stroaks.
 Hypochelon elcos, see ulcers hollow.
 Hypercatharsis, see Purging violently to hinder.
 Hypocondriack passions to ease. *Vine.*
 Hystericall, see Mothers pains, &c.

I.

J Aundise yellow to cure. *Agrimony. alkanet. aloes.
 asphodil. barberries. basil. bawme. bay. bettony.
 bitter sweet. bryony, bugle. butchers broom. cacao tree.
 calamint.*

calamint. cammomil. celandine. centory. winter
cherries. china. ram ciches. cinquefoile. citruls wild.
clivers. cockle. columbine. consound. cresses. dande-
lion. dittany. docks. dodder. dropwort. endive. eye-
bright. fennel. toad flax. fleabane. fluellin. furzebush.
Garlick. ground pine. groundsel. harts tongue. herb
frankincense. hellebore. hempseed. sea holly. hops. hore-
bound. english hyacinth. ivy. lacca tree. larch tree.
laserwort. liverwort. madder. marigold. marjerome.
mercury. miltwaft. mouseare. onions. orach. palma
christi. parsl-y. parsnep. plantain. poley mountaine.
pudding pipe. rose. rosemary. rubarb. rue. rupture
wort. saffron. sampier. smallage. snakeweed. sorrel.
fowbread. sperage. spikenard. strawberries. swallow-
wort. tamarinds. tamarisk. tormentil. turmerick. va-
lerian. vine. wormwood.

Jaundice black to cure. Broom.

Jawes to help. Caltrops. cudweed. divels bit. mastick
tree. oake. plums. wayfaring tree.

Ignis persicus, see

Ichores, or dreggy matter. Bay. saffron.

Icterus, see Jaundice.

Ignis sacer, see Wild-fire.

Ilinas, see Dizziness.

Illiac passion, or ileum.

Illofis, see Squintness.

Impingo, see Ringworme.

Imbecility, see Weakness.

Impostumes to cure. Caltrops. lupine. tobacco. woad

Impostumes hard to ripen and cleanse. Bryony. daffodil.
fenugreek. figs. fleawort. goats beard. gondeli of Ita'y.
henbane yellow. laserwort. linetree. mayweed. mistletoe.
misse. spearewort. starwort. woodroof.

Impostumes inward to help. Agrimonie. henbane yellow.
mustard. pine. rubarb.

Impotency, see Weakness.

Incubus, see Nightmare.

Infants diseases &c.

Infection

Infection to resist, see Diseases contagious &c.

Inflammations to assuage. All seed. apples. dead ar-
smart. aspen. barley. basil. bay. beet. blite. buckthorne.
buglesse. cacao tree. caltrops. camels hay. claver.
coleworts. colts foot. coriander. costive tree.
crab tree. cranesbil. cresse. Danewort. ducks meat.
endive. flag. flax. frogbit. gooseberries. gourds. knobbed
couch grasse. hawkweed. hemlock. henbane. horsetaile.
housleek. Saint James's wort. ironwort. knotgrasse.
ladies mantle. leeks. lettuce. lilly. liquorice. liverwort.
madder. mandrake. marjerome. maudlin. melilot.
milkwort. miltwast. mosse. mulberries. myrtle. ravel-
wort. nightshade. oily pulse. orach. orpine. pimpernel.
plane tree. plowmans spikenard. privet. purslaine. reed.
ribwort. rose saunders. shepheards purse. Solomons seal.
serrel. sorbthistle. spinach. thorowax. trefoile. vervain.
violet. wheat. wood.

Inflaming. Leeks. mezereon. rocket. sebasten tree. spurge.
thistle.

Inke black to make. Gals. pine. pomegranates.

Inflation, see Windiness.

Intestines, or intrals inflamed to help. Cinnamon, cloud
berries. daisy dates. ducks meat. limmen. mirobalan
tree. Pomecitron. pompion. pudding pipe. rose. rubarb.

Intrals to help. Birthwort. bulleis. germander. grasse.
groundpine. hops. lavender. liquorice. madder. miro-
balan tree. rockwood tree. pudding pipe. rose. saffron.
tormentil. violet. wintergreen.

Intrals to open and cleanse. Auens. cudweed. dragons.
foxgloves. lavender. motherwort. mullein. poley. sampier.
sene. sperage. spignel. time. versch. vine.

Inquietude, see Restlessness.

Interrigo, see Gauling.

Intestines difficulty, see Lientery.

Intestines smoothness, see Lientery.

Intestines ulcers.

Intestines scituation changed.

Intestines wounds

Intrals

Intrals exulcerated to cure, see Bowells ulcers.

Intrals mortified.

Intrals hurtfull to, *Sebesten tree. vine.*

Intrals exulcerating. *Bindweed. lawrel. thistle.*

Jonthos, see Pimples in the face.

Joynt aches and pains to ease. *Barley. bindweed. briony. cumfrey. daffodil. daisy. dittander. ducks meat. elder tree. fennel. ferne of the wall. ladies bedstraw. leadwort. may weed. oily pulse. pennyroyal. pimpernel. pockwood tree. primrose. saffron. Solomons seale. spignel. spleen tree. thistle turpentine. wound tree.*

Joynts luxate to settle. *Agrimony. alkanet. balme apple. bears breech. bugle. butchers broom. chaff tree. citruls wild. costus. cowslip. elecampane. ferne of the wall. holly. laserwort. lilly. marjerome. moonwort. myrtle. plantaine. reed. Solomons seale. sowbread. tornsole. vine.*

Joynts shaking. *Sage. mugwort.*

Joynt swellings to cure. *Cummin. fleawort. haver gras. mallow. moluccas tree. saffron.*

Joynts to strengthen. *Ague tree. bears eare. china. clarie. cowslip. dittander. flower de luce. groundpine. mugwort. woodroof.*

Joynts cold and stifaes to help. *Butter burre. cinnamon. ladies bedstraw. olives.*

Joynts inflamed to help. *Daisie.*

Joynts wounds weepings *Daisie.*

Iron to make sanguine. *Dragon tree.*

Ischias, see Sciatica.

Ischury or stopping of urine to cure. *Bead tree. rupture wort. spikenard. yarrow.*

Issues of blood, see fluxes thereof.

Issues to keep open. *Elder. ivy.*

Itches to cure. *Adams apple. great celandine. cockle. divels bit. dock. elecampane. gladdon stinking. harts ease. hops. horehound. ladies bedstraw. madder. marjerome. mastick tree. mugwort. oates. olives. oranges. penyroyall. pondweed. rubarb. sene. sneese wort. sorrel. staves.*

flaves acre. tamarinds. tamarisk. tabacco. turmerick.
vetch. vine. wormewood.

Julapium Alexandriaum, julep of Alexandria, see
Roses.

Juxtangina, see Quinsey.

Juice good of. Chesnut. figs. pine. pomegranates. saffron.
vine.

Juice evill of. Artichock. beanes. cherries cucumbers.
hempsced. lentils. oake. plums. purslain. radish. servi-
ces. toadstools. vetch. vine.

Juice thick of. Lentils. oily pulse. parsnep. pine. pomeci-
tron. rice. toadstools. vine.

Juice thin and watery of. Onions. oranges. pompion.
strawberries. thistle.

Ixia's poyson to resist. wormwood.

Ixiæ, see varices.

K.

KErnels hard and knors in the flesh to consume.
Archangel. cinquefoile. cocks head. corne. figwort.
hemp wild. lupine. mandrake. mugwort. mustard.
olive tree. pitch tree. pondweed. ribwort. rue. sow-
bread. spikenard. storax. thistle. tormentil. woad.

Kel, or omentum's diseases.

Ribes to cure. Asphodil. beet. burdock. cats taile. figs.
lentils. melilote. pitch tree. navelwort. sowbread. tabacco.
toadstools. turnep. vetch. wheat.

Kidnies good for. Earthnut. eglantine. hawkweed, li-
quorice. parsnep. pimperl. pudding pipe. purslain.
rose. rubarb. saxifrage. sebesten tree. spikenard.
vine.

Kidnies to cleanse. Alkanet. broom. camels bay. Italian.
bank cresses. dodder. elder tree. fennel. fire tree.
fluellin. furze-bush. water germander. grasse. ground-
pine. sea holly. hops. juniper. larch tree. madder. may-
denhaire. nuts. parsley. piony. plantain. sampier.
saxifrage.

saxifrage, shepheards needle, southernwood, spignel, rime.

Kidnies paines to ease: Bryony, fennel, mayden haire, melilot, nutmeg, parslly, piony, sensitive herb, spearewort, tabacco.

Kidnies ulcers to cure. Cumfrey, horse-taile, liquorice, navelwort, plantaine, sanicle, wintergreen.

Kidnies hurtfull to. Ram ciches. miltwaft, vine.

Kidnies cold to heat Galingale.

Kines swollen dugs to help. Butterwort.

Kine to cause to give milk. Birds foot. cocks head. spiked grasse. vetch.

Kine to caue to goe to bull. Sundew.

Kings evil to cure. Archangel, barley, bawme, beane, broom, burdock, caltrops, capers, small celandine, china, coffee, coriander, danewort, endive, figs, figwort, flag, flower de luce, fox gloves, gladdon stinking, groundsel, hares eares, harts tongue. hyacinth. S. James's wort. laserwort, madder, mayden haire, mercury, miltwaft, mint, myrtle, navelwort, pepper, pimpernel, pitch tree, primrose, sampier, savin, sorrel, southernwood, soubread, stonecrop, storax, tabacco, tormentil.

Knees swelling and paines. Onions.

L.

L Agochilos, see Harelips.

Lactical crust.

Lagophthalmos, see Hare eye.

Lameness in the joynts to cure. Calathian violet. dane wort. felwort. thistle.

Lasks to stay. Agrimony, alder, alkanet, almonds, aloes, anet, aniseed, Indian apple, arrowhead, ash tree, barberries, barley, basil, buckthorne, bulleis, burnet, cand, carrots, cherries black, cherry bay, chesnuts, cinquefoile, cinnamon, clivers, cornel tree, cowslips, currane, darnel, drunken

drunke date tree, dock, dragon tree, Egyptian thorne,
 endive, ferne, filberds, flax, fleabane, flixweed, flower
 gentle, fluellin, fox stones, furze bush, gals, gooseberries,
 knobbed couch grasse, hares foot, hartstongue, hasel nuts,
 haws, herb two pence, hempseed, holly rose, housleek,
 S. Johns wort, jujubes, ivy, knapweed, lavender, len-
 tils, lilly, loose strife, mallow, marvel of Peru, mastick,
 mastick tree, maiden haire, mint, mirobalan tree,
 moluccas tree, moonwort, mosse, mouse-eare, mulberries,
 mullein, myrtle, nettle, nutmeg, oake, oates, orach, orpine,
 oxlips, panick, peaches, peares, periwinkle, pine,
 piony, pipe, plantaine, pomegranates, pondweed, poppy,
 purslaine, quinces, ribwort, rie, rice, rose, rubarb, rue,
 rupturewort, rush, sage, sea cluster, shepheards purse,
 skirrets, snakeweed, sorrel, sumach, tamarinds, tanfie,
 thistle, tormentil, trefoile, vetch, vine, wayfaring
 tree, wheat, whortle berries, yarrow.

Lasks or loosness to cause. Herb terrible. yew tree.

Lassitude, see Weariness.

Lateral disease. see Pleuresie.

Leanness to cause. Ash. clivers. colewort, elder tree.
 fennel. feverfew. figs. orach. vine.

Leanness to help. Citruls wild. pine.

Lechery. see Lust.

Legs scabbed ulcers to heale. Bryony. chickweed. crab
 tree. ironwort. park leaves. tabacco.

Legs swollen to cure. Balsame. bay. brokline. corne.
 Saint James wort. plantaine.

Legs inflamed to cure. Pondweed.

Legs to deforme as some beggars do. Crowfoot.

Legs pain and manginess to help. Briony. crab tree.

S. James wort.

Lema, see Bleereydness.

Lentigines, see Freckles.

Lentils, see Freckles.

Leprosie to cure. Alkanet. anemonie. bezar tree.
 bryony. calamint. cedar. chast tree. China. figwort.
 Gladdon stinking. hellebore black. mastick tree.

pennyroyall, periwinkle, saffron, tamarinds, time, turbit, vine, virgins bower.

Lepry, melancholy to cause. *Dates, lentils, potatoes.*

Lethargy, or drowsie evil to cure. *Anemonie, basil, chast tree, coffee, garden cresses, cumfrey, fennel, Jack by the hedge, mustard, parsnep, saffron, savory, thistle, time, vine.*

Letificants, see Mirth causing.

Leuce, see White Morpew.

Leucoma, see Eyes pin and web.

Leucophlegmatick, see Anasarca.

Lice and nits to kil. *Bead tree, cedar, cudweed, flower gentle, henbane yellow, ivy, limmons, prickwood, staves acre, tamarisk, wolfe bane.*

Limbs withered. *Rice.*

Lientery, or flux of aliment nor altered.

Ligaments wounds, see Dryers. *Saffron.*

Lichens, see Tetters.

Lips bleeding.

Lipodermus, see Glans uncovered.

Lipopsychie and Lipothymie, see Fainting.

Lips trembling.

Lippitude, see Bleereydness.

Lips perversion, and swelling.

Lips chapped to cure. *Beech, boxthorne.* see Chaps.

Lips ulcers and wounds.

Lisping.

Lithiosis, see Stone.

Livers affection from the womb, see Green sickness and cachexy.

Livers hydatis.

Litharge to resist. *Parsley.*

Livergrown to help. *Bugle, calathian violet, sea holly, parsnep, spikenard.*

Liver obstructed to open and purge. *Agrimonie, ague tree, almonds, angelica, asarabacca, ash, avens, bay, beet, bettony, bindweed, bitter sweet, broom, cammock, capers, celandine, centory, chast tree, cloves, columbine, consound, cucumber, dodder, elder tree, felwort, foal*
flax.

flax, flax, fleabane, fluellin, foxgloves, fumitory, furze bush, germander, glasse-wort, grasse, groundpine, harts tongue, hellebore wild', water hemp, sea holly, hops, horehound, juniper, lacca tree, lavender, liquorice, lupine, madder, marjerome, mayden haire, mulberries, nuts, onions, orach, parsley, peaches, pellitory, pimperl, piony, plantaine, pockwood tree, poppy, rose, rosemary, rupture wort, saffron, sampire, scurvy grasse, sene, shepheards needle, sorrel, sowbread, spignel, tamarisk, thistle, tormentil, turpentine. vine.

Liver to strengthen. Agrimonie, ague tree, aloes, ash, bloodwort, bucks beane, bugle, china, cinquefoile, cloves, dates, dodder, felwort, goats beard, groundsel, holly rose, horehound, lavender, liquorice, liverwort, maple, maudlin, mirobolan tree, nutmeg, pimperl, pine, rose, rubarb, shepheards needle, spikenard, spleen tree, vine, woodroof.

Liver hot to cool. Barberries, barley, costive tree, endive, gooseberries, gourds, harts tongue, liverwort, lungwort, navelwort, pudding pipe, rosewood, sebesten tree, sorrel, strawberries, tamarinds, thistle, time, vervaine, violet, wormwood.

Liver cold to warme. Aromatical reed, fennel, maudlin, tormentil, turmeric, vine.

Livers pain to help.

Livers scirrhus to cure. Oily pulse, pockwood tree, radish.

Livers stone.

Livers ulcers to heale. Confound.

Livers flux to stop. Apples acid, rose.

Liver offensive. Adams apple, dates, pepper, vine.

Livers wormes.

Livers wounds.

Loathing of meat to remedy. Angelica, lupine, marjerome, mastick, madder, spikenard.

Lochia, see Childing womens purgations.

Loemos, see Bubo.

Loines paines to ease. Sea holly.

Longings of women with child to stay. Masse, pomegranate, vine.

Looseness, see Flux.

Lordosis, see Luxation.

Love sickness, see Fury of Love.

Lotions for sore mouthes. *Confound. harts tongue. savory. selfe heale. strawberries. throatwort. wayfaring tree.*

Lousy evil to cure. *Hellebore.*

Lumbrici, see Worms.

Lumps, see Knots.

Lunaticks. *Batchelors buttons. borrag.*

Lungs to open and cleanse. *Alexander. almonds. bistort. wort. borrag. citruls wild. cumfrey. dodder. dragon. ferne of the wall. feverfew. figs. Jews thorne. lavender. leeks. marjerome. maiden haire. saffron. sentime. tormentil. tree of life. trefoile. vine. zedoary.*

Lungs cough. *Coffee. cudweed. horehound.*

Lungs distillations and consumption to cure. *Bay. beares breech. cabbage. cacao tree. chervil cinquefoile. cudweed. dates. horehound. Saint James's wort. liquorice. lungwort. pine. sebesten tree. spignel. sardew. toothwort.*

Lungs inflammation and ulcers to cure. *Apples. burdock. cedar. confound. cucumber. cumfrey. flower de luce. fluellin. harts ease. herb two pence. horehound. hyssope. liquorice. lungwort. myrtle. nettle. peaches. pine. pudding pipe. rubarb. sundew. vervaine. violet. whortle berries.*

Lungs cold to warme. *Cummin. fennel. dropwort. glad-don stinking. liquorice. onions. parsnep. woodbind.*

Lungs roughness to remove. *Dates. liquorice. oil pulse. sebesten tree.*

Lungs pain to ease. *Camels hay. tabacco.*

Lungs hurtful to. *Lentils.*

Lungs drop sic.

Lungs wounds.

Lungs growing to the side.

Lungs vessels opened.

Lungs tubercles.

Lungs wormes.

Lupia, see Ganglion.

Lupus, see Wolf.

Lusciofitas, see Purblindnesse.

Lust or vengery to provok. Anet. anised. apples. artichock. ash. basil. bishops weed. bladder nut. burdock. cacao tree. carrot wild. chervil. china. ciches. clary. cloves. coriander. costus. cowwheat. cresses. cullions. dates. drgstones. dogs tooth. fenny-stones. Indian figs. flag. flax flower ~~delice~~. fools stones. foxstones. Spanish galingale gillosswer. ginger. goats stones. chestnut gourds. sea holly. ladies bedstraw. lettace. masterwort. mustard. nettle. nutmeg. parssly. parsnep. pine. potatoes. rocket. saffron. satyrion. savory. sawwort. shepheards needle. skyrrets. southernwood. sperage. spignel. sunflower. thistle. roadstools. tulip. turpentine tree. vine wake Robbin.

Lust to repress. Chast tree. gourds. hemlock. lettaces. lilly. purslaine.

Luxations, see Joynts luxate.

Lycanthropic, or Woolfishness.

M.

MAculæ hepaticæ, see Melanogogicks.

Maculæ, see Spots.

Madarosis, see Eylids hair falling off.

Madnesse, see Frensie.

Malacia, see Womens longing.

Malum mortuum, see Filchy scab.

Mania, see Fury.

Maculæ volaticæ, see Erysipelas.

Manus Christi, see Reed.

Minge to cure. Chickweed. dock elecampane. glasswort. laserwort. oranges. rubarb. spurge. staves acre. wheat.

Marasmus. see Consumption.

Mariscæ, see Hemorrhoids.

Marcor. see Marasmus.

Marks black and blew to take away. Aloes. beane. bishops weed. briony. crowfoot. knap weed. laserworts

Leadwort, lupine, marjerome, mustard, rampion, Solomons seale, walnuts, wormwood.

Marmarygæ, see Eyes dazzeling.

Matrix, see Mother.

Marmalad how made. Quinces.

Measles to cure. Alkanet, birthwort, fluellin, water germander.

Meat to preserve and season. Barberries, calamint, water germander.

Meats to colour. Saffron, saunders, sorrowful tree, tornesole.

Mediastinum inflamed.

Megrim to cure. Bay, birds eye, citruls wild, daisie, lavender, moluccas tree, pellitory, poppy, primrose, saunders, tobacco, vine, yarrow.

Melancholly to repress and purge. Apples, aromaticall reed, basil, bawm, bezar tree, bindweed, borage, buck wheat, cloudberryes, dodder, elder tree, elecampane, ferne of the wall, feverfew, frankincense, herb terrible, hellebore black, sea holly, hops, lacca tree, lavender, limmon, mandrake, mercury, miltwast, mirobalans, Moluccas tree, mosse, oake, parsnep, pennyroyall, pimpernel, pockwood tree, pomecitron, pudding pipe, radish, saffron, scurvy graspe, sene, swallowwort, tamarisk, time, tormentil, vine.

Melancholly to breed. Co'eworts, lentils, toadstoos.

Melancholy of Virgins and widdows.

Melicerides, see Scarl.

Melon, see Eyes uvea going out.

Membranes. Saffron.

Members weake to strengthen. Bead tree, cinnamon, coralworts, cranes bill, danewort, dragons, fenugreek, holly rose, oake, rush, southernwood, trefeile.

Memory to strengthen. Aromaticall reed, balsame, borage, eyebright, lilly, parsnep, pockwood tree, rosemary, sage, thistle, vine.

Mentagra, see Ringworm.

Menses, see courses.

Meerry-gals, Chast tree, tobacco, pine tree, toadstoos.

McSaraick

Mefaraick veins to open, *Großewort*.

Mice to kill. *Hellebore*, *staves acre*, *yew tree*.

Mefentery corrupted.

Meifenteries diftempers, &c. *Vine*.

Milk to caufe in womens breasts. *Alder*, *anemonie*, *anet*, *anifeed*, *barley*, *belflower*, *borage*, *buckwheat*, *bugloffe*, *cabbage*, *chaf tree*, *ciches wild*, *fennel*, *herb fran-*, *kincense*, *lettuce*, *milkwort*, *pine*, *purslaine*, *radish*, *rampion*, *rocket*, *S. Katharines flower*, *saxifrage*, *sw-*, *thistle*, *trefoile*, *turnep*, *vetch*.

Milk to dry up in womens breasts. *Asarabacca*, *basil*, *beane*, *rue*, *vine*.

Milk to reftreaine, in womens breasts. *Hemlock*, *lettuce*.

Milks curdling in the ftomack to difsolve. *Fig tree*, *lentils*, *mint*.

Milk to caufe to curdle, *Saffron*, *spinach*.

Milphofis, fee, *Eyelids* hair falling off.

Milt, fee *Spleen*.

Minds difeases to cure. *Piony*.

Mind troubling. *Nightshade*.

Mirach, fee *Abdomen*.

Mirth caufing. *Archangel*, *borrage*, *bugloffe*, *burnet*, *car-*, *nations*, *chervil*, *galingale*, *germander*, *groundfel*, *mede-*, *sweet*, *mint*, *oake*, *rice*, *rofemary*, *saffron*, *saunders*, *fene*, *florax*, *ftrawberries*, *time*, *vervaine*, *vine*, *vipers*, *graffe*, *wood roof*.

Miferere mei, fee *Iliack* paffion.

Moifture fuperfluous to confume. *Balme apple*, *cyprefse*, *eglantine*, *fenugreek*, *flags*, *garlick*, *geffemine*, *holly rofe*, *oake*, *onions*, *panick*, *pomecitrons*, *rupturewort*, *Solomons*, *feale*, *forrel*, *fpiknard*, *vetch*.

Mola, mole, or mooncalf to help.

Moles to drive away. *Cudweed*.

Mollifying. *Barley*, *beares-breech*, *blite*, *camels hay*, *cammomil*, *chaf tree*, *cocks head*, *docks*, *fennel*, *fenugreek*, *figs*, *flax*, *harts ease*, *holly*, *holly rofe*, *lupine*, *mallow*, *mandrake*, *maple*, *moffe*, *oily pulfe*, *olives*, *palma chritti*, *pine*, *pipe tree*, *plums*, *prickwood*,
D d 4 pudding

pudding pipe. radish. ric. storax. sycomore. thistle. turpentine.

Monthly courses, see Flowers.

Moria, see Folly.

Morbilli, see final pox.

Morphew to cure. Asphodil. bay. briony. cedar tree. daffodil. dragons. endree. flower de luce. garlick. hellebore. hops. lilly. lupine. madwort. orpine. Solomons seale. thistle.

Mortification, see Sphacelus.

Moths to destroy. Avens. cypresse. flower gentle. gale tree. pomecitron. rosemary. trefoile. wormwood. woundwort.

Mothers itching.

Mothers paines, windines, suffocation or rising to cure.

Alkanet. anet. aromatical reed. bawme. bay. beares eare. birch tree. briony. burdock. butterbur. calves snout. cammomil. carrawaies. prickly cedar. cranes bil. cummin. currans. danewort. divels bit. Elecampane. elder. fennel. fenugreek. feaverfew. flea bane. galin-gale. water germander. hartwort. holly rose. hops. horse tongue. Jack by the hedge. S. James's wort. Indian purger. juniper. laserwort. lovage. marigold. melilot. mercury. moluccas tree. mosse. motherwort mugwort. mustard. nettle. oake. orach. palma christi. parsnep. pellitory. pennyroyal. pepper. piony. plantaine. rosemary. rubarb. rue. rush. saffron. savory. saxifrage. southernwood. spignel. tabacco. toadstooles. toothwort. trefoile. turpentine. vine. vipers grasse. walnuts. wolfs bane.

Mothers clefts.

Mothers corruption:

Mothers cold griefs to cure. Angelica. carrawaies. carrot wild. catmint. dittany. galin-gale. groundpine. S. James's wort. masterwort. mayweed. nutmegs. thistle. turmericke.

Mothers inflammation to assuage. Camels hay, chaff tree. flax. gals. purslain. spikenard.

Mothers impostumes and ulcers to cure. Fenugreek. mallow.

- mallow. purslaine. swallow-wort. and Zedoary.
 Mother fallen to restore. Birth wort gals. mastick mirtle.
 oake.
 Mothers hardness and tumours to lenify. Danewort. fe-
 verfew. flower deluce. holly rose. lilly. mallow. maudlin.
 melilot. pennyroyal. pitch tree. pockwood tree. storax.
 Mouths Canker, see Canker.
 Mouths opening hurt.
 Mouths sores and ulcers to cure. Aloes. beech. belflower.
 birch tree. birthwort. bramble. bugle. calathian violet.
 chaff tree. cinquefoile. consound. cullions. frankincense.
 gals. gilliflowers. gold of pleasure. golden rod. holly
 rose. horsetongue. hyssop. line tree. liquorice. loose-
 strife. madder. medesweet. medlars. mock privet. moss.
 mustard. olive tree. plantain. privet. reed. Rosewood.
 sage. savory. scurvi-grasse. self-heale. smallage. sorrel.
 sowbread. staves-acre. tamarisk. ranse. teasel. throat-
 wort. valerian. vervain. wayfaring tree. woodbind.
 Mouths inflammations & heat to allay. Egyptian thorn.
 foxstones. liquorice. mock privet. mulberries. rampion.
 snakeweed. strawberries. vine. violet. walnut. way-
 faring tree.
 Mouths rheum to draw forth. Parsley. peaches pellitory
 wayfaring tree.
 Mouths stench to cure. Felwort. limmons. scurvy grasse.
 Zedoary.
 Mouths wryness: Saffron.
 Mucronate cartilages falling.
 Mumps to cure. see Jaws to help.
 Murs. Girth.
 Murrein among cattle to cure. Motherwort.
 Muscles. Saffron.
 Mushrooms to help against. Leeks. mosse. mustard. myrtle.
 nettle. wormwood.
 Myrmecia, see Warts.
 Myris, see Pores to open.
 Mydesis, see Eyelids watering.
 Mydriasis, see Eyes apple dilated.
 Mylphæ, see Eyes hairs falling off,

Myocephalon, see **Eyes** going out.

Myosis, see **Eyes** apple contracted.

Myopie, see **Purblindness**.

N.

N **Ævus**, see **Moles**, **markes**, or **spots**.

Nails falling off, and contusion. *Holly rose.*

Nails wormes.

Nails rugged and over grown with flesh to help.

Alseed, celandine, Egyptian thorne, flax, mistletoe, pitch tree, rubarb, sumach.

Nails loose to take away. *Vine.*

Narcotick or stupifying. *Egyptian apples, drunken date tree, henbane yellow, nuts, tobacco.*

Narce, see **Impotency** or **weakness**.

Natta, see **Strutoma**.

Navils impostume, and inflammation, &c.

Navils vessels broken, and opened, and relaxation, and wormes.

Naucea, see **Loathing** of meat.

Navils sticking out in children to remedy. *Fennel, thoroughwax.*

Necks crick to help. *Sea holly, spatling poppy.*

Neefing to provoke. *Basil, clary, flower de luce, glad-don stinking, hellebore, marjerome, mustard, pepper, Solomons scale, thistle, wolfs bane.*

Necrosis, see **Gangreen**.

Nebulæ, see **Clouds** or **Wests**.

Nephritick, see **Kidnies** pains to ease.

Nerves to strengthen or **Neurotick**, see **Sinews**;

Nerves optick amisse.

Nettles stinging to cure. *Tabacco.*

Nightmare, **Hags**, or **Ephialtis** to resist. *Piony, peckwood tree.*

Nightblindness.

Nightwheels to help. *Olives,*

Nipples

- Nipples sore to cure. *Fleawort*.
 Nipples colour bad.
 Nipples diseales, &c.
 Nipples imperforation.
 Nits to kil, see Lice.
 Nodes, see Kernels.
 Noli me tangere, or cancer in the face.
 Nocturnal pollution.
 Nomæ, see Ulcers soule, spreading, &c.
 Nose bleeding to stop. *Calamint, cummin, hony wort, horsetaile, ladies bedstraw, nettle, periwinkle, rue, services, snakeweed*.
 Nose bleeding to cause. *Cocksfoot, grasse, gessemine, rue, yarrow*.
 Noses polypus and filthy ulcers to cure. *Birihwort, cypresse tree, dragons, fluellin, haver grasse, ivy, laserwort, oates, rosewood, S. Katharines flower, snakeweed*.
 Noses red to help. *Cucumber*.
 Noses stench.
 Nostrels cancer, and ulcer.
 Nostrils narrowness.
 Nostrils wounds.
 Nourishing much. *Apples, barley, beane, chesnut, dogs tooth, S. Johns wort, lentils, lettuce, nuts, orch, peares, pine, potatoes, reed, rie, rice, saffron, sundew, tulip, turnep, vine, zedoary*.
 Nourishing little. *Apricocks, beet, blite, buckwheat, cabbage, capers, carrot, charlock, citruls, cucumbers, flax, garlick, gooseberries, gourds, canarie grasse, hops, jujubes, mallow, millet, mulberries, navew, oates, olives, onions, oranges, panick, peares plums, pomegranates, pompion, poppy, purslaine, radish, rubarb, sebesten tree, services, sperage, spinach, strawberries, thistle, vine, walnuts, wheat*.
 Numness to remove. *Beares breech, hyssope, lavender*.
 Nyctalops, see Purblindness.

Myocephalon, see **Eyes** going out.
Myosis, see **Eyes** apple contracted.
Myopic, see **Purblindness**.

N.

N **Evus**, see **Moles**, marks, or spots.
Nailles falling off, and contusion. *Holly rose.*
Nailles wormes.
Nailles rugged and over grown with flesh to help.
Alseed, celandine, Egyptian thorne, flax, mistletoe,
pitch tree. rubarb. sumach.
Nailles loose to take away. *Vine.*
Narcotick or stupifying. *Egyptian apples, drunken date*
tree. henbane yellow, nuts, tobacco.
Narce, see **Impotency** or weakness.
Natta, see **Strutoma**.
Navils impostume, and inflammation, &c.
Navils vessels broken, and opened, and relaxation, and
wormes.
Naucea, see **Loathing** of meat.
Navils sticking out in children to remedy. *Fennel,*
thorowax.
Necks crick to help. *Sea holly, spatling poppy.*
Needing to provoke. *Basil, clary, flower de luce, glad-*
don stinking, hellebore, marjerome, mustard, pepper,
Solomons seale, thistle, wolfs bane.
Necrosis, see **Gangreen**.
Nebulæ, see **Clouds** or **Wests**.
Nephritick, see **Kidnies** pains to ease.
Nerves to strengthen or **Neurotick**, see **Sinews**.
Nerves optick amisse.
Nettles stinging to cure. *Tabacco.*
Nightmare, Hags, or **Ephialtis** to resist. *Piony, pockwood*
tree.
Nightblindness.
Nightwheels to help. *Olives.*

Nipples

Nipples sore to cure. *Fleawort*.

Nipples colour bad.

Nipples diseales, &c.

Nipples imperforation.

Nits to kil, see Lice.

Nodes, see Kernels.

Noli me tangere, or cancer in the face.

Nocturnal pollution.

Nomæ, see Ulcers foule, spreading, &c.

Nose bleeding to stop. *Calamint, cummin, hony wort, horsetaile, ladies bedstraw, nettle, periwinkle, rue, services, snakeweed.*

Nose bleeding to cause. *Cocksfoot, grasse, gessemine, rue, yarrow.*

Noses polypus and filthy ulcers to cure. *Birchwort, cypresse tree, dragons, fluellin, hauer grasse, ivy, laserwort, oates, rosewood, S. Katharines flower, snakeweed.*

Noses red to help. *Cucumber.*

Noses stench.

Nostrils cancer, and ulcer.

Nostrils narrowness.

Nostrils wounds.

Nourishing much. *Apples, barley, beane, chesnut, dogs tooth, S. Johns wort, lentils, lettuce, nuts, orach, peares, pine, potatoes, reed, rie, rice, saffron, sundew, tulip, turnep, vine, zedoary.*

Nourishing little. *Apricocks, beet, blite, buckwheat, cabbage, capers, carrot, charlock, citruls, cucumbers, flax, garlick, gooseberries, gourds, canarie grasse, hops, jujubes, mallow, millet, mulberries, navew, oates, olives, onions, oranges, panick, peares plums, pomegranates, pompion, poppy, purslaine, radish, rubarb, sebesten tree, services, sperage, spinach, strawberries, thistle, vine, walnuts, wheat.*

Numness to remove. *Beares breech, hyssope, lavender.*

Nyctalops, see Purblindness.

Obaudicus

O Baudicus, see Thickness of hearing.

O bstructions to remove. *Aloes, angelica, balsame, bay, Butchers broom, cacao tree, cammomil, dodder, garlick, germander, grasse, harts tongue, hedge hyssope, S. James's wort, lacca, lavender, marigold, mandlin, oake, orach, parsley, plowmans spikenard, rubarb, saffron, scurvy-grasse, tamarinds, tarragon, turmerick, vervaine, vine, vipers grasse.*

O blivion, see Forgetfulness.

O daxismos, see Gums itch in toothing.

O dontalgia, see Toothach.

O dontophyia, see Teeth breeding to cause.

O edemata, see Swellings soft.

O esophagus's relaxation &c.

O ile for lamps, *Cornel tree.*

O ldmens coldness to relieve. *Coffee, gessimine, sea holly.*

O ligotrophick, see Nourishing little.

O nyx, see Eyes haw.

O pening. *Angelica asphedil, barley, bettony, bishops weed, borrage, broom, calamint, camels hay, cammomill, carrots wild, cinnamon, citruls wild, cucumbers, dandelion, ditany, docks, dragons, dropwort, dyers weed, felwort, fennel, feverfew, figtree, toad flax, foxgloves, fumitory, germander, gourds wild, hellebore, water hemp, sea holly, holly rose, hops, S. Johns wort, larch tree, lovage, marigold, peaches, radish, rose, rubarb, rue, sage, saxifrage, smallage, sneesewort, tamarisk, taragon, thistle, time, turmerick, turpentine, vetch, vine.*

O phiasis, see Alopecia.

O phthalia, see Bleereydness.

O phthalmick, see Eye sight to quicken.

O pisthotonos, see Contraction of the body backwards.

O pium to resist. *Bears eare, feverfew, marjerome, mugwort, wolfs bane,*

Oppilations

Oppilations or obstructions causing. *Vine. wheat.*
 Omphalocoele, see Navils rupture.
 Orthopnoea, see Breathing upright.
 Oscitatio, see Gaping, or Yawning.
 Oscedo, see scurvy.
 Os sacrum excoriated.
 Otalgia, see Ears pains.
 Outragiousness, see Madness.
 Outgrowings. see Wens.
 Oxyfacccharum simplex, see Pomegranate tree:
 Oxydorkick, see Eye-sight to quicken.
 Oxyregmia, see Belchings acid.
 Ozana, or ulcers of the nostrils. *Oats. Rosewood.*

P.

PAins in the body to ease. *Anet. angelica. aspen.*
caltrops, cammomil. cinquefoile. consound. daisy.
drunken date tree. fenugreek. flax. goutwort.
hazel tree. heath. henbane. holly rose. houseleek. ladies.
bedstraw. ladies mantle. lettuce. mallow. mandrake.
myrtle. nuts. olive. pimpernel. poley. poppy. rue. sene.
snakeweed. sneesewort. sperage. spinach. tobacco. tre-
foile. vervaine. violet. vine.

Paints for womens faces. *Alkanet.*

Palmos, see Palpitation.

Paleness causing. *Bishops weed. cummin.*

Pallar, see Uvula.

Pallars bone corrupted.

Pallar wanting.

Palsie to cure. *Balsame. beares eare. birds eye. box. buck-*
thorne. capers. china. coleworts. comslips. daffodil.
daisy. fennel. gilflowers. juniper tree. lavender.
mistletoe. motherwort. mustard. nuts. oxlips. parsnep.
pellitory. pepper. pine. sage. savory. sene. spearewort.
tobacco thistle. vine.

Pandiculation, see Stretching.

Palsie of the Hands, Face, Feet, Yard, Eyebrows.

Palsie dumb to cure, see Tongues palsie.

Palsie

- Palsie** causing. *Endive, pappy, roadstooles, vine.*
Paps, see Dugs.
Pancreas's diseases.
Panaritium, see Fellen.
Panus, see Phygethlon.
Pannus, see Web.
Paranza (i.e.) Dementia.
Paranza, see Madnefs.
Papulæ, see Blisters.
Paracynanche, see Mumps.
Paraplegia, see Eyes half resolution.
Paraplexy.
Paralysis, see Dead palsie.
Paraphrosyne, see Dorage.
Paresis, see Palsey.
Paraphymosis, see Phymosis contrary.
Paraphrenitis.
Paristhmia, see Tonsils.
Paronychia, see Nails skin cleft.
Parotides, see Impostumes behind the eares.
Parulis, see Gums inflammation.
Parts or members hurtful to. *Hemlock.*
Pensiveness, see Melancholly.
Persumes to make. *Aloes, prickly cedar, cloves, lavender, mosse, olives, oranges, pipe, Saint Katharines flower, storax.*
Pericards diseases.
Peritoneums diseases, of the bellies ninerrim.
Perniones, see Chilblains or Kibes.
Pectis, see Congelation.
Perdition, see Abortion.
Peripneumonie, see Lungs inflammations.
Pestilence or plague to prevent or cure. *Angelica, avens, bayne, birthwort, bishops weed, butterburre, carnations, great celandine, cicely, cockle, columbines, crowfoot, divels bit, dyers weed, elecampane, fig tree, friers cowle, fumitory, water germander, goates rue, wholesome helmet flower, Jack by the hedge, juniper, lilly, limmons, marigold, masterwort, one blade, onions,*

onions, pasque flower, pease, pimpernel, pomecitron, rubarb, rue, saffron, snakeweed, southernwood, straw-berrie bay, sundew, swallowwort, sycomore, taragon, thistle, valerian, vervaine, vetch, vine, violet, vipers grasse, wake Robin, walnuts, woodroos, yarrow, zedoary.

Phagedens, see Ulcers spreading.

Phalangium, see spider of the field.

Phalacrofis, see Baldness.

Phalangosis, see Eyes haired.

Phymos, and Phymosis, see Glans covered.

Phleborragia, see Veines broken.

Phlyæznæ, or wild fire. *Lentils.*

Phlegmasiæ, see Phlegmons.

Phlegosis, see Inflammation.

Phlegmons, or inflammation of blood to cure. *Aspen tree, ducks meat, figs, plane tree, pudding pipe.*

Phrensic, see Frensic.

Phymata. *Lupine, Christs thorne, mulberrie tree.*

Phthiriasis, see Louse evil.

Phthicksick, see Prysick.

Phlyctides, see Pustles in the mouth.

Phthoe, see Phthicksick.

Phygethlon, or white loase, see Coolers.

Phyma, see Glanduls, or Kernels phlegmon.

Physis, see Flatulency,

Pica, and Picatia, see Longing of women.

Piles or hemorrhoides to cure. *Aloes, apricock, balme apple, cammock, catmint, smal celandine, citruls wild, cumfrey, elder tree, fig tree, figwort, fleawort, frankincense, fumitory, garlick, gladden stinking, goutwort, herb frankincense, bounds tongue, juniper, lawrel, leeks, lupine, madder, medlars, mirobalan, mullein, myrtle, navelwort, onions, peach tree, pellitory, rosewood, sawwort, sowbread, sowthistle, stonecrop, sumach, tabacco, trefoile, vine, violet.*

Pimples, see Spots and wheales.

Pissing by drops, see Drop-pisse,

Pissing in bed to stay. *Bulleis.*

Pissing

Pissing of blood, see Bleeding.

Pissing involuntary to help.

Pityriasis, and pityra, see Scurf.

Plethora, see Fulnes.

Plague sores to break. *Bettony. crowfoot. figs. lilly. plantaine. selfe heale.*

Plague sores to consume. *Masterwort. scabious. thistle.*

Pleurisie to cure. *Almonds. aloes. angelica. barley. centory. chervil. clarie. cummin. fleawort. frankincense. goats beard. hawkweed. hawthorne. laserwort. liquorice. mullein. nettle. pipe. poppy. pudding pipe. rubarb. sage. S. Katharines flower. trefoile. vine. violet.*

Plica, see Haires platting.

Pneumatoccele, see Rupture of wind.

Pneumomphalon, see Navels inflation.

Pneumatosis, see Inflation.

Pinigation, see Nightmare.

Polypus, see Noses fleshy exorefcency.

Pose. *S. Katharines flower.*

Podagra, see Gour.

Poroccele, see Rupture callous.

Poromphalon, see Navil rophous.

Porrigo, see Scurf.

Porrus.

Poros, see Callus.

Pox smal to cure and expel. *Alkanet. birthwort. flax. fluellin. water germander. Egyptian cocks foot grasse. lapine.*

Pox marks to take away. *Apples sowbread.*

Poyson and infection to resist. *Aibzeale. angelica. aromaticall reed. avens. balsam basil. bawm. bay. bead tree. beets. bettony. bezar tree. bindweed. bishops weed. blew bottle. bramble. buglosse. cacac tree. calathian violet. camels bay. campion. carnations. candy carrots. cicely. cinquefoile. cinnamon. costus. cotton plant. cresses. croswort. cuckowflower. dittany. divels bit. dragons. elecampane. fennel. felwort. figgs. flagge. toad flax. garlick. germander. goats rue. graines*

graines of paradise. groundpine. hawkweed. herb
 truelove. hellebore. wholesome helmet flower. water
 hemp. holly rose. hops. horehound. Indian leaf. juniper.
 laserwort. lavender. leopards bane. mallow. maple.
 marjerome. masterwort. mastick. moluccas tree. mu-
 stard. navew. nuts. oake. olives. oneblade. onions.
 oranges. parsley. pepper. pockwood tree. poley moun-
 taine. pomcitron. poppy. quinces. rocket. rese. rue.
 rapture wort. southernwood. sombread. spiderwort.
 spikenard. starwort. stonecrop. storax. strawberry
 bay. swallow wort. tabacco. thistle. toadstools. tor-
 mentil. turnep. turpentine. valerian. vetch vine.
 wake-robin. walnuts. wolves bane. woundwort.
 zedoary.

Prepuces diseases.

Privy parts, see swellings thereof &c.

Priapisme, or erection of the yard without lust.

Proptosis, see Eyes falling out.

Pruna.

Prurigo, see Itching.

Psilothron. see Haires falling of to procure.

Psoa, see Manginess.

Psellotes, see Stuttering and stammering.

Psoronychia, see Nails roughness.

Psoriasis, see Psoa.

Psorophthalmie, see Scabs of the eyelids.

Psudracia, or yellow blisters in the skin.

Pterygium. see Haw in the eye.

Ptillosis, see Eyelids hairs falling off.

Prosis, see Phalangosis.

Ptyalism, see Spitting of en.

Ptryck to cure. Bay. beares brech. chervil. cranes bil.
 daffodil. larch tree. liquorice. lungwort. master wort.
 messe. mouseare. nuts. pine. pitch. plantaine. purslain.
 ribwort. saffron. sundew. turpentine.

Pudends narrowness.

Puerile disease, see Epilepsie.

Pulvis Haly, see Reed.

Pulmonia

Pulmonia, see *Peripneumony*.

Purgamenta, see *Lochia*.

Punctures or pricks to help against, *Dyers weed, fern, pitch tree.*

Purging the body of ill humours. *Alder tree. aloes. asarabacca. box. bryony. butterwort. capers. mountaine chickweed. citruls wild. danewort. endive. felwort. fenugreek. feverfew. herb terrible. water hemp. juniper. larch tree. lawrel. lilly. marjerome. pasque flower. poppy. rubarb. saffron. saxifage. scabious. spinach. swallow wort. tabacco. turbit. turpentine. vine.*

Purging the belly gently, see *Belly gently to loosen.*

Purging the body violently. *Bindweed. broom. citruls wild. plums. spurge. tabacco.*

Purging violently to hinder. *Mustard.*

Purples or, purple Feaver to cure. *Water germander. purplewort.*

Purple colour to dye. *Tornsole. wortleberries.*

Purpines. *Featherfew.*

Pushes, see *Pimples and Wheales.*

Pustulæ, see *Pushes.*

Putreda, see *Putrefaction.*

Putrefaction to prevent and cure. *Aloes. birthwort. box. Calathian violet. cedar. china. cinquefoile. currans. hyssop. jujubes. limmons. maudlin. smallage. southernwood. tamarinds. tormentil. vine. worm wood.*

Putrifying. *Melons. peach tree. plums. sycamore.*

Pyosis, see *Eyes Haw.*

Q.

Quassation, see *Luxation.*

Quinsy to cure. *Aniseed. broom. calamint. cedar. cinquefoile. coriander. danewort. figs. flax. S. James's wort. laserwort. leeks. loosestrife. lovage. madder. mulberries. orpine. pepper. pitch tree. rhubarb.*

*rubarb. saffron. starwort. vine. violet. walnuts.
wormwood.*

Quicksilver to resist. Nettle.

R.

R Abies, see Outragiousnesse.

Rats to kil. *Hellebore.*

Ramex, see Hernia.

Ranula, see Frog under the tongue.

Rankness of the body, see Smel.

Rarifying the skin.

Ratiotination hurt, see Wit and Understanding.

Raucedo, see Hoarsness.

Red gum and frets in children, see Gum red and
Frets.

Reds to cure. *Lungwort, madder mulberries. rose.*

Redness of the face to cure. see Faces red.

Red to dye. *Privet, sumach, whortle berries.*

Reduvia, see Paronychia.

Regal disease, see Jaundise.

Reines, see Kidnies.

Reines to cleanse. *Aromaticall reed. grasse. jujubes. mer-
cury. pellitory. pimpernel. rubarb.*

Reins heat to allay. *Aspen tree. grasse. lil'y. pudding
pipe. rose. rubarb. rue. strawberries. tamarinds.
violet.*

Reins bleeding.

Reins cold to help.

Reins consumption.

Reins scirrhus.

Reins secretion of serum hurt.

Reins swellings.

Reins things preternatural.

Reins vessels opened.

Reins ulcers, see Kidnies.

Reins wormes.

Reins wounds.

Reins

Reins running to cure. Apples. artichocks. aromaticall reed. bead tree. burdock. cumfrey. dandelion. dragon tree. Egyptian thorne. fir tree. flower deluce. frankincense. gladdon stinking. gromel. hares foot. sea holly. knotgrasse. larch tree. lilly. liverwort. mastick tree. miltwast. pomegranate purslaine. rubarb. rupturewort. sanicle. saunders. snakeweed. tamarind. turpentine. yarrow.

Reins stone to break, see Stone.

Repandity, see Quassation.

Repelling remedies. Ducks meat. gals.

Rest or sleep to procure. Anet. barley. dandelion. endive. gladdon stinking. herb true love. henbane. lettuce. lilly. mallow. mandrake. mosse. nightshade. nutmeg. onions. plowmans spikenard. poppy. purslaine. rose. rush. saffron. sensitive herb. tobacco. vine. violet. virgins bower. wormwood.

Restorative. Pine. satyrion. vine.

Retention of meat and drinks symptoms.

Rhacosis, see Cods extension.

Rhæas and Rhyas, see Knob in the eys corner.

Rhagades, see Fissures or clefts.

Rhetidosis, see Eyes consumption.

Rheumatismus, see Rheum.

Rheumes and distillations to stay. Ague tree. aromaticall reed. barberries. bay. buckthorne. buglosse. china. coriander. cresses. cummin. frankincense. gals. hasel nuts. hounds tongue. honsleek. S. James's wort. see Distillations and Catarrhes.

Rheums falling on the teeth to stop. Laserwort. mastick tree. slaves acre. wayfaring tree.

Rheumatick. Cherries.

Rhexis, see Ruption.

Rhopalosis, see Haires concretion.

Rogme, see Ruption.

Rigor, see Stiffness.

Rickets to cure. Coffee.

Ringwormes to cure. Alkanet. capers, garlick. hellebore. hops. liverwort. oates. plumbs. vine.

Ripening

Ripe
lily
Rose
Rossa
Rott
Rup
Rugi
Rub
Rust

S
Saha
Sang
Sano
Sauc
Sarc
Sarc
Sarc
Sarc
Saty
Sarc
Scal
Scal
b
d
e
o
l
p
sh
v
Scal
S
Scal
h

Ripening and suppurating. *Chickweed. horse foot. me-
lilot. pine. pitch. pudding pipe. rie. trefoile,*
Rose, see S. Anthonies fire.
Rossalia.
Rotteneſſ to help. *Plantaine.*
Ruptures, see Burſtings.
Rugitus, see Belly rumbling.
Rubeolæ.
Ruſt to preſerve from. *Dragon tree.*

S.

S Adneſs, ſee Melancholy.
Sallads *Wild garlick gondeli of Italy. hares eares.
hops. ſmal houſleek. Jack by the hedge. lettuce.*
Sahafati, ſee Heads running ulcers.
Sanguification hurt.
Sand to expel. ſee Gravel.
Sauce flegm face. *Vine.*
Sarcoccele, ſee Rupture of fleſh.
Sarcoma, ſee Polypus.
Sarcomphalon, ſee Navils excreſcence.
Sarcosis, ſee Mola.
Satyriasis, ſee Yarde pride.
Sarcotrauma, ſee Wounds in the fleſh.
Scabies, ſee Scab.
Scabs and ſcurf to heale. *Agrimonie. alder. Adams apple.
bay. beech. beet. bloodwort. bryony. catmint. china.
darnel. dittander. diwels bit. dock. dodder. elecampane.
elme. fenugreek. figwort. fumitory. glaſſewort. graines
of Paradife. harts eaſe. hellebore. hops. leadwort.
lupine. marjerome. olive tree. palma Chriſti. parſnep.
peaſe. pondweed. poppy. rubarb. ſavin. ſcabious. ſene.
ſpurge. tabacco. tamarinds. thiſtle. turpentine tree:
vine. walnuts.*
Scabs running to cure. *Birthwort. darnel. hops.
ſpurge.*
Scaldings to cure. *Aloes. balme apple. beares breech.
hounds tongue. houſleek. ſee Burnings.*

Scald

Reins running to cure. Apples. artichocks. aromatical reed. bead tree. burdock. cumfrey. dandelion. dragon tree. Egyptian thorne. fir tree. flower deluce. frankincense. gladdon stinking. gromel. hares foot. sea holly. knotgrasse. larch tree. lilly. liverwort. mastick tree. miltwast pomegranate purslaine. rubarb. rupturewort. sanicle. saunders. snakeweed. tamarind. turpentine. yarrow.

Reins stone to break, see Stone.

Repandicy, see Quassiarion.

Repelling remedies. Ducks meat. gals.

Rest or sleep to procure. Anet. barley. dandelion. endive. gladdon stinking. herb true love. henbane. lettuce. lilly. mallow. mandrake. mosse. nightshade. nutmeg. onions. plowmans spikenard. poppy. purslaine. rose. rush. saffron. sensitive herb. tobacco. vine. violet. virgins bower. wormwood.

Restorative. Pine. satyrion. vine.

Retention of meat and drinks symptoms.

Rhacosis, see Cods extension.

Rhæas and Rhyas, see Knob in the eyes corner.

Rhagades, see Fissures or clefts.

Rhetidosis, see Eyes consumption.

Rheumatismus, see Rheum.

Rheumes and distillations to stay. Ague tree. aromatical reed. barberries. bay. buckthorne. buglosse. china. coriander. cresses. cummin. frankincense. gals. hasel nuts. hounds tongue. honsleek. S. James's wort. see Distillations and Catarrhes.

Rheums falling on the teeth to stop. Laserwort. mastick tree. staves acre. wayfaring tree.

Rheumatick. Cherries.

Rhexis, see Ruption.

Rhopalosis, see Huires concretion.

Rogme, see Ruption.

Rigor, see Stiffness.

Rickets to cure. Coffee.

Ringwormes to cure. Alkanet. capers, garlick. hellebore. hops. liverwort. oates. plumbs. vine.

Ripening

Ripening and suppurating. *Chickweed. horse foot. me-
tilot. pine. pitch. pudding pipe. rie. trefaile,*
Rose, see S. Anthonies fire.
Rossalia
Rotteneffs to help. *Plantaine.*
Ruptures, see Burstings.
Rugitus, see Belly rumbling.
Rubeolz.
Rust to preserve from. *Dragon tree.*

S.

S Adness, see Melancholy.
Sallads *Wild garlic. gondeli of Italy. hares eares.
hops. smal houlleek. Jack by the hedge. lettuce.*
Sahafati, see Heads running ulcers.
Sanguification hurt.
Sand to expel. see Gravel.
Sauce flegm face. *Vine.*
Sarcocoele, see Rupture of flesh.
Sarcoma, see Polypus.
Sarcomphalon, see Navils excreescence.
Sarcosis, see Mola.
Satyriasis, see Yarde pride.
Sarcotrauma, see Wounds in the flesh.
Scabies, see Scab.
Scabs and scurf to heale. *Agrimonie. alder. Adams apple.
bay. beech. beet. bloodwort. bryony. catmint. china.
darnel. dittander. divels bir. dock. dodder. elecampane.
elme. fenugreek. figwort. fumitory. glasswort. graines
of Paradise. harts ease. hellebore. hops. leadwort.
lupine. marjerome. olive tree. palma Christi. parsnep.
pease. pondweed. poppy. rubarb. savin. scabious. sene.
spurge. tabacco. tamarinds. thistle. turpentine tree.
vine. walnuts.*
Scabs running to cure. *Birthwort. darnel. hops.
Spurge.*
Scaldings to cure. *Aloes. balme apple. beares breech.
hounds tongue. houlleek* see Burnings.
Scald

- Scald heads in children. *Garlick. mint. lupine.*
 Scales of bones &c. to remove. *Maydenhaire. walnut tree. birthwort. bryony.*
 Scelotyrbe, see Scurvy.
 Scars to heale. *Balme apple. basil. bryony. bugle. chervil wild. crowfoot. darnel. dittander. holly rose. loofestriſe. roſemary.*
 Sciatica or hip-gout to cure. *Angetica. aſarabacca. aſpen. bettony. broom. burdock. calamint. capers. centory. china. clary. coſtus. creſſes. cudweed. danewort. darnel. elecampane. fennel. fleawort. gladdon ſtinking. goutwort. graines of paradise. groundpine. groundſel. hellebore. Jack by the hedge. S. James wort. S. Johns wort. ivy. larkſpur. laſerwort. leadwort. lions leafe. madder. mallow. mullein. muſtard. navelwort. palma Chriſti. park leaves. poppy. raddiſh. rubarb. rue. ſouthernwood. ſpatling poppy. ſperage. ſtarwort. tabacco. thiſtle. time. trefoile.*
 Scirrhus's or hard ſwellings of melancholly to cure. *China. gilloflower. moluccas tree. woad.*
 Sclerialis, ſee Eyelids hardneſs.
 Sclerophthalmia, ſee Eyelids roughneſs.
 Scobioſis, ſee Cyphoſis.
 Scolopenders, ſee Bearworms.
 Scorbute, ſee Scurvy.
 Scotodinos, ſee Scotomy or dizzineſs.
 Scordinema, ſee Stretching, and gaping.
 Scotomia, ſee Eyes dazzeling.
 Scourings, ſee Flix and Laſkes. *Oates.*
 Scratches, *Bugle.*
 Scrophulæ, ſee Kings evil.
 Sculs rottenneſs.
 Sculs wounds.
 Scorpions ſtinging to cure. *Blite. hawkweed. larkſpur. leopards bane. lettuce. mallow. myrtle. nettle. oranges. roſe campion. ſaffron. ſcorpion graſſe. ſouthernwood. ſpinach. torneſole. violet.*
 Scurf to clenſe, ſee Dandrif.
 Scurvy to cure. *Broktime. cloudberryes. coffee. creſſes. cuckow*

cuckow flower. danewort. fluellin. horsetaile. juniper.
limmons. pockwood tree. radish. scurvy grasse. tamar-
rinds. vine. wayfaring tree.

Seyrre, (i.e.) Callus.

Secretion of urin hurt.

Sea serpents virulent bitings to cure. *Sea feather.*

Secundine to expel, see After-birth.

Sedes, see Solution of unity.

Seed to increase, see Sperme.

Senses to quicken. *Rosemary. saffron. sage. vine.*

Senses dulling. *Onions.*

Serpents to drive away. *Chast tree. juniper. loose strife.
marjerome. Saint Katharines flower. southernwood.
starwort.*

Serpents stings and venomous bitings to cure. *Adders
tongue. agrimonie. alexander. aloes. asphodil. bettony.
birthwort. bishops weed. buglosse. burdock. calamint.
chast tree. winter cherry. bastard chickweed. cud-
weed. cummin. dittany. elecampane. fennel. flower
deluce. galingale. germander. gladdon stinking. glasse-
wort. harts tongue. sea holly. horehound. howsleek.
Jewes thorne. lilly. lions leaf. madder. mint. moluccas
tree. mosse. mullein. myrtle. nettle. nuts. parsnep.
piony. pitch tree. rose bay. rubarb. rue. scabious.
sowbread. sperage. swallowwort. sycomore. thistle. tre-
foile. wolves bare.*

Serpigo, see Ringworme, or Tetter.

Sheep to fatten. *Sene.*

Sheep hurtful to. *Butterwort. panick grasse. prick-
wood.*

Sheep scabbed to help. *Lupine.*

Shingles to cure. *Cinquefoile. Egyptian thorne. howsleek;
lentil. olive tree. pellitory. rue.*

Shins broken. *Parke leaves.*

Shortness of breath, see Breath short.

Shivering, see Trembling.

Shoulders paines.

Shrew mouse bitings to cure. *Garlick. turnep. wolfs-
bane, wormwood.*

Sick

Sickness desired in women, see Flowers.

Sides pained and stitches to ease. *Almonds, aromatical reed, ash wild, asphodil, avens, barley, birthwort, bryony, Calathian violet, cammomil, chervil, coral-worts, costus, cummin, elder tree, elecampane, fennel, flax, germander, gessmine, gilliflowers, goats-beard, holly, borehound, larkspur, mallow, maple, maidenhair, melilot, mistletoe, oates, parsley, parsnep, plowmans spikenard, poppy, rue, rupture wort, sage, scabious, sebesten tree, stitchwort, thistle, time, trefoile, valerian, vine.*

Siderate disease, see Apoplexy. *Bay.*

Siclisimus, see Spittle abounding.

Sighing.

Sight to preserve, see Eye sight.

Sight duplicat.

Silver to colour yellow like gold. *Sundew.*

Sinewes diseases to cure. *Ladies bedstraw, lilly, mustard nuts, oxlips, pipe, primrose, rosemary, sage, smallage, sowbread, tansie, thistle, turpentine, wound tree.*

Sinewes to strengthen. *Balsame, birds eye, birthwort, capers, centory, citruls wild, coleworts, cowslips, fennel, flower de luce, grains of paradise, ladies bedstraw, mint, mirobalans, mock privet, pellitory, rosemary, sage.*

Sinewes pained, shrinking and stiffness to cure. *Burdock, camels hay, cammomil, centorie, chickweed, cowslip, elme, fennel, flax, laserwort, saffron, sowthernwood, tansie, thistle, turpentine, walnut wheat.*

Sinus, see Impostume hollow.

Sinews relaxation, *Citruls, coloquintida.*

Singult, see Hicker.

Sinews prickt or cut to help. *Balme apple, daffodil, goats thorne, groundsel, horse-tail, S. Johns wort, lillie, oak, one blade, smallage.*

Siriasis, see Heat of the head in infants.

Sirones, see Worms under the skin.

Siris, see Thirst.

Skin

Sitis, see Thirst.

Skins blackness, see Sunburning.

Skins fretting and galling to help. *Beech. Fenugreek.*

Skin smooth to make. *Almonds. ash. burnet. citruls wild. cowslips. cucumber.. Egyptian thorne. elder. ele-campane. fennel. fig-tree. flax. fumitory. gessmine. gold of pleasure. horsefoot. lilly. mustard. nettle. pim-pernel. pine. pipe. pudding pipe. sowbread. spurge. stone-crop. turneps. walnuts. wheat.*

Skins yellowness to help. *Flax.*

Skins discolouring pain to ease. *Dittander.*

Sleep procuring, see Rest to cause.

Sleep hindering see Watching to cause.

Sleep, starting in it. *Aniseeds.*

Slimy humours to purge. *Hellebore. hedge hyssope.*

Smelling sweet. *Avens. Birthwort. Indian bread. cinna-mon. cloves. holly rose. marjerome. mastick. rush. sca-bious. tree of life. woundwort.*

Smelling to help. *Saint Katharines flower.*

Smel of the armpits to take away. *Artichock. thistle.*

Snakes biting to help and drive away. *Birthwort. see Serpents.*

Sneezing, see Neezing.

Soda, see Cephalæa.

Somnambulation, see Walking in sleep.

Sopor, see Coma.

Sorrow, see Sadness.

Sope to make, *Gold of pleasure.*

Sores, see Ulcers.

Spasme, see Convulsion and cramp.

Spasmus cynicus, see Mouth wry.

Sparganosis. see Milk increased.

Speech lost to restore. *Glasswort. lavender. malder. peaches. piony.*

Sperms generation hurt.

Sperme or seed to increase. *Anet. ash. cicbes. coriander. nuts. oily pulse. onions. pine-rice. saffron. sperage. turnep.*

Sperm to dry up, *Chast tree. hempseed. lettuce. lillie. rue.*

Sphincters coldness, and Resolution,

E c

Sphacelus

Sphacelus or mortification to cure. *Jack by the hedge.*

Spiders poison to resist. *Lettuce, smailage.*

Spider of the fields poison to resist. *Chervil, cliver, English hyacinth, S. Johns wort, mulberries, radish, southernwood, tamarisk, turpentine tree.*

Spitting of blood to stay. *Almonds, arrowhead, barberries, bead tree, beares breech, bettony, burdock, butchers broom, camels hay, centory, cumfrey, dry dates, dragon tree, earthnut, fennel, frankincense, couch grasse, hares foot, harts tongue, holly rose, horehound, S. Johns wort, juniper, knot-grasse, larch tree, leeks, line tree, liquorice, lungwort, mastick tree, mint, mosse, mouseare, myrtle, nuts, oake, peaches, periwinkle, plantane, pomegranates, poppy, purslaine, ribwort, rose-wood, rubarb, sage, sanicle, shepherds purse, tree foile, wheat, willow.*

Spittle to provoke. *Henbane yellow, liquorice, saffron, tarragon.*

Spirits animals salts.

Spirits optick amisse.

Spitting often.

Spirits to strengthen and quicken. *Archangel, bay, bead tree, cloves, coffee, Indian figs, nuts, oranges, rice, rose, sorrowful tree, strawberries, tamarind tree, zedoary.*

Spleens affections from the womb, see Hypochondriacks.

Spleens diseases to cure. *Ague tree, alkanet, aromaticall reed, bittersweet, calamint, dates, dittander, dodder, flower de luce, ivy, marjerome, miltwast, moly, poley mountaine, poppy, radish, rocket, rubarb, scurvy grass, southernwood, spleen tree, tamarinds, tamarisk, time, turpentine tree, vervaine, vine, wormwood.*

Spleens inflammation.

Spleens hardness, obstructions and swellings to cure. *Almonds, angelica, archangel, aromaticall reed, asarabacca, ash, balsame, basil, bay, beet, bettony, birthwort, broom, burdock, cammock, capers, centory, chaff tree, coffee, coleworts, cresses, danewort, dittany, dodder.*

adder. elder tree. fennel. fenugreek. fern. toad flax.
 fluellin. foxglove. fumitory. furz bush. germander.
 gladdon stinking. glass wort. goldilocks. ground pine.
 harts tongue. waterhemp. sea holly. hops. horehound.
 lavender. lupine. madder. marjerome. misseltoe. mouse
 eare mulberry. nutmeg. onions. parsley. peaches. pelli-
 tory. pockwood tree. radish. rosemary. rue. S. Katha-
 rines flower. saffron. sampier. sene. southern-
 wood. sowbread. spignel. strawberries. sycomore. ta-
 marisk. thistle. tormentil. trefoile. turmeric. turpen-
 tine. vine. woad. woodbind.

Spleens windiness to cure. *Elecampane*

Spleen stopping. Dates. vine.

Spleen wasting. Fennel.

Spleens ulcers.

Spleens wounds.

Splinters, thornes, broken bones &c. to extract. *Agri-
 mony. archangel. bettony. birthwort. bryony. clary.
 daffodil. darnel. dittany. fennel. flag. flax. gladdon
 stinking. hawthorne. sea holly. pimpernel. primrose.
 reed. southernwood. turpentine. valerian. wheat.*

Spots, freckles, pimples, &c. in the skin to take away.

*Basil. bay. bel flower. birds eye. broom. bryony. cala-
 mint. carrawaies. great celandine. cinnamon. cole-
 worts. cucumber. cypress. daffodil. dittander. elme.
 endive. feverfew. figs. figwort. flax. flower de luce.
 gessmine. hawkweed. herb frankincense. hellebore.
 limmons. lovage. nutmeg. oates. onions. palma christi.
 parsley. pease. pennyroyal. pepper. pondweed. radish.
 rampion. rocket. rosemary. rubarb. Saint Katharines
 flower. savin. saxifrage. scurvy grasse. Solomons
 seale. strawberries. tamarinds. tansie. thistle. vervain.
 vetch. wheat. widow waile.*

Spots out of garments to take. *Limmons. lions leaf,*

Spraines to help, see Straines.

Squats to help. see Fals and bruises.

Squintness.

Squinancy or squinzy. see Quinzy.

Starch to make. *Corne. wake Robin.*

Stingings to cure, see Bees, Scorpions, Serpents, &c.
 Stammering.

Staphyloma, see Eyes uvea outgoing.

Steatocoele, see Cods rallolike rupture.

Steatoma, see Impostume with tallowlike matter.

Sternutation, see Sneezing.

Stitches to ease, see Sides paines.

Stink to help. see Putrefaction to help.

Stomacace, see Scurvy.

Stomacks affection from the womb.

Stomacks extenuation, and resolution, and narrow-
 ness &c.

Stomack to help. Belflower. dates dry. S. Johns wort.
 lentils. liquorice. lovage. marjerome. mastick tree.
 mint. parsley. pomecitron. pomegranates. quinces. thistle.
 turmerick. vine. walnuts.

Stomack cold, moist, and weak to strengthen. Ague
 tree. alexander. aloes. angelica. aromaticall reed. avens.
 balsame. bawm. bay. bramble. burdock. cammomil.
 capers. carrawaies. catmint. charlock. chervil. China.
 cicely. cinquefoile. cinnamon. clarie. cloves. coffee.
 coriander. cornel tree. cresse of Peru. dandelion.
 dittander. dittany. dodder. dragons. earthnut. elder
 tree. elecampane. felwort. galingale. garlick. water
 germander. ginger. goats beard. graines of paradise.
 hawkweed. holly rose. horehound. Jack by the hedge.
 Indian leafe. jujubes. larch tree. laserwort. limmons.
 liquorice. liverwort. lovage. marjerome. marvel of
 Peru. masterwort. mastick. mint. mosse. mustard. myrtle.
 nutmegs. oranges. parynep. pears. pepper. pockwood tree.
 pomecitrons. pomegranates. rose. rubarb. rue. sage.
 saw-wort. saxifrage. scurvy grasse. sowthistle. spike-
 nard. tabacco. tansie. thee. thistle. time. turmerick.
 vine. wormwood. zedoary.

Stomacks dryness to help.

Stomacks heat to cool. Apples. barberries. cherries.
 cloudberry. crabs. cucumbers. currans. drunken dates.
 dock. endive. fumitory. gooseberries. gourds. groundsel.
 harts-tongue. hawkweed. lettuce. liquorice. lungwort.
 medlars,

medlars. mirobalan tree. navel wort. nightshade. oranges. pompion. purslaine. sebesten tree. sarrel. spinach. starwort. strawberries. thorow-wax. vine. violet. whortleberries. wormewood.

Stomacks cedema.

Stomacks pains and gnawings to ease. Bead tree. blood-wort. calves snout. carrawaies. prickly cedar. cinnamon. cotton plant. dock. fennel. goats beard. groundsel. herb frankincense. mugwort. nutmeg. pennyroyal. rue. sowthistle. spiknard. spinach. sycomore. wormwood. zedoary.

Stomacks stupidity.

Stomacks subversion or situation changed.

Stomacks wind to break. Burdock. camels hay. cammomil. chast tree. costus. cummin. elecampane. fennel. lovage. rubarb. rue. skirrets. smillage. spignel. vipers grasse. wormwood.

Stomack to cleanse. Dodder. jujubes. mirobalans. reed. rose. thistle. turpentine.

Stomacks flux to stay. Calamint. frankincense. milkwort. mint. Moluccas tree. olive. pompion. spiknard. vetch. yarrow.

Stomack hurtful to. Adams apples. barley. bead tree. bindweed. bladder nut. blite. bryony. cherries. cresses. elder. flax. basel nuts. hempseed. juniper. larch tree. lawrel. pipe tree. poley. radish. rose. saffron. sene. southernwood. strawberrries. sycomore. turbitb. turpentine tree. walnuts. widdow-waile.

Stomacks things preternatural.

Stomacks ulcer.

Stomacks wounds.

Stone & gravel to expel. Adonis flower. almonds. apples. apricock. aromotical reed. bead tree. beane. bettony. birds eye. bladder nut. bramble. brooklime. broom. buck-horne. butchers broom. caltrops. cammock. cammomil. campion. carnations. carrot wild. black cherries. china. ciches. claver. cockle coffee. columbine. coral worts. cow-slip. cranes bil. Italian bank cresses. dittany dodder. dropwort.

dropwort. eglantine. fennel. feverfew. figs. firre tree.
 roadflax. fluellin. furzebush. galingale. goats beard.
 goldilocks. golden rod. gooseberry bush. graines of para-
 dise. couch grass. gromel. groundsel. harts tongue. haws.
 heath. henbane yellow. sea holly. horse taile. Jack by the
 hedge. S. James wort. Jews thorn. Jobs teares. S. Johns
 wort. ivy. knotgrasse. lacca tree. ladies bedstraw larch
 tree. limmon. liverwort. lovage. mallow. masterwort.
 mayden haire. medlars. melilot. mints. miltwast. moluccas
 tree. mosse. navelwort. nettle. nutmeg. ox-eye. parsley.
 parsnep. pellitory. pennyroyal. pepper. periwinkle. pim-
 pernel. piony. plums. privet. pudding pipe. purslaine.
 radish. rhubarb. sampier. saxifrage. skirret. sopewort.
 sorrel. southernwood. southistle. spignel. spikenard. tan-
 sie. thistle. time. tornesole. trefeile. turpentine. vervaine.
 vine. virgins bower. woodroof. wolfs bane.

Stone in the bladder to help. Bay. birch tree. chervil.
 garlick wild. hares eares. Jobs teares. mayden haire.
 saxifrage.

Stone in the kidnies and reines to expel. Almonds. aro-
 matical reed. balsame. beech. birch tree. birds foot.
 bramble. cabbage. dane wort. golden rod. Jobs teares.
 mayden haire. parsley. pennyroyal. pine. pompion. rup-
 turewort. saxifrage. strawberries.

Stone breeding. Vine.

Stone in the head.

Stone of the liver.

Stone of the lungs.

Stone of the tongue.

Stone of the womb.

Stones, see privities.

Stool provoking to, see Belly purging.

Strabisme, see Squinting.

Straines to help. Bears breech. costus. cumfrey. gillo-
 flower.

Strangling the body. Cocks head. cornel tree.

Strangulation or strangling of the body to cure.
 Valerian.

Strangling of the mother, see Mothers suffocation.

Strangury

Strangury or pissings dropmeale to help. *Agrimonie.*
alexander. almonds. angelica. apples. aromatical reed.
aspen basil. bettony. bishops weed. brooklime. burdock.
butchers broom. Cacao tree. candy carrots. cedar. centory
winter cherries. cocks head. winter cresses. cudweed.
cypresse tree. dittany. dragon tree. dropwort. eglantine.
filbeards. firre tree. toadflax. fleabane. germander.
gladon stinking. couch grasse. gro-rel. groundpine.
hartwort. hawkweed. hops. horsetaile. horse tongue.
juniper. knot grasse. larkspur. lavender. liquorice. mar-
jerome. mastick. mercury. mints. miltwast. Moluccas
tree. myrtle. pellitory. piony. plowmans spike-
nard. radish. rose wood. rupture wort. saxifrage.
shepheards needle. southernwood. southistle. spatling
poppy. spignel. tamarisk. tansie. thistle. time. tormentil.
trefoile. turpentine. valerian. vetch.

Strengthening. *Beech. cullions. dogs tooth. gals. holly*
rose. lavender. Miobalans. nuts. nutmeg. orach. pota-
toes. reed. rubarb. saffron. sanicle. saunders. services.
southernwood. sundew. thee. vine. wormwood. xedoary.

Stretching, or Pandiculation.

Struma, see Wens.

Stultitia, see Folly.

Stupidity. *Saffron.*

Stutting, see Stammering.

Struma's, see The Kings evill.

Stubs to draw out, see Thorns.

Styptick, see Astringent.

Subsultio, see Palpitation.

Suffusions *Beane.*

Sudamina, see Wheals red and angry.

Suffocation, see Strangulation.

Superferation.

Supinity, see Incubus, or Succubus.

Suppuration.

Surditas, see Deafnesse.

Suffusion, see Eyes web.

Sugillation, see Contusion.

Superpurgation, see Purging violent'y to hinder.

Sugar how made. Reed.

Sunburning to cure. Birds eye. bryony. coffee. coleworts. daffodil. endive. madwort. oke. Solomons seale. sow-bread. tansie. vetch.

Surfeiting to prevent. Coleworts. wormwood.

Surfeits to cure. Angelica. broom. poppy. saffron. violet.

Suspiritus, see Asthma.

Swallowing hurt. Hyssope.

Sweating to procure. Angellica. bindweed. box. buglasse. butterwort. calamint. cammomil. China. cocks head. cresses. danewort. dyers weed. elder. fennel. goats rue. Egyptian cocks foot grasse. herb frankincense. juniper tree. lovage. masterwort. melilot. millet. pellitory. pock-wood tree. sage. scabious. sneeswort. thistle. time. tormentil. vine. violet. walnuts. wormwood.

Sweating to hinder. Myrtle. rose.

Swellings to consume. Anet. angelica. apricock. archangel. aromatical reed. barley. basil. beech. Calathian violets. caltrops. chervil wild. chickweed. clarie. cocks head. corne. cranes bil. daisy. dogs bane. ducks-meat. elder tree. feverfew. flax. fleabane. fluellin. fox-gloves. gourds. groundsel. holly. water houseleek. mallow. mayweed. melilot. olives. pa'ma Christi. pease. pipe. saffron sage. sebesten tree. tabacco. time. tresfoile. vervain. violet. wound tree. zedoary.

Swellings hard to cure. Barley. bawm. bean. burdock. cammock. cammomil. capers. cresse. crowfoot. danewort. figs. flax. gladdon stinking. meadow grasse. lasserwort. lentils. marigold. maiden haire. mints. mullein. oily pulse. ox eye. pepper. piteb. reed. saffron. sow-bread. star of Bethlem. stonecrop. swallowwort. vetch. vine.

Swellings soft and oedematous to cure. Balsame. beares eares. China. meadow grasse. Jews thorne. mullein: vine.

Swellings hot to cure. Adders tongue. alder black. al seed. cresse of Peru. cullions. cedar tree. endive. herb

herb true love. henbane yellow. lilly. pine tree. man-
drake. milkwort. mulberries. navelwort. olive tree.
pellitory. pimperl. pine. plane tree. poppy. S. Catharines
flower. sowthistle. spurge. thistle. thorow wax. trefoile.
vervaine. vine. wheat.

Swellings cold to help. Arsmart. cammomil. gessemine.
herb frankincense. mallow. marigold. marjerome. mu-
flard. parsnep. peares. pepper. sanicle. scabious. sow-
thernwood. storax. thistle. trefoile.

Swellings hollow cancrus, see Cancers.

Swellings from tumours, see the same.

Swellings watry. Rue.

Swellings Windy. see Wind to help.

Swellings to open. Wheat.

Swellings hard in the privy parts to cure. Archangel.
aromatical reed. asarabacca. asphodil. bindweed. chaff-
tree. cummin. fennel. fenugreek. flag. flax. flower de luce.
herb frankinsence. lillie. melilot. rue. vetch.

Swellings malignant and venomous, see the same.

Swellings and inflammations in the testicles to cure.

Herb true love. henbane.

Swellings. hot causing. Pomegranates.

Swimming in the head, see Giddiness.

Swine to kil. Goose foot.

Swines appetite to help. Knotgrasse.

Swine pox to help, see the Small.

Swouning and fainting to cure Aromaticall reed. basil.
borage. Calathian violet. cherries. cinnamon. colum-
bene. endive. marjerome. oake. parsnep. pennyroyal.
pomelitron. pondweed. pudding pipe. reed. quinces.
sundew. tabacco. vine. vipers grasse.

Syriasis to cure. Turnesole.

Syntaxis, see Colliquation.

Systrophe, see Phyma.

Syphalis, see French pox.

Syrismos, see Eares noise.

Synauche, see Quinsy.

Synchysis, see Eys rupture.

Syncope, see Fainting.

Sycosis, see Piles.

Syderation, see Blasting.

Symptosis, see Eyes narrowness.

Syrupus de meconio, or syrup of meconium, see Poppy.

T.

TAbes to cure. *Barley. lupine. palma Christi. vetech willow.*

Taberdilla, or Gods tokens, see Calenture.

Talpa, see Abscesse of the head.

Tasting lost.

Tarantation.

Taraxis, see Eyes perturbation.

Teeth set on edge to help. *Purslain.*

Teeths bleeding.

Teeths breeding to facilitate.

Teeths chilnesse.

Teeth falling out, see Teeth loose.

Teeths gnashing and chattering.

Teeth loose to fasten. *Barberries. birthwort. bramble. drunken date tree. dragon tree. Egyptian thorne. elocampane. golden rod. mastick tree. mosse. nuts. olives. pomegranates. purslaine. snakeweed. storax. strawberries. vervaine. wayfaring tree.*

Teeth to whiten. *Tabacco.*

Teeth to cleanse. *Birthwort. cacao tree. Indian purger.*

Teeth hollow and aking good for. *Cedar. cloves.*

Teeths wormes to draw forth. *Felwort, henbane.*

Teeths elongation.

Teeth pulling out. *Ivy. flower de luce.*

Teeth rotten. *Flowerdeluce.*

Teeth stinking and yellow. *Sage.*

Tentigo, see Priapisme.

Telephia, see Ulcers hard to be cured.

Teredo, see Bones rottennesse.

Terminthi and therminthi, see Black pustuls.

Tooth ach to ease. *Alder. angelica. arsmarr. asphodil. basil. baym. beares eares. box. burdock. cammeck. capers.*

capers. cedar. celandine. cinquefoile. citruls wild.
cloves. crowfoot. dittander. fennel. fig tree. fleabane.
ginger. hellebore. henbane. ivy. laserwort. leadwort.
marigold. marjerome. mastick tree. mulberries. mustard.
nettles. nuts. onions. parslly. pellitory. pepper. pimperl.
pine. pitch. plane tree. poppy. pockwood tree. purslaine.
Rubarb. S. Katharines flower. saffron. sneesewort.
spurge. staves acre. sumach. sundew. tabacco. tamarisk.
tarragon. thistle. vervaine. vine. wormewood. yarrow.

Tenesmus, or desire to go to stool in vain to cure.
Cudweed. fleawort. frankincense. spignel. trefoile.
vetch.

Tenesmus causing Bindweed.

Tetters to heale. Alkanet. almonds. beech. capers. cor-
nel tree. cresse. darnel. fluellin. gessemine. hellebore.
hops. S. James's wort. limmons. liver wort. myrtle.
olive tree. pine. rubarb. swallow wort. thistle.
vine.

Temulency, see drunkenness.

Testudo, see abscesse great and soft.

Teranos, or cramp holding the body upright.

Tentigo, or mentula muliebris.

Termes, see Courses.

Testicles, see privy parts.

Testicles cancers, and swellings.

Testicles contusion, and paines, &c.

Testicles gangreen.

Testicles scituation changed.

Testicles wounds.

Thicknesse of hearing. see deafnesse.

Therioma, see Herpes exedens.

Terantros, see Quartains.

Things troublesome swallowed.

Thirst to quench. Aniseed. apples. barley. cherries. ci-
truls. cloudberry. currans. fleawort. heath. houseek.
lettuce. limmons. liquorice. mezereon. millet. mirobals.
mulberries. rose. sebesten tree. sorrel. spleen tree.
strawberry. tamarinds. thistle. violet. whortle berries.

Thlasma, see Contusion.

Thirst

- Thirst causing. *Cold of pleasure. oily pulse.*
 Thornes to draw forth, see Splinters. &c.
 Throats almonds to help. *Boxthorne. bramble. ca'trops. cedar. cinquefoile. divels bit. elder. fumitory. mustard. oake. pellitory. pitch tree. pomegranates. primrose. rampions. smallage.*
 Throats drop sic.
 Throats kernels and swellings to waist. *Alder. boxthorn. clivers. fumitory. gal tree. herb frankincense. hyssope. S. James wort. lentils. orach. plams. rampions. rubarb. snakeweed. starwort. wayfaring tree.*
 Throats narrowness and obstruction.
 Throats palfie.
 Throats sores and diseases to cure. *Barley. bulleis. columbine. confound. elder tree. fig tree. hyssope. toadstools. woodbind.*
 Throats things therein.
 Throats roughnesse to lenify. *Barly. borage. dates. garlick. goats thorne. horsefist. jujubes. liquorice. mullein. pudding pipe. rampions. selfheale. spinach. sycomore. vine. violet.*
 Throats inflammation to assuage. *Strawberries. throatwort. toadstools. vine. violets. wormwood.*
 Throat inflaming and hurtfull to. *Mezereon. plane tree.*
 Thrombos, see Blood congealed.
 Thrombosis, see Milk curdled.
 Thymus see Flethy excrescens.
 Throws, see Gripping of the belly after childbirth.
 Thrush, see Aphthæ.
 Timpany to cure. *Ash. rubarb. vine.*
 Tinea, see Heads wheales. and Itchs.
 Tinofo, see Scurvy.
 Toads poison to resist. *Beares eare.*
 Toadstools, see Mushrooms.
 Tongues blackness.
 Tongue great.
 Tonguetiedness.

Tongues motion hurt.

Tongues wounds.

Tongues roughness to lenify. *Citruls. goats thorne; quinces. self-heale.*

Tongue inflamed to help. *Liverwort. self heale.*

Tongues palsie to cure. *Lilly. primrose. rocket. rose-mary.*

Tonsils ulcers.

Tonsils inflamed to help. *Radish.* see Almonds of the throat.

Tools to harden. *Moufe-eare.*

Tormina, see Collick and bowels griping paines.

Tortura oris, see Wry mouth.

Tophus, see Callus.

Topinaria, see Talpa.

Torpor, see Dulness, or numbness.

Trachæa's distempers, convulsions, roughness, narrowness, see Throat.

Trachom, see Eyes itching.

Traulotes, see Stammering.

Trachires, see Eyelids roughness.

Travaile of women, see Childbirth.

Traumatick or vulnerary, see Wounds.

Trembling of the sinews. *Pellitory.*

Tremor see Quaking or shaking palsie.

Trichiasis, see Phalangosis.

Trismus, see Teeth gnashing.

Tromata, see Blows.

Tromos, see Trembling.

Trochisci Alhandal, see Citruls.

Turning of the head, see Dizziness.

Tuelli, see Fundament.

Tunicle aranea's faults.

Tunicle retina's faults.

Tunicle cornea's faults.

Tumours see swellings.

Tympanie. *Rubarb. wild ash.*

Tyris, see Ophiasis.

Tympanias

Tympanias, see Tympanites.

Typhomania, and Typhonia, see Lethargy.

Tylosis, see Eyelids callus.

Tympanites, see Dropfie of wind.

V.

V Apours, see Fumes. Zadoary.

Varices or veins swollen with bad blood.
Lupines.

Variolæ, see Measles.

Veines to open. Bindweed. camels hay, croffe wort,
dodder. mullein.

Veins broken to knit.

Veins flegme and choler to purge. Rose.

Venery, see Lust.

Venome, see Poison.

Ventositie, see Wind.

Vertigo, see Heads giddiness.

Vari, see Specks in the face.

Verruca, see Wart.

Veterous, see Lethargie.

Venoming. *Helmet flower. hemlock. hyacinth lilly leaved.*
rue wild. trefoile venemous.

Vernix for pictures. *Juniper.*

Vineger see Vine.

Virginity.

Virgins disease, see Green sicknesse.

Vitiligo, see Morpew.

Vitus dance, see Tarantats.

Vipers biting to cure. *Ash tree, bucks horne, burdock,*
caltrops, cliver, costus, fennel, juniper, scorpion grasse,
trefoile, vipers grasse, woundwort, yew.

Viper Regulus, its poyson to resist. *Moluccas tree.*

Ulcers and sores to heale. *Agrimony, alder black, alka-*
net, alheale, almonds, aloes, angelica, balsame,
barley, bettony, birthwort, bramble, broom, bryony, bugle,
butterbur, campion, capers, centory, cicely, clarie,
clivers, cockle, colerworts, coltsfoot, columbine, winter
creffes,

creffes, cudweed, cumfrey, dandelion, darnel, dodder, dragons, elder tree, elecampane, fennel, ferne, fig tree, toadflax, flixweed, fluellin, fox gloves, fox stones, germander, ginger, goats beard, gourds, groundpine, hares eares, harts ease, herb true love, herb two pence, hellebore, henbane yellow, holly rose, honywort, horehound, hounds tongue, hyssope. S. Johns wort, juniper tree, lentils, lillie, liquorice, masterwort, mastick tree, mirbalan tree, misseltoe, mullein, myrtle, nutmeg, nuts, pease, pimperlhel, pine, plantaine, pomegranat, pondweed, poppy, rose, rubarb, rupture wort, sage, savin, selfe heale, smallage, snakeweed, southern wood, stonecrop, torne sole, valerian, vetch, vine, wake robbin, woad, yarrow, zedoary.

Ulcers dysepulotick, and painfull, see Astringents.

Ulcers or sores eating, running, and spreading to cure, Adders tongue, anemonie, anet, arsmarr, asphodil, camels hay, great celandine, china, cinquefoile, crossewort, cypresse, darnel, dodder, dragons, Egyptian thorne, endive, figs, figwort, fluellin, fox stones, friers cowle, galingale, groundpine, hares eares, herb frankincense, hemlock, holly rose, hops, horse tongue, housleek, Jack by the hedge, ivy, knapweed, lentils, lupines, mastick tree, medesweet, mosse, oates, oily pulse, olive tree, parsnep, pine, pitch tree, plane tree, pondweed, rosewood, savin, smallage, star of Bethlem, tobacco, tamarisk, thistle, vetch, vine, walnuts, woad, wolvesbane.

Ulcers old and soule to heale, Ivy, lentils, lions leave, lovage, lungwort, madwort, mallow, mercury, misseltoe, olive tree, pitch, poppy, rubarb, saffron, sanicle, scurvy grasse, sene, smallage, spearewort, sycomore, tobacco, vervaine, vetch, widdow waile, wintergreen, wormwood, wound tree, yarrow.

Ulcers hollow and fistulous to cleanse, Fox stones, friers cowle, hellebore, hounds tongue, S. Iames's wort, juniper, ivy, knapweed, lentils, sponge, (see Mosse,) parsnep, plantaine, poppy, rattle, reed, ribwort, spurge, tormentil, vervaine, wintergreen, wound tree, yarrow.

Ulcers

Ulcers hollow to fil with flesh. Frankincense. hony wort.
juniper. lentils. mastick tree. maudlin. pitch. thorow-wax.

Ulcers leprous.

Ulcers varicose, see Varices.

Ulcers verminous, see Wormes.

Ulcers inward to cure. Confound. orpine.

Ulcers burning to cool. Olives.

Ulcers in the privy parts to cure. Anet. apples. balme
apple. bead tree. bramble. bugle. china. confound.
cranesbil. cresses. danewort. ducks meat. fenugreek.
fl. g. galingale. golden rod. holly rose. knotgrasse. koose-
strife. lungwort. plantaine. privet. sage. tansie. throat-
wort. woodbind.

Uncome, see Andicome.

Vnguentum Agrippæ, see Bryony.

Vnguentum Anodynum, see Lilly.

Vnguentum refrigerans Gal. see Rose.

Vnguentum resinum, see Pine.

Vnguentum splachnicum, see Capers.

Vnguis, see Eyes haw.

Voices faults.

Volatick spots. see Maculæ vol.

Vomica, see Impostume with a hole.

Volvulus, see Iliack passion.

Voice to cleare. Coleworts. marjerome.

Vomiting to provoke. Arsmart. asarabacca. asphodil.
bay. betteny. bindweed. blite. broom. cowslips. daffo-
dil. elder. flax. flower de luce. fumitory. groundsel.
hellebore. water hemp. lawrel. mayweed. nuts. onions.
palma Christi. parsley. pipe tree. prickwood. primrose.
radish. satyrion. spatling poppy. spurge. stonecrop. tabac-
co. valcrian. wolfsbane.

Vomiting to repress. Adders tongue. ague tree. anet. aro-
matical reed. ash. cinnamon. cloves. coriander. crabs.
cranesbil. currans. dates. Egyptian thorne. fennel. couch
grasse. jujubes. ladies mantle. liverwort. marjerome.
mastick tree. mint. mirobalans. Moluccas tree. moonwort.
mosse. pennyroyal. plantaine. pomegranates. purslaine.
quinces

quinces. rice. rupturewort. services. snakeweed. Solomons seale. surrach. tormentil. trefoule. vine. wortle-berries. wormwood. zedoary.

Vomiting of blood to stop. Herb two pence. knotgrasse, sage. shepheards purse. time. wormwood.

Vreters to help. Dandelion. endive. golden rod.

Vreters obstruction. &c.

Vrines difficulty, see Hcury.

Vrines dropping, see Strangury.

Vrine to provoke. Ague tree. alexander. almonds. anet. aniseed. apples. aromaticall reed. artichock. asarabacca. ash. asphodil. barley. basil. bay. beane. beares breech. beet. bittersweet. bramble. bryonie. buckwheat. burdock. butchers broom. Cacao tree. calamint. camels hay. cammock. capers. carrawaies. carrots. cedar. chast tree. cherries black. chervil. ram ciches. cinnamon. cloves. cockshead. coralworts. coriander. costus. crabs. water cresses. dodder. dragons. dropwort. dyers weed. earthenut. elecampane. endive. fennel. firre tree. flax. fluellin. fumitory. furze bush. galingale. garlick. germander. gladdon stinking. glasswort. goldilocks. golden rod. gooseberry bush. gourds. graines of Paradise. grasse. gromel. hares eares. hartwort. herb frankinsence. herb two pence. waterhemp. sea holly. holly-rose. hops. horse tongue. english hyacinth. Jews thorne. Indian leaf. S. Johns wort. juniper. ivy. Kingspeare. knotgrasse. lacca tree. larch tree. lavender. lawrel. leeks. lentils. limmons. liver wort. lovage. lupine. madder. marjerome. masterwort. mastick tree. maudlin. maydenhaire. medlars. melilot. mercury. millet. mock-privet. many flower. mosse. motherwort. mustard. myrtle. navelwort. navew. nettle. nightshade. nutmeg. oake. onions. parsley. parsnep. pellitory. pennyroyal. pepper. periwinkle. pine. plowmans spikenard. poley. pomegranates. pompions. poppy. privet. radish. reed. rocket. rosewood. rosemary. rubarb. rue. rush. saffron. sage. Saint Katharines flower. sampier. savin. saw wort. saxifrage. scabious. shepheards needle. skirrets. smallage. sneesewort. sopewort. southernwood. spatling

spatling poppy, sperage, spignel, spikenard, spinach, tamarisk, taragon, thistle, time, tresfoile, turnep, turpentine tree, valerian, vetch, vine, virgins bower, willow, woodbind, woundwort.

Urine stopping. Aromatical reed. bead tree, pockwood tree.

Urine foul and bloody to cleare. Water honsleek, woodbind.

Urines heat and sharpnesse to help. Almonds, bead tree, winter cherries, citruls, endive, Indian figs, Spanish galingale, goats thorne, gourds, ground pine, hares foot, knotgrasse, lettuce, pine, sebesten tree.

Urines excretion hurt, see Urine to provoke.

Urines flux.

Urine, incontinency of.

Urine bloody causing. Madder, vetch.

Usquebah, see Vine.

Uteraria, see Hysterick.

Uvula, fallen to help. Columbine, dittany, harts tongue, mouse eare, mulberries, primrose, wayfaring tree.

Uvula inflamed to help. Elder, nettle, piony, throatwort, violet.

Uvula swollen to help. Knapweed, mustard, plumbs.

W.

Walking in sleep.

Warts to take away. Aspen, bucks horne, endive, fig tree, mercury, oily pulse, poppy, spurge, teasel, tornesole, vine.

Warts of the strait gut.

Wasps, see Bees and flies.

Wasting. Lilly, lupine, pine, vine.

Watching after childbirth.

Watching to cause. Masterwort, pockwood tree, saffron, thee, wormwood.

Water at sea corrupt to mend. Pennie-royal.

Water to turne into wine. Vine.

Watry humours to purge. Anemonie, bind weed, broom,

broom, bryonie, cucumber wild, daffodil, danewort, flower de luce, glasswort, herb terrible, wholesome helmet flower, hedge hyssope, lacca tree, marjerome. marrow of peru, mercury, mezereon, peaches, pellitory, primrose, rose, rapturewort, saffron, spurge, starwort, thistle, widdow waile, wolfe's bane, woundwort.

Watry humours to stop. Mastick tree. see Humours

Wax kernels, see Kernels.

Weakness helping, see Strengthening.

Weakness causing. Poppy.

Weariness to help. Bay, Calathian violet, cammomil, chaste tree, iron wort, ladies bedstraw, nuts, pine, thee, trefoile, vine, woodbind.

Wenches faces to beautify. Rubarb.

Wens and excrescencies to consume. Alexander, archangel, asarabacca, celandine, chickweed, coriander, crowfoot, daniel, endive, figwort, gessemine, laserwort, lentils, melilot, thorow-wax, torne'sole, woundwort.

Wesands passie, or Relaxation.

Wheales and pushes to cure. Ash, aspin, colts foot, horse taile, lentils, olive tree, sowthernwood, tamarisk, wormwood.

Wheezing to cure. Bitter sweet, bryonie, centory, china, elecampane, fennel, horehound, larch tree, liquorice, oake, onions, orach, parsnep, pine, plowmans spikeard, pockwood tree, pudding pipe, rosemary, rubarb, rue, saffron, S. Katharines flower, scabious, snakeweed, sundew, tabacco, thee, time, valerian, vine, woodbind, zedoary.

Wheezing hurtfull to. Lettuce.

Whites in women to stop. Adders tongue, aniseed, archangel, hawm, burdock, clarie, cornel tree, eglantine, fire tree, gondeli of Italy, herb two pence, holly rose, ladies mantle, lilly, liverwort, mastick tree, mint, moonwort, mosse, olive tree, rosemary, saunders, sea cluster, sopewort, tamarisk, trefoile, vine, wayfaring tree.

Whites

- Whites and reds to stay. *Myrtle. nettle. oake. rose.*
 Whitlows to cure. *Bryony. Egyptian thorne. lungwort.*
smallage. teasel. whitlow grasse. see Fellons.
 Wind to expel. *Ague tree. alexander. anet. angelica.*
aniseed. avens. balsame. bay. birthwort. bryony. but-
chers broom. cammomil. carrawaies. carrots. catmint.
chast tree. cinnamon. coffee. cummin. dragons. drop-
wort. elder tree. fennel. galingale. garlick. ginger. grains
of Paradise. hempseed holly rose hyssope. Indian purger.
juniper. ivy. lovage. lupine. mallow. masterwort. may-
weed. melilot. mint. nettle. nutmeg. onions. oranges.
parsly. parsnep. pepper. pockwood tree. poppy. rosewood.
rosemary. rue. saffron. sage. S. Katharines flower.
savoury. sawwort. tabacco. tansie. time. toothwort.
valerian. vine. wormwood. zedoary.
 Wind ingendring. *Apples. artichock. barley. basil. buck-*
wheat. dates. dogstones. flax. Spanish galingale. hazel
nuts. leeks. onions. pease. pompions. potatoes. puslaine.
sene. skirrets. spinach. turnep. vine.
 Wine decayed to restore. *Leeks.*
 Wines smel when drunk to take away. *Zedoary.*
 Wit and understanding to help. *Frankincense. herb*
truelove.
 Wind short, see Breath short.
 Wisdome, see Wit.
 Witchcraft to resist. *Angelica.*
 Wolf or cancer in the leg. *Elecampane.*
 Wombs affections by smels.
 Wombs aversion.
 Wombs bleeding after childbirth, and vessels opened.
 Wombs cancer and corruption.
 Wombs hemorrhoids.
 Wombs mortification.
 Wombs narrowness, see Womb to open.
 Womb imperforate.
 Wombs bleeding after childbirth.
 Wombs gangreen.
 Wombs fury.
 Wombs crying.

Wombs caudilomata.

Wombs dropfie.

Wombs fistula.

Wombs pustles and roughness.

Wombs rupture to the Anus.

Wombs smoothness.

Wombs worms &c.

Wombs wideness.

Wombs wounds.

Wombs weakness.

Womb, see Mother.

Womb to open and cleanse. *Angelica. balsaine. bettony. birch tree. birth wort. Lishops weed. bryony. butchers broom. cammomil. fennel. fenagreek. figs. flower de luzes. lavender. mandrake. mercurie. mouse eare. rue. savin. time.*

Womb to close. *Sage.*

Wombs paine after childbearing to ease. *Piony. turnep.*

Womens watery diseases to cure. *Herb Christopher.*

Womens symptomes lying in.

Womens symptomes after childbirth.

Womens seaver in childbirth.

Womens testicles diseases.

Womens flux, see Courses.

Womens cauda and mentula.

Wormes to kil. *Agrimony. alkanet. aloes. arrowhead. arsmart. barberries. basil. bawm. bettony. bindweed. birthwort. box. butter burre. calamint. beane. capers. cedar. centory. cherries. citruls wild. coleworts. coriander. costus. cresses. danewort. darnel. ditany. diwels bit. hogs tooth. cglantine. elccampane. felwort. ferne. figwort. flixweed. flower gentle. garlick. gaul tree. germander. goats rue. graines of Paradise. grasse. hazel tree. bastard hellebore. wholesome helmet flower. hemp. henbane yellow. hops. horehound. hoo sleek. hyssop. juniper. ivy. lacca tree. larch tree. lavender. limmon. lupine. maudlin. Moluccas tree. mosse. motherwort. mulberries. mustard. nettle. onions. oranges. peaches. pease. plantaine. pomecitrons. purslaine. radish. rocket. rubarb.*

rubarb, rupture wort. S. Katharines flower, javin, sea feather, sebesten tree. (smallage southernwood. tabacco. tamarinds. tansie, thistle. time. tornsole. turnep. vervaine. vetches. walnuts. wolfsbane. wormwood. wound tree. zedoary.

Wormes round.

Wormes sharp.

Wormes small.

Wormes breeding. Cherries. gooseberries. wheat.

Wormes of the pericard.

Wounds to heale. Ague tree. aloes. asarabacca. balme apple. balsame. barberries. bawme. beares eares. bind weed. birds eye. bittersweet. blewbottle. bugle. buglosse. burnet. Calathian violet. centory. chaff tree. cloves. confound. coralworts. cowslip. cranes bill. crosswort. cypresse. daisy. dragons. elder tree. ferne. flixweed. fluellin. golden rod. gondeli of Italy graspe. ground-pine. hares eares. herb two pence. hemp. holly rose. horehound wild. horse taile. hounds tongue. S. Jarnes's wort. S. Johns wort. ivy. Knapweed. ladies mantle. larch tree. lillie. loosestrife. lungwort. madder. madwort. mastick. maudlin. medlars. miltwast. moonwort. motherwort. mouseare. oake. one blade. orpine. pimperlitch. plantaine. plums. poley. poppy. rose. rue. rupture wort. sage. sanctle. satyrion saw wort. saxifrage. scabious sea feather. self heale. Solomons seale. southernwood starwort. sundew. swallow wort. sycamore. tabacco. thorow wax. throatwort. toothwort. tormentil. turpentine. trwayblade. valerian. winter green. woad. woodroof. yarrow. zedoary.

Wounds green to heale. Agrimony. alexander. alkanet. alheale. aloes. apples. arsmart. balme apple. balsame. bawme. broom. buglosse. butterwort. celandine. coralworts. cornel tree. cranes bil. date tree. dyers weed. elecampane. elme. firre tree. fleabane. fluellin. foxgloves. silver graspe. herb true love. henbane yellow. holly rose. hyssop. S. Jarnes's wort. S. Johns wort. ironwort. lentils. liquorice. loose strife. lungwort. mallow. melilote. mercury. mony flower. moonwort. mosse. orpine. parke.

park leaves. peaches. pine. poppy. sea feather. selfe heal.
sensitive herb. shepheards purse. sope wort. tabacco.
trefoile. tway blade. yarrow.

Wounds inward to heale. *Avens. bettony. bug'e. coral-
worts. cranes bil. crossewort. cumfrey. golden rod.
hares eares. herb twopence. waterhemp. horse taile.
S. Iohns wort. ladies bedstraw. laserwort. madder.
madwort. mouse-eare. selfe-heale. star wort. tansie.
toothwort. winter green.*

Wounds bleeding to stop. *Cliver. cotton plant. crosse-
wort. golden rod. lungwort. mosse. pomegranates. ser-
vices. shepheards purse. winter green. woodroof.*

Wounds cleansing. *Hasel tree.*

Wounds by bullies &c. *Melilote.*

Wounds of the bones.

Wounds apostumation to help. *Brooklime.*

Wounds symptomes.

Wounds and ulcers inflammation to assuage. *Adders
tongue. arrowhead. balm apple. bean. chickweed. daisy.
horehound. water housleek. loose strife. one blade. sope-
wort. strawberries. vervaine. yarrow.*

Wounds venome to extract. *S. Iohns wort. trefoile.*

Wound drinks to make. *Adders tongue. birds foot. daisy.
Sanicle.*

Wrenches of the ancles. *Daffodil.*

Wrinkles of the belly after childbirth.

Wrinkles to take away. *Mayden haire. see Skin to
smooth.*

X.

Xerophthalmia, see Eyes blast.

Y.

YArds fistula, and wounds.

Yards distortion.

Yards erection and ejaculation hurt.

Yards excrescencies to wast. *Fenn greek. savin.*

Yards

Yards swelling and ulcers to help. *Apple. yarrow.*

Yards gangreen.

Yards bubo.

Yards inflammation and inflation.

Yards itching.

Yards imperforation and obstruction.

Yards scirrhus.

Yard pride, see Priapisme.

Yawning to help. *Vine.*

Yellow colours to dye. *Blackthorne. crab tree. dyers weed. pepper. rose. saffron. sorrowful tree.*

Yexing, see Hicker.

Youthfulness to preserve. *Satyrion.*

FINIS.

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Faults escaped, in the Authors Absence, in the

B O O K.

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 86. l. 1. del. with. 91. l. 32. evils of. 114. l. 14. *juyce of the roots.*
 121. l. 8. blew Italian. 124. l. 31. *palmites.* 132. l. 20. *Λεύκανθον.*
 134. l. 23. Edderwort. 137. l. 29. *Ἐλάνιον.* 139. l. 31. & veins.
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 156. l. 15. Coma aurea. 159. l. 4. *πρόθ.* 164. l. 19. *Κάπν.*
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 l. 26. palud. 535. l. 28. phaseoli. l. 27. *Tragopyrum.* 541. l. 6.
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molucana. 554. l. 1. *Simaonis.* 556. l. 24. *Orvata.* 559. l. 1. maced.
 568. l. 24. infectoria. 569. l. 4. stacte. 570. l. 15. *Tembulum.*
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Other Faults the Reader may be pleased
 to mend with his Pen.

F f



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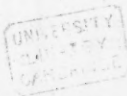
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